TWELVE PAGES—SECTION ONE PAGES 1 to 8

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS

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FINED FOR SHAMMING DEATH.

Chicago Man Tried to Test His Wife's Devotion.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Ernest Weinberg, 57 Barber street, has had a varied experience since Monday. He has been dead twice, one resurrected at the point of a darning needle and once by the thought of a slab in the morgue. He has been fined $25 and costs for joking, and is now a prisoner at the Maxwell street station. All this has resulted because he wanted to make sure that Mrs. Weinburg was devoted to him.

Now that he has found out, Mrs. Weinburg is hunting for $25 to obtain his release. When detectives went to the Weinburgs' home to investigate the sudden taking away of Mr. Weinburg they found his body surrounded by relatives. Mr. Weinburg's attitude was that of death. Across his breast was a card with this inscription:

I AM DEAD.

The detectives applied an eyelid test, which succeeded, but Mrs. Weinburg would not admit it. A darning needle then was jabbed into Mr. Weinburg's leg. This brought him to life. He expressed himself upon the impropriety of using darning needles and apparently died again.

The detectives threatened to send him to the morgue, and he again revived. He was fined for joking.

VADERLAND DOES WELL.

New York, Dec. 20.—The new steamer Vaderland, of the Red Star line, arrived today from Antwerp and Southampton, after a long, tempestous passage. The steamer encountered the usual heavy gales which have detained all the trans-Atlantic lines this week and behaved handsomely throughout. This great steamer is the first for the International Navigation company. Her tonnage is 7490 registered and 11,000 gross. The Vaderland is commanded by Capt. F. Albrecht.

SAVATE BARRED IN CHICAGO.

The Police Refuse a Permit For a French Fight.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—French savate will be included in the prohibitions of the Patterson anti-fight resolutions passed by the council on Monday night. The police department so decided Tuesday. Edgar Theriault wanted the permit.

"Can I get a permit for savate?" he asked Chief Kipley's secretary, James Markham.

"Who is he?" asked the secretary.

"Just savate—savate. It is no one; it's it," explained Theriault.

"You mean that French game where they kick each other in the ribs?" asked the secretary. "Well, I guess you can't have the permit!"

Therault refused to give the names of the contestants.

CZAR'S NAME DAY.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20.—Yesterday being the "name day" of the czar, thanksgiving services were held in all the churches for his recovery and the city was illuminated at night.

PORTE INFORMED.

Constantinople, Dec. 20.—Lloyd C. Griscom, the United States charge d'affaires, today notified the porte of the appointment of J. A. Leishmann, recently United States minister to Switzerland, as minister of the United States to Turkey.

INVASION SPREADS

Boers Reported Occupying Colesberg, Near Orange River Colony Frontier.

FORCE MOVES SOUTH

Burghers Crossing Orange River at Rhenosterhoek Heading For Steynsburg.

Cape Town, Dec. 20.—The invasion of Cape Colony is spreading. It is reported that the Boers have occupied Colesburg, south of Philippolis and near the Orange River Colony, frontier.

The people here are much disturbed. A mixed force of 1000 men was dispatched north yesterday afternoon.

London, Dec. 20.—The following dispatch has been received from Gen. Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Wednesday, Dec. 19:

"A party of Boers, estimated at from 500 to 800, has crossed the Orange River at Rhenosterhoek. A second band is reported to have crossed near Sand drift.

"They have been followed. I have sent a considerable body of mounted men who are getting around them.

"The Boers from Rhenosterhoek are being followed closely from Venterstadt, which they left at 3 o'clock yesterday evening, going in the direction of Steynsburg.

"The important points on the railway and the neighborhood are well guarded. I hope the band will soon be driven north again."

London, Dec. 20.—A special from Johannesburg, dated Dec. 19, says that heavy cannonading was heard on the morning of that date north of Krugersdorp.

FOR INTERVENTION.

A Big Boer Meeting Is Held at Amsterdam.

Amsterdam, Dec. 20.—Mr. Kruger attended a crowded meeting today in the Nueuwekirk. The speakers declared that Great Britain had sold her birthright for a handful of gold and the continental powers would forever bear the brand of Cain unless they intervened in South Africa.

Subsequently, Mr. Kruger repaired to the palace of industry, where 5000 school boys welcomed him with a choral.

Mr. Kruger started for The Hague this afternoon. The farewell scenes were a repetition of the enthusiasm manifested on his arrival here.

RICH STRIKE.

Deep Shaft of the Tamarack Mine Bottomed In Copper Rock.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—At midnight the deepest search for treasure ever undertaken by man came to a successful conclusion, when No. 5 shaft of the Tamarack mine cut the conglomerate lode at a depth of approximately 4760 feet or within a few feet of the point anticipated when work was started over five years ago.

The miners have worked night and day, since August, 1895, sinking this shaft, which, with its machinery equipments, has cost $1,000,000 but through which will probably be hoisted hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of copper during the next fifty years. The successful bottoming of this shaft in rich rock adds $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 to the value of the mine.

FOR CLAPP.

Fourth District Delegation Formally Endorses Him For United States Senator.

St. Paul, Dec. 20.—The Fourth congressional district Republican legislators, at a meeting held last night, formally endorsed the candidacy of Gen. Moses E. Clapp for the senatorial vacancy caused by the death of Senator C. K. Davis.

The Fourth district, which comprises Ramsey and a number of outside counties, has seventeen Republican votes on joint ballot.

REPORTED AGREED.

Pekin Envoys Said to Have Fixed Up Note.

Pekin, Dec. 20.—At a meeting of the foreign ministers late last evening, everything in regard to the terms of the joint note was agreed to, including the British modifications. The ministers refuse to disclose anything in connection with the matter, believing that the home government should give the particulars to the public.

WILL NOT HELP.

Santa Fe Trainmen to Be Neutral In Telegraphers' Strike.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—The committee representing the engineers, firemen, conductors and trainmen of the Santa Fe railway system declared last night that they would not advise a strike in sympathy with the telegraphers.

THE KENTUCKY.

Port Said, Dec. 20.—The United States battleship Kentucky arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning.

RANSOMED HIS BOY

Packer Cudahy Pays Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars For Son's Return.

LEFT GOLD ON ROAD

At a Designated Spot and the Youth Soon Comes Home.

Omaha, Dec. 20.—The Bee, in an extra, says that $25,000 in gold was the price paid by Edward A. Cudahy, the millionaire packer, for the return of his son, Edward Cudahy, Jr., who was abducted by a gang of kidnappers last Tuesday night.

Yesterday about noon, and several hours after a letter had been left on the lawn of the Cudahy residence, another missive was delivered to Mr. Cudahy at his residence. It came through the mails and contained a proposition to return the boy safe and unharmed, provided the sum of $25,000 was paid that night. In the letter were full directions as to where the money was to be left, and the assurance was given that the missing boy would be allowed to return home within a few hours of the time when the cash was received.

A consultation was held at once and the matter gone over in detail. Plans were discussed for capturing the bandits when they should make their appearance at the rendezvous that had been designated, but one after another these plans were dropped as being impracticable. Finally, impelled by the strain under which the entire household was laboring, Mr. Cudahy decided to comply with the terms offered and ransom his son.

A trusted messenger, sworn to secrecy, was sent for the money, which was brought to the Cudahy residence. After dinner Mr. Cudahy had one of his horses harnessed to a light buggy, and, taking the money in it with him, left for the designated place at which it had been stipulated it was to be left. In the buggy he carried a red lantern and was quite alone.

Leaving the house, he drove five miles west of town on the Sherman avenue road, until he came to a white lantern that was hanging on a short stick by the side of the road. This was the place where he was to leave the boy's ransom.

Alighting from his buggy, Mr. Cudahy deposited the sack close by the stick bearing the white light. Then, without seeing anyone, he returned to his home.

Meantime the captors of the boys had seen the red light coming up the road, and as soon as the buggy disappeared they took away the money and prepared to keep faith with the father.

The boy was bundled into a hack and set close down by his father's house about 1 o'clock this morning. Where he had been he was unable to say, but as nearly as he could estimate he had been taken about five miles south of South Omaha.

The cunning of the gang and their thorough knowledge of the geography are evidenced in the plans they laid. Close by the place where Mr. Cudahy was directed to leave the ransom for his son the river approached the road, and it is supposed the men were on the watch for the millionaire and saw his red light from a boat. As soon as he had driven away and they had satisfied themselves that no person was lurking near, they probably climbed up the bank, obtained the sack of gold, returned to the boat again and escaped without leaving any tell-tale footprints.

There is absolutely no clue to the identity of the men. Whether young Cudahy will be able to give the information that will lead to their capture is not yet known.

The boy says he was seized on the street by two men, who told him that he was a fugitive from the reform school and that they were deputy sheriffs from another county. They placed him in a closed carriage, threw a shirt over his head and gagged him. They then took him, he believes, to a lonely cottage west of South Omaha, where he was chained to the floor. While at the cottage he was guarded by two men and provided with sufficient food.

HOUSE INVESTIGATION.

Will Thoroughly Probe Booz Case and Hazing Generally.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The special committee appointed by Speaker Henderson to investigate the circumstances connected with the death of Oscar L. Booz, who is alleged to have died as a result of injuries received from hazing while a cadet at West Point, decided to enter upon the investigation immediately after the holiday recess. The committee has determined to probe the Booz case to the bottom. It will meet at Philadelphia Jan. 3, and go thence, the next day to Bristol, Pa., the home of the young man's parents.

Chairman Dick was authorized to instruct the burgess of the town to notify all who have knowledge of the case that they will be expected to testify there. Thence, the committee will go to West Point.

The committee also will investigate the general subject of hazing sufficiently to make an intelligent recommendation to congress.

REVOLUTION CRUSHED.

Colombian Revolt Said to Have Received Its Quietus.

Caracas, Venezuela, Dec. 20, via Haytien cable.—Advices received here from Cunana, on the gulf of Cariaco, say the Colombian revolution has been crushed.

GRAY IN DANGER.

Pueblo, Col., Dec. 20.—Clyde Gray, a 17-year-old white boy, has been arrested here on the charge of having assaulted Anna Rust at Divide, Col. Threats have been made to lynch Gray, and Governor Thomas has requested the sheriffs of Pueblo and El Paso counties to take all necessary precautions to prevent a lynching.

DE RESCZKE ARRIVES.

New York, Dec. 20.—Jean De Resczke, the tenor, arrived today on the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse.

TROUBLE BREWING

The Situation Throughout the Chinese Provinces Is Growing Worse.

ANXIETY AT CAPITAL

Outbreaks Expected Unless a Definite Government System Is Soon Installed.

London, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Pekin, dated Wednesday, Dec. 19, says: "The situation throughout the provinces is rapidly growing worse and is causing grave anxiety."

The dispatch adds that unless a definite system of government is speedily installed, a recrudescence of the anti-foreign outbreaks is expected. The pressure of winter begins to be felt by the people, who are also suffering on account of the blackmail levied by the native employes of the allies, for which the foreigners are blamed.

A number of desperadoes imprisoned at San-Chaow-Fu by Gen. Mei, whom the Germans released, are now hurrying to the Chi-li-Sangtung border, burning houses, murdering and pillaging.

ALLEN WRATHY.

Nebraska Senator Scathingly Denounces the Lobbyists For the Oleo Bill.

Washington, Dec. 20.—When the senate committee on agriculture today resumed its hearing upon the Grout oleomargarine bill, Senator Allen, a member of the committee, made a pointed and sensational statement concerning his position as to the measure. He never had announced, he said, whether he was in favor of or opposed to the pending measure, but, by reason of some questions he had asked yesterday, it had been "supposed by the lobbyists present" that he would antagonize the measure. Since the hearing of yesterday, he had been flooded with telegrams urging him to support the bill. The conclusion was obvious. With some vigor, he said:

"I want to enter my protest against the cheap John, peanut political method. I have no words to express my utter contempt for this method and for those who would engage in it. The lobbyists who are supporting this bill are doing it more injury than its open and avowed opponents."

Mr. Allen declared that if such methods were continued he would ask that the hearings be private. In conclusion, he said:

"I want again to denounce, in the severest language I am capable of using, the sneaking and cowardly method that has been pursued in respect to this measure."

Rathbone Gardner, of Providence, representing the manufacturers of oleomargarine, continued his argument begun yesterday in opposition to the pending bill. In the course of his argument, he mentioned "process butter." In response to an inquiry, one of his clients explained what "process butter" was. He declared in the course of his explanation that the "process butter" was "washed with sulphuric acid" to "remove the rancidity."

Governor Hoard, of Wisconsin, with some feeling, combated the statement maintaining, that no occasion whatever existed for its treatment with caid. He demanded the name of even a single process factory where the product was washed with acid, but his opponent declined to mention names.

Discussing the coloring of oleomargarine, the natural color of which was nearly white, Mr. Hoard said the oleomargarine manufacturer made use of anato. That, likewise, was used as the coloring matter for creamery butter. It was, he said, in no sense, a deleterious substance. Coloring matter was employed merely to meet the demands of the people, "that the eye might aid the palate."

Continuing his argument, Mr. Gardner declared that the purpose of the advocates of the Grout bill was not to regulate the oleomargarine industry, but to destroy it. "That," said he, "is evidently the result the advocates of the measure propose to achieve."

JONES DENIES IT.

National Democratic Committee's Head Not Going to Resign.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, said today that there is no foundation for the report that he contemplates resigning the chairmanship.

"I have had no correspondence on that subject with anyone," he said, "and no suggestions of that nature has ever been made to me by anyone, nor have I suggested it to anyone. Indeed, the subject has never entered my mind until I saw the report in the newspapers. There is no occasion for a meeting of the national committee at this time, and no meeting is liable to be held. In a word, the report is without foundation."

REED MENDING.

Prospects of the Actor's Recovery Are Considered Fair.

New York, Dec. 20.—It was stated at St. Luke's hospital this morning that Roland Reed had passed a comfortable night and that there are fair prospects of his recovery.

L. E. & W. DIVIDEND.

New York, Dec. 20.—The directors of the Lake Erie & Western Railway company have declared a dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock. This is the same amount which was declared in July this year. In 1899 dividends were suspended. Previous to that the annual rate had been 5 per cent for several years.

MINORITY REPORTS

Opposition to Hopkins Apportionment Bill on Census Committee Heard From.

PLEA FOR INCREASE

Say States Should Be Treated Alike Regarding Their Majority Fractions.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The report of the minority of the house census committee on the Hopkins reapportionment bill was submitted to the house today. It is signed by Messrs. Burleigh, Russell, Heatwole, Crumpacker, Griffith and Wilson, and proposes as a substitute for the Hopkins measure a bill fixing the total number of representatives at 386 instead of 357, as in the Hopkins bill. Referring to the Hopkins apportionment, the minority report says:

"The anomalous character of this proposed apportionment, as well as its obvious injustice, is clearly demonstrated by the fact that it is necessarily based in part upon majority fractions, and yet Colorado, with a majority fraction of 121,367, Florida with a majority fraction of 110,807 and North Dakota with a majority fraction of 105,586, do not receive a representative based upon such majority fraction, while every other state with a majority fraction receives a representative for such majority fraction.

"We believe that every state should be treated alike with reference to its majority fraction, as no valid reason has or can be assigned for the discrimination between them. We also believe that in the new apportionment no state should lose a representative. We, therefore recommend a house consisting of 386 members.

"In reaching this number we have adopted the method used by the committee and have followed the precedent established by the house in 1872, when the house added to the whole number of representatives a representative each for the states of New Hampshire and Florida, by reason of the fact that they each had almost a majority fraction after the whole number of representatives had been apportioned.

"We take the computation based upon 684 representatives upon a ratio of one representative for every 194,182 of population. Nebraska, with a majority fraction of 97,629, and Virginia, with a majority fraction of 106,546, each lose a representative and get no representative for the majority fraction in either case. These are the only states having majority fractions that fail to get a representative therefor. This seems to us an injustice. Therefore, following the precedent in the case of New Hampshire and Florida in 1882, we assign to each of these states one representative for each majority fraction, thus adding two to the whole number, making in all, under our proposed bill, 386 representatives.

"Under this the gain is as follows: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin gain one representative each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania gain two; Illinois, New York and Texas gain three.

"We submit that this apportionment, involving an increase in the membership of the house of twenty-nine, is in line with the uniform practice of the house in increasing its size so as to keep pace, as near as may be, with the increase in the population of the country. No practical inconvenience as to the seating capacity of the house can result from this increase. A plan prepared by the architect of the capitol shows that a slight lengthening of the outer row of seats in the corners on each side of the chamber and a rearrangement of eight seats in the body of the hall will accommodate the additional representatives."

WARN HANNA TO KEEP OFF.

Senate Committee Resentful of the Ohioan's Interference.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Mr. Hanna is encountering nothing but trouble. First his great ship subsidy grab was deliberately killed by Republican senators. Next the same Republican senators threaten to bring forward a subsidy measure of their own, which will completely shut out the Standard Oil company and the American Navigation company, because it will apply only to vessels whose keels were laid after Jan. 1, 1900, and will ignore fast passenger steamers that are already being paid excessive mail subsidies.

Now, the Ohio man has practically been informed that any interference on his part in regard to the preparation of the war revenue bill by the senate committee on finance will be emphatically resented. Senator Aldrich has in a roundabout manner served notice on the chairman of the Republican national committee that the finance committee of the senate cannot be used to pay the political debts of the national committee, either to the brewers or any other interests that have contributed so extensively as to demand the gratitude of its chairman and other managers.

Aldrich himself is a good deal of a boss in the senate, and does not like to have his prerogatives interfered with by anybody. Therefore, when Hanna came forward with a proposition to treat the brewers with greater consideration than they have received in the house, Mr. Aldrich clearly indicated his resentment at this interference.

Senator Hanna's position in the senate at the present time is somewhat critical. He is passing through the severest tasts to which any man of his prominence and position has ever been submitted. He has succeeded by his successful management of two national campaigns in arousing hostile jealousies among the senators of his own party, and these are disposed to force him into the background. They are not entirely satisfied with killing the ship subsidy bill, but now propose to give him no voice in the consideration of war reduction tax legislation.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

House Committee Pares Bill to About Sixty Million.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The river and harbor committee of the house, through a sub-committee which was at work last night, has cut down the amount carried by the bill, (including continuing contracts), to about $60,000,000.

CASES ARE SUBMITTED

The Closing Argument In the Porto Rico-Philippines Suits Made.

ADDRESS BY ALDRICH

Senior Counsel In Philippines Case Replies to the Attorney General.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The closing argument in the Philippine and Porto Rico cases was made in the United States supreme court today, and the cases were submitted for the final adjudication of the court. The crowds which have filled the chamber since the cases were taken up were again on hand in reinforced numbers today, entirely occupying the quarters reserved for the bar and the outer area for the public. Many people came early in the day to secure advantageous seats. As the government's case had been closed by the attorney general, it remained only to hear the senior counsel in the Philippine case, Charles H. Aldrich, of Chicago, former solicitor general, who had one and a half remaining of the five hours given to the plaintiff.

Mr. Aldrich had before him the plaintiff's brief and a voluminous portfolio of notes, but he spoke freely, with only occasional references to them. At the outset, he said he would confine himself largely to legal argument, following the attorney general's points and seeking to meet them, although he regarded much that the attorney general had presented as irrelevant. He spoke deliberately and seldom with any effort for dramatic force.

He first directed his attention to the circumstances under which this government came into existence, the struggle for liberty and the American protest against England's assertion of the taxing power over the American colonies. With this history before us, he said, it was a remarkable fact that the attorney general of the United States, over 100 years after the great struggle which founded the American government, should come into this court and assert a taxing power more extreme than had been asserted by the most ardent defenders of England's taxing power over the colonies.

Mr. Aldrich spoke of the decision of Justice Marshall in Loughborough vs. Blake as of decisive importance and he summed up that decision as bearing on the present conditions as follows:

"That the power to tax, levy duties, etc., extends to the entire United States; that the term United States embraces our great republic, which is composed of states and territories; that it is not less necessary, on the principles of our constitution, thatu niformity in the imposition of imports, duties and excises should be observed in the one than the other.

"It follows from the above, that the rights and obligations of the territory thus apart of the United States, and the inhabitants thereof are measured and tested by the constitution."

As to the contention that the Philippines were not a part of the United States, Mr. Aldrich said:

"If the islands ceded by Spain are foreign territory, then our country would have, as its commercial representatives therein, consuls, who would perform the requisite official acts prescribed by our customs laws regarding the shipments of merchandise from any of these islands to any part of the United States. The court takes judicial notice of the fact that our government has no consuls in the Philippines and that, when Spanish sovereignty ceased in those islands, the United States consuls therein were withdrawn, and that the consular agents of foreign powers thenceforth were the accredited representatives of the respective foreign governments to the United States and our government signed the exequator of such consuls. What an anomaly it is to have Spain send its consuls to the Philippines if, as contended, for the purposes of revenue, they are still foreign territory.

"If they are not American territory, they must still be Spanish, for it is not pretended that any other nation foreign to the United States has acquired any sovereigny over thm; nor is it pretended that the Philippine islands, in the eye of intrnational law, occupy the status of an independent nation.

BUY PLATES HERE.

Clyde Ship Builders Place Orders In In This Country.

Glasgow, Dec. 20.—Clyde shipbuilders recently placed orders for 150,000 tons of plates in the United States, at a saving of £50,000. The depression in Scotch steel and malleable iron trades is acute. Fourteen furnaces will be damped at the end of the year. The steel works are talking of closing indefinitely.

STORMS RAGING.

Heavy Weather on the English and Irish Coasts.

London, Dec. 20.—Aerial depressions of great size and depth are spreading over Great Britain from the westward. Storms are reported on all the coasts, numbers of minor wrecks have occurred, and the southwest gale continues with unabated fury on the Irish coast. The White Star line steamer Teutonic, which sailed at noon today from Queenstown for New York, experienced the full force of the storm. The Teutonic arrived at Queenstown somewhat late, and after embarking her passengers and mail, she had some difficulty in clearing port.

The Teutonic passed the White Star line steamer Cuific in tow at 1 a. m. off Tuskar light.

There is great uneasiness at Queenstown in regard to cross-channel steamers which left yesterday evening, so violent is the storm. All arrivals at British ports report having experienced fearful weather.

STRIKE SPREADS.

Antwerp, Dec. 20.—It is now estimated that there are 13,000 men on strike, including coal operators and sailors, who have joined the dock laborers. Most of the imported laborers have been induced to join the unions. The Red Star line officials have offered the men special terms, hoping to get the steamer Nederland loaded in time to sail Saturday.

Let Herald Advertisements Guide You in Your Purchases for Christmas.

West Duluth

When the West Duluth park proposition was first talked of there was a strong sentiment in favor of a site that had water frontage, and it is more than likely that the park board would have recommended a site on the bay front had there been one available both in location and as to price. Many West Duluthians have looked over the park site that the council has voted to purchase, the forty-acre Norton tract, and a consensus of opinion is that with the expenditure of a comparatively small sum of money a waterway may be provided to the bay, from the park, that will admit of the passage of row boats and even launches. The park site is traversed diagonally by a creek that leaves it near the southeast corner and continues in an easterly direction until it empties into the bay. The distance from the corner of the park to the bay is not over 1000 feet, possibly a little less. Ordinarily the stream is from five to six feet in width, and during high water it is a very easy matter to run a boat from the bay to the park. The creek bottom, from the park to the bay, is several hundred feet wide and the soil is loose, that which has been deposited in past years by the creek. The fall from the park to the bay is not more than two or three feet, and the project proposed is to lower the creek bottom a few feet at the park end, letting the water set back from the bay, and it is believed that with but a little money and labor expended a fine waterway could be provided to the bay. The land through which the creek passes after leaving the park does not belong to the city, however, and if such a project were carried out it would be necessary for the council to begin condemnation proceedings, or purchase a strip each side of the creek from the park to the bay. As the creek bottom is useless to its owners, it is believed that they would be willing to sell very cheap, especially as an improvement of this nature would enhance the value of any adjoining property that they might hold.

It is not unlikely that this project will come up before the park board for consideration at a meeting in the near future. Some West Duluthians have been inquiring when, after the purchase is completed, improvements will begin on the new park. It has been stated before that there will not be a very large sum available at first for improvements, but that the money will be used in beautifying and fixing up the park as fast as it is available. It is understood that some work will be done on the park this coming spring in the way of clearing up rubbish, taking out old snags and stumps, and perhaps the setting out of a few trees. Just what the work will be is at the discretion of the park board, but it is definitely understood that the improvements will begin next spring.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Tomorrow and Saturday I will sell "1847" Rogers' Bros. knives and forks, full size, at $3.19 a set; limit, one set to a customer. Olsen, the jeweler.

Euclid lodge, No. 198, A. F. & A. M., held a very interesting session last night in which the master Mason degree was conferred on four candidates, one of whom was Dr. J. M. Robinson, of Duluth. The meeting was attended by a large number of Masons from Duluth and Proctorknott. After conferring the degree a banquet was furnished by the lodge and a number of speeches were made.

William Rogers and Rogers & Bros.'s spoons at the following prices Friday and Saturday only: Teas, $1.25; desserts, $2.50; table, $3 a set, at Olson's.

William Stopple will leave tomorrow for his old home at Red Wing, Minn., where he will have charge of his father's farm.

Mrs. Loomis, who has been visiting her daughter in St. Paul for some time, arrived in West Duluth yesterday.

A large crowd attended the festivities at the West Duluth skating rink last night. The band will be in attendance tomorrow night.

Fancy porcelain clocks, worth $2.25 to $3, your choice at $1.50, at Olson's.

E. G. Pake, who has been ill with the grip, is very much improved, and his son, Dr. S. G. Pake, is able to be out again after a severe attack of the pneumonia.

Johnson & Borgstrom, proprietors of the Scandia Clothing house on Central avenue, are about to open a branch store on Tower avenue in West Superior.

Sterling silver, 9 25-1000 fine, teaspoons at $3.50 a set and up at Olson's.

H. R. Patterson, the liveryman, began this morning the construction of a new blacksmith shop at the rear of his barn.

J. C. Hunter will go to Royalton on a business trip this evening.

Gus Stewart and family, of West Duluth, expect to leave soon for California for the benefit of Mr. Stewart's health.

A. C. Shulte left yesterday for a two weeks' visit in Saginaw, Mich.

Richard Schell has returned from Chicago.

Opera glasses at $2 a pair and up at Olson's.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.

Until Christmas all dental operations one-half regular charges. West Duluth dental parlors, over Hendricks.

A sewing machine for sale, cheap, at 307 Central avenue.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

SO NERVOUS I COULD NOT SLEEP.

When there is disease of the delicate female organism, it is only a question of time until the general health becomes undermined. Nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and "sinking spells" produce suffering almost indescribable. There can be no restoration of the general health until the local health of the womanly organism is re-established.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription establishes regularity, dries offensive drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It encourages the appetite, tranquilizes the nerves and induces refreshing sleep.

"You would be surprised if you could have seen me when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine and could see me now," writes Mrs. Isaac S. Harris, of Gayville, Yankton Co., So. Dakota. "I had no appetite, was completely run down. Have had stomach trouble for years and was so nervous I could not sleep. We have spent a lot of money doctoring, but there was not one thing that I took that did me any good, except for a short time; till I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' In three days after I commenced taking his medicines I could see a change for the better, and from that time I have steadily been getting better. Can walk or ride to any place I want to, and I feel like a new person. Since taking Dr. Pierce's medicines I can sleep all night and never get up tired in the morning; can eat anything and it don't hurt me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.

SKATING

Music at West Duluth Covered Rink, Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights for the balance of the season. Music Christmas afternoon and evening.

ADOPTS JEWISH FATE.

Chicago Woman Embraces Religion of Her Dead Husband.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Influenced by a temperament naturally religious and by the fear that after death her soul will not meet that of her husband, who died last April, Mrs. Louise Victor, of 3737 Vincennes avenue, will adopt the Jewish faith next Saturday morning. So strong was her determination that it overcame the opposition of Rabbi Dr. A. J. Messing of the congregation of the Temple of B'nai Sholom, into which she will be received. For a time Robbi Messing positively refused to admit her into the faith, and she urged him so insistently and often, that he ordered the janitor to keep her away from his study.

She feared that if she died out of the Jewish faith she and her husband would not meet in the world to come, and dread of this kept her in a state of perpetual misery. Her relatives, all orthodox Lutherans, and Mrs. Kahn, of 3737 Vincennes avenue, with whom she has her home, informed Rabbi Messing that unless she was permitted to join his congregation her health would break. He then reluctantly consented, and the ceremony will take place; but it will be against his wishes, and he will so inform the audience that gathers to see it.

The service will be simple. Mrs. Kahn will escort the proselyte to the altar, where the two will be met by the rabbi. He will examine her in tenets and then give her a Biblical name, which will be Ruth.

"The change of faith is the first of its kind I have ever met with," said Rabbi Mesing yesterday, "and I see no reason for it. We do not proselyte, and Mrs. Victor, according to her own faith, stands as good a chance of meeting her husband after death if she remains a Lutheran."

Mrs. Victor is 43 years of age and was born in Oswego, N. Y., and came to Chisago in 1880.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

GAS TEARS LOOSE.

Two Houses Wrecked and Seven Persons Are Injured.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Dec. 20.—Three houses were wrecked and seven persons injured by two natural gas explosions here today.

The injured: Three-year-old son of Frank Barnes, burned fatally; 1-year-old daughter of Frank Barnes, may die; Mrs. Frank Barnes, Frank Barnes, Mrs. H. A. Moore, Mrs. Henry Cooper, Mary Moore.

The first explosion occurred about 6 o'clock in Mrs. Cecelia Cox's house, where the Barnes family lived. The gas had accumulated in the cellar, having followed the water pipe from the street. Fire following the explosion spread to the adjoining dwelling and both were consumed. An hour later the residence of H. A. Moore, across the street, was torn to pieces by a terrific explosion. The inmates were slightly injured.

BROKE DAWSON BANKS.

Remarkable Run of Luck By a 'Frisco Gambler.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 20.—One of the most remarkable faro bank plays of record was made three weeks ago in Dawson by David Allen, of San Francisco, a Klondike passenger on the steamer Dolphin.

From $2.50 Allen in four days won $35,000. Two of the houses in which he played turned over their boxes, and two others had enough of his game. Of this amount he devoted $8000 to "staking" his friends. Of the score or more "stakes" but one—William Cullen—won. With the money furnished him he drew out $4000 for himself, and a like amount for Allen. Then, having paid $1400 for debts, he proceeded to plunge on his own account and went broke.

Allen made something of another record in that he played from Saturday morning until Wednesday noon without sleep. "I ate little, too," he said, "and drank just enough to keep me braced up."

MADE BLIND BY CIGARETTES.

Youth Addicted to the Habit Loses His Sight.

Middletown, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Fred Norton, a youth of Unadilla, N. Y., is believed to have permanently lost the sight of both eyes as a result of excessive smoking of cigarettes. Eminent specialists who examined the boy when he was suddenly stricken with blindness, and who have since watched his case closely, are firmly convinced that the cigarette habit is responsible for his condition, and have no hope that his sight can be restored. His lungs are also said to be affected. Several of young Norton's companions, alarmed by his plight, have pledged themselves to abstain from cigarettes.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

HEAVY MAIL.

New York, Dec. 20.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse arrived today with 690 cabin and 611 steerage passengers and an unusually heavy mail. The postal clerks on board report that the number of letters handled during the voyage was 275,000. There were 5829 registered letters, making 2276 sacks of mail. The postage on about 40,000 letters was insufficiently prepaid. The receiving, checking and opening of this amount of mail, together with the separating and registering required the constant work of four clerks and two assistants for eleven hours each day of the steamer's voyage.

WEDDING PRELIMINARIES.

The Hague, Dec. 20.—Bills were introduced in the second chamber today approving of the marriage of Queen Wilhelmina to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, regulating the procedure of the cabinet and contingencies arising therefrom providing for the naturalization of the bridegroom and making provision for an allowance payable to the duke from the national treasury in the event of the queen dying before he does.

RECEIVER NAMED.

New York, Dec. 20.—Justice Leventrout in the supreme court today, appointed Jacques H. Berts receiver in this state for the Order of Chosen Friends. The receiver's bond was fixed at $50,000. At the same time Justice Leventrout handed down an injunction order restraining creditors of the society from bringing new suits against it or from prosecuting old suits pending the return of the injunction order on Dec. 28.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

$5000 Will purchase 100 feet on Lake avenue south.

$30,000 Buys 75 feet on East Michigan street. This property is well improved and well located.

$3500 Will buy 50 feet on West Michigan street by 183 feet deep to Railroad street. This property is improved and the rentals pay a high rate of interest.

HOUSES IN THE EAST END.

We have one on Fifteenth avenue east. One on Sixteenth avenue east. Two on East Third stret. Two on East Second street. Two very choice residences on East First street and one very fine residence on a corner on East Superior street.

If you have property you want to turn into money immediately and will dispose of same at low figure, we have the money. Call and see us.

MONEY TO LOAN, 5 PER CENT.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

201 First National Bank Building.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE.

ERRORS IN CHARTING.

Important Discoveries Are Made In the Albatross Cruise.

Discoveries of great value to navigation and to science are reported by the United States fish commission steamship Albatross, which has just returned to San Francisco from a fourteen months' cruise in the South Seas and in Japanese and Alaskan waters, says the San Francisco Chronicle.

The naval officers controlling the vessel have learned that nearly all of the South Sea islands are mischarted anywhere from two to a dozen miles, making steering by chart extremely dangerous. The exceptions are the Fiji group, owned by Great Britain, and the Tahiti group, owned by France.

In about the middle of Bering sea they discovered a bank just 100 fathoms below the surface, where the charts showed 2000 fathoms depth. This bank is from five to ten miles in extent. The knowledge of its existence will permit navigators to try sounding in that part of the ocean when they wish to determine their bearings in cloudy weather. As the sky is sometimes overcast in those latitudes for days and nights continuously, the usual solar or astral observations are not always possible. Knowing that there is this extensive area only 600 feet below the surface in latitude 54 degrees 30 minutes north and longitude 179 degrees 30 minutes east, confused captains may learn where they are in Bering sea if the lead strikes bottom where the charts show impossible soundings.

A world's record for deep-sea net dragging was made about fifty miles east of the Tonga group of islands in latitude 21 degrees south. Specimens of marine life were brought up from a depth of 4201 fathoms, or nearly five miles. The greatest previous record was less than 3000 fathoms. It was made by the British scientific deep sea exploration steamer Challenger between 1873 and 1876. From the 5-mile bottom the Albatross secured specimens simply of a low form of sponge life adhering to pumice stone, indicating neither a sandy nor a muddy bottom, but one of rough volcanic rock.

Wherever time and opportunity permitted in the southern group of islands the naval officers made careful hydrographic surveys to determine depths. At the same time they compiled sailing directions which will enable navigators to steer accurately into many of the more important insular harbors. They also took magnetic observations with these surveys.

All this reliable data will be properly presented upon new charts and marine maps to be issued by the government. The maritime nations of the world will profit by the published information.

Another scientific fact determined is that the temperature at the bottom of the ocean is uniformly a fracion above 35 degrees above the freezing point. This rule holds good for all depths from 500 fathoms to 4200 fathoms, or from 3000 to five miles below the surface of the sea.

Aboard the Albatross is a remarkable illustration of deep-sea pressure. There is a hollow glass globe eight inches in diameter with walls three-eighths of an inch thick. This globe was empty when it was sent down to a depth of 12,000 feet, or nearly two and a half miles. When it came up it was three-fourths full of water, as it is yet. That water was forced through the thick, smooth, flawless glass. A bottle of wine lowered deep to cool it, came up with the cork forced inside the bottle and the wine spoiled.

Shrimps in infinite variety were brought up from depths varying from a few yards to 15,000 feet. They ranged to little ones a half inch in length to giant shrimps a foot long. All were edible. They were found wherever the nets were lowered among the South Sea islands and off the southern coast of Japan. That shrimps live at great depths was not known before. In San Francisco bay, where the Chinese annually catch about $225,000 worth of shrimps for domestic and Oriental markets, the big nets are set at the bottom at depths of only twenty or thirty feet.

Specimens of red coral discovered deep in the Arctic ocean are among the curios of the Albatross. They proved to the scientific world that red coral is not found solely in the temperate Mediterranean sea. This discovery was made on a previous voyage, but never gained publicity.

Good weather and clear skies last June all the way across from Kamchatka on the Asiatic coast to Unalaska on the North American coast enabled the officers of the Albatross to make daily solar observations. This exceptional opportunity for accurate bearings convinced the observers that there are not strong currents out in the Behring Sea as was generally supposed. The currents are strong inshore, or near the straits.

South of the equator the Albatross brought up from the bottom of the ocean fossil bones from whales, ears and fossil teeth of sharks. These specimens are thought to have lain on the floor of the sea for thousands of years.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP IS SURE

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

For Sale For $3500

Business corner close to center of business.

Northwest corner of First street and First avenue east. Frontage of 75 feet on First street by 40 feet on First avenue. Good location for flats or certain lines of business.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 Burrows Building.

Real Estate, Loansand Investments.

MONEY TO LOAN

IN ANY AMOUNT.

5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.

R. B. Knox & Co

1 Exchange Bldg.

Harris Bros.

REAL ESTATE.

A BARGAIN

In West Duluth, Fourth Division.

Come and see us about it.

712 Palladio Building.

Real Estate For Sale.

Choice lots, fronting on Twenty-eighth avenue west in Helm's addition, at a bargain. Cheap house and lot on Fifth street, near First avenue east. Cheap house and lot on Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east. A bargain in house and lot on Second street; very central.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Eight-room house and lot, lower side East Fifth street. This property belongs to an estate and must be sold.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.

INVESTMENT BANKERS.

First Floor Trust Co. Building.

WE WANT...

A 6 or 7-room house in London or Lester Park—Must be Cheap.
We have a bargain on East Second street.

A. C. VOLK & Co

202 Palladio Building.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 909 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Hotels.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON. 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1521 East South street.

Lost.

LOST—GENTS' BROWN SEAL GRAIN, pocketbook, containing sum of money. Liberal reward for return to Herald office.

LOST—ST. BERNARD DOG. ANSWERS to name "Sandy." Reward for return to 5310 Main street. West Duluth.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH WITH fob. Initials S. D. M. on case. Leave with Panton & White and receive reward.

Dance.

FIRST ANNUAL BALL GIVEN BY THE L. A. to Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen at Columbia hall, Friday evening, Dec. 21. Flaaten's orchestra. All invited.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Clock Repairing.

YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior street.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2107 East Fourth.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF baby and help with housework. Call 102 West First street, up stairs.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 528 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A COOK WITH REFERences at 1509 East Superior street. Mrs. C. A. Congdon. Apply evenings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 101 East Fourth street; Canadian girl preferred.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housework. Mrs. O. W. Baldwin, 222 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1102 East First street. High wages. No up stairs work.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1121 East Second street.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—MAN WHO CAN DELIVER and milk, to work on dairy. 2107 East Fourth.

WANTED—AT ONCE, MALE OR FEmale teacher for school district No. 4, Knife River, Lake county, Minn. Apply to Capt. Anderson, Knife River, Minn.

WANTED—PARTY WITH TWO TEAMS to haul logs by contract. Address David Mair, Colbyville, on Howard road.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—AN HONEST AND RELIAble man would like a job to distribute circulars and samples. Call or address S. A. Ross, 416 East Fourth street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN A1 STENographer; experienced and best of references. K66, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION WHERE I CAN make myself handy—driving teams, etc. K. 57, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN COOK would like position. For particulars address W. C., care Herald.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRApher wants position. Can give best of references. Address K 55, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO LIGHT housework, and can devote some of time to music. Address 1006 Winter street, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 522 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Want to Buy---Farm Lands

IN WISCONSIN, MINNESOTA OR DAkota lands; large or small tracts, suitable for farming purposes. Charles O. Etwood, Scandinavian-American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies. 131 West Superior street.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—AN ANDREWS FOLDING bed. Hardly ever used and at a bargain. Call 1632 East First street.

CAR LOAD FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Friday, Dec. 21, at No. 14-16 West First street. Will exchange for dry or fat cows. N. J. McCabe.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—FOX TERRIER, MALE, housebroke. 2231 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF CONFECtionary, cigars and tobaccos. Good location. Long lease. Must sell on account leaving city. K 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE FURNITURE FOR light housekeeping. 603 West First street. Inquire for Gearheart.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GOOD FOLDING bed, nearly new. 308 West Fourth.

FOR SALE—ONE DENSMORE TYPEwriter. See machine, room 200 Trust building.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TWO TEAMS with logging harness complete. 427 West Michigan.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP. weight 1350. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—ONE YOUNG MILCH COW. Can be seen at 311 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—ONE FULL BLOODED Jersey heifer. Can be seen at 311 West Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND LOGGING sleighs and harness. Inquire Palmer House.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 10 Mesaba block.

Medical.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn pathological cases monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions, $2, or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KID DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure: most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists, or mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Houses.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, $7 per month. 623 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE. 724 EAST Third street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM DWELLING WITH all modern conveniences in East End. New. Ready for occupancy about Dec. 1. Little & Nolte.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third.

FOR RENT—THREE STEAM HEATED furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; central location, for man and wife. Call between 5 and 7 evenings, 322 West Third.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 132 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms. 221 Mesaba avenue.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE. 20 EAST FOURTH street.

Wanted---To Rent.

WANTED—DESK ROOM IN OFFICE with modern conveniences. Address C. E. S., Herald office.

WANTED—TO RENT FURNISHED house in East End, from Feb. 1. Apply William Dalrymple, 501 Board of Trade.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 17, 1900. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting, Dec. 24, 1900. —— Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers. Wednesday evening Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 18, 1900. Work, Red Cross and Templar degrees. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in Second and Third rank, Tuesday evening, Dec. 18. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem, N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Astrology.

MRS. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, NO. 2 West First.

Board Offered.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAM-heated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

PRIVATE BOARD AND ROOM. NO. 318 West Second street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Commercial Investment Co., of Duluth, Minn.: You are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 303 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn., on Tuesday, January 1st, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, and for the consideration of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 20, 1900.

G. A. ELDER,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-20-27-1900.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife. 522 N. 56th ave, West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 376.

Carpets and Window Shades.

20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 710 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1888.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction .Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar....... Wolf Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar....... Sparta Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar .... Biwabik Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mountain Iron .Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar...... Hibbing Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. P'ts.	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am *4 30 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis Twilight Limited	**3 05 pm *9 59 pm
*5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac FAST MAIL	*10 35 am *10 35 am *10 35 am *10 35 am
Pullman Sleepers.	Free Chair Cars.	Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
* 4 00 pm * 7 30 pm * 11 15 pm	Ashland and East Minn. & Dakota Express Pacific Express	* 11 15 am * 7 10 am * 7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block- Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm *8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 30 am *7 30 pm

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THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Firm, Eased Off But Soon Rallied Again.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Decrease of the Northwest Receipts Was Another Cause of Strength.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 20.—The wheat market started out quiet but firm this morning, the news being favorable to an advance in prices. The cables were higher, wheat at Liverpool showing an advance of ¼d, and there was a falling off in the Northwest receipts. The market eased off soon after the opening, but recovered and ruled steady, closing ⅛c higher than yesterday here and unchanged at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛c up, at 75¼c, sold at 75c at 9:34, reacted to 75⅛c at 10:20, fell off again to 75c at 12 and after selling up to 75⅛ at 12:40, closed at 75¼c, a net advance of ⅛c for the day. Cash sales amounted to 20,000 bus. at 3½c under May for wheat to arrive and 4c under for wheat in store. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged, and corn declined ¼c. Cash flax sold down ½c, to $1.68, and flax to arrive declined 4½c, to $1.64. December flax opened 4½c lower, at $1.64, ranged between $1.69 and $1.66, and closed at $1.68, a net loss of ½c. May flax started without change, at $1.63, fluctuated between $1.64½ and $1.63½ and closed at $1.64, being 1c higher than yesterday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72c; December, 73c; May, 77¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71c; December, 71c; May, 75¼c. No. 2 northern, 67⅝@68⅝c. No. 3 spring, 52⅞@59⅝c. Oats, 23¼@24c. Rye, 47c. Barley, 35-55c. Flax, cash, $1.68; to arrive, $1.64; December, $1.68; May, $1.64. Corn, 33½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 58; corn, 8; oats, 4; rye, 1; flax, 11. Receipts—Wheat, 148,858 bus; corn, 43,796 bus; oats, 3949 bus; rye, 1519 bus; barley, 5762 bus; flax, 3821 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 17,217 bus; flax, 19,050 bus.

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Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
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American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car mills	$0.72¼
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	71⅝
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	71⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car	68⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	68
No. 2 northern, 1 cars	68⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67⅜
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	66⅛
No grade, 1 car	59⅞
Rye, 2 cars	47
Barley, 2 cars	38½
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.40
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.49½
Flax, 1 car no grade	1.35
Flax, 1 car no grade	1.39
Flax, 2 cars no grade	1.35
Flax, 2,000 bus December	1.69
Flax, 500 bus December	1.68½
Flax, 1,000 bus December	1.68
Flax, 1,000 bus December	1.66
Flax, 500 bus May	1.64½
Flax, 5,000 bus May	1.64
Flax, 3,000 bus May	1.63½

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48 Board of Trade, West Superior, Wis.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm, Other Cereals Steady and Provisions Strong.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Wheat in the first hour today was quiet, but firm on higher cables and lighter Northwest receipts. May opened ⅛c lower at 72¾@⅞c, touched 73c, reacted to 72⅞c and then rallied on a lively demand to 73⅛c. Local receipts were 157 cars, 30 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 324 cars, against 428 last week and 390 a year ago. The close was steady; May unchanged at 72⅞@73c.

A demand for May was the feature in corn early. In nearer options there was little doing. The continued poor grading of new arrivals was a potent factor. Of today's receipts, 432 cars, but 2 cars graded contract. May opened a shade lower at 36⅛@36¼c, touched 36⅜c and then reacted to 36⅛c; January opened ¼c higher at 37¼c, sold to 37½c and declined to 37c; December opened ⅜c lower to unchanged at 40⅞@41¼c, and eased to 40¾c.

The close easy. May ⅛c lower at 36⅛c, January ¼c down, at 36¾c and February, ¼c lower at 40½c.

There was nothing doing in oats. May opened unchanged at 23⅝@¾c. Receipts were 240 cars.

Provisions were quiet but strong on lighter hog receipts. January pork opened 2½@5c higher at $12.30 and sold to $12.37½; January lard opened unchanged at $6.87½, selling to $6.90, and January ribs 5c higher at $6.35, selling to $6.32½.

Close, wheat, December, 69¾c; January, 70¼@¼c; February, 70¾c; May, 72⅞@73c. Corn, December, 40½c; January, 36¾c; February, 35¾c; May, 36⅛c. Oats, December, 21½c; January, 21⅝c; February, 22¼c; May, 23⅝c. Pork, December, $11.15; January, $12.25; May, $12.12½. Lard, December, $7.20; January, $6.87½; May, $6.92½. Ribs, December, $6.37½; January, $6.30@6.32½; May, $6.37½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72¾@74⅛c; No. 3 red, 70@74½c; No. 2 hard winter, 68¼@70c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 71@75c; No. 3 spring, 65@72c. Corn, No. 2, 40½c; No. 3, 35½c. Oats, No. 2, 22½c; No. 3, 22¼c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.62; No. 1, $1.60; December, $1.60; May, $1.60. Rye, December, 46½c; May, 49¼c; January, 46½c. Barley, cash, 37@61c. Timothy, December, $4.50; March, $4.65. Clover, December, $10.25.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—There has been a firm wheat market within narrow limits. The news was generally bullish, but dullness has been the detrimental factor restricting merited advances. Argentine news was bullish, with estimates from the continent for only about half a crop. Antwerp was higher in sympathy. Northwest cars were much smaller but there was some increase in arrivals from Kansas City. New York reports as high as 120 loads fo wheat unconfirmed. General estimates, however, are for about 20 loads. Local talent were short and covered. General undertone somewhat healthier.

The corn market opened strong with a demand for January. Advances, however, were lost. December neglected. Country offerings were light. Local sales 50,000 bus. Reports from New York indicate 63 loads. The January has had the most attention and the buying has been by the same bull people who have continued to support freely.

The oat market has been entirely devoid of incident, hardly any range. Prices ⅛c lower. Seaboard demand is better, but cars are scarce. New York exports 50,000 bus.

The provision market has been firm, offerings of product were light. Hogs, 79,000 at all Western points against 82,000 last year. Shipments of product large. Speculative trade light.

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PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 73¾c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 74c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 20.—Close, wheat, cash, 72½c; May, 73¾@74c; July, 74⅞@74c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 72½c; No. 2 northern, 67¼@69½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 20.—Close, wheat, December, 77¼c; March, 79¾c; May, 78⅞c. Corn, December, 46½c; January, 44c; May, 42c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	71A	70⅝B	70⅛-¼	77¼A
High		71	70⅜-½	77½B
Low		70⅞	70	77⅛B
Close	71	70⅞	*70⅛-¼	77¼A
May—				
Open	75¼A	73⅝-¾	72¾-⅞	78½-⅝
High	75¼	74	73⅛	79-⅛
Low	75	73⅝-¾	72¾	78½-⅝
Close	75¼	73⅞-74	72⅞-73A	78⅞A

* January.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. Jan.
Open	23⅝-¾	36¼@36¼	$12.25
High	23⅝-¾	36⅜	$12.30
Low	23⅝	36-½	$12.25
Close	23⅝	36⅛	$12.25

WHEAT MOVEMENTS.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	38,850	
Philadelphia	18,288	5,600
Baltimore	13,881	32,000
Toledo	3,500	10,000
Detroit	4,391	
St. Louis	66,000	18,000
Boston	8,535	59,025
Chicago	126,625	27,727
Milwaukee	31,500	2,000
Minneapolis	226,950	73,920
Kansas City	108,800	44,000
Duluth	148,858	17,217

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 20.—Wheat quiet, ¼d higher. February, 6s; March, 6s ¼d. Corn, quiet, ¼@¼d higher. January, 3s 10½d; March, 3s 9¼d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Cattle, receipts, 7000. Good to prime steers, $5.25@6.00; poor to medium, $3.60@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.35; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.60; Texas steers, $3.25@4.85. Hogs, receipts today, 37,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 5914. Mixed and butchers, $4.65@4.92½; good to choice heavy, $4.70@4.92½; rough heavy, $4.55@4.65; light, $4.60@4.90; bulk of sales, $4.75@4.85. Sheep, receipts, 1,000. Strong. Sheep, $3.25@4.25; lambs, $4.00@5.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday. Receipts—Cattle, 11,577; hogs, 35,983; sheep, 14,425. Shipments—Cattle, 3358; hogs, 4463; sheep, 841.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that although the tone of the market was not dull, the feature characterizing same did not give much encouragement to the trade. The prevailing weather effected a noticeable decrease in demand for logging horses. Prices dropped accordingly and held the lowest quotable base of the season. Receipts of available horses fair and far too large for the outlet. Trade from local quarters maintained steady on retail basis at low prices. Values for today as follows:

Drafters, extra	$135@175
Drafters, choice	100@125
Drafters, common to good	80@100
Farm mares, choice	80@105
Farm mares, common to good	40@ 60

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	27 @ 25
Creamery, choice, tubs	25 @ 26
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 20
Dairy, fair	16 @ 17
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	25 @ 26
Storage	23 @ 24
CHEESE.	
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	11½@ 12
Full cream Young America	14
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	14 @ 15
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	2 75
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	3 25
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	13 @ 15
FRUITS.	
Apples, eating	3 50 @ 4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 00
King apples	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10 @ 1 50
California lemons	3 50 @ 4 00
Mexican oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Florida oranges	3 50 @ 3 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
California navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Winter Nellis pears	2 40 @ 2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	8 00 @ 8 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18 @ 20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 25 @ 2 50
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	52 @ 55
Parsley, per doz	25 @ 30
Cauliflower, per doz	2 00 @ 2 25
Radishes, doz	75 @ 85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50 @ 1 75
Wax beans	3 00 @ 3 25
Celery	30 @ 40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10 @ 1 25
Carrots	45 @ 50
Oyster plant, per doz	45 @ 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potato	4 00
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	8 @ 10
Turkeys	9 @ 11
Ducks	8 @ 9
Geese	8 @ 9
MEATS.	
Mutton	6½@ 7
Lamb	7 @ 7½
Veal, Good	7
Veal, fancy	8
Beef, dressed	5 @ 7
Hogs	7
Pork loins	8
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	41
Oats, car lots, sacked	27½
Hay, upland	14 50
Hay, timothy	16 50
Feed, No. 1	15 75
Cracked corn	15 75

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 20.—Butter receipts, 5672 packages; steady; creamery, 17@25c; June creamery, 17@23c; factory, 11½@16c. Cheese receipts, 2112 packages; strong; large fall made, fancy, 11½@12c; small fall made, fancy, 11¾@12c. Eggs receipts, 4666 packages; weak; Western regular packing at mark, 20@23½c; Western, loss off, 25c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Butter, dull. Creameries, 15@23½c; dairies, 13@20c. Eggs, dull. Fresh, 22c. Dressed poultry, dull. Turkeys, 8@9c; chickens, 7@½c; ducks, 8½@9c.

MICHIGAN STREET MARKET.

Eggs Continue at the Low Price Level of the Week.

Eggs continued rather placid, failing to rally from the level of 23@24c for storage, to which they went early in the week, while countries still held at 25@26c.

Despite the easier tone and the many bearish predictions, however, there were no efforts made to push eggs out and the offerings were small. Whatever the bears think, the holders of eggs have not apparently come down in their notions.

Poultry continued fairly firm. Turkeys ruled at 10c for average and 11c for choice, and chickens held up pretty well around 9c.

Potatoes were firmer, 52c being the bottom quotation on choice, and extending to 55c, although they were coming in a little more freely than for several days past.

October cheese was ¼c higher, twins full cream being 12¾@13¼c, and Young America 14¼c. Storage goods, however, showed no strength and ruled 1¼c under the late makes.

Butter continued to exhibit a slightly easier tone than for some time previous to early in the week, but quotations held unchanged. Offerings were liberal, especially creamery, while the movement was sluggish.

Apples are firming up, being the exception among fruits in that respect. Cookers are $2.75@3.25, while eating apples are nominally unchanged.

Grape fruit is beginning to come in quite freely. Floridas are quoted at $7, and California $4.00@4.50 per case. Floridas will go lower, but the California fruit is about on bed rock.

SHE TANNED HIM.

I dare say that there isn't a woman on earth who hasn't a theory on the subject of how to manage a husband, and I have never yet come across a man who was any worse for a little scientific handling now and then. If I were in the florist business I'd send a palm to a certain senator's daughter, who has set an example managing wives might follow with profit, says a writer in the Washington Post. She has a husband, this senator's daughter, who's disposed to be critical. Most of his friends are men of great wealth, who live extremely well, and associttion with them has made him somewhat hard to please in the matter of cooking. For some time the tendency has been growing on him. Scarcely a meal at his home table passed without criticism from him.

"What is this meant for?" he would ask after testing an entree his wife had racked her brain to think up.

"What on earth is this?" he would say when dessert came on.

"Is this supposed to be a salad?" he would inquire sarcastically when the lttuce was served. His wife stood it as long as she could. One evening he came home in a particularly captious humor. His wife was dressed in her most becoming gown and fairly bubbled over with wit. They went in to dinner. The soup tureen was brought in. Tied to one handle was a card, and on that card the information in a big round hand:

"This is soup."

Roast beef followed with a placard announcing:

"This is roast beef."

The potatoes were labelled. The gravy dish was placarded. The olives bore a card marked "Olives," the salad bowl carried a tag marked "Salad," and when the ice cream came in a card announcing "This is ice cream" came with it. The wife talked of a thousand different things all through the meal, never once referring by word or look to the labelled dishes. Neither then nor thereafter did he say a word about them, and never since that evening has the captious husband ventured to inquire what anything set before him is.

ENGLISH IN NEW YORK.

A small part of the city near the North river and in about the middle of the town is so markedly English in character that nobody could fail to observe that its pleasures must be intended for visiting Britons rather than for native New Yorkers, says the New York Sun. Two or three barrooms supplied with music halls and a few restaurants are the principle features of this foreign bit of New York, and a glance at the men who frequent these places shows the most conspicuous British traits. They are, as a matter of fact, the men employed on the large Atlantic liners and some of the smaller English boats that travel between New York and England. In the rooms provided for singing—and most of the bars have these adjuncts—one hears British comic songs to the accompaniment of a piano, and the scene so far as any local character is suggested, might be taking place many hundreds of miles from New York. The principal restaurants offer dishes distinctly English. The largest of the barrooms has been made to imitate every feature of an English public house. Sporting pictures hang about the walls, cold joints of roast meat are placed on a table, and the barkeeper, who is as slow and phlegmatic as only an Englishman in that place would be, exhibits none of the qualities of the average New York man behind the bar. The guests are just as different in their way of enjoying themselves. They take their refreshments slowly and with an amount of conversation out of all proportion to the liquid consumed according to American views on the subject. Little treating is observed, the majority of the customers, even when they are in groups, paying for what they get themselves. The demand for distinctly American drinks is small. The entertainment in the back rooms of these resorts is furnished usually by the men from the boats who have acquired a reputation for their skill in singing comic songs. They are usually known to their companions and called on regularly to provide the ditties to which their companions lustily sing the chorus. Pipes take the place of cigarettes almost to a man and English is spoken with an accent that plainly originated far from this country.

NOT ENGAGED.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris desires the statement made that there is no truth in the rumored engagement of Miss Sartoris and Mr. Nichols, of New York.

Half price sale on silver chain bracelets. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

THE TREND OF STOCKS

Industrial Specialties Were Active In Early Part of the Season.

CLOSING WAS WEAK

Under Flood of Long Stock and Net Changes Were Divided.

New York, Dec. 20.—The principal activity was in the industrial specialties at the opening of the market. Sugar opened up an extreme 2¼ on running sales, showing quotations that varied 1⅝. Gains of a point or over were made by Amalgamated Copper and General Electric. In the railroad list, there was heavy demand for Northern Pacific at an advance of 64 and Wisconsin Central, preferred, and Illinois Central advanced a point or over. There was a break of 2 points in Glucose on first sales. Changes, otherwise, were fractional and very unevenly divided between gains and losses.

The market became easy after the opening, and, although a few stocks rose strongly, their gain was subsequently largely reduced or entirely wiped out. For instance, Illinois Central extended its rise to 132¼ and fell back to 130½. St. Louis & San Francisco, first preferred, and Kansas & Texas, preferred, rose a point, but the last mentioned did not hold it. The largest declines were in the specialties and low-priced stocks which have recently become prominent. Chicago Terminal, preferred, Baltimore & Ohio, Wisconsin Central, common and preferred, Amalgamated Copper, General Electric, Brooklyn Transit, preferred, and Rubber, preferred, were 1½ off. Sugar was feverish and vibrated a point frequently. The Grangers, Atchisons, Pacifics and trunk lines were under pressure.

Toward 11 o'clock, People's Gas was lifted to 101, and the entire market rallied. Some railroads rose buoyant, notably Missouri Pacific and Rock Islands. New York Air Brake rose 1¾. Railroad stocks came into new prominence by enormous purchases of the Pacifics. Missouri Pacific advanced 3⅝ to 67⅜. Northern Pacific 2⅞ to 81⅝, and Northern Pacific, preferred, 12⅛ to 189¾. Kansas & Texas, preferred, Lake Erie & Western, second preferred, Chesapeake & Ohio and Union Pacific, common and preferred were also heavily absorbed. Improvements were made by all the railroad stocks, but some of the specialties yielded on decreased demand. United States Express rose ¾. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, preferred, 2½, and the Pere Marquette 4⅛. Bonds were active and firm.

After the reaction had extended to some length, some of the strong stocks moved above previous prices. St. Paul touched 134, Union Pacific 78; Erie, 27⅛, the first preferred 59¾, the second preferred 42⅜ and General Electric 183. Northern Pacific then turned downward, with effect on the whole market. These two stocks fell 2½ and 1 respectively below the highest, and recessions reached a point and over in some other cases. The closing was weak under a flood of long stock and net changes were divided.

Stock—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	132⅜	133⅞	130⅞	131½
Am. Steel, com	43½	43⅞	43	43
Am. Tobacco	112	112	110	110
Atchison, com	42⅞	43½	42¼	43⅛
Atchison, pfd	86⅞	87⅜	86¼	86⅜
Brooklyn Transit	79¼	79¾	78	78¼
C., M. & St. P.	131⅞	134	131¼	133⅞
C., B. & Q.	139¼	140⅞	138⅞	139⅛
Federal Steel, com.	53⅞	54	53½	53½
Federal Steel, pfd.	78⅝	79	78½	78⅝
L. & N.	85⅝	86	85¼	85⅝
Manhattan	112⅞	113⅞	112¼	112¼
Missouri Pacific	63⅞	68	63¾	67
Nor. Pacific, com	79⅛	85½	79⅛	81⅝
Nor. Pacific, pfd	87¼	91¼	87¼	89
People's Gas	99¼	100⅞	99	99
Rock Island	117¼	119	117¼	118¼
Southern Pacific	43¾	43¾	42⅞	42⅞
Tenn. & C. I.	63¾	64½	63¼	64
Union Pacific, pfd.	82¾	84	82½	83⅝
Union Pacific, com.	75¼	78	75¼	76⅞
Western Union	84½	84¼	84	84
B. & O.	80¼	81⅛	80	81

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Dec. 20.—Consols for money, 97; for the account, 97 3-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 20.—Cotton opened firm at an advance of 1 to 5 points and scored additional gains after the call on moderate local and continental buying and dearth of offers. Shorts were disturbed by a sharp decrease in receipts. Following the call business tapered off to a sluggish pit trade, which consisted largely of "settlements."

Cotton spot closed quiet and steady, 1-16c higher. Middling uplands, 10 1-16c; middling gulf, 10 5-16c; sales, 23 bales. Cotton futures closed very steady. December, $9.83; January, $9.63; February, $9.48; March, $9.44; April, $9.40; May, $9.36; June, $9.33; July, $9.30; August, $9.04; September, $8.44; October, $8.07.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Clearings, $24,143,804; balances, $2,213,682; posted exchange, $4.84@4.86; New York exchange, 25c premium.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 20.—Money on call steady at 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84¼@½ for demand, and at $4.80@¼@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.81@½ and $4.85@½; commercial bills, $4.79¾@4.80½; silver certificates, 64@65c; bar silver, 63¾c; Mexican dollars, 50c. Government bonds strong; refunding 2s, registered, $1.05; coupon, $1.05½; 2s, registered, —; 3s, registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.10; new 4s, registered, $1.38¼; coupon, $1.38¼; old 4s, registered, $1.15¼; coupon, $1.16¼; 5s, registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13½.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Dec. 20.—Close: Adventure, 7¾@8¼; Allouez, 2½@3; Anaconda, 48½@49; Arcadian, 22@23; Arnold, 5¼@½; Amalgamated, 94@95; Atlantic, 26@27; Baltic, 32; Bingham, 15¾; Bonanza, 1¼@½; Boston & Montana, 327¾; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte & Boston, 84; Calumet & Hecla, 807@815; Centennial, 10@¼; Cochita, 10¼; Copper Range, 31½; Dominion Coal, 36; Elm River, 5¾; Franklin, 15¼@16; Humboldt, 50c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 38¼; Mass, 13½@14; Michigan, 4½@5; Mohawk, 23⅝; Old Colony, 3½@4; Old Dominion, 30¾; Osceola, 73½@74; Oil, 11¾@12; Parrott, 50; Pioneer, 25c; Quincy, 175; Rhode Island, 3⅞; Santa Fe, 6½@7; Tamarack, 282@285; Tecumseh, 1¼@2; Tri-Mountain, 21¼@½; Union Land, 2½@3; Utah, 33½@34; Victoria, 3¼@4; Winona, 4¼; Wolverine, 46@½; Wyandotte, 1⅛@½; Zinc, 13.

DESTRUCTIVE STORM.

Kingston, Jam., Dec. 20.—News was received here today of a destructive storm which swept over the interior of Costa Rica last week. Miles of railroad track were damaged, the fruit plantations were injured and communication with Port Limon was cut off. The full extent of the destruction wrought is unknown, but it is believed to be serious.

MURDERER LYNCHED.

Gulfport, Miss., Dec. 20.—Lewis, the young negro who last night shot and killed Marshal W. E. Richardson, was captured this afternoon eight miles from town. A mob which had followed the bloodhounds used to track the murderer immediately took Lewis from the officers, dragged him back to town and hanged him to a tree near the scene of his crime. Lewis' father was also captured, but probably will not be lynched.

TREATY RATIFIED

Senate Votes on the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty In Executive Session.

IT ADOPTS CHANGES

Amendments Suggested By the Foreign Relations Committee Are Passed.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, as amended, has been ratified by the senate. The vote was 55 to 18.

Washington, Dec. 20.—At twenty minutes of 2 today the senate doors were closed upon the public and the senate went into executive session for the last time upon the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The vote was to be taken at 3 o'clock, but there were certain senators who desided to make final suggestions upon different provisions of the treaty, and there were still further amendments to be offered.

The friends of the treaty counted upon being able to defeat all the amendments except those reported by the committee on foreign relations, and said they had a majority of from six to ten pledged to that end. They counted upon securing the ratification of the treaty thus amended by a majority of from four to eight.

For the first time in the present session Mr. Jones appeared in the senate today. He had been detained from his seat in the senate by serious illness in his family.

Mr. Hawley, chairman of the committee on military affairs, reported from that committee the army reorganization bill. After some discussion of the parliamentary status of the measure, which has been passed by the senate and by the house and is now again reported to the senate for passage, the measure was placed on the calendar. In the event of the passage of the pending measure by the senate, it will be sent to a committee of conference of the two houses.

The first hour and a quarter of the executive session was devoted to a miscellaneous discussion of the provisions of the treaty, which was participated in by numerous senators, including Messrs. Lodge, Gallinger, Teller and Berry.

The bell rang for the first roll call at two minutes past 3 o'clock, and a vote was taken on the amendments suggested by the committee on foreign relations. They were adopted.

The first of these amendments adds the words, "Which is hereby superseded," after the words "Clayton-Buller convention in the preamble to article II, making it read as follows:

"The high contracting parties, desiring to preserve and maintain the 'general principle' of neutralization established in article VIII of the Clayton-Bulwer convention, which is hereby suspended, adopt as the basis of such neutralization the following rules, substantially as embodied in the convention between Great Britain and certain other powers, signed at Constantinople, Oct. 29, 1888, for the free navigation of the Suez maritime canal."

The second amendment reported by the committee strikes out article III of the treaty, which is as follows:

"The high contracting parties will, immediately upon the exchange of the ratifications of this convention, bring it to the notice of the other powers and invite them to adhere to it."

All the amendments other than those of the committee on foreign relations were voted down.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Imediately after the approval of the journal today, the house went into committee of the whole and entered upon the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

Mr. Sherman, who was in charge of the bill, explained the measure, which carries $839,286 more than the law for the current year. The main items of increase are those appropriating $1,509,000 for fulfilling treaty stipulations with the Apaches, Kiowas and Comanches; $50,000 for the Chippewas of Minnesota and $425,000 for the Fort Hall Indians. The principal decrease is $474,000 for the Five Civilized Tribes commission.

N. P. READJUSTMENT.

A Rumored Change In Capitalization of the Securities.

New York, Dec. 20.—The Commercial and Advertiser says: "There is good authority for the statement that a plan for a radical readjustment of the capitalization of the Northern Pacific securities is under way. This prospective readjustment is believed to be the cause of the uncommon activity of the preferred and common stock in the stock exchange.

"Rumors regarding the plan of readjustment are varied. One report, that the prior lien bonds are to be retired, is denied. Another rumor is that the 3 er cent bonds are to be offered at 112½ per cent in common stock.

Should this be true, the 3 per cent bonds would be worth about 90, and such an exchange, it is calculated, would operate against the stock.

The retirement of the preferred stock is also a matter of conjecture. This might be done at par, but in the present state of affairs there are only $6,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds that could be legally used for that purpose.

LONG SENTENCE.

Henry Leftridge was received at the penitentiary today to serve 198 years for murder, says the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune. As far as known he is the only man ever tried on separate indictments, convicted and sentenced practically at the same time on two charges of murder. He was sentenced to serve a double life sentence, which, according to prison computation, is 198 years. The longest previous sentence known is 99 years.

Leftridge was convicted of having killed John Crowder and William Johnson, who were murdered in the Choctaw nation, I. T.

All our $21.00 Ladies' Watches at $14.50, fully warranted, Harris & Esterly, jewelers, 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio.

TELLER SHORT.

York, Pa., Dec. 20.—Harry K. Weiser, teller of the Security Title and Trust company, a banking institution of this city, is said by the officials of the company to be short $20,000 in his accounts. The bank today posted a notice informing its customers that neither its capital nor its surplus was impaired by the teller's shortage, and that it is prepared to meet all its obligations on demand.

The Best Xmas Present.
What makes a better gift than a good picture? We handle none but the best and at prices that will surprise. "Always something new."
ENGELS' ART STORE.

WHAT?
Would make a more appropriate Xmas Gift to a Father, a Brother, a Relative or a Friend than a Years Subscription to the DULUTH EVENING HERALD?
NOTHING!

NAVAL OFFICERS' FRIEND.

Over on South America's eastern coast, at Uruguay's pretty capital, dwells an American who is better known to the officers of all the navies than any single individual in the world. This is W. D. Evans, of Montevideo.

For more than forty years Mr. Evans was the most prominent figure at Montevideo's port, having from a small beginning built up a business in ship chandlery until he was practically without competition in the harbor. It was from Minersville, Pa., that this present-day millionaire set out for the lands beyond the equator. His advent in the harbor of Montevideo was as mate aboard a sailing ship. He saw a chance to make money, and left billet to start a business on shore. After having made an excellent start, his venture was wrecked by the manipulations of his partner.

This meant another beginning and practically a harder struggle than the first, but Mr. Evans had not started out to submit to failure. He was looking for success and meant to find it, says Douglas White in Ainslee's Magazine.

On his second race for fortune his most valuable possession was a boat with which he personally served his wares to the various ships. The stock which he carried in this same craft ofttimes represented his entire capital, and in the rough harbor of Montevideo any hour might render him again penniless. He had many narrow escapes. Finally he had a sufficient amount of money to enable him to send to Baltimore, Md., for a craft which would stand all weathers. With the new boat came added prosperity, until finally it required a steam tug and several lighters to handle his enormous trade.

Prosperity in business made outside investments possible. These were handled with so much foresight that as Montevideo expanded the Evans' properties increased in value until today they are worth millions. Mr. Evans has retired from active business. He is succeeded by his former clerk, Manuel Bottini, an American citizen of foreign parentage.

Mr. Evans has specially endeared himself to the officers of every navy which has had ships upon the South Atlantic station. These warships have always been his especial charge, and no fighting craft ever entered the harbor of Montevideo that was not met by an Evans boat, carrying ice, fruits, fresh provisions and all those things which are impossible accompaniments of a long cruise. To naval officers Mr. Evans has been a banker, and many an officer's wife has blessed this man from North America when she arrived at Montevideo and found her husband's ship not yet in port. "If you arrive at Montevideo and do not find me there, go to Evans. He will take care of you and see that you want for nothing," were the traveling instructions issued to officers' wives when they started to join their husbands on the station. Even now there is no change, save the substitution of Bottini for Evans in the instructions, for the system inaugurated by the founder of the business is still maintained under his successor.

Since his retirement from active business Mr. Evans spends most of his time at the "Quinta del Evans," a magnificent suburban estate on the outskirts of Montevideo. This quinta becomes a familiar spot to all visiting Americans, for one of Mr. Evans' greatest delights is to entertain visitors from the states. A sojourn at the Evans home becomes entertainment, indeed, for the quinta's hospitality is extremely lavish, and when dispensed amid the estate's delightful surroundings, becomes doubly attractive. The homestead itself is charmingly romantic, consisting of a series of buildings, each representing a different era in Montevidean home building, and all connected by tiled patios, covered by vine-clad trellises and broken by shaded and splashing fountains. Hardly a room is there which does not give some proof of the owner's love for the states. Here is a pair of flags draped over the picture of some familiar American, and at another point a magnificently carved coat of arms of the United States, done by a clever Uruguayan artist, while from the high flagstaff above the quinta Old Glory flutters to signify that through half a century of residence in South America the Evans heart has remained faithful to the flag of his country. And this flag does not fly alone, but a few hundred yards away it has an official companion, which floats over the United States legation, where our minister to the republic is quartered in one of the houses built on a portion of the Evans estate. Thus has this man, beloved by every officer in the American navy, built up on the banks of the Rio de la Plata a home wherein American feeling throbs as strongly as though thousands of leagues did not separate the owner from the country which he so dearly loves.

AFTER IDEAS.

Japan's efforts toward Western civilization and methods take a new departure every day. The latest venture of the enterprising authorities of the Flowery Land is in the direction of architecture, a matter in which up to the present Japan has been particularly conservative.

It will be remembered that the Crown Prince Yoshihito was married a short time ago amid universal rejoicing. It has been found that there is no place sufficiently magnificent to accommodate the royal couple and it has, therefore been decided to build near Tokio, a dwelling which shall rival in splendor anything existing in the East and possibly surpass the magnificent structures of America, says the London Daily Mail.

To achieve this object it was necessary that Japan's architects should see some of the buildings of the Wset, and, accordingly, Professor Toro Iwamura and Mr. Sano, the former a member of the Tokio academy of fine arts, and the latter an architect in the employ of the Japanese government, have started on a tour with this purpose in view. After visiting various cities in the United States and Canada they have arrived at Toronto, where the public buildings were the object of their particular attention. It is expected that they will extend their tour to Europe.

EASY FISHING.

There is a fish that frequents in large numbers the shallow seas off the shores of Northwest America from San Francisco to Sitka that loses its life through leaping too readily. Whenever it is alarmed it bounds out of the water. Now, there are few better students of nature than the Indians of the Pacific coast, who take advantage of this foolish habit to get food without working hard for it. When they see the great shoals of fishes swimming near the surface of the water they get out their canoes and beat the water with the paddles, uttering hideous yells the while. Terrified out of their small wits the fishes jump up into the air and fall into the canoes by the hundred. The Indians also capture them by the net and spear.

SPENDTHRIFT'S END.

Squandered Quarter of a Million And Died Friendless.

Cast off by relatives whom he had disgraced, penniless and friendless at 45, William D. Holmes, a child of fortune, who in fifteen years had run through two fortunes aggregating $250,000, sat in the lobby of the Hoffman house last evening and faced a hopeless future, says the New York Journal.

This was at 7 o'clock. Three hours later he was dead in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue hospital, a man whose life had been an utter, irretrievable failure.

He had attracted no attention in the busy corridor of the big hotel. He was well dressed, quiet. None noticed that he was under the influence of drugs and drink. None saw the hopeless horror in his eyes. But suddenly he pitched forward upon the floor.

Porters and bellboys ran and picked him up. He was unconscious and breathing stertorously. The pupils of his eyes were dilated so that they swallowed up the irises.

"I know this man; he comes of a good family," said Dr. Elliott to Manager Caddagan. "Pray, take him to a room."

He was taken upstairs, and for an hour the doctor, assisted by others, strove to rouse him. They said he was suffering from alcoholic coma and opium poisoning. But he grew worse instead of better under treatment, and at last the doctors deemed it best tose ndh imt o Bellevue. There he was given heroic treatment to keep his heart going, buti n vain. He died at 10 o'clock.

They knew him at the hotel, but not as a guest. During the campaign he had worked as a clerk for the Democratic national committee. He hoped for some permanent job if the election went to the Democrats. But when the returns came in he gave up all hope of a future, and spent his last wages for liquor and poppy juice, seeking forgetfulness in the ocean of his misery.

Whether he sought death no one will ever know.

Later hiss tory came outp iecemeal in dispatches from Pittsburg, supplemented by information gleaned from acquaintances.

He was a former Pittsburger and related to members of the prominent banking firm of N. Holmes & Sons. His father was David Holmes, a prominent citizen and a pioneer in the street railway business of the Smoky City. He was well educated and graduated from college. But he was a rich man's son with all the weakness and the vices that come with idleness.

His father died and left him a fortune. It went through his fingers like quicksilver. Then his aunt, Miss Jane Holmes, died and left him between $150,000 and $200,000. With this money he came to New York and plunged into the gay life of the Tenderloin. He went to Paris and lived there several years, living prodigally, throwing his money about as if there were no end to it.

When he was broke he came back to New York. Here he eked out a precarious living, losing one job after another because of his passion for stimulants and narcotics.

He was close to Poverty Hollow when friends got him the job with the Democratic committee. This brought him food and drink, particularly drink. Where he lived no one knows. But to the end he wore good clothes and looked neat and gentlemanly even in his cups.

He had long since ceased to trouble his relatives in Pittsburg for "loans." He had made his bed and he lay in it without complaining. His three cousins, John, Nathaniel and W. M. R. Holmes, will see that the body gets decent burial. One of the cousins wired to New York last night for particulars as to his death.

A part of Holmes' fortune is said to have been lost in a publishing venture with Judge Albion Tourgee, the author of "A Fool's Errand" and other novels. But the most of it went in dissipation. He never married.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE
Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?
So physicians say.
Quit them and the headaches quit.
Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.
All grocers; 15c and 25c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

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Scalp and Complexion Treatment
Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.
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But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.00.
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NECKWEAR

NECKWEAR

FROM THE BEST MAKERS IN THE WORLD!

We never do anything by halves. We're leaders or we don't march. Our display of Neckwear is about one season ahead of any other stock you can find in the city. A glance at our beautiful Christmas assortments and you'll heartily agree with us.

100 FEET OF TABLE DISPLAY.
100 FEET OF SHOW CASE DISPLAY.

They're all opened up for quick selling. Hundreds of exquisite Ties all ready for gifts—making really handsome presents. Prices—

25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.50

Every style, every color. Most of them just in by express from New York with the Christmas chill of the far East still clinging to them.

When it comes to Ties, we are abreast of the best of them in the whole big United States.

Gift Suggestions:
Gloves,
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We serve you quickly and our courteous salesmen will take the same pains to please you with a 25c Tie as a $1.50 Tie.

The Great Eastern

Kelley Hardware Co. - Kelley Hardware Co.

Pocket Knives—The best makes in Pearl, Ivory, Stag and Buckhorn, prices 15c to $4.00

Carving Sets—an elegant line of these goods in all kinds of handles and length of blades 75c to $12.00

Razors—Our line we know is largest and best in the city. Carry all well known American and English makes, and guarantee unconditionally any razor costing over $1.50, prices 75c to $4.00

Coffee Pots—The Famous Marion Harland Drip, the Good Morning Percolator, and the most beautiful line of Pearl Agate Pots you could wish to see, prices 50c to $4.50

Rogers 1847 Ware—Our line is very complete, the very latest patterns, and our prices are very low. Remember that there is more than one Rogers Company.

Manicure Sets—We have some beautiful sets in leather cases, price $5.00

Scissors and Shears—Of the best makes and all warranted, nickel and Japanned handles; price 25c to $1.50

Skates—The famous Barney & Berry, in all lengths and grades, racing and hockey skates, prices 50c to $5.00

Indian Clubs—extra quality maple, finished in hard oil—weights from ½ to 5 pounds—prices 25c to $1.00

Snow Shoes—We have 3 different styles and qualities; our club shoes are beauties, buy a pair and join the snow shoe club. Prices at $5.00 to $7.00

Norwegian Skis—For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children; there is more sport in using a pair of these than anything else made. Prices $1.50 to $2.50

Tools—Good ones for the boys and papa—not the kind that bend or break the first time you use them, but that will last for years—prices, all kinds.

Polo Sticks and Balls—Prices 15c to 75c

Hockey Sticks and Pucks—Prices 25c to $1.00

IRONMONGER'S GOODS MAKE GOOD PRESENTS

Winchester and Marlin Rifles—One of these will make a splendid present for the boy; price $12.00 to $20.00

Golf Goods—We have the nicest and best line of these goods in the city. We would be pleased to show you these goods. Prices, all kinds.

Dumb Bells—Selected maple, nicely finished and evenly balanced—weights from ¼ to 5 lbs 25c to $1.00

Air Rifles—Both single shot and repeaters; polished wood stocks, nickel plated steel barrels, front and rear sights—repeaters will shoot 300 times without reloading, at $1.00 to $2.25

Whitely Exercisers—The use of the Whitely Exerciser has changed my son from a delicate child to a strong and robust boy. C. S. Sutton, A. T. & S. F. Gen'l Offices, Topeka, Kan.—The above is one of the testimonials in their Catalogue. We would be pleased to show you the good points of this article; prices 50c to $5.00

Baby Cutters—We have just received a line of white and light blue ones, price $3.00 to $12.00

Sleds—The Finest Line of Girls' and Boys' steel Sleighs and Coosters, also Flexible Flyers. Any boy that can talk knows what these Flyers are; prices 25c to $6.50

Chafing Dishes—Made by one of the best firms in this line in the east. All of ours have hot water pans and the best regulating burner made; price $4.00 to $7.50

Striking Bags—Nothing pleases a boy more than a nice striking bag. They will keep him in good health; they are not as expensive as most mothers and fathers imagine; prices $1.50 to $5.00

Boxing Gloves—Get your boy a pair and he will be delighted; they will teach him to defend himself; prices $1.50 to $7.50

Toboggans—We carry a nice line of these goods; the small ones are just the thing for the little ones; prices $3.00 to $6.00

Kelley Hardware Co. - Kelley Hardware Co.

Hats and Caps

For Christmas Gifts.

New mid-winter styles, specially ordered for Christmas selling from these famous makers—

Knox, Stetsons,
Schobles, Roelofs,

and our own Celebrated Burrows Special and Just Wright Hats

$2, $2.50, $3.50, $4 and $5.

Each Hat in a separate box.

Seal Skin Caps New styles and best quality—Alaska seals, 2-piece skins, sale price $15 and $18

Cloth Caps The Dewey, Tie-over and Brighton shapes—plain colors and fancy Scotch plaid effects 50c, $1.00, $1 50, $2.00

We will exchange all hats and caps after Christmas to the entire satisfaction of the recipient.

M. S. BURROWS

FAITHFUL MAIL CARRIER.

Was a Dog And Perished Doing His Duty.

There are about twenty dwelling houses, a blacksmith's shop and a small store on the east side of Long Pond. It is a settlement of woodsmen, farmers and bear hunters. The nearest postoffice is at East Bucksport, a half mile away across the pond, but more than three miles by the road, says a Santiago, Me., special to the New York Sun. For fifty years the residents have carried their mails to and from the distant posting place, using up many years of time to keep in touch with the outside world. In 1898, when Shafter and Sampson were pounding away at the south side of Cuba the citizens could stand their isolation no longer, and sent a petition to Senator Hale, asking for a postoffice and requesting that it be named Santiago. The demand was granted so quickly that everybody wished he had thought of such a plan twenty-five years before, and began to count the hours and horse shoes that had been worn out going after mails and bringing them home.

No sooner was an office established than every resident of Santiago had an idea that he was the proper person to carry the mails. The second assistant postmaster general received a dozen letters from Santiago by every mail. Petitions poured in, filling the mail bags, and thereby increasing the earnings of the fortunate man who should get the coveted place. Santiago is four miles distant from Derham, from which place it is only two miles to George's Corner, on the line of the Bar Harbor railroad. On the south side, however, it was but three miles from East Bucksport, whence a stage line ran six miles to Bucksport, where a railroad connects with Bangor. The northern route was the longer distance, but the time required was less, owing to the nearness of the mail cars. Here was a question that puzzled the Washington officials. An inspector was sent down, who made a report, after which a surveyor was sent to measure the two routes in order to find their exact length.

Meantime John Hubbard, of Santiago, had been carrying the daily mail to East Bucksport, crossing on the ice in the winter and making a wide detour around the pond during warm weather. An aged Newfoundland dog, who had earned retirement in a bear fight years before, was Hubbard's attendant on every trip. The dog was in the habit of following the mail wagon down in the forenoon, and then if the day proved warm, he would swim back home, allowing Hubbard to go his roundabout course alone. Hubbard noted the action of the dog, and came to the conclusion that he could make some profit by cultivating the habit. He was making two trips a day, which was a waste of good tmie, when he could make the dog perform one trip alone and thus have the whole afternoon left for hunting bears. The next morning he forgot to feed the dog before starting out. On arriving at East Bucksport he took the postmaster aside and confided his plan for carrying the mails by dog power.

"Here is a water-tight bag," said Hubbard. "I'll chain up the dog before I go home. I want you to keep him fast until the mail comes up from Bucksport. Don't feed him or go near him. As soon as the mail gets in tie the bag to his neck and let him go. I'll warrant he'll get the mail to Santiago ahead of time."

Hubbard's idea worked splendidly all summer. The dog was at home and the mail was distributed inside of half an hour, while it had always taken Hubbard more than an hour to go around the pond. He was saving time and money and giving perfect satisfaction. Along in the middle of October there came a day that was cold, so that shell ice formed on the pond. Later the wind grew to a gale. When the stage came in there was a big bundle of mail for Santiago, consisting of political documents for the voters and a score or so of official reports from Washington. The mail route fight at Santiago had made the place famous. Postmaster Hewey tied the heavy mass to the dog's neck with many misgivings. Then he fed three links of new sausage to the animal and cut it loose.

That night the neighbors waited until 9 o'clock for the arrival of the mail, which was due two hours earlier. Then Hubbard harnessed his horse and drove furiously to East Bucksport to look up his dog. He did not return until nearly midnight. Patrons of Santiago postoffice knew what happened as soon as they looked at Hubbard's face. The dog had attempted to swim the pond, carrying a heavy load, in the face of rough water and high wind, and had been drowned while in the performance of its duty. They dragged the pond two days before the body was found. The mail was unharmed. They buried the dog under a big apple tree.

MUSIC AND THE TIGER.

A student of animal habits made some experiments with music at the London Zoo. Here is his account of the effect on a tiger, says an exchange.

The violin player approached a sleeping tiger, which was lying on its side, with feet stretched, touching the cage bars. He played so softly that the opening notes were scarcely audible. As the sound rose the tiger woke, and, raising its head without moving its body, looked for some time with fixed attention at the player. It remained for some time in a very fine attitude, listening to the music, and then making a curious sound that in tiger language, does duty for "purring," it lay down again and dozed. The soft music was played on, while the great beast lay as if lulled to sleep.

The violin was then put aside for the piccolo. Judge of our surprise when, at the first notes of the new instrument, the tiger sprang to its feet and rushed up and down the cage, shaking its head and ears and lashing its tail from side to side. As the notes became still louder and more piercing, the tiger bounded across the cage, reared on its hind feet, and exhibited the most ludicrous contrast to the calm dignity and repose with which it has listened to the violin.

Then came the final and most successful experiment. The piccolo was stopped and a very soft air played with the flute. The difference in effect was seen at once. The tiger ceased to "rampage," and the leaps subsided to a gentle walk, until the animal came to the bars, and, standing still and quiet once more, listened with pleasure to the music.

"There are many men," the student remarks, on summing up his experiments in music at the Zoo, "there are perhaps many races of men, who could not detect a discord, and would be alike indifferent to harmony and its opposite. Yet among the brutes on which the experiments were tried, the sudden start of displeasure at a discord was general from the snakes to the African elephant."

RAISES WORMS.

The only man in New England who makes a business of breeding angleworms to supply the winter fishermen with bait is Carl Beers, a Norwegian, who owns a big greenhouse near Mount Hope cemetery, says a West Bangor, Me., special to the New York Sun. His beginning was in a small way. Men who knew him came and offered to dig around his plants and loosen the earth for the sake of what earthworms they could find. As the worms became scarce the digging became so arduous as to hinder the growth of the plants. The fishermen, finding that they could no longer get their favorite bait for nothing, offered Beers $1 a hundred for worms that were four or more inches long.

The next winter Beers put a larger tank in his green house, filling it with leaf mould, rotted dressing and fine grit. To this mixture he added a half bushel of earthworms. They thrived wonderfully, growing rapidly in the artificial heat and multiplying at a great rate. The fame of Beers' live bait spread rapidly. He now has five large tanks that hold about 4,000,000 angleworms, none of which is less than four inches in length. Besides these he has two cement-lined tanks for the rearing of young worms.

His sales amount to $10 or $12 a day all through the winter, the worms bringing 20 cents a dozen.

CHIEF HERE

Leader of All the Anarchists and Nihilists Probably In America.

Record of Alexander Tscherniadieff, Known to Police of All Countries.

"Alexander Tscherniadieff, the leader of all the Anarchists and Nihilists in the world, is probably now in America."

This sensational statement appears in a book which has just been published in Zurich by Caesar Schmidt, and the author of which is the Countess von Wedel-Berard. "Murder of King Humbert Explained" is one of the sub-titles of the book, and the chapters devoted to this subject are certainly the most interesting in the volume. They can best be understood by reading the following postscript to the books:

"Ragaz, Switzerland, Aug. 2, 1900.

"On July 9 of this year I finished my memoirs, and scarcely had I received the first proofs from the publisher when news reached me of the appalling tragedy in Italy, which I had foretold. Tscherniadieff, the bloodhound, has truly kept his word. He is a Russian, and just as long as there is a Siberia and a knout in Russia Anarchists and Nihilists will come from that country and will excite the hot-headed Italians to carry out their nefarious deeds. The leader of these men is Tscherniadieff, a man who takes pay from all parties, and from all governments. His men are scattered over the entire world and they will keep on killing rulers until he, their chief, is delived up to Russia.

"I therefore publicly call upon his majesty Emperor Nicholas II of Russia, to set a price upon the head of this bloodhound, Alexander Tscherniadieff, who is now probably in America, and to demand that he be delivered up to the authorities. When that is done I will reveal many strange things to the world. If the German reichstag had paid proper attention to my warning in March, 1895, the empress of Austria, the king of Italy and Minister Canovas of Spain would be alive today."

The author says that she met Tscherniadieff at Lugano in Italy in 1894. He was supposed to be a Russian count and seemed to be wealthy. She soon discovered, however, that he kept company with Anarchists and he admitted to her that he was their leader. "He told me," she says, "that it was he who gave the order whenever a king or a president was to be killed, and that it was he who had directed Caserio to kill President Carnot. He explained that his father had been banished to Siberia, and that for this reason he was determined to take revenge upon all rulers. All the Anarchistic leaflets which were scattered at that time through Europe and America were printed at Lugano under his supervision. I saw him one day with a large package of these leaflets and I discovered that his object was to have the young emperor of Russia murdered on his wedding day. Of course, I gave the alarm and even wrote to the emperor of Germany with the result that the infamous plot was frustrated.

"Tscherniadieff also told me that it was he who had urged Hodel and Nobling to attack Emperor William I, in 1877, and that before he had decided that Carnot must die, he had sent him several threatening letters because Carnot had confiscated his carriages and twenty-six horses. His story was that he had sold Russian secrets to Carnot and that the latter had not paid him the promised money, but had used it for himself, charging it meanwhile to the account of the French government. For this reason Tscherniadieff wrote the threatening letters, and the result, he claims, was that Carnot deprived him of his property and drove him into exile. He also swore to be revenged on Austria because he had been imprisoned there for four years, and some of his most terrible threats were made against King Alexander of Servia. Soon after I heard him talk in this way, some poisoned wine was offered to the young king, but fortunately he did not drink it."

Against Italy, says the countess, Tscherniadieff felt specially aggrieved because he had been disgraced and exiled from that country, and he constantly vowed that he would have the king's life if he did not receive an enormous sum of money as compensation for the indignities which he had suffered. Amazing, indeed, has been the career of this man, according to the author of this strange book. Though with no visible means of subsistance he always has plenty of money and wherever he goes lives in the best of style.

Though he is known to be a most radical revolutionist and has been exiled from almost every country in Europe, the police have of late years rarely interfered with him. For the murder and attempted murder of every ruler during the past quarter of a century the countess claims that he alone is responsible, and yet there is apparently no evidence that he has ever been officially charged with such a crime. He suspected at one time that the countess intended to betray him to the authorities, and as a result she claims that he plotted to kill her on two or three occasions.

Intensely interesting are the chapters in which the author tells of Tscherniadieff's life at Lugano, of his splendid carriages and horses, of his nocturnal interviews with beetle-browed, poorly-clad men who were known to be Anarchists, of his mad boasts about the speedy vengeance which he intended to take on all potentates, of his attempt to get rid of certain obnoxious persons by inducing them to drink some poisoned champaign—in fine, the most startling incidents of the most bloodcurdling novel seem inspired beside those which this aristocratic German lady narrates about this mysterious Russian, says the New York Journal.

Mysterious, however, is hardly the correct word, for the reason that the European police have recently taken pains to learn all they could about this man, and as a result have learned many facts about his career. These facts were published a few months ago in several Spanish papers, Tscherniadieff being at that time a resident of Barcelona, and the authenticity was vouched for by leading police officials. This biographical sketch was so unsavory and his career as a criminal was so vividly depicted therein that Tscherniadieff, who had removed to Spain after his conduct in Italy had become so offensive that the government thought it advisable to have him escorted to the frontier, became wild with rage and straightway warned the newspapers and police that he would mete out a terrible punishment to them if they did not at once retract their libellous statements.

The journalists and police, however, laughed at him, and the end was that all decent persons in Barcelona shunned the sauve and wealthy Russian, and the charitable organizations, to which he had given handsome presents, unanimously decided to send them back. This happened only a short time ago, and as Tscherniadieff is not now in Spain and is not known to be in any European country Countess von Wedel-Barard thinks it very probable that he has came to this country, and if so is doubtless living here under some other name.

According to the police records, Tscherniadieff is an assumed name, the archplotter who uses it being the son of a Hebrew named Krakowsky, who was exiled to Siberia on account of a political crime. He was born in 1848 at Radasik-Irkursk, and, becoming an orphan at an early age, was adopted by a merchant named Tscherniadieff, who was not, however, in any way related to the distinguished count and general of the same name.

While still young, he left Siberia and traveled through all Europe, styling himself Count Tscherniadieff, and spending immense sums of money. Returning to Russia, he established himself in St. Petersburg, his companion being a woman named Iriasnowa, and so generous was his display that everyone talked of his wealth and wondered where it came from. Loving to pose as a philanthropist, he presented several thousand dollars to a hospital, and in return was nominated honorary president, but, much to his chagrin, the president annulled the appointment and sent the money back.

In 1876 he was accused of theft and fraud, but as the proofs were insufficient he was released, and thereupon he and Maria Anna Dregenboscow, the daughter of a Warsaw tax collector, went to Paris, where he again caused a sensation by his splendid mode of living and his ostentatious philanthropy. Evil fortune, however, soon befell him, and he was sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Regaining his liberty, he dropped the title of Count and opened a great tea business, obtaining considerable credit by his bold statement that he owned a large landed estate in Russia.

About the same time he was charged with swindling a business man of Dresden out of several thousand marks, and with even having stooped so low as to cheat a poor woman clerk out of her small savings. Apparently the charge was not pressed, for in 1878 he went to Montreux, in Switzerland, and soon afterward to Clarens, where he astounded the residents by living in true Oriental style. It was estimated that his garden parties cost 500,000 francs, and it is certain that he had better horses, daintier boats on the lake and many more servants than any one else in the neighborhood.

This meteoric display dazzled the Swiss, but it did not last long, for in 1881 Tscherniadieff flitted to Milan, where he lived quietly for a year, styling himself Prince, and wholly untroubled by the news that he had been again sentenced to imprisonment in Paris for having swindled some bankers by telling them that he was the owner of several large gold mines. His life at this time was most luxurious. He gave costly entertainments; he took a prominent part in all public festivals; he had a box in every theater; his horses were the best in all Italy, and there was no lady in the city whose toilettes or diamonds could be compared to those worn by the "Princess" Tscherniadieff.

His fame and popularity were at their height when suddenly a rumor spread that this modern Monte Cristo was constantly being visited by some very suspicious persons. This proved to be true, and at once Milan's hauty aristocrats closed their doors against the upstart. In consequence he fled from the city, leaving many debts behind him. The "Princess" did not accompany him, preferring the society of one Morell di Tange. Her subsequent career could not have been very fortunate, for she died quite poor in Paris a few years ago. Meanwhile Tscherniadieff was traveling over Europe being known as Durandowitsch in one place and Bartakowsky in another. His career during this epoch reminds one of that of the equally notorious Caghostro. For two years he was locked up in an Austrian prison, and when he was released Saxony laid hold of him again and deprived him of his liberty.

In 1889 he went to Naples with Donna Annita Alvarez, countess di Ducasse, and soon afterward moved to Castellamare, where he was charged with stealing 4000 lire from the Princess Di Santa Buono. Hopeing to find safety in Brussels, he hurried thither, but the police promptly arrested him and he was sent back to Naples. Everyone expected that he would be speedily tried and sentenced, and great therefore was the surprise when it became known that the charge had been withdrawn through the influence of some mysterious woman, whose identity has never been revealed.

NOVEL TRICK.

Some clubmen are telling a story of how a shrewd but impecunious member of one of the down-town clubs managed to eke out an existence during the days of his temporary impecuniosity, says the New York Times. Features of this particular club are its luncheons and dinners, served at a low price and in excellent style. The impecunious member referred to, out of a situation and at the end of his resources, decided to use the table to advance his finances. Casual acquaintances of the barroom sort who expressed a wish for luncheon or dinner were his game. To them he told of the good fare and cheap prices at his club, and so managed at intervals to get together parties of three or four to dine with him. There would be a dinner of a good sort, often with wines and other drinkables, the understanding always being that the meal was on the "Dutch treat" principle, where each paid his share of the bill. After the meal the check would, of course, be given to the club member, who collected the pro rata share from each of his supposed guests and placed the cash in his pocket. His credit was good up to the club limit, and each meal was charged against him. So all he had to do was to sign the check and pass it over to the bookkeeper. In this way he managed to keep his stomach full and have about him enough cash to serve his actual necessities in his impoverished condition. Naturally he paid no club bills, and the thing went on until the account was called to the attention of one of the governors. At about the same time, too, the club steward accidentally discovered the methods of the young man, and these were brought to the attention of a member of the house committee. Naturally the shrewd member was at once suspended, and there is now one young man of fair address who is walking about town trying some other method of getting a living without work. As a result, too, members of the club have discovered that the system of credits has been considerably changed, for an investigation showed that the member who was caught was not the only one who had been "working" the club in the same fashion.

INCONVENIENT CUSTOM.

One of the most inconvenient customs of the reigning houses of Europe is that which requires that the rooms occupied by a sovereign should remain untouched and unattended for at least two generations. King Humbert's apartments in the Quirinal have been locked, and will remain closed to all save members of the royal family for probably some fifty years to come, left precisely in the same condition in which they were at the moment of his death. Burly old King Victor Emmanuel's apartments at the Quirinal palace have been closed up in the same way, and remain in precisely the same condition as at the time of his death, twenty-two years ago.

The result of this practice is that many of the finest and largest of the residences of the monarchs of Europe are not only inconvenient, but likewise do not afford the necessary room, all of the best apartments—I mean, of course, the private living apartments—being closed, and maintained unoccupied, says the Marquise de Fontenoy in the Washington Post. At Windsor castle, for instance, the prince consort's rooms, which are among the finest, have remained closed ever since his death, forty years ago, while although Cleremont is a huge palace, yet the accommodation which at afforded to the widowed duchess of Albany, to her two children and to her very small household, was altogether inadequate, owing to all the best living rooms in the house being closed up "in pious memory." It is the same at Berlin, St. Petersburg and Vienna, and during the 100 days' reign of Emperor Frederick his empress caused the fiercest indignation by having the apartments once occupied by Queen Louise of Prussia, who died more than eighty years ago, prepared for the use of her mother, Queen Victoria.

MEANT BUSINESS.

A Davenport boy went to New York to solicit a position to travel for a wholesale house, says Success. He went five times to one establishment, and every time was told that they did not want to engage him. He tried to prevail on them to allow him to make a trial trip, but in vain. Finally, he proposed to buy a small stock of goods, this was business, and they were ready to sell. He then went on the road on his own account, and made money; so when the firm saw that he meant business, they were ready to employ him, and he is now very wealthy, being a member of the firm. Not a boy in a hundred would have had his persistence after a refusal. There is nothing like courage or faith as an aid to success. Another member of that firm had only 11 cents when he reached New York, to seek his fortune.

Letting Down Prices on JEWELRY!

Ladies' Gold Filled Watches with American Movement $6.75
Ladies' Solid Silver Watches for $2.79
Ladies' Gold Filled Chains for $1.50
Solid Gold Baby Rings for 49c
100 Silver Plated Berry Spoons, for, each 39c
Silver Plated Knives and Forks, for $1.25
Silk Plush Easel Albums for $2.85
Boys' Watches, warranted, for $2.00
Ladies' Solid Gold Chain fifty inches long $7.50

Cheapest Place in the City for Watches.

E. E. VANDERBURG, 214 West Superior St.

If you cannot find what you want go to the

CityGunStore

We keep it, and at a price to suit your purse, as we are still giving you the benefit of the 10 and 20 per cent discount on these goods. Guitars, Mandolins, Violins, Autoharps, Zithers, Music Stands, Music, Boxes, Etc. Agate Jewelry, 1847 Rogers' Knives and Forks, 1 dozen pieces $3.25. Indian Goods, Hunting Goods of all kinds, Barney & Berry Racing Skates, Gymnasium Goods, Striking Bags, Boxing Gloves, Whiteley Excercisers, $1 Air Rifles 75c, best on earth, Knives, Shears, Razors, all warranted good or money refunded, Star Safety Razor, and many other goods. Come and see for yourself as your neighbors have done.

Musical Instruments Repaired

R. C. Kruschke,

402 West Superior Street,

SIGN OF GOLD REVOLVER.

FRAUD IS EXPOSED

English Chancery Makes Report For Benefit of American Gullibles.

CHANCE OF FORTUNE

From Unclaimed Estates Is Shown to Be a Slim One.

New York, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says: So many expectant American heirs of vast fortunes supposed to be held in the English court of chancery are being fooled by unscrupulous agents that the American embassy made a formal request to the court for a statement of unclaimed property in which Americans might be interested.

The court sent to Mr. Choate an official statement showing the absurdity of American expectations. The court holds a total of $200,000,000 worth of property, of which $180,000,000 are designated trusts for wards in chancery and known heirs of estates in process of adjudication, leaving a balance of $20,000,000 open for claim. But a large part of the latter sum is already claimed and only awaiting a decision of the court for settling. Most of these unclaimed estates are very small, only one being more than half a million.

A coterie of claim agents in London has been living off the contributions of American heirs for many years.

GAME LAWS COMPILED.

Bulletin to Be Issued By Department of Agriculture.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The United States department of agriculture has in process and will soon issue a bulletin entitled, "Laws Regulating the Transportation and Sale of Game." The bulletin was prepared by Dr. T. S. Palmer, who has been charged with the immediate supervision of matters relating to game under the Lacey act, assisted by H. W. Olds, an assistant in the division. It contains a compilation of such sections of the various state laws as relative to transportation and sale, and gives tables and diagrams showing close seasons, species prohibited from shipment and sale, limits of bags and regulations regarding non-resident license.

The bulletin was prepared to meet the demand of shippers, transportation companies, and game dealers, who sometimes find themselves in the position of inadvertently violating the laws, with the provisions of which they are unfamiliar and the requirements of which they have no ready means of ascertaining.

Go to Smith's for Christmas candy.

BRUSH WITH FILIPINOS.

Twenty Americans Surprise Eighty and Punish Them Severely.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The following cablegram from Admiral Remey, giving an account of a sharp brush with Filipino insurgents, was received today at the navy department:

"Cavite, Dec. 20.—Bureau of Navigation, Washington: Fifteen troopers of Fourth cavalry and five of the crew were landed from the gunboat Basco yesterday, at Limbanes, Cavite province. Surprised eighty insurgents; short skirmish half hour; thirteen insurgents killed; twelve rifles captured; large amount stores destroyed; one soldier wounded. REMEY."

COUNSELOR ARRESTED.

Potsdam, Dec. 20.—Counselor of Commerce Sanden, recently a director of the Prussian Hypotheken Aktien bank, was arrested today and confined in the Moabit prison.

The Finest

Holly you ever saw, two pounds for 25 cents. Seekins.

Finest Quality of Perfumes

In neat packages. Scott's Drug Store.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

FAME OF CASS LAKE.

Town Built In a Jack Pine Forest In a Year.

Cass Lake, Minn., Dec. 20.—The rapid settlement and development of the village of Cass Lake since the settlers were first given an opportunity to purchase land on which to make their homes is without a parallel in the history of the state. It is but a short fifteen months ago that the n½ of section 15, T. 143, R. 31, was sold at the St. Cloud land office. At that sale G. G. Hartley, representing Sydney L. Wright, of Philadelphia, purchased eighty acres offered for sale. Messrs. Hartley and Wright, together with Roland and Herbert Hartley, organized the Cass Land company and at once set to work to plat their possessions. Col. Roland Hartley, an old resident of Minneapolis, and private secretary to ex-Governor Clough, was delegated as resident manager of the land company. He arrived here on Nov. 17, 1899, in company with a Duluth surveyor, to lay out the proposed townsite. At that time the property was covered with a dense growth of Norway and jack pine. The first lot was sold to Ulrich Iverson, and from that time lots were sold at a rapid rate. The first building of any size to be erected was the 2-story block belonging to S. W. Ellis. In less than two months, in spite of very cold weather, there were two solid blocks of substantial business buildings and merchants were doing a thriving business.

In the first part of the present year when the first brick block was erected. This block has a 50-foot frontage, and cost Charles Tedford, the owner, $17,000. Other brick buildings have followed, till Cass Lake can now boast of having brick structures of a total frontage of 300 feet. From the day the land on which the townsite was subsequently platted was sold at St. Cloud there was a rush to Cass Lake, and the village now has a population of 2000. Cass Lake has finely graded streets, wide sidewalks and shade trees planted by the Cass Land company along all the streets.

The question of furnishing the village with adequate waterworks, sewerage and a lighting system, was a difficult one to solve, but the Cass Land company, having every confidence in the future greatness of Cass Lake, went ahead and undertook to put in a system and a plant. Under the laws of the state the village council had no authority to grant a franchise for any purpose. The land company agreed to go ahead and put in the waterworks, sewerage and light plants, and wait till the legislature should meet this winter and a curative act could be passed enabling the council to grant a franchise. The waterworks and sewerage systems are now completed, and the electric light plant will be in operation within two weeks. These improvements place Cass Lake well in the front with the larger cities in Northern Minnesota.

Cass Lake may well be termed a natural location for a new metropolis. It is far enough distant from the Twin Cities and Duluth to permit of a prosperous commercial center. Being in the very heart of the standing timber of the Chippewa reservation, with its untold millions of pine; with three different branches of the Great Northern railroad system terminating here—thus affording the very best shipping facilities—it must naturally become a commercial center of importance. The two sawmills in operation are but the nucleus around which others will cluster. It will not be long ere the millions of feet of uncut pine will be disposed of by the secretary of the interior, and the growth of the place will be greatly augmented. There are 1,000,000,000 feet of standing pine at the very door; electric light, waterworks and sewerage systems in operation; two solid brick hotels, railroad yards with twelve miles of track; a lake without a rival in the entire state, a paradise for hunters and fishermen; and last, but not least, the healthiest community in the Northwest.

The Beer Tax.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In your issue of Dec. 18 you have an editorial entitled "The Beer Tax." After referring to the Chicago Tribune, you quote from the New York Press and then say: "The tax on beer is the only one of the war taxes that is not felt by the consumer. Beer is sold at the same price so far as the consumer is concerned as before the placing of the tax which is borne by the rich brewery interest, that can well afford to contribute a small percentage of its immense profits." The fact is that ultimately the consumer, the extremely poor, pays the bulk of this tax. Beer, the comfort and solace of the great middle and lower classes, is, and always has been used as a scapegoat. It has few rich and influential friends, while champagne, the luxury of the wealthy, and tea and coffee, the luxury of the poor, have always been kindly dealt with. Beer is not the beverage of the rich, the aristocrat, nor of the drunkard. None of the charges so persistently made by the enemies of the liquor traffic are justly chargeable to it. Beer is the drink of the poor, the laborer, the mechanic, of the sensible and conservative who use the gifts of nature in moderation. Why single it out and burden it with a tax that no other commodity either of necessity or luxury in paying? When you say the tax on beer is not felt by the consumer you are deluded evidently by the fact that when you, when buying a glass at the bar, get the same quantity that you did before the present war tax was imposed, and that, I infer, is the full extent of your knowledge of the price of beer, as to who pays the tax and who the real consumer is. If you should doubt my statement, then please examine statistics and you will find that the major portion of beer consumed is not by the glass over the bar, but by measure, brought home to the family of the poor laborer and mechanic, and to the workshop, and they are the people who pay this tax, as they now get less in quantity than formerly. No, the rich brewer does not bear this burden, but first the retailer and then the above named poor consumer. Truly yours,

JOHN GONSKA.

Duluth, Dec. 20.

The largest display of home made candies in the city. Seekins.

MADE BOLD ATTEMPT

Two Robbers Try to Break Into the Nebraska State Treasury.

FIGHT WITH OFFICER

Guard Finds Them and Gun Battle Ensues, the Robbers Escaping.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 20.—An attempt was made to rob the state treasury early today. Two men, possibly three, apparently had gained entrance to the capitol building through an outside window. They were, according to Night Watchman Good, discovered by him in the treasurer's office and interrupted in their work at 3 o'clock. Good said two shots were fired at him by the robbers, one passing through the lapel of his coat. He fired twice in return, apparently without effect, and the robbers escaped without having opened the treasury vault or securing anything of value.

A general alarm was turned in and almost the entire police force and men from the sheriff's office hastened to the capitol. The only evidence of the attempted robbery found by them was the marks of bullets in the corridor walls, pointed out by the excited watchman and janitor. The officers were joined shortly after by State Treasurer Meserve, who found his office in a state of disorder, but the steel vault was uninjured and nothing of value missing.

No trace of the would-be robbers has been found outside the capitol.

THE DAKOTAS.

A Sensational Poisoning Case at Osnabrock, N. D.—Trial of Lindelie.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Osnabrock—A very peculiar case of alleged poisoning has developed here, the result, it is claimed, of revenge on the part of a young woman.

Mrs. Elmer Stevens, wife of the Great Northern agent at that point, is the victim of the occurrence. The alleged facts of the case as reported are as follows:

On Friday last Mr. and Mrs. Stevens took dinner at the Albion hotel as usual. Mrs. Stevens was in uncommonly good health and spirits and enjoying her dinner as only those possessed of good health can. When partaking of her tea Mrs. Stevens noticed that it tasted very salty, but thought nothing of the occurrence at the time. A few minutes later, however, while waiting for her dessert she was taken suddenly ill. She was at once removed to her home and Dr. Jamison, of Osnabrock, and Dr. McQueen, of Milton, were hastily summoned, but despite all their efforts, Mrs. Stevens remained in a very precarious condition until Sunday morning.

Strong suspicion rests upon one of the waitresses of the hotel. It is alleged that she made threats against Mrs. Stevens, and was once heard to exclaim: "I'll fix you."

It is stated on the authority of Mrs. Stevens that action will be commenced against the proprietor and inmates of the hotel in hopes of arriving at the truth of the matter.

Grand Forks—At the trial of Secretary Lindelie of the State Enforcement league yesterday, the first witness called by the prosecution was M. C. Gaulke, who was one of the grand jurors who returned the indictments. Mr. Gaulke testified that the defendant had been duly sworn; that he had been asked as to whether he had received any money from O'Leary, the chief witness for the state, and that Lindelie had declared he had never received money from O'Leary at any time. Later in the day he said Lindelie admitted that O'Leary had left $100 on the table at his house. Martin Johnson, E. K. Ramsey, Fred Burgett, Henry Steanberg and George H. Wilder, all of whom served on the grand jury, were next called in the order named, and they testified to practically the same thing as the first witness. In cross-examining the witnesses it seemed to be the purpose of the attorneys for the defense to bring out the fact that though the money had been left at Lindelie's house, which was not denied, it was not accepted by the defendant, and was left under protest.

After the six grand jurors had been examined the prosecution called F. J. O'Leary, who said that in August of 1899 he came from Larimore, where he was in business, to Lindelie's house, in this city, for the purpose of seeing if he could not be protected in selling liquor, providing he paid for it. He said that after a consultation with Lindelie he gave the latter $100, and that the latter promised to do what he could for him, and further promised to notify him by letter if other members of the league should attempt to start any action against him.

There promises to be a potato famine in North Dakota. Already the tubes are retailing for 75 cents a bushel, with every indication of their reaching an even dollar before spring opens. The extreme dry weather of the spring and summer, with the following excess of moisture in the fall, played havoc with the crop throughout this section of the country.

Fargo—In the case of Anderson vs. Trott, which has been on trial in the district court for several days, the jury was out only a few minutes when it brought in a verdict for the plaintiff. The action has been watched rather closely by tenants and land owners, as Anderson ahd made a 3-year lease for the Trott farm. He alleged that Trott took entire possession of the first crop and never divided the interests, and also failed to pay for certain improvements. There were charges of quarrels and bickering, which Anderson alleged, finally drove him from the place.

Mrs. T. R. Sloan, of Fargo, has been appointed by Acting Governor Devine as a member of the board of lady managers for the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo next year.

Bismarck—State Fish Commissioner Barrett has filed his biennial report with Acting Governor Devine and makes some interesting observations with regard to the fish and forest culture of the state. Seven carloads of fish have been secured from the commission in the past two years and placed in the lakes in this state.

A matter of especial interest that is discussed in Dr. Barrett's report is the possibility of propagating fish in artesian well water. There are dozens of flowing artesian wells in the state and Mr. Barrett has made experiments with the water for fish culture. He has placed young fish obtained from the government in artesian waters and in many cases he reports them thriving and increasing by spawning. If this scheme proves successful enough to warrant the stocking of reservoirs obtained from the artesian wells, there may be established many resorts in the state where a taste for fish may be gratified.

Forman—Judge Lauder handed down a decision today in the case of Michael Pielke vs. Moses Merchant. This is a famous case and has been in the courts for over two years. It has been tried in the district court in Sargent and Richland counties three times and in the state supreme court twice. The action was started by Pielke for the purpose of canceling a lease which Merchant held for a farm near Abercrombie, which was owned by Pielke, and to oust him from the premises. Judge Lauder decided in favor of Merchant and against the cancellation of the lease. hTe present status of the case gives Merchant a lease of three years on the property, and in addition the courts rendered him a judgment for $800 damages.

Jamestown—The sixty typhoid fever patients at the asylum have recovered and there are no new cases. The attendants who had the fever are again on duty, with the exception of one.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The report of State Auditor Reeves for the past fiscal year is of particular value from the fact that it goes into details of the affairs of different counties. The total liabilities of the counties are shown to be $3,938,534.15, with assets amounting to $4,871.44.

A number of counties have no bonded indebtedness, and some of these have but little if any warrants outstanding. McPherson shows a total debt of $11.60, and Aurora of $45.74. Some counties without bonds are heavily in debt on outstanding warrants. The counties which have no bonded debt are: Aurora, Brown, Brule, Charles Mix, Clark, Clay, Hamlin, Hand, Jerauld, Kingsbury, Lincoln, Lyman, McPherson, Miner, Moody, Potter, Sanborn, Spink, Stanley, Sully, Union and Gregory.

Huron—In general orders No. 1, Maj. Gen. George A. Ludlow, the new commander of the army of South Dakota, Union Veterans' union, establishes headquarters in that city and makes that part of South Dakota lying south of the North-Western railway line between Brookings and Pierre, including Huron and all towns west, as the first brigade. The second brigade includes all territory north of the same railway line and all towns on the line east of Huron. The following appointments are announced: Chief of staff, S. J. Conklin, of Clark; assistant judge advocate, Albion Thorn, of Sioux Falls; assistant inspector general, Charles Barrett, of Sioux Falls; assistant adjutant general, W. S. Potter, of Sioux Falls; assistant quartermaster general, J. M. Kleiner, of Sioux Falls; commissary general, A. E. Pay, of Huron; assistant surgeon general, V. P. Kennedy, of Aberdeen; assistant mustering officer, O. H. Prink, of Sioux Falls; chaplain, G. W. Demarest, of Watertown.

Canton—Peter Tschudi, an old pioneer of Lincoln county, was driving home from Centerville on a big load of grain when a sudden jolt pitched him forward between the horses, the wagon running over him. He was picked up in an unconscious state and taken to his home, where he died shortly after.

Unredeemed Pledges.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware.

Jewelry of every description for Christmas gifts.

Musical instruments at much lower prices than elsewhere.

You can get bargains in any of the above articles.

Save money by seeing our line of unredeemed pledges.

KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO.

16 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

It's little wonder that everybody likes
Sealette
5¢ Cigar
because it's a little wonder
SAME STOCK AS "SEAL OF MINNESOTA."
[illegible] & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MAKERS

A Charming Collection of Hand-Painted China

Never before were there so many novelties, so many unique and dainty things in Hand Painted China as we have now on display. Ours is the work of a true artist and every piece shows its artistic worth.

Fancy Goods and Sofa Pillows for All.

Hundreds of handsome fancy articles—more beautiful and novel than we've ever been able to show in past seasons and all priced so low as to surprise and please.

Mrs. Franklin Paine,

106 W. Superior St.

TESTED TO THE LIMIT

Was the big extra force at the Glass Block this morning while the great 8 till 10 o'clock bargains were on sale. We want the people out in the mornings and such unheard of bargains in things wanted right now are what will bring them, for every lady in Duluth knows she is sure to get what The Big Glass Block advertises.

Tomorrow Morning, 8 to 10, the Bargains Below

Trade in the mornings, the crowds in the afternoons are the largest ever seen in Duluth during a holiday season.

Come For These Bargains Between 8 and 10 a. m.

PANTON & WHITE
NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Don't Come Later and Expect the Snaps.

Men's Slippers 228 pair Men's Extra Fine and Embroidered, Fancy Trimmed Slippers in tan and black, all sizes, worth 75 cents to 98 cents, 8 to 10 o'clock tomorrow morning—two pair to each customer—at only............ **50c**

Ladies' Mittens —**At Glove Counter**—200 pairs Ladies' Kid and Mocha Mittens, fur trimmed and untrimmed wrists, the kind others sell regularly for 69c—8 to 10 Friday morning—limit, 2 pairs to a customer at, per pair............ **39c**

Table Damask —**At Linen Department**—10 pieces of 72-inch Full Bleached Satin Finish Table Damask, beautiful floral designs, a regular $1.50 quality—Friday 8 to 10 a. m.—five yard limit at............ **93c**

Lunch Cloths —**At Linen Department**—150 of them—36 inchs square, with hemstitched, drawn work and open work borders, worth up to $3.00 each—Friday 8 to 10 a. m—2 to a customer at, each............ **$1.25**

Salve Jars —**At Jewelry Counter**—100 Genuine Sterling Top Salve Jars, tops in assorted raised Rococo designs, the kind that many stores in Duluth sell at 50c each—tomorrow morning, from 8 to 10 o'clock—1 to a customer at............ **21c**

Doilies —**At Art Department**—A big lot or handsome Torchon and Battenburg Doilies, assorted sizes and patterns that are now selling at 15c and 25c—on sale here tomorrow morning from 8 to 10 10 o'clock—2 to a customer at............ **9c**

Flannel Waists —**In the Cloak Room**—About 75 Ladies' Fine All-Wool Flannel Waists, in all the popular plain colors, mostly in large sizes, they were $1.50, $1.25 and $1.00—tomorrow, 8 to 19 a. m.—all you want at, each............ **89c**

Wooden Toys —**In Toy Department**—1000 25c Wooden Toys, including Wagons, Brownie Ladders, Steam Boats, Wash Sets, etc. Values up to 39c. Choice 2 to a customer—8 to 10 Friday morning—at—each............ **15c**

Salts and Peppers (**Cut Glass**) —**At Jewelry Counter**—75 pairs genuine Cut Glass Salts and Peppers, with Sterling Tops, in 6 distinct patterns, regularly sold everywhere at 75c a pair—tomorrow 2 pairs to a customer from 8 to 10, at—per pair............ **48c**

Hand Bags —**In Leather Goods Department**—75 Leather Hand Bags with leather handle and draw string top—the kind sold in every store at 25c—from 8 to 10 o'clock tomorrow morning—only 1 to a customer—at............ **12c**

Opal Ware —**In China Department**—10 barrels new decorated Opal Ware, consisting of Glove Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Collar Boxes, Cracker Jars, Decanters, etc. Values 50c and 65c. Tomorrow—8 to 10 a. m.—2 pieces to a customer—at—each............ **29c**

DUCKS WERE DRUNK.

But the Game Warden Thought They Had Cholera.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 20.—Attorney Robert Scholes, local game warden and well-known sportsman, is the victim of a joke. He startled the community with an announcement that ducks shot along the Illinois river were affected with a new form of cholera, rendering them unfit to be eaten. It developed that the game warden was somewhat amiss in his diagnosis.

Up-stream hunters in the neighborhood of Chillicothe recently spread broadcast over the duck haunts several bushels of corn, well soaked in alcohol. The ducks were made drunk, and were slaughtered. When Scholes heard of the inebriated ducks, he pronounced it a mysterious disease.

Go to Smith's for Christmas candy.

CHRISTIANS KILLED.

London, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Vienna reports recent Moslem excesses against the Christian population in the central provinces of Turkey, where 200 Christians have been killed.

NOTICE.

Parties having vacant property for sale on the south side of First street, between Second avenue west and Fifth avenue west, are requested to communicate that fact to the Board of Water and Light Commissioners on or before Monday, the 24th inst., at 12 noon, describing the property and stating price thereof.

Seal and mark on outside "Proposal For Property" and direct to

L. N. CASE, Manager.

DIAMONDS

This is a Diamond year, and this is the year you'll buy a Diamond if you take advantage of the low prices we name in a stock acknowledged prominent in the Northwest. Diamond Solitaire, or in Combination with other Precious Stones, such as Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, Turquoise, Pearls, Opals and Olivines. All in superb settings.

Watches. Oh Watches we save you money. We carry a full line of 14-K solid gold cases, fitting them with Elgin or Waltham movements. An especially beautiful line of Ladies' Watches.

Opera Glasses We have a most complete stock, including a full line of the celebrated Lemaire glasses. We also have the new folding pocket opera glasses for gentlemen.

Ladies' Pocket-books. Without doubt the largest line ever shown in the city—the latest in colors and finish, the most attractive mountings. An extensive line of Gentlemen's Card and Cigar Cases.

Our Rich Cut Glass and Imported Game Sets and Bric-a-Brac......... are positively the prettiest that was ever exhibited Duluth.

G. A. KLEIN,

325 West Superior Street. THE JEWELER.

Useful Pieces of Furniture for Christmas Giving

We have them in endless varieties. From now until Christmas we are going to increase the discounts on them.

Parlor Rockers
in Mahogany, Golden Oak and Flemish Oak—our full line, 100 styles to choose from—
25c per cent discount
See samples in our show window.

Parlor Cabinets
in genuine and imitation Mahogany, some have mirror backs, all go at—
33⅓ per cent discount

Ladies' Writing Desks
in all the new finishes—Flemish, Belgian, Birds Eye Maple, Mahogany, etc. Your choice at—
25 per cent discount Better buy one early while line is complete

Book Cases,
also Combination Book Cases and Writing Desks—some Mahogany, some Flemish, some Golden Oak—all new fall styles—
25 and 33⅓ per cent discount

Our Special Sale on Bed Room Suits
Is still in progress—remember for the price of any **Dresser only,** we give you absolutely free the bed and commode. We have on hand about 50 styles of suits and they are ALL to be closed out at a price of the dresser only.

Store Open Evenings Till Christmas.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.
226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN,

ABSOLUTELY NO GOODS SENT ON APPROVAL OR EXCHANGED.

PRANKS OF CADETS

Witnesses In Booz Case Tell Edifying Stories of Hazing Experiences.

RODE A BROOMSTICK

Sheridan's Son Is Made to Burlesque His Father's Famous Ride.

West Point, N. Y., Dec. 20.—The military court of inquiry that has been in session here since Tuesday examining into the allegation that the death of Oscar L. Booz, a former cadet at the United States military academy, was caused by brutal treatment to which he was said to have been subjected by fellow students, resumed its sitting today. There are to be examined twenty cadets of the class to which Booz belonged, and it is likely that some of the first class cadets and officers of the academy will also be interrogated as to their knowledge of hazing. It is probable, therefore, that the court will not close its investigation before Saturday.

Maj. Charles B. Hall, Second infantry, treasurer of the military academy and quartermaster and commissary of cadets, was the first witness called today. He identified two bottles of red sauce which, he said, were the only kinds of pepper or tropical sauces in use in the cadet's mess hall since he took charge, three years ago. Tobasco sauce was not in use in the academy. The sauces were not generally laid on the table, but were served when called for.

Cadet William H. Cowles, of Kansas, testified that he knew Booz, but was not present at the fight with Keller. He described the hazing ordeals in the summer of '98, and said he had undergone everything that his classmates went through. He said he had attended "rat funerals," took cold baths and joined in bowl races, as well as being made acquainted with "Wooden Willie," and the process of "eagling." He had taken a couple of drops of hot sauce from a spoon. When asked to describe the sauce, the witness said: "The bottle I saw in our tent was labeled "Tropical pepper sauce." The witnesss prepared at the same school with Booz and did not consider him strong. While at this school (St. Luke's, at Bushtown, Philadelphia), Booz was examined by physicians and was developing lung and chest capacity. Witness had little to do with Booz after coming to West Point; their relations were "just indifferently friendly."

The next witness, Herbert Z. Krumm, of Ohio, told the court that, among other things which he was made to do as a fourth class man, was to qualify in the mess hall. "I had to eat eighty-five prunes at one sitting, and at another I had to swallow a bowl of molasses and six slices of bread." In concluding his testimony, the witness said that Booz had a slouchy manner, and did not seem to have enough energy to hold himself together.

Cadet David B. Bower, of Iowa, said he had been hazed in 1898. He had to do foolish things, such as "receiving a turtle passing down the company street with a candle on its back" and "chasing a sparrow off the street after being told it was an eagle."

Among the witnesses examined yesterday were the brother of Lieut. Hobson and the son of Gen. Phil Sheridan. They told of the hazing they got during the encampment of '98 at the time Oscar L. Booz was their class mate and not one of them said that the treatment received or the things they had to do were either brutal or degrading.

Hobson's worst ordeal was when he had to stand on his head in a bath tub in which there was about ten inches of water. He said he was partially strangled, but was all right in a few minutes.

Young Phil Sheridan was made to ride a broomstick along the company street in commemoration of his illustrious father's ride and he had to keep shouting: "Turn, boys, turn" all the time. He did not think this was humiliating, he said, although he did not relish the task.

THE DE CASTELLANES SUIT.

Boni Has Filed a Counter Suit Against Wertheimer.

Paris, Dec. 20.—The suit of Charles Wertheimer, the London bric-a-brac dealer, against Count Boni De Castellane, to recover payment for art objects sold the Count and Countess De Castellane, began today in the first civil chamber. The transaction taken as a test case involved the sum of 12,946 francs. The hearing was devoted to the arguments of counsel. None of the parties was in court. The total sum involved in the transactions is 6,500,000 francs.

Count Boni De Castellane has replied by filing a counter suit, demanding a full statement of all transactions, claiming that various objects, admittedly authetic, were sold at scandalously exaggerated prices and that many articles were represented as authentic antiquities when they were really imitations, modern or useless, while, in a series of exchanges in 1899, Wertheimer took a number of articles at prices greatly inferior to their true worth. The count, therefore, demands a reduction of the debt provisionally estimated to be at least 2,000,000 francs and the restitution of the objects taken in exchange by Wortheimer under the penalty of 1000 francs for each day's delay in the restitution on the day of judgment. Finally, he claims damages to the amount of 300,000 francs.

Count De Castellane also asks, in case the judges decide it is necessary to throw further light on the case, that experts shall be appointed to appraise the articles involved. The appointment of these experts is the first aim of counsel for Count De Castellane.

The pleadings in the case were unfinished today and the hearing was adjourned for a week.

NEW YORK SMASH.

New York, Dec. 20.—The failure was announced at the consolidated exchange today of Lewis A. May & Co., members of that exchange. The members of the firm are Lewis A. May, living in this city, and Eugene Enslen, living in Birmingham, Ala. Neither of these was at the office after the failure was announced, but William King Hall, who was made assignee, said that he would not be able to make a statement until the books were examined, which would require several days. He attributed the failure to the bad effect upon the public mind of the removal from the company's offices of the stock quotation tickers some time ago, in compliance with the order of the New York exchange authorities.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Waderland, from Southampton.

Bremen—Arrived: Weimar from New York; Lahne from New York.

Queenstown—Arrived off: Steamer Germanic, New York for Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck from Naples.

It's real fun to buy presents at Gruesen's declared a jolly little lady yesterday. Everything is so novel and so beautiful that one can hardly make a mistake. It is the most interesting jewelry store in the city, to my mind, because it is so different. This is not the first lady to discover that the Hunter Block Jewelry store is the best place to buy presents.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

MAY YOUR TROUBLES END IN SMOKE

They certainly will if your friends will make you Christmas presents of

GOOD CIGARS FROM OUR STORE

We have all the best brands, put up in special Holiday packages of 50, 25 and 12 Cigars in the box, which we sell from 50c each up. Along with this we have a store full of other articles suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR THE LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Don't fail to select something from our

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOOD BOOKS.

Or send your friends a

YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO SOME POPULAR MAGAZINE.

Our line of Christmas Pipes is the largest and finest in the city and our prices are THE LOWEST.

This Is No Pipe Dream.
COME AND SEE.

LUNDBERG & STONE

Telephone 372—223 W. Sup. St., Duluth.
Telephone 402—Cor. Tower & Broadway West Superior.

NO FOOLING.

Uncle Sam Will See That Venezuela Treats American Concessioners Right.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Upon representations from interested parties, the state department has requested the navy department to have an American vessel remain for a time in Venezuelan waters to give support to any representations that United States Minister Loomis may have to make to the Venezuelan government in respect to the conflicting asphalt concessions in that country.

When Mr. Loomis was in Washington last fall, he conferred at length with the state department officers respecting some of the American concessions, notably this asphalt concession and what is known as the Faribault concession, which were threatened with extinguishment on various scores by the Venezuelan government. Where the issue was directly between the concession here and the Venezuelan government, the matter was not difficult of treatment. The complainants were first, for their part, to exhaust the regular judicial methods. If they had grievances which could be brought before the Venezuelan courts for hearing, this course should be taken. The United States government would not interfere except in cases where there was a palpable denial of justice to an American claimant.

Mr. Loomis was to do all he could, on the other hand, to see that concessions were not cancelled, by decree or otherwise, pending action by the Venezuelan courts. Therefore the placing of a warship to his support is believed to be with the purpose of terminating some of the many vexatious delays which are often experienced in the tribunals of South American countries.

The vessel selected for this mission is the historic Hartford, which, under command of Capt. Hawley, has been cruising in the West Indies and in the Caribean sea with a training crew aboard. She now is at La Guaira, just where she is wanted to meet the minister's demands.

BRYAN TO GROVER.

Says Cleveland Should Define His Term "Democratic Principles."

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 20.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, in a telegram today to the Atlanta Journal, makes the following comment on former President Cleveland's article, which appeared today:

"Until Mr. Cleveland sets forth definitely what he considers 'Democratic principles' there is no necessity for comment. The rank and file of the party expressed themselves in 1896 and 1900 and I have no doubt they will continue to express themselves on issues as they arise."

MAGNIFICENT CUT GLASS.

Splendid Display of F. D. Day & Co.

Among the prettiest windows in the city are those of F. D. Day & Co., with their rich displays of cut glass, jewelry, statuary and bronzes, and they attract large crowds at all times of the day who gaze covetously at the beautiful things the windows display.

The stock carried by F. D. Day & Co. is unsurpassed in the Northwest, and it is small wonder then that the windows can be fixed up attractively.

In the east window of the store there is a superb showing of diamonds—diamonds unset, diamonds in rings and diamonds in brooches.

In this window, also, is a magnificent piece of Libbey cut glass. It is a huge jar, two feet and a half high and is the largest piece of cut glass ever turned out by that famous manufacturer. It certainly is the finest ever seen in Duluth and is an object for wonder and admiration of thousands. Other pieces of Libbey cut glass, magnificent in themselves, are in the window.

DON'T MISS THE TRAIN.
SOUTH SHORE CHANGE OF TIME.
LOCAL DAY TRAINS.

Effective Monday, Dec. 24, train No. 6 will leave Duluth 7:15 a. m. instead of 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Marquette 5:30 p. m. and Houghton 7:10 p. m.

Train No. 5 will arrive Duluth 8 p. m. instead of 7:30 p. m. Time of "South Shore Limited"—Trains 7 and 8 remains the same.

Dining car serves meals "a la carte" on trains 5, 7 and 8.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Telephones:

Do not wait until the last minute before sending changes for new directory. Think of it, 300 new names to add. What a record! "People with us?" "Sure thing. Nothing succeeds like success," and especially the telephone business. The more we have, the more wants to be connected with us.

Railroads:

Call up and see. Our competitors told you we would never get them. By the way, they have told you so many things we could not do, how it is now? Rather under-estimated us, didn't they?
Elevator "A," No. 4574.

Zenith City Telephone Co.,
308 Lyceum Building.

ROYAL HUNTING

The Method of Securing Elephants For The King of Siam.

Driven Into a Kraal From The Jungle by Trained Elephants.

The elephant hunt, which is, perhaps, the most interesting sight in Siam, is an annual event, which takes place at the kraal in Ayuthia—the ancient capital—a town of considerable importance on the Meinam, some fifty miles north of Bangkok. It is the occasion of a general holiday. Banks and offices are closed. Ministers, consuls, missionaries, lawyers, doctors, merchants and clerks join in one gigantic picnic up the river. There are no roads to Ayuthia, so they must go by water. The more fortunate travel in well-appointed houseboats, others in anything from small launches to large river steamers, while members of the club generally charter a mammoth steam wheeler. And, to add eclat to the event, the hunt is directed by one of the princes—on the occasion I describe by a brother of the king, says a writer in the Cornhill Magazine.

The kraal, corral, or paneet, which was built more than 100 years ago, is a large enclosure 203 feet square, surrounded by a brick wall nine feet high, varying from thirteen to thirty feet in thickness, with a parapet on each side, forming a fine promenade, shaded by several trees, whose roots are deeply embedded in the brickwork. Three sides of the square, reached by steps from without, are open to the general public. There is a raised platform over the center of the south wall, forming the grandstand, for favored Europeans and natives, which is roofed by a typical example of Siamese architecture, and consists of a central cruciform part with the arms extended by two lengths of gable on either side, each lower than, and projecting from, the other, which gives the impression that they are telescopic, and can be run in or out to suit requirements.

There are two entrances, one in the north wall, in front of the grand stand, and by the other in the southeast corner, both guarded by strong and ingeniously contrived gates—two at each entrance—composed of two heavy timbers hanging on pins from crossbeams above and reaching below the level of the ground, where they fit in a groove. These are drawn apart at the bottom by small windlasses and when open form an inverted V with room enough for one elephant at a time to pass through. On the lever being released they close instantly by their own weight. About twenty-four feet within the walls is a smaller enclosure, fenced by a palisade of huge teak logs planted in the ground so closely together that there is only space for a man to squeeze between them. The enormous strength of the fence is at once apparent from the size of the timbers, many of them being upward of four feet in circumference. I measured several and found one five feet nine inches around. The fence is further strengthened by horizontal beams firmly lashed to the logs a foot or so below their heads, and from these struts rake backward to the foot of the wall, the whole forming an enclosure capable of resisting a tremendous pressure from within. In the middle is a shelter or refuge, composed of a clump of teak piles supporting a wooden tower with a three-tiered roof rising to a graceful needlelike spire. This also forms an obstruction to the movement of the animals when excited and serves as a center around which to "mill" the herd. In this kraal the catching takes place. The term "hunt," although used in Siam, is misleading, as the real hunting is done in the jungle by the natives, who drive in the wild animals.

The general interest starts with the arrival of the animals, the day before that appointed for the catch. Ayuthia then appears like a city for the dead. All the busy shops are closed, the boating houses and huts are deserted, and large boats and steamers that cannot go up the klonge or the canal, are moored to the banks or anchored in the stream. But a mile further up all is gayety and animation—a second Henley! The river, lined with launches, house and chow boats, is simply alive with canoes, sampans and small craft of every description. Europeans are camping out in the temple rest houses, or watsalas, and the banks are crowded with thousands of brightly dressed natives, eager and excited, conspicuous among whom are the foreigners—especially the women. The massive brown-walled corral looks solemn and imposing in contrast to some graceful green and re-roofed temple buildings half a mile across a pleasant stretch of springy sward. An hour is quickly whiled away here, greeting friends and watching the habits of a goodly variety of Eastern faces. A sharp eye at last detects a dark mass emerging from a fringe of jungle on the far side of an open expanse of sun-dried paddy fields, and the shout, "Ma laaw!" is taken up all over the ground as the people rush to secure good places for seeing the animals ford the river. One by one the herd, numbering nearly 400, comes into view, rounded up and led by the trained elephants. There is no hurry—they take nearly an hour to do a mile. One would think, to see their measured steps, that they could not go faster, but only get them excited and see the rate at which their clumsy legs can carry their ponderous swaying bodies.

It is a strange sight to see them sliding down the steep bank into the river, with their back legs stretched out behind. And with what evident delight they play about and cool themselves by blowing shower baths of water over their backs! After a few minutes the mahouts prod their mounts and lead on, followed by the whole herd, which is bunched together by outriders on the sides, who keep in stragglers. The kraal is only a couple of hundred yards from the river, and there is a funnel-shaped enclosure extending from the north gate to the ford. Into this the animals are slowly led—for they must now be kept quiet. One leader and then another passes through the narrow gateway, followed by some confiding friends. The decoys stand near, by way of encouragement to those in the rear, which are imperceptibly crowded forward. A few get restless, but before long they are all safely in, and the trained elephants slip through the other gate. Then it is that the wild ones realize that they have been trapped and madly eager to get out, trumpet, bellow and groan, creating, as a local paper truly said, "a scene of such confusion that no two people saw it alike."

The walls now swarm with spectators, who amuse themselves by watching the bewildered beasts, some of which seem to resent their imprisonment, while others are indifferent, and others, again, engaged in settling private quarrels or roaring defiance at the gallery. One inquisitive youngster, destined for a civilized and useful life, tried to squeeze between the piles of the refuge, and got jammed across the ribs—the thickest part of the body. His efforts to get free attracted his friends, who watched him while he struggled and bellowed. One big fellow tried to push him back, but failed; then there was a pause, during which one could almost see them thinking, and another, having apparently worked it out in his mind, tried from behind, and, fairly lifting him off his legs, pushed him through, amid shouts of applause from the crowd. A native put his head between the timbers of the fence and was immediately charged at by a large bull that had been busying himself by raking up with his forefoot little mounds of earth, heaping them on the end of his trunk, and then blowing them over his back. Many others were doing the same thing, but their object was not very evident. I believe it was meant as an insult; it looked like one. I was told that when the ground is wet, and they cannot throw earth about, they plaster great cakes of mud on their foreheads.

There were three baby elephants, and one, only ten days old, that had been carried across the river in his mother's trunk, attracted much attention, but he kept himself so carefully between her legs that not once did he seem in the slightest difficulty, even when in the thick of a crush.

A feeble attempt was made at feeding the animals, but, considering their enormous appetites, it was like offering them crumbs. The few small bunches of grass thrown in they picked up in their trunks, and, after carefully striking them against their legs or a post in the fence to shake off any dust or earth, conveyed them by graceful action to their mouths. The extraordinary flexibility and diversity of movement possessed by this appendage are attained by a wonderful interlacing of, according to Cuvier, nearly 40,000 muscles. Bananas were, of course, easily managed, but their efforts to chew up cocoanuts whole were not generally successful, as their slippery coats made them difficult to hold, and they were too large for their mouths. One or two small ones were safely negotiated, but when convinced by ineffectual efforts that it could not be done they place the nut under their foot and crush it flat. Of course, the milk is lost, but they seem keenly to enjoy what is left—the shell and the husk. This, when green, contains a vile-tasting sap, when dry is used for making cordage and door mats. The prince selected the animals to be captured next day, and gradually the crowd dispersed, but the bellowing of the herd continued for hours. It sounded unearthly by day, weird and uncanny by night.

The catching began the next morning at 7 o'clock, when seven large tuskers entered the kraal, each ridden by two men. The mahouts, who were armed with short sticks shod with iron hooks, sit with their legs behind the ears and their feet inserted in a band passing round the neck. This is in place of stirrups and enables them to lean forward or sideways without danger of falling off. Each one also carries a bamboo pole, and to this is fastened the slip-knot end of a rope of buffalo hide, some forty or fifty yards long, which is coiled on the animal's back and secured to a rattan girth passing round its body. The girth also helps to steady the second man, who kneels or sits, monkey fashion, on his heels, perched over the hind quarters, with a wooden club tied to his wrist. This and the prod are for persuading their mounts, and at times are pretty freely used. The trained animals wander about among the others in an apparently aimless sort of way, but all the time are trying to approach one of the selected elephants, which they follow around the enclosure, until a mahout, leaning forward, is able with his bamboo pole to slip the noose over one of the hind legs. The assistant tugs at the rope for an instant and drops the coil on the ground. As quietly as before the operation is repeated, and another noose is attached to the other leg. This may sound very easy, but, judging from the number of failures, evidently requires much skill and practice. The mounted men appear to be absolutely at the mercy of the wild animals, but, though it would have been an easy matter to pull them off, not once did I see the slightest attempt to attack them, while any one on foot was promptly chased out.

The poor fellow that has been noosed seeks refuge in the thick of the herd, but the mahouts, by milling them around the kraal, gradually corner him, and attendants outside the palisade quickly secure the ropes to the piles or trees. The animal dashes off in a wild effort to rejoin the others, and the shock lifts his hind legs clean off the ground, or throws him on his knees, and the creaking of timbers is mingled with a roar of rage. He is allowed to do his best to get loose, but repeated attempts convince him that it is hopeless, while straining and roaring soon tire him out. While No. 1 is proving to himself the impossibility of escape the tame elephants keep most of the herd bunched together on the other side of the kraal, but the condition of the prisoner arouses a good deal of interest, and he is visited by friends, actuated either by curiosity or pity, who look on with a puzzled expression and blow little clouds of dust in the air. One youngster, that walked up with an inquiring air, was promptly charged square in the ribs and sent rolling on his back. As he lay there with his legs quivering in what seemed a death struggle, many of the Siamese shouted "Tai laaw"—he is dead! But the poor little fellow was only seeing things upside down; for, when an attendant helped him to raise his head, or rather turn it over, he righted himself and trotted back, bellowing to the others. One can hardly say their massive features are expressive, and yet there is unquestionably a marked evidence of intention, if not in their huge faces, in their action.

The captured elephant soon becomes quieter, and is worked close up to the piles, where he is again secured with only a few feet of tether. This, though not devoid of interest, is the slowest part of the whole show, for it takes infinite time and patience. The trained tuskers stand round and gradually crowd him over, but without the least suspicion of force. If he makes a charge for liberty they begin again, and get on the other side of him as quietly and unobtrusively as if they had forgotten his existence. Sometime for minutes together there is no movement, but slowly and surely they get him where he is wanted. Now that he is tied up short the next move is to place a rawhide collar around his neck and lash it to those worn by the decoys, three of which are told off for this work, one on either side, while the third, standing close behind, vigorously butts him if any attempt is made to back out. Forward he cannot go, as his legs are still secured to the fence timbers. The collar is held open by the mahouts on each side, who, watching their opportunity, slip it over the trunk and then lace the ends together at the back of the neck. But this is not accomplished in a minute, nor without resistance from the captive. And it is a matter of great difficulty to dodge the mobile trunk. In fact, in no case was it done until the animal was more or less exhausted. While this was going on, our friend repeatedly put his trunk down his throat, where he loaded it with water and then squirted it over his back. When he was no longer able to do this the mahouts poured water from bamboo joints on his head to cool him. An elephant's stomach somewhat resembles that of a camel in having, apart from the digestive cavity, a chamber capable of holding ten gallons of water, which, by peculiar muscular action, he is able to convey to his trunk. The collar being properly adjusted is next lashed to those worn by two of the decoys and thus fettered he is half dragged to the gate, occasionally being assisted by the third, who walks in the rear, embracing with his tusks the hind quarters of the prisoner. Through the gate only one can pass at a time, but the ropes are still trailing from his legs, and outside the walls he is again harnessed up and marched off to the stables, where he is firmly secured with his neck close against a great post let deep in the ground. It has taken an hour and a half's fight against odds of three to one, plus human intelligence, to bring him to this.

His exit was followed by a unique sight, that few who witnessed it will ever forget. One of the herd tried to get through the gateway, and his example was followed by his friends who crowded on him. Others piling up on these from behind formed a gigantic surging scrimmage of some seventy wild, excited beasts, all bellowing and grunting, except those which were nearly crushed out of shape and breath. The pressure against the palisade was enormous. The timbers bent and creaked. The natives, shouting and yelling with excitement, clambered on the wall. The elephants roared and heaved with a will. It was a grand sight and lasted ten minutes, during all of which the attendants had been unmercifully prodding them with spears.

REMARKABLE PUBLICATION.

Travelers on the famous turnpike road leading from Maysville, Ky., to Lexington are sometimes surprised to find a printing office in a small house made of upright boards, located about one mile south of the town of Millersburg, Ky., says an exchange. When they enter they are still more surprised to find that the outfit has power, and that the finest job printing is done in this out-of-the-way little nook, but when they consult the counter on the news press and find that the Farmers' Friend is printed there, with a circulation of about four thousand copies, and that distributed throughout the very heart of Kentucky, they are again surprised. When informed that not a patent medicine ad nor any other ad, unless the editor is perfectly satisfied that the parties are perfectly reliable and will deal fairly with their customers, is allowed to enter the columns of the paper, the surprise is increased.

The paper being an 8-column folio with a large circulation, and so run that the people have as much confidence in what they read in the ad column as in the body of the paper, as a natural consequence the space is sought after, and during the five years the paper has been in operation not more than $5.00 has been lost on account of bad debts. F. M. Hurst, the editor, is a classical scholar, widely known as the advocate of Co-Operative Fire insurance among the farmers, and this paper is perhaps the only weekly paper devoted to this subject in the United States. This success is a clear demonstration that brains and honest business methods will succeed in spite of location or position. There is hardly another weekly paper in the state that has the circulation or influence of the Farmers' Friend at Millersburg, Ky., and yet it is located out in the country among the fields of corn.

BIG EUCHRE PARTY.

Over 1600 persons playing euchre at one time, and about 400 looking on, made the interior of Armory hall resemble a vast beehive last night, says the St. Louis Republic. Sixty-five lodges of the Ancient Order of United Workmen had arranged the monster euchre party as a means of celebrating the thirty-second anniversary of the order. In long lines, stretching from the north to the south of Armory hall, were thirty rows of tables, each table flanked by four chairs. There were 475 tables in all. To each row of thirty was a puncher, and as the gong sounded the swishing and tapping of the falling cards stopped for a moment, and there was a momentary confusion as the players moved to the next table. It was a bewildering sight. The ladies wore tally cards with pink strings and the gentlemen cards with green strings. Where more than half of one sex occupied a table the strings were worn as though the sexes were equally divided.

The first gong sounded at 9:10 o'clock. A thousand points arose for decision as the games progressed, and Dr. Greer and his coworkers were busy men indeed. A hundred prizes were distributed on the platform.

MRS. KING'S NERVY HEN.

Mrs. R. King is the owner of a courageous and capable old hen, of nondescript breed, that she wouldn't trade for a whole flock of blooded poultry. It is the only hen in Oregon, perhaps in the United States, that ever fought and killed a hawk, says the Weston Leader. The battle occurred a few days ago, when a chicken hawk swooped down upon a band of baby fowls of which the old hen was the mother. The hen didn't squawk and run, calling upon her offspring to follow her, but with a fierce and well-directed peck buried her bill beneath the hawk's left wing. It was a solar plexus blow and a clean knockout. The hawk seemed surprised and dazed. It feebly arose, flew aimlessly against a clothesline, and then dropped into the garden, stone dead. That hen will be queen of Mrs. King's poultry yard on Wild Horse Creek as long as she survives.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!
A QUICK AND SURE CURE FOR
SICK-HEADACHE
Dizziness, Malaria
AND LA GRIPPE
JOHNSON'S
STOMACH TABLETS
One Gives Relief—Makes Sick People Well
No purging, pain or inconvenience, clear the complexion, increase the appetite, tone the entire system. A sure cure for Depression of Spirits, Nervousness and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel Troubles.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

DIAMONDS

Most Exquisite Line in
the Northwest.....

F. D. DAY & CO
(INCORPORATED)
FASHIONABLE JEWELERS,
315 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

COST TOO HIGH.

Lumber Carriers Object to the High Charges of Lumber Handlers.

Now that the lumber carrying season on the lakes has closed the owners of the vessels are said to be getting together in the East and talking over their grievances, with a view of correcting them the coming season if possible. From what can be learned these "grievances" are the high charges, so the carriers say, that was forced on them for loading at the upper lake ports of Lake Superior. It is claimed that the charges here and at Ashland were 60 cents an hour higher this past season than in 1899, in fact, higher than ever before in the history of the trade. One instance is cited when in November a carrier took from Ashland a little over a million feet of lumber at the rate of $2.75 which was established during the latter part of that month. The gross freight was $2887. To load at 60 cents an hour, it cost the boat $847, and to unload, $373, a total in handling charges of $1220, leaving the boat just $1667. Out of this it is claimed that the boat had to pay for fuel, wages of men, supplies, wear and tear and insurance, and this left her less than $800 profit. This decreased profit, the carriers hold happened when the rates were the highest and that the average carrying rates for the season were only $2.25 as compared with $3.08 during the preceding season. Taking in view the average rate, the carriers claim that most of the boats could only make a 5 per cent profit during the season, and in this may be found the solution to the fact that many of the lumber-carrying craft forsook the trade to carry ore when they could get $1.25, or coal at 35 cents to 60 cents, or grain at 1¾ to 3 cents.

The carriers now charge that the charges were ruinous and were based on the higher rates of 1899, the 'longshoremen claiming that the advanced rates permitted the carriers to pay 50 to 60 cents for loading and still make a good profit. When the rates fell this season the loading charges are said to have remained at the figure established last year and it is over this the carriers are kicking.

Another grievance that the carriers are airing is the claim that the 'longshoremen have too many petty rules and rigidly enforced them no matter how much a boat may have been delayed. This they held was true, particularly in cases where there were not enough union men to load the boat and the vessel owners were not permitted to work non-union men. There were several cases reported at the lower ports where non-union men were put on to help unload, and the union men not only refused to work until the others were removed, but they held out until the owners had paid a fine.

Some of the carriers have acknowledged that the 'longshoremen have the whip hand because they have the organization.

There is said to be a great deal of talk among the carriers toward the formation of an association among themselves for the purpose of mutual protection, the making and enforcing of iron-clad rules to their advantage. The carriers claim that it was tried in the spring of 1898 and but for the opposition of one or two men would have been successful. As it is the carriers have lost prestige as fighters and are considering themselves as responsible for the action of the 'longshoremen in making and maintaining higher loading charges.

Jeweled Rings For Ladies.

Turquoise, opals, rubies, sapphires, emeralds and pearls in combination with diamonds. A collection unsurpassed and prices much below the average. Jacob Gruesen, 31 West Superior street.

Special.

Solid vestibuled, steam-heated trains are comfortable during winter months in the Northwest. The "Chicago Fast Mail" and the "Twilight Limited" are such. No extra fare on these trains of "The North-Western Line."

25% Off

STOCK
REDUCING
SALE

Positively nothing reserved. Sale includes Full Dress, Tuxedo, Fancy and White Vestings, Suits, Overcoats and Trouserings. Do not fail to attend while it lasts.

MIES
308 West First St.
FRENCH & BASSETT BLOCK,
Opposite Board of Trade.
Telephone 131.

MAJORITY REPORT FILED.

Hopkins Presents the House Census Committee's Apportionment Plan.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Representative Hopkins, chairman of the committee on census, today filed in the house the majority report on the reapportionment bill reported by his committee, fixing the membership of the house for the next decade at 357. Representative Burleigh filed a minority report signed by six members in favor of a house to be composed of 386 members, and Representative Crumpacker, who signed the Burleigh report, also submitted an independent report in favor of reducing the representation in the Southern states to the extent of the abridgement of the suffrage. His independent report favors a house to be composed of 374 members.

Mr. Hopkins, in the majority report, cites many instances to show that the loss of seats by states under reapportionment bills was not uncommon. Massachusetts, for instance, which, under the third census, had twenty members, was reduced to ten under the sixth, seventh and eighth; and Virginia, which had twenty-three in the third, had but nine under the ninth. The report says the committee followed the plan adopted under the sixth census and followed continuously since. It has the sanction and approval of sixty years of national existence. The plan is to divide the constitutional population by 357, the proposed membership. The quotient, 208,868, is the ratio of representatives to population. This ratio, applied to the population of each state, will yield in the aggregate a number somewhat less than 357, the number determined upon as the membership of the house. The difference is made up by assigning to the state having the largest majority fractions additional representatives until a sufficient number have been assigned to bring the total up to 357. A membership of more than 357, the report says, would make the house unwieldy.

WANTED--A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

The First National bank of Iron Mountain, Mich., has begun a suit in district court to clear title to lot 9, block 60, Endion division. C. W. Crosby is the attorney.

When the board of trade adjourns Saturday it will adjourn until Wednesday, giving Monday and Tuesday to the celebration.

The past few days of mild weather has proven a serious setback to the local coal business even if the commodity does rule at high prices. Many of the local coal firms have taken off a number of their teams and reduced hteir forces at the docks awaiting another cold snap. The inactivity is also felt in the soft coal market.

Last evening the Y. M. C. A. debating society met and the question discussed was "Resolved, that the Monroe doctrine should be extended to our new possessions in the Orient." Seth Parker led the affirmative side of the question and N. McKennon the negative. The affirmative was voted the winner. A half hour was devoted to parliamentary practice after the debate.

An effort is being made to secure the establishment of a postoffice at Cross River on the north shore of Lake Superior at the Schroeder & Co. lumber camp. This is a Milwaukee firm operating there and it is expected that it will continue there for several years. The location is eleven miles this side of Poplar river and the nearest postoffice is Lutsen.

The annual meeting of the State National Guard association will be held in St. Paul on Dec. 29. A number of the Duluth officers will go down to attend the meeting which promises to be of more than ordinary interest.

USE A RETURN CARD.

Peculiar Situation in Duluth Postoffice Over Special Delivery Letter.

The postoffice now has before it a very bright object lesson illustrating the poor judgment displayed by people who do not put a return card on the envelopes of their letters. A day or two ago a letter arrived at the Duluth postoffice bearing a special delivery stamp and addressed to a man in one of the Duluth hospitals. When the postoffice messenger reached the hospital the man was dead. No one knows anything of him and there is no one else to deliver the letter to.

The next thing to do is return it to the place from which it was sent, but there is no return card on the envelope nor even a postmark showing the town from which it was sent for it was mailed on a train. Ordinarily the letter cannot be sent to the dead letter office before thirty days after its receipt. Postmaster Fisher will make an effort to get it back to the sender in some way, but at the present time does not know how.

Superior Players Win.

The Superior whist players were too much for the Duluth men last evening and defeated them handily. The score was a total of 34.5 plus for Superior and 15.5 for Duluth. The players were:

Duluth—E. A. Tinkham, R. N. Marble, C. H. Houlton, A. S. Wilson, S. A. McPhail, W. P. Lardner, A. L. Kingman, A. P. Himebaugh, A. B. Cilton, M. S. Lord, C. R. Rust, C. W. Culver, M. B. Cullum, F. H. White, Frank McCreary, J. H. Poteet, F. P. Foster, H. C. Crawford, C. W. Farrington and A. Hirsch.

Superior—H. H. Grace, P. H. Smith, J. H. Harper, F. A. Mannen, A. W. Stow, H. H. Holmes, L. R. Hurd, John Wells, W. R. Hoover, Delano Smith, C. E. Wachtel, E. A. LeClaire, W. P. Burch, Howard Thomas, Titus, Tostevin, Schofield, Haxby, McDonald.

Rogers "1847" Tea Spoons, fancy patterns, $1.50 per set. Dessert spoons $2.15 per set, Harris & Esterly, Jewelers, 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio Building.

RULING IS CHANGED

Evidence Excluded at Former Palmer Case Is Admitted This Time.

A PREVIOUS OFFENSE

Hattie Schiebe's Claim She Was Present--Is Sharply Cross-Examined.

At the opening of this morning's session of the Palmer case Judge Dibell made an important ruling on the point taken under advisement last night. He held that testimony showing other offenses could be introduced, providing conviction is sought only on the occasion named in the indictment, and the evidence of other offenses is only to show the relations of the parties. This is a broadening of the court's rulings on the former trial, when the commission of other offenses was not permitted to be shown. Judge Dibell explained to the jury that it could only convict for an offense about Aug. 13. Evidence of former offenses is only to show the relationship between the parties, and to establish a probability that the offense charged was committed.

The witness Hattie Schiebe then resumed the stand, and she was asked to tell of an occurrence in the McDonnell block office when she and Clara Schletz were there. The witness then said Palmer and Clara were talking low and she could not understand what was said. Nothing happened on that visit except that each got 10 cents. She gave the same testimony about another visit, and a third Palmer locked the door and took Clara on his lap. Witness was at the window while this took place, looking out on the street. She turned away when Palmer took Clara on his lap. Palmer was going to take her on his lap, she said. Then they went away, Clara with 25 cents and the witness with nothing. This testimony was not brought out in the former trial. The witness stated that she had also been to the Palladio office with Clara a good many times. He always gave them money, sometimes to both, sometimes to Clara only and none to the witness. He never omitted giving Clara money. She stopped going to the Palladio building with Clara two years ago. It was also two years ago that they started going to the McDonnell block. Later she said that it was this last summer that she was at the Palladio with Clara.

Cross-examined with Mr. Washburn, the witness said she was at the McDonnell block with Clara seven times. The cross-examination developed some difference in the details as related by the witness on this trial and that given by her on the previous trial. On the former trial she testified that she was at the McDonnell blck only twice. On the former trial she said the last time she was at the Palladio was in May, 1899; this time she says it was this summer. This latter visit she says Clara told her about; she did not remember it herself. She admitted that on the other trial she denied ever having seen Palmer touch Clara. She talked first with Probation Officer Withrow, under whose care she is pending a suspension of a reform school sentence. Withrow told her he would send her to the reform school if she did not testify, and that was why she testified. She had talked with Clara since the other trial, but they did not tell each other what they were to say. They only talked a little.

In answer to Mr. Baldwin's questions the witness said that Mr. Phelps had asked her if she remembered the incident in the McDonnell block, and she did not till Clara reminded her of it. This was yesterday morning in the jury room. She had forgotten the incident until that time. That was why she did not tell of it on the other trial. Clara did not tell her of the details. Neither did Mr. Phelps. She had seen Withrow since the former trial, and she admitted that on the former trial she testified that she would say anything to keep from going to the reform school. But she wouldn't say anything but the truth. She had testified to truth as she remembered it on the former trial. Since then she and Clara had talked, and Clara had asked her if she did not remember certain things, and reminded her of them in this way. Palmer unlocked the door and let them out after that incident in the McDonnell block. He never told her to keep away from his office. Asked if she knew a number of boys whose names were given, she said she did. She denied being intimate with them or any of them.

An adjournment was taken at this point.

Watches are something to be bought with care and judgment. If you are not well posted you can rely upon what they say at Gruesen's about any of the watches they show you. Hunter block.

Handsome
Umbrellas

For both Ladies' and Gentlemen--Entire sample line
LESS ONE-QUARTER
$1.50 to $16.00
LESS ONE-QUARTER
These are about wholesale prices.

The Best
Neckwear,
50c to $5 each.

Handkerchiefs,
Mufflers, Bath Robes,
Smoking Jackets,
Dunlap and Stetson Hats.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior Street.

ONLY FIVE
DAYS MORE

Of the Big Reduction Sale of
PIANOS and
ORGANS.

Low Prices. Monthly Payments.

25 per cent discount
on all makes.

A large stock to select from. This sale was begun Wednesday, Dec. 12th and ends Saturday, Dec. 22nd. This large stock of Pianos and Organs must be sold during the next five days. Now is your chance to get a good instrument for a mere song.

Open Evenings.
Open Days.

GEO. W.
TIETZ
28 and 30 West Superior St.
OVER STACK'S.

PERSONALS.

Miss Elizabeth Rickford is visiting relatives in Casselton, N. D., and will remain during the holidays.

Mrs. J. T. Johns, of Marquette, Mich., who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Kriettei for a week, left yesterday.

Mrs. D. S. Forgy left this afternoon for Helena, Mont., to spend the holidays with her son.

William Sauntry, the Stillwater lumberman, is in the city today on a business trip.

W. G. McFarlane, of Winnipeg, is registered at the Spalding today.

M. C. Woodard, of Tower, is in the city on a business trip.

Bruce Dodson, of Kansas City, is among the guests at the Spalding today.

C. F. Haglin, the Minneapolis contractor, arrived in the city this morning.

J. H. O'Neill, of Chicago, is in the city.

G. A. Whitman, of Tower, was in the city this morning.

H. C. Stewart, of Wausau, is at the Spalding.

N. L. Davidson, of Hibbing, is registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. More, of Virginia, are visiting friends in the city today.

Will M. Webb, of Biwabik, is visiting in the city.

H. C. Hornby, of Cloquet, arrived in the city this afternoon.

H. C. Parker, traveling passenger agent of the Lehigh Valley road, was a caller at the local railroad offices today.

John H. Runnings, passenger agent of the Great Northern road, is assisting in the company's ticket office at West Superior during the holiday season.

G. S. Richards will leave this evening for a short visit in the Twin Cities.

Miss Helen Jerrard will leave tomorrow for her old home in St. Cloud, Minn., to visit during the holidays.

George Ryan expects to leave on Saturday for a short visit at his old home in Canada.

George Brush will leave tonight for points in Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa.

Adolph Wirth is spending his Christmas vacation with his parents here. Mr. Wirth is attending the College of Pharmacy in Chicago.

Dr. F. C. Drenning has returned from the East.

Georgo L. Spicer, of Spicer, Fanning & Co., West Superior, is able to be about again after an illness that confined him to his room for over eight months.

Oberlin College Glee Club
Pilgrim Congregational Church,
Tuesday Evening, Dec. 25. Excellent Soloists—Fine Quartets—Stirring Choruses—Jolly College Songs The greatest treat of the holiday season. Tickets for sale by A. B. Siewert & Co. and at door. Admission 50c.

NORTH DAKOTA ALL RIGHT.

H. C. Plumley of the Fargo Forum Visiting in Duluth.

H. C. Plumley, of Fargo, N. D., manager and treasurer of the Forum and Republican, arrived in the city today on a brief business trip. Mr. Plumley says business conditions in North Dakota are excellent, in spite of the setback of a shortage in the wheat crop this last fall. He says one of the business men of Fargo told him a few days ago that the trade during the month of November was far ahead of that during the same month in previous years. The merchants of Fargo are having an excellent holiday trade and are a long way from feeling despondent. Mr. Plumley says that the outlook for next year's wheat crop is very encouraging to the farmers; that the ground is wet and in good condition for a big crop, unless there is a long season of unfavorable weather after the spring opens up. The political situation he characterizes as very quiet since the presidential election.

The Flaaten Concert.

Next Sunday the concert by Flaaten's orchestra at the Armory will be one of the very best ever given. The orchestra will be stronger than ever before, a couple of new first violinists being added. The program will be composed largely of Christmas music. Miss Dora Swan, who is attending the Chicago Musical college, will sing, and George Tyler will also be heard in a vocal number. The program is as follows:

March—"The Admiral" (first time)..... .... Friedemann
"Second Hungarian Rhapsody" (first time) .... Liszt
Alto solo—"The Lord Is My Light".... .... Alliisten
Miss Dora Swan.
a. Chilian dance—"Manana" (first time) .... Missua
b. Characteristic—"Whispering Flowers" .... Blon
a. "Alt Under Himmelen's Faste" (Swedish Folk Song, arr by........ .... John Svendsen
"Loin Du Bal" .... Gillet
String orchestra.
Tenor solo—"When Warlike Ensigns Wave on High" .... Handel
George Tyler.
Grand selection from opera "Maritana" (first time) .... Wallace

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

WILL NOT VETO IT

Mayor Hugo Says Resolution Offers Nothing to Cause So Much Agitation.

ALDERMANIC VIEWS

President Duncan Gives the Board's Position---Wants Citizens to Investigate.

City officers and others knowing the real situation say that the agitation over the proposed new building of the water and light department was caused by the News Tribune's misinterpretation of the resolution passed by the council on Monday night. The morning paper, however, insists that it was not mistaken when it said that the council "gave the board of water and light board authority to purchase a site for the erection of a building suitable to the needs of its department, and thus turned down the suggestion of adding a story to the city hall. * * *"

Since the agitation started, Mayor Hugo has been waited on by prominent citizens with the request that he veto the resolution. This morning the mayor said that he had looked it over very carefully and found no reason why he should veto it.

"Why, there is nothing in that resolution further than that the city and commissioners are both seeking a little information. Any construction that authority was given to purchase the lot at once must be very forced indeed. I may be considerable of a veto fiend, but it seems to me that there is nothing in that resolution that would warrant all this agitation. The council and the board of water and light commissioners simply desire information as to the most advisable and most practical manner in which the water and light department can secure more room. I will not veto the resolution, which I think has been misconstrued by many of our citizens, who are placing the members of the water and light board in an unfair position, to say the least."

Alderman Cochrane, chairman of the committee that framed and introduced the resolution in question, and who is personally favorable to the purchase of a lot on West First street, had this to say:

"It is absurd for the Tribune or any person else to say that the council authorized the board of water and light commissioners to go ahead and make the purchase. The intent of the resolution is this: The water and light board are the responsible parties in all that pertains to that department. They asked our permission to see what could be done in the way of securing new quarters, favoring the lot on First street, and a new building. We simply gave the permission, with the explicit understanding that the board would go ahead and get the very best proposition possible, and then when the report was made to the council we would have reliable information on which to base any movement that we might make. It is absurd to say that the council authorized the board to make any purchase.

"Personally I am inclined to agree with President Duncan of the board of water and light commissioners, that it would be the most profitable investment for the city and the water and light department to erect a building on some good location."

President Barnes said: "I voted for the resolution with the understanding that it meant just exactly what it said—and that was that the board of water and light commissioners should have permission to procure figures and facts in regard to a new building, and then submit its report to the council. The Herald reported me correctly when it said that I was opposed to the site suggested on West First street. The water and light commissioners are all competent business men, and it seemed to me that they would not propose a matter of that kind without its having considerable merit. While I opposed the location I would not vote to prevent the furthering of any good that their proposition might contain."

Alderman Theodore Krumsieg, who took an important part in the discussion of the resolution passed on Monday night, has the following to say:

"I feel that the members of the board of water and light commissioners are able and competent business men, and that they know what is best for their department. The people have placed the management of the department in their hands, and I have no doubt but that they will continue to manage this matter in as businesslike a manner as they have managed the department in the past. Personally I do not favor the location proposed. The resolution which was adopted on Monday evening authorized nothing final."

Alderman Wing, who was a member of the committee that introduced the resolution, said:

"There may be better locations, but the water and light commission undoubtedly know what is best for the needs of that department. They have made a success of it so far, and some of the agitators seem to forget that they are representative business men, taxpayers and good citizens generally, serving the city simply as a matter of civic pride. I don't think that it is the best thing to have the water and light department in the city hall. In fact, I would favor the Armory rather than the city hall. In the resolution we passed on Monday night we were simply seeking information.

"Another thing, I do not care to see the water and light department crippled by an unjust criticism. If the people entrust a $2,000,000 plant into their hands, I think that the commissioners should have something to say about the office and conveniences of their business."

Alderman Rothermel said: "I have great confidence in the business ability of the board of water and light commissioners, and I am in favor of letting them do as they think right in this matter. They are held responsible for the proper conduct of the business of their department, and it does not seem right that the council or others that do not give as much attention to the affairs of the department should dip in and handicap them in their work."

President C. A. Duncan of the water and light board returned this morning from a short trip out of the city and made a statement to The Herald of the position of the board.

"That other and more commodious quarters are necessary for the accommodation of the board of water and light commissioners is known to all who are at all familiar with the business of the department. The question then to be considered is how and where to provide them? The members of the board gave this question a great deal of thought and consideration before they presented the matter to the common council, with the request that it allow the board to purchase a lot on First street and erect a suitable building thereon. At the same time the board presented this plan to the council for approval, it was not, neither is it now, committed to the purchase of any particular site on First street, in fact, all of the members of the board agree that a location a little further east than the lot first offered to the board would be very much better suited to their purposes. Our plan would contemplate the erection of a plain, substantial building one story on First street and two stories on the alley, with foundation and walls of sufficient strength to carry, say, two additional stories.

"We have faith enough in the future of our city to believe that such a building placed on a lot bought on the basis of present First street values, could be disposed of by the city, say, five, ten or fifteen years hence at its full cost price at this time. In the meantime the department would have quarters that would enable it to properly and economically transact its business.

"If, however, the board should act on the suggestion of a certain alderman and furnish the funds necessary to raise the city hall another story and make the alterations necessary to properly install our department there, what would we have to show for that in, say, ten years from now when the present city hall must give way to more suitable quarters? Nothing, but a pile of bricks and mortar.

"The Armory location is, in our judgment, out of the question as a site from which to try to do competing commercial business, such as our gas business is.

"A certain 'Citizen' writing under yesterday's date and whose article appeared in your last evening's issue, makes this statement: 'The business of the water and light department is to sell water and gas and their available capital is too small for this purpose since petitions for extensions are turned down at every meeting, although promising good returns from the state.' I resume that your correspondent is a reputable 'citizen' or you would not have published his letter, so I will simply say that he was misinformed as to facts. I have been connected with the board since it came into control of the water and gas plants and I do not know of a single instance where it has refused to grant a petition for the extension of mains when it could be assured of a permanent gross income from consumers, of 10 per cent of the cost of construction. On the other hand, the board has expended $47,000 during the past two years on absolutely new work, in addition to $27,000 in taking up old 'kalomine' pipe and replacing same with cast iron pipe of much larger size in nearly all cases. During the next few years the work of replacing kalomine' pipe will bes mall, as compared with past two years, and we have no erason to suppose that much greater extensions of mains will be necessary than in the past two years.

"A statement made from our books a few days ago shows that on Nov. 1 we had assets available for the purpose of making extensions and improvements amonting to over $80,000. (Not counting the charge against the West Duluth company). We have recently reduced both water and gas rates, yet we expect the business will still pay all operating and interest charges. This being so, it will be readily seen that we have more money on hand than we actually need at present and if we can save money by a judicious expenditure of this nature, is it not a good business propostiion?

"Our board serves without compensation. During the past two years it has been necessary to hold frequent meetings and many times to get the commissioners together on short notice owing to unforeseen important matters that arise in handling a new plant of this kind. It is very important to them that a convenient location for the transaction of their business be secured, so that they may lose as little time as possible.

"Inasmuch as not one of the gentlemen who have published interviews in the News Tribune has taken the trouble to call at the office of the board to learn the facts in relation to the department's needs, we would suggest to so inform themselves before expressing adverse criticism on the proposed plan. One of the most influential men whose interview appeared in today's News Tribune called at the office of the board this morning and the position of the board in this matter was fully explained to him and before he left the office he made the statement that he thought the proposition was a good one and that the board 'was all right in it.'

"We trust to the sober second thought of our citizens for approval of our course."

Auction Sale

$1,000 worth of Clothing,
Men's Furnishing Goods
Hats, Caps, Shoes,

And a full line of Lumbermen's Supplies. The entire stock must be sold in thirty days at Public Auction to the highest bidders for cash. Sale Commences Friday Morning, December 21st.

STORE OPEN TILL 10 EVENINGS.

The Great Western Clothing Co.,
313 W. Superior St.

Poco and Premo Cameras
AT 40 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Just the thing for a Christmas Present. We are selling Kodaks and Cameras at greatly reduced prices.

ZIMMERMAN BROS.,
Open Evenings This Week. 16 Third Avenue West.

$5.75 Round Trip, Via Eastern Minnesota Railway.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, and Jan. 2. The Bee line limited at 1:25 p. m.. Fastest train to Minneapolis. Has new observation chair car. Night train leaves at 11:25 p. m. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m. City ticket office, 432 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

MR. HAYES BANQUETTED.

Chief Engineer of the American Line Is Honored.

Last evening, at Superior, a banquet was given in the Great Northern hotel by the chief and second engineers of the American Steamship company's boats now at the head of the lakes, in honor of Joseph F. Hayes, the chief engineer of thel ine. Mr. Hayes is well known in Duluth and the event will be of interest to all his friends. There was a fine menu and toasts followed. Among the guests were: Michael F. Chalk, inspector, Duluth; Judge C. R. Fridley, Superior; Commodore Joseph Kidd, Duluth; William Pardo, Cleveland; Capt. John Wolvin, Duluth; John Monaghan, inspector, Duluth; Capt. Shy, Cleveland; Capt. Le Mills, Cleveland.

Those giving the banquet were:

Zenith City—R. B. Hodge, R. W. Hunter.

Gates—William Campbell, J. W. Grenier.

Ellwood—George Lawrence, William Roberts.

Hill—William Nash, William Stackhouse.

Queen City—A. L. Eggert, Fred G. Casey.

Empire City—Frank Mansfield, George Witners.

Superior City—Frank Schwartz, J. D. Stewart.

Palmer—H. Dupont, Aug. Dumas.

FGlibert—H. M. Gilliveray, George M. Campbell.

THEY "CAUGHT ON."

Speaking of "Camille," I am reminded of a trifling little incident that occurred in the third act—or cottage act—one night in New York; an incident that shows what community of thought, what perfect understanding often exists between the audience and the actor, as well as that quality of alertness, that readiness to "catch on," always so marked in an American crowd, says Clara Morris in the Critic.

Into the brightness and happiness of the first of the act, the father of Armand enters. He is greeted with tremendous love and hope, but the scene which follows changes all that, and when she sweeps him her farewell courtesy, renunciation and death are stamped upon her face.

Now I suppose the "world and his wife" knows the old superstition about the "itching of the hands." The right hand itches, that is the sign you are going to meet a friend—the left hand itches, as a sign that you are going to receive money—while most people (I found out that night) know the nursery saw that prescribes the proper treatment for a palm so affected, as "rub it on wood—it'll come to good!!"

Now at the close of my bright scene, when Nannine announced a gentleman wished to see me, and I had told her to show him in at once, in that moment of waiting a sudden violent itching came into my hand. As I rubbed it with my handkerchief, I noticed it was the left one, and like a flash there came into my mind the old saying, "rub it on wood," and I started to rub my hand on the edge of the table at my side, but that was marble. I drew back, started to rub it on the top of the chair near me and that was upholstered. Quite forgetting where I was, I walked across the stage and placing my palm on the top of a wooden chair I began to rub, when I was startled by one great polly burst of laughter, that included even the musicians in the orchestra.

One moment I gazed at the laughing crowd stupidly, then I understood and laughed with them and though hearty applause followed, I nevertheless saw in the affair a lesson and a warning—never again to allow myself even for a moment to fall out of the character, or to get outside of the picture, as one might say.

GOSPEL OF JOHN.

One hundred and eighteen valuable Egyptian papyri are soon to be sent to this country, among which is a manuscript which may be the original of the gospel of St. John, says a Cambridge, Mass., special to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. It, at least, antidates any of the codices from which the English version is taken.

These manuscripts, or papyri, were unearthed some time ago in Egypt and are said to date back to the Greco-Roman age.

$14.50 buys a Lady's $21.00 gold filled watch at Harris & Esterly's, 406 West Superior street.

Interests Mrs. Santa Claus

The Folz Grocery in Holiday Dress.

Great Array of Tempting Viands for the Christmas Dinner.

Just now while old Santa Claus is up to his eyes in business arranging to supply all his numerous family with Christmas gifts, Mrs. Santa Claus is planning the Christmas dinner. Anticipating the demand for prime meats and delicacies for the holiday feast, the Folz Grocery and Market is prepared to furnish everything needed for the Christmas dinner. Besides all the staples necessary, a fine line of nuts, figs, candies, olives, pickles, imported and domestic cheese, oranges, grapes, lemons and green vegetables are temptingly displayed. The store is beautifully decorated in holly and palms, and the meat market, with its two walls of prime Christmas meats, makes the Folz Grocery and Market the best and the most attractive place in the city to get everything wanted for the Christmas dinner. It will be to your interest to call early and get the choicest. Telephone 234.

Folz's Grocery and Market.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY

Gloves as Christmas Gifts.

We planned to have the glove department in perfect assortment at Christmas time—a most acceptable gift is a pair of gloves—or better, half a dozen pairs. You like to be sure of the quality of the gloves you give as a present—you know our gloves; know them because we stand back of every pair that leaves the house. The unlined sorts consist of the celebrated "REYNIER," for which we are sole agents—some left-over stock is being offered by another house in this city—ours are new—the kid fresh, and will not break—mind this in buying your gloves—get them fresh, so that the elasticity is in them.

Fownes' La Tosta, $2; Fownes' **Dagmar**, $1.50; the P. & L. Suede, $1.25; and the Crispi. $1; and Fownes' Eugene, $1.50.

Lined.

Kid fleece lined fur top, brown and seal, $1.00.

Mocha Fleece Lined Mittens, black, $1.50.

Mocha silk lined Gloves, with French seams, Paris point backs—in gray, oxford, brown, tan and black, at $2.

Ladies' Mocha fleece lined Gloves, in black, brown and tan, at $1.75.

Ladies' kid fleece lined, fur top, in brown, at $1.75.

Mocha fleece lined, with French seams, in black, tan and brown, at $1.50.

Ladies' Mocha fleece lined Mittens, fur tops, black, brown and seal, $1.25.

Ladies' kid fur tops fleece lined Mittens, brown, tan and seal, at 75c.

Scotch Wool Gloves.

Ladies' Scotch Wool Gloves in pretty plaids, at 25c and 50c.
Fancy Scotch Gloves in all colors, at 65c.
Golf Gloves in assorted colors, at 50c.
Silk hand-knit Gloves in red and black, at 65c.
Children's fine hand-knit Gloves, in fancy colors, at 25c.

Gloves—Right aisle, right counters.

Leather Goods. A thousand and one things for gifts.

Leather Pocketbooks, Card Cases, Purses, Chatelaine Bags, etc. Maxy silver mounted—no finer made than some of these.

Enough styles of pocketbooks alone to set your head in whirl. Best way is—when you see what you want, get it—50c and up.

Photograph frames—every shape and size. Photograph Albums.

Novelties from everywhere—a lot of quaint Vinaigarette and Scent Bottles and Bon Bon Boxes in cut glass, just in, 50c.

Thousands of little inexpensive silver things for gifts, 25c up.

Silk Petticoats For Christmas.

There is no possibility of getting better Silk Underskirts for your money than you can get here now. They are bound to create lots of favorable talk about our store. Modeled and finished with extreme good taste and are in four different grades.

At $5.50—Black Taffeta Under skirts, trimmed with French hemmed accordion plaited ruffle; also colors.

At $6.50—Black Taffeta Silk Underskirts, fine quality, with 12-inch accordion plaited ruffle, finished with French hem; also colors.

At $7.75—Black Taffeta Silk Underskirts, fine, heavy quality, with accordion plaited, graduating ruffle, finished with French hem; also colors.

At $10.00—Black Taffeta Silk Underskirts, finished with extra deep graduating ruffle of accordion plaiting, with edge of ruching. The material in these skirts merits the consideration of all who want something extra good; also colors.

Fancy Taffeta Silk Skirts—Made with the new crinkled tucking, flounces edged with self-ruching, very wide, and colors are turquoise, old rose, lavender, blue and black, $14.50.

Second Floor.

Umbrellas For Holiday Gifts.

We have never shown a finer assortment of Umbrellas for men, women and children; and that is really another way of saying that our offerings are the most inviting in this city. Prices, too, are unusually attractive. Larger purchases and certain other favorable trade conditions have made it possible for our customers to receive even greater values than heretofore—better Umbrellas at prices no higher. We mention only a few prices and styles out of hundreds, but we have anything and everything required in the Umbrella line, from the lowest grade that is worthy to the handsomest, all silk with sterling silver filigree adornment.

Umbrellas.
XMAS
GIFTS

Fine Umbrellas in Gloria, with natural wood handles, for men and women, in 26-inch, at $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.50.

All Silk Umbrellas in black, latest and nobbiest handles with silver and gold mountings; also the gun metal and natural wood. Prices ranging from $3.50 to $12.00.

Ladies' Umbrellas in Taffeta and Gloria, in navy, brown, cardinal and green, natural wood handles, with silver mountings—at $3.50, $4.00, $5.50 and $6.00.

Misses' Umbrellas in Gloria and Taffeta, with natural wood handles, in black, cardinal and navy, 89c, $1.00 and $1.65.

First Floor, Right Aisle, Near Elevator.

"Our Label on Anything you buy here is Proof Enough that it is Thoroughly Good."

AVOID SATURDAY CROWDS, IF POSSIBLE

By doing your shopping tomorrow—or the evenings between—that's what we are open evenings for—to give you better service and more time in which to choose

Women's Neckwear Chiffon Boas and Fichus.

There is not another store in Duluth—where the variety is so great, or the prices so easy—from the very finest Real Lace or Arabian Net Ties at $7.50, $5.00, $3.50 and $2.50, down to the long Chiffon Stocks or Ties at 65c and 25c. We've assortments enough here to suit any taste—just a few details as reminders.

$1.00 for high Pleated Stocks of Liberty Silks, all colors, with fluffy jabot, trimmed with narrow juby; also stocks of Colored Silks with new shaped stock and Four-in-Hand Tie effect of velvet, finished on ends with gilt metal ends.

75c for natty Stocks and Bows of White Silk and finished with folds of different combinations.

75c for Jabots in full assortment; some made of lace, others chiffon, lace trimmed.

$1.50 for Jabots of white and colored chiffon, edged with lace.

50c for Colored Taffeta Ties, that go twice around the neck; in black-and-white and all colors.

Silk Ruffs—with long Silk and Chenille ends—**50c to $10.00.** Rennaise Lace Collars.

Lace Ties—Of Point Venice, Arabian and Russian Lace; made in all desirable shapes—**50c to $6.50 each.**

Applique Jackets—$4.25.

Chiffon Fichus—trimmed with handsome lace, plating and juby ornamentation—**$1.25 to $15.50 each.**

Jabots—with or without Stocks attached, made of Chiffon and Liberty Silk; some trimmed with tinsel, others with narrow ribbon—**50c to $3.00.**

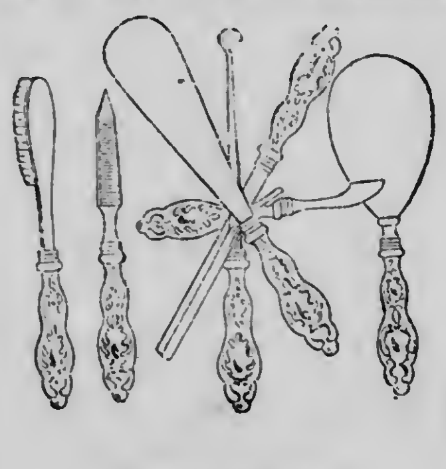
Stocks—newest effects—**25c to $5.00.**

Silk and Crepe Ties—in newest shades—**25c to $1.50 each.**

Chiffon and Long Ties—65c and $1.00.

First Floor—Right Aisle—Near Elevator.

Sterling Silver Novelties and Jewelry.



Including Nail Files, Darners, Glove Stretchers, Letter Openers, Seals, Shoe Horns, Cuticle, Button Hooks, Glove Hooks, Embroiders Scissors, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Curling Irons, Salve Jars, Powder Boxes, Tooth Brush Cases, Match Safes, Hat Brushes, Telescopes, Cups and Cases, Vinaigrettes, Table Bells, Nail Polishers, Rolling Blotters, Ink Erasers, Salt and Peppers, at all prices and pretty designs from 25c to $3.00 each. Complete silver set with amethyst settings, also Bill Files, picture Frames and Ink Wells.

Jewelry.

Most Gifts that are given cost somewhere between 50c and $5.00. Here's a list of gold and gold mounted gifts that come within that range somewhere:

Cuff Buttons,
Pen Knives,
Glove Buttoners,
Key Rings and Chains,
Hat Pins,
Lockets,
Match Boxes,
Scarf Pins,
Pencils,
Belt Buckles,
Gold Mounted Umbrellas,
Clasps,
Belt Pins,
Cigar Cutters,
Bracelets,
Pen Holders,
Book Markers,
Fobs,
Monocles,
Cuff Pins,
Cigarette Holders.
Salts Bottles,
Barettes,
Garter Clasps,
Thimbles,
Tortoise Shell Combs,
Pocket Books,

Automobile Coats and Jackets For Christmas Gifts.

Entirely new styles—that have only recently made their appearance in the East are being shown by us—Automobiles of Fine Kersey Cloth, in tan, castor, black and red—at $22.50, $25.00, $27.50 and up, with fur trimmings or plain.

Jackets in all the new effects at $6.75, $8.75, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and up, with or without fur trimmings.

Misses' Automobiles—large variety of styles and colors—at $15, $18, $20 and up.

Holiday Handkerchiefs

Thousands of them at littlest prices. Don't wait until the last minute—because the Handkerchief Section gets busier and busier as Christmas approaches.

Pure Linen hand embroidered and hemstitched handkerchiefs, of 35c value, at 25c (ten styles.)

Fine Linen hand embroidered and scalloped and hemstitched edges, of 50c value, at 35c each, or 3 for $1 (six styles).

Pure Linen with fine lace edge and hemstitched, 35c, 3 for $1.

Extra Fine Linen Handkerchiefs, hand embroidered and hemstitched, 65c value, at 50c (6 styles.)

Extra Fine Quality Linen Handkerchiefs, separate boxes for each, hand embroidered and fine hemstitch, at $1, $1.50, $2.50, $3.00 and up to $6.50, for very finest Duchess Lace.

Imported French Handkerchiefs, extra fine quality linen, with colored border and center, at $3, $4 and $5.

Silk Handkerchiefs.

Gentlemen's—With initial, of best Pongee, 50c value, on sale at 35c.

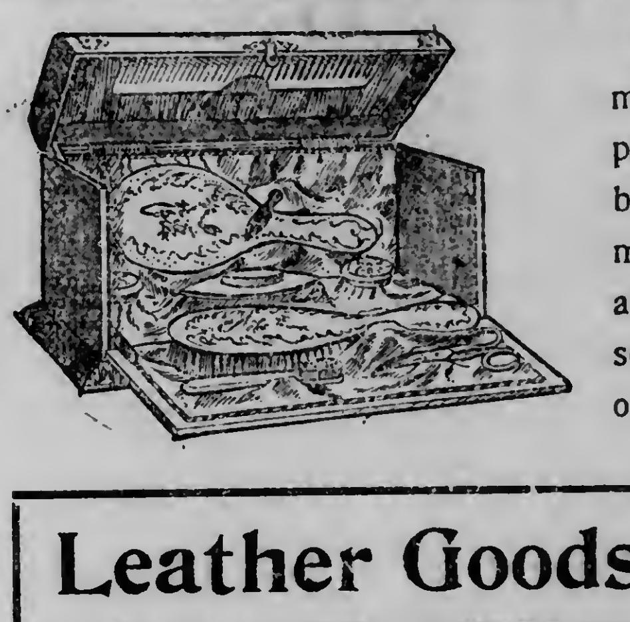
Men's Pongee Silk—With colored border, several styles, 50c value, on sale at 25c.

Girls' and Children's Silk Hankerchiefs—With hand embroidered border, 25c value on sale at 15c.

Women's hemstitch and embroidered initial handkerchiefs—one thousand dozen on sale at 60c per dozen.

Handkerchief Department—Right Aisle, Front.

Solid Rosewood and Ebony Toilet Articles.



Large sets of eight pieces—medium sized sets of 4 and 5 pieces and sets of comb and brush only—Plain or silver mounted—Small sets $1.75 and up—Medium and large sets $3.75 and up—in leather or wood cases—or boxes.

Leather Goods Novelties

A thousand and one things for gifts—card cases, purses, chatelaine bags, music rolls, writing pads, traveling sets, note books, cigar, cigarette and match safes, imported and American kinds, many silver and gold mounted—Enough styles in pocket books alone to set your head in a whirl. Best way is when you see what you wan,t get it. (First Floor Near Stairway)

PERFUMES.

Hudnut's Famous Extracts, all odors, bulk, 50c per oz.

Louis XV Perfumes are among the finest of Richard Hudnut's preparations, in two odors only, cut stopped bottles—just the thing for a nice Christmas gift—$1.50 a bottle.

Hudnut's Twentieth Century Perfumes, fancy bottles—$1.00 a bottle.

Hudnut's Violet Sec, and Sweet Orchid Toilet Waters—75c a bottle.

Princess Violet Toilet Water—60c.

Lundberg's Toya Lily—69c.

Lubin's Extracts—69c.

Pinaud's Eau de Cologne—59c a bottle.

SPECIALS.

Lazell's Violets, Persian Bouquets, Rose Geranium and Hilbert's popular Stolen Sweets—35c per oz.

Colgate's Handkerchief Perfumes, assorted odors, 2 in a box—45c.

Fancy boxes Soap and Perfume—25c each.

French Perfumes, assorted odors—25c per ounce.

Venetian Cut Glass Stopped Bottles, in fancy shapes and colors, filled with perfume—special price, 69c.

Venetian Bottles, filled, special odors—35c.

Hoyt's German Cologne—19c.

Hudnut's Violet Talcum for the Toilet—50c.

Hudnut's Floral Hearts for the bath—50c.

Pasta Mack—for bath and toilet use, an exquisite preparation for ladies; offers the most unique and agreeable means of procuring a delicious, healthful and comforting bath, softens the hardest water immediately and gives a delicious and lasting odor, which pervades the whole room. On sale for this week only—at 90c per box.

CROSS AISLE—CENTER.

IN MICHIGAN.

Houghton's Mayor After Gamblers---New Chicago-Upper Peninsula Train Service.

Houghton—Mayor Croze has ordered the closing of all the gambling houses in Houghton and says that the order goes.

This leaves a large number of disconsolate sports looking for soft snaps and easy money elsewhere.

Some very heavy games have been running for the past six months and Houghton has earned the not altogether enviable reputation of being the "warmest" town in Michigan.

Some of the outfits were removed, it is said, to Milwaukee today and a whole posse of tinhorns is understood to be headed for Duluth.

It is said that copper is being taken from No. 3 shaft at the Tamarack mine, better known as the North Tamarack mine, from a greater depth than it is being hoisted from any other mine in the world. Regular hoisting is being done at this shaft from a depth of 4600 feet and copper from a distance of 4700 feet from surface is being taken out. It is believed that no other mine in the world is regularly hoisting copper from that depth. At the Red Jacket shaft in the Calumet & Hecla they have attained that depth and more in sinking, but regular hoisting is not being done from that extreme distance. The new No. 5 shaft of the Tamarack will outstrip No. 3, but not for a few years.

At No. 3 shaft the work is being carried on in a most expeditious manner. Hoisting is being done with all possible rapidity and the product from this shaft alone is greater than it has ever been before. No. 4 shaft at North Tamarack is not used for regular hoisting purposes. Underground it is being worked, but the product is taken to surface by way of No. 3 shaft. The water in the mine is taken out by way of No. 4, but there is not much trouble in this line at the North Tamarack.

Marquette—A long fight between the Copper Range railroad and the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway for the possession of passenger business in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan has finally resulted in a vistory for the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, which has just completed a traffic arrangement which enables the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road to run through trains from Chicago to Calumet, Hancock and Houghton, Mich.

It is reported that some connection will be maintained between the Copper Range railroad and the Milwaukee road for freight business.

Hancock—James Hill, a lineman employed by the Michigan Telephone company on its Portage Lake circuits, was instantly killed here by clutching hold of a live wire with both hands while at work on top of a pole.

There are two new cases of smallpox in Hancock. The patients are two women who were inmates of a questionable resort in West Hancock.

Ishpeming—Ishpeming will soon have a second national bank. A corporation has been formed for its organization, composed of Nelson P. Huist, of Milwaukee; Thomas F. Cole and Solomon S. Curry, of Ironwood; Alfred Kidder, of Marquette; Walter Fitch, of Champion, together with several of the leading capitalists of Ishpeming, including the representative men of the several mining companies. It is understood that the institution will be incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000.

John Malmsten, the young man who had charge of G. A. Werner's studio in this city for the last two years, was arrested, charged with embezzling $275 from his employer. The prisoner was brougnt before Justice Kennedy for examination and was held for trial. Bail was fixed at $300, in default of which Malmsten was sent to jail to await trial.

Negaunee—H. B. Krogman, superintendent of the public schools, died of typhoid faver after an illness of one week, aged 30 years. He is survived by his wife, who is a daughter of Superintendent Thomas Waters, of Lake Angelina mine, Ishpeming. He was at the head of the school for nearly two years and was the first to introduce athletics here seven years ago while principal of the high school.

Iron Mountain—John Johns, of this place, has left for New York from which place he will soon sail for South America to look after the development of his mining interests there. Mr. Jones is an authority on mining matters and it is said that his South American properties promise to be bonanzas.

Ontonagon—On Monday, Dec. 24, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will inaugurate a through train service between Calumet and Ontonagon via the new Mineral Range extension from Keweenaw bay.

New stock of palms and home-grown ferns. Seekins.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.,

Albany, N Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

Skating!

WEST END RINK,
Foot of 21st Ave. W.
GRAND MASQUERADE
THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 20.
MINN. K. P. BAND.

1901 Silks—A Glimpse into the Future.

Usually you don't see these till after New Years, but we had them sooner, and so the earliest glimpse is yours—many will get them for gifts—

Brocaded Liberty Satins—24 inches wide, in the new pastel shades of Old Rose, Delf Blue, Heliotrope, and White—Description fails to do justice to the beauty of these new silk fabrics—price $1.35 the yard.

Silk Flannels—Shades: Red, Blue, Willow Green, Delf Blue, and Old Rose—Holiday price $1.00 the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOURTEEN PAGES—SECTION ONE—PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS

Christmas Shopping!

This business of buying Holiday Gifts is no sinecure. It's pretty hard to pick something that you're **sure** will be acceptable. If the recipient is a man, it's easy—that is, if you're sensible. You can always be sure that a man will appreciate something that he can wear. It tickles his pride and helps out his pocketbook. A few Neckties, a Smoking Jacket, a pair of Gloves means that he won't have to buy them himself. We show

A thousand and one things that will please men.

Store Open Every Evening Until Christmas. THE BIG DULUTH Store Open Every Evening Until Christmas.

House Coats, $4.95, $5.95, $7.95, $10.00.

Beyond question the most pleasing collection in the city: embracing fashion's latest delights.

Bath Robes, $3.50 to $10.00.

Here they range the luxury of America, England and Australia.

Pajamas, $1.50 to $3.00.
Night Shirts, 50c to $5.00.
Suspenders, 25c to $2.50.

The most charming effect ever shown. The manufacturers have excelled this season in their variety and combinations of colorings and effects. Many lines are in separate boxes.

Mufflers, 25c to $2.50.
Fine Kid Gloves, $1.00 to $3.00.
Scotch Knit Gloves, 25c to $1.00.
Full Dress Shirts, $1.00 to $2.00.
Full Dress White Vests.
Handkerchiefs of Silk, 25c to $1.50.
Linen Handkerchiefs, 15c to 50c.
Beautiful Half Hose, 15c to $2.00.
Fine White Shirts, 50c to $2.00.
Best Linen Collars, 10c to 25c.
Best Linen Cuffs, 25c to 40c.

Neckwear, 25c to $2.00.

The acknowledged supremacy of ours in the realm of Neckwear has never been more strongly demonstrated than now. The assortment is simply vast—everything is new. Many, many lines are exclusive: the display is marvelous—1000 dozen new effects. Truly, the world of Neckwear is before you at THE BIG DULUTH.

Umbrellas, $1.00 to $5.00.
Fine Colored Shirts, $1.00 to $2.00.
Cuff Links, Scarf Pins, 25c to $2.00.
Underwear, 50c to $4.00.
Sweaters, $1.00 to $3.00.
Cardigan Jackets, $2.00 to $4.00.
Fur Caps, $3.00.
Fur Gloves, $2.50 to $5.00.
Good Cloth Caps, 50c to $2.00.

Fashionable Derby Hats, $2 to $4.
Correct Fedora Hats, $1.50 to $4.00.
Mackintoshes or Rain Coats, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 $15.00.
Fine Overcoats, $7.50 to $30.00.
Splendid Ulsters, $10.00 to $25.00.
Fashionable Suits, $8.00 to $25.00.
Nobby Fancy Vests, $2.00 to $5.00.
Fashionable Trousers, $2.50 to $7.50.

FOR THE BOYS.

Fine Colored Shirts, 50c, 75c.
Very Handsome Neckwear, 25c to 50c.
Sweaters, 98c to $1.50.
Cuff Buttons, Stick Pins, 25c to $1.00.
Collars and Cuffs, 10c, 20c.
Fancy Suspenders, 15c to 50c.
Kid Gloves and Mitts, 75c to $2.00.
Scotch Knit Gloves, 25c to 50c.
Mackintoshes, $3.95.
Rubber Coats, $1.50 to $2.50.
Winter Caps, 50c to $1.50.
Fedora Hats, $1.00 to $3.00.
Leggins, $1.00.
Blouses and Waists, 50c to $2.00.
Umbrellas, $1.00 to $5.00.
Knee Trousers, 50c to $2.00.
Long Trousers, $1.50 to $5.00.
Middy Suits, $2.95 to $10.00.
Sailor Suits, $2.95 to $6.50.
Two-piece Suits, $1.95 to $10.00.
Reefers, $2.95 to $8.00.
Top Coats, $4.95 to $10.00.

For the Children, Girls, Misses.

The handsomest things in Headwear known to the season. This is practically a new Hat Store every week.

Pretty Toques, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Tams of every kind, Angora, Knitted, Woolly, Plain, Striped, 50c to $2.00.

Skates, Wagons, Sleds, Pocket Knives kiven away in our Boys' and Children's Department.

If you want to see the men and boys happy,

Get them something sensible, something that will last longer than the day—we can only give you a few hints of what we have to offer. The best way is to come in and get one of our clerks to show you around. Don't be afraid to ask—we're here to answer questions. Get any article—if you wish to exchange it after Christmas, you are at perfect liberty to do so. This knowledge will, perhaps, ease your mind somewhat.

$20 in prizes will be given away in our second Writing Contest

First—The person writing the sentence ("THE BIG DULUTH SELLS THE BEST CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, FURNISHINGS FOR THE LEAST MONEY") the greatest number of times on an ordinary sized postal card will receive the choice of one of our best $10.00 Suits or Overcoats.

The second in number will receive a $6.00 Boys' Suit or Overcoat.

The third in number will receive a $4.00 Boys' Suit or Overcoat.

The contest is open to everybody, and each person may send as many postals as they wish.

Each sentence must be numbered. Your name and address on same side with sentences, and postal mailed to us by December 24.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. THE BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

BLACK FOR BRITISH

Prospect In Africa Regarded as the Worst During the War.

DEMAND FOR TROOPS

Kitchener Says He Must Have Thirty Thousand More Mounted Men.

New York, Dec. 21.—A dispatch to the World from London, dated at midnight says: The general outlook in South Africa is regarded as blacker than at any time before or since the Boer war began.

Persistent reports are circulating in the political clubs of a widespread rebellion in Cape Colony. This is believed to be the cause of Lord Salisbury's gloomy speech on Tuesday.

The situation is regarded with deep alarm, as it is feared that Lord Kitchener's supplies are in danger of being cut off.

Lord Kitchener is said to have sent a dispatch demanding 30,000 more mounted men as essential to the security of British positions in South Africa. No practicable scheme for providing these reinforcements has yet been framed by the war office.

THE COURT FLED.

British Tribunal at Colesberg Had to Kite Out.

London, Dec. 21.—According to the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday, the treason court, sitting in Colesburg, was obliged to hurriedly evacuate the town with the records and papers, owing to the proximity of the invading Boers.

"The Colesberg district," says the correspondent, "is seething with anti-British excitement. A recrudescence of rebellion is perceptible in the districts immediately south of the Orange river. Tuesday morning a fight was proceeding at Phillipstown, presumably with a commando which crossed at Sand drift."

RETIREMENT OF SCHLEY.

Will Be Detached From Duty In the Spring.

New York, Dec. 21.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Rear Admiral W. S. Schley will be detached from duty as commander-in-chief of the South Atlantic station during the coming spring in anticipation of his retirement next October, when he will be 62 years old.

PRESCRIBES ENGLISH TEXT.

Philippine Commission Passes a Bill Regarding the Laws.

Manilla, Dec. 21.—The Philippine commission has passed bills prescribing that English text shall be used in the construction of all laws enacted; authorizing the provost marshal to establish police and health regulations, with limited punishments for their violation; appropriating $75,000 for the immediate construction of a highway from Pozorrubio, province of Pangsanin, to Baguio, in Benguet province, along the line surveyed for a government railroad.

DIES SUDDENLY.

Senator Frye's Wife Expires of Heart Failure Without Moment's Warning.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Mrs. William P. Frye, wife of the president pro tem. of the senate, died suddenly at the Hamilton hotel this morning at 9:30. Mrs. Frye on Tuesday last suffered an acute attack of indigestion and had since been ill. When she arose this morning she was apparently much improved and partook of breakfast. Shortly after leaving the table the end came without the slightest warning, heart failure causing death.

The body will be taken on the 4:50 train this afternoon to Lewiston, Me., the home of Senator Frye.

WITH NO ALTERNATIVE.

Chinese Expected to Take the Joint Note Straight.

London, Dec. 21.—"All the ministers have approved the modified note," says the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, "and the joint note will be served on the Chinese plenipotentiaries without suggestion of an alternative.

"The Germans are gaining a greater reputation for severity than the Russians ever had. The country is practically in a defenseless state, moreover, because Count Von Waldersee will not allow Chinese troops to do anything, and the foreign troops are absent or engaged in looting.

"It is reported that five days ago the German troops visited Tung Ching and shot sixty imperial troops who were engaged in suppressing Boxers, and also killed thirty other Chinese, including three converts. They took 200 prisoners, including thirty natives attached to the Anglican mission.

"In consequence of an appeal from the magistrate, however, the prisoners were liberated, in return for the payment of 2000 taels. This punitive expedition was in defiance of the understanding that no such measure would be taken pending the negotiations."

KENTUCKY IN CANAL.

Port Said, Dec. 21.—The United States warship Kentucky entered the canal today. She will stop at Suez over Christmas, and will proceed, Dec. 26, for Colombo and Manilla.

ESCAPE OF DEWET

How the Encircled Boer Force Gave the British the Slip.

BOLD AND BRILLIANT

A Most Magnificent Stroke of Daring and Cool-Headed Strategy.

Bloemfontein, Thursday, Dec. 20.—The details of Gen. De Wet's escape from the encircling British columns show that it was one of the boldest incidents of the war.

> When Haasbroek's command joined De Wet, Dec. 12, some fifteen miles east of Thaba Nchu, Gen. Knox was only about an hour distant and the Boer situation appeared desperate.

But De Wet was equal to the occasion. Dispatching Haasbroek westward, to make a feint at Victoria nek, De Wet prepared to break through the British columns at Sprinhaunek pass, about four miles of broad, flat, unbroken ground. At the entrance, were two fortified posts, while artillery was posted eastward, watching the Boers.

> Suddenly a magnificent spectacle was presented. The whole Boer army of 2500 men started at a gallop in open order through the nek.

President Steyn and Peit Fourie led the charge and De Wet brought up the rear.

The British guns and rifles boomed and rattled incessantly.

> The Boers first tried the eastward route but, encountering artillery, they diverged and galloped to the foot of the hill to the eastward, where the fire of only a single post was effective. The whole maneuver was a piece of magnificent daring and its success was complete, in spite of the loss of a 15-pounder and twenty-five prisoners.

The British force detached after Haasbroek came in contact with his commando at nightfall. The burghers were scattered and the Welsh Yeomanry galloped among the retreating Boers, using their revolvers and the butt ends of their rifles with great effect.

An incident of the fight was the gallop of a British ammunition wagon right through the scattered Boers, the gunners using their revolvers freely.

SUSPECT IS SPOTTED.

Police Think They Know Leader In Cudahy Abduction.

Omaha, Dec. 21.—Edward A. Cudahy, Sr., today confirmed the statement that he will pay $25,000 for the capture of the gang who abducted his son Edward and secured a ransom of $25,000 in gold.

It is stated that Pat Crowe, well known in local police circles, is the man whom the police suspect of being the leader of the gang. Officers are looking for Crowe, but so far he has not been arrested.

A force of private detectives from Chicago began work today on the case. The only clue they have to work upon at present is a copy of the letter thrown on Mr. Cudahy's lawn, naming the conditions on which the boy would be returned. Mr. Cudahy returned the original copy with the money, this being one of the considerations demanded by the desperadoes.

Late last night Mr. Cudahy announced that he would pay $25,000 reward for the apprehension of the abductors of his son, or $5000 for one and $15,000 for two of them.

NATIONALISTS SQUELCHED.

French Government Given Votes of Confidence By Deputies.

Paris, Dec. 21.—The chamber of deputies today, at the request of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier, by a vote of 309 to 192, decided to postpone M. Lasies's motion to interpellate the government on the Maj. Cuignet incident until all the other orders of the day are disposed of, thus shelving the Nationalist attack indefinitely and giving the government a vote of confidence.

Maj. Cuignet, who figured in the Dreyfus court martial at Rennes has been arrested and imprisoned in Fort Mont Valesen, where he is waiting court martial on two charges. The first is a charge of grave offense against discipline in writing directly, without authorization, to the president of the council, Mr. Waldeck-Rousseau, accusing M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, with having told the chamber of deputies an untruth when he said that Maj. Cuignet had approved the interpretation officially placed upon the famous Pannizardi telegram. The second charge is of disclosing confidential document, namely the statement signed by Maj. Gen. Chamoin, which was read in the chamber by M. Joseph Lasies, formulating some revelations concerning the Pannizardi dispatch.

CONGRESSMAN DEAD.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Speaker Henderson received a telegram this morning announcing the death of Richard A. Wise, member of the house from the Norfolk, Va., district, at his home at Williamsburg, today. The cause of his death is not known. Dr. Wise was twice seated as a member of the house on a contest, in the last and the present congresses, and had given notice he would contest the seat in the next congress.

CASE ADJOURNED.

New York, Dec. 21.—The argument on the motion enjoining the trustees of the Gould estate from paying the Countess De Castellane her share of the income from the Gould estate, was adjourned today, until Jan. 7.

DEEDS ARE FIENDISH

The Blood Curdling Atrocities Perpetrated By Turkish Fanatics on Christians.

THEY ARE TORTURED

Victims Crucified and Mutilated and Women Carried Off to Harems.

New York, Dec. 21.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Vienna says: Further reports of the Turkish massacres of Christians show that their instigator is a Mohammedan fanatic, named Halduk Isal, who brags of having slaughtered 200 Christians with his own hands.

The Turkish authorities have shown utter indifference to the massacres, and the outrages perpetrated on Christians are beyond description.

> At Bituch men were crucified on trees, with stakes driven through their hands and feet. Women are attacked and then mutilated. Children were murdered by mutilation before their parents' eyes. Women were maltreated at Grunna before the eyes of their husbands, fathers and brothers, and then carried into the bondage of harems. Men were done to death slowly by various means, their limbs cut off successively, and children were thrown into the river.

The fiends tortured the Christians at Riparitz by slicing flesh from all parts of their bodies before killing them. A Greek orthodox priest was tied in a sack and pitched into the river at Genovitza.

The Servian consul at Mitrovitza estimates that 1100 persons have been killed and 400 women attacked and placed in harems.

ASK FOR RAILROADS.

Delegations Ask Manitoba Premier to Build a Couple.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Two delegations favoring the construction of railways in the western portion of the province waited on Premier Roblin yesterday. One delegation asked the government to build a line from Hartney to Dauphin, to be operated by the Northern Pacific. Mr. Roblin promised to take their representations into consideration.

The other delegation asked the government to construct a road northwesterly from Brandon to Ralphton and to the boundary of the province, deflecting to touch Virden. Roblin promised this delegation to have a railway built which would serve the purpose required and to have it ready for operation in time to haul out next season's grain. He gave no distinct pledge that the line would be built by the government, although there was a possibility for the government moving in that direction, neither did he give an answer as to what points would be touched by this railway.

There is a mysterious atmosphere in government circles regarding railway matters, and some apprehension as to the course which may be taken by Roblin and colleagues.

ADOPTS JURY SYSTEM.

Porto Rican Legislature Passes a Bill Introducing It.

San Juan, Porto Rico., Dec. 21.—A bill introducing the jury system in Porto Rico has passed both houses.

Frederick L. Cornwell, a member of the house of delegates, has introduced a house bill providing for an appropriation of $30,000 for an insular exhibit at Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, provided the people raise $20,000 additional.

The house has passed a bill fixing the salaries of the five native councillors at $4000. This is considered excessive, as it exceeds the salary of some of the department heads. It is not likely to pass the council.

CUP DEFENDER.

Quincy, Mass., Dec. 21.—C. C. Hanley, Hanley, King & Co., of this city, builders of many of the fast yachts, among them the defender Genesee in the Canadian cup races of 1899 and 1900, at Chicago and Toronto, has entered the American cup defender lists and will form a syndicate to build a wooden center-board yacht to compete in the triat races to decide which yacht shall defend the America's cup against Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock II. Mr. Hanley said today that, while he had no desire to conceal the fact that a syndicate was being formed with every prospect of success, any discussion of detail at this time would be premature.

EXPLOSION VICTIMS.

Cannon Ball, N. D., Dec. 21.—Eight Indians are dead as the result of last week's gasoline explosion, and one more, the last of two families, is dying. Maggie Goodwood, an educated half-breed woman, was outside the house when the explosion occurred. Her infant child was in doors and she dashed into the roaring flames to save the little one. She and her husband and the child perished. All knives were taken away from relatives of the dead that they might not mutilate themselves according to custom to show their grief.

INAUGURAL BALL.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Secretary Hitchcock today granted the inaugural committee permission to hold the ball and entertainments incident to the coming inauguration of President McKinley in the pension building. The pension office, with its architectural beauty and enormous proportions, is well fitted for the inaugural ball. It has been used on former occasions.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 21.—Matthews Bros.' picture moulding factory was burned today. About twelve men were injured, three seriously and one probably fatally.

COURT SET HER FREE

Massachusetts Judge Refuses to Punish Girl Who Blinded Her Betrayer.

SHE THREW VITRIOL

At a Prominent Boston Dentist and the Court Justifies Her.

Boston, Dec. 21.—The most remarkable criminal case tried in a Massachusetts supreme court court in many years and which aroused intense interest in the fashionable Back Bay district, was ended yesterday when Judge Bond probationed Marion Rogan, who had blinded for life Dr. Frank L. Taylor, a dentist, by throwing vitroil in his face out of revenge for betrayal.

The young girl had earlier appeared before the judge and told her pitiable story and showed the white-haired justice her little babe, of which she claimed Taylor was the father. She said that Taylor, after he had ruined her life, had told her that he was irresistable among women by reason of his good looks.

In announcing his decision, Judge Bond said that, from the evidence, it appeared that Dr. Taylor had sought out Miss Rogan, "knowing she was a virtuous woman, who had in no way wronged him, for the sole purpose of causing her ruin, and after he had accomplished it by fraud and deception and the use of intoxicating liquors, if not by drugs, he unfeelingly cast her off without assistance and advised her to resort to a life of prostitution, and even boasted of his disgraceful conduct with this young woman and with others whom he had ruined. "Such a man," the judge added, "is so vile that I have no sympathy or pity for him in his unfortunate condition."

Judge Bond said that he regretted Miss Rogan did not leave the punishment of her betrayer to a higher power than herself. As to the possibility that similar acts of personal vengeance would follow the probationing of this prisoner, the judge said that such acts were so rare—no other having come before him in the forty years of his service on the bench—that he would take the risk and order the release of the prisoner on probation.

WILL NOT RETURN.

Senator Towne Will Remain at Capital During Holidays.

Washington, Dec. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Towne will not return to Minnesota for the holidays. Mrs. Towne has joined her husband here, and they will occupy apartments at the Cairo during the winter.

* * *

The secretary of the treasury today transmitted to congress a recommendation that an appropriation of $6750 be made the secretary of the interior to employ necessary fire patrols to guard against and extinguish forest fires in the Chippewa ceded Indian reservation in Minnesota.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

GERMANS SLASH AROUND.

Kill Boxers and Drive Chinese Regulars From Lu Tai.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—A dispatch from Field Marshal von Waldersee, dated Pekin, Dec. 19, says:

"Guendell's column, marching from Shan Hai Kuan, encountered a force of Boxers, Dec. 14, at Yung Ling, near the eastern imperial tombs. Fifteen Boxers were killed.

"One thousand Chinese regulars, under Fang Do Ling, have been driven out of Lu Tai. They fled to the mountains, northwesterly, on Guendell's approach."

SHAPING UP BILL.

Committee Paring and Patching Rivers and Harbors Measure.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The river and harbor committee continued its work today in hopes of completing the bill, but, owing to the vigorous pruning which is going on, indications were that the bill could not be reported or made public as a whole before the holiday recess. Chairman Bur before the holiday recess. Chairman Burton expected, however, to give out a statement late in the day embodying the chief features. The committee has reported a positive determination not to le. the total run above $60,000,000, of this amount, $23,000,000 is in direct appropriations and about $37,000,000 in contracts. The changes now going on will not vary these totals, but may bring about a readjustment, the cuts made on some items being added to other projects felt to be more in need of aid.

One of the most important projects now settled is that for improving the Sault Ste. Marie river, connecting Lakes Superior and Huron, for this, $4,500,000 is allowed, of which $500,000 is a direct appropriation and $4,000,000 in continuing contracts.

Another important feature relating to the great lakes is a provision authorizing the president to enter into diplomatic negotiations with the British auhorities relative to a Canadian commission which shall act with an American commission relative to the fluctuation of the level of the lakes and their tributaries. A subcommittee has this in charge and it will undoubtedly go in the bill.

The work last night and today is bringing about many changes in specific items and this will go on until the final statement is given out. One of the changes is that on Boston harbor, the amount now standing at $3,600,000.

MINES RUSHED.

Philadelphia, Dec. 21.—The increased demand for coal, as a result of the strike in the anthracite region, has caused a rush of work in all the collieries. During the month of November the total production of hard coal was 4,944,793 tons, and the operators expect to equal this output during the present month. The stock on hand is very light, and some of the companies are not able to lay up any coal for the reason that, as fast as it is mined it is sent to points for delivery.

HELLESEM DEAD.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—Von Merschidt Hellesem, the chief of the criminal department, who was suspended in connection with the Sternberg trial, died today.

CONGER IS TO SIGN

Envoy Directed to Concur In the Pekin Agreement as Amended.

AS BRITAIN DESIRES

Term "Irrevocable" Goes In, But Taken as Matter of Form.

Washington, Dec. 21.—An instruction will again go out today to Minister Conger at Pekin to sign the agreement, which, according to Pekin advices, already has been signed by all of the other ministers at the Chinese capital. This instruction is sent with some reluctance, because the agreement as it now stands does not completely represent the view of the United States government. But it is believed the most favorable compromise that could be reached, unless the negotiations are to be drawn out to a dangerous length, for all reports indicate a growing spirit of unrest in China, owing to the absence of any form of native government in Chili and the adjacent provinces.

> So the United States accepts the "irrevocable" condition imposed upon the Chinese government, though, after all, this expression is rather a matter of form than of substance, for diplomacy knows no such thing as "irrevocable" agreement.

As to the British agreement that the occupation of Pekin and Chili shall continue until China has given satisfactory proofs of her intention to comply with the conditions laid down in the agreement, it is said that this will not affect the status of the United States. Mr. Conger has, by direction of his government, notified the other ministers that the United States forces will not again be called into China for the purpose of occupation; that nothing more than a legation guard is to be maintained by us, and the powers have accepted his condition. It, therefore, is expected here that the agreement will be signed before the end of the current month.

TAKE RECESS.

The Solons at Washington Shut Up Shop For the Holidays.

Washington, Dec. 21.—When the house met today there were less than 100 members on the floor. The majority of the members already had departed for their homes to spend the holiday recess. The chaplain, in his invocation, referred tenderly to the death of Mrs. Frye, the wife of Senator Frye, and of Representative Wise of Virginia.

After the approval of the journal some routine minor business was transacted by unanimous consent.

Mr. Jones then announced the death of Representative Wise, of Virginia, which occurred at Williamsburg, Va., early this morning. He offered the customary resolutions, which were adopted, and the speaker appointed the following committee of seventeen to attend the funeral: Messrs. Weeks, Aldrich, Kahn, Roberts, Minor, Brick, Jones, Swanson, Otey, Rixey, Hay, Lamb, Quarles, Rhea, Lassiter, Lloyd and Gaines. Then, at 12:25, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the house adjourned until Jan. 3, 1901.

THE SENATE.

Washington, Dec. 21.—No business was transacted by the senate today. The news of the death of Mrs. Frye, wife of the president pro-tem, was conveyed officially to the body and out of respect to her memory immediate adjournment was taken until Jan. 3, 1901.

Senator Fairbanks called the body to order and Rev. Dr. W. H. Milburn pronounced a beautiful invocation. The secretary then read a letter from Senator Frye, appointing Senator Fairbanks presiding officer during his absence from the senate.

Meantime a conference of senators had been held as to the order of business. The reading of the journal was suspended and, at 12:05 p. m., on motion of Mr. Hoar, the senate adjourned until Jan. 3, 1901.

A GUNBOAT ASHORE.

Annapolis Carried Aground at Norfolk By the Tide.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 21.—The gunboat Annapolis went ashore last night at the mouth of the western branch, very near the red can buoy. Her crew had raised her anchor and were about to put out another, when the strong tide carried her aground. The tugs E. V. McCauley and Katie no whave lines on her and are endeavoring to pull her off. It is not believed that she will be much damaged.

The Chesapeake and Ohio steamship Rapidan, which was grounded, has been floated.

A severe storm prevailed today between Capes Hatteras and Henry. The wind blew forty miles an hour and is increasign in strength. An unknown three-masted schooner is reported ashore eight miles south of Cape Henry.

On account of the heavy sea the North Atlantic squadron was preventer from leaving the Roads. All this morning crafts sought shelter.

Heavy rains accompanied the storm along the Virginia coast. Snow is reported at Charlotte, N. C.

COLONIST RATES.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—The Northern Pacific and Soo roads have agreed to the Great Northern's proposition to abolish round trip colonist tickets west of St. Paul. Other Western roads are considering the advisability of withdrawing the rate west of Missouri river gateway points.

Let Herald Advertisements Guide You in Your Purchases for Christmas.

GALE IS TERRIFIC

A Rough Time For Shipping Off the Coasts of England.

MANY WRECKS OCCUR

The Seas In the Channel Are the Heaviest In Years.

London, Dec. 21.—The latest news from the White Star line steamer Cuitic, which was in need of assistance yesterday off the Skerries while on her way from Queenstown to Liverpool in tow, is that she is still riding heavily at anchor a mile southwest of the Skerries.

The steamers Somerhill and Westernland are now riding safely at anchor in West bay, near Weymouth, after a fearful night.

The coastguards were kept busy from nightfall to daylight. They had the rocket apparatus in the vicinity of the storm-beaten craft in readiness to assist the ships, which were about a mile from the shore. The Somerhill is apparently considerably damaged and tugs have gone to her assistance.

The British ship Clan MacFarlane, from Tocopita, Oct. 20, for the channel, drifted on a sand bank north of Southport. A lifeboat went out to her and found she had been abandoned. Her sails were blown to shreds and she will probably be a total wreck.

Skibbereen reports a large steamer, the name of which had not been reported, but which has a red funnel and black top, on the rocks off Sherkin island. She will be a total wreck. Her crew of twenty-four men is reported to have reached the shore.

The storm appears to have reached its height during the night, and while the gale is still severe and the seas very heavy, it is hoped that the worst is over. The stories of wrecks and damages are coming from all directions, but happily the fatalities are few.

The Dominion line steamer New England, which sailed yesterday from Liverpool and this morning from Queenstown, for Boston, had such a bad time in the channel that several of her crew were injured.

There have been numerous minor wrecks.

The gale lasted all night and blew almost with hurricane force at times. Telegraph lines are down in all directions. Communication with Scotland is cut off, the Mersey ferry boats have suspended service and channel passages have been the most temptestuous in years.

The storm at Belfast and in its neighborhood was the most severe in a decade. Great damage was done to property, many persons were injured and Belfast lough is crowded with vessels which have sought shelter from the wind's fury.

AILSAWALD ASHORE.

Qeenstown, Dec. 21.—The steamer reported from Skibereen to be ashore off Sherkin island, is the British steamer Ailsawald, Capt. Bovey, which sailed from Penarth, Dec. 19, for Bermuda. The Ailsawald is a freight steamer and was built at West Hart in 1894. She registers 1881 tons net and is 314 feet long, has a beam of 40 feet, 5 inches, and is 21 feet, 4 inches deep. She hails from Newcastle-on-Tyne and is owned by Lunn & MacCorn.

ABUSE IS REMEDIED.

Reservoir Declaratory Statements Not to Delay Other Filings.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The commissioner of the general land office has rendered a decision holding that the filing of reservoir site declaratory statements in the West upon the public domain, with the intention of constructing reservoirs, is done with the understanding that filings or other adverse entries will be allowed by the general land office during the pendency of the reservoir declaratory statement and take precedence of it in the event that the party first filing does not comply with the law.

This ruling on the part of the commissioner is the result of information reaching him of alleged abuses in the existing law permitting the filing of declaratory statements. It is said that many persons avail themselves of the right merely to appoint land thereunder, having no intention of constructing reservoirs, thus preventing, in the meanwhile, the initiation of other rights subject to non-compliance with the law under the first filing.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

THE BOOZ INQUIRY.

Cadet Keller, Who Fought Booz, Was Questioned.

West Point, N. Y., Dec. 21.—The taking of testimony as to the alleged ill-treatment of the late Oscar L. Booze, while a cadet at the United States military academy, was resumed today by the court of inquiry, of which Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke is the president. The first witness called was William I. Guthrie, of Missouri, a cadet of the first class. When asked if he knew Booz, he replied: "I knew him just as any superior knew any lower class man." He was not at the fight, but saw Booz shortly after it and noticed that one of his eyes were blackened. He also knew Cadet Breth, who was his class-mate, and was positive that Breth had never been placed in a straight-jacket. Such a thing would be so very unusual that, if it were done to any one on the post the witness would certainly have known of it. He knew of men being dragged in a blanket from their tents [illegible] the companies' streets. Personal violence has never been used in "bracing."

Cadet Keller, who fought Booz, was questioned, but his account of the fight did not differ from those of the other witnesses, who said Booz laid down without being hurt.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

AGAINST ARBITRATION.

Proposed Step By Hessians In Boers' Interest Defeated.

Darmstadt, Dec. 21.—By the president's casting of his vote, the second chamber today defeated a motion to instruct the Hessian representatives in the bundesrath to propose the assembling of the foreign affairs committee with the object of initiating a proposal of arbitration between Great Britain and the Transvaal. Twenty votes were cast each way. The representatives of the government left the house before the debate on the motion.

STERNBERG CONVICTED.

The Berlin Millionaire Banker Must Go to Prison.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—Sternberg, the millionaire banker, who has been on trial for a long time past, was found guilty today of unnameable immoralities and was sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment, with loss of citizenship for five years.

MUM TO THE LAST.

"John Owens" Swings Off Without Disclosing His Identity.

Paris, Ill., Dec. 21.—Preserving to the last the silence with which he has shrouded his identity, John Owens, alias Radcliffe, was hanged here today for the brutal murder of James F. Hogue. About 200 persons witnessed the execution.

The crime for which Owens paid the penalty of death was the murder of James Hogue, of this city, in a stock car, the night of Sept. 22, 1900. Hogue and Emory Vandeventer got into the car at Paris to ride to Terre Haute, Ind. Soon after leaving this city, they were attacked by Owens and William Daily, who had been secreted in a dark corner of the car, and asked to hand over their money. Vandeventer complied, giving Daily $8.40. Hogue resisted, and, after striking his assailant, made his escape to the top of the car. Owens followed and shot him. Returning to the car, Owens got another revolver froom Daily and, mounting to the top of the car, fired several more shots into Hogue's body and kicked him off the car.

Meantime Vandeventer had slipped out of the car and taken a position on the brake rod. He rode to Terre Haute and there gave information which resulted in the arrest of Owens and Daily, who had left the train at West Terre Haute. Both confessed the crime, Owens, when put on trial, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to be hanged. Daily stood trial and the jury gave him forty years in the penitentiary.

Owens carried the mystery of his life and his true name to the grave. Though inquiries have come to the sheriff from all portions of the country regarding him, all clews as to his identity proved false. From the little he told about himself it is probable that his home was in Bell county, Kentucky, and that he was well connected there. Though he admitted a fifteen years' career of crime and bore on his body the marks of several cutting and shooting affrays, he was not known or recognized by the authorities of any of the penitentiaries to which his description was sent.

If you don't see the Tribunal of tomorrow, you'll miss a mighty good thing. All news stands have it.

WILL NOT DELAY.

Envoys Will at Once Deliver Note to China.

London, Dec. 21.—A representative of the Associated Press was informed at the foreign office here today that the joint note of the powers, which has been signed by all the ministers at Pekin, will be presented to Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang immediately. The text will be published as soon as it is delivered.

BELL WINS.

Telephone Company Defeats Western Union In Stock Ticker Royalty Suit.

Boston, Dec. 21.—Justice Colt, in the United States district court today, decided in favor of the American Bell Telephone company in the royalty suit brought by the Western Union Telegraph company. The case is known as the stock-ticker case, and has been in the courts since 1894. The amount involved is $12,000,000.

Luke's imports, $2 for 50. Luke's rolled cigar, $2.25 for 100.
SCHILLER CIGAR CO.,
326 West Superior Street.

ARE INVESTIGATING.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 21.—The Cudahy's think the letter found in Milwaukee has no connection with the abduction of their son, but are making inquiries into the matter. Young Edward today stated that the letter demanding a ransom was hurled into the yard by his abductors before they left the neighborhood of his home. In this case, the letter was dated one day ahead, the writer probably knowing that it would not be found until Wednesday morning. It was stated that the letter bore no signature, contrary to the first statement that it was signed "Jack."

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The cabinet meeting today was devoid of interest, no public business being transacted. It was expected that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, as amended by the senate yesterday, would be considered at the meeting with a view of arriving at a determination as to returning it to the British government. It was found, however, that the document has not yet passed through the hands of the recording clerks of the senate, so no reference was made to the treaty at the cabinet meeting.

Don't fail to see the grandest decorated meat market in the city at Henry Folz's.

"An Illustration of a Century" and calendar for the year 1901 free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.
GRAND UNION TEA CO.

DUER HAS GOOD SHOW

Montana Short Term Senatorship May Go to Fort Benton Man.

OLD LINE DEMOCRAT

He Will Probably Receive Some Republican Votes From Cattle Counties.

St. Paul, Dec. 21—A Havre, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: It is deemed more than possible that Charles E. Duer, of Fort Benton, may be chosen United States senator from Montana for the short term. Duer is a pioneer of the early 60's, extensive cattle and sheep owner and head of the famous Stockmen's National bank, an old line Democrat and warm friend of Senator Clark. He has the respect and confidence of all Eastern Montana. He will probably receive several Republican votes from cattle counties, certainly three Republicans from Choteau, his home county.

MURDER WILL OUT'

Since the Bertillon measurement system has been adopted in France the catching of criminals has been made comparatively easy. It is not always easy, however, to discover the perpetrators of murders like that of the unfortunate woman of the Rue Fontaine. Sometimes murderers have been sought for years, but every now and then the police have been favored by the merest chance in their pursuit of blood-stained malefactors. Pranzini, for instance, who murdered Marie Aguetant, her servant and the latter's child, was caught at Marseilles owing to the fact that he was too liberal with jewelry in a house of evil repute. He was caught by his own imprudence in a place where Paris detectives had not thought of looking for him.

Eyraud, who hanged the huissier Gouffe, gave himself away in a shop at Havana, and then in the street. He was looking at a portrait of himself in an illustrated paper on the counter of the shop, and suddenly exclaimed, to the surprise of those around him, "That's not like Eyraud." Then, checking himself, he went quickly out of the shop, and on the street saw a man named Gautier, whom he had known in Paris. Confused and frightened, the murderer went up to Gautier and asked him not to say anything. Had Eyraud passed quickly on he would not have been seen by Gautier, but he was so overcome by what had happened in the shop and by the sudden appearance of one who he thought was assuredly looking for him, that he lost his presence of mind. In a few hours he was in th hands of the police, owing to Gautier's information.

There have also been cases of murderers who wanted to give themselves up and found it difficult to do, says the London Daily Telegraph. Ducret, who strangled a woman in Rue de Trevise, went up to two policemen after his crime and asked them to arrest him. He was promptly told to move on and not to give bother. He then went to a restaurant, ordered a good dinner and courted arrest by his inability to pay the bill. The boniface had the murderer ejected by the waiters, as he did not want the trouble of going to court. Next day Ducret found a policeman who believed him. His adventures amused the jurors of the assizes court, and he escaped the guillotine, being condemned to a life sentence. There is also a stock story at the prefecture of the murderer who, wanting to give himself up, engaged a young barrister, who accompanied him to the office of a police commissary. There they found an inspector, who told them to call next morning, as the governor was away. "But," said the young barrister, "this gentleman, my client, is a murderer." "That has nothing to do with me," stolidly answered the inspector; "call tomorrow."

This very experience really happened to Gabrielle Bompard, the woman associated with Eyraud in the murder of Gouffe. She went to the prefecture of police in order to give herself up. She was received by an usher, who flew into a violent fit of passion because she insisted on seeing the prefect. The usher actually closed the door in her face, telling her that she could only see the prefect at a certain hour next day.

IT SHOCKED HIM.

An American firm of agricultural machine makers recently issued show cards representing the Goddess of Liberty, in scanty attire, driving a mowing machine drawn by Bengal tigers. They sent a large number of them to their Berlin agent, but advertising art had no charms for that genleman, as is shown by the following amusing letter of protest which he addressed to his employers, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

"The picture of your admirable machines of which I the receipt of 10,000 acknowledge, is not useful in this country, and it is of much regret to me that I request to return them permission. The women of our country, when by circumstances to do agricultural work compelled, do not dress as your picture shows is the custom in your wonderful country, and would not deem such garments with modesty to consist. Also we do not tigers for draught purposes cultivate; they do not belong to the country native, nor in our experience for such work well suited. I have to my customers explained with earnestness that your picture is a sinnibild (allegory), and does not mean that your admirable machine should be operated by women too little clothed, nor is it necessary that the place of horses shall by animals from the zoologischer garten be taken. I cannot use them as you instruct, and your further advises respectfully await."

ELECTRICITY METER.

A patent has been granted to Thomas A. Edison for a new type of electricity meter belonging to the class in which chemical reactions are called into play. Two zinc electroids of equal weight are suspended from a scale beam, each in a cell containing zinc sulphate solution, says the New York Sun. By a suitable shunt, a small, but definite portion of the current to be measured is sent through this apparatus so that while one electrode dissolves away the other increases in weight. This causes the scale beam to tip and, when a certain definite difference in weight is reached, to let one tooth of a wheel belonging to a small train of clockwork pass, at the same time throwing a switch which reverses the current flowing through the instrument. This reversal causes the scale beam, in time, to tip the other way, and the clockwork to move on by another tooth. Upon the clockwork are mounted the usual dials, such as are found on the familiar gas meter, which register the number of excursions of the scale beam. As these may be made to correspond each to a definite quantity of current passed by the apparatus the indications of the dial give a measurement of the total current. The instrument is especially interesting as an application of mechanical counting methods to the old chemical meter.

GERMAN-AMERICANS.

It is estimated that the number of Germans and their descendants in the United States is 15,000,000.

KEEPS HIM BUSY.

The German emperor has been known to change his costume twelve times in eighteen hours. His wardrobe contains more than 1000 suits.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

WHAT?

Would make a more appropriate Xmas Gift to a Father, a Brother, a Relative or a Friend than a Years Subscription to the DULUTH EVENING HERALD?

NOTHING!

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

WE WANT...

A 6 or 7-room house in London or Lester Park—Must be Cheap.
We have a bargain on East Second street.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Building.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 909 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Hotels.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON. 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1528 East South street.

Lost.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH WITH fob. Initials S. D. M. on case. Leave with Panton & White and receive reward.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Clock Repairing.

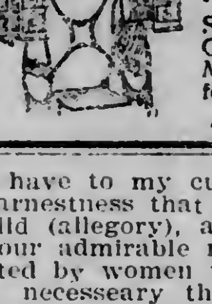
YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior street.

Sewing Machines.



Expert Machine Repairer.
Sewing Machines
For Sale from $6 to $22.
Sewing Machine Parts, Needles Oils and Attachments for all Machines. Sewing Machines for Rent. F. POPKIN,
410 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve,
Soldiers' Additional,
Pine and Iron Lands
Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUINDING.

Wanted—Female Help.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. APply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—SCHOOL GIRL DURING vacation to help days in small family. 429½ East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 528 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A COOK WITH REFERences at 1509 East Superior street. Mrs. C. A. Congdon. Apply evenings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 101 East Fourth street; Canadian girl preferred.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housework. Mrs. O. W. Baldwin, 222 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1102 East First street. High wages. No up stairs work.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 1121 East Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—PARTY WITH TWO TEAMS to haul logs by contract. Address David Mair, Colbyville, on Howard road.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker wishes work in families. Perfect fitter; the best of references given. Address 609 East Third street.

WANTED—AN HONEST AND RELIAble man would like a job to distribute circulars and samples. Call or address S. A. Ross, 416 East Fourth street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN A1 STENographer; experienced and best of references. K66, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION WHERE I CAN make myself handy—driving teams, etc. K 57, Herald.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 522 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Want to Buy---Farm Lands

IN WISCONSIN, MINNESOTA OR DAkota lands; large or small tracts, suitable for farming purposes. Charles O. Elwood, Scandinavian-American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

PIANO — CHICKERING, UPRIGHT, cost $850 last Christmas; $265 buys it. Beautiful tone, elegant case, just like new in every respect. Inquire room 2, Columbus building, First avenue west and Superior street.

FOR SALE—AN ANDREWS FOLDING bed. Hardly ever used and at a bargain Call 1632 East First street.

CAR LOAD FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Friday, Dec. 21, at No. 14-16 West First street. Will exchange for dry or fat cows. N. J. McCabe.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF CONFECtionary, cigars and tobaccos. Good location. Long lease. Must sell on account leaving city. K 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE FURNITURE FOR light housekeeping. 603 West First street. Inquire for Gearheart.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP. weight 1350. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 10 Mesaba block.

Medical.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

MEN NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists; or mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo. N. Y.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID CHANGE for a party wishing to go into business. The leading general store business in a lively little town in Otter Tail county. For further information address D 1, Herald office.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED—TO BUY, FOX TERRIER pup. Address; giving age and price, D 2 Herald.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Houses.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, 705 EAST FIFTH street, 5-room house, $7. 2102 West Third street, four rooms, city water, $7. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, $7 per month. 623 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE. 724 EAST Third street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM DWELLING WITH all modern conveniences in East End. New. Ready for occupancy about Dec. 1. Little & Nolte.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 132 West Fourth street.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE, 116 WEST MICHigan street, first story and basement from Jan. 1. Railroad track at the door. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—STORE. 20 EAST FOURTH street.

Wanted---To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT FURNISHED house in East End, from Feb. 1. Apply William Dalrymple, 501 Board of Trade.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 27, 1900. Installation of officers. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 28, 1900. Installation of officers. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 23, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers, Wednesday evening Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Work, election of officers. Henry D. Gee, H. P., W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 25, 1900. Christmas observances. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Astrology.

MRS. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, NO. 2 West First.

Board Offered.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAMheated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies. 121 West Superior street.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Commercial Investment Co., of Duluth, Minn.: You are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 303 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn., on Tuesday, January 1st, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of five directors for the ensuing year, and for the consideration of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 20, 1900.
G. A. ELDER,
Secretary,
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-21-1900.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife. 522 N. 56th ave, West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 376.

Carpets and Window Shades.

20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 710 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

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MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value. from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction .Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar....... Wolf Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mountain Iron .Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids,Crookston Grand Forks,Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. P'ts.	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 35 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
* 4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
* 7 30 pm	Minn. & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
* 11 15 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block- Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm *8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 30 am *7 30 pm

A Good Thing to Go by....

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.
J. G. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul Minn

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Firm, Eased Off But Recovered and Ruled Dull.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Argentine Shipments Were Light and Northwest Receipts Moderate.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 21.—The wheat market was extremely dull today, as usual just before the Christmas holiday, and this fact was responsible for lower prices. The news was of a bullish character and naturally would be expected to cause an advance in prices, but extreme dullness was discouraging to holders of long lines. The cables were firm, wheat at Liverpool closing ¼d higher. The Argentine shipments showed a heavy decreased as compared with last week and the corresponding period a year ago, while the Northwest receipts were moderate and a heavy demand for flour was reported. The market became firmer during the morning and the early loss was recovered. The close was unchanged from yesterday here and ⅛c higher at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛c off at 75¼c, sold down to 75c at 9:41, reacted to 75⅜c at 11:25 and was quoted at 75¼c at the close, the same as yesterday. Cash sales amounted to 25,000 bus at 3c under May for wheat to arrive and 4c under for wheat in store. It is estimated Duluth wheat stocks will show an increase of 400,000 bus this week. Corn declined ⅛c. Oats rose ½c and rye advanced ¼c. Barley was unchanged. Cash flax sold down 4c to $1.64 and flax to arrive declined 2c to $1.64. December flax opened 2c down at $1.66 and closed at $1.64, a net loss of 4c. May flax started unchanged at $1.64, declined to $1.62 and closed at $1.63, being 1c lower than yesterday. One sale of September flax was made at $1. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73c; to arrive, 73⅝c; December, 73c; May, 77¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71c; to arrive, 71⅜c; December, 71c; May, 75¼c. No. 2 northern, 61⅝@66⅝c. No. 3 spring, 52⅝@59⅝c. Oats, 24⅜@24¼c. Rye, 47¼c. Barley, 35-55c. Flax, cash, $1.64; to arrive, $1.62; December, $1.64; May, $1.63. Corn, 33⅝c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 90; corn, 85; oats 5; barley, 1; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 63,691 bus; corn, 13,607 bus; oats, 2368 bus; barley, 712 bus; rye, 1161 bus; flax, 16,565 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 5298 bus; barley, 1146 bus; flax, 1217 bus.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.71¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	71½
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus	71⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	62
No. 2 northern, 1 car	66
No. 2 northern, 1 car	64¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	66
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62
No. 2 northern, 1 car	64¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	56
No. 3 spring, 1 car	62¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	59
Rejected, 1 car	58
Rejected, 1 car	60
No grade, 1 car	58
No grade, 1 car	56
Flax, 3 cars, cash	1.66
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.37
Flax, 3 cars, rejected	1.35
Flax, 1 car, no grade	1.30
Flax, 3 cars, no grade	1.28
Flax, 1000 bus, rejected	1.00
Flax, 4000 bus, May	1.64
Flax, 2000 bus, May	1.63
Flax, 1000 bus, May	1.63

B. E. BAKER, Broker.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
307 Board of Trade, Duluth.
318 W. Sup. St., (St. Louis Hotel), Duluth.
48 Board of Trade, West Superior, Wis.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Market Was Dull and an Easy Tone Prevailed.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Grain and provision markets were alike victims of holiday dullness today. May wheat, although having firm cables, light Argentine shipments, moderate Northwest receipts and heavy flour demand to brace it up, opened only ⅛c higher at 73@73⅛c. This discouraged holders and the market fell to 72¾c. Local receipts were 165 cars, 32 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 546 cars, against 410 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 536,000 bus, compared with 712,000 bus the previous week and 1,024,000 bus a year ago.

On covering, December rose to 73¼@¾c and closed steady, ⅛c higher at 73@⅛c.

In corn, the December weakness furnished the only feature. The market for this delivery opened ¼@¾c lower at 40¼@39¾c and slumped during the first few minutes to 38c. Shorts took profits and bid the market up to 39¼c. January opened ⅛@¼c down at 36⅜c@36½c and sold to 36⅝c. May opened unchanged at 36@⅛c to 36⅛c and sold to 35⅞c. Receipts were 569 cars, none of contract grade.

May corn closed steady, ⅛@¼c lower at 35⅞@36c. December closed weak, 1½c down at 38¼c; January ½c lower at 36¼c.

Oats were flat. May opened a shade higher at 23⅝@¾c and sold at 23⅝c. Receipts were 22 cars.

Business in provisions was practically at a standstill during the first hour. Feeling was easier in sympathy with corn. January pork unchanged at $12.25; January lard, a shade lower at $6.85@6.87½, and January ribs a shade down at $6.30.

Close: Wheat, December, 69⅞@73c; January, 70¼@⅜c; February, 70⅝c; May, 73@⅛c. Corn, December, 38⅜c; January, 36¼c; February, 35½c; May, 35⅞@36c. Oats, December, 21½c; January, 21⅝c; February, 22½c; May, 23⅝c. Pork, December, $11.15; January, $12.20; May, $12.12½. Lard, December, $7.17½; January, $6.92½; May, $6.90. Ribs, December, $6.35; January, $6.27½@6.30; May, $6.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71¼@74¼c; No. 3 red, 70@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½@70¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@70¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 71¼@73¼c; No. 2 northern spring, 71¼@73¼c; No. 3 spring, 65@72c. Corn, No. 2, 39c; No. 3, 35¼@½c. Oats, No. 2, 22¼@23c; No. 3, 22c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.60; No. 1, $1.58; December, $1.58; May, $1.58. Rye, December, 46½c; January, 46¼c; May, 49¼c. Barley, cash, 38@61c. Timothy, December, $4.55; January, $4.55; March, $4.77. Clover, December, $10.25.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—The wheat market has been firm and when the remarkable dullness prevailing is taken into consideration the firmness might be characterized as strength. Range has been within ½c. Minneapolis reports large flour sales. Shipping sales small. The seaboard reports 8 loads. Argentine news conflicting. Snows' report bearish.

The corn market has been easy with the December leading with a decline of 2c a bushel. January and May off relatively. No support and but small offerings were effective in the case of the December, May and January sympathizing. Shipping demand is good, but there are no clearances and sales are limited. Local sales 50,000 bus; 14 loads at New York.

Continued dullness characterizes oats, which are featureless and show scarcely any action. Cash demand good, but cars scarcity restrictive.

In provisions the selling of January lard has been the feature, credited to Cudahy. Scattered buying evident and Armour also on that side. Hogs West, 76,000; against 70,000 last year. Estimates for tomorrow, 21,000.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
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Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
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Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
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Local Stocks, Real Estate,
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112 Exchange Bldg.

Land Scrip.
Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 74c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅛-¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	71B	71B	70¼-⅜	77¼
High		71⅛	70½	77½
Low		71	70⅛	77
Close	71B	71⅛-¼	*70¼-⅜	77N
May—				
Open	75¼B	74	73-⅛	79
High	75⅜	74¼	73¼	79½
Low	75	73¾-⅞	72¾-⅞	78¾
Close	75¼B	74⅛	73-⅛A	79A

* January.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. Jan.
Open	23⅝	36-⅛@36⅛	$12.25
High	23⅝-¾	36⅛	12.25
Low	23⅝	35⅞	12.20
Close	23⅝	35⅞	12.20

WHEAT MOVEMENTS.

	Receipts.	Shipments
New York	213,525	7,955
Philadelphia	48,589	1,301
Baltimore	2,838	....
Toledo	10,101	19,600
Detroit	8,000	....
St. Louis	49,000	27,000
Boston	15,282	....
Chicago	182,250	12,900
Milwaukee	45,750	....
Minneapolis	216,370	36,200
Kansas City	76,800	59,400
Duluth	63,091	5,398

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Close: Wheat, cash, 72⅝c; May, 74⅛c; July, 75⅛@½c. On track, No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72⅝c; No. 2 northern, 67⅝@69⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 21.—Close: Wheat, December, 77c; March, 79½c; May, 79c. Corn, December, 46c; January, 42½c; May, 41¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 21.—Close, wheat steady, ¼d higher. February, 6s ¼d; March, 6s ½d. Corn, quiet, ⅛@¼d lower. January, 3s 10⅜d; March, 3s 9d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Cattle, receipts, 31,000. Strong. Good to prime steers, $5.25@6.00; poor to medium, $3.60@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.40; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.60; Texas steers, $3.25@4.85. Hogs, receipts today, 24,000; tomorrow, 23,000; left over, 3228. Steady to weak. Mixed and butchers, $4.70@4.95; good to choice heavy, $4.75@4.95; rough heavy, $4.60@4.70; light, $4.65@4.90; bulk of sales, $4.80@4.87½. Sheep, receipts, 3000. Strong. Sheep, $3.25@4.25; lambs, $4.00@5.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 7266; hogs, 30,024; sheep, 9903. Shipments—Cattle, 3741; hogs, 1090; sheep, 3022.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report trade light and concentrated on the better grades. The northern orders less urgent, and attendance of buyers lighter. The market in general characterized with the usual dullness of a holiday season. Receipts, however, were steady, placing a number of excellent quality drafters on the market. Prices weakened materially and effected a loss on all consignments. Values for today as follows:

Drafters, extra	$135@175
Drafters, choice	100@135
Drafters, common to good	85@100
Farm mares, choice	75@105
Farm mares, common to good	45@ 60

BIG TRADE IN WHEAT.

Made Some Weeks Ago But Its Size Makes It Interesting.

Large deals are a very common thing on the Duluth board of trade and a great many are closed that no one ever hears anything of, but the record-breaker was made about sixty days ago. It is somewhat ancient history now, but the recording of trades on the board's register is a matter that is optional with the dealers and if they do not want to make them public for reasons of their own, they simply do not record them. This trade, though made so long ago, is of interest nevertheless because of its magnitude. Spencer, Moore & Co. bought in one single transaction from F. H. Peavey, of Minneapolis, 2,750,000 bushels of grain in store in the elevators a&t the head of the lakes. This was a trade involving about $2,000,000 and the whole thing was concluded in a few moments' time.

POULTRY GOES NO HIGHER.

Price Is Fairly Firm But Approaching Holidays Bring No Rise.

An easy feeling pervades the Michigan street market, even penetrating the poultry line, which ought to be active, if any, in view of the approach of the holidays. Poultry holds fairly firm, however, in spite of the lack of briskness, the receipts being rather light, and the stock of unfrozen goods being pretty well cleaned up. Chickens were 7½@9c and turkeys ruled around 10c.

Storage eggs sagged off a little more, No. 1 being quoted at 22@23c, against 23@24c the previous day. Countries held at 25@26c.

Choice creamery butter was quoted at 23@25c, and prints at 26@27c. Fancy dairies, 18@20c.

Cheese was unchanged and rather quiet.

In grain, hay and feed, changes are to a lower level, with the exception of oats, which are up ½c, at 28c car lots.

Corn, car lots, sacked, is 40c, a decline of 1 cent.

Hay is 50c off, the figures being $14.00 on upland and $16.00 on timothy.

Feed and cracked corn are 25c lower, at $15.15.

Meats are unchanged, as are vegetables and fruit in general.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	26	@ 27
Creamery, choice, tubs	23	@ 27
Dairies, fancy	18	@ 20
Dairy, fair	16	@ 17
Packing stock	11	@ 12
EGGS.		
Fresh	25	@ 26
Storage	22	@ 23
CHEESE.		
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½	@ 13
Full cream, new	12½	@ 13
Twins, full cream	11½	@ 12
Full cream Young America	14	
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14	@ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@ 13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13	
Primos	6	@ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	16	@ 17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Golden rod	14	@ 15
Dark honey	13	@ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus.	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50	
Filberts, per lb	13	@ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14	
Cocoanuts, per doz	3 25	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	13	@ 15
FRUITS.		
Apples, eating	3 50	@ 4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75	@ 3 00
King apples	4 50	@ 5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10	@ 1 50
California lemons	3 50	@ 4 00
Mexican oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 25	@ 1 75
Florida oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
California navel oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Winter Nellis pears	2 40	@ 2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	8 00	@ 8 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18	@ 20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50	@ 8 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 25	@ 2 50
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@ 3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@ 4
Choice, per lb	3	@ 3½
VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@ 40
Turnips, white	30	@ 40
Garlic, per lb	10	
Beets	50	@ 60
Potatoes, per bus	52	@ 55
Parsley, per doz	25	@ 30
Cauliflower, per doz	2 00	@ 2 25
Radishes, doz	75	@ 85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50	@ 1 75
Wax beans	5 25	@ 5 50
Celery	30	@ 40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	@ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25	@ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10	@ 1 25
Carrots	45	@ 50
Oyster plant, per doz	45	@ 50
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Mint, per doz	30	@ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potato	4 00	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Chickens	8	@ 10
Turkeys	9	@ 11
Ducks	9	
Geese	9	
MEATS.		
Mutton	6½	@ 7
Lamb	7	@ 7½
Veal, Good	7	
Veal, fancy	8	
Beef, dressed	5	@ 7
Hogs	7	
Pork loins	8	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	40	
Oats, car lots, sacked	28	
Hay, upland	14 00	
Hay, timothy	16 00	
Feed, No. 1	15 50	
Cracked corn	15 50	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 21.—Butter, receipts, 3854 packages. Steady. Creamery, 17@25c; June creamery, 17@23c; factory, 11½@16c. Cheese, receipts, 2191 packages. Steady. Fancy large, fall made, 11¼@½c; fancy small, fall made, 11¾@12c. Eggs, receipts 5856 packages. Steady. State and Pennsylvania, 24@26c; Western regular packing at mark, 20@23¾c; Western, loss off, 25c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Butter, dull. Creameries, 15@23½c; dairies, 12½@20c. Eggs, dull. Fresh, 20c. Dressed poultry quiet. Turkeys, 8½c; chickens, 6½@7c.

WANTED—A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

LEVY BILL.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Chairman Southard of the house committee on coinage will call a meeting soon after the holidays to take up the bill suggested by the New York chamber of commerce and introduced by Mr. Levy, providing for the exchangeability of gold for all kinds of money when presented at the treasury. It is expected that hearings will be given to Secretary Gage relative to the proposed change.

Don't fail to see the grandest decorated meat market in the city at Henry Folz's.

MURDERER CONFESSES.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 21.—Samuel Vancouver today confessed to the brutal murder and robbery of Miss Mine Hall, a widow, and her 16-year-old son, Charles, in the mountain hamlet of Boone's Fork, Nov. 13 last. Vancouver lived at the aHll home and on his testimony Solomon and Elijah Fleming were arrested, indicted for murder and narrowly escaped lynching. Vancouver had $400, part of the proceeds of his crime, sewed in his clothes, when he confessed.

SHOOTING MATCH.

Tallahasse, Fla., Dec. 21.—In a shooting affray over business affairs, at Sohchoppi, thirty miles from here, between State Senator Rouse, Edward Nims, W. J. Edwards and Frank Walker, Rouse and Nims were killed. The other two were wounded.

CRUISER GROUNDED.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The navy department received a cablegram from Admiral Remey today, saying the cruiser Albany went aground in Subig bay, but has been floated off.

The extent of the damage to the ship is not stated.

VESSEL ASHORE.

Philadelphia, Dec. 21.—A tug unknown schooner is reported ashore on Hen and Chicken shoal, just below Cape Henlopen. The wind is so fierce that the life-savers are unable to send any assistance to the crew.

CHICAGO BLAZE.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Sears, Roebuck & Co.'s 5-story warehouse, at 171-179 West Adams street, was damaged to the extent of $50,000 by fire today. The flames started in the rear of the building, which was filled with goods of all descriptions, and spread with such rapidity that, by the time the fire engines appeared, the first, second and third floors were a mass of flames. In half an hour, however, the firemen got the fire under control.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Northern Pacific Went Off Early But Support Caused an Advance.

CLOSING WAS FIRM

Renewed Support In Brooklyn Transit Stiffened the Market Near End.

New York, Dec. 21.—There was but little trace of yesterday's heavy liquidation at the opening of business today. Prices were a shade above and below the final figures of yesterday, with the international group depressed in sympathy with the weakness abroad. Northern Pacific was dealt in ex-dividend of 1 per cent and on simultaneous transactions of 8000 shares at from 82 to 83. The close yesterday, 81⅝. Erie moved up to 26 on purchases of 300 shares. A break in the local traction stocks of 1 to 1¼ on account of disappointing tarnings for November of Brooklyn Rapid Transit added to the irregularity after the opening, Lake Erie & Western lost 2⅝. Northern Pacific went off nearly a point, but support was developed and the price rese nearly 3 points over last night, allowing for the dividend off. Missouri Pacific became aggressively strong, with a rise of 1¾, Atchison, common, gained 2⅜, the preferred 1⅝, Sugar 1¾, Tobacco 2¼ and a number of other stocks a point or more. General Electric rose 10 points to 193 on light dealings. The general market became strong, but was relativell quiet.

The Southern group of railroad stocks were in demand, Louisville rising 2 and Southern, common and preferred a point each. Burlington rose 2¼ from the lowest, touching 141. Metropolitan Street Railway, which broke to 170¾ without a check, suddenly rallied 3 points. Stocks which had risen in the first hour fell back, notably Wisconsin Central, preferred, which yielded 2. General Electric brought 195, but reacted 4 points. New York, Chicago & St. Louis, second preferred, slumped 5¼ and rallied 2. A number of minor stocks gained from 1 to 2, including Chicago Great Western, preferred B, Evansville & Terre Haute and Des Moines & Fort Dodge. Northern Pacific fell back to near the lowest and St. Paul reacted a point. Tennessee Coal broke 2¾ points. The market was highly irregular at noon. Bonds were strong and active.

Southern Pacific reached 45 and this, with an advance in St. Paul to 135, had a bracing effect on the market. The grangers and Pacifics were most affected. Profit taking carried prices off, St. Paul and Brooklyn Transit reacting a point. Renewed support in Brooklyn Transit stiffened the market and the closing was firm and active.

Stock—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Sugar	130¾	135½	130¾	135⅝
Atchison common.	43⅛	46	43⅛	45⅞
Tobacco	110	112¼	110	112
People's Gas	99½	100¼	99¼	99⅞
Am. Steel Wire	43½	44⅛	43¼	43⅞
C. B. & Q.	139⅜	141¼	138¾	140⅞
C., M. & St. P.	133	135	132⅞	134⅛
L. & N.	85½	87⅜	85½	86⅞
Rock Island	118	119⅜	117⅞	119⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	80¾	81¼	80½	80⅛
Union Pacific pfd.	83	83¾	82⅞	83¼
Manhattan	112¼	113	111	112½
Atchison pfd	86½	88	86⅜	87⅞
Missouri Pacific	67¼	69	67	68⅞
Southern Pacific	42⅞	44⅞	42⅞	44⅞
N. P. preferred	89½	89½	88½	89
U. P. common	76¾	77¾	76⅝	77⅞
N. P. common	82	84	82	83½
Brooklyn Transit	78	80⅝	77¼	80¼
Federal Steel com.	53½	54¼	53¼	53⅞
Federal Steel pfd	78½	78¾	78½	78½
T. C. I.	64½	64½	61¾	62¾
Illinois Central	130½	130½	129	129
rGeat Northern	189	189	189	189

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Dec. 21.—Close: Adventure, 10½; Allouez, 2½@3; Anaconda, 48½@49; Arcadian, 21½; Arnold, 4½@5; Amalgamated, 92½; Atlantic, 26¾@27¼; Baltic, 30½@31½; Bingham, 15½; Bonanza, 1¼@½; Boston and Montana, 322; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 83@84; Calumet and Hecla, 805@810; Centennial, 21¾; Cochita, 9½@10; Copper Range, 32; Dominion Coal, 36¼@37; Elm River, 5⅝; Franklin, 15¼@16; Humboldt, 10c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 38¼; Mass, 14; Michigan, 5; Mohawk, 24; Old Colony, 4½; Old Dominion, 30¾@31; Osceola, 73½@74; Oil, 11¾@12; Parrott, 49½; Pioneer, 25c; Quincy, 175; Rhode Island, 4½; Santa Fe, 6¾@7; Tamarack, 305; Tecumseh, 1½@2; Tri-Mountain, 20; Union Land, 3¼@½; Utah, 23½; Victoria, 3½; Winona, 4⅜; Wolverine, 45½@46; Wyandotte, 1⅛@½; Zinc, 13.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Clearings, $24,301,933; balances, $2,189,981. Posted exchange, $4.82@4.86; New York exchange, 35c premium.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Dec. 21, 4 p. m.—Consols for money, 97; for the account, 97⅛.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 21.—Cotton opened quiet and firm with prices unchanged to points higher and for a brief period exhibited all the essentials of a healthy, though semi-holiday affair. Cables eased off later and prices here were quickly affected, declining 8 to 10 points.

Cotton spot closed dull and irregular at an advance of ¼c. Middling uplands, 10 5-16c; middling gulf, 10 9-16c; sales, 100 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. December, $10.05; January, $9.62; February, $9.44; March, $9.42; April, $9.37; May, $9.35; June, $9.32; July, $9.28; August, $9.04; September, $8.42; October, $8.03.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 21.—Money on call, nominally, 4½@5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steadier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84½@½ for demand, and at $4.80½@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.81@½ and $4.85@½; commercial bills, $4.79¾@4.80¼; silver certificates, 64@65c; bar silver, 63⅝c; Mexican dollars, 50c. Government bonds, irregular; refunding 2s, registered, $1.05; coupon, $1.05½; 3s, registered, $1.10¼; coupon, $1.10¼; new 4s, registered, $1.38¼; coupon, $1.38¼; old 4s, registered, $1.15¼; coupon, $1.16¼; 5s, registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13½.

COUNTERS AND SHOW CASES FOR SALE CHEAP.
One Cent Store — 116 West Superior St
P. S. KNOWLTON.

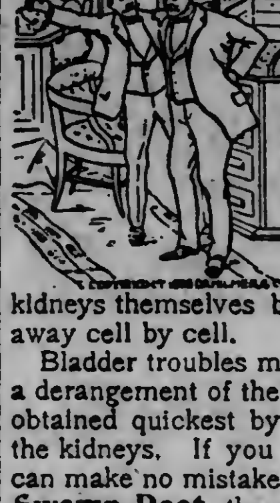
Can Keep the Rooms.

Judge Ensign has filed an order reversing the judgment of the municipal court at Ely in the case of P. R. Vail against A. J. Thomas. The suit was one of unlawful detainer, the plaintiff seeking to recover the possession of two front rooms in a building in Ely. The court there gave him the rooms, but the court here finds that there was error in the proceedings in the municipal court and reverses the judgment, permitting Mr. Thomas to keep his rooms.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.



Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

MUNICIPALITIES' SIDE.

Hearing on Bill For Enforcing Judgments Against Them.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The judiciary committee of the house has fixed Jan. 11 for hearing the reports of municipalities relative to the bill proposing to give the federal courts means of enforcing their judgments against municipalities. An important departure from existing law is involved in the proposition, and one affecting all cities and towns who borrow money on bonds or otherwise. At present, there is no means of enforcing judgments of the federal courts on these obligations and many peculiar conditions have arisen in Missouri, Wisconsin and Texas through efforts to enforce them.

The United States supreme court has ruled that mandamus against the local tax officers, to compel them to put the obligation on the tax rolls, is the only remedy. But in several cases the local officials have avoided the mandamus by resigning. Several exciting incidents have occurred in some of the cases, the local officials taking to the woods to avoid service. The judgment creditors, representing directly and indirectly many millions of claims against municipalities, have been heard by the judiciary committee and it is now desired to hear from the municipal debtor class on Jan. 11. Representatives Jones, chairman of the sub-committee, having the matter in charge, says it is the first instance in which the power of the federal courts is sought to be extended to municipalities.

WRONG MAN.

A Mob In Mississippi Hangs the Wrong Man By Mistake.

Gulfport, Miss., Dec. 21.—Henry Lewis, the alleged negro murderer of Marshal Richardson, has not been caught. The negro lynched here yestrday, was a cousin of the alleged murderer, and wholly innocent of the crime.

SUPREME COURT RULING.

An Action Lies For Damages By Escaping Gas.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—Justice Lewis, of the supreme court, today reversed the Ramsey district court in the case of Christ Hansen, appellant, vs. the St. Paul Gas Light company, respondent. Hansen, who is a St. Paul florist, sued for $20,500 damages on account of the destruction of flowers and plants by gas escaping from the mains of the company. In the district court, the company demurred to the complaint, holding that it stated no cause of action, and the demurrer was sustained. Appeal was taken from this order and the district court is reversed. The case will now be tried on its merits in the lower court.

GET THEIR DOSES.

New York, Dec. 21.—Recorder Goff today sentenced Henry Zeimer, one of the heads of a fradulent divorce bureau, to ten years in state prison, and James Holden, alias Frank Wilson, a professional co-respondent, to three years in state prison. Mrs. Bryde Herrick and Mary Thompson, who said they had testified falsely in divorce cases, were allowed to go under suspension of sentence.

BRITISHER WRECKED.

Miama, Fla., Dec. 21.—The large English steamer reported ashore last night on Elbow reef, thirty-five miles south of Miami, is said to be the Mound Oswald. Its cargo of coal is being discharged by wreckers. A number of small wrecks are reported today.

Tour of All Mexico'

Special train tour of all Mexico has been arranged by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in connection with the well-known American Tourist association, Mr. Reau Campbell, general manager.

Party will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Jan. 21, 1901, going via Chicago, St. Louis and San Antonio and New Orleans. Chicago will be reached on return trip Feb. 28 and Twin Cities March 1.

Price of ticket includes every possible expense—railroad and sleeping car fares, meals, hotels, guides, etc.

Write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, or call at "The Milwaukee" offices for price of tickets, complete itinerary and other information.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.

Albany, N Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

Dr. Bull's
COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

The Great Slaughter Sale of Clothing Still going on. First-class Merchandise at 10 % less than cost.

All $18.00, $20.00, $22.00, $24.00 and $25.00 suits go at	$14.95
All $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $16.00 suits go at	$9.95
All $8.00, $8.50, $9.00 and $10.00 suits go at	$6.95
All $20.00 Cninchilla overcoats go at	$14.95
All $22.00 Covert Cloth overcoats go at	$9.95
All $10.00 and $12.00 Covert Cloth coats go at	$6.95

The backward season has left our tables loaded and we will unload by January 1st if prices will do it. For handsome Christmas presents we are loaded with fancy Suspenders, Neckwear, Mufflers, Night Robes, silk lined Gloves and Mittens, fancy Hosiery, handsome handkerchiefs—from 25c to $2.00 and everything in that line.

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING.

KENNEY & CAMPBELL
329 West Superior Street, Duluth.

RACE TO POLE

American and Norwegian-Italian Expeditions Will Struggle to Be First.

America Will Win If Men and Money Can Do It.

Next summer will witness the entry of two expeditions into the Arctic zone and the goal of each will be the North Pole. In one Norway and Italy, the north of Europe and the south, join forces in a great endeavor to plant their flags side by side on the spot so many have sought and so many have died vainly attempting to reach. The duke of Abruzzi, a prince of the House of Savoy, fresh from one successful journey in the arctic desolation, and Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian, who next to him has penetrated farthest into the frozen north, will lead all Italy and Scandinavia cheering them on. In the other party an American explorer, comparatively unknown, backed by American private citizens, will set out resolved that if human daring and skill can accomplish it the Stars and Stripes shall be unfurled first of all the nations' flags where none has flown yet. It is to be a race to the pole, a friendly race the American says, but none the less determined for that.

"I believe that the North Pole can be discovered," says the American who backs the enterprise, in the New York Sun, "and if money and the right men for the work can succeed it shall be reached and the first flag to be planted there shall be the Stars and Stripes."

"I am convinced that the pole can be reached," says the American who will undertake the risk, "and I think I know how to get there. I'll do all that mortal man can do to take the flag there and I believe I will succeed."

Next year he will make his attempt and Nansen and the duke of Abruzzi will make theirs. Neither party is telling the world much about its plans, but each has a clearly defined scheme of its own which will be followed, and in the preparation for the task neither money nor hard work is being spared on either side.

Recently it was announced that Evelyn B. Baldwin, who once was in the Arctic with Perry, was to lead the newest planned American expedition to the North pole, and William Ziegler, the New Yorker who has made millions in business ventures in a dozen directions and has never yet been bested in anything he undertook, was to finance the enterprise. They have not sought publicity at this stage of the plans for the journey and neither is anxious to talk yet about what it is expected to do and how it is to be managed, but the work of preparing for the expedition is going steadily on and when the time comes nothing that forethought and money can provide will be wanting to ensure success.

Mr. Baldwin has a plan which he has spent years in maturing to reach the pole. He has revealed this plan to three capitalists, and each of the three has been willing to back him. Mr. Ziegler's backing was accepted. It will be amply sufficient, Mr. Baldwin says. Mr. Ziegler says that he is prepared, as a patriotic American, to spend $1,000,000 and more, if necessary, to place the flag post on the North pole, and he believes that Baldwin, carrying out his plan, will take it there. What that plan is Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Ziegler both decline to tell at present. If a survey of Mr. Baldwin's career may give a hint here it is:

He was born in the camp of the Illinois regulars at Springfield, Mo., and he is now 38 and unmarried. His father was a captain in the regiment and later was lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Missouri cavalry. Young Baldwin was graduated from the Northwestern college at Naperville, Mo. He had as classmates, J. A. and M. T. Snyder, now known as the banana kings of Colombia. At 22 Baldwin tramped through Europe, earning his expenses as he went. He studied meteorology and for a time was connected with the weather bureau at Washington and various stations in the South and West. Meteorology led his fancy to Arctic exploration, and in 1893 he volunteered to accompany the second Peary expedition and was accepted. He went with the party as meteorologist, and therefore studied especially atmospheric conditions in the Arctic. The expedition got as far north as the great ice cap on the head of the Humboldt glacier in Greenland, traveling along the backbone of Greenland at a great altitude by a mile or more than any other expedition, and it reached latitude 80.

The party was in the Arctic from June, 1893, to October, 1894, so that throughout an entire Arctic season the young explorer had particular opportunities to observe atmospheric conditions at a high altitude. He returned with Lieut. Peary at the end of 1894. Three years later he hurried to Spitzbergen in the hope of accompanying the ill-fated Andree on his balloon voyage to the Pole. There was no room for him in the car which carried away Andree and his two companions into the unknown, and he returned disappointed. The next year he accompanied the Wellman expedition to Franz Josef Land. He returned with his own plan for finding the North Pole.

It happened early this year and only a few months after his return that he accepted an invitation from his old classmates, the Snyders, to visit their plantation in Colombia with them. On the trip he told of his polar plan. The Snyders thought well of it and offered to fit out an expedition for him, but they discussed the plan first with their cousin, William Ziegler, while on a visit to him in this city. Mr. Ziegler heard the project, considered it, sent for Baldwin and heard him and then announced that he would finance the expedition, if there was to be one, himself. Baldwin joyfully accepted and that is how it happens that a New York business man is to be responsible for an expedition to the Pole, pledged to get there before any Italian or Norwegian.

Nansen's last plan to reach the Pole was to drift northward with the ice over or past it and back to open water and civilization. He was stopped at latitude 86.14, the highest point attained then since the Greely expedition of 1881-84, which had to return from latitude 83.24. Abruzzi, in his last journey, followed the method of older explorers, to drift northward till frozen in and then sled it as far north as possible. He reached the highest point yet attained, latitude 86.32. Andree, whose friends have now abandoned hope of ever seeing him again, went northward by balloon from Spitzbergen three years ago last July. Probably no other man who advocated an apparently chimerical theory ever received more attention and respect in advancing it than Andree. He supported his scheme of polar ballooning with so many scientific facts and his own attainments in science were so creditable that not one of the international congresses and European learned societies which heard him could utterly condemn his plan for reaching the Pole after they had studied his reasons for believing it feasible. Mr. Baldwin grows enthusiastic when he speaks of Andree.

"Andree's theory was all right," he said, in conversation a few days ago. "He was no mere ascensionist. He was a navigator and had made a number of previous voyages successfully. I volunteered to go with him, but I was disappointed. Perhaps it is as well, for I fear now that he and his companions are dead. I don't believe, though, that they perished in the way many people suppose. I believe that they descended all right. But they were only three men, and I fear that in making their way back over the broken ice the end came. They may have been carried away in the ice and starved to death. But the North Pole can be reached."

The Baldwin expedition, as it may be called, will probably be the largest ever sent into the Arctic. While no one but the promoters yet know how many persons will comprise it the number is likely to be little short of forty, and may be larger. None has yet been chosen, but the expedition will be manned chiefly by men who have had experience in the Arctic. Included will be experts in geographical charting, geology, botany and meteorology. Mr. Baldwin says that he, himself, will pay special attention to the upper currents of air. Dogs and sledges will be taken. Whether a balloon will be also used none has learned. Two steamships will be used. It will not be necessary to build them as there are steam whalers to be bought or chartered, which properly strengthened and fitted up, in Mr. Baldwin's opinion, will serve the purpose of Arctic exploration just as well as the Fram, Dr. Nansen's specially designed vessel. Provisions for five years will be carried.

As to the route to be followed Mr. Baldwin says he will avail himself of the latest information. Peary and Sverdrup are both still in the Arctic. Peary has been away two years. He has not been heard from since September, 1899, when some members of his party returned and his steamer, the Windward, has now gone to find him. While neither Peary nor Sverdrup is expected this fall, either explorer may come out any day with the ice along the coast of rGeenland with information which would materially modify or wholly change the plans of the newer adventurers.

The duke of the Abruzzi's last expedition cost $500,000, of which the late King Humbert contributed one-fourth. Unlimited means are at the disposal of Mr. Baldwin, his backer says. The only condition is that he shall reach the North Pole, or that at least the rival expedition shall not reach the Pole first. That is all that either Mr. Baldwin or Mr. Ziegler will tell about their plans now, as negotiations are now in progress which might be upset by publicity.

"All that I can say for the present," said Mr. Baldwin when he was last seen, "is that the object of this expedition will be first and foremost to get to the North Pole. Anything else accomplished will be incidental. At the same time anything that can be accomplished in another direction without affecting the main object of the expedition will be carefully considered. The men who will start will be no novices i nthe science of Arctic exploration. We shall have abundant supplies, the best and latest scientific apparatus, and I feel as sure as a man can be that we will succeed.

"The greatest difficulty will be to decide who is not to go. So many good men want to go that it will be a hard matter to choose. I have applications from scores of men. They come from the highest educational institutions, from the navy, from the army and from men who have undergone hardship in many parts of the world. Those are the men I want, but I shall take no one with whose qualitie, personalities and experience I am not well acquainted. I have put in seven years' hard work on my plan, and no care on my part will be grudged now to insure its success. And I mean to succeed."

It is about 241 miles from latitude 86.33, where Abruzzi's party turned back, to the Pole. Traveling over the ice at the slow rate at which progress in the Arctic is only possible a party could hardly cover that distance in less than a month. That is the nearest human endeavor in centuries of effort has yet penetrated to the secret of the Arctic.

LARGEST HOP YARDS.

In Sonoma, Sacramento, Mendocino, Alameda, Yolo, Yuba and San Joaquin counties hops are extensively and successfully grown, says the San Francisco Chronicle. The plantations of the state combined would form one enormous area of 7500 acres, a far-reaching expanse of valley land, nearly twelve miles square and containing more than 9,000,000 hop vines, yielding in a favorable season almost $2,000,000 worth of dried hops.

It is not generally known, but the largest hops yards in the world are in California, along the Sacramento, Russian and Feather rivers, and the very biggest hop field on earth is at Pleasanton, in Alameda county, where there are 368 acres, with more than 445,000 vines under one wire.

As the picking must all be done by hand and within the short season when the blossoms are at their best, an army of people has to be suddenly mustered for the harvest. The mild climate conditions that favor the development of the hop and the pleasant inland valleys where it is grown, combine to make hop picking something of a summer time delight, for the work is neither difficult nor arduous and the pay is fair.

There are but two drawbacks to hop-picking. One is so called hop-poisoning, which is simply a sort of prickly heat or rash sometimes produced by contact of face and arms with the nettle-like fuzz on the stalks of the hop vine. It does not affect all pickers. The other is the dark staining of the hands resulting from the resin of the blossom. It may be removed by rubbing with the crushed green leaves of the hop.

Headquarters for Christmas Slippers Is at—

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,

The Bargain Shoe Store of Duluth, 111 West Superior Street.

Men's, Women's and Children's Slippers.

We have the largest and most complete stock of slippers for Men, Women and Children in the city, and all must go at the following special low prices for TOMORROW and MONDAY:

For Ladies, Misses and Children.

300 pairs Ladies' $2.00 Fur Trimmed Nullifiers, made of felt or quilted satin, colors red, green, brown, old gold or black. Here only— **$1.48**

150 pairs Ladies' $1.25 Felt Fur Trimmed Nullifiers, leather soles, here only **89c**

Ladies' 90c Fur Trimmed Leather Sole Felt Slippers, here only **69c**

Ladies' 75c Glove Kid, Warm Lined or all Felt Slippers, here only **49c**

Ladies' $1.50 and Foxed Felt Shoes, lace or button, here only **98c**

Misses' all Felt Slippers, red or black, here only **35c**

Child's all Felt Slippers, red or black, here only **29c**

Men Shall Have Slippers at Christmas. That's the time-honored decree, and we have taken special care that they shall have them in grand varieties in alligator, brown and black kid, soft Russia, in various shades and all the different shapes.

Men's $1.00 Alligator or Fancy Embroidered Velvet Slippers, all sizes, here only **75c**

Men's $1.25 Fancy Alligator Slippers, here only **98c**

Men's $1.50 Kid Slippers, tan or black, four different styles, all sizes, here only **$1.19**

Men's $1.75 Tan Goat Romeo Slippers, here only **$1.39**

Men's $2.00 Tan or Black Kid Romeo or Opera Slippers, here only **$1.48**

Boys' and Youths' 75c Velvet Slippers, here only **59c**

Felt Shoes for Men and Women at Lowest Prices in the City.

OVERSHOES.

Ladies' Storm Alaskas, all sizes, new toes **63c**

Children's first grade black Arctics or Storm Alaskas, worth 75c, for **49c**

Men's Storm Alaskas, all sizes **98c**

Kulture Shoes Make Ideal Gifts

No surer way of reaching the heart of a woman than by presenting her with a pair of the famous "Kulture Shoes." They are as graceful as they are easy and comfortable, and they fit the feet, as nature intended. Kulture Shoes are only to be had of us in this city, price **$3.50**

If you do not know the size, we will change them after the Holidays.

IN MICHIGAN.

Oliver Iron Company May Buy the Cambria and Lillie Mines.

Negaunee—It is generally believed that the Oliver Iron company is about to acquire the Cambria and Lillie mines on the Teal Lake range properties, which have been controlled and wrought by the Republic Iron and Steel company for a year or so and which were opened up and originally worked by Negaunee mining men. Thomas F. Cole, of Ironwood, and Dr. Nelson P. Hulst, of Milwaukee, spent a day underground at the two properties. Their procedure was the first intimation Negaunee people obtained that there was likely to be a change of ownership.

The Oliver people were first attracted to the Teal Lake range when the explored and purchased the Hartford mine, which had been worked on a small scale by Benjamin Neely, of Negaunee. They are opening a big shaft at this mine which promises to develop very promisingly. Permanent buildings have been erected and thousands of dollars have already been expended in preliminary work. Once the workings are opened the Hartford will be an important producer.

The Cambria and Lillie mines have been Negaunee's standbys. When the other groups in the neighborhood suspended operations on account of hard times, the Cambria and Lillie worked along with good forces of men without cessation. During the years of the panic they never missed a pay day. The majority of the people would not regret to see the properties pass into the hands of the Oliver company, as it is generally believed such a deal would insure their continuous operation. Just now they are working but one shift, or half handed, the reduction having been made a few months back when the iron market began to look wobbly.

The Teal Lake range is regarded as a very promising field for development and it is thought that once the Oliver people get firmly seated there some magnificent properties will be developed. The ore is of a very fair grade and commands ready sale. State Senator Alexander Maitland has directed the operations at the Cambria and Lillie properties for many years.

Houghton—The Calumet and Hecla mine has made large reductions in its force during the last ninety days. Local estimates of froom 1200 to 1500 men let out are probably too high, but it is believed that the force of the mine has been reduced by nearly 1000.

Head Mining Captain Thomas Whittle of the Quincy, is introducing a new miners' lamp among the under-captains and bosses at the mine. The new lamp is built in shape similar to a dark lantern and is fed by acetylene gas. The lamp burns about five hours before it becomes necessary to recharge with carbide and at this rate the cost of light is only about 1¼ cents per day to the miner.

The Calumet and Hecla company has started a new system for handling the water at the north end of the mine. It has been working since Monday and the test has proven highly satisfactory in every way. Hereafter, all the water from the north end of the mine will be taken out through the Red Jacket in immense tanks built for the purpose. The old system of pumps i nthe other shafts will not be used.

The gamblers who had for some time past made their headquarters in Houghton and who were forced to leave the village Tuesday night by an order issued by Mayor Croze, are not in Hancock, it is stated.

The Calumet and Hecla has greatly reduced its output from the amygdaloid shafts and the shipments of that grade of rock to the mills at Lake Linden are small. The company, however, is increasing the output of conglomerate rock from the old workings and shipments of that grade to the mills are heavy. It is thought that the present rate will be kept up as far as the conglomerate is concerned.

Frank Visneau, of Dollar Bay, was perhaps fatally crushed yesterday morning by rolling logs while working in the woods near Ricedale on the Copper Range railroad for the contracting firm of Heughens & Hall. One side of his face was crushed in, one ear almost torn off and his chest badly hurt.

The second head in the new Quincy mill will go into commission immediately after Christmas.

Calumet—August Lahti, well known in this city and prominently connected with the Finnish Co-operative association, has left Calumet for parts unknown and knowledge of his whereabouts is greatly desired by one woman and several men. At the last term of circuit court a judgment was rendered against Lahti in the sum of $1600 in a breach of promise suit. The action was brought by Minnie Warra, also of this city. Mrs. Warra is a widow with three children. The widow claimed that Lahti had trifled with her affections in a most shameful manner and she only took the matter into court when it became evident that he was determined not to act on the square with her. She sued for damages in court and finally won out. Since the judgment of $1600 was rendered, Lahti has not been seen. Some of his intimate friends claim that he has gone to Sweden and that he will never return to this country.

Ishpeming—A smallpox patient came in from the camps of the Dead River Mill company north of the city, with a "tote" team yesterday. He knew that he was ailing from some disease and he set out at once to find the hospital, passing through the down town streets and inquiring its location from numerous people whom he chanced to meet. As most of these surmised that he was affected with the dread disease they fled his presence and there was a genuine furor of excitement in the neighborhood where he moved. The sufferer finally found his Mecca. He was about to enter the hospital office when three members of the staff opened the door and met him face to face. They sized up the case and ordered him out into the yard, where he was compelled to remain until arrangements for transferring him to Marquette were completed.

Marquette—Capt. Thomas Spencer, the well known mining expert and mineralogist of Iron Mountain, is being congratulated on a discovery of a rich vein of ore which he made Monday on his property near the Cuff mine, about five miles from the city. It is said that the ore is of a rich grade and that the vein will yield well. Capt. Spencer has experienced all kinds of tricks at the hands of fortune during the career and his friends now hope that he has made a good strike. Capitalists will look over the find immediately with a view of ascertaining what it is worth.

General Manager J. W. Wells, of the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad and the I. Stephenson company, announces that next spring the railroad will be extended to Boney Falls, a distance of about fifteen miles. At Boney Falls there is a 40-foot water power in the Escanaba river, which will be developed in at a considerable expense. This water power has been surveyed by paper mill experts, who pronounce is one of the best in the Northwest. Mr. Wells says that in a year or so a big paper mill will be built by the company at Boney Falls. This will represent an expenditure of about $100,000.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

Now is the time when croup and lung troubles prove rapidly fatal. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results is One Minute Cough Cure. It is very pleasant to take and can be relied upon to quickly cure coughs, colds and all lung diseases. It will prevent consumption.—Max Wirth.

New stock of palms and home-grown ferns. Seekins.

MAY YOUR TROUBLES END IN SMOKE

They certainly will if your friends will make you Christmas presents of

GOOD CIGARS FROM OUR STORE

We have all the best brands, put up in special Holiday packages of 50, 25 and 12 Cigars in the box, which we sell from 50c each up. Along with this we have a store full of other articles suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR THE LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Don't fail to select something from our

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOOD BOOKS.

Or send your friends a

YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO SOME POPULAR MAGAZINE.

Our line of Christmas Pipes is the largest and finest in the city and our prices are THE LOWEST.

This Is No Pipe Dream.

COME AND SEE.

LUNDBERG & STONE

Telephone 373—223 W. Sup. St., Duluth.
Telephone 4402—Cor. Tower & Broadway West Superior.

Christmas Offerings.

A. B. Siewert & Co.,
Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior Street.

Finest Silk Umbrellas, ¼ Less than Regular. An Entire Sample Line — Ladies' and Gentlemen's— $1.50 to $16.00 each, Less ¼

Linen Handkerchiefs, of Finest Quality, 25c to $1.50
All the Latest Mufflers, $1.00 to $9.00
Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c to $2.50
Evening Dress Shirts, $1.25 to $3

Gloves $1.00 to $20.00 including Furs.
Silk Hosiery $1.00 to $3.50
Silk Suspenders 50c to $8 00
Solid Mounted Walking Sticks $1.00 to $10.00

Handsome Smoking Jackets, $7.00 to $35.00
Dressing Gowns, $15.00 to $25.00
Bath Robes $3.50 to $25.00
Night Shirts and Pajamas, $1.00 to $5.00

Bags and Dress Suit Cases, $5.00 to $35.00
Finest Neckwear All Proper Kinds. 50c to $5.00 Each
From London, Paris and New York.

A. B. Siewert & Company

HATTERS AND FURNISHERS.
304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HOW THEY TAKE IT

Comments on Grover Cleveland's Statement Regarding Democratic Party.

A WIDE DIFFERENCE

Some Applaud and Others Indulge In Criticism of the Oracle.

New York, Dec. 21.—The Herald today publishes the following comments on ex-President Cleveland's statements in regard to the Democratic party:

Richard Olney, secretary of state in the Cleveland administration: I have read an abstract of the article, but I do not care to discuss the subject now. I would prefer to wait until I have read the article in its entirety before expressing an opinion, if I have any to express.

J. Sterling Morton: I fully concur in the opinions of Mr. Cleveland as to the causes of the defeat of the Democratic party in 1896, and also as to the reasons for its bitingly accentuated and vehemently emphasized walloping in 1900. Until all the heresies of Bryan anarchy are renounced by the Democracy, it will remain a minority. I should prefer a reallignment of American voters under a new name which its opponents could taunt with no past.

Representative De Armond, of Missouri: I think the former president is correct in his conclusion that it is not necessary for the party to put itself for reorganization purposes into the hands of some of those who deserted it. When he informs us at what time in its history the rank and file of the Democratic party were consulted more fully than in 1896 and 1900, we shall know better how to estimate his epitome of his own deleiberations.

Hilary A. Herbert, who was president Cleveland's secretary of the navy: I endorse the article heartily, excepting in so far as it may be a criticism of the action of the Democratic party in supporting Greeley on the Liberal Republican platform of 1872. If Mr. Cleveland had meant to say that the Greeley movement was, taken as a whole, unwise, I should put in my emphatic dissent. The times in 1872 were abnormal. The Southern states were in the throes of carpetbag misrule. For the Southern people, it was a question of life or death. The South turned to Greeley in its distress and he became, in fact, the candidate of the Southern, rather than of the Northern, Democracy. The effect of this support was to open the eyes of Northern voters, and in the next elections came the tidal wave of 1874. Still Mr. Cleveland is right in saying that the rank and file of the Democrats could not be brought into line to support an old antagonist. Taking it altogether, there is no answering Mr. Cleveland's argument.

John De Witt Warner: My idea is that Democrats can best help the party by taking every opportunity to work against the Republican party. I agree with Mr. Cleveland that it is not so much the reorganization of the party that is necessary as the return to old principles, the first of which I believe to be to make a decided stand on behalf of the people against any fresh attempt by the syndicate that exploits McKinley to loot the American people for its benefit.

Edward M. Sheppard: I merely say that I welcome any utterance of Mr. Cleveland's. It will do good. As to the criticism that he does not sufficiently point out what steps should be taken by the Democrarcy in the direction of reorganization, I would say I suppose Mr. Cleveland wishes to set people thinking right before they take action.

Howard R. Bayne: We all realize the facts as they have been set forth by Mr. Cleveland, and many persons have said substantially the same thing before. I do not think that among Democrats there can be any differences of opinion as to the necessity for reorganization. Mr. Cleveland's reconciliation scheme all gold Democrats will concur in, but, if I may be permitted to criticize certain parts of his article, I would say that they are too general to be of any practical benefit in the reorganization of the party.

WAS HE POISONED?

Relatives of Dr. Bailey Demand His Body Be Exhumed.

Niles, Mich., Dec. 21.—Buchanan, a village located seven miles west, is in a great furor, caused by sensational charges made by relatives of the late Dr. George Bailey, who, it is alleged, was poisoned. Dr. Bailey, who has been a prominent practitioner in this section for thirteen years, died several days ago, after one week's illness. Shortly after his death a post mortem examination was conducted at the instance of the attending physicians, with the result that it was declared death was caused by chronic heptitis (inflammation of the liver.)

Evidently the verdict was not satisfactory to the doctor's father and the first wife of the doctor, Mrs. Florence Bailey, of Chicago, from whom he was divorced some years ago. The whole case seems to hinge on the fact that the doctor, during his illness, changed two life policies, amounting to $4500, which had been made out in the name of his father, making his second wife his beneficiary. The father and the first wife, who have come to Buchanan from Chicago, allege foul play. The object of their suspicion is his widow, who is a woman of lofty character and highly respected.

The complaints demand that the body, which has been interred for five days, be exhumed. Two Niles doctors who attended the post mortem examination say there was nothing in the developments which would indicate that poison caused the doctor's death.

MOTHER DISOWNS SON.

Because He Lacks Aptitude as a Street Peddler.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Because Lewis Mofson has not shown the business aptitude calculated to place him some day in the ranks of capitalists his mother wants to disown him. Mrs. Mofson asked Judge Tuthill to relieve her of the boy. The history of a long line of Hebrew ancestors was cited to show that the family always had inclined to business. Lewis' father and his grandfather had made enviable records as wide-awake peddlers, and it had been planned that the son and grandson should follow their footprints.

Some days ago $15 was invested in a stock of goods and Lewis was sent to make his way to fortune. He came home in the evening with his pack empty, but his pockets were as empty as his pack.

Lewis confessed that he had begun by trading instead of selling his wares. After "swapping" a dozen times or more Lewis found that he had nothing but an empty satchel.

Mrs. Mofson swore out a warrant for his arrest on the charge of larceny as bailee. Lewis swallowed carbolic acid, but the attempted suicide, like his business deals, proved a failure. Judge Tuthill ordered the boy taken to his home. 475 Morgan street.

The largest display of home made candies in the city. Seekins.

CASTELLANE NOT PRESENT.

Leaves It to His Lawyer to Protect His Interests.

Paris, Dec. 21.—At the Palais de Justice yesterday the case of Wertheimer against Castellane was called for hearing. Asher Wertheimer, the London bric-a-brac dealer, sues the count and countess de Castellane for $1,500,000 for antiques, curios, paintings and objects of art.

No members of the Castellane family were present. Maitre Caichard, the Paris representative of Coudert Brothers, follows the case in the interests of George Gould, the judicial trustee. The proceedings were opened by Maitre Guerin, who was minister of justice in 1894, who appeared for M. Davilliers, the Paris banker, who negotiated the bills drawn by Count Boni de Castellane in favor of Mr. Wertheimer.

M. Guerin developed the argument that the negotiations conducted by M. Davilliers were quite distinct from those arranged by Mr. Wertheimer. The debate was conducted in an energetic manner. M. Guerin concluded by protesting against the statement made by the Castellanes, that M. Davilliers, who is an honorable gentleman, of excellent connections in the business world, acted as Mr. Wertheimer's "man of straw."

Maitre Foucaud, who appeared for Wertheimer, detailed at length the series of purchases and business arrangements made by Count Castellane in London. He asserted that it was only at the very last, when Mr. Wertheimer had pressed the count for payment that that nobleman had discovered that he had been overcharged. M. Foucaud summed up his argument by saying that the truth was that notwithstanding M. Wertheimer's successive allowances of delay in the payments promised. Count Boni de Castellane was "absolutely incapable of meeting the promised installments, and was merely endeavoring to obtain another delay by setting in motion various processes of legal action."

KNEW HIS BUSINESS.

Know Something Besides What He Read In Books.

The wise, up-to-date, modern doctor is no longer tied down to the hard and fast rules of what his medical books say he shall use and what he may withhold in treating his patient.

The successful doctor nowadays is the one who is quick to avail himself of any remedy, new or old, which holds out a chance of cure, no matter whether it is Allopathic, Homeopathic or neither one.

Dr. Jennison, in an interesting article on indigestion and dyspepsia, says: "Nine-tenths of all people who apply to me for advice and treatment think they have this ailment or that ailment, but I find on close examination that their whole trouble arises from poor digestion.

They have little appetite, and if they do have an appetite the food they eat does them no good. Why? Because it is but half digested, causing thin blood, weak nerves, sleeplessness, aching bones pains in chest, formation of gases, belching, etc. They tell me they believe they have consumption, or heart disease, rheumatism, nervous prostration, in fact most every disease but the right one.

In reality the whole trouble is in the stomach and nowhere else. Now, what do I do with such people? I don't feed them on pre-digested foods like babies, nor "stomach bitters," nor patent nostrums which I know nothing about. No honorable physician will prescribe a remedy unless he knows what it contains, and its probable effects.

For all such patients I have but one prescription, I advise them to go to the nearest drug store and get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I use them with remarkable success in all cases of indigestion and stomach trouble, because I know what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets consist of, and what they will do. They contain the vegetable essences, diastase and government test pepsin, which are the things very weak stomachs lack to restore natural digestive vigor, and if I had dyspepsia myself it is the one remedy I should take.

When a patient comes to me complaining of dull headaches, sour stomach, bad taste, nervousness, belching of gas, or heart trouble, which is generally caused from indigestion, I tell him to take one or two of Stuart's Tablets after each meal and as often during the day as he has any trouble, and I feel confident I have given that patient the best advice I could give."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges, containing diastase and pepsin combined with fruit and vegetable essences. They are not cathartic, and do not act on any particular organ like ordinary drugs, but simply act entirely on the food eaten. They are a natural digestive, pure and simple.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents per package throughout the United States, Canada and Great Britain.

PINGREE ATTACKS A JUDGE.

Michigan Governor Declares Court Official Aided Conspiracy.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 21.—Governor Pingree in a pardon granted William E. Dennis, convicted in Jackson county last month of obtaining money by false pretenses and sent to prison for four years, alleges that Dennis was the victim of a conspiracy engineered by privat parties to deprive him of his property, and that these parties were "aided by the circuit judge, Erastus Peck, who sentenced Dennis and Charles H. Smith, who prosecuted the case against Dennis."

The governor also pardoned Johannes Salomon, who has served nine years of a life sentence for the murder of Richard Carleton, of Manistee. Salomon's conviction is charged by the governor, who apparently believes that the alleged victim committed suicide, to the unjustifiable zeal of the county officials, for he remarks that "there are too many ambitious young prosecuting attorneys and unscrupulous sheriffs anxious to make a record during their official terms by securing the conviction of every man arrested upon suspicion of having committed a crime."

BRIDGE DURABILITY.

Latest Attack By Jealous Englishmen on American Rivals.

London, Dec. 21.—An agitation to bar American manufacturers from securing bridge and railway contracts from the British government has been begun by Sir Alfred Hickman, M.P., a prominent steelmaker of Wolverhampton and former president of the British Trades' association. Sir Alfred maintains that considerable of the steel and iron exported from the United States is of inferior quality, and that American-made bridges are of faulty construction.

He has furnished the foreign office with statistics showing that on an average twenty bridges in the United States break down every year, and urges the necessity of a rigid inspection of the great viaducts and trestles with American engineers have recently put up in Burmah, Uganda and Atabara. Sir Alfred said:

"There is one striking contrast between the British and American bridge builders. We expect bridges to last, regardless of the cost. The Americans proceed on the theory that they have done their work when they have built bridges to answer the purpose for the least possible amount of money.

"The inquiry into American methods and materials will prove timely and instructive. Rich railway contracts will soon be awarded in South Africa and others of our colonies, and it behooves us to combat by all honorable means in our power the lynx-eyed efforts of our rivals."

A. A. Cecil Davis, the London agent of the American Bridge company, commenting on the projected crusade, said:

"Sir Alfred gives us credit for little common sense if he thinks we are not so scrupulous about the enduring character of our bridges as are Englishmen. The only favoritism in bidding conditions which has yet come to our notice is in the attempt of members of parliament to induce the government to allow English bidders to revise their bids whenever they are underbid by Americans.

"British bridges are substantial enough, but they are out of our class when it comes to the economical and scientific distribution of strength, and they are covered with cumbersome cables, metals and braces, which only add to their cost. It would be interesting to know the kind of American bridges, of the collapse of which, at the rate of twenty each year, Sir Alfred hears. That they are of the modern sort which we are putting up in British territory is too preposterous for consideration."

DON'T MISS THE TRAIN.
SOUTH SHORE CHANGE OF TIME.
LOCAL DAY TRAINS.

Effective Monday, Dec. 24, train No. 6 will leave Duluth 7:15 a. m. instead of 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Marquette 5:30 p. m. and Houghton 7:10 p. m.

Train No. 5 will arrive Duluth 8 p. m. instead of 7:30 p. m. Time of "South Shore Limited"—Trains 7 and 8 remains the same.

Dining car serves meals "a la carte" on trains 5, 7 and 8.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.,

Albany, N. Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

JOHNSON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

PUTS FLESH ON THIN PEOPLE

A Scientific, Unfailing and Permanent Remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all Stomach and Nerve Troubles.
Be sure you get the GENUINE, made at The JOHNSON LABORATORIES PHILADELPHIA
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

F. D. DAY & CO., Inc. | *F. D. DAY & CO., Inc.*

RINGS! RINGS!

Diamond Rings **Ladies' Rings**
Opal Rings **Men's Rings**
Garnet Rings **Babies' Rings**
Turquoise Rings

Fine grade of 14-karat Rings at low prices one of the principal features of our business.

FOR THE NEXT TWO DAYS

before Christmas we have decided to offer our large stock of Rings at ridiculously low prices.

F. D. DAY & CO.
(INCORPORATED)
315 West Superior St.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Extra salespeople to wait on all.

Make Christmas Merry! The greatest pleasure comes from substantial gifts. You will be pleased with our showing of

CHRISTMAS SLIPPERS AND SHOES.......

See the special prices for tomorrow's big trade.

Men's Slippers.

Black or brown Opera or Everett styles, neat and attractive— **$1.25**

Men's Imitation Alligator Slippers— **90c**

Men's Velvet Slippers. Special— **49c**

Men's brown and black chamois skin lined Slippers, beautifully trimmed— **$1.50**

Men's Nullifiers, easy and neat styles— **$1.50, $1.75 up to $2.75.**

Boys' Slippers, style just like men's— **$1.25**

Youths' Slippers— **$1.00**

Boys' Shoe Pacs—Nothing will please a boy better. Just received a new lot.

Boys' German Socks and Leather Leggins.

MEN'S SHOES—

Vici kid enamel and patent leather would make a welcome gift to the young man—a large line to select from at **$3.50**

Men's high grade shoes—box calf, patent kid and enamel, made in the very swellest styles **$5 and $6**

A. E. Nettleton Syracuse N.Y.
NETTLETON'S PATENTED BOX STITCH
CONANT

Sorosis $3.50 Shoes For Ladies

Kid patent leather rough rider calf shoes; the very shoe the lady is looking for for Christmas.

Ladies' Kid 2 and 3 strap Slippers **$1.50**

Ladies' fancy and patent leather Slippers **$2 and $2.50**

Ladies' Slippers—

Felt Slippers, neat and stylish— **$1.00**

Ladies' Felt Slippers, leather soles— **69 cents**

Ladies' all Felt Slippers. Special price— **49 cents**

Ladies' Knit Lambs' Wool Slippers, red, blue and black, regular $1.25. Our special Christmas price— **$1.00**

Ladies' Felt Nullifiers, leather or felt soles, first grade— **98 cents**

Alfred Dolge's Felt Goods are the best made. We are sole agents.

Dolge's Felt Fur-trimmed or plain Romeos, black, red and brown— **$1.50**

Ladies' Satin Nullifiers, black, old gold and red— **$1.48**

Misses' Felt Slippers— **60 cents**

Children's Felt Slippers— **50 cents**

Ladies' Slippers, sole the best— **25 cents**

Good Slipper Soles— **15 cents**

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S JERSEY LEGGINS.

CHANGES ARE MADE

Senate Committee Takes a Whack at the House Army Bill.

THEY MAY HAVE BEER

The Canteen Provision In the House Draft Is Materially Reduced.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The committee on military affairs has reported to the senate a complete substitute for the house bill on the reorganization of the army. While much of the language is the same as that of the house measure, there are numerous changes.

Probably the most important change is in the provision regarding the artillery arm of the service. The subcommittee recommends the retention of the present regimental organization of the artillery, and does not not give its assent to the corps organization proposed by Secretary Root and accepted by the house.

In the matter of the appointment of staff officers, the bill follows largely the lines of hte recommendations made by Secretary Root.

The house canteen provision was amended so as to permit the sale of beer at the canteens. This exception was made by omitting the word "beer" from the prohibited articles.

The maximum strength of the army is to be 100,000 men. As amended, the canteen reads as follows:

"The saloon dealing in wine or any distilled spirits by any person in any post exchange or canteen or army transport or upon any premises used for military purposes by the United States is hereby prohibited. The secretary of war is hereby directed to carry the provisions of this section into full force and effect."

Senator Harris made an effort to have the canteen provision extended to the city of Manilla; as to prohibit entirely the sale of liquors in that city, but failed.

The provision of the new bill regarding the general organization and scope of the army is as follows::

That from and after the approval of this bill the army of the United States, including the existing organinzations, shall consist of fifteen regiments of cavalry, twelve regiments of artillery, thirty regiments of infantry, one lieutenant general, six major generals, fifteen brigadier generals, and adjutant general's department, inspector general's department, a judge advocate general's department, a quartermaster's department, a subsistence department, a medical department, a pay department, a corps of engineers, an ordnance department, a signal corps, the officers of the records and pension bureaus, the chaplains, the officers and enlisted men of the army of the retired list, the professors, the corps of cadets, the army service detachment, and a band at the United States Military academy, as now authorized by law, and other officers and enlisted men as may be hereinafter provided for.

The cavalry regimental organization is to consist of a colonel, a lieutenant colonel, three majors, fifteen captains, and fifteen each of first and second lieutenants. Two veterinarians are allowed for each cavalry regiment. Of these officers and captains and lieutenants not required for duty with the troops are to be available for detail as regimental and squadron staff officers, and also other details under the law. The president is authorized to increase the number of privates in each troop of cavalry to seventy-six, "but," the provision continues, "the total number of enlisted men authorized for the whole army shall not at any time be exceeded."

All the house provisios in relation to the artillery are stricken out and a provision substituted continuing the present regimental system and giving each field regiment a colonel, a lieutenant colonel, three majors, seventeen captains and the same number of first and second lieutenants. Twelve captains are allowed to each regiment of artillery, and three battalions are provided for. The president is authorized to increase the privates in these companies to eighty-five, and those in field batteries to 135, but not by so doing increase the size of the army. A veterinary is to be allowed to each artillery regiment. The infantry regiments are allowed the same general officers as other branches of the service and the same provision is made for detail in all cases. The president is allowed to increase the number of privates in infantry companies to 127, but the same restrictions as in other cases is to put on him as to the increase of the total strength of the army.

The enlisted force of the corps of engineers is to consist of three battalions of engineers.

The appointments of chaplains by the president is authorized at the rate of one for each regiment, including the artillery service.

The new bill continues the rank of major general to Gen. Corbin so long as he may serve as adjutant general, but reduces the rank afterwards to brigadier general.

Provision is also made for assistants in the adjutant general's office and for the inspector generals, the judge advocate generals, the quartermaster generals, the surgeon generals and the subsistence department. There are to be five assistant adjutant generals with the rank of colonel, seven with the rank of lieutenant colonel and fifteen with the rank of major.

Vacancies in the grade of captain of the subsistence department are to be filled by the president from officers of the volunteer army.

A female nurse corps is provided in connection with the surgeon general's office.

The pay department is to consist of one paymaster general, who is to be a brigadier general, three paymasters with the rank of colonel, four with the rank of lieutenant colonel, nine with the rank of major and twenty-seven with the rank of captain. These numbers are different from the usual numbers.

The heads of the ordnance department and the signal corps are to be brigadiers.

The maximum strength of the army is fixed at 100,000 men, and the figure is not mentioned until near the close of the bill. It is then inserted in conection with a provision for the enlistement of Filipinos.

A native regiment of Porto Ricans also is authorized.

Following are some provisions of the new bill:

"That to fill vacancies occurring from time to time in the several organizations serving within the limits of the United States with trained men, the president is authorized to enlist recruits in numbers equal to 4 per cent in excess of the total strength authorized for such organizations.

"That the president is authorized to maintain the enlisted force of the several organizations of the army at their maximum strength, as fixed by the act, during the present exigencies of the service or until such time as congress may hereafter direct.

"That nothing in this act shall be held or construed so as to discharge any officer from the regular army or to deprive him of the commission which he now holds therein."

Lend us your ear—

You can count on one hand the days between now and Christmas. Of course preparations are already simmering and brewing to tickle the palate and captivate

The Man.

To complete his subjugation and make him mellow, add

A House Coat.

Luxury lurks in every fold of this garment. A swell set of them are holding high carnival here.

Golf Cloth,

Double-faced, tailor-made, satin piped, plain and novelty plaids.

$5, $6, $7, $7.50.

English Corduroy,

Silk lined, built for comfort and critical eyes—

$10 and $12.

Choice furnishings of every sort ogle you with bold eyes from every corner of the store—while prices are so modest and bashful that you smile.

C. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

GATELY'S CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS!

WHAT THEY SELL:

- Ladies' Suits
- Ladies' Jackets
- Ladies' Skirts
- Ladies' Mackintoshes
- Men's Clothing—ready made or made to order
- Children's Clothing
- Men's Mackintoshes
- Clothes Wringers
- Washing Machines
- Lamps
- Photograph Albums
- Silver Plated Ware
- Framed Pictures
- Baby Carriages
- Go-Carts
- Carpet Sweepers
- Family Bibles
- Teachers' Bibles
- Parlor Clocks
- Kitchen Clocks
- Center Tables
- Bedroom Suites
- Iron Beds
- Fancy Rocking Chairs
- Dining Room
- Tables and Chairs
- Chiffoniers
- Sideboards
- Wardrobes
- China Closets
- Couches
- Folding Beds
- Book Cases
- Desks
- Carpets
- Linoleum
- Smyrna Rugs
- Art Squares
- Chenille Portieres
- Tapestry Portieres
- Chenille Table Covers
- Tapestry Table Covers
- Fine Lace Curtains, Etc., Etc

HOW WE SELL: CASH OR CREDIT....

Gately Supply Company

No. 8 East Superior Street, Duluth.

THE DAKOTAS.

A Great Sensation at the Lindelie Trial at Grand Forks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—A great sensation was caused at the Lindelie trial. During the cross-examination of the defendant by the state's attorney, he admitted he had received various sums of money from druggists and piggers of the state, but said the money had either been returned or used by the Enforcement league. The amounts ranged from $250, received from Druggist Lum, of Cavalier, down to $25, received from Ben Franklin, of Grafton.

The developments came as a great surprise to Lindelie's friends. The case is exciting intense interest, and messages are being received from all directions as to the progress of the trial and its probable outcome. Lindelie was on the stand all day.

Miller D. DeWeese, a prominent resident, died suddenly of pneumonia.

Jamestown—William Sandy has made good his allegation in the district court that by a conspiracy he was compelled to pay a judgment of $1700 to Richard Peacock. Two years ago Peacock started suit against Sandy, who is a Wimbledon collector, for damages for alleged injuries inflicted upon his person. After the trial Sandy did some talking. This talk reached the ears of Peacock, who a year ago started suit for $5000, alleging that Sandy's talk had a bad effect on his standing in the community.

Peacock's complaint was answered by Sandy, who admitted he said there was a conspiracy that Peacock's witnesses swore falsely and that the testimony was "fixed up." Further, he put in a counter claim for $10,000 for the damages sustained to his business and reputation by reason of the suit.

When the suit came on for trial Peacock was missing, having quietly left North Dakota for Alberta, Canada, where he will make his residence. Sandy had an array of witnesses, however, and succeeded in securing judgment. The judgment is worthless, but the collector is satisfied, as he has been vindicated.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Milbank—The bank at Albee recovered its money. A young man named Olson, who works at the hotel barn, which is located but a few feet from the bank, went in at the back door, which was unlocked, as as the safe, took the $1500 and hid it. Suspicion fell on him and after being in the sweatbox a number of hours he confessed to the whole transaction.

Hot Springs—C. L. Jensen, who was the Republican candidate for sheriff of this (Fall River) county, and was defeated by 38 majority upon the face of the returns and who entered a contest in district court, asking that two or three certain precincts be thrown out because of irregularities, has won his point, getting a default judgment which declares him the legally elected sheriff and authorizes him to qualify at the regular time on the first of January and to hold the office for the full term of two years.

Pierre—Capt. B. F. Horn, one of the oldest Missouri river steamboat men, died at his residence here of pneumonia. Capt. Horn made his first trip to the head of navigation on the Missouri in 1866, and has navigated the river continually since then, with the exception of one year, when he served as pilot on the Yukon river.

Aberdeen—The first buckwheat raised in any quantity in this vicinity was brought to the city yesterday by John Dickerson, of Putney, who harvested 110 bushels from seven acres. Up to this time practically all the buckwheat flour consumed in this part of the state has been shipped in, but it is probable that a number of farmers will follow Mr. Dickerson's example next year and raise the grain in quantities sufficient to supply the home market at least.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

De Witt's Little Early Risers are dainty little pills, but they never fail to cleanse the liver, remove obstructions and invigorate the system.—Max Wirth.

IS NOT CONVERTED.

Emperor of China Merely a Student of Christianity.

Pekin, Dec. 21.—For some time there have been stories afloat concerning the alleged conversion of the Chinese emperor to Christianity, but it is impossible to trace the reports to authoritative sources. Missionaries have been investigating them, but are unable to corroborate what it is most devoutly hoped is true. It is certain that since the flight of the court the emperor has had no opportunity of hearing Christian teachings.

The probable origin of the report was in the imperial palace, where foreign visitors, including Herbert F. Squires, secretary of the United States legation, found translations of foreign religious works, the Bible and various doctrinal expositions, Protestant and Catholic, among them.

The visitors jumped to the conclusion that the emperor had adopted Christianity, but those who were better informed know that the emperor studies the Christian doctrines for the sake of information, with the same purpose that he investigated all foreign civilizations and religions. In this course he was urged on by the reform leaders, led by Yang Yu Wei.

It is well known that when the empress dowager received a costly Bible as a present from the foreign missionary board she returned thanks, but had it distinctly understood that this did not imply her acceptance of Christianity. No edict of the emperor mentions Christianity.

Taken this month keeps you well all the year. Greatest tonic known. Rocky Mountain Tea, made by Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

A MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

John Freeman Tells How He Killed His Wife.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 21.—A special dispatch from Estherville, Iowa, says: John Freeman, at his preliminary hearing, broke down and confessed to killing his wife Tuesday morning and attempting to cremate her body. They quarreled and he struck her on the head with the heel of a shoe, stunning her. He then chloroformed her, placed her on the bed, piled bedding around her, saturated it with kerosene and set it on fire. An alarm was given, and when the neighbors came he would not let them into the house to rescue his wife, saying it would be too hazardous. Freeman had his best clothes on when arrested, and a satchel with other clothes in was found in his buggy. They were married about six months ago. She was a hard-working woman, and had saved most of the money herself with which their home was purchased. Her body when taken out was burned to a crisp. Freeman has been actively identified with church work, and is a teacher of a Bible class. Feeling against him is very high.

Cures dizzy spells, tired feeling, stomach, kidney and liver troubles. Keeps you well all the year. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

When the stomach is tired out it must have a rest, but we can't live without food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure "digests what you eat" so that you can eat all the good food you want while it is restoring the digestive organs to health. It is the only preparation that digests all kinds of food.—Max Wirth.

POPE'S HEALTH GOOD.

Physicians Say He Is Able to Perform Christmas Ceremonies.

Rome, Dec. 21.—The pope yesterday reluctantly allowed his physicians, Doctors Laponni and Mazzeni, to examine him to ascertain whether he is fit to undertake the fatiguing duties of closing on Christmas eve the holy door of St. Peter's, which his holiness opened with great ceremony at the beginning of the holy year. The physicians found that his health, considering his age, is perfect, and that he is quite able to perform the ceremony. His holiness was much amused, and told the doctors that he would outlive them despite their science.

VOTE ON TREATY.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The roll call in the senate on the passage of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, as amended, is as follows: Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Bacon, Beveridge, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clay, Cullom, Deboe Dillingham, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Gallinger, Hale, Hansbrough Harris, Hawley, Hoar, Jones (Nevada), Kean, Kenney, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McCommas, McCumber, McEnry, Mc Laurin, McMillan, Malloy, Morgan, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins Pettus, Platt (New York), Pritchard, Proctor, Quarles, Scott, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Sullivan, Taliafero, Thurston, Turner, Warren, Wetmore, Wolcott—55. Nays—Allen, Bard, Bate, Berry, Butler, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel Heitfeld Martin, Mason Money, Pettigrew, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Vest, Wellington—18.

WATCH SALE!

We will continue our great special Watch Sale until Christmas at a saving to the purchasers of from 25 to 40 per cent.

Ladies' Silver Watches	$3.25 to $5.00
Ladies' Gold Filled Watches	$5.00 up
Ladies' 14-Karat Solid Gold Watches	$15.00 up
Gents' Gold Filled Watch	$6.50 up
Gents' Solid Gold Watch	$25.00 up

Others at the same reduced prices.

DIAMONDS We have a few Unredeemed Diamonds left that we offer at less than Wholesale Cost.

Roger Bros.' 1847 Knives and Forks—$3.25 doz.

Wholesale Prices on entire line of Sterling Silver and Silver-Plated Silverware, Silver and Ebony Novelties, Solid Gold Rings, Watch Chains, Opera Glasses, Celluloid Toilet Cases, Albums, etc.

25 Per Cent Discount on Parker's Fountain Pens
ALL GRADES.

The Standard Jewelry Co.,

324 W. Superior St., St. Louis Hotel Building.

RUSSIFYING FINLAND.

Stockholm, Dec. 21.—A dispatch from Helsingfers, Finland, says the Tidning, a daily newspaper of Christenstadt, and the Isamaan, a weekly paper, were suppressed and that another paper was suspended for four months. The suppression of the papers mentioned in the dispatch is undoubtedly due to the so-called Russification of Finland. Recent mail advices from the principal town in the duchy of Finland indicated that the final touches are to be given this winter by the Russian government to the Russification of Finland.

CASE SUBMITTED.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 21.—In the federal court here yesterday Judge Ranford heard and took under advisement the case of the United States vs. the Northern Pacific Railway company et al., a suit brought by the government for the cancellation of the Northern Pacific's patent to the so-called overlap land grant in Clarke and Cowlits counties, this state. About 350,000 acres of land, valued at several millions of dollars, are involved in the suit. Many knotty legal questions are raised. All facts, however, are admitted, and were stipulated before the court, avoiding the formality of a trial. One hundred or more settlers are deeply interested in the decision of the case, which will govern in four others similar.

TRAIN GOES THROUGH.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 21.—Great Northern train No. 4, eastbound, was the first to enter the Cascade tunnell. Eleven minutes later it emerged on the east side. The trip was a success in every particular. President Hill did not arrive in time to participate in the important event. There were no ceremonies, and chance settled what train had the honor. The tunnel is 13,813 feet long and cost several millions.

Beware of counterfeits. The original De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is a certain cure for piles, eczema, cuts, scalds, burns, sores and skin diseases.—Max Wirth.

FOR RENT Building No. 22 East Superior Street. Three floors and subbasement. Steam heat, freight elevator. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

MONEY TO LOAN.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BL'K.
Telephone 755,
N Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Von Suessmilch & Costello,

DENTISTS

Best Work. Reasonable Charges.

HUNTER BLOCK.
31 West Superior Street.

FOLLOWS THE FLAG.

Harrison Tells What He Did Say at Ann Arbor.

Indianapolis, Dec. 21.—Gen. Harrison is not satisfied with the reports of his Ann Arbor speech that appeared in the press of the country, and he feels that the reports have left a wrong impression of the general purport of his address. Speaking of the matter today, he said:

"While I do not claim that my style is perfect, I have never been accused of incoherency, and most of the reports of my address were imperfect and even incoherent."

He authorized the publication of the following abstract of the address:

It was, as he declared in the lecture, not intended to be a legal argument on questions brought into discussion by the Porto Rican bill, but rather a popular discussion of some of the views that have been expressed in relation to our annexed territories.

He declared that we did something out of line with our historical precedents, not in the fact of expansion, but in the character of it. We had taken over peoples, rather than lands as heretofore. The civilized inhabitants of the territories were citizens of the United States and the revenue provisions of the legislation relating to taxation for federal purposes applied to the territories.

The occasion for the recent departure from the precedent was found especially in the character of the inhabitants of the Philippines. As to Porto Rico and Hawaii, there would probably have been no occasion for treating them otherwise than we have usually done. The competition with our home products, and especially the freedom of the Filipinos to settle in the states, were causes of alarm. These considerations might very appropriately have had influence when the question of taking over the Philippines was before us, but it was now too late.

The provisions of the Spanish treaty and of all treaties were subject to the constitution and could not impair it, and if this became part of the United States in the sense of the constitution, their people became citizens and the revenue clause, which was especially under discussion in the Porto Rican case, applied.

The limitations in the constitution on the powers of congress, whether expressed in the affirmative or negative form, applied to the exercise of that power in all places. The very object of the section requiring duties to be uniform throughout the United States, which was to prevent congress from establishing anywhere under the jurisdiction of the United States favored ports, would be thwarted if foreign goods might be admitted to Porto Rico free and thence into the United States free.

He especially dwelt upon the liberty clauses of the constitution as necessarily applicable to all civilized peoples owing allegiance to the United States.

PINE LAND CONFERENCE.

Minnesota Delegation Meets With Secretary of Interior.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock yesterday sent word to all members of the Minnesota delegation to meet at his office and attend a conference relative to the existing trouble over the pine land question on Chippewa reservations. Senators Nelson and Towne were present, and the conference lasted from 10 o'clock until noon, when the senators and representatives had to leave for the capital. Divergent views were expressed. Morris and Tawney favored a suspension of the cutting of dead and down timber.

Congressman Eddy did not attend the conference, owing to his being engaged in the committee on Indian affairs.

It is said that the department favors a flat rate of $5.75 to $6.75 on dead and down pine.

Several compromises were presented. Indian Commissioner Jones made an exhaustive statement, showing what had been done.

Capt. Mercer was present and gave his views of the situation. He said that, having been given authority to begin cutting dead timber, he had scarcely commenced operations before certain lumbermen came out and said they would give a better deal than the price fixed. Capt. Mercer said it was the old story of offering more for a thing when the person making the bid knew his offer could not be accepted. But in this instance the department has found a way where the good faith of the Weyerhauser people can be put to the test, and it is intimated that they will be given a chance to make their offers good.

High In Quality. **PICTURE FRAMES** Low In Price.

From 25c and upwards.

NEW CASTS from ---------- 25c and upwards

Pictures of all descriptions—everything new, from ---- 10c to $100.00

A choice line of Easels and Screens from -------- $1.50 and upwards

SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW AND MONDAY ONLY

500 framed Autographs, 24 subjects, size 11x15, up-to-date frames—for each ---------- 35c

H. A. Hall & Co.

16 East Superior Street.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 W. Superior St.

CRAMP ON SUBSIDY.

The Ship Builder Appears Before the Industrial Commission.

Philadelphia, Dec. 21.—Charles H. Cramp, head of the Cramp Shipbuilding company, appeared before the industrial commission today and gave testimony regarding marine architecture. Mr. Farquahar, of the committee, wanted to know why it is that American money does not seek investment in trans-Atlantic and Pacific trade.

"The first reason," Mr. Cramp replied, "is that it does not pay, and the second is that the people have not been educated to the business. A person cannot make money unless he has been educated in the use of it."

Mr. Farquhar asked if it was true, as reported, that the increased cost of building a ship in this country over that of a foreign built vessel was responsible for the lack of American interest in the industry?

Mr. Cramp said the first cost of a ship was scarcely worth consideration, but that the cost of operating the vessel, which was a daily expenditure, was an important item. Continuing, Mr. Cramp asserted that some Americans are buying cast-off British ships at bargain prices and denouncing the subsidy bill because they will not benefit by it. Mr. Cramp said the cost of operating foreign vessels is less than that of American ships, and American people acquainted with the business can operate ships if they are given the difference.

"I am in favor of the subsidy bill," said Mr. Cramp. "The ship yards in either America or England cannot build ships to supply the demand. This being the case, these vessels being needed, I think if we can build more of our own ships by the introduction of free ships, we should do it. The merchant marine cannot be rehabilitated without a subsidy."

Mr. Cramp said he thought the subsidy named in the Hanna bill was "about right."

"A reason why this country should have more ships, Mr. Cramp said, is the steadily decreasing coal supply of urope. Eventually," he said, "all Europe will come to this country for coal." Mr. Cramp said:

"Great Britain's source of wealth in her shipbuilding is in the vessels she builds for other countries. The shipbuilding interests there are assisted by the government, either directly or indirectly. I want to compete with England."

Mr. Cramp spoke of the enormous profit on armor plate. In building warships for Russia, he said, his company was compelled to pay the full rate of $600 a ton to Carnegie for armor. This, he said, was one-third the cost of the ship.

"If I could get the profit on armor plate," declared Mr. Cramp, "I would build a warship at cost."

"At what price could armor plate be furnished to the government and give the producer a fair profit?" inquired Mr. Kennedy.

"I do not know," was the response. "I would not like to say."

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE

Of the Big Reduction Sale of

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Low Prices. Monthly Payments.

25 per cent discount on all makes.

A large stock to select from. This sale was begun Wednesday, Dec. 12th and ends Saturday, Dec. 22nd. This large stock of Pianos and Organs must be sold during the next five days. Now is your chance to get a good instrument for a mere song.

Open Evenings.
Open Days.

GEO. W.
TIETZ
28 and 30 West Superior St.
OVER STACK'S.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

The police department was notified this afternoon that a man named Charles Nalek, supposed to be a resident of this city, was dead at Rochester, Minn. The telegram asked that relatives be notified but the department, up to a late hour this afternoon, could find no person that knew Charles Nalek.

The street car company began this morning the construction of a Y at Third avenue east, for the purpose of turning the cars on the interstate line. It is understood that another switch of the same nature will be put in at the Superior terminal of the line, Twenty-first street. This is one of the moves necessary, preliminary to the use of the double-truck cars.

In the crowds of Christmas shoppers yesterday afternoon several women lost their pocketbooks. One woman insists that hers was snatched by a well dressed young man but the impression seems to be that the pocketbooks were lost in the ordinary way when purchases are being made in a crowded store.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Ellen White, who died yesterday morning at St. Mary's hospital, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the undertaking rooms of Durkan & Crawford, on Second avenue west.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Gustaf A. Carlson and Signe Lamberg, Orlando A. Isham and Mragaret L. Willoughby and to F. B. Keene and Joanna Ruth Welch.

The defendants in three cases pending in the district court here have applied for changes of venue to Itasca county on the ground that they are residents of that county. The cases are as follows: Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company against J. Everton & Sons, John Wahl against the same defendants, and B. Heller et al against Tyndall & Paulman.

The employes of the Union Towing and Wreekign company have signed a memorial to Capt. Philip Shied, who has been local manager this summer, tendering him thanks for his courtesy to them, and expressing hope that he will be here again next season.

THE MACCABEES
INVITE YOU TO THEIR
Christmas Dancing Party Tomorrow Night!
HUNTER BLOCK, Dancing at 8:30.
SPECIAL MUSIC.

PERSONALS.

John P. Sloane, of Dubuque, Iowa, supervising inspector of hulls and boilers, returned to his home today.

Samuel Simpson, the Minneapolis lumberman, was in the city this morning on his way home from the range.

E. L. Warren, of Detroit, Minn., is a guest of the St. Louis.

A number of school teachers from the range towns were in the city today on their way home to different parts of the state for the holidays. Some left this noon and others will leave this evening. Among those from Virginia that left this noon were Superintendent A. P. Andrews for Minneapolis, Miss A. S. Kivvey for Granite Falls, Miss Esther Larson for Mankato and Miss Winifred Moore for Blue Earth City.

Commercial Agent F. E. Otis, of the Milwaukee road, will spend Christmas at Stillwater.

Mrs. M. L. Van Brunt, of Minneapolis, is visiting friends in the city.

Ed Ball, superintendent of the Minnesota Iron company's mine at Tower, and W. N. Merriam, engineer of the same company, were in the city today.

John Pengilly and family, of Ely, were in the city today on their way to Northfield, Minn., where they will spend the holidays.

J. M. Beattie, of Soudan, Minn., registered at the St. Louis today.

Representative-elect T. A. Bury, of Two Harbors, was in the city today.

Mrs. A. B. Coates, of Virginia, was among the range people in the city today on shopping tours.

Oscar Rohn, of Madison, Wis., is a guest of the St. Louis.

F. G. Davidson, soliciting freight agent of the Wisconsin Central line, left today for Milwaukee to spend the holidays.

H. J. Wessinger, of Virginia, is in the city today on a business trip.

Miss Austin, of Eveleth, was among the visitors in the city today.

H. F. Higsby and W. F. Pleas, of Ashland, were guests of the Spalding today.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Chisholm, of Virginia, were in the city today on their way for a visit at St. Paul during the holidays.

Mrs. M. A. Phillips leaves today for Ottumwa, Iowa, to spend the holidays with relatives and then will proceed to California for the winter.

Miss Josephine Kelly returned to Minneapolis this afternoon.

ARMOUR BETTER.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Philip D. Armour, who, after an illness of several weeks, suffered a slight relapse last night, was considerably better today. No apprehension is felt by his friends.

Handsome packages of cigars, 12 and 20 in a box, for Christmas, from 60 cents to $2.

SCHILLER CIGAR CO.,
326 West Superior Street.

HOW PAY FOR THEM?

Question That Arises In Connection With Proposed Street Improvements.

THE REVOLVING FUND

Not Large Enough to Pay For Improving East Superior Street.

It begins to look as if that new permanent improvement revolving fund would have to do some pretty swift revolving in the next year if it accomplishes all that is expected of it. With property owners all along Superior street petitioning for asphalt paving from Eighth avenue west to Twenty-third avenue east, the city certainly has a problem to solve if it can make about $76,000—which will be left in the permanent improvement revolving fund after the Michigan street and Fifth avenue improvements are taken out—cover $175,000 worth of paving. Is there motive power sufficient to keep that revolving fund awhirl against such odds?

Bordering on the very brink of collapse, something will have to be done with the Superior street paving next summer. The city officers fear a collapse such as occurred on Michigan street, and regard the situation as a grave one, especially as there will not be enough money to go ahead with the extensive improvements that will be petitioned for.

In the permanent improvement revolving fund there will be $99,000, from which must be deducted $19,000 for the Michigan street improvement and about $3500 for the Fifth avenue west improvement, leaving a total of $76,500 in the fund. The Michigan street paving will cost not less than $24,000, but $5000 will have to be paid by the city on account of the railroad lands against which assessments cannot be levied under the gross earnings tax law. On Fifth avenue west about $1500 would have to be paid by the city.

With $76,500 in the fund, how is the city going to pay for $175,000 in improvements which will be petitioned for by the requisite number of property owners? The limit of indebtedness has been reached, so far as bond issues are concerned, and it looks as if the paving question was hung up in the air, especially all paving east of Third avenue east.

A Mandolin, Guitar or Violin makes a desirable Christmas present. Autoharps, Zithers, Accordeons, Etc. We are agents for the celebrated Washburn & Brandt's Mandolins and Guitars. *A. Haakonsen & Co.,* 102½ West Superior St.

A MEETING CALLED.

Lumber Carriers to Consider the Stevedores Charge.

The proposed line of action of the owners of lumber-carrying vessels for some organization among themselves for the alleged purpose of getting mutual protection against the stevedores, took form at Bay City, Mich., yesterday, were a meeting was held to discuss the loading and unloading proposition. Several plans have been suggested by the carriers, but none have been adopted. Secretary G. H. Weeks, of this city, who was in attendance, was instructed to notify all the lumber carriers along the lakes to meet in Detroit on Jan. 17, following the meeting of the Lake Carriers' association, at which time it is understood that some definite conclusion will be reached by the vessel owners. It is considered probable that a committee will be appointed to wait on the officers of the 'Longshoremen's National association with a view of arranging more favorable terms for the coming season.

A PALACE OF SWEETS.

Great Array of Christmas Candies at the Bon Ton.

Always headquarters for Christmas candies and cakes, the Bon Ton Bakery and candy kitchen is a perfect palace of sweets this year, and Santa Claus will certainly think that he has no trust on the candy business when he sees the great array of cakes and candies that the Bon Ton has prepared especially for Christmas trade. Sweets of every conceivable variety and flavor, from the humble but popular taffy to the more aristocratic bon bons and caramels, as well as all kinds of Christmas tree decorations, and cakes make the Bon Ton kitchen popular headquarters for everything in this line.

Suggests the Name Hector.

It has been suggested that the new Booth line boat, which will be put in commission up the north shore next season, be called the Jacob Hector. The suggestion was made by A. G. Bousfield, of the Grand Union Tea company, and seems rather appropriate in view of Capt. Hector's long service as master of the Hiram Dixon, the little vessel that has been taken off the north shore run after many years' service and many perilous trips, through all of which Capt. Hector has taken his boat in safety.

Secured New Quarters.

The firm of Julius D. Howard & Co. has secured much larger and more accessible quarters, having leased the rooms formerly occupied by the Commercial Light and Power company at 216 West Superior street. The front of the building and entrance are to be considerably remodeled and the work will be begun at once. When the firm enters the new offices it will have handsome quarters, as fine as any real estate and investment firm in the city.

Have Your Xmas
Gifts delivered by A. D. T.

"An Illustration of a Century" and calendar for the year 1901 free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.
GRAND UNION TEA CO.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Books and Magazines

Dodd, Mead & Co., New York, are publishers of a very interesting and valuable work, "War and Policy," by Spenser Wilkinson, who has at last been awarded his right position as a writer on war. His articles in the London Morning Post were without doubt the most valuable and illuminating which appeared on the war in South Africa. He has been inundated with requests from editors and publishers, and Dodd, Mead & Co. very properly consider themselves fortunate in having been able to secure what will probably be the most important work of the kind published in recent years. All the leading authorities in England and Europe have recognized Mr. Wilkinson's great attainments, and Capt. Mahan has the highest opinion of his work. Generals like Moltke, Roberts and Wolseley, and statesmen like Sir Charles Dilke, regard him as the greatest living authority on the science of war. The opening part of "War and Policy" is devoted to essays representing a portion of ten years' work in the search for, and the application of, principles which might serve as guides in the conduct of British national and imperial affairs. These are followed by historical papers which convey an idea of the way in which war should be regarded. One of the longest and most important articles in the book is on the American civil war. The volume closes with the application of the view of war thus obtained to some of the affairs in the British nation. The book is well printed and strongly bound, and retails at $3.50.

* * *

"For the Liberty of Texas" is a tale, complete in itself, but the author states in the preface that it forms the first of a line of three volumes, to be known under the general title of the "Mexican War Series." Primarily the struggle of the Texans for freedom did not form a part of our war with Mexico, yet this struggle led up directly to the greater war to follow, and it is probably a fact that, had the people of Texas not at first accomplished their freedom, there would have been no war between the two larger republics. The history of Texas and her struggle for liberty is unlike that of any other state in the Union, and it will be found to read more like a romance than a detail of facts. Here was a territory, immense in size, that was little better than a wilderness, a territory gradually becoming settled by Americans, Spaniards, French and pioneers of other nations, a territory which was the home of the bloodthirsty Comanche and other Indians, and which was overrun with deer, buffalo, and the wild mustang, and which was, at times, the gathering ground for the most noted dsperadoes of the Southwest. The contest was fought largely by men who knew little or nothing of the art of war, but men whose courage was superb. At first only defeat stared the intrepid band in the face, and hundreds were lost at the Alamo, at the massacre of Goliad, and elsewhere, but then there came upon the scene the figure of the dashing and daring Gen. Sam Houston, and under his magnetic leadership the army of the Mexican general, Santa Anna, was routed utterly, and the liberty of Texas was secured beyond further dispute. It is in the country here described that Capt. Ralph Bonehill has located his story, "For the Liberty of Texas," and out of the wealth of material found in those stirring scenes he has constructed an interesting plot. The book is illustrated handsomely by Louis Meynelle, and is published by Dana, Estes & Co., of Boston.

* * *

"A Chambermaid's Diary," by Octave Mirbeau, is translated from the French by Benjamin R. Tucker. A French chambermaid, who has served in Paris, in the houses of the nobility, the bourgeois, and professional people, finally enters the service of a rich couple living in the country and there begins to keep a diary. In describing the events of her daily life and the people about her, she is frequently reminded of episodes in her past, and digresses to relate them. Thus her diary becomes a piquant panorama of social life and institutions. It is a terrific social exposure, a grim social satire, crammed with humor, bitterness and truth. It has been described by a French critic as an attempt to show that nearly all the masters are low-lived wretches, and that nearly all the servants are as near like them as they know how to be." Published by Benjamin R. Tucker, New York; $1:25.

* * *

"The History of the United States From the Compromise of 1850," four volumes, by James Ford Rhodes, (the Macmillan company) embraces the years 1850 to 1864; not 1850 to 1862 as has been erroneously stated. It covers both the development of the political impasse which ended in war, and the complete history of the civil war itself.

* * *

"The Animals of Aesop," pictured by J. J. Mora, forms a very successful adaptation of Aesop's fables into modern American phraseology. The publishers are Dana, Estes & Co., of Boston, and they have produced a handsome and attractive book. The stories are very funny, especially with the illustrations that Mr. Mora has made for them. These are numerous, well drawn and genuinely humorous. More expressive animal faces and poses have appeared in no book of humorous illustrations this season. As an example of Mr. Mora's recasting the fable, "The Wolf in Disguise," is quoted: "Once upon a time a certain wolf grew so well known to the sheep of the neighborhood that he could not even approach them, and so was on the edge of starvation, when an idea occurred to him. He went into a costumer's shop and borrowed a cheap Highlander's outfit, to impersonate Sandy Collier, the shepherd, and hied him to the pasture land. The silly sheep mistook him for their guardian, who was at that moment asleep, and allowed him to approach. Instead of making off with one of them then and there the wolf struck a pose and murmured 'This is much too easy. The collie is asleep, and I'll have things my own way. Oh, visions of mutton pies,' Then, lifting his voice, he attempted to say, 'Hoot mon!' but was so clumsy in his imitation that the dog awoke and gave him a merry chase and a sound thrashing for his pains."

* * *

One of the most interesting books recently published is entitled "The Childhood of Ji-shib, the Ojibwa." It is a book absolutely new in its line. The author is Dr. Albert Ernest Jenks, who is also the author of "The Wild Rice Gaherers of the Upper Lakes" and "Economic Plants Used by the Objiwa," and it is published by the American Thresherman of Madison, Wis. It is a book entirely new in its line and the story is based upon an intimate thorough knowledge of the Indian and his characteristics and strange beliefs. The lives of these simple-minded and nature-loving natives are full of interest, and this story was written with no other though than to have constantly in mind what the Ojibwa child believes about the events of his everyday life as given in the story, the incidents being taken from the common life of the tribes. Members of the Ojibwa tribe of Indians are today most commonly called "Chippewa" and they are found in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Canada. Dr. W. J. McGee, of the bureau of American ethnology at the Smithsonian institution says in a letter to Dr. Jenks after reading the manuscript of the story: "The story is good ethnologically and geographically; your description of the habitat, habits and customs of the Ojibwa Indians is accurate; your local coloring is faithful, and you have caught with exceptional success those elusive characteristics of Indian thought expressed in oblation, fasting, preparation for warfare, and other peculiar customs. I congratulate you on your success in grasping the aboriginal character." Higher praise than this the book cannot receive.

* * *

"Rita," by Laura E. Richards, is an addition to that author's series of clever stories for girls, begun with "The Three Margarets," and continued respectively with "Margaret Montfort" and "Peggy." "Rita," the fourth volume of the series, is an account of the experiences of Rita, the Cuban Margaret, and her friends. The story is inclosed between attractive covers, and is illustrated with full-page sketches. Published by Dana, Estes & Co., Boston.

* * *

One of the very attractive new books for girls is "Elsie's Young Folks in Peace and War," by Martha Finley, the well-known author of the popular Elsie books and other publications. The latest story is equal to the best of the series, and that is saying much. Dodd, Mead & Co., of New York, are the publishers.

* * *

"Variety is the spice of life;" the Christmas number of Collier's has variety, spice and life. It is in keeping with the season, and, like a Christmas stocking, is overloaded with good things and pleasant surprises. Anyone glancing through its pages will at once be struck by the beauty of the color work, especially that by A. B. Wenzell illustrating the pathetic little Christmas story, "Saint Gervase of Plessy," by Maurice Hewlett, author of "The Forest Lovers," and the wonderful double-page picture, "The Flying Dutchman," by Howard Pyle.

* * *

The December issue of Table Talk opens with a pleasant bit of poetry entitled "The Turkeys' Jubilee," and is followed by a number of well-written articles. Among them of special excellence we mention "The Cooking of the 'May Flower' Women," "A Borrowed Christmas," "Cheerfulness at the Table," "The Making of Men," "A Dainty Christmas of Ye Olden Days," "Christmas Facts and Fancies of Many Countries," "The Children's Christmas" and "Gifts of the World."

* * *

The Book World for December, published by Siegel-Cooper company, New York and Chicago, announces the following special features: "Christ in Fiction," illustrated, by Genevieve Lucile Farnell; "Hawaii and the Hawaiians," the first of a series of illustrated articles, by Robert Stuart MacArthur, on his tour around the world; "The Empire of the Ghetto," illustrated, the first of a series of articles, by Dr. Adolphe Danziger; "The Home Life of Oliver Wendell Holmes," illustrated, by Frank Lee Farnell; "Methodists in literature," illustrated, by Rev. Henry Moore Simpson; "The Men of Wall Street," illustrated; "Life and Times of Bach, the Musician," illustrated; "The Homes and Haunts of Famous British Poets," illustrated; "The Man Behind the Hoe," an answer to Edwin Markham's poem.

* * *

One realizes at once upon beholding the cover of the December number of the National Magazine that it is typical of the holiday season. The beautiful, smiling face of the child enhaloed with a wreath of holly speaks eloquently of the joys of the time of "peace on earth—good will toward men," so peculiarly dedicated to the happiness of the little ones. And the older "children" find within its pages a veritable Christmas feast of good things, spread for their delectation. "The Treaty Signed on the Sea" is a remarkably strong poem, commemorating one of the thrilling deeds of heroism that have drawn closer the bonds of the Anglo-Saxon alliance. Joe Mitchell Chapple's symposium of "Affairs at Washington" brings the reader almost into a personal acquaintanceship with the men who are making the history of the nation at Washington and their daily doings.

* * *

The tenth of the series of articles on different occupations, which appears in the current issue of the Little Chronicle, Chicago's illustrated weekly newspaper for young people, is devoted to "The Board of Trade Man." Other features of the always interesting and valuable commerce department tell why the flour millers do not usually get their share of prosperity in good times; about our great and growing business with Europe in feed stuffs; the proposal to introduce the metric system in this country; the successful transfer of the poor of cities to farm life in Denmark; the great importance of hens in business life, and the arguments for and against the pending ship subsidy bill. In this connection is published the summary of a speech by President Hill of the Great Northern railroad before the Bankers' club in Chicago, in which he spoke not only of the subsidy bill, but of many other things of great value to young people who are interested in the machinery of the great commercial world.

* * *

Among the notable features of the Argonaut for Dec. 17 are: "The Hoodwinking of Fernando," a humorous story of Mexican courtship, by Mrs. M. L. Terry; "Closing of the Exposition," a Paris letter from Geraldine Bonner which describes the notable events of the last days of the great fair; "The Letters of Huxley," an extended review of Leonard Huxley's biography of the great English biologist; "The Manchester Ducal Chaplet," a London letter, in which "Cockaigne" gives the English view of the most recent international marriage of prominence, and "Sullivan in San Francisco," reminiscences of the three comic opera successes by Gilbert and Sullivan, with their casts and the prominent people in attendance.

FORENOON SALE SATURDAY, DEC. 22— 8 A. M. TILL NOON.

BED LOUNGES—

Our regular price $11.50, for ..$8.80
Our regular price $13.00, for ..$9.90
Our regular price $14.00, for .$10.80
Our regular price $18.00, for .$14.40

An Oak Frame Couch—

Pantasote upholstered, only ...$24.90

To induce our customers to lighten afternoon rush—we make these prices for 4 short hours. All new goods.

Christmas Giving—

We have a few suggestions.

Pocket Knives	5c to $3.00
Razors	$1.50 to $4.00
Fancy Tea Pots	75c to $4.50
Fancy Coffee Pots	90c to $5.50

Nut Cracks and Picks, per set—	50c to $2.50
Rogers' 1847 Knives and Forks, per set	$3.17
Fancy Rockers	$3.50 to $35
Hall Trees	$8.00 to $17
Lamps—fancy decorated—	$2.50 to $10.00
Ladies' Writing Desks—	$5.50 to $15.00
Combination Desk and Book Case at	$13.00 to $37.00
Framed Pictures	20c to $2.50

Side Boards, Buffets, Couches, Rugs, Draperies, Center Tables, Tabourettes, Parlor Tables—all at low prices.

Yours for Business **R. R. FORWARD & CO.,** 2021-2023 WEST SUPERIOR ST.
DULUTH, MINN.

MATCH FACTORY

Company Organized to Operate One In City of Duluth.

Articles of incorporation of the Duluth Match company were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The articles state that the object of the corporation is to make matches, boxes, match boxes and cases, and the principal place of business is Duluth. The capital stock is $150,000, divided equally between preferred and common stock. The preferred stock is entitled to 6 per cent dividends annually, as well as an equal division with the common stock remaining after the common stock shall have had a 6 per cent dividend in any one year. Holders of preferred stock are permitted to turn their stock into common stock, thus decreasing the preferred stock and correspondingly increasing the common stock. The limit of indebtedness of the company is $50,000. The incorporators are Levi E. Ewing, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Hansen E. Smith, O. H. Simonds, M. H. Alworth, Victor Stearns, F. W. Heimick and William D. Bailey, all of Duluth.

The annual meeting will be held on Jan. 16, 1901, and the officers designated to serve until that time are as follows: Marshall H. Alworth, president; Levi E. Ewing, vice president and manager; Hansen Smith, treasurer, and Omah H. Simonds, secreatry.

The location of the factory has not been definitely determined, but it is believed that the Marinette buildings will be secured. If this should prove true the plant will occupy the entire building, for the factory will be a large and complete one. Mr. Ewing is associated with the Grand Rapids Match company and Toledo Match company, and has been in the business for years. The plant when in operation will employ about 300 persons.

The projectors of the enterprise do not care to say much about it at the present time. It will be some time before their plans are matured, and until then they will have little to say of their plans.

SAMARITANS AT PROCTORKNOTT.

Twenty-Eight Candidates Initiated—Duluth Members There.

Last night the Modern Samaritans of Proctorknott held the banner meeting since their organization and initiated a class of twenty-eight new members, which brings the membership of Agate council No. 14 up to seventy-five and places it in the front rank with the largest membership of any fraternal society in the village. The meeting was called to order by Good Samaritan John C. Rix, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Good Samaritan, John C. Rix; vice good Samaritan, A. J. Witchell; past good Samaritan, Henry Gilderman; scribe, J. M. Hall; financial scribe, H. O. Smith; treasurer, W. A. Riddle; high priest, J. J. Whyte; Levite, M. Jollymore; innkeeper, F. D. Knight; chief messenger, J. B. Fitzgerald; junior messenger, J. P. Murray; centurion, Harry Kemp; watchman, Fred Anderson; trustee for three years, Ed McDonald.

A special train on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway carried a delegation of fifty Samaritans from Alpha and Beta councils, of Duluth, and upon their arrival at the town hall, where the meeting was held, the delegation was received with the honors of the order. Immediately after tho election the council was turned over to the visitors and the Good Samaritan of Alpha council, W. B. Henderson, took charge of the ritualistic ceremonies, assisted by the officers of Alpha and Beta councils. The ritualistic work was exemplified by Good Samaritan Henderson in a manner that opened the eyes of those who had never seen him before and created a deep impression on the twenty-eight candidates who were initiated.

Under the head of "good of the order" addresses were delivered by Vice Imperial Good Samaritan O. F. Collier; Imperial Scribe John Christie, Imperial Counsellor A. E. McManus and Neighbors Frank Crassweller, John A. Keyes, W. B. Henderson, N. B. Morrison and Frank Noble, of Alpha council, and Good Samaritan John C. Rix and P. G. Samaritan Henry Gilderman and J. V. Gibbert, of Agate council No. 14. Several songs were sung by Neighbors John M. Hall and Frank Skinner, after which about 150 Samaritans sat down to an elegant banquet provided by Agate council for their guests and new members. The visiting Samaritans returned to Duluth on their special train, arriving about 3 o'clock in the morning, all highly delighted with their entertainment.

WOLCOTT IS DEAD.

The Former Governor of Massachusetts Has Passed Away.

Boston, Dec. 21.—Former Governor Wolcott died at 3:40 p. m. today.

Roger Wolcott was born in Boston, July 13, 1847. He was elected governor in 1896, and reelected in 1897 and 1898.

OFFICERS SHIFTED.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Commander Hanford has been ordered to command the Cavite station, vice Lieut. Commander J. C. Fremont, ordered to command the Culgoa.

HAIR TONIC.

Sage is the basis of a hair tonic that not only strengthens the hair and stimulates the growth, but often restores the color. It is made of two ounces each of green tea and dried sage simmered in a covered iron pot with three quarts of boiling water until reduced one-third. It is then removed from the fire and left in the pot for twenty-four hours, then strained and bottled. The hair is thoroughly wet with this each night with a 10-minute massage of the scalp.

There is no use of Looking around when you can go to the City Gun Store and get just what you want!

We have the Goods and also give you a discount of 10 to 20 off on all goods in store.

Guitars	$5.00 to $25.00
Violins	$1.65 to $35.00
Mandolins	$2.45 to $22 00
Accordeons	$1.75 to $12.00
Mouth Organs	10c to $1.50
Fifes, Flutes, Occarinas, Autoharps, Dewey Harps, Guitar Zithers, Columbia Zithers.	
Music Rolls	40c to $2.00
Leather Guitar and Violin Cases	$5.60 to $15.00
Other Cases	$1.50 to $3.50
Barney & Berry Skates,	58c to $3.60
Air Rifles for the boys, best on earth	75c

Repeater	$1.25
Striking Bags, from	$1.20 to $4.00
Boxing Gloves	$2.00 to $7.00
Gymnasium Goods, Shoes, Shirts, Pants, Belts.	
Whiteley Exercisers	45c to $10.00
Pocket Knives	10c to $3.50
Razors	75c to $4.00
Shears	15c to $2.00
Sporting goods of all kinds.	
Moccasins—beaded, fringed, bound or fur tops.	
Kodaks and Cameras, Bicycle Sundries and Fishing Tackle.	

Jewelry, Silverware and Agate Goods.

Cuff and Link Buttons,
Stick Pins, Waist Sets,
Watch Chains, Watch Charms,
Rings, Brooches,
Hearts, Thimbles,
Watches, from $1.00 to $35.00,
Glove Hooks, Nail Files,
Stamp Boxes, Match Safes,
Cigar Cutters, Card Cases,
Pocketbooks, Paper Cutters,
Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc.,
Indian Goods, Bead Work,

Call and see for Yourself. Great Bargains at

R. C. Kruschke's

402 West Superior Street.

Specials for Saturday Forenoon....

Toy Ironing Boards, 25c kind—at	10c
Iron Toy Stoves, worth $3.00—at	$1.00
Fire Alarm Game, worth $1.25—at	68c
PINETTO—A new popular Game—	
25c Pinetto at	12c
50c Pinetto at	25c
98c Pinetto at	49c
Naval War Game, worth 50c—at	25c
Merry War, worth 50c—at	24c
Bagatelle Boards—	25c and 50c
Numbers at Half Price.	
Boys' Drums, worth 23c—at	13c
Baby Cutters, to be sold tomorrow forenoon at a discount of—	33⅓c
Boy's Watches, guaranteed for one year, at	75c
The Blockaded Runner, a 68c Game at	35c
Imported Water Sets, worth $1.65—at	75c
Wine and Liquor Sets, worth $1.00—at	50c
Iron Toys of every description at	Half Price
25c Iron Toys at	13c
50c Iron Toys at	25c
75c Iron Toys at	39c
$1.00 Iron Toys at	50c
Japanese Novelties—including Handkerchief, Glove and Jewel Boxes, all at	Half Price

Stack & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS, SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

HAIR CHAINS made from combings or cut hair. **Dolls' Wigs, all sizes** Place your Christmas orders now and avoid disappointment.

MME. BOYDE,

216 West Superior Street, Duluth. Telephone 115
1303 Tower Ave., West Superior. Telephone 442c

Chicago and East Via "The North-Western Line."

When going to Chicago or points East, look up the advantages of the "Northwestern Line," (the Chicago fast mail). The finest and fastest train from the head of the leaves leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 7 a. m., making conections with all lines East and South. This magnificent train is wide vestibuled throughout, brilliantly lighted with Pintsch gas, free chair cars, Pullman sleepers and dining service—the finest in the land. No extra fare on this train.

For tickets and reservations call at 405 West Superior street.

UNDER A HOT FIRE

Clara Schletz on Stand Entire Morning In the Palmer Case.

THE QUESTION OF AGE

Defense Striving to Prove Her Older Than Has Been Represented.

It was just a month ago today that the first Palmer case, the same that is on trial now, was begun. Not all of the time has been spent in actual trial of the cases, however, as there was a period of waiting between the first and second trials.

This morning Clara Schletz, the complaining witness, resumed the stand under cross-examination by Mr. Baldwin. Under the order of the court made yesterday, the attendance was kept down to the seating capacity of the room. The witness was asked about giving her age to the teachers at various times and particularly about one time in the fall of 1897. The questions indicated an intention to show that in the fall of 1897 her age was given as 13 years and 9 months, which would make her 16 years and 9 months of age now, instead of 16 years and 4 months, as is now claimed. She said some differences existed between her testimony and that of little Josephine Partika as on the other trial, as to the manner in which Palmer gave them money on the street, as to how they came to go to his office first, etc. The story about an offense committed in the presence of Hattie in McDonnell block, which did not appear in the other trial, she had remembered all the time, only she did not say Hattie was there. She told about the incident, but she did not say that Hattie was present. Asked why she omitted that she said she did not know. Hattie did not remember about it until the witness reminded her of it. Hattie told her she remembered it, but that she did not like to tell about it. She thought it was Mr. Phelps that spoke to Hattie about it first, but she was not sure. She went to Palmer's office for money, but she never asked him for money. She had gone there once to sell tickets to a high school entertainment, and once to sell some perfume powders. She never went there to sell votes for anything. She and Hattie had not talked over what they were going to testify about.

The witness said she went to the county attorney's office first about this because Mr. Withrow came after her. Withrow said he would get a warrant out and she would have to come when her father did not want her to come. Withrow told her he would send her to the reform school if she did not tell what she knew. She did not know that he had no right to send her to the reform school. The threat frightened her, she said. Asked if she could fix any date rather than Aug. 12 when she was in his office, she said she was there the day before the Fourth of July, 1898. That was in the McDonnell block. She was in the Palladio office on Labor day of 1899. These were the only dates she could fix. Some of her testimony on the former trial was read to her, dealing with the age at which she entered the schools and the classes that she entered. It appeared by this testimony that she said before that she entered the second grade, while now she says she entered the third, and the teacher let her make up what work she was behind.

Examined by Mr. Phelps, the witness said that she did not remember any more about one of the cards that she turned in to the teachers than she did about the others. She did not particularly remember the one said to have been turned in in the fall of 1897, claimed to state that she was then 13 years and 9 months of age. On cross-examination the witness had stated that she had not talked with Josephine about this testimony, but Mr. Phelps reminded her of a dispute in the clerk's office yesterday afternoon, where she and Josephine had an argument as to whether Palmer put the money in Clara's hand or threw it on the ground, Clara maintaining that he put it in her hand, and Josephine that he threw it on the ground. She remembered it when Mr. Phelps reminded her of it.

Asked as to the conversation in the jury room the other morning between the witness, Hattie Schiebe and Mr. Phelps, the witness said that she had asked Mr. Phelps why he did not try Hattie's case before her's, as it was as bad as hers. When she told him about the incident in the McDonnell block in Hattie's presence. Hattie came in while they were talking and Mr. Phelps asked her about it. She did not remember it, but did when witness reminded her of it. At first she said the witness was a liar. The witness stated that she and Hattie had not been on speaking terms for some time when they met in the jury room.

When she went to Palmer's office the day the matter came out in the papers, he said: "Oh, my, you mustn't come here. Haven't you seen it in the papers about some man giving girls money? You mustn't come here any more." Witness said: "Yes, I saw it, but I did not know it was you." He was not angry and he gave her 25 cents, she said.

Questioned by Mr. Baldwin, the witness said that after she reminded Hattie of the McDonnell block occurrence she asked Hattie if she was a liar now, and Hattie said she was not. They are on speaking terms again now.

The witness was on the stand all the morning under cross-examination and redirect examination. She was still under fire when court adjourned.

A COMMISSIONER RETORTS.

Refers to City Officials Who Criticize Other Departments.

A member of the board of water and light commissioners expressed himself as unpleasantly surprised that any city officer should presume to openly and publicly criticise another department. It has been scarcely three weeks since a certain commissioner was severely reprimanded by the mayor for a criticism of the police department, and in the past the precedent has been to avoid such public interviews as appeared this morning from the city treasurer and yesterday from the city assessor.

"What would be thought if the board of water and light commissioners should presume to dictate matters in connection with the office of city treasurer?" said the commissioner.

M. S. BURROWS' EXHIBIT.

His Windows Attract Great Attention From the Crowds.

The mystical, floating, fairy goddess on exhibition in the window of the Great Eastern is probably the most unique bit of Yuletide window display attraction ever seen in this city. Last evening from 7:30 to 9:30 and early in the evening from 4 to 5:30, large crowds gathered in front of the window and wondered what strange power could produce such mystic effects.

In another window there are revolving mirrors arranged and manipulated in such a manner that the window is scarcely less attractive than the first. Both windows were trimmed for Mr. Burrows by R. Mount, who has had charge of the Great Eastern window displays for some time past.

THE OLEO HEARING.

Opponents of the Grout Bill Before the Senate Committee.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The senate committee on agriculture today continued its hearing on the oleomargarine bill, only witnesses heard being opponents of the bill. The first of these was W. Miller, of the Armor Packing company, of Kansas City, who attacked the creamery organization as the authors of the pending bill and accused them of furthering their own interests by participating in politics.

J. C. McCoy, a member of the Kansas City Live Stock Exchange, said that experts had testified that the ingredients of oleomargarine are healthful and nutritious and that the coloring matter used in coloring oleomargarine was used for the same purpose in butter. He pronounced the bill selfish and unjust and an effort in the direction of ultra class legislation.

Pipes! Pipes!

Meerschaum and French briars. All the latest styles at lowest prices.

SCHILLER CIGAR CO.,
326 West Superior Street.

AUSTIN FAILURE.

Austin, Minn., Dec. 21.—W. R. Taits' department store was closed today under sheriff's execution. The largest creditors are the Powers Dry Goods company, St. Paul, $9000; Fick & Co., Chicago, $4000; Reed, Murdock & Fisher, Chicago, $1700. A meeting of the creditors is being held in St. Paul.

OCEAN DISASTER.

Cape Henry, Va., Dec. 21.—The following report has been received by telephone from the Dam Neck life-saving station: "Schooner Jennie Hall, Lamson, from Trinidad to Baltimore, with asphalt; captain and one man drowned. Vessel in bad condition."

ARIZONA HEARD.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The senate committee on territories today heard arguments by Governor Murphy and Delegate Wilson of the territory of Arizona in support of the bill for the admission of taht territory as a state. They dwelt especially upon the marked increase in the population of the territory and urged that it contains both population and wealth sufficient to justify the change in form of government for which the bill provides.

Smoking an Actividad cigar improves disposition, also sweetens the breath. Buy him a box for Christmas; 25 for $2.

SCHILLER CIGAR CO.,
326 West Superior Street.

"A Four-page Calendar" for the year 1901, combined with illustrations of the progress of the century, free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.

GRAND UNION TEA CO.

Our Santa Claus

IS A COMMON SENSE OLD FELLOW!

Happy, hearty himself and bent on seeing others just as well off.

He believes it is right to make children merry at Christmas with jimcracks and playthings, and believes that the big folks are all the better if they, too, unbend for a share of these delights. However, he has a way of being practical as well as jolly, and so he sends out, maybe, an Overcoat, Gloves or Hat for father, a Suit, Muffler of Cap for brother, an Umbrella or Tie for some other girl's brother. We have everything in gentlemen's wear you can think of and no Christmas present is appreciated so much as a useful one. If you are in search of a gift for Grandfather, Uncle, Brother—or for "George," come here and we will show you many things to please you, and will help you to settle the troublesome question on Christmas Gifts.

B. J. COOK,

321 W. Superior St. CHANGE OF FIRM SALE.

THE MARKET BASKET,

WHAT IT COSTS TO FILL IT.

Advertisements of none but dealers in pure, wholesome and reliable food products will be admitted under this heading

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

W. A. SCOTT, Pres., Duluth, Minn.
R. L. McCORMICK, Vice Pres., Hayward, Wis.
A. D. GOODMAN, Sec. & Treas., Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. 196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.

The Reason It's So Popular...

1st—It's made with the most improved flour-making machinery known at the present time.
2nd—It's made by a miller of over 25 years' experience and who is part owner of the mill.
3rd—It's guaranteed; you can get your money back—if not satisfactory.

All Grocers sell it. The only Flour made in Duluth at present.

Duluth Universal Mill Co.

Offices Board of Trade. Both 'Phones.
NOT IN THE TRUST '

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY CHRISTMAS.

Specialties for Saturday and Monday:

STRICTLY FANCY LARGE EGGS —To boil, poach or fry—per doz—

22 cents

STRICTLY FANCY TABLE BUTTER—per lb—

25 cents

NEW MADE DAIRY BUTTER—In roll and print—per roll—

20 cents

EXTRA FINE QUALITY BURBANK POTATOES—per bushel—

55 cents

CHRISTMAS CANDIES, NUTS AND FIGS—RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

SWEET JUICY NAVEL OR FLORIDA ORANGES—Good-sized Fruit—our great leader—doz

25 cents

EXTRA LARGE SIZE NAVEL AND FLORIDA ORANGES—per dozen—

35 cents

Abundance of Green Vegetables—Everything the market affords at THE RIGHT PRICES.

Large shipment of extra fancy Dry-Picked Poultry, at LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

BEST QUALITY MIXED NUTS —per lb—

15 cents

HOLLY WREATHS, Evergreen, Magnolia Wreaths, Christmas Trees in abundance.

OUR BALDWIN APPLES at—

$2.75

per barrel are fancy—Make a sensible Christmas present.

FANCY CATAWBA GRAPES—(in baskets)—per basket—

18 cents

OUR TABLE FRUITS and Vegetables are strictly high-grade and prices are low all along the line.

SPECIAL SNAP ON HAND-MADE CHOCOLATES—In 1-lb and 5-lb boxes—A nice Christmas present—1-lb boxes, each— **25c** 5-lb boxes, each **$1.10**

IN JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE—Our 3-lb can, at—

85c

Stands Unrivalled.

BEST QUALITY HAMS—per lb—

11 cents

OLD-TIME MIXED CANDY—Strictly pure; no gum drops—3 lbs—

25 cents

OUR 25c PER DOZEN ORANGES will surprise you; they are specially good value.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 11 P. M. SATURDAY AND MONDAY—CLOSED ALL DAY TUESDAY.

RATHBUN'S.

Henry Folz,

Groceries and Meats.

331 and 333 W. Superior St.

With the grandest meat display in the city, and one that surpasses all previous exhibits, is making prices for Saturday that will surely surprise the natives.

CHRISTMAS TURKEYS—select stock, per pound	12½c
CHRISTMAS GEESE—Just right—per pound	11c
SPRING CHICKENS—per pound	12½c
CHOICE HENS—per pound	10c
PORK LOINS—per pound	10c
PORK SHOULDERS—per pound	8c
BOILING BEEF—25 pounds for	$1.00
CHOICE POT ROASTS—From Xmas Beef, per pound	9c
ROUND STEAK—per pound	12½c
CHOICE RIB ROAST—per pound	12½c
OUR OWN MAKE SAUSAGE, Nothing Better:	
PORK SAUSAGE—per pound	10c
LIVER SAUSAGE—per pound	10c
BOLOGNA SAUSAGE—per pound	8c
HAMBURGER STEAK—per pound	10c

ST. CLAIR CANAL.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The secretary of war has sent to congress the report of the government engineer on the project of widening and improving the St. Clair Flats canal, making it adequate for two channels, the estimated cost being $330,000.

The RICHELIEU GROCERY.

SUTTON & McCABE, Proprietors,

No. 5 West Superior Street.

The Big Bargain Grocery Store,

Everything in abundance in our line to supply your wants in making up the big Christmas Feast.

SUGAR.

20 lbs. Best Granulated **$1**

With Cash Orders for Other Goods Amounting to $4.00 or Over.

Bread—Best Home Made per loaf	3½c
Flour—Finest Fancy Patent, 98 lb sack	$2.20
Rolled Oats—Fresh and Sweet, 10 lbs	25c
Cheese—Fancy New York Full Cream, per lb	14c
Apples—Fancy New York Baldwins, Saturday, per bbl	$2.75
Peals—Citron, Lemon and Orange Peals, per lb	15c
Cranberries—Three quarts only	25c
Sweet Potatoes—Genuine Jerseys, 3 lbs	25c
Oysters—Fresh from Baltimore, per quart	35c
Candy—Fine Mixed per lb	10c
Candy Choice Cream, mixed, per lb	12½c
Fruit Cake English Fruit Cake, per lb	25c
Plum Pudding 1-lb cans, per lb	25c

Fresh and Green Vegetables in abundance, and all at the Right Prices.

SUTTON & McCABE

5 West Superior Street.

J. G. OSTBY,

32 East Fourth street.
Telephone 136.

COOKING BUTTER—per lb	14c
CHICKENS—per lb	7c
BEST GINGER SNAPS—per lb	6c
SODA CRACKERS—per lb	7c
GOOD RIO COFFEE—2 lbs for	25c
EXTRA BALTIMORE YELLOW PEACHES—a can	10c
GOOD CORN—4 cans for	25c
NORTH STAR WHITE RYE FLOUR, 49-lb sack for	65c
SILVER STAR SOAP—10 bars for	25c
COCOANUT SOAP—the 5c bars, 10 bars for	25c
NAVEL ORANGES—per dozen	18c
JERSEY SWEET POTATOES—7 lbs for	25c

We get our Dairy Butter every Friday, shipped in direct from the counttry. Eggs by express Wednesdays. Will get some Turkeys by express Saturday.

Hansen & Weik,

202 East Fourth Street.

Cash Prices for Saturday and Monday

BUTTER—******** Creamery, in prints	25c
BUTTER—************ Dairy Butter	20c, 22c
EGGS—******* Strictly fresh Eggs	26c
CITRON—********* Lemon, Orange Peel, lb.	15c
CORN—******** for cans for	25c
TOMATOES—******** four cans for	25c
PEARS—********* California Pears, 2 cans	25c
APPLES—*********** Per peck	30c
ORANGES—************** per dozen	30c
SOAP—******** One box Toilet Soap for	10c
SOAP—**** 10 bars good Laundry Soap	25c
CATSUP—******* 1 bottle Catsup, worth 15c	10c
PICKLES—********* 1 bot. Pickles, worth 15c	10c

HANSEN & WEIK.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Bovic, Liverpool.
Hamburg—Arrived: Patricia, New York via Plymouth.
Havre—Arrived: La Bretagne, New York.
Liverpool—Arrived: Germanic from New York; Kansas from Boston.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Masonic Temple Grocery

SHIPPING ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO PHONE ORDERS.

Both Telephones 199. **Danny O'Leary, Prop.** 203-205 E. Superior St.

Christmas Prices.

3 quarts Cranberries 25c

Turkeys, lb 12½c | Geese, lb 11c | Chickens, lb 10c

2 lbs Mixed Nuts	25c	Oranges, doz	15c
1 lb Mixed Candy	10c	Bananas, doz	15c
Fancy Table Raisins, lb	18c	Catawba Grapes, basket	20c
Hickory Nuts, quart	10c	Malaga Grapes, lb	18c
4 lbs Mince Meat	25c	Sweet Cider, gal	25c
Seedless Raisins, lb	10c	Oysters, quart	35c
Clean Currants, lb	14c	3 lbs Fresh Dates	25c
Fancy Citron Peel, lb	17c	Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, 6 cans	45c
Olives, pint	20c	10 Bars Soap	25c
Large Figs, lb	17c	3 lbs good Jap Tea	$1.00

Creamery Butter, per lb 25c

If you want a cup of delicious coffee, buy our three-lb can for 85c

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS GROCERIES HERE. WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

Open all Day Sunday and Christmas.
Also open Every Evening.

Bon Ton BAKERY AND CANDY KITCHEN

25 West Superior St.

OUR CANDIES,

Are all home-made, and are the purest and freshest in the city, and here you have the largest assortment to choose from—

French Bon Bons and Chocolates, usual price 75c, our price, per box	50c
French Bon Bons and Chocolates, usual price 40c, our price, per box	25c
Five-pound box	$1.00
Hand-made cream mixed, usual price 25c, our price, per lb	15c
Daisy mixed candies, per lb	10c
Three pounds for	25c
Old Time, made in our store, lb	10c
Three pounds for	25c
Cream Taffies, per lb	10c
Three pounds for	25c
Peanut Candy, per lb	15c
Peanut Crisp, per lb	15c
Buttercups, per lb	25c
Cream Caramels, per lb	25c
Chocolates, per lb	15c
Marshmallows, per lb	25c

We have the largest assortment of Christmas Tree Ornaments in the city.

Candy Chains, 2 yards long	5c
Cherries, per dozen	10c
Candy Rings, per dozen	10c
Cornucopias, each	5c
Candy Baskets, each	5c
Candy Canes, each,	5c, 10c and 15c
Fancy Tinsel Ornaments	2c up to 10c

For Xmas Cakes and Dainty Delicacies

The Bon Ton Bakery has a Specially Prepared Variety for Christmas Trade such as

Dark Fruit Cake, per lb	25c
Light Fruit Cake, per lb	20c
Pound Cake, per lb	20c
Gold Cake, per lb	20c
White Cake, per lb	20c
Sunshine Cake, per cut	10c
Angel Cake, per cut	10c
Fancy Macaroons, per doz	15c
Fancy decorated Xmas cakes	50c
Different kinds of Nut Cake	25c

All these Cakes are made of the best material.

Extending every one a cordial invitation to see our Christmas goods and wishing all a very Merry Christmas, we remain,

Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887.

Cash Grocers.
Zenith 'Phone, 282,
Duluth 'Phone 282.
401 and 403 East Fourth St

Our Store Will be Closed all Day Christmas

So please prepare. SATURDAY AND MONDAY we offer you the following bargains:

Fancy Roll Butter, 10-lb blocks, per lb	23c
Fancy Roll Butter, per lb	21c
Best Silver Leaf Lard, 3 lbs	25c
Walter Baker's Chocolate, per lb	35c
Cooper's Chocolate, per lb	28c
Raisins, per lb	8c
Best Currants, per lb	12½c
Delicious Layer Raisins, lb	18c
Best Seeded Raisins, pkg	11c
Cocoanut, bulk, per lb	14c
New York Cheese, per lb	14c
Viking Catsup, 20c bottle for	10c
Eggs, per doz	24c
Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel, lb	14c
Viking Standard Lemon per bottle	10c
Viking Standard Vanilla, per bottle	10c
Viking Triple Vanilla, 25c size	18c
Viking Triple Lemon, 25c size	18c
Our J. & M. Coffee, 3-lb cans	85c

Nuts, Candies, Dates and Figs in abundance.

A full line of Fresh Vegetables of the season.

Oranges, doz— *15c, 20c, 25c, 30c to 35c*

Gammel Ost, Gede Ost, Mulkter, Rageret Anchovis, Appetitsild, Regelat, Ryper and a full line of imported Sardines, Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

Viking Maple Syrup, gal. can (Best in the land.)	$1.05
Dew Drop Peas, 15c cans	12½c
Viking Tomatoes, finest grown, per can	12½c
Standard Corn and Tomatoes, 3 cans	25c
Gallon Blueberries, can	45c
Gallon Rhubarb, can	25c

A full line all kinds Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Don't forget to buy a sack of our—

Celebrated Viking Flour

It is always in the lead and the best that money can buy. Send in your orders early and avoid the rush. Remember our store is closed all day Christmas day.

Gronseth & Olsen.

Change in Time—Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company.

Commencing Thursday, Dec. 20, 1900, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern passenger train for all Mesabe range points, will leave Duluth Union depot at 7:40 a. m., instead of 7:45 a. m., and returning arrive in Duluth at 3:40 p. m.

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS TILL CHRISTMAS.

The Great Eastern Duluth

Visitors to the city are cordially invited to make this store headquarters. Comfortable waiting room on second floor. Parcels checked and goods delivered to all depots free.

TO avoid confusion from now on we will thank you for taking small parcels with you, and noticing that our salespeople take your address correctly when delivery is desired.

This Great Christmas Store

Appears today in all the individuality of supremacy—a store surpassing in beauty and importance any clothing store in the Northwest. Full of fashion's finest and exceeding any previous exhibition of wares for the holidays. Come one, come all, and come early tomorrow. Remember, the largest and most carefully selected stocks are here. You can depend upon it. The styles are correct, qualities sterling, prices lowest. These suggestions for tomorrow.

Suits and Overcoats Have you seen the immense stock we're showing? Don't miss it! You're the loser if you do.

House Coats Luxury and comfort in these. "Aren't they beautiful!" said a lady. Biggest stock and exclusive styles. Come early.

Lounging Robes He will be "yours forever" if you get him one. Fabric witcheries and dainty designs. They are going fast.

Mackintoshes Anti-wet and damp defiers. Have you seen the new "Raglan?" They're here waiting your approval. Storm Coats, etc.

Children's Clothing Why not give the boy a handsome Suit, Overcoat or Reefer? No emphasis or comment needed about this department.

Gloves We have the handiest stock you've ever seen. No chapped hands if bought in time. Every price—kid, fur or woolen.

Neckwear We have ties to knot and not to tie. We set the pace in new creations. Strings, Imperials, Four-in-Hands and Puffs.

Umbrellas Rainy-day necessities. An elaborate display. Unique handles. We have them for Ladies and Gentlemen. Also handsome Canes.

Mufflers The new Oxford Quilted Mufflers, very popular. Handsome combinations in color. Silk or woolen squares in great variety.

Hats and Caps Profusion of children's noodle covering. Tams, toques and warm caps. Men's Derbys and Soft Hats from $1.00 up—the very latest things.

Full Dress Fixins For social functions—Protectors, White Neckwear, Full Dress Shirts, Gloves, Collars and Cuffs, etc.

Handkerchiefs Silk, Linen, Jap, Silk and Mercerized Cotton. Plain or initial. The largest assortment in the city.

Suspenders, Etc. Headquarters for the best makes—silks, satins, etc. Sleeve Buttons, Shirt Studs, Stick Pins, etc.

The Famous Knox Hats Recognized as the standard of excellence in hat making—a complete line here.

The Burrows Hat is the best $3.50 hat made.

The Just Wright Hat at $2.50 is one of the most popular hats of the season. We can fit you in any size.

Out-of-Town Patrons... have the same privilege of ordering any article advertised in this list as our city customers—and the same will be promptly forwarded—as long as the goods last—No delays here.

Saturday is Boys' Day!

Tomorrow we commence our big Christmas Sale of Boys' Gift apparel. A Boy wouldn't be half so pleased with anything else, and the prices make it possible for everyone to come and share in the good things. The largest, the finest, the newest stock in the West.

Santa Claus and his beautiful reindeer will hold a reception all day tomorrow in our Boys' and Children's Department (second floor)—Bring the children, he wants to meet them all—let them shake hands with the jolly old man and get one of his cute letters. Pretty presents given away free. Get coupons from the salesmen with your purchase.

This is a partial list of the presents to be given away tomorrow—

Whips.
Merry-Go-Round.
Calliope Whistles.
Zylonites.
Revolina Roller.
Harmonicas.
All Nation's Dolls.
Pet Name Dolls.
China Limb Dolls.
French Roosters.
Dolls.
Skates.
Sleds.
Knives.
Pop Corn.
Bon Bons.
Whistles.
Friction Toys.
Toy Furniture.
Alphabet Blocks.
Assorted Cards.
Dominoes.
Paint Boxes.
Return Balls.
Deception Wine Glasses.
Masks.
Animals.
Books.
Air Guns.
Kaleidoscopes.
Toy Stoves.
Jumping Jacks.
Singing Tops.
Banks.
Checkers.
Picture Books.
Busy Little Workers.
Little Dick.
Fairy Land.
Our Pet Goat.
The Yanke and the Pirate.

Just Received
By Express.

The very latest and handsomest styles in Russian Blouse Suits ever brought out—nothing so pretty and becoming on the little fellows, and we have them in Serges and Flannels in Blue, Green, Brown, Olive, Army Blue, Red and Garnet—ages 2½ to 6 years—the biggest sort of values at—

$5.00, $6.00 and up to $10.00.

A Visit to Our Boys' Dept.

Willl give you no end of practical hints in the way of useful Christmas presents. Some of the things you'll find are:

Night Robes and Pajamas of flannelette 50c to $1 25
Leather Leggins $1.25 to $1.50
Boys' Handkerchiefs 5c to 25c
Boys' Waists 25c to $2.50
Cuff Buttons and Studs 25c to $1.00
Boys' Fancy Vests $1.00 to $2.50
Boys' Suspenders 10c to 50c
Boys' Caps 25c to $1.50
Boys' Hats 50c to $2.50
Boys' Sweaters $1 to $3
Boys' Neckwear in all the styles that men wear 25c to 50c
Boys' Gloves 50c to $1.50
Boys' Overcoats $2.50 to $12.50

Boys' Suits
For Gifts.

Sailor Suits—
In the newest designs—
$1.95 to $10.00

Boys' Dress Suits—
Ages 3 to 16, in the most becoming styles and materials—
$3.45 to $9.95

Boys' School Suits—
8 to 16 years age—extra stout and splendidly made—
$2.45 to $6.45

Special Sale of Boys' Reefers.

A special Christmas sale of seventy-five warm Reefers, Oxford, Irish Frieze, Blue and Black Chinchillas, worth $5.00, tomorrow—
$3.45

M. S. BURROWS.

TELLS OF DARK PLOT

The Milwaukee People Have an Abduction Sensation of Their Own.

A LETTER IS FOUND

Relating to a Conspiracy and an Alleged Conspirator Denounces Himself.

Milwaukee, Dec. 21.—The sensational disappearance and return of young Edward Cudahy is somewhat strangely coincident with the finding of a letter in a Milwaukee street car a few days ago. The letter was addressed to William Stewart, Chicago, Ill., and told of a plan to rob several residences of Milwaukee's wealthy citizens and to abduct a girl. The letter was written with a lead pencil, evidently in a disguised hand, and was signed "Jack." The letter was turned over to the police, who looked upon it as the work of a lunatic.

The day following the finding of the letter, the following advertisement appeared in the Milwaukee Journal:

"Lost—Reward of $5 for the return of letter addressed William Stewart, Chicago, Ill. Address letter to John Smith, Milwaukee general delivery, Milwaukee, Wis."

The Journal also received a letter, signed "Jack," in which the writer says that he is the person who lost the letter in the street car and that it was he who advertised for it. He says that he had been expelled from a desperate gang of robbers and kidnappers, who are working in different parts of the country, and that he has determined to inform against them. Then he tells of a plan which had been arranged to rob Schanderns' Milwaukee residence, abduct the little girl and hold her for a ransom. Besides the Schanderns, he says, numerous other prominent people, including Mayor Rose, Capt. Pabst and Charles Uhlein, are marked for visits from the gang.

When the letter was shown to Police Inspector Otto Reimer, he expressed the opinion that both it and the letter found on the street car were written by a lunatic, or some boy who had been reading dime novels and wanted notoriety. There is no little girl at the Schandern residence.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—"The finding of this letter rather indicates that there might be some truth in the theory that there is an organized band of kidnappers at work throughout the country," said Chief of Detectives Luke Colleran today, when shown the Milwaukee story concerning the finding of a letter in which the alleged plans for the kidnapping of several children of wealthy people were discussed. "The Milwaukee authorities, however, have not communicated with us in regard to this letter, but if they do so the Chicago police will certainly investigate promptly and make any arrests that appear justifiable."

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

West Duluth

An Italian merchant of McGregor, giving his name as Alphonso Giovanni, a man about 40 years of age, was found wandering about the woods yesterday afternoon, between the Thompson road and Smithville, in a very pitiable condition. Two West Duluth boys were out cutting Christmas trees and ran across the man in the woods some distance from the road. At first they were a little frightened by his language and actions, as the man could not speak English and was in a crazed condition. He followed them into the city, and the boys telephoned Lieut. Briggs, who, with Officer Anderson, took him in charge and to the police headquarters in Duluth. An examination of the man showed him to be in a deplorable condition, both physically and mentally. Both feet were frozen, and he appears very irrational. Through conversation with him in the Italian language the police were able to learn that he is a business man of McGregor, and that he has a brother there who has been wired for by the department. The last that Giovanni has any recollection of is his being in West Superior some two or three days ago, and it is believed that he came from there to West Duluth and has been wandering in the woods for about two days and a night. Had the weather been as severe as it usually is at this time of the year the police are of the opinion that the Italian would certainly have been frozen to death, and the finding of a body in the woods, perhaps, during the coming season would have raised a sensation. Giovanni is fairly well dressed, and when found had about $17 in money on his person. It is expected that his brother will arrive from McGregor today and take charge of Giovanni.

TO CHOOSE A CANDIDATE.

Although the meeting of the West Duluth Democratic club the other night considered very favorably the idea of inducing Frank Wade to run on the ticket for alderman of the Seventh ward in the coming aldermanic campaign, the Democrats of the Seventh ward will hold an independent meeting in the Hospital building, at the corner of Fifty-third and Ramsey, tonight to thoroughly canvass the aldermanic situation. There is considerable reason to believe that Mr. Wade will be the choice of the Seventh warders of the Democratic faith, if not many of different faith, because party lines are not closely drawn in this ward when it narrows down to a local election.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The little 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Wilkinson is very sick.

A. F. Filiatrault, who has been seriously ill, is reported a little better today.

Miss Alice Bailey and Miss Florence Bailey will leave this evening for St. Paul, where they will visit relatives until after the holidays.

H. R. Patterson has received a letter from Clay Yeagher, at his father's home in Lebanon, Ohio, in which Mr. Yeagher states that while he feels better he is much weaker than when he left West Duluth. He thinks that he would improve if the weather were warmer.

Mrs. L. L. Gilpin is expected back this evening from a three weeks' visit in Tacoma, Wash.

Mrs. Joseph McGuire, of Sandstone, visited her sister, Mrs. Hollands, this week.

Miss Mary G. Jamieson, who has been attending the Albert Lea college, is here to visit her parents, Rev. and Mrs. S. A. Jamieson, over the holidays.

A rifle target match is to be held at the fair grounds on Christmas day. The Creedmoor improved target rifle will be used at 100 yards' distance. Turkeys are to be shot for as prizes.

Joseph Bellmeur has purchased the "white front" saloon at 110 Central avenue and has opened up for business with an entirely new stock of fixtures throughout.

William Rogers and Rogers & Bros.'s spoons at the following prices Friday and Saturday only: Teas, $1.25; desserts, $2.50; table, $3 a set, at Olson's.

The following officers were elected by the Sancta Marie court, No. 322, C. O. F., of West Duluth: C. R., Nellie F. Kern; V. C. R., Mary E. McDonnell; R. S., A. C. Gilley; F. C., Mary E. Masse; treasurer, Nora Lambert; trustees, Angeline Jacobs, Maggie Harvey, B. Loughney; I. S., Lilly Roy; O. S., Mary Belanger.

Fancy porcelain clocks, worth $2.25 to $3, your choice at $1.50, at Olson's.

Miss Maud Kasler, of Aurora, Ill., is a guest of Mrs. Frank Wade for a few weeks.

Lamps of all kinds at Wieland & Wade's.

West Duluth grocers are complaining that the oil companies that are doing business with them are retailing oil in small lots at the private houses.

A. Bagley has returned from Ely. Mrs. Bagley is with her mother in Minneapolis, where she is receiving treatment from a specialist.

Sterling silver, 9 25-1000 fine, teaspoons at $3.50 a set and up at Olson's.

Cutlery of all kinds at Wieland & Wade's.

Max Beauchamp, of Proctorknott, has returned from a tour of the South, and accepted a position as brakeman on a logging road at Iron River, Wis.

S. H. Shunk and H. P. Morin, of Proctorknott, are back from Callspel, Mont.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Doyle, of West Duluth, were visitors at Proctorknott this week.

Sleds and skates for Christmas presents at Wieland & Wade's.

Mrs. J. S. Brown, of Proctorknott, has gone to Portsmouth, West Va., to join her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Agrell, of Proctorknott, are visiting friends at Monroe, Wis. They will soon leave for St. Augustine, Fla., where they will spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Moore, of Proctorknott, are spending the winter at Penville, Ind

The ladies of Westminster Presbyterian church will serve a dinner in Gilley's hall, Saturday, Dec. 22. Following is the bill of fare: Turkey, with cranberry sauce, chicked beef and pork, hot mashed potatoes, salads, celery, pickles, jelly, mince pie, lemon pie, cheese, fruit, cake, coffee and tea. Dinner served from 5:30 to 8 o'clock. Price, 25 cents.

Tomorrow and Saturday I will sell "1847" Rogers' Bros. knives and forks, full size, at $3.19 a set; limit, one set to a customer. Olson, the jeweler.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.

Until Christmas all dental operations one-half regular charges. West Duluth dental parlors, over Hendricks.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

TONIGHT
SKATING
Music at West Duluth Covered Rink, Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights for the balance of the season. Music Christmas afternoon and evening.

Expensive Pipes,
Yes, but we don't ask $6 for a $3.50 article. Goods marked in plain figures.
SCHILLER CIGAR CO.,
326 West Superior Street.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure.—Max Wirth.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Everything Ready

To Serve You Promptly and Well Tomorrow!

Useful Gifts of every sort at littlest prices possible—and remember—

This Label Silberstein & Bondy Company. On any Gift

you buy will add to the appreciation of the recipient. Store open evenings until 10 o'clock. Prompt deliveries to all parts of the city.

Sterling Silver Novelties
At Reduced Prices Tomorrow.

All our "Sterling Silver" Novelties, formerly sold at $1.50 including Nail Files, Darners, Cuticles, Glove Stretchers, Letter Openers, Button Hooks, Seals, Shoe Horns, Glove Hooks, Embroidery Scissors, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Curling Irons, Ink Erasers, **at $1.00 Each.**

All our $1.25 Novelties, including the same articles above named, **at 98c each.**

All $1.00 Novelties, including the same and the following — Blotters, Call Bells, Hat Brushes, Stocking Darners, Match Safes ink wells, **at 75c each.**

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Can you beat this?

We give below combination prices on some of the popular Magazines:

Every month—Review of Reviews (new) Success $2 50
Pearson's—Cosmopolitan—Success—Review of Reviews (new) $2.75
Lippincott's—Review of Reviews (new)—Success $3.70
Cosmopolitan—Pearson's—Success—Review of Reviews (new) $2.75
McClure's—Review of Reviews—(new)—Sucess—Cosmopolitan $3.00

We are making the subscription business a specialty this year, and will convince you of this fact if you will give us a call.

Just received a full line of Christmas Novelties, Calendars, Children's Books, Etc, Etc. All beautiful and attractive at prices which will open your eyes.

J. G. SEECAMP, Newsdealer,
215 West Superior Street, St. James Hotel.

Went Through the Ice.

While skating on the ice out in the bay yesterday Will Deagle, a young Park Pointer, had a close call from drowning. He was several hundred feet from the canal and skating on very thin ice when everything round him seemed to give way and he went down in the water. He managed to keep afloat, however, till Sam Shearer came to the rescue with a clothes line. The boy was taken to the home of a family living near by and it required some time ao revive him.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence; it is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

"A Four-page Calendar" for the year 1901, combined with illustrations of the progress of the century, free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.
GRAND UNION TEA CO.

$5.75 Round Trip, Via Eastern Minnesota Railway.
To St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, and Jan. 2. The Bee line limited at 1:25 p. m.. Fastest train to Minneapolis. Has new observation chair car. Night train leaves at 11:25 p. m. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m. City ticket office, 432 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Skating..
MUSIC BY MINNESOTA K. P. BAND
AT THE WEST END RINK,
(Foot Twenty-first Avenue.)
CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON.
RACES IN THE EVENING.

(2)
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOURTEEN PAGES--SECTION TWO--PAGES 9 to 14

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1900.

Freimuth's | 40 per cent off on Fine Damask Sample Napkins. LINEN DEPT. | Freimuth's | All Trimmed Hats Half Price. Millinery parlors | Freimuth's | Dressing Jackets Special values at 69c and $1 00. Second Floor. | Freimuth's

Store open every evening until 10 p. m. | Special Values in Newest Xmas Slippers—Shoe Dept. | Santa Claus in the basement for the children.

Half an Acre of Toys, Dolls and Games.

Thousands of shrewd buyers are coining their convictions that this is the greatest and cheapest toy store in this section, and saving money too. Convenient arrangement, wide passages, extra salespeople, a myriad of toys to choose from. Here are a few price-plums for Saturday:

Dolls — Special — 1000 have been sold this week. Here's a fine lot of nicely dressed dolls—assorted sizes and makes—worth 39c—Saturday only 25c

Dolls, Sleighs and Cutters—New, handsomely painted, worth $1.50—Saturday at 98c

Doll Go-Carts—strongly made—good size—worth 35c—Saturday, each 21c

Toy Clothes Wringers—good rubber rollers —strong springs—same as the big ones —worth $1.50—Saturday special 85c

Toy Washing Sets, worth 35c each —special Saturday 25c

Child's Rocking Chairs—Belated arrivals— marked very close to take them out quickly—willow and cane—in new shapes—each
$2.95, $1.50, $1.00, 75c 49c and 29c

Blackboards with patterns and figures to draw form complete, worth 35c—special Saturday 23c

Toy Talking Machines—whistle, recite, sing —5 different records, clear and distinct, worth $2 Special Saturday $1.50

New Crokinole Boards just in— regulation make—worth $1.50; at 98c

Better ones finer in wood and finish $1.48 and $2.48

Furry Bunnies that jump 35c

Comical Donkies that buck 35c

Young American Target Game—amusing and diverting for old and young, worth 35c, at 23c

Rope Evergreens for decoration— worth 8c a yard 5c

Men's Furnishings.

Just inside the door.

Boys' Sweaters—all wool— various patterns $2 and $1

Men's Neckwear—Tecks, Four-in-Hands, Puffs, Etc., in colors to suit all tastes—special values $1 and 50c

Silk Suspenders—nicely boxed for gifts— all colors—special values at—
$1.48, 95 cents, 69 cents

Silk and Wool Night Robes—Collarless Night Robes—Outing Flannel Night Robes
$2.50, $1.50 and $1.25

A VAST DAYLIGHT BAZAAR—BRIGHT WITH CHRISTMAS

wares—gathered from everywhere—for your choosing—Duluth's premier Christmas trading place—with holiday departments expanded—quadrupled—in space—in salespeople—time is narrowed down to hours—everything is for your convenience and facility—HERE—more efficient service everywhere—in selling—in delivery—and prices manifestly less than elsewhere—COME HERE FIRST. WE'RE READY TO SUPPLY ALL YOUR CHRISTMAS WANTS.

Jewelry Ebony Goods.

The Gift Center—always busy—because correctly stocked—and prices are little—when we sell a Christmas gift here we advertise ourselves twice—to the giver and to the receiver.

Gold-filled Chain Bracelets—With lock and key—warranted each 15c

Hat Pins—Jeweled—Enameled—all sizes—all shapes 25c and 15c

Sterling Silver Napkins Rings— plain or engraved 50c

Solid Gold Baby Rings—Plain or chased—flat or oval brand 48c

With Jewel Settings—Pearls, Turquoise, Garnets, etc.—a heavy ring 75c

Sterling Baby Bracelets—with padlock and key—2 sizes 48c and 75c

Berry and Fruit Dishes—Quadruple silver plated with tinted and beautifully decorated Glass Bowls $5 and $3

Ebony Goods.

Selling the manufacturer's stock at Half Price—Remarkable pre-Christmas prices—on Toilet Sets, Manicure Articles, Brushes, etc. Here are sample values:

Ebonized Military Brushes—Hair, Hat, Velvet, Clothes and Baby Brushes—all Sterling Silver mounted, regular price 75c our price—each 48c

Ebonized Brush and Comb Sets —sterling mounted, regular price $1.50—our price $1.00

New Military Hair Brushes—With Sterling shield mounting, fine bristle—regular price $2.75—our price $2.00

Ebonized Toilet Sets—Hair Brush, Comb and Mirror sterling mounted, in pretty cases, regular $3.50 value, at $2.50

Toilet Cases and Dresser Cabinets.

Work Boxes, Glove and Tie Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Collar and Cuff Boxes—a lavish assortment—made of best celluloid—various shapes tastily decorated in colors—handsomely lined with satin—with or without toilet requisites—
$1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $3.50 and up to $11½

Traveler's Toilet Cases

Containing Brushes, Combs, Soap Boxes, and all needed Travelers' toilet articles $2.75 to $6

Shaving Sets in Leather Cases—Silk Lined Collar and Cuff Boxes of Leather—satin lined—
$2.50, $2.95 and up

Ladies' Neckwear.

Think of the cutest neckwear ideas that Paris has dreamed of and developed, and come to this store and see them—unquestionably proper as gifts—undoubtedly the foremost showing HERE. A hint as to the cost—

Chenille Ruches and Boas—Quite an up-to-the-minute style—finest, softest chenille on liberty and chiffon, black and colors, long chenille ties $2.50 to $10.50

Stocks and Jabots of plain and tucked silk with ribbon or velvet or gold trimmed velvet and ribbon with jabots and ties of exquisite lace, chiffon and liberty with ribbon or ruching edge, delightfully dainty conceits at—
75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and up

Collar edges of fine lace—Battenberg and Duchesse patterns at—
50c, 68c and up to $2.50

Lace Collars and Reveres—Fine Battenberg patterns—new patterns and shapes at $2.75 to $3.50

Berthas and Fichus in black and white— softest, finest liberty silk and chiffon tricked out with ruffs and plaitings and tucks and beautiful silk lace—every new kind in correct neck dressing at—
$3.75, $5.00 and $7.50

Christmas Aprons.

Crisp, fresh, sheer Lawn Aprons for maid, nurse, housekeeper or my lady herself—with lace, cluster of tucks, hemstitching, embroidery, insertion—all used in trimming—bib or plain aprons—unusually large variety—
25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

Handkerchief Facts

And Christmas Buying—Fast and furious selling—but roomy selling space and plenty of willing salespeople—you who have put it off till the last day—come HERE now—a wonderful array for your choosing. A hint—three out of 300 styles.

Ladies' fine lawn and pure linen handkerchiefs—daintily—carefully hand embroidered and hemstitched, honest work on honest linen and unusually beautiful designs—
75c, 50c, 35c, 25c and 15c

Men's fine pure linen handkerchiefs, plain hemstitched, ½ or ¼-inch hems or with handworked initials 35c and 25c

Silk handkerchiefs with handsome handworked silk initial—usually sold for 35c, tomorrow each 25c

The Special Sale of Small Furs.

Storm Collars, Muffs, Scarfs, etc., is small in name only. Quantities of these most desirable gifts are going out daily from the fur store. Here are some of the prices:

Electric Seal Storm Collar—with fine Satin lining, large cluster of 8 marten tails in front, regular value $10.00 $7.00
Muff to match same only $2.75

Real Marten Scarf—shaped to fit, large and thick, cluster of tails in front $10.00

Real Marten Muffs, down bed, satin lined, price only $9.00

Genuine Marten Storm Collar, all Marten, or with Persian Lamb yoke, beautiful satin lining, worth $25. $19.50
Others in Mink, Fox, Persian Lamb and Combinations $25 to $60

Muffs—Golden Otter $12.50
Hudson Bay Beaver $11.50
Sable Fox $12.50
Persian Lamb $11.00
Mink $8 00 to $17.50
Finest down stuffed, elegant satin lined.

Presentation Books.

Stupendous book business — quick recognition of superb book values—every day a triumph for the prodigious book store—fresh—clean—up to date—wonderful values offered at—
25c, 35c, 49c and 63c
for the famous literature of the day.

All New Books, published at $1.50, our price $1.25
Special prices to churches and societies on quantities.

Gloves and Mittens.

(Just inside the door.)

Golf Gloves are the Stylish warm hand coverings nowadays. Bright color combinations, pretty, serviceable all wool 68c and 50c

Silk and wool Golf gloves 75c
Black Silk Golf Gloves, new, extra wgeiht $1

Kid Mittens—for Children, with pretty fur tops, wool lined—light or dark brown 75c and 50c

Silk Mittens in black, with black or colored lining to show through the fancy stitched back, prices $1.50, $1.25, $1

Kid Gloves—As only here Jouvin $2, none better. Trefousse $1.75, world famous; Peerlesss, $1.50, our own best at the price; Corso, $1, unequalled anywhere.

Christmas Candies.

We've outgrown our main floor department—a new department is in the basement. Special prices to churches, societies, etc., in quantities. Special for Saturday—

40c Chocolate Creams, plain or nut top 21c
Same in ½-lb boxes 13c
25c Marshmallows, per lb 12½c
20c Crisp Butter Scotch Wafers 10c
☞ Alligretti Famous Chocolates HERE.

The Gift Bazaar

on a bigger and broader Christmas scale than ever before. A big, bright, convenient buying place, finely ventilated If you are still fretting over the what to give problem—come in here—in this great daylight basement—and you'll soon solve it.

China—Art Wares—

Bisque Figures—many quaint and curious figures, all sizes and quantities—
75c, 50c, 35c, 25c and 15c

Odd pieces in Chinaware, daintily hand decorated, newest shapes—Sugar and Creams, Salad and Celery Trays, Cake Plates, Muffin Dishes, Tea Sets, etc.
5c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c and up to $15.00 each.

Tobacco Jars in a variety of head and other designs, each—
$1.50 down to 98c, 75c, 69c, 59c

Odd French China Plates—exquisitely hand decorated—all sizes, from the little bread and butter to the large chop plates, each—
$6 down to $1.48, $1.25, 98c, 75c, 50c 35c and 29c

Wedgewood and Cameo Ware—Beautiful Bon Bon, Jewel, Trinket and Dresser Boxes of this handsome stuff—white figures in relief on delft or green grounds, special values at—
75c, 50c, 35c and 25c

Cut Glass.

We've had quite a little to say of our fine Cut Glass exhibit, but it falls far from even touching its beauty and richness—Here are three low prices to give you a price hint—will you come and see the beautiful ware in the Crystal Room?

Water Bottles, American cuttings, extra value $2.75 up

10-in Vases, many designs, handsome, worth $5.00 each—at $3.75

8-inch Berry Bowls, deep rich American cuttings, elsewhere $7.50, here $4.98

Cut Glass Salt and Peppers— sterling tops, new cuttings—
$1.50, $1, 50c down to 18c

Cut Glass Tumblers—plain top and cut fluted bottom, special, per doz—
$4.25, $3.50 and $1.95

Better ones up to $18 per doz

Special Dinner Set of fine English semi-porcelain, handsome underglaze decorations, floral patterns, full 100 pieces, worth $15 $9.98

CABLE TO MANILLA

Not Unlikely That the Corliss Bill Will Become Law Soon.

TROUBLE FOR HANNA

Runs Against Obstacles That Prevent Passage of Ship Subsidy Bill.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Corliss of Michigan who, since coming to congress, has taken great interest in our colonial possessions, seems satisfied that a bill providing for the laying of a Pacific cable from Seattle, San Francisco, Portland and other West coast cities to Honolulu, Manilla, Hong Kong and other points in the Orient, will become a law at this session of congress.

Representative Corliss has received assurances from Gen. Henderson, speaker of the house of representatives, and also from members of the rules committee, of which Gen. Henderson is chairman ex officio, that a date will be fixed for the consideration of the Pacific cable bill, which Representative Corliss favors, after congress reconvenes in January. The mere fact that Speaker Henderson and other distinguished gentlemen who compose the membership of the rules committee, have given this promise to Representative Corliss foreshadows the success of the bill in the lower branch of congress. Its early passage in the house would indicate that there will be a desire on the part of the senators to give this measure the consideration it deserves, and, therefore, it will probably pass that branch of congress substantially as it comes from the house of representatives. The necessity for the passage of a bill making the required appropriations for the laying of this cable has been conceded for some time past, but the fact that such a large appropriation is required to successfully complete the work has prevented many members of congress from considering the proposed plan a feasible one.

Now that we have actually in our possession the Hawaiian islands, that we are supposed to have control of the Philippines, and as we are endeavoring to work up trade with China and Japan, and, in addition to this, as we need telegraphic communication with various points in Alaska, it is not at all unlikely that a bill drawn up on the lines of that favored by Representative Corliss will pass both houses and become a law by the president's approval before March 4 next.

* * *

It has been anticipated for a long time that Senator Hanna will have considerable trouble in inducing the senate to pass the national shipping subsidy bill, which he is endeavoring by every possible means to get through this branch of congress at an early date.

The difficulty that besets the Ohio senator is that it is impossible for him to induce various Western members to consent to the enactment of such a subsidy bill as he is favoring. The Western members, at least those in the house at the last session, convinced Senator Hanna that it would not be an easy matter for him to get the bill he desires to have passed through both houses at the present session. The Ohio senator, as is well-known, is a man not easily convinced that he is in the wrong anywhere and, therefore, he has brought about opposition of not only members of congress from the West, but has also lost votes that he might have secured in Eastern states. Were it not for the fact that he made it plain to everybody that he could pass the subsidy bill in the senate without making the necessary concessions to members (and some of them prominent, too,) in both houses of congress, it is possible that Senator Hanna might succeed in his intention of enacting into law the subsidy bill which he favors, as at present drafted, but those opposed to it as it is now drawn up do not believe that Mr. Hanna will succeed. He has the support of President McKinley, which will be of some assistance, but it is not believed at this time that even the powerful influence of the McKinley administration will be sufficient to put through the measure that Senator Hanna is so anxious to have become law before the end of this session of congress.

* * *

Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, as is well known, will retire from official life March 4 next. The South Dakota senator has been a conspicuous figure in both national and local affairs during his term in the senate. His retirement from office as a senator means that there will be a heated contest among several ambitious Republicans in that state who are now anxious to succeed him in the United States senate. At the present time the indications are that Representative Gamble will have a majority in the legislature, which will meet in Huron in January. There is a possibility, however, that a combination of some kind may be formed by the other Republican candidates against Mr. Gamble, which may prevent his being elected. At the present time, however, Representative Gamble is of the opinion that he has enough votes pledged to secure his election.

In view of the fact that Senator Pettigrew is a man who has made a reputation perhaps considered by many undesirable, his retirement as a member of congress will cause the people of that state, without doubt, to regret that, even though he changed his politics, he is left out of office. South Dakota has had no better advertisement in the national capital than in the peculiar methods pursued by Senator Pettigrew while a member of the United States congress. Unlike some other senators, Mr. Pettigrew has favored and opposed legislation which has given him undesirable prominence. It is presumed, however, that Mr. Pettigrew pursued the course he did in the senate either to advertise himself or his state, and at least in this respect he has been successful. It is doubtful if his successor, notwithstanding Mr. Pettigrew's eccentricities, will be able to pass through the senate or the house so much legislation beneficial to the state. Next to Senator Carter of Montana, Pettigrew, during his several terms in both house and senate, has probably been able to accomplish more for his state than any other Western representative. If Representative Gamble is elected to succeed Mr. Pettigrew in the United States senate, this choice by the legislature of South Dakota will be generally considered excellent. It is understood here that Senator Pettigrew, realizing, of course, that it would be impossible for him to succeed himself as senior senator from South Dakota, favors Mr. Gamble more than any other man considered an available candidate for the senatorship.

* * *

Consul Diederich, in a recent communication from Bremen, states that the Agrarian party, after having succeeded during the last session of the reichstag, in enacting a law prohibiting, in effect, the importation of American corned beef and canned meats and sausages, is now using its powerful political influence to bring about the enactment of a law that will vastly increase the import duties on all grains entering the German empire, notably wheat.

At present the chief countries dependent on others for a large part of their wheat supplies are Germany, France, England, Austria, Italy, Spain, Switzerland and Belgium. The leading wheat-exporting countries are Russia, Hungary, East Indies, Balkan states, United States, Canada, Argentine Republic and Australia.

The aim of the Agrarians is to make Germany entirely independent of all countries for its breadstuffs and food supplies. However, it is impossible to understand how a duty of, say, 44 cents on every bushel of imported wheat, as is now proposed to the reichstag, can increase the crops of wheat and other cereals in that country or decrease the appetite of its people. Farming, diversified and intensified, is done in Germany upon more improved and scientific methods than probably anywhere else in the world. Though the Germans use less machinery in garnering and removing crops than we do, they apply more chemistry in the treatment of their soil, and use almost every inch of ground available for agricultural purposes. More commercial fertilizers are imported into that country and manufactured there, and more attention is paid to "soil inoculation" in order to increase fertility, than in any other country. And yet, with all that science and money and toil can do in raising grain, Germany is obliged to import from other countries about one-eighth of her breadstuffs. One-eighth is a rather small fraction and does not look at all formidable, but when it is borne in mind that in 1899 Germany had to import 50,371,436 bushels of wheat, for which she paid $42,935,200, and 22,097,178 bushels of rye, which cost her $14,446,200, the question at once assumes gigantic proportions. For the two items of wheat and rye this nation paid to other nations the handsome sum of $458,381,400, and this vast sum of money, the Agrarians claim, will be retained in Germany if a higher duty be imposed on wheat and other grains.

It is proposed to add to the acreage of the country by putting under cultivation all the barren, waste places now occupied by moors and heaths and swamps. It is claimed that ample protection will bring better prices for home-grown wheat, which will encourage the German farmer to grow less sugar beet and more grain. But even should Germany be as successful as the most sanguine Agrarians expect in increasing her production of wheat and rye, it would be impossible for any length of time to supply the home consumption of breadstuffs with the natural increase of the population of Germany, the demand for and the consumption of breadstuffs are continually growing. Each year brings to this country, on the average, 600,000 fresh mouths clamoring for food. So, after all, it is difficult to see how the proposed national legislation can have any other effect, in the long run, than to enhance the price of the daily bread so needful to every man, woman and child in that country.

There seems to be little doubt that the proposed law will be passed by the German reichstag. This will seriously affect the interests of the American farmer, for a large part of the importation of wheat into Germany is American grown. A duty of 40 to 50 cents on every bushel of wheat can not fail to be well-nigh prohibitive, and the consequence will be more limited markets, fiercer competition and lower prices to the producers.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

REVOLT

Against the Tactics Being Employed By Hanna In Washington.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The Evening Times prints an article charging that Senator Aldrich, chairman of the senate finance committee, treated Senator Hanna to quite a "rough house." Senator Aldrich will neither affirm nor deny the charge.

As the story goes, at a meeting of the committee Mr. Hanna, who is not a member of it, appeared and, it is said, informed the members that they must send the bill into the senate with an amendment reducing the beer tax to $1, the house having fixed it at $1.50. He is said to have taken the whip hand in the committee room and ordered the Republican majority to fix up the reduction.

In a statement, made in an impassioned address, he is said to have informed the administration followers that the brewers had come to the fore manfully during the recent campaign, and had so materially aided the Republican national committee as to have taken no small part in the re-election of Mr. McKinley and the "repudiation of cheap money and Populism." The brewers, he is reported as saying, were in return promised only what was due them, a fair reduction of the excessive tax on beer.

He had pledged his word, he is said to have declared, to have congress take favorable action on the reduction of the beer tax, and each Republican present could see that the reduction was only fair and honest. He had made this same plea to the members of the house ways and means committee and to the Republican leaders in that body, and they had done their duty in reducing the tax $10,000,000. It was now the duty of the senate, he said, to make a further reduction in justice to the brewers.

Mr. Hanna is said to have met with a rebuff from Mr. Aldrich, which surprised the Ohio leader. The former is reported as declaring himself against any further reduction, and is said to have informed Mr. Hanna that he would fight any such proposition. He added that he saw no reason why Mr. Hanna should attempt to influence the minds of the committee members, and that it was hardly the right thing to accept contributions from brewers with the understanding that this congress should repay the debt. Mr. Aldrich proposed increasing the tax on beer instead of lowering it.

Mr. Spooner stated that a $30,000,000 reduction would be enough, while the action of the house in cutting the beer tax by $10,000,000 made the reduction $40,000,000.

The Democratic members of the committee, headed by Mr. Vest, are averse to the Hanna proposition, and hold that the scheme is merely an effort to make a present to the brewers' trust, which contributed liberally during the campaign.

It is now almost a certainty, say those who know, that Mr. Hanna's scheme will fail, and worse than all, the senate proposes to restore the reduction made by the house.

Mr. Hanna is said to be greatly chagrined, and it is reported that he will see the president and bring the revolt to Mr. McKinley's attention, in the hope that he may be prevailed on to force recalcitrant senators into line on the matter of reducing the beer tax.

MACDOWELL DIVORCED.

New York, Dec. 21.—Referee Emanuel Blumenstiel has filed his report in the supreme court in the divorce suit brought by Wilhelmina Marie MacDowell against William Melbourne MacDowell, the actor, once husband of Fany Davenport. The referee finds that Mrs. MacDowell is entitled to a decree. The couple were married on June 15 last.

ESTERHAZY STARVING.

The Last Stage in the Notorious Major's Career.

Paris, Dec. 21.—Maj. Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, who figured so prominently in the Dreyfus case, has sunk into utter misery. His divorced wife's suit against her mother, the Marquis de Betancourt, for an allowance, on the ground that she is in profound distress and unable to support or educate her young daughters, has brought forth the following letter written by the major to his wife, Nov. 1:

"I have been unable to write to my children recently, not having the money to buy a postage stamp. I am at the last extremity of strength, courage and resources. I have not eaten for two days until this morning in the workhouse. I have no clothes, am shivering with the cold and am compelled to warm myself by entering churches and museums.

"Everyone will say this is a confession of guilt; but you can say I am killing myself because, after having struggled to the utmost of my courage, my voice is stifled by my persecutors. Without bread, home or clothing I shall die of privations of all kinds, unless a revolver bullet puts everything in good order. Kiss my children. Tell them I adore them, and if a frightful fatality has precipitated me into an abyss. If I die the victim of human cowardice, I never committed the crime whereof I am accused by scoundrels in order to save themselves."

Esterhazy's letter is dated from London.

LI KEEPS POSTED.

Somebody Tells Him Doings at Envoys' Secret Meetings.

Pekin, Dec. 21.—Wednesday's meeting of the foreign envoys was protracted and somewhat stormy, owing to the desire to discover who discloses to the Chinese what every minister has pledged to keep secret. Li Hung Chang invariably knows within two hours of a meeting what has happened.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Dec. 21.—The barometer is moderately low off the South Carolina coast, and very low in the region north of the Dakotas and Montana, Swift Current reporting 28.94 inches (corrected to sea level). Pressures are highest over California, with a narrow ridge of relatively low pressure extending southwest from New England to Texas. Temperatures are cooler in Eastern Gulf states, Nevada and rOegon, and warmer in districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky Mountains. High winds occurred during last night in Upper Rocky mountain districts. Light to copious rains fell in South Atlantic, North Pacific and Upper Rocky mountain states, with snow falling in the District of Columbia this morning.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	42	Medicine Hat	40
Battleford	14	Memphis	38
Bismarck	32	Milwaukee	32
Boston	28	Minnedosa	11
Buffalo	32	Montgomery	38
Calgary	30	Moorhead	28
Charleston	44	New Orleans	46
Chicago	32	North Platte	34
Davenport	36	New York	34
Denver	32	Oklahoma	38
Detroit	26	Omaha	32
Dodge City	32	Pittsburg	28
Duluth	28	Port Arthur	20
Edmonton	18	Portland	44
El Paso	50	Qu' Appelle	58
Escanaba	30	Rapid City	40
Galveston	48	San Francisco	52
Green Bay	28	Santa Fe	30
Havre	48	Shreveport	36
Helena	38	Spokane	42
Huron	21	St. Louis	34
Jacksonville	50	St. Paul	30
Kamloops	40	Sault Ste. Marie	28
Kansas City	40	Swift Current	38
Knoxville	32	Washington	30
La Crosse	22	Williston	30
Lander	30	Winnemucca	38
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	18
Marquette	28		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy to cloudy tonight and Saturday with probably snow or rain; colder during Saturday; brisk to high winds, easterly shifting to westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and warmer southwest portion; Saturday partly cloudy with probably showers at night. Minnesota—Unsettled tonight and Saturday with possibly showers Saturday; cooler Saturday afternoon or night; high south shifting to west winds Saturday.

A Decision of General Interest.

In the case of the city of Danville and others against the Southern railway and others, the intestate commerce commission was about to order a change in railroad rates in favor of the city, when the railway company objected on the ground that this reduction of rates would reduce its dividend paying capacity 15.2 per cent. Thereupon the commission reopened the case, but after due consideration has given the railway company until Dec. 31 of this year in which to modify its rates, giving notice that an order will be issued then if this is not done. What makes this decision of the commission of more than local interest is that the decision says: "This is not a question of revenues altogether. It is a question, to an extent, of right and wrong. The beggar upon the street has no right to steal because he is hungry; nor has the Southern railway a right to do an unlawful act simply because it needs revenue. The state of its revenues has a bearing upon the lawfulness of the act, but it is not conclusive. Railway managers are prone to assume that, in the adjustment of their rates, only the interest of their own properties must be considered. This is neither just nor lawful. Railways are public servants and subject to public control. In the exercise of that control the public has enacted that they shall not unduly discriminate in favor of one locality against another. The supreme court has declared that in determining what is undue discrimination, reference must be had to the interest of all parties, not merely the railway."

Alleged Cure For Consumption.

A startling but welcome announcement has been made by Dr. Hoff, a successful physician of Vienna. He claims that a formula for the cure of consumption has been found at last. It is not a serum, but a mixture of drugs that performs the cure. And the drugs can be found in any first-class drug store. Dr. Hoff declares it is the result of years of investigation and experiment, and it is given to the public with the assurance that it has been tested sufficiently to prove its worth. The formula is given as follows: "One part of arsenic acid, two parts of carbonate of potash, three of cinnamylic acid, five of distilled water; heat until a perfect solution is obtained, then add twenty-five parts of cognac and three parts of extract of opium which has been dissolved in twenty-five parts of water and filtered. Of this mixture there are to be taken at first six drops after dinner and supper, and the dose is to be gradually increased to twenty-two drops." Two hundred cases have been treated by Dr. Hoff with the remedy. Incipient cases were quickly cured, and those in an advanced stage were greatly improved. Appetite and weight of patients under treatment increased steadily; the fever became lower; night sweats, insomnia and asthmatic symptoms lessened; the cough decreased and the rattle stopped. The duration of the treatment depends mainly on the condition of the patient. Mild cases may be cured in two months; severe ones may require two yers. Dr. Hoff says that one of his patients had cavities in his lungs large enough for the insertion of a fist, yet a cure was effected in about two years.

The British officers who have returned from South Africa are said to be now much embarrassed by the demonstrations in their honor, in view of the present state of the Boer war, which is seemingly far from ended. It is a case of obtaining glory under false pretenses.

THE CANADIAN PREMIER.

Halifax, N. S., was the scene recently of a great dinner given in honor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at which over 500 persons were present. Sir Wilfrid claimed that the recent victory of the Liberals in Canada was a victory for tolerance and generosity. He spoke in laudatory terms of the able public men Nova Scotia had produced, and paid a high tribute to his political opponent, Sir Charles Tupper, who, although twenty years older than Sir Wilfrid and in his 80th year, is still in the full enjoyment of his mental and physical powers. Speaking on the question of preferential trade, he stated that the policy of the government would be, as heretofore, giving all to England and not asking anything in return. He claimed that the British empire must be built on "the broad platform of justice and equality," and that his ideal of such an empire was "a galaxy of nations under one sovereign." While Canada and the United States were on friendly terms, there were still many questions of difference to be settled by arbitration or mutual consent.

Although he is a strong Britisher and Canadian, Sir Wilfrid said he had the highest respect for this country, to which he looked as an outlet for Canadian produce, since Great Britain, though the natural market, was not large enough. The day has passed when Canada was regarded as the worse half of this continent, and she is now attracting very general attention. The gold of the Klondike, the wheat of Manitoba and the apples of Nova Scotia were unequalled in the markets of Europe. It is by commerce that countries must now be conquered. There was no race cry in the Dominion. "Canadians all" was the motto throughout the length and breadth of the land. Evidently the premier made a great impression by his speech in the most English of Canadian cities.

NEW YORK'S MAYORALTY.

For several weeks past the New York Tribune has been making a canvass of preference for a mayoralty candidate for that city. The point that determines choice is probable availability for the purpose of defeating Tammany. Candidates have been suggested, almost by the hundred, many of them so good that we wonder why New York can consent to be so badly governed when she has such excellent material for good government. But there is one name in the list that leads all the rest and everyday strengthens this lead. That is the name of President Seth Low, and Charles A. Schieren is also a public favorite. It is now announced that there is a determination on the part of the state leaders, including Senator Platt, to nominate Seth Low for mayor, and Mr. Schieren for comptroller. This proposition has been received with enthusiasm by the independents, and even the organization men, who balked a little at first, are coming to admit that such a ticket would be as strong as any that could be proposed.

As the Boston Transcript says, the organization will go into this arrangement in good faith and do as much for the cause of good municipal government as it has hitherto done for politics, the project is very encouraging indeed. It may not be as easy to elect Mr. Low as it would have been three years ago, but we believe it can still be done by a harmonious union of all the forces that were opposed to Tammany at the last election. By common consent, Mr. Low seems to be the best and most available leader, and if the vices and excesses of Tammany shall compel the nomination of the best man, that notorious organization must be given a little rebate on virtue's side.

HEAVY BRITISH LOSSES.

The following table shows the casualties to the British field force in South Africa up to the end of November:

	Officers	N.C.O.'s and Men.
Killed in action	331	3,118
Died of wounds	93	952
Died in captivity	4	92
Died of disease	163	6,566
Accidental deaths	4	176
Missing and prisoners (excluding those who have been recovered or died in captivity)	11	1,236
Sent home as invalids	1,551	35,548
Total	2,140	47,588

Total—49,728.

Absolute loss to army—

Deaths in South Africa	575	10,801
Missing and prisoners	11	1,236
Invalids sent home who have died	7	234
Left the service as unfit		1,314
	593	13,585

Total—11,178.

Thus it will be seen that the war has been costly in the destruction of life—and the end is not yet, judging from the developments of the past week. From the financial point of view, the campaign has been disastrous, the daily cost being said to be $25,000.

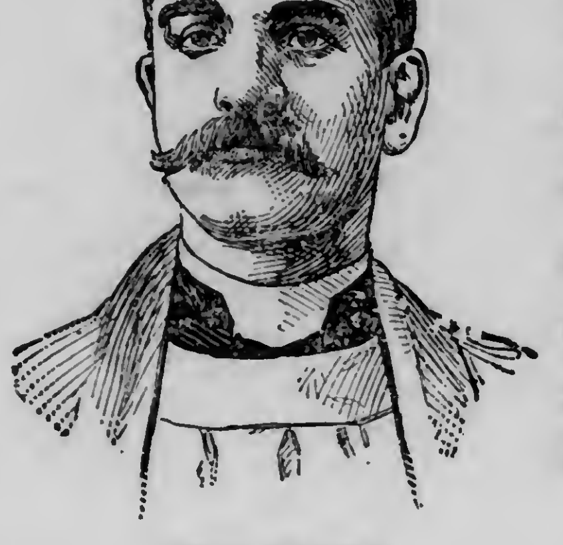
A beautiful edition de luxe of Hans Christian Anderson's Fairy Tales has been brought out at an expense of more than £10,000 by the Danish government. It is dedicated to no less a person than the princess of Wales. All the youngsters will be crying for this edition de luxe of their favorite fairy tales and it's safe to wager that more than one copy will find its way into stockings of young America. But do you suppose they will get any more real fun out of it than you did from the edition which had power to make you steal midnight or morning hours from sleep?

Michael G. Mulhall, the noted statistician, who died in London a few days ago, made a wonderfully precise calculation in July last, showing his skill in a marked degree. Forecasting the results of the census of the United States he announced that the census would show the United States to have a population of 75,206,000 people. The official count enumerated 76,295,000 people. Statistical science in skillful hands can be made very accurate.

In Beloit, Wis., a wave of municipal reform took the direction of a public meeting of sixty representative citizens who discussed the urgent need of "better police protection." The dinner to which the citizens sat down cost $400. The money was deposited in the hotel safe and in less than ten minutes after the reformers sat down to their meal the entire sum was stolen from the safe.

BISHOP MORRISON THANKS THE HERALD

Ability and Courage Displayed In Opposing National Park Scheme Will Defeat It.



BISHOP MORRISON.

Office of the Bishop of Duluth, Duluth, Minn., Dec. 19, A. D. 1900.—To the Editor of The Herald: I beg to thank you for the "leader" in The Herald this evening on the national park scheme. The ability and courage with which our Duluth dailies are opposing this project, I believe will defeat it. Very truly,

J. D. MORRISON.

The United States supreme court may not take the view held by Gen. Benjamin Harrison regarding the true relations of the government to Porto Rico and the Philippines, but there seems to be little doubt that the people are with him. The colonial idea is repugnant to a large number of patriotic citizens.

Now that Justice Andrews of the supreme court of New York, has decided that the latest hour at which a woman should return to her apartment is midnight, perhaps, says the Boston Globe, he will announce officially what time the men ought to get home.

When the British correspondents who wanted to go home for the Christmas holiday said the "war is over," Gen. De Wet called his burghers from the mountains and passed a resolution that the "war is on!" And so it proved.

The sentiments now being expressed on the expansion question by ex-Presidents Harrison and Cleveland would have been regarded by many people of great value if made two months ago.

A New Jersey soldier writes from the Philippines that the climate is healthful and pleasant for mosquitoes, snakes and alligators. He should be an authority on mosquito climates.

England will accept the Hay-Pauncefote treaty in its modified form. South African affairs demand all her attention and she cannot afford to get into another quarrel.

The indications are that by next summer the coal trust will control the whole anthracite field. Mr. Morgan believes the people voted that way last month.

The next time the British find De Wet running away they will probably not try to stop him. It is dangerous to interrupt him.

With the holiday rush of shoppers on, mere men find it difficult to move on all the sidewalks in the shopping district.

The man who is talking of cornering all the soft shell crabs and advancing the price has no heart.

The weather man at Medicine Hat must be taking a vacation or his stock of cold waves is short.

PLEASANTLY PUT.

Philadelphia Press: Patient—I'm afraid, doctor, that I swallowed my false teeth.

Young Doctor—How do you know? Do you—aw—feel a gnawing sensation?

Chicago Post: "That city man that was visiting me is an overrated cuss," remarked the farmer.

"How so?"

"Oh, the papers all said he was a great hand at watering stock, but I found he couldn't work the pump five minutes without laming his arm."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "There is one thing that I'm afraid Papa Zimmerman can't prevent."

"What's that?"

"Half of Cincinnati will be over the Rhine drinking the duke of Manchester's brand of beer before the year is out."

Detroit Journal: The Night Wind stirs uneasily.

"Why do you croon," asks the Owl, in fretful cadence.

"Well, I have to do something that rhymes with moon of course!" sighs the Night Wind.

There is poetry in nature.

Indianapolis Press: "Do you think," asked the landlady, "that death ends all?"

"Not for four or five days, in the case of a turkey," said the Savage Boarder, who had won his position of star by sheer brutality.

Baltimore American: Mrs. Meddergrass—The Postmistress doesn't seem to like the new professor of the school.

Mr. Meddergrass—Nope, I reckon not. I heerd some of the fellers at the store say he had wrote all his postal cards in Latin, or some other furrin' language.

Washington Star: "A man must have his eyes open all the time to succeed in politics," remarked the young man.

"He must," answered Senator Sorghum. "If he doesn't keep his eyes open on his own account, some one is pretty sure to open them for him."

One Weak Spot.

Indianapolis Sentinel: There is one point in the Philippine question on which Gen. Harrison is decidedly weak, and that is the proposition that it is now too late to relinquish our hold on them. Why is it too late?

Temporary Annexation.

Denver News: The Neely case has developed the possibility of pro tempore annexation, the limit of control depending upon the views of the annexer.

Warning to Mountain Lions.

Denver Republican: Governor Roosevelt is preparing to start West, and hereafter all wise mountain lions will sidestep men with eyeglasses.

Didn't Get a Permit.

Chicago Record: It seems that Mark Hanna did not receive the consent of the governed to tamper with the Monroe doctrine.

Secretary Hay's Position.

Boston Herald: Secretary Hay has every reason to feel disappointed, but he is not the sort of a man to manifest his disappointment in an undignified or resentful manner. He occupies a position of great responsibility and he would become president if McKinley should die before the fourth of next March.

"WHAT SHALL I GIVE FOR CHRISTMAS?"

Here's what is bothering folks now-a-days:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Right in sight now is that annual craze.
"What SHALL I give for Christmas?"
Stores are all crowded with shoppers each day,
Looking around at the brilliant display,
Some make a purchase, but most of them say:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"

Mamma is asking herself all the while:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Papa exclaims as he looks at his "pile:"
"WHAT shall I give for Christmas?"
Tommy and Jenny, of course, want to buy
Mamma and papa a gift on the sly,
Nothing has suited them, so they still cry:
"What shall we give for Christmas?"

Pretty girl scratches her head and exclaims:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Here's what is bothering motherly dames:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Sue wants a sealskin and two or three rings—
How will her Cholly boy buy all those things?
Lookse at his pocketbook swears, and then sings:
"WHICH shall I give for Christmas?"

Paramount issue before us just now—
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Question that works up a sweat on each brow—
"What shall I give for Christmas?"
Papa is puzzled to know how to please
All of the kids that are perched on his knees,
Asks himself, when they all start in to tease:
"What shall I give for Christmas?"

Yes, it still bothers some people to know
What they will give for Christmas.
Others have made up their minds long ago
What they will give for Christmas.
Crowding and jamming and filling the stores,
In the mob comes and then out again pours;
"Confound this nuisance!" each one of them roars,
"What shall I give for Christmas?"

—E. A. BRININSTOOL, in Buffalo News.

THE NEW STEEL POOL.

Chicago Tribune: Within the last week the fourteen largest steel companies of the United States completed a combination for the absolute control of some of their products in American markets. Its object is to put an end to all competition in the domestic iron and steel market and to exact from consumers the highest prices possible with the help of the tariff. The first act of the combination was to fix the price of steel plates at $28 a ton at Pittsburg, the price at other places to vary according to freight rates. It is to be expected that the prices of steel rails, beams, billets, bars, rods, nails, and all other products will be similarly fixed by the pool.

While this places the American consumers entirely at the mercy of the combine, it leaves the various companies free to compete against each other and against foreign mills in Europe, Asia and Africa. Its object is to extort a higher price from home consumers and yet to sell the same products abroad at the lowest competitive prices. As a consequence, Americans will pay more for steel than consumers in any other part of the world. The steel companies have for some time been maintaining one price in the United States and another and lower price in foreign markets, and the pool is meant to perpetuate this iniquitous arrangement for a stipulated term of five years. With a high import duty on steel products it will be impossible for foreign goods to come in and compete. The combined companies at present constitute so nearly a complete monopoly that they can hold up American consumers at will—within the tariff limits—and at the same time can do a legitimate competitive business abroad.

The immediate reply of congress to this greedy game should be a revision of the Dingley tariff duties on steel plates and on every other product which the pool attempts to dominate. The moment a protected industry begins making two prices on the same thing—a high domestic price and a lower foreign price—the protection should be removed. The steel trusts have deliberately undertaken to abuse their protection by robbing the people who gave it to them. The people, through congress, should checkmate this outrageous proceeding by promptly removing the duties in question. This will allow foreign steel to enter and compete in American markets and will break the pool's artificial prices and force the trusts to do business on a more legitimate basis.

VOICED PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

Eveleth Leader: Congressman Page Morris put his foot down hard on the "Park Reserve" scheme and in doing so voiced the sentiments of 99 per cent of the residents of Northern Minnesota. If the "big fellows" in the East are anxious for a park they should select territory that is worthless for other purposes and not attempt to swipe a big chunk out of the middle of the richest and most productive portion of the United States.

MERRY
CHRISTMAS

PHILLIPS

GREAT REDUCTIONS

ON ALL HOLIDAY SLIPPERS.

We want to sell out every pair of Fancy Slippers.

MEN'S SLIPPERS.

Men's Slippers, all styles and colors, black and tan, cut to— $1.50

15 different styles Men's $1.75 Tan and black Slippers, reduced to $1.25

Men's Imitation Alligator Slippers—worth $1.00, at— 75 cents

Men's Imitation $1.25 Seal, tan and black, vici kid Slippers— 98 cents

Men's 90c Velvet and Imitation Alligator Slippers— 59 cents

BOYS' DEPT

Boys' German Sox— 39 cents

Boys' Moccasins— 98 cents

Boys' Good Shoe Pacs, tan and black, at— $1.50

Boys' Velvet Slippers, worth $1.00, cut to— 69 cents

Boys' best quality leather Slippers only— $1.25

LADIES' SLIPPERS.

Ladies' $2.00 two-strap high heel Dress Slipper, special price— $1.50

Men's tan and black Nullifier, like cut, worth $2,00, only $1.39

Men's $2.25 grade, only $1.50

Men's $2.50 tan and black Nullifiers, all sizes and widths $2.00

Men's finest tan goat, closed side soles $3.00

Ladies' fur lined Carriage Boots, black and grey, regular price $4.00, reduced to $1.98

Ladies' Satin Juliet; red, gold, blue and black, worth $2, cut to $1.50

BIG BARGAIN.

172 pairs of Ladies' $1.25 Felt Juliets, like above cut, cut to— 89 cents

Ladies' $1.50 Juliets, cut to— $1.19

Women's Felt and Leather Sole Slippers, only— 49 cents

A BARGAIN.

Misses' and Childs' Red Felt, fur trimmed Juliets: price— 98c, 89c, 75c

FOR BABY.

Infants' Felt Sole Shoes and Moccasins in all colors

Childs' Leather Leggins, sizes 3 to 10, price 98c

Childs' Jersey Leggins, the 89c kind, price 69c

Misses' Jersey Leggins, the $1.00 kind, price 75c

Ladies' Jersey Leggins, the $1.39 kind, price 98c

CALL IN THIS BUGABOO!

Washington Post: The inability of the British mind to absorb even the simplest overture of humor is now finding its most eloquent expression through the medium of the London newspapers. The spectacle of these journals, especially the Chronicle—over whose portals hang, or ought to hang, three golden balls—this spectacle is a fruitful cause of gayety. Almost without exception, they solemnly declare that Great Britain cannot possibly accept the Hay-Pauncefote treaty in its present form. With a unanimity calculated to make the very toughest graven image grin, they assure each other that never, never will the Davis amendment receive their sanction, and they proceed to hint that all sorts of formidable consequences will flow from the situation now confronting them.

Could anything be more pitiable? Here is England, which for more than a year past has been devoting all her military energies to the suppression of two friendless and isolated South African republics. Against these simple farmers, inaccessible to the world, cut off from every sympathy and help, England has arrayed her greatest generals and the largest army she has ever organized in the whole history of the nation. For every Boer in arms England has had at least six of the flower of her fighting force. And yet, for all this expenditure of life and treasure, England has to show, today, nothing but her impudent proclamation of annexation and her own unsupported claim of conquest. The Boers are still in the field. Not a day passes in which they do not inflict some loss, defeat or humiliation upon their British persecutors. Kitchener is repeating in South Africa the infamous and wanton cruelties of Alva in the Netherlands some centuries ago. He is burning farms, devastating fields robbing women and children of their shelter—practicing every imaginable form of barbarism—yet nevertheless the handful of Boers still surviving continue to destroy railroads cut communications attack and defeat English detachments capture men, supplies and ammunition until Kitchener's alleged domination is a mere figure of speech and England's conquest of the Transvaal is a flagrant fraud. Kitchener cries for re-enforcements. Parliament is appropriating money at the rate of $2,000,000 a week to maintain the war of extermination in South Africa, and 200,000 soldiers are kept—and imperatively needed—there to maintain even the fallacious appearance of military occupation.

This is the country whose newspapers solemnly inform the United States that the Nicaragua canal shall not be constructed without its permission. And these are the newspapers which gravely tell us that the limit of England's forbearance has been reached! Surely, in his most fantastic dreams, Offenbach never conceived anything as preposterous as this reality. The spectacle of England shaking a fist of menace at the United States through the agency of a lot of stock exchange bulletins called newspapers in London is enough to make ten thousand Niobes break into smiles. England has bullied nations of the size of Portugal and Nicaragua—she would have bullied Venezuela six years ago had not this government upraised a hand of warning—she has, at different times, cajoled, outwitted and betrayed every power in Europe that ever trusted her. She is still able to crush, depopulate, and loot any remote people habitually innocent of trousers and limited, in the matter of armament, to breech clouts, javelins, and rawhide shields. By this token, Gen. Lord Kitchener is her most useful and victorious general, and she is welcome to him. But surely it is not possible that England seriously expects the American people to take notice of her buckram frown or pause in any purpose they may have at heart because of her objections.

The whole situation has been sufficiently amusing on this side of the water. With the exception of a few Anglomaniacs and toadies who have designs upon British society and upon the favor of our expatriated diplomatic representatives at London, the country has laughed as one man at the grotesque suggestion that England's approval or disapproval counts for three straws in the determination of our domestic policy. But it seems high time to call in this ridiculous bugaboo, which has been dangled before our eyes with tiresome iteration. The American people have paused in their merriment long enough to speak their minds in serious earnest, and it is evident that they want the farce withdrawn for good. They want, in fact, an American canal across the isthmus and the Monroe doctrine set anew and still more firmly on its once-threatened pedestal.

SENATORIAL REPARTEE.

Washington special to New York World: "What do you think I saw when I was coming up in the car this morning?" asked Senator Wolcott of Senator Lodge.

"I don't know—what?" inquired the scholar from Massachusetts, curiously.

"Everything I looked at," chuckled Senator Wolcott.

Senator Lodge silently dove into his vest pocket and handed the Colorado man a cigar.

"I had a queer dream last night," Senator Pettigrew told Senator Elkins.

"What?" asked Elkins.

"I thought I fell off the top of the Washington monument."

"Well, you did, on election day, didn't you?" inquired Senator Hanna, who was strolling by.

PARTING OF THE WAYS.

Philadelphia North American: Ex-President Harrison's clear and comprehensive statement of the case will have great weight in determining opinion that has been in suspicion and will be a potent influence upon the future course of the Republican party, which has arrived at the parting of the ways and must choose which road it will take—the path of plain duty and loyalty to American ideals, or the other road to imperialism and tyranny.

Just About.

Milwaukee News: After the senate gets through with it the Hay-Pauncefote treaty will bear about as much resemblance to its original self as Mr. McKinley's benevolent operations in the Philippines bear toward the works of the scriptural good Samaritan.

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union: Sometimes the politician who claims the most, is entitled to the least.

The Union is free to confess that it would prefer Thomas Lowry for United States senator to Robert Evans, believing that he is a better man.

The lawyers of the Twin Cities are having about as hard a row to hoe as any class there, unless they act in the capacity of a corporation attorney.

It will be strange if some wealthy citizen is not brought into the contest for senator, to be plucked. Such an opportunity will not be allowed to pass.

HELD BY HIS TONGUE.

Pennsylvania Farmer Puts It on a Cold Steel Rail.

Lebanon, Pa., Dec. 22.—Jacob Artz, a North Anville township farmer, while walking along the Reading railway, was seized with a desire to put his tongue to the frost-covered steel rails. He did so and, of course, stuck fast.

At this juncture he heard a train approaching and he tore himself loose just in time. His tongue was badly lacerated.

Go to Smith's for Christmas candy.

PRAYER RESTORES SIGHT.

Blind For Five Years and Now He Can See.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 21.—A remarkable case of restoration of sight comes from Kenton county, Ky., near here. Rev. J. W. Iles, assistant of the Decoursey M. E. church, on Decoursey creek, at the age of 17, had an attack of measles, and in four years his sight had entirely vanished. Mr. Iles says:

"About four years ago I was married without ever having seen my bride. One evening recently, after church service, a number of the brethren and sisters went to Brother Wade's little log house and all prayed earnestly for a return of my sight.

"Two of the friends put their hands on my head, when, lo, in the midst of the prayer four scales, or cataracts, fell off my eyes, and I saw. I saw my wife and my little child for the first time in my life. And then I rushed out into the night, and behold, for the first time in five black years, I saw God's moon and stars. My eyes have since been as good as formerly."

IN PORTER'S PLACE.

Charlemagne Tower May Be Transferred to Paris.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—It is believed here that the present United States minister to Russia, Charlemagne Tower, will replace Gen. Horace Porter in Paris. Who will succeed Mr. Tower here is, of course, not known, but it is thought that Senator Wolcott will be chosen.

Finest Train.

The "Twilight Limited," over "The North-Western Line" to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, every day in the year, at 4:30 p. m. Parlor, observation and dining car service, steam heat, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, perfect in every appointment. Ticket office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Christmas Matinee AND NIGHT—TUESDAY, Dec. 25

Charles Frohman presents the Enormous Dramatic Triumph,
DAVID BELASCO'S VERSION OF
"Zaza"

As presented over 200 nights in New York.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.
MATINEE—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. I. Wells, Manager, 17 Second Ave. West.
TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.
Lonsdale's
"BIG GAIETY CO."
A Cyclone of Novelties. Don't miss this show.

Jap Rose
TRADE MARK
TRANSPARENT
GLYCERIN SOAP
An American Product.
KIRK MAKES IT DEALERS SELL IT

Parable of the Pounds

And an Alternative Christmas Lesson.

International Sunday School Lesson For Dec. 23, 1900.

Luke 19:11-27: "And as they heard these things, he added and spake a parable, because he was nigh to Jerusalem, and because they supposed that the kingdom of God was immediately to appear. He said, therefore, A certain nobleman went into a far country to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return. And he called ten servants of his, and gave them ten pounds, and said unto them, Trade ye herewith till I come. But his citizens hated him and sent an embassage after him, saying, We will not that this man reign over us. And it came to pass, when he was come back again, having received the kingdom, that he commanded these servants, unto whom he had given the money, to be called to him, that he might know what they had gained by trading. And the first came before him, saying, Lord, thy pound hath made ten pounds more. And he said unto him, Well done, thou good servant: because thou wast faithful in a very little, have thou authority over ten cities. And the second came, saying, Thy pound, Lord, hath made five pounds. And he said unto him also, Be thou also over five cities. And another came, saying, Lord, behold, here is thy pound, which I kept laid up in a napkin: for I feared thee, because thou art an austere man: thou takest up what thou layedst not down, and reapest that thou didst not sow. He saith unto him, Out of thine own mouth will I judge thee, thou wicked servant. Thou knewest that I was an austere man, taking up that I laid not down, and reaping that I did not sow. Then wherefore gavest thou not my money into the bank, and I at my coming should have required it with interest? And he said unto them that stood by, Take away from him the pound and give it unto him that hath ten pounds. And they said unto him, Lord, he hath ten pounds. I say unto you, that unto every one that hath shall be given, but from him that hath not, even that which he hath shall be taken away from him. Howbeit, these mine enemies, which would not that I should reign over them, bring hither and slay them before me."

Golden text: "Everyone of us shall give account of himself to God." Romans 14:12.

INTRODUCTION.

Jesus and his company of disciples were moving toward Jerusalem, up the road from Jericho, where the incidents of our last two lessons had occurred. The company was busied alternately with thoughts of the coming feast, and the holy city, of the works of Jesus and his approaching triumph which they still fancied was going to land him in David's seat, as king over Israel, ruling in greater splendor than Solomon. But, with all their absorption in these thoughts, they still were intent on hearing everything which Jesus had to say. Jesus also listened to what they were saying and tried to keep their ideas of the kingdom as clear as possible. It was plain to him that they were expecting an immediate and complete triumph of his kingdom. The truth was that the approaching triumph would seem to be but temporary. There would be a long period between this anticipated triumph and the ultimate consummation of his kingdom. During this interval many responsibilities would devolve on the disciples, and for each responsibility an account must be rendered unto God. Jesus embodied this instruction in the parable of the pounds.

A CERTAIN NOBLEMAN.

Archelaus was given authority to govern Judea, Samaria and Idumea by Augustus, in the year 4 before Christ. This was according to the will of Herod the Great. Archelaus, however, had considerable difficulty in securing the reins of power. The Jews were disposed to rebel against the Herods, as soon as the Great Herod was dead. Archelaus quelled the rebellion and set out for Rome to be confirmed in the title of king. His brother Antipas also went to Rome at the same time to urge his own counter-claims to his father's dominions. The Jews themselves sent a deputation to urge that neither of them nor any one of the Herodian family be made king. But, despite so much opposition, Archelaus was entrusted with authority, being given the title of ethuarch, with the promise that, if he proved worthy, the title of king would be bestowed later on. He, however, never got his coveted kingship. In fact, his life and rule were so shameful that after nine years of misrule he was, on complaint of his subjects, summoned to the presence of the emperor and banished to Vienne. During his governorship he was fond of erecting buildings. Some of his structures and decorations were prominent features of Jericho. It may have been this latter fact that caused Jesus to think of him and to put his own teachings in the form of this parable, saying, "A certain nobleman went into a far country to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return."

EQUAL GIFTS.

Before departing, says the parable, this noble called ten of his servants about him and gave to each of them a pound—probably worth $25 or $30 of our money—directing that the money should be used in trade until his return. There was no difference in the amounts given to the servants. Each one received the same sum.

Jesus meant thus to tell the disciples that, instead of his journey to Jerusalem bringing him into an established kingdom, he must go away again before he could receive the perfected kingship. This would be obtained on his return. But the intervening time would be long enough for his disciples to do much work and to make considerable gains. To all alike he was entrusting instruments of service, things or truth, which they could use. He had taught the truth of the spirituality of his work to them all. Such messages as the "Sermon on the Mount" had been committed to them all. There were other things which had been or should be given to them all alike. They would all presently learn of his resurrection, and then the significance of the death he was about to accomplish would dawn on them and the fullness of the gospel message would burst on their understanding in connection with the coming of the Holy Spirit. These truths and facts were not expressed in connection with the parable, but no doubt they are to be regarded as among the "pounds," he was bestowing on the disciples before his departure. We must bear in mind the fact that this parable is distinct from that of the talents, which was spoken on another occasion and has a somewhat different teaching from this one. The main point for us to get just now is that Jesus gives to his servants in equal measure some of the means of bringing gain to the kingdom.

RESPONSIBILITY AND ABILITY.

The nobleman of the parable got his kingdom and returned. He immediately called the ten servants unto him and inquired how they had prospered in their trading. The parable does not give the results obtained by the entire ten, but contents itself with hearing the reports from three representative servants. The first one called had made admirable use of his pound. He had thereby shown great ability. The nobleman seems to have held each man responsible, and to have rewarded him according to the ability displayed in the use of his pound. There was no complaint against the second man because he had not done so well as the first one. The inference is that he had done the best he could do, and that is the most that can be required of anybody. The severe reprimand of the third servant is given because he had not tried to do anything. An obligation had been laid on him and he had deliberately shirked it. By taking the pound he had assumed the obligation. He was like the son who said: Father, I go, and he went not. Not only his mouth but his very actions augmented the thunder of his condemnation. He had perhaps thought that some larger and freer opportunity would come to him. Then he would show what sort of stuff was in him. Like multitudes of his fellow-men, he had failed to learn that his present opportunity was as valuable as any he would ever have. Other opportunities would take their value from the use of that one. Five minutes of time today are worth as much as any other five minutes in time or eternity. Time and opportunity are given to us all, and yet very few know how to use them to advantage.

The rewards bestowed upon the successful traders have a characteristic touch from the lips of Christ. The nobleman did not give to these faithful servants some gift which they could carry away into indolence or ease; but, instead, one was promoted to have authority in ruling over ten cities and the other over five. Each was given a reward which would make increased demands on his energy.

Jesus hereby gave the disciples some very clever instruction. It was his declaration that he would hold each one of them responsible for the faithful use of whatever was committed to his care, and, furthermore, success in some measure was to be demanded of them all. If they showed special ability in the use of their gifts so that those gifts increased in value, then he would recognize their service by promoting them to much larger spheres of usefulness. On the other hand, if there was shirking of duty and deliberate indolence or carelessness, then the doom of being deprived of their gifts would certainly come upon them.

AUSTERE JUDGMENT.

The wicked servant in the parable pleaded that he had been afraid of his Lord and wanted to be sure of his ability to return the pound, and hence risked nothing. Why, said the nobleman, you might easily have put my money to the banker, at no appreciable risk whatsoever, and then I might, at least, have gotten back common interest along with my pound. It is in this fashion that Jesus rebukes those timid ones who always excuse themselves from duty on account of their fears. Try, try, try! is what he directs, with the assurance that a little success, be it ever so small, is far better than indolence.

"Take away from him the pound and give it unto him that hath the ten pounds." These words brought a remonstrance from the company of listeners to the parable. They thought that such a procedure was unjust, or else that Jesus had made a slip of the tongue. No, said Jesus, I mean what I say. It is the rule of life: "Unto every one that hath shall be given, but from him that hath not, even that which he hath shall be taken away from him." Demosthenes once said that the possessions of the indolent belong of right to those who labor. Jesus says that in His kingdom the ones who toil shall most assuredly have such possessions. It is the law of nature, both physical and spiritual. We cannot fight against it. It is inexorable. We can profit only by accommodating ourselves to its demands. This is Christ's judgment of his disciples. The parable contains one other judgment.

There were some citizens." (Note the fact that there is a positive distinction between the "servants" and the "citizens,") who hated the nobleman, and sent word that they would not have him to reign over them. When the nobleman, now become a ruler, had dealt with his servants, he called for his enemies, who had tried to keep him out of his kingdom, and said: "Bring hither and slay them before me." There were many in his day who opposed Jesus. The Jews compassed his death, and Stephen, later, charged their officers, face to face, with the crime. Jesus said: The time is coming when these mine enemies, who now oppose my authority, shall be judged with severity.

This teaching of judgment, as a part of the consummation of the kingdom, does not sound much like the voice of the Christ who is so often preached exclusively as the embodiment of divine love. But the same Christ who is love toward all who do the righteous will of God is a consuming fire of judgment toward the disobedient and all evil doers. There is no judgment so severe as that of offended and outraged love. Woe unto him who violates the love of God, as revealed in his Son, Jesus Christ.

ON TO JERUSALEM.

Jesus continued his determined march toward Jerusalem, over which city would soon hang the gloomy cloud of the crucifixion day. Steadily onward had been his course. His position had been one of leadership. He was ever then leading the disciples band. "He went on before," says Luke, and His followers respected His isolation and did not disturb His meditations. What thoughts must have been His! The great hearts of the race who bear the burden of other people's sorrows must tread the wine press alone. It becomes the custom of their lives. Along his sorrowful way to Jerusalem Jesus had to go in solitariness. The disciples might have been thinking of the way of palm branches, but Jesus knew that through the hosannas of the people there would mingle the murmur of priests and pharisees—presage of the mobs' mad cry. He already heard the stifled commotion of this murmur. It had been in the atmosphere before He went away to Ephraim. Now it burdened His heart as He thought of the people soon to be without a shepherd. But he led the way toward his bitter task.

CHRISTMAS LESSON.

Matthew 2, 1-11: "Now when Jesus was born in Bethlehem of Judea in the days of Herod the king, behold wise men from the east came to Jerusalem, saying: Where is He that is born King of the Jews? For we saw his star in the east and are come to worship Him. And when Herod, the king, heard it he was troubled, and all Jerusalem with him. And gathering together all the chief priests and scribes of the people, he inquired of them where the Christ should be born. And they said unto him, in Bethlehem of Judea; for thus it is written by the prophet:

"And thou Bethlehem of Judea,

"Art in no wise least among the princes of Judah:

"For out of thee shall come forth a governor,

"Which shall be shepherd of my people Israel.

"Then Herod privately called the wise men, and learned of them carefully what time the star appeared. And he sent them to Bethlehem, and said 'Go, search carefully concerning the young child, and when ye have found him, bring me word, that I may also come and worsrip him. They, having heard the king, went their way, and lo, the star which they saw in the East, went before them, till it came and stood over where the young child was. And when they saw the star, they rejoiced with great joy. And they came into the house and saw the young child with Mary, His mother; and they fell down and worshipped him, and opening their treasures they offered him gifts, gold and frankincense and myrrh."

Golden text: "Thanks be unto God for His unspeakable gift." 2 Cor. 9-15.

In addition to the regular lesson as studied above, there has been assigned for the day, a special alternative Christmas lesson consisting of Mathew's story of the visit and homage paid to the new-born son of Mary.

WISE MEN FROM THE EAST.

These men, whose names, according to tradition, were Caspar, Melchiar and Belthazar were the product of that ancient Persian faith which discarded idolatry and worshipped light as the nearest approach to realizing the purity of spirit. They had become familiar with the Jewish expectation of a king through the dispersion of the Jews and the consequent dissembination of Jewish religious literature, because they had recognized Daniel as surpassing them in ability to do the things which had been assumed as the peculiar task of their own cult. Baalam, the son of Beor, who was possibly of this ancient cult, had once uttered a prophetic poem in which he said: "There shall come forth a star out of Jacob and a scepter shall rise out of Israel." The passage was probably known by the magi of the East. As the magi of our lesson story perceived the general expectation of a king and also observed a remarkable sidereal phenomenon, they interpreted the latter fact as confirming the former expectation and, further, accepted it as a sign that the sceptered star of Jacob had risen. They would journey to his abode and do homage to him. Hence they set out for Jerusalem, which they considered the "city of the great king."

HEROD SEARCHING THE SCRIPTURES.

On their arrival they at once made inquiry of those high in authority, expecting a ready answer as to the whereabouts of so royal a personage, as him they sought. But the reigning king knew nothing of the matter and was seized with a great terror lest his kingdom might be snatched away from him. He became anxious to discover the truth of the matter for his own selfish purposes. He called together chief priests and scribes of the people and instituted a careful search in all the sacred writings and the various interpretations thereof, to see if they contained any prophecy which would enlighten him. In his wickedness of heart Herod turned to God's word, not to learn how to live, but to acquire knowledge how to add to his long list of crimes. That word may be the savour of life, if men seek life through the study and appreciation of its truth. But many a person like Herod, wrenches the word from its true purposes and uses it to evil ends, thus heaping iniquity on inquity and drawing the poison of death out of the springs of life.

HEROD'S DUPLICITY.

Herod assumed the role of piety with all his accustomed diplomacy and with the most wicked of intentions in his heart. "Go and find him whom you seek," said Herod. "If he is truly at Bethlehem, come back and tell me about the success of your quest, for I, too, would come and worship him." But in his black heart there was the foul design to murder the child. The wise men did not come back to tell Herod anything. In a dream they were directed to go home by another route, and while they, wrapt in the mantle of meditation on what had transpired, were journeying across the desert beneath the glaring sun, or at night were conversing around a camp fire over the wondrous success of their journey, Herod was plotting to kill the young child; and, finally, seeing that the magi had disregarded his request, he became furious, and ordered his soldiers to ruthlessly snatch from its mother's bosom every male child in Bethlehem 2 years old and under and slay it. This was done, but an unseen hand cared for Mary and the adored child.

THE BABE OF BETHLEHEM.

As they left Jerusalem, the star of guidance, which seems to have been absent for a time, again made its appearance to the wise men and soon stood over Bethlehem, "where the young child was." Joseph and Mary had secured a suitable place in a house after the departure of the crowd incident to the enrollment of the people for taxation. There, in the house, the magi found the mother and the child and made their costly offerings of homage and piety. With joy they worshipped and celebrated the advent of Him at whose feet people from the uttermost parts of the earth have since bowed in reverence and devotion.

At Christmas time the entire Christian world repjoices anew over God's best gift to man. The nations of the earth vie with each other in doing honor to the name of Jesus. Individuals give gifts to one another, and out of hearts of faith rejoice that they have been blessed with the spirit of the Christ in their own lives.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Go to Smith's for Christmas candy.

ATLANTA'S MAYOR ARRESTED.

Was Maudlin Drunk When Brought to Court.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 21.—The arrest of Mayor Woodward was dramatic. Before the police board at the city hall Rev. Dr. Broughton was denouncing the mayor. While the minister and the hundreds of spectators in the court room were wrought up to the highest pitch of excitement over the dramatic scene of the sensational charge before the board, a street hack stopped at the main entrance of the prison.

An officer in blue uniform and burnished buttons stepped from the hack and assisted an unsteady prisoner, who was none other than the mayor, to alight. Prisoner and officer struggled up the broad stone steps under the glare of the electric light, and entered the prison office.

"Let me go, I tell you," the prisoner demanded, in thick tones at the desk. "Let me go. I must get before the police board upstairs and make the fight of my life."

He leaned unsteadily against the officer. They searched the prisoner and found a bright revolver, and a bottle of whisky was pulled from his pocket.

"Lock him up," the captain ordered.

They led the stupefied prisoner out of the office up a long flight of narrow stone steps and into the detention room on the same floor where the minister was repeating the fateful words of his sermon.

As a result of this episode the police swore out a warrant against the mayor, at the instance of Recorder Broyleux, charging him with carrying concealed weapons.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

EX-TREASURER'S STRANGE CASE.

Kissed His Wife and Son When Acquitted.

Bluffton, Ind., Dec. 21.—One of the most affective scenes that has taken place in the Wells county circuit court for years occurred when the jury in the case of D. P. Bolds, ex-treasurer of Adams county, brought in a verdict of acquittal. Bolds sprang to his feet, kissed his devoted wife and son and wept with joy. The scene brought tears to the eyes of jurors, attorneys and spectators. Bolds was charged with the embezlement of $2000 of county funds by giving receipts for taxes and then placing the same on the insolvent record. During the two weeks of the trial 100 witnesses and a half ton of county records were used by the state. A doubt existed as to whether the county owed Bolds or Bolds owed the county, and the defendant was acquitted. Bolds went into office worth $15,000, and on retiring was short $2000. His bondsmen paid it and he turned over all his property, which has since repaid them.

KEEPS HER DOLLY.

Nellie Hoffet's Sister Will Not Be Disappointed.

New York, Dec. 21.—Lee Schlesinger, president of the Mechanics and Traders bank, declined to receive a $10-doll which Nellie Hoffet, the 15-year-old girl forger had bought for her baby sister and which had been recovered with other goods bought with the money advanced on the forged check.

Mr. Schlesinger could not endure the thought of the doll being taken from the little one, who thought Santa Claus had brought the gift, and ordered it sent back to her at the orphan asylum of which she is an inmate. Nellie's mother is dead, and her father is dying. Nellie was held in $500 bond on a charge of forgery of five checks to which she signed the name of her employer, Miss M. E. Leary.

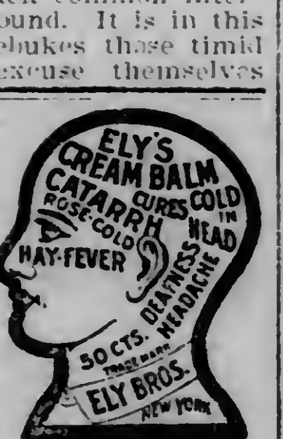
"THE CHICAGO AND FLORIDA SPECIAL."

The Pennsylvania Line will establish the Florida Special—a new and solid train of Pullman vestibuled dining, sleeping and observation cars (no coaches) from Chicago on Tuesday, Jan. 15, at 12 noon, running it through Cincinnati, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville to St. Augustine, Florida, in about thirty-two hours. The new train will leave Chicago Union station, over Pennsylvania Line, every Tuesday and Friday, commencing Jan. 15. For particulars, please address H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

Finest Quality of Perfumes
In neat packages. Scott's Drug Store.

Deafness of Twelve Years Standing --Protracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Capt. Ben. Connor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from catarrh, all treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in a day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. Sold by Max Wirth.—9.

Nasal CATARRH
In all its stages there should be cleanliness.
Ely's Cream Balm
cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Duluth Woolen Mill,
1804 West Superior Street, Zenith Telephone 631, offers for sale several thousand pounds
Knitting Yarn
at a low price. See it.

TO BANISH PAIN
HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
THE GREAT Internal and External REMEDY
D. E. PRALL & CO.
SAGINAW, MICH.
Price 50 Cents.
HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Taken internally in warm milk or water, HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT works a speedy and wonderful cure in all cases of stomach, nerve, and other disorders. It banishes pain from the body tortured with neuralgia, colic, cold, headache, asthma, dyspepsia, dysentery, kidney trouble, and a host of other ailments. For forty years HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE has been effecting cures. It is a family medicine chest in itself—takes the place of a doctor in thousands of homes. It gives instant relief in cases of burns, bruises, cuts, sprains, old sores, and pains of every kind.
Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c., and $1.00 bottles.
D. E. PRALL & CO., SAGINAW, MICH.

Omega Oil
Most liniments burn and blister the tender skin of a child, but Omega Oil doesn't.

It is the safest thing a mother can rub on her little boy or girl for a sprain, bruise, sore throat or cold in the chest. Please remember this, mothers, and always have a bottle of Omega Oil in the house. It will cure the aches and pains of the entire family, and relieve a great amount of suffering every year. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.
If your dealer refuses to supply you with this wonderful Swiss green liniment, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 747

The Time Tested Laxative Tonic.
Take it and keep good health. It cures Headache, Habitual Constipation and all troubles of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, and Bowels. It soothes the Nerves and improves the Appetite. It purifies the Blood. It acts as a tonic on the whole system and gives one new life. Cascarine is a mild pleasant, tasteless, laxative tonic—the kind you need.
At all druggists, 50 cents a bottle or sent direct by the manufacturers.
REA BROS. & CO.,
Minneapolis, Louisville and New York.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of nine hundred and forty-two ($942.00) dollars, principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage given by Charles W. Swanstrom and Emma E. Swanstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Job Morley, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 62 of mortgages on page 260; and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover said debt, or any part thereof.

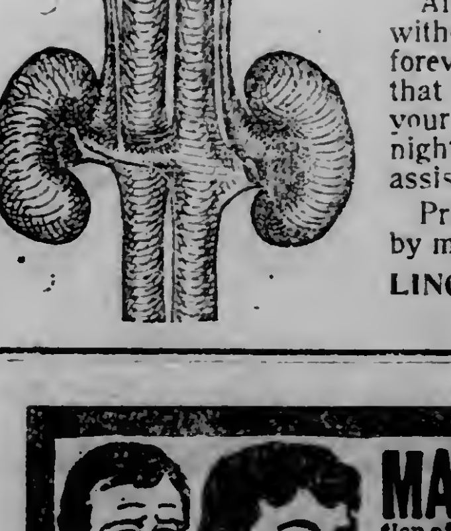
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises covered thereby, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered three (3) of block eighteen (18), Hazlewood Addition to Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds of said county of St. Louis; which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, or in anywise appertaining will be sold on Saturday, the 26th day of January, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 14th, A. D. 1900.

JOB MORLEY,
Mortgagee.

VICTOR STEARNS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
507 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-14-21-28-1900-Jan-4-11-18-1901.



YOUR KIDNEYS!
After you tire of using the so-called kidney remedies without any benefit, use **Lincoln Sexual Pills** and be forever rid of those dull pains in your back. Discard that old fogy idea of "pain in the kidneys" and have all your bladder and urinary troubles cured, and your nights made restful by the use of nature's greatest assistant—**Lincoln Sexual Pills.**
Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.
LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO., Fort Wayne, Ind.
For sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

BEFORE AND AFTER

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.
CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.
The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.
Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. *For Sale by*
Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

Christmas Shopping.

This business of buying Holiday Gifts is no sinecure. If the recipient is a man, it's easier. A man will appreciate something that he can wear. It helps out his pocket book. A few Neckties, a Smoking Jacket, a pair of Gloves, means that he won't have to buy them himself.

Smoking Jackets.

Elegant garments, probably the most popular of Holiday Gifts. We Show a long line, including almost every grade. These beautiful garments go on sale today at exactly ---------------------------- **Half Price**

$3.25, $3.75, $4.00, $4.50 and $6.00

For garments worth exactly twice that amount.

Neckwear	25c, 50c and $1.00
Mufflers	50c, $1.00, $1.50 to $3.50
Gloves	$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
Fancy Shirts	$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
Handkerchiefs	10c to $1.00
Suspenders	25c, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50
Hosiery	15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and $1.00
Night Robes and Pajamas	75c to $3.00

Finest Men's Suits . . . . $8.50 to $26.50

Finest Men's Overcoats . . $7.75 to $25.00

Floan, Leveroos and Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CRUELLY DESERTED

Chicago Traveling Man Will Have to Answer a Charge of Bigamy.

TAKES A NEW BRIDE

And Coolly Asks First Wife to Act as Their Cook.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 21.—Benjamin F. Sackett, a traveling man in the employ of the Illinois Rubber company, of Chicago, is wanted on a bigamy charge. Although living with Mrs. Sackett for more than three years and traveling about the country introducing her as his wife, he claims now that he never wedded her, and that the ceremony in Chicago was a pretended one, arranged premeditatedly to deceive.

Monday he left this city with Miss Minnie Copp, a professional nurse, to whom he was married in Richmond, Ind., after deserting his Dayton wife. The incidents leading up to the abandonment of the confiding woman who lavished her affections upon a theretofore dutiful husband are not barren of interest. A couple of months since Mr. and Mrs. Sackett came to this city from the West and located at Mrs. Keppler's boarding house, at Fourth and Ludlow streets. There they met Miss Copp. She proved such a congenial companion that when she suggested that they furnish a house in common the husband readily assented. Mrs. Sackett, thoroughly convinced that she had met a friend, was elated over the prospects, and a cozy home was furnished at 215 Clinton street.

It was there that discord first asserted itself. Mrs. Sackett says she noticed that her husband developed a remarkable fondness for their mutual friend, Miss Copp.

Saturday afternoon she left home ostensibly to look for another house, and left her husband and Miss Copp in the parlor. She returned abruptly, and when she pounded and hammered on the door her husband tardily answered, and she says he was partly disrobed. In a moment Mrs. Sackett flew in a rage and called the police, and Chief Detective McBride answered the summons and forced his way into the house, where the story was told to him. Sackett claimed that his wife was mistaken, and that he was merely shaving when she returned. He attempted to place the burden of the blame on his wife. Mrs. Sackett said she was willing to forgive him if he would forsake their newly made friend, and inasmuch as there was no further need of an officer, the detective left.

The next day Mrs. Sackett was deserted by her husband, who left with Miss Copp. They were in hiding in this city until yesterday, when they went to Richmond to be married. When the second Mrs. Sackett returned to the city alone Tuesday, she was taken in charge by an officer and brought to police headquarters, where she showed a marriage certificate.

She further averred that Sackett was not legally married to Mrs. Sackett, formerly Freda Goodwin, of Chicago, and that the Chicago ceremony was only a "bluff." Under the erroneous impression that the law had no strings upon him, Sackett decided to wed his new acquaintance.

Mrs. Sackett No. 1 claims that they were married in due form, but says that he has the marriage certificate. She can give no details of their Chicago marriage, however.

The Richmond and Chicago authorities were notified, and if arrested Sackett will, it is asserted by the police, be prosecuted for bigamy.

Sackett is said to have a profitable position and is reported by his Gem City wife to have provided for her abundantly since their marriage in September, 1897. When she was ill in a hospital his attentions were a matter of comment. He provided her with fine clothes and gave her much jewelry, part of which she turned over to him last week for disposition to raise available funds to furnish the house.

When Mrs. Sackett faced the woman who wronged her at police headquarters she was furious and almost hysterical. She said she wanted to kill her or destroy herself. She picked up a piece of iron in Acting Chief Allaback's room, and would have sought self destruction but for the interference of an officer.

A few nights ago, heart-broken and downcast, she decided to end earthly trouble by suicide, but by chance took an overdose of poison and recovered.

Late Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Sackett was given authority to divide the furniture, which she sold at a second hand store to obtain money to prosecute her recreant husband, whose perfidy placed her in such a piteous condition. Freda Goodwin was an orphan girl and formerly resided at Lima, Ohio. She went to Chicago when twenty years old, where she met Sackett, and upon short acquaintance he proposed and they were wedded. She had misgivings at the time, but their subsequent happy life dispelled all, and she frequently upbraided herself for having suspected that anything was wrong.

Minnie Copp who has blighted the life of Mrs. Sackett No. 1, and who is responsible for her husband's desertion, was a domestic in the employ of a prominent family for a time and was considered above reproach. She was a professional nurse as well, and claims that a man whom she nursed during his declining years bequeathed her a considerable sum of money. The matter is now in litigation.

It was stated by Mrs. Sackett to the police that before her husband left he made a proposition to her that upon his return he would treat her as his sister if she would do the household work for $2.50 a week. Frenzied to a point of desperation Mrs. Sackett did not fully comprehend the meaning of his words, but it dawned upon her today when she heard Minnie Coop relate the circumstances of her marriage to Sackett in Richmond, Ind.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra

Sunday Afternoon at 3 at the Armory

Soloists—
MISS DORA SWAN
GEORGE TYLER

Admission 25 Cents.

SPECIAL SESSION ENDS.

Michigan House Concurs In Senate Resolution to Adjourn.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 21.—By a vote of 45 to 29, the house yesterday concurred in the resolution adopted by the senate yesterday, providing that all business should cease after today, and that final adjournment of the special session should be taken Saturday noon. The house then adjourned. This ends the special session without any result in the way of taxation legislation having been attained.

Holiday Rates to the Twin Cities.

$5.75 round trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1. Good returning to Jan. 2. Take the "Bee line" at 1:25 p. m., or 11:25 p. m. Secure tickets at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, (corner Spalding hotel) or Union depot.

New Year's New Gown

Delightful Garment For First Day of 1901 High In the Neck and Intended to Be Worn All Day.

SLEEVES ARE SEMI-LONG

New York, Dec. 18.—In no way could a woman start the new year more auspiciously than by the wearing of a new gown. As a reality it is not to be beaten in the category of feminine delights. As a precedent it sets the pace for the other months. A new gown, worn the first day of the new year, means a new gown every month of the year, so the good luck and harbinger books will tell you.

Even if there were no good luck in it the putting on of a new gown the first of the year gives one a delightful feeling. It impresses the fact upon one that the year is new and starts us out, so to speak, well pleased with the new calendrical markings.

There are several occasions for the wearing of the New York gown, all demanding something different, and all along fashionable lines.

The New York hostess, who is a hostess par excellence, as her grandmothers were before her, rises at early day, sees that the house is put in order, and when the table has been spread in the rear parlor dons a handsome reception dress and is from that time until midnight "at home." This is the conventional New Year hostess. She must wear the conventional gown.

Her gown must be high in the neck, since she wears it all day; the sleeves must be semilong, the skirt in train and the material elegant. For this there are many fabrics. There is liberty satin, which makes up exquisitely with lace and dark velvet. Take a fancy waist, of pale green liberty and combine it with bands of tan embroidery and lace. Suppose with this gown she wears emeralds and pearls, and suppose in her hair there stands an aigrette of white with pearl drops upon it.

Or the conventional New Year hostess may wear a handsome costume of heliotrope silk voile. Gold embroidery forms the yoke, and, running in great points around the skirt, there is an embroidery in gold. A high belt of black velvet gives the touch of black which nearly al costumes demand.

For this hostess, who may be in age from 20—the young woman doing the duties of honor in her father's house—to the matron of declining years, there is the gown of panne velvet, which is not too heavy for the one nor too trifling for the other. Renaissance lace trims this dress. A little bolero of the velvet opens over a blouse of lace and there is a wide draped belt of the velvet. Can you imagine anything prettier for either one, the maid or the matron?

If cloth be chosen there are lovely designs that can be worn. A cloth gown, made fresh for New Year's day, has great possibilities throughout the season. Made as a princess, with perfect fitting back, it can be trimmed with wonderful broad sash ends of lace, heavy and firm in texture. These may emerge from a buckle planted at the back of the waist and fall to the foot of the skirt. A bolero of this coarse lace is worn over the princess, and at the front there is a knot of lace fastening the bolero upon the bust. The front of the skirt is trimmed with a broad band of lace put on across the front breadth only, terminating at the side seams.

For house gowns there are fine soft satin-faced cloths that are every whit as elegant as satin and much more durable. They are just as expensive, too, but as they last indefinitely their first cost is not felt so much.

Cashmeres, the more delicate of the ladies' cloths, veilings and all the varieties of soft-faced cloths, are the ones that should be chosen. The luster should be as high as possible and the material as thin and as adaptable.

The hostess who dresses in dignity on New Year's day is the one who has certain heavy duties devolving upon her. It is her mission to receive from 10 in the morning until late, the old and the young, boy or man, relative or none-of-kin, and all whom they choose to bring with them. She must be eternally on the welcome and must have at her tongue's tip the happiness of the season, even as she has at her command a handshake which shall tell the welcome without the words. It is a hard task, and little wonder it is that the custom, as it was in those old ceremonious days, has gone out.

The younger element have modified the calling custom somewhat, to the reception of guests in the evening, and evening begins in these darkish days at 4 in the afternoon. At that hour the rooms are darkened, candles begin to glimmer, lamps splutter into brightness and the tiny incandescents begin to wink. Let there be no glare, just a little light, soft, inviting and hospitable, plenty for vision, none for daze.

The merry young hostesses who have adopted 4 until 12 as their hours have a way of imparting this to their friends, and none calls until the appointed time: then comes the tinkle of the electric push bell and, from that time on, the house is alive with merriment.

The young hostesses of the hour receive in evening gowns, very decollete. The dress for this occasion can hardly be too low to be compatible with the rules of dress, provided that it be a gown that a lady would wear. One dress, made for a Gotham girl, is cut absolutely off around the bust, under the arms, and is supported only by straps over the shoulders. Yet it is immensely pretty, the fair skin of the girl being beautifully foiled by the black panne of which the gown is made.

Nothing holds the black velvet from the skin. The bodice is shirred across the front, like a baby waist. At the top there is a ruffle of chiffon. Over the shoulders there is a band of black velvet winking with jets. A little black aigrette gleams in the hair. That is one extreme of gowning. The young woman is in mourning, but etiquette allows that a New Year hostess may dress as she pleases on this day.

For these decollete gowns of evening there is taffeta glace, which appeals to all as not too expensive, yet very effective. They tuck these skirts in two ways. The most graceful is with the tucks running from the belt to the hem. The other way is round and round the skirt, but this greatly detracts from the height of the figure.

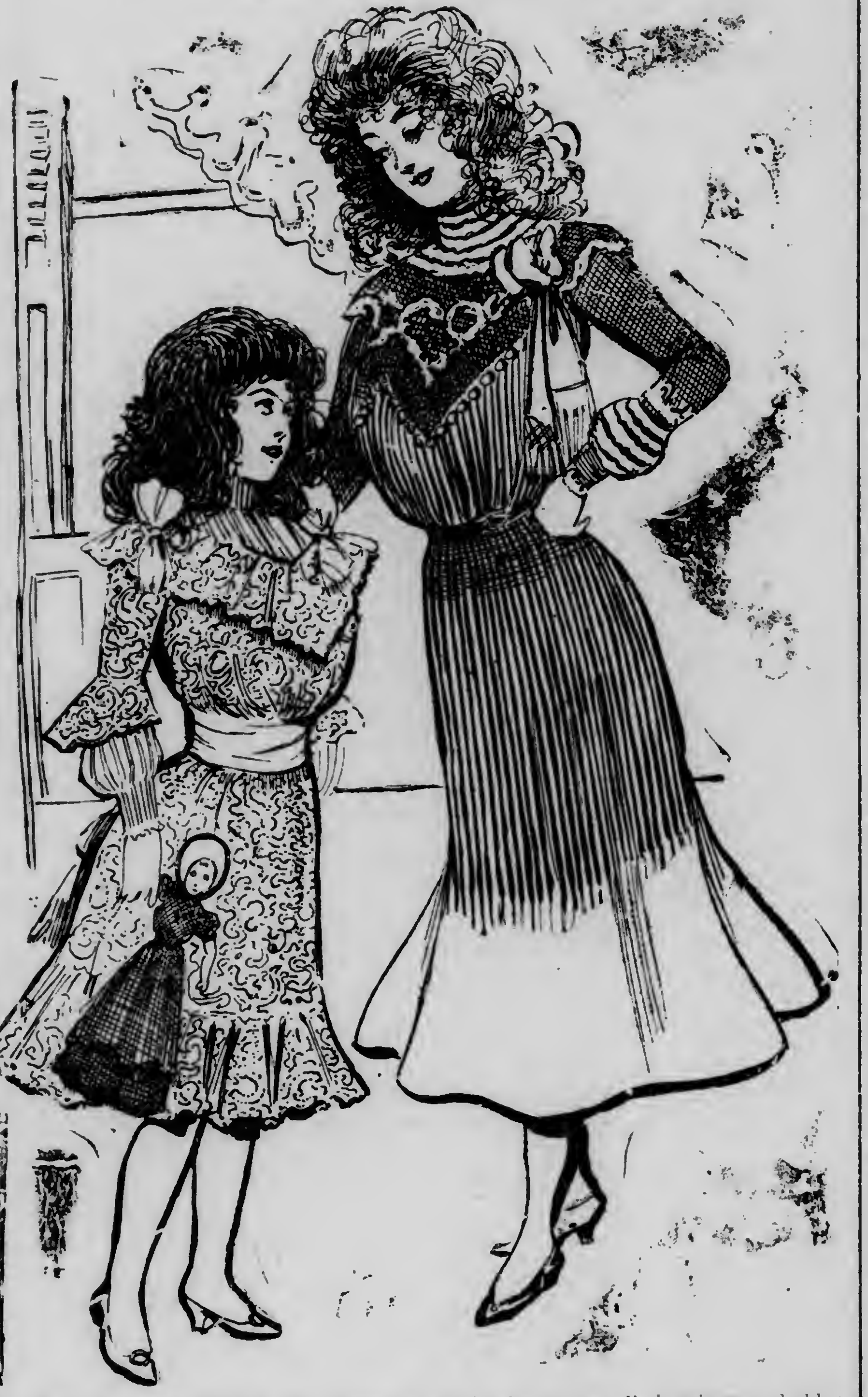
Let the skirt be tucked from the belt to a point about eighteen inches from the floor. Then let there be a flounce of lace laid on rather full over the skirt. If desired, the flounce can be embroidered in flowers in their natural colors.

The embroidering of a lace flounce is a bit of handiwork of which any woman may be proud. The lace, which can be of any quality, is embroidered without regard to the pattern that may be upon it. It is well to select a lace of conventional design, about eighteen inches deep. Around the foot of the flounce embroider sprays of roses in bright red and set them in green leaves with trailing stems. The roses must be life size and laid as naturally as possible upon the lace.

A handsome lace flounce had oak leaves and acrons upon it in green and brown. The work was beautifully done. They cut roses out of very expensive lace and applique them upon lace of another color—white lace roses upon black lace. This is very extravagant, undoubtedly, and is not to be recommended to women readers, but the prettiness of the scheme cannot be doubted.

A Paris couturiere sent over to one of her patrons in this country a gown upon which there were appliqued rose leaves of silk. A handsome Marechal Neil rose of silk had been plucked to pieces and the petals scattered over the lace. Each was caught where it fell and delicately appliqued there.

SMART LITTLE PARTY FROCKS.



What more fascinating than these dainty frocks for very little misses and older ones! The little frock to the left, of white chantilly lace over an under foundation of taffeta and rose mousseline, is a model of daintiness. The little yoke of rose mousseline, tucked in groups, shows above the berthe of lace. Lace sleeves reaching below the elbow, ending in a flowing flounce of the same are supplemented by a full under sleeve of the tucked rose chiffon. The second frock, to be worn by a girl of 12 or 14 is of cherry colored taffeta the lower part of the blouse and half the length of the skirt being tucked in close pin tucks, which are released at the knee to give the essential flare. The yoke and sleeves are of the plain taffeta, covered with black silk net, upon which a berthe effect is suggested by appliqued galloons of white lace. The collar and the tiny rounded chemisette are covered with lines of heavy lace inserting closely placed together. A scarf of white peau de soie with fringed ends is caught with a few loops at one side of the shallow little chemisette and falls almost to the line of the girdle. Where the tucked blouse joins the deep pointed yoke of the net covered taffeta a close line of little gilt livery buttons are placed, giving a smart finish to this effective little costume.

Christmas Flowers!

Roses, Mistletoe, Holly and Plants.

THE Only Place in Town to get Choice Home Grown Cut Flowers.
We only handle No. 1 stock; others handle No. 2 stock. Come
in and see our
place your order with any
greenhouses at Arlington
to be cut for Christmas.
display of home grown
luth, and our Holly and
be beaten. Delaware Holly,
abundance. Come in and
stock and you will not
of the others. We have six
place, full of flowers, ready
Come in and see the largest
flowers ever shown in Du-
Evergreen wreaths cannot
Mistletoe and Evergreens in
see the fine display of—

American Beauties, Carnations, Narcissus, Hyacinths, Asparagus, Roses, Violets, Ferns and Smilax.

Eischen Bros., FLORISTS.

J. K. RICHTER, Manager.

Zenith Telephone 692. *129 West Superior Street.*

COMBINE WORSTED.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—The appellate court yesterday affirmed the order of the superior court of Cook county in the suit against the Cook County Brick company, known as the Labahn Brick company, at Bloomville. The appellate court, in its decision, holds that the contract between the Labahn company and the combine is illegal and cannot be enforced. Nearly fifty large concerns in Cook county are affected by the decision.

HAMILTON PLEADS.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Frank H. Hamilton pleaded not guilty yesterday to the charge of murdering Leonard R. Day, and the case went over the term. It will likely be tried in February.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of aHll's Catarrh Remedy. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NOTICE.

Parties having vacant property for sale on the south side of First street, between Second avenue west and Fifth avenue west, are requested to communicate that fact to the Board of Water and Light Commissioners on or before Monday, the 24th inst., at 12 noon, describing the property and stating price thereof.

Seal and mark on outside "Proposal For Property" and direct to

L. N. CASE, Manager.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 6th, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of James T. Norton, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of James T. Norton, late of Amherst, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court in and for the county of Hampshire, Massachusetts, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Byron H. Williams, has filed therewith a petition, representing among other things that said James T. Norton lately died in said county of Hampshire testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and that said petitioner is the executor of said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued to him thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Monday, the thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the sixth day of December, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-7-14-21-1900.

PERFUMES

You will want a bottle or two to fill out your list.

Always Acceptable.

We can please you and help you please your friends. Elegant odors, beautiful packages—let us show them. Huyler's and Lowney's fine candies.

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE.

FOR SALE.

A 7-room house with city water in best residence division of West Duluth for........ **$875**
$175 cash and balance $10.22 a month.

FOR RENT AT WEST DULUTH

3-room flat	$3.00
5-room flat	$7.00
5-room flat	$5.00
10-room house	$10.00
5-room flat	$5.00
6-room house	$7.00
8-room house	$8.00
6-room flat, city water	$7.00
6-room flat, city water	$9.00
8-room house, city water	$10.00
6-room house	$8.00
7-room house	$6.00

CHAN. SMITH,
No 2 First Ave. W., Hunter Block.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Hattie W. Backus and Henry M. Backus, her husband, as mortgagors, to A. H. Paget, as mortgagee, dated the fourteenth day of November, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book "80" of Mortgages on page 328; which mortgage was thereafter by instrument in writing dated the fourteenth day of April, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the seventh day of November, A. D. 1900, in Book "184" of Mortgages on page 64, duly assigned to the undersigned, The London and North-West American Mortgage Company, Limited.

And whereas, at the date of this notice, there is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage the sum of seven hundred and eighty-four dollars ($784), and no action or proceeding, at law or in equity, has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale by the Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, of the premises in said mortgage described, lying and being in said county, to-wit: "Lots three (3) and four (4), in block six (6), of 'Princeton Place Addition to Duluth,' according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county," to the highest bidder therefor for cash, at public vendue at the front door of the Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the second day of February, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the expenses of said sale.

Dated December 20, A. D. 1900.

THE LONDON AND NORTH-WEST AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY, LIMITED,
Assignee of said Mortgage.
W. H. YARDLEY,
Attorney for Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-21-28-1900-Jan-4-11-18-25-1901. L 1893 F 648.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1,
No. 5 W. Sup.
St., Duluth,
Minn.

Regular Graduate Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of ***Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.***

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Variocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any diseases of the Gtno-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found andso metimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES —Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles pecular to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Henry M. Backus and Hattie W. Backus, his wife, and Louisa B. Smith and Edward Smith, her husband, as mortgagors, to Wallace W. Thomas, as mortgagee, dated the sixth day of June, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book "91" of Mortgages, on page 12; which mortgage was by instrument in writing dated the eighth day of June, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the twenty-ninth day of July, A. D. 1892, in Book "20" of Mortgages, on page 179, duly assigned to the undersigned, The London and North-West American Mortgage Company, Limited:

And whereas, at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage, the sum of nine thousand three hundred and six dollars ($9306), and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof:

And whereas, the premises conveyed by said mortgage, being situate in said county of St. Louis, to-wit: "The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section nine (9), in township fifty (50), north of range fourteen (14) west, platted as "Thomas and Hendricks' Five-Acre Lots," were subsequent to the execution of said mortgage, subdivided and platted, and the same are now known as "Clifton Heights, Second Division," block thirty (30) of which was thereafter released from the lien of said mortgage;

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale by the Sheriff of St. Louis county, Minnesota, of that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in said county, known and described as all of "Clifton Heights, Second Division," except block thirty (30) thereof, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of St. Louis—(the same being all the premises conveyed by said mortgage, except that portion released from the lien thereof as aforesaid)—to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at public vendue, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the second day of February, A.D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the expenses of said sale.

Dated December 20, A. D. 1900.

THE LONDON AND NORTH-WEST AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Assignee of Said Mortgage.
W. H. YARDLEY,
Attorney for Assignee. (L1735 F645.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Dec-21-28-1900—Jan-4-11-18-25—1901.

THEY ARE HOWLING

Republicans Wild Over Garfield Club's Endorsement of Candidates For Office.

WILL CREATE A SPLIT

Possibility That the Club May Be Disrupted By This Action.

The action of the Garfield Republican club in endorsing candidates for office has brought a howl from Republicans that threatens to disrupt the club. It does not come from outsiders alone either, but from members, and their comment on the club's action makes the air blue in the vicinity where any one of them may happen to be expressing himself.

The meeting of the club was held Wednesday evening and, after the election of officers, the club endorsed G. Fred Stevens as a candidate for surveyor general, Joseph Allen for factory inspector, Fred Sills for factory inspector, and L. R. Helbing for executive agent of the state game and fish commission.

According to members of the club the notices sent out for the meeting simply specified that it was to be the meeting of the club at which officers would be elected, and suggested no idea of endorsing candidates for office. The members who favored other candidates for offices call it a snap game, and are loud in their denunciations of the action taken. Even had the men endorsed been the only candidates for office, it should not have been done, they say, and when it happens that there are other men within the club membership who are candidates for the same offices for which endorsements were made, the situation becomes all the more inexcusable.

According to Republicans, William Getty, who is an active candidate for the office of surveyor general, is a member of the club. Naturally Mr. Getty has feelings of a very decided nature, and so have all his friends. For the office of factory inspector, W. A. Holgate is said to be a candidate as well as Joseph Allen, and is also said to be a member of the club. For the office of executive agent there is also said to be another candidate from the western part of the city, though whether he is a member of the club was not learned. There are also said to be two candidates for the position of flax inspector, which Fred Sills is seeking.

Taken altogether, it is a merry, merry war, and if present signs count for anything there will be a wholesale withdrawal from the ranks of the Garfield club, and possibly a new Republican club. It is reported that the good offices of President William L. Windom of the State League of Republican Clubs may be solicited to relieve the strained situation. The Getty supporters decline to say whether they intend to appeal to the state president or not.

Republicans generally are alarmed, for they do not like to see the party torn into factions just at the opening of the municipal campaign, and that is what it looks like to them.

THE CHANGES.

Street Railway Company Getting Along Well With Its Improvements.

The Duluth-Superior Traction company has completed for the winter the work of laying the heavy rails for the new car service which will begin about Feb. 1. Thus far the work has all been done in West Superior where the company has an ideal roadbed now, from the interstate bridge to Twenty-first street and Tower avenue. The rails on Third street and Tower avenue are not so heavy as the company has recently put in on Connor's Point, but those portions of track were the last put in by the old Superior Rapid Transit company, hence are in very fair condition.

Another improvement recently completed was the placing of a guard rail at the curve leaving the interstate bridge on the Superior side. This curve has always been a dangerous one and there has been a possibility that with a green motorman the car might sometime have been put off the track at this point, where it could easily have gone through the light railing into the water many feet below. With the new guard rail it will be impossible for a car to leave the track even though running at a high rate of speed. The former sharp curves in the track at the bridge near the barge works have been taken out and some easy curves put in. Before doing this it was necessary for the company to drive more piling and widen the approach to the bridge.

With the improvements on the track in West Superior it is believed possible to cut down the running time between the two cities from five to eight minutes at the present time if such was deemed expedient, and with the improvements that will be made in the track on this side, together with the new double truck cars, the service can be made even much more better.

The effort that is being made by the company's officials toward the enforcement of the city ordinance prohibiting the spitting on the floor or platform of the cars is especially noteworthy. The conductors have instructions to stop the practice and with the exception of a new man now and then who is a little timid, most of the street car men reprimand a passenger who forgets himself. It is interesting to note the manner in which different classes of passengers take their reprimanding. Some will nod, some apologize and others will get very angry at the conductor for what they think is impertinence. The older men on the line are pretty well loaded for the latter sort of passengers now and it is the wisest thing not to say anything back.

The anti-spit ordinance is having its effect indirectly in Superior, for while there is no ordinance in that city that prevents the disgusting habit of passengers expectorating on the car floor, the street car men always call the attention of the passenger so doing to the fact that he is violating one of the company's rules. The public is thus getting pretty well trained to obey the restraints placed on them by the ordinance and many of the physicians have remarked that it is very timely considering the ease with which contagious diseases have been transmitted during the past summer and fall. The results brought about by the enforcement of the city ordinance it is believed have reduced the danger of contagion very materially in this city.

The street car company in anticipation of a severe winter with plenty of snow, have the most complete lines of snow fence that the company has ever put up here. The line of fence is almost unbroken from Twenty-second avenue to Lakeside and is about as complete in other parts of this city and in Superior.

For an Outing
Take Beneteau Cognac.

Buy Useful and Sensible Gifts.
Here's a Helpful List.

117-119 W. Superior Street. **The New Store** 117-119 W. Superior Street.

Take Advantage of the Cut Prices During the "Great $50,000 Stock Reduction" Sale.

The Time is at Hand

When you must decide quickly. Here's a list that will help you not only to decide but help you buy the most for your money.

SUITABLE GIFTS FOR WOMEN.

Jackets or Long Coats	$3.95 to $25.00
Fur Coats	$25 to $65
Muffs	$1.75 to $15
Fur Collarettes	$6.50 to $35
Eiderdown Dressing Sacques	65c to $4.50
Eiderdown Bath Robes	$3 75 to $7.50
Silk Waists	$2.75 to $8.50
Flannelette Waists	75c to 98c
Wool Waists	$1.50 to $3 50
Ladies' Suits	$3.98 to $35
Separate Dress Skirts	$2.75 to $15
Separate Walking Skirts	$2.75 to $12
Golf Capes	$4.00 up to $10
Silk Underskirts	$3.25 to $15
Aprons	25c to 50c
Wrappers	98c to $1.98
Silk Waist Lengths in 3½-yard lengths at from	$1.58 to $6.13
Taffeta Silk Skirt Lengths all at "stock reduction sale" prices.	
Black or Colored Dress Lengths	$1 to $9 38
Black or Colored Skirt Lengths,	$1 to $12 50
Silk Embroidered French Flannel Waist Patterns—a 2½-yard length	$2.25
Printed French Flannel Waist Patterns—a 2½-yard length	$1.88
Table Cloth of fine white linen with Napkins to match. Ours are all at reduced prices.	
Bed Spreads, always acceptable,	88c, $2.98
Down Comforters at	$5.50
Fine Tied Comforters at	$2.75
A Wrapper Length of Francaise—8 yards for	$1.20
Or a Wrapper Length of our Vicugna Cloth—8 yards for	72c
Fancy Eiderdown in the new Fleur de Lis or Polka Dot Patterns, for Dressing Sacque or Bath Robes—per yard	55c

"Mousseline de Soie"—just the thing for a party dress, all the evening tints—yard 40c

Silkoline-covered Comforters at	$1.48
Blankets, the all-wool ones are	$3.50 to $10
Ribbons—all the best qualities at Stock Reduction Sale Prices.	
Fancy Neckwear, in collars and jabots	48c to $3.00
Finest Perfumes in fancy bottles and cases	33c to $2.48
Best Perfumes	40c an oz
Leather Shopping Bags	$1.00 to $2.00
Writing Paper in Boxes	25c to 35c
Liberty Silk Neck Boas	$1.00 to $10
Liberty Silk and Chiffon Ties	50c to $2

Kid Gloves.

Our "Bargain" Kid Gloves	65c
Our "Nioba" Kid Gloves	$1.00
Our "Mocha" Gloves	$1.00
Our "King Oscar" Kid Gloves	$1.50
Our "Chatham" Kid Gloves	$1.50
Our "Modjeska" Kid Gloves	$1.50
Our "Julia Arthur" Kid Gloves	$1.50
Our "Napoleon" Kid Gloves	$2 00

Golf Gloves, Woolen Mitts, Silk Mitts.

Handkerchiefs.

Lace Handkerchiefs	85c to $4.00
Embroidered Handkerchiefs	10c to $2.00
Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs	4c to 50c
Silk Hosiery—per pair	$1.00 to $2 50
Lisle Hosiery	50c to 90c
Cashmere Hosiery	50c to $1.00
Silk Undervests	$1 75
Wool Underwear	50c to $2.50
Tams	75c
Skating Caps	25c to 45c
Umbrellas	98c to $5.00

Sprochtel Goods.

Pillow Covers	40c to $2.25
Dresser Covers	30c to $2.25
Sideboard Covers	30c to $2.25
Doilies	5c to 15c
Silver Chatelaine Purses	50c to $1.75
Brooches	10c to $1.00
Bracelets in gold and silver	25c to $2.00
Sterling Silver Thimbles	25c
Emery Bulbs with sterling tops	25c
Sterling Silver Button Hooks	15c
Sterling Silver Nail Cleaners	15c
Sterling Silver Paper Cutters	15c
Sterling Silver Nail Files	15c
Sterling Silver Lead Pencils	25c to $1 00
Pen Holders	15c to $1.00
Fine Toilet Soaps (per box of 3 pieces) at	10c to 65c
Rings	38c to 59c
Jewelled Hat Pins	10c to 50c
Jewelled Combs	48c to $1.98

Ebony Goods.

All Sterling Silver Mounted—all prices on Ebony Sets are sold less one-third or 33 1-3 per cent.

Manicure Sets	75c to $5.50 less 1-3
Toilet Sets	98c to $10 less 1-3
Toilet and Manicure Sets combined at	$4.50 to $20 less 1-3
Ink Stands	$2.25 to $4.50 less 1-3
Military Brush Sets	$2.98 to $4 50 less 1-3
Ebony Clocks	$2.25 to $3.50
All-Leather Mexican hand carved Pocket Books	$1 98 to $3.50
Same in Finger Purses	$2.50 and up
Same in Chatelaine Bags	$1.98 to $2.50
Same in Music Rolls	$4.00

Suitable Gifts for Men.

Holiday Neckwear	25c to 75c
Silk Handkerchiefs, plain	25c to 50c
Silk Handkerchiefs, initialed	50c to $1.00
Linen Handkerchiefs	15c to 60c
Suspenders in silk	50c to $1.50
Suspenders	20c to 50c
Silk Mufflers	50c to $1.00
Fancy Shirts, (or white)	50c to $1.00
Pajamas	75c to $3.00
Silk Lined Gloves	$1.50
Kid Gloves	75c to $1.75
Fine Mittens	25c to $2.25
Silk Umbrellas	$1.48 to $3.75
Linen Collars	10c to 15c
Linen Cuffs	25c
Slippers	50c to $1 98
Shoes	98c to $3.50
Link Cuff Buttons	19c to 98c
Scarf Pins	10c to 98c
Fine Hosiery	25c to 50c
Fine Underwear, per garment	39c to $1.50
Men's Sweaters	50c to $3.00
Bath Robes	$5.00
Night Robes	50c to $2.00
Eiderdown Kimonas	$2.50 to $4.50
Ebony goods—all sets go at ⅓ or 33⅓ % off the marked prices.	
Shaving Sets, (less one-third)	$3.25 to $5.88
Military Brushes in sets, (all less one-third)	$1.50 and up
Military and Hat Brush sets, (all less one-third)	$2.50 and up
Glass Cigar Cases with sterling silver tops	68c to $1.19

In the Basement.

½ off or 50% Discount on all Fine China

On all our Fancy China Vases, etc., as follows for this week—
Chop Plates
Cake Plates
Sugar and Cream Sets
Card Trays
Chocolate Pots
Cracker Jars
Fern Dishes
Plates
Vases
Shaving Mugs
Comb and Brush Trays

This opportunity you cannot afford to miss to buy a suitable Christmas Gift at Half Price.

50% off or ½ from Regular Price

TABLE No. 1.
A lot of Fine
Dressed Dolls
at just Half from Regular Price. THIS IS A SNAP.

25% or ¼ off of our Low Prices

We are bound to sell from 100 to 200
LAMPS
in the next four days and we guarantee the prices less than stores that are having "Closing Out" Sales.

Don't Miss our Toy and Doll Dept.

As we are selling Toys from 10 to 25 per cent. less than any other house in the city, and it will pay you to visit this department before you buy. **Every Girl or Boy with their parents on Saturday, with a purchase will receive a Christmas Book.**

Christmas Gifts on the third floor.

Worth Reading... Goods bought for Christmas trade must be sold on SATURDAY or MONDAY in our Rug, Drapery, Furniture, Bric-a-Brac stocks on the third floor. We must have money and not holiday goods. THESE PRICES FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY ONLY—

Turkish Sofa Cushions, filled with down	59c
Oriental Pillow Covers	29c
Turkish Table Covers, worth $5.00	$2.45
Turkish Table Covers, worth $3.00	$1.47
Turkish Table Covers, worth $2.00	98c
Jardiniere and Pedestal to match, worth $10.00	$6.00
Jardiniere and Pedestal to match, worth $3.00	$1.75
Umbrella Stand, worth $4.00	$2.25

Venetian Lanterns,
Teekwood Stands,
Shields, Spears, etc,
Japanese Vases,
Japanese Screens,
Oak Screen Frames,
White Screen Frames,
All Easels
25% ¼ off

Iron and Brass Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Pillows. We have already sold some Iron beds for presents. A few Prices:

Brass Bed, special	$30.00
Iron Bed, special	$15.75
Iron Bed, special	$15.25
Iron Bed, special	$10.75
Iron Bed, special	$10.25
Iron Bed, special	$10.00
Brass Bed, special	$25.00
Iron Bed, special	$5.00
Iron Bed, special	$4.50
Iron Bed, special	$3 50
Iron Bed, special	$2.50

Come and see them.

Easy Rockers, Fancy Chairs, bought for holiday trade. Some will positively be sold at cost. What present more appreciated than a chair?

Tabourettes or Jardiniere Stands **75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.25**

Does he smoke? If so, buy one of our Pipe and Match Racks, something new and beautiful.

Does she keep house? No home complete without a **Bissell's Premier** Carpet Sweeper.

Drapery and Curtain Dept.

Saturday and Monday we will positively sell all goods in this department at one-fourth off. Purchase must amount to $1.00 or more in order to get the 25 per cent discount.

Lace Curtains, Portieres, Couch Covers, Table Covers, Upholstery Goods, Oriental Draperies, Comforts, Rope Portieres, etc.

Rugs. You cannot afford to buy elsewhere, new ones just received for the holidays. Large and small—must be sold.

Axminster, 9x12, worth $27.50, our price	$19 50
Persian Wilton, 27x54, special	$1.00

—Third floor—117-119 West Superior Street.

CALL IS MADE.

Republicans to Hold Their City Convention on Jan. 19.

Interest in municipal politics took a little spurt yesterday afternoon. Republicans fixed the date of their convention for Jan. 19, and simultaneously three new aldermanic possibilities were brought forward. The new men are A. G. Strong, mentioned as the Republican candidate in the First ward, and H. C. Krause and J. T. Armstead as possibilities in the Third ward.

On the Democratic side the only new name mentioned in connection with any office is that of Bert Fesler, for municipal judge. Mr. Fesler is president of the Bryan club and well known in politics throughout the city. He is also a law partner of W. O. Peaier, who has been mentioned as a Republican possibility for the same office.

The Republican city committee met yesterday afternoon in the office of Cyrus T. Crandall on the third floor of the Chamber of Commerce building. The members of the committee present were: Chairman Crandall, Secretary McKay, J. A. Ferguson, H. C. Krause, [illegible] Butchart, Edward Pugh, C. A. Erickson, S. Crouthers and H. Gifford.

The representation was fixed at one delegate for each 100 votes cast for McKinley electors at the last general election. It was also decided as a sense of the meeting that a clean Republican victory was inevitable and that all Republican candidates would have a good chance except possibly the man that should come forward to run against Fred Voss for city treasurer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

MAY COME HERE

Possibility That Heating Plant Franchise May Be Asked Here.

There was recently incorporated in this state a company called the Northern Manufacturing company, and it is now before the city council of St. Paul asking for a franchise for furnishing heat and power in that city. The company has been organized with a capital of $500,000, and a number of Eastern men are interested in it. Two Twin City men appear as officers.

It is probably only a question of time until some company will come before the council of Duluth asking for a franchise of this kind. In many of the cities of the country companies are being given franchises for heating plant systems. They can supply steam heat to buildings throughout the territory which they cover, and power too, but in most cases only attempt to supply heat.

The company asking the franchise in St. Paul agrees to pay 5 per cent of the gross earnings to the city.

The possibility that such a concern may ask a franchise in Duluth revives interest in the provisions of the new charter under which the city is now operating with reference to the granting of franchises.

The council can grant no franchise for a longer period than twenty-five years, and if 3 per cent of the voters of the city petition within thirty days for the submission of the question to a vote of the people, this must be done. To grant the franchise, a vote of two-thirds of the members of the council is necessary. The maximum price to be charged for the service to be supplied must be stated in the franchise. The council is given authority by the charter to determine the maximum rate to be charged by any company for services rendered, and the people by petition can require the council to act.

TOWNE SILENT.

Will Not Talk Much During His Short Term In Senate.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—A Washington special to the Journal says: A lot of foolish stuff has been published regarding the program of Senator Towne. It has been said, but without any authority whatever, that it was Mr. Towne's intention, before leaving the senate, to make a speech in which he would outline a plan of organization for the Democratic party and announce his formal withdrawal from Bryan and Bryanism. This report is not true.

Mr. Towne has accepted the invitation of Senator Nelson to make a few remarks concerning Senator Davis, on the day of the Davis eulogies, Jan. 12. He will talk for perhaps ten minutes. On all sides it is recognized that such a course is entirely appropriate and proper. Mr. Towne comes to the senate for a short time as Mr. Davis' successor, and while of a different political faith, had a considerable share of Mr. Davis' friendship and good will. His will probably be the most elegant and eloquent of all the tributes which will be paid the dead statesman, and this is saying a good deal, for among the other speakers will be Frye, Lodge, Foraker, Daniel, Allison, Spooner, Cullom, Clark, Morgan, Hoar and Pettigrew. The foregoing list includes all of the men whom Mr. Nelson has requested to make addresses. Nelson himself, of course, is to speak.

No other arrangements have been made for Mr. Towne to speak in the senate. It is true that a number of Democratic colleagues, and in addition some of the men on the Republican side, who have continued to admire him notwithstanding his political apostacy, have urged him to make an address during the consideration of some one of the numerous bills which are to come up. They have pointed out to him that his case is different from that of the new senator who is elected for a term of years; that it will be entirely proper for him to deliver an address at any time upon any theme, and that they hope he will do so. But Towne has not even seriously considered the matter. He may, and he may not. But if he should speak, it is proper to say that he will not attack Bryan, nor announce that he is done with Bryanism. I say this with full authority, and with all the emphasis that is necessary to carry conviction.

Senator Towne has not been well since coming to Washington, and he thinks that at the close of his term he will go to the hot springs of Virginia to rest and recuperate. He is at present nursing an ugly carbuncle, and yesterday an abcess showed itself in the right ear, a second indication of the bad state of his blood. These troubles, while apparently insignificant, are annoying, and they have interfered to a considerable extent with his plans. He has been unable to accept social invitations, and has not felt like doing the work which would be necessary in case he should make a set speech before the senate.

However, should his condition improve, it may be that he will speak, since the invitation to do so has been so urgent and cordial from men on both sides of the chamber. But his address will be no attack upon the Bryan Democracy or its leaders. Towne stands where he did in the campaign, the firm friend of Bryan and the steadfast supporter of the Kansas City platform. His views have in no sense been changed as the result of Democratic defeat. It will be recalled that he had a visit of a day with Bryan in Chicago as he was on his way to Washington to take his place in the senate. That visit was most friendly in all respects. Towne will stand by his colors.

Want It State Feature.

A movement is under way in West Superior to have the free employment bureau proposition brought before the Wisconsin state legislature at the coming session and have a state free employment bureau with branch offices in every city in the state that has any prestige as a labor center. The free employment bureau was established over a year ago by the council of West Superior, and those that have the matter in charge claim that it has been a success. The proposition to make it a state institution is to be laid before the Trades and Labor assembly of West Superior, and if the labor organizations will give it their endorsement the matter will be pushed at the first meeting of the legislature.

The Flaaten Concert.

The Flaaten concert Sunday afternoon will be the best thus far given. There will be two vocal soloists, and much interest centers in the appearance of Miss Dora Swan, who has not been heard in Duluth for some time. She has been studying in Chicago. George Tyler is always welcome, and no more artistic singer is heard here. The numbers will be of Christmas music largely and the program is a very fine one.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

A fraud order has been issued by the postoffice department against James Armstrong, No. 886 West Van Buren street, or 881 West Monroe street, or James Armstrong, M. D., Dr. J. E. Armstrong, or any other modification of that name which is clearly intended for the James Armstrong described above; the Health University of Chicago; the Independent Medical College of Chicago; the Metropolitan Medical College of Chicago; the Scientific Medical College of Chicago, and the International Medical College of Chicago, and modifications of these names which are clearly intended for either of them at Chicago, Ill.

Thomas Edmundson was found dead near Macon City, Iowa, yesterday, hanging head downward upon a barb wire fence, and evidence points strongly to murder. Tuesday night, there was a dance at his country home and it is said that during the revelry most of the guests engaged in a quarrel. It is believed that Edmundson was killed during the altercation, and that his body was carried out and hung upon the fence. The body was entirely stripped of its clothing.

Edward S. Dreyer, former Chicago banker who, two years ago was convicted of criminal mismanagement of his bank and sentenced to the penitentiary, has been granted a writ of error by Justice Boggs, of the supreme court of Illinois, and his case will be taken before the supreme court of the United States.

A Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern passenger train last night struck a buggy containing three young men named Reinsell, near Shell Rock, Iowa. Two were instantly killed and the third fatally injured.

The secretary of state has advised congress of the purpose to accredit the United States consul general at Constantinople as agent at Sofia, Bulgaria, owing to the growing importance of having the government represented in Bulgaria.

David F. Jones, United States district attorney for the western district of Wisconsin, died yesterday, at Sparta, Wis., from typhoid fever.

Dr. Rufus Cushman Flagg, president of Ripon, Wis., college, has resigned his position on account of ill health.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

NEARY-HANSON CONTEST.

Douglas Holds That Neary Could Not Be Seated.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—It is not at all likely that M. E. Neary will push his contest to prevent Peter E. Hanson from taking his seat as secretary of state. Attorney General Douglas has called attention to the fact that, no matter what happens to the majority candidate, a minority candidate at an election is not eligible to the office and is never seated. That provision in the corrupt practices act, which provides that in the event of the majority candidates being disqualified by violation of the law, the candidate receiving the next highest vote shall take the office, is unconstitutional.

In the event of Mr. Hanson being disqualified, it would be up to Governor Van Sant to appoint a man to fill the vacancy occurring at the expiration of Secretary Berg's term.

A Card.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett

Norwegian Cod Liver Oil,
Import of 1900, is now for sale at C. J. Tufte's Drug store.

MERRY YULETIDE

IS VIRTUALLY WITH US NOW AND THE HOLIDAY DREAM SOON TO BE FULFILLED!

If you intend giving Gloves and don't know kind, size or color recipient would like, get one of our ☞ GLOVE BONDS

The last two shopping days are here and no time left for hesitation.
The absorbing gift question must be settled either tomorrow or Monday.

A hundred extra salespeople.
Delivery service three times as large to make it efficient.
Extra cashiers and bundle desks on every floor.
Everything to facilitate shopping.

This store has more than ever proved its advantages for holiday shopping in every way, and while the past two weeks have tested severely our splendid store organization, still we know of not one customer who went away anything but satisfied.

Tomorrow and Monday Will be the Biggest Days of the Year

Either of them equal to two or three of the past ten days and, of course, the afternoon crowds will be tremendous. Who does not realize the pleasure of morning buying in busy holiday times? There are some who cannot find it convenient to come before 2 p. m., but those who can tomorrow morning buy comfortably and economically and are through as afternoon throngs begin, making Christmas buying a pleasure. Read the list of Saturday morning bargains from 8 to 12 o'clock. It is another effort of ours to divide the crowds and facilitate shopping.

Store open every evening until Xmas.
Packages can be laid away and delivered when desired.
Anything purchased that is desired changed willingly exchanged.

Sterling Novelties— 400 Sterling Silver Novelties suitable for gifts—the assortment comprises Cuticle Knives, Nail Files, Letter Seals, Letter Openers, Button Hooks, Paper Cutters with pearl blade, etc.—value everywhere 15c. Tomorrow 8 to 12—2 to a customer, each 8c Reg. value 15c

Writing Paper— 200 boxes Satin Finish Plate Note Paper—24 sheets and 24 envelopes—attractive looking box and a quality sold everywhere at 15c—special tomorrow 8 to 12 at 8c a box—2 boxes to one customer 8c Reg. value 15c

Satin Pin Cushions. About 75 Satin Pin Cushions in all sizes from 4x4 inches to 7x7 inches. Were sold at 25c, 35c and 45c—8 to 12 tomorrow, 2 to a customer at, each 15c Worth 45 Cents.

Holly and Christmas Green Wreaths and Wreathing at our Flower Department. Buy early—it may run out.

Fancy Eiderdowns About 1000 yards—all our 50c, 60c and 75c fancy Eiderdowns on sale from 8 to 12 tomorrow, 6 yards to a customer, at a yard 25c Worth as high as 75c

Huck Towels— 100 doz. Linen Huck Towels, splendidly hemmed, sizes 17x34 inches—a genuine 12½c value—limit 1 dozen to a customer, tomorrow 8 to 12, at each 7½c Regular value 12½c

Nut Picks (In Sets) 100 sets containing 6 nickel plated nut picks and nut crackers, special tomor'w 8 to 12 o'clock, 2 sets to a customer at 18c per set, they sell regularly at 35c 18c Regular value 35c

Our Half Price Millinery Sale Is One of the Big Features That Draws the Immense Holiday Crowds to Our Store.

Doll Carriages— 100 genuine 59c Doll Carriages, with steel wire wheels—Saturday morning, 8 to 12 o'clock—1 carriage to a customer at 39c Regular value 59c

Men's Ties— 500 Men's Teck Ties in good desirable patterns and good quality silk, have been selling them at 25c each; tomorrow morning, 2 to a customer at—each 12½c Regular price 25c

Men's Hose— 60 dozen Men's Black Wool Seamless Knit Half Hose, soft and warm, sizes 9½ to 11½—value 25c a pair—tomorrow morning—2 pairs to a customer at—per pair 12½c Regular value 25c

DO YOUR XMAS SHOPPING AT THE GLASS BLOCK—EVERYTHING FOR COMFORT, PLEASURE AND ECONOMY.

Xmas Slippers— 250 pairs Women's and Girls' felt satin and fancy Kid Foxed Juliettes and house shoes, 15 colors, great $1.50 values; tomorrow, 8 to 12 a. m., a pair 99c Regular Price $1 50

Xmas Slippers— 228 pair Men's extra fine embroidered Velvet, fancy trimmed and Solid Leather Imitation Alligator, in tan or black, 75c and 98c kinds, tomorrow 8 to 12 a. m., pr 50c Worth 75c and 98c

Glove Boxes— 100 Holiday Glove Boxes, containing fancy bottle Handkerchief Extract, and a cake of fine Toilet Soap—assorted odors—regular price, 35c—tomorrow morning, 2 to a customer, at each 20c Regular Price 35c

Special Prices on Candies in Large Quantities to Purchasers for Church and Society Christmas Entertainments.

Pillow Tops— Six dozen tinted Pillow Tops in great assortment of designs and colors, actual selling price 25c—tomorrow, 8 to 12, two to a customer, at—each 12½c Regular price 25c

Vases— 200 decorated Glass Vases in assorted colors, on which regular selling price is 25c each—tomorrow, 8 to 12, two to a customer, will make nice inexpensive gifts 15c Regular price 25c

Lamps— 100 Decorated Parlor Lamps, with 10-inch shade, worth and sold everywhere for $1.75—Saturday from 8 to 12 a. m., one to a customer at $1.19. A splendid Christmas present $1.19 Regular value $1.75

Ladies' Corsets 10 doz. Ladies' good, strong Coutelle Corsets with 2 side steels, fancy trimmed, the newest model, will fit any figure, value 75c a pair; Saturday 8 to 12, 1 pair to a customer 35c Worth 75 Cents

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT
PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Tea Gowns— 30 Ladies' fancy Tea Gowns of cashmere, beautifully regular trimmed with lace and ribbon in all the new shades, value $7 50, Saturday morning from 8 to 12, at each $4.98 Regular value $7.50

PARTIALLY CLEARED

Spectators Not Having Seats at Palmer Trial Forced to Leave.

RELUCTANT WITNESS

Complaining Witness Relates Her Story Only With Much Urging.

A large part of the crowd in attendance on the trial of the Palmer case was shut out yesterday afternoon by order of the court, owing to the modesty of the complaining witness, who manifested great reluctance to testify, even more than she did on the former trial, when her story was only brought out by the continued use of leading questions.

The crowd packed court room No. 2 yesterday afternoon, and it was about the largest of the series of trials. During the Mausolf trial the attendance fell off, but it began to pick up as soon as the Schletz case was resumed. After the recess, in the middle of the afternoon, County Attorney Phelps said that he desired that the room be cleared of all but those necessarily there, and Mr. Washburn objected, because Mr. Palmer had some friends there and because there was no necessity for it. He said that the complaining witness told her story without any reluctance on the former trial, and he intimated that the present reluctance was all put on.

Under the circumstances, as the defendant has a right to a public trial if he wants it, the court did not make the order. Later, however, when the girl's reluctance to testify became painful to everybody, he ordered the bailiff to send out all in the room that could not find seats.

The first witness yesterday afternoon was Josephine Partika, who testified to the two meetings with Palmer on Michigan street, when she was with Clara. They were at Palmer's office in the McDonnell block together twice. Her testimony was substantially the same as that given on the previous trial.

Most of the afternoon the complaining witness, Clara Schletz, was on the stand. She told her story substantially as she did on the former trial, with the addition of the instance in the McDonnell block, testified to by Hattie Schiebe, when the girls said Palmer was familiar with Clara in Hattie's presence. She spoke of meeting Palmer first on Michigan street, when he gave them 10 cents. This happened twice, and then she went to his office in the McDonnell block. Her testimony tended to show that an attempt was made to have improper relations with her when she resisted on one occasion, and on another occasion when she did not resist, both in the McDonnell block.

During the examination Mr. Phelps asked that the court room be cleared while the witness testified. He asked this owing to the youth of the witness and the painful nature of the testimony. Mr. Washburn said that he could not consent to such an arrangement, as he could see no necessity for it. In speaking of it he referred to Palmer's friends, who have been constant in their attendance on these trials.

Judge Dibell said that on the statement of the attorney for the defense he would not make the order asked for, though on some accounts he would be glad to do it.

The witness exhibited great reluctance to testify, and Mr. Phelps asked her if she would testify more readily if the crowd was not there. She said she would, and the court had the bailiff usher out all those who were standing, leaving, however, a considerable number filling the available seats. The testimony came painfully, the witness being on the verge of tears all of the time. When the court attempted to reassure her and induce her to speak freely, she said that she had already told the story once on the stand and she thought that was enough. It was necessary to resort to leading questions to get at the evidence.

After the testimony as to the various visits to the McDonnell and Palladio buildings, she told the story of Aug. 13 a week before her birthday, by which fact she fixes the date. He told her he would have to give her a present because of her approaching birthday, and she said he did not have to unless he wanted to. Then the offense charged in the indictment occurred. He had promised to give her 50 cents, but he gave her only 25 cents, she said.

"This is not an action for breach of contract, is it?" inquired Mr. Washburn.

She said she did not go there alone again, and then she corrected herself and said that she was there the day the papers come out about the matter. Palmer said that day that she should not come any more because there was something in the papers about some man that gave girls money. She went away and did not go.

The cross-examination by Mr. Baldwin opened with questions as to the witness' residence in St. Paul, with a view to getting at her age, which the defense will make some attempt to show is more than she claims. Other similar questions related to her school attendance and her various residences in Duluth.

The cross-examination was still in progress when court adjourned until this morning.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ZAZA" COMING.

Charles Frohman will present for the second time, at the Lyceum theater, Christmas matinee and night, Tuesday, Dec. 25, David Belasco's latest and greatest success, "Zaza." This play is fresh from New York, where it has enjoyed the most phenomenal success ever accorded a play by the New York playgoing public. The fact that Mr. Belasco's name stands for the authorship of the play is sufficient guarantee of its excellence. No playwright in America has built more enduring monuments to attest his skill in stage creations than David Belasco.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

SENATORIAL RACE.

A Feeling That Evans Men Are Not Stayers.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—Resolutions in favor of Nelson's re-election before any vote on Davis' successor have already been passed by every congressional district, except the First, and this action is pleasing to the friends of Nelson, as it removes further than ever the chance of any opposition to Nelson to a remote improbability.

Old hands at senatorial elections agree that the present campaign is different from any other ever occurring in this state in at least one particular. The fight proceeds on geographical lines and has taken thes hape of repeated endorsements by counties and congressional districts.

This unusual method of campaigning has awakened criticism that might have been expected.

It is urged that there is not heart enough in the support candidates secured by such means and the opponents of Evans are loud in proclaiming that half or more of the Evans support in Minneapolis is merely on the surface, and will not stay by him. They doubt the sincerity of some of the Evans boomers, who were Shevlin men before the lumberman pulled out.

So far from getting sixteen votes from Hennepin, it is freely asserted that Evans will do well if he gets ten. They say there is no spirit and life in the Minneapolis move for Evans, and that there is a general feeling in the Mill City that Bob is not the man who can be elected. Hence all this wandering talk about Lowry and other Minneapolis possibilities, and the splendid opportunity they have to clean out Evans. As one observer looked at the situation:

"The best that can be said for Evans is that the Minneapolis crowd will back him for one ballot, but that ballot will show that he can't win. Then look to see about half of them or more quit for some other Minneapolis man."

Senator C. B. Buckman, of Little Falls, denied the statement of a morning paper that he had joined the Clapp forces. He also denied that Representative Ferris, of Brainerd, was committed to Clapp.

BEETHOVEN'S BIRTHDAY.

A Recital By Miss Elaine Lowrenzos at "Villa Maria."

Frontenac, Minn., Dec. 21.—Beethoven's birthday was celebrated at the Villa by an entertainment attended by Gen. I. Garrard, Mr. and Mrs. George Garrard and daughters, Beulah and Evelyn, Frontenac, patrons of the institution, and Mrs. Hoffman, New York city.

The Misses Collins, Grand Forks, N. D., opened the evening with a spirited ensemble piece. The closing scene of the first series of exquisite views from the reverend chaplain's stereopticon, introduced the Vestal Virgins, a spectacular taper drill, gracefully done by Miss Mansfield, Duluth; Miss Emerson, St. Paul; Misses Kiloran and Faxon, Minneapolis; Miss Schouweiler, Red Wing; Misses Hitchcock and Maude, Cass Lake; Miss Rosser, West Superior, Wis.; Miss Sears, Watertown, S. D.

The second series of views was followed by some piano, vocal and guitar numbers given by Misses Emerson and Goff, St. Paul; Orpha Lacroix, Minneapolis, and Beulah Garrard, granddaughter of Gen. I. Garrard. The third series of views were local, and when the portrait of Gen. I. Garrard, the beloved benefactor of the institution, was thrown upon the wall a burst of applause followed. Members of the faculty upon the urgent request of the pupils added to the music of the evening.

The usual monthly musical was given the following evening, and the benefit of these periodical meetings was evident from the pupils' improvement in ease, technic and musical expression. The participants were Misses McClary, Attkins, Orpha Lacroix, Minneapolis; Miss Cox, St. Paul; Miss Schouweiler, Red Wing; Miss Mayer, Bemidji; Misses Mamie Thompson and Ethel Kelly, Eau Galle, Wis.; Miss Mansfield, Duluth; Miss Blair, St. Louis.

Miss Elaine Lowrenzos, the gifted young reader, of Minneapolis, who is engaged to teach Delsarte, dancing and elocution, gave the pupils a most interesting mixed program in the recreation hall one evening recently. The selections were pathetic, humorous and heroic. "Too Late for the Train" and the reading of the closet scene from "Hamlet" evoked more than usual applause. She looked a ghost impersonating Hamlet's father, and we doubt if any stage star can act the queen in a better manner. On Dec. 21 the pupils return home for the holidays.

TRAILS SCOUTED.

Manilla, Dec. 21.—Every mountain trail in Gen. Young's district north of the Abra river and between the coast and Dolores, has been followed up by the American scouts this month. A similar movement has taken place in the provinces of Union, Benguet, Lepanto and that part of South Ilocos which lies south of the Abra river. Fifteen insurgents have been killed and more than 100 captured. The villages are always abandoned before the arrival of the Americans, but many buildings that have been used as barracks have been destroyed.

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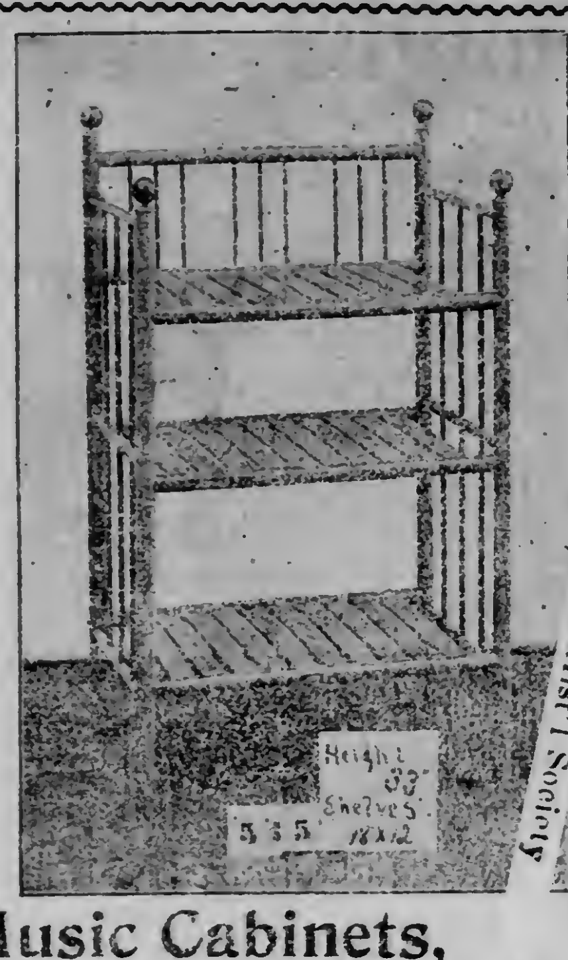
FOURTEEN PAGES-SECTION ONE-PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.



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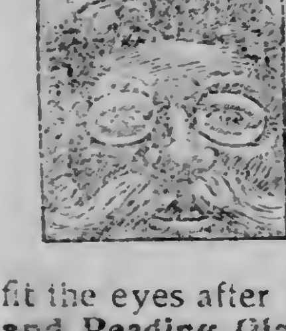

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS are usually better appreciated if they are useful as well as nice, and a pair of **gold spectacles** or **eye glasses** fills the bill exactly. This year we shall follow our annual custom of offering **solid gold** spectacles with best spherical lenses, worth $6.00, for $5.00—as a special inducement for the week before Xmas. Lenses will be changed to fit the eyes after Xmas. A fine line of **Opera Glasses, Lorgnettes and Reading Glasses** with best lenses only. Special prices on Cameras and Kodaks till Xmas.

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NOT ALL YET TOLD

Worst That Has Happened to British In Africa Not Known.

NEWS IS EMBARGOED

But Demeanor of Officials Indicates That Situation Is Very Serious.

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says: "Something very serious is happening to the British in South Africa. Lord Kitchener has completely shut off the news; serious cabinet meetings and numerous portentious conferences are taking place at the war office, while reinforcements of cavalry and irregular troops are being hurried out with all possible speed. There is growing discontent among the volunteer troops now in Africa, and a sop has been offered to them in the form of increased pay and multiplying the time credited to them.

The imperial yeomanry are clamoring to come home. They went out for a year and saw the hampered favorites of the Household cavalry and the City Imperial volunteers relieved, while they have been given the nastiest work of the whole campaign. The government now offers to pay them $1.25 a day if they stay. This is an increase from their present pay of 28 cents.

The colonials are demanding to be returned. This in the face of great Boer activity.

TROOPS FOR AFRICA.

British War Office Announces Dispatch of Fresh Forces.

London, Dec. 22.—The war office made the following announcement last night:

"In view of the general position in South Africa, the following reinforcements of mounted troops have been arranged for: Eight hundred will start next week: two cavalry regiments have been ordered to leave as soon as transports are ready. The colonial police will be increased to 10,000.

"Detachments will leave as fast as they are formed. Further drafts of cavalry will be dispatched at once. Australia and New Zealand have been invited to send further contingents. Three thousand regular horses beyond the usual monthly supply have been contracted for."

The secretary of state for war, Mr. St. John Brodrick, announces that, in view of the prolongation of the war in South Africa, members of the imperial yeomanry will be paid five shillings instead of one shilling and two pence per day. Militia men are promised priority of return over regulars.

As the outcome of statements made during the recent session of parliament, and since reiterated, to the effect that some of the colonial troops have refused to fight again, the war office late last evening issued the following explanation from Lord Kitchener:

"A number of men belonging to the First South African corps refused to march on one occasion, owing to some mistake to take out their discharge at the expiration of their term of service.

"Lord Roberts, on the ground that they had a grievance, overlooked the matter, simply reprimanding them. The men of both corps have since done good work in the field, and it is absolutely unfounded to say that there was a mutiny, or that guns or any other force were used against them. It is considered cruel to publish an incident which all concerned regret."

BOERS CHECKED.

London, Dec. 22.—From its Cape Town correspondent the Daily Mail has received the following: "The second invading force was designed to occupy Brittstown but, being checked by the Da Aar troops, it has disappeared into the Ceadorberg mountains."

TWO DEUCES TAKE THE POT.

Five Millionaires Bluff In a Poker Game Aboard Ship.

New York, Dec. 22.—Two deuces won a pot of $1160 in a slashing poker game on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. There would have been bullet holes in the cabin walls if the same game had been played in a Western mining town. Every man of the five millionaires who sat down to the game was a born bluffer, and the pot went to the best of the party—E. Morgan Hill, of San Francisco. Mr. Hill is said to have won over $10,000 on the way across, and dropping some of it to Louis L. Lorillard, whose trip netted him enough money to contest a will case.

CONSULS FOR NORWAY.

An Independent Service For It Is Being Organized.

Christiana, Norway, Dec. 22.—The assistant secretary of state, Dribsen, is working out consular regulations for an independent consular service for Norway. The diplomatic service remains unchanged.

A company with a capital of 75,000 kroner is being organized at Tronhjem for working the coal mines of Spitzbergen.

A great sensation has been caused throughout Denmark by an article in the government organ in the Berlingske Tidende, written by the Crown Prince Frederick, defending the prime minister, H. Schestedt, from the attacks of Count Frijs. The action of the crown prince in mixing in party politics has made a bad impression.

ELLIOTT-ROBERTSON.

The Actor Manager and Maxine's Sister Are Wedded.

London, Dec. 22.—Forbes Robertson, the actor manager, and Miss Gertrude Elliott, sister of Maxine Elliott, were married this afternoon, at All Soul's church, South Hampstead. The ceremony was most quiet. There were no bridesmaids, but the bride was supported by Mrs. Madeline Reilly, the playwright. Norman Forbes was the best man.

ORE RATES REDUCED

Two Orders Issued By the State Railway and Warehouse Commission.

A TWENTY-CENT CUT

Will Reduce Missabe's Earnings to Extent of One Million Dollars.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Late yesterday afternoon the railway and warehouse commission issued two orders in the iron ore rate cases, one to be served on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the other on the Duluth & Iron Range. The case against the Eastern Minnesota was dismissed. These orders will be served upon the companies today.

The rate of the Missabe road, which has been 80 cents per ton on ore, was reduced to 60 cents, and those in effect on the Duluth & Iron Range road, 80, 90 and 100 cents, were reduced respectively to 60, 70 and 80 cents. The order was made with the unanimous vote of the commission.

The rates as ordered by the commission contemplate a reduction in the net earnings of the Missabe road of about $1,000,000, which, on the basis of last year's surplus, would leave a net income of $451,089.16.

If the same percent of reduction is caused in the net income on the Duluth & Iron Range road, their net earnings will range in the neighborhood of $560,-002.

The commission believes that these net incomes represent fair incomes on the capital invested, and, upon that basis, contend that their action is not unjust.

The belief of the commission is that tht two roads against which the orders have been made will apply to the new commission for an order to have their cases reopened. It is not known what course the roads contemplate at present. They cannot be immediately affected by the new rates, since there is no traffic in iron ore during the winter months.

THE FIGHT NOT ENDED.

No person in authority in Duluth will discuss the decision of the railway and warehouse commission in the ore rate case today, but two things are certain in that connection.

The first is that the decision was expected by both the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the Duluth & Iron Range. The second is, that the fight is not ended.

The orders of the commission were served on the two Duluth roads today, but the railroad officials decline to make any statement regarding the action of the commissioners, further than to say that the dispatches from St. Paul to the effect that the order was made by a unanimous vote was incorrect. Gen. Becker protested against the order and filed a dissenting opinion.

As to the possible action of the Duluth roads in fighting the case, there are three avenues open. The order does not go into effect for thirty days, and, in fact, will not be operative till next May, as the roads will not handle ore before that time. But in the next thirty days they may decide to take an appeal. The second avenue would be to bring an injunction suit, and the third would be to let the present order go and bring the case up again before the new board of commissioners.

IN DANGER.

Kimberley Is Reported to Be Seriously Menaced By the Boers.

London, Dec. 22.—The Evening Standard says it hears a report has reached London that Kimberley is seriously threatened by the Boers.

None of the leading South African firms interested in Kimberley has received information tending to confirm the Evening Standard's report.

TROUBLE IN WINNIPEG.

The Civic Election May Possibly Be Declared Illegal.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 22.—Since the Winnipeg civic elections, it has been discovered that an illegal voters' list was used and it is possible the whole of the returns will be rejected. A new act requires that the voters' lists be made up by the assessment commissioner and its correctness certified to by the city clerk. The latter refused certification on the ground that he did not prepare the lists and the provision requiring that a properly certified list of electors be placed in the hands of the department returning officer at each polling subdivision, was ignored.

Mayor Wilson takes a gloomy view of the situation and says the election may be declared illegal.

FIRE ON STRIKERS.

Antwerp Police and Dock Men Have Bloody Clash.

Antwerp, Dec. 22.—A fresh attack was made by the striking dock laborers and others on non-unionists, today, at the Ockerill wharf. A detachment of fifty policemen charged the strikers, firing their revolvers into the crowd. Thirty men were wounded, ten of them severely. The strikers then withdrew, taking some of their wounded. Their attitude is menacing, the police are being reinforced and more fighting is imminent.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: St. Louis, Southampton; Campania, Liverpool; H. H. Meier, Bremen.

Philadelphia—Sailed: Rhynland, for Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: Pennsylvania, from Hamburg.

Liverpool—Arrived: Lucania, from New York.

ROBBERS BEATEN

Have Successful Dynamite Function at Kentucky Bank, Getting Five Thousand.

THEY ARE AMBUSHED

By Officers and Lose Their Loot and One Is Captured.

Tullahoma, Tenn., Dec. 22.—Five men dynamited the vault of the Coffee County bank, at Manchester, Ky., early today. They secured $5,000 in currency, stole a handcar and escaped in the direction of Tullahoma. Shortly after their departure, the lonely night patrol of Manchester found the bank's doors open. He immediately telephoned the authorities here. A policeman and deputy sheriff, heavily armed, secreted themselves along the railway, a mile out.

In a short time, the handcar appeared and was ambushed. Four of the thieves succeeded in getting away in the darkness, but the fifth man proved to be the one who carried the treasure and all the loot was recovered.

Bloodhounds were put on the scent of the other four, but they have, so far, eluded their pursuers.

ORE SHIPMENTS

Total From Lake Ports Exceeds Eighteen and a Half Million Tons.

Cleveland, Dec. 22.—The Iron Trade Review says:

Complete returns from all upper lake regions give the unprecedented total of 18,570,315 tons as the water movement of Lake Superior iron ore in the season just ended. This is considerably less than the 20,000,000 tons prophesied early in the year, and yet somewhat more than the estimate given in these columns last summer when the blast furnace situation in the valleys was at its worst. It was then stated that the season's outcome bade fair to be under rather than over 18,000,000 tons. The table below gives the season record by ports, together with corresponding figures for the years 1899 and 1898. Gross tons are represented:

	1890.	1899.	1898.
Escanaba	3,436,734	3,720,218	2,803,513
Marquette	2,661,861	2,733,596	2,245,965
Ashland	2,633,687	2,703,447	2,391,088
Two Harbors ..	4,007,294	3,973,733	2,692,245
Gladstone	418,854	381,457	335,950
Superior	1,522,899	878,942	570,403
Duluth	3,888,986	3,509,965	2,635,262
Total by lake...	18,570,315	17,901,358	13,655,432
Total by rail ...	....	350,446	369,241
Total shipments,		18,251,804	14,024,673

In 1896, one year earlier than is covered by the above table, the total water shipments were 9,644,036 gross tons. Thus in four years there has been almost a doubling of the ore traffic of the lakes. The year has had several conspicuous records of production. The Fayal mine leads with 1,252,952 tons. The Mountain Iron shipped 1,001,324, the Biwabik 924,-868, and the Mohoning runs well toward a million tons. On the old ranges the Chapin, with 922,611 tons and the Norrie are the leaders. The Mesaba range made total shipments of about 7,765 tons, as against 6,626,384 in 1899, an increase of 1,139,000 tons. The Mesaba percentage is slightly under 42 per cent of the total.

A feature of the shipments this year is the unloading of a cargo of Canadian ore on a Lake Erie dock, the Helen mine in the Michipicoten district sending 2465 tons to Ashtabula. It is likely that upwards of 300,000 tons of this ore will come down next year.

The generally telegraphed statement that Jan. 25 has been fixed as the date for the Bessemer Ore association is erraneous. No time has been decided upon, and no appointment is made even for the informal conference that precedes the general meeting. It is probable that when figures concerning the year's work at the various mines are made up and estimates received from mine superintendents as to the possibilities of production next year, the officers of the association will confer in the early part of January and later all old-range interests will come together.

LEE EXPLAINS IT.

Meaning of Remarks Concerning the Flag In Cuba.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, commander of the department of the Missouri, who is in the city as the guest of the New England society, said today, in regard to a dispatch published in a Chicago paper purporting to quote from his speech on the St. Louis merchants' xchange yesterday, in which he was said to have made the prediction that the American flag will continue to float over the island of Cuba:

"The meaning I intended to convey was that the American flag will float over Cuba until a stable government shall be formed, capable of protecting life and property and giving confidence to capital. The United States has promised the Cubans self-government and will carry out its promise. Upon the Cubans will rest the responsibility of determining whether that government shall be permanent or otherwise."

Under the escort of W. B. Homer, president, and a committee from the New England society, of St. Louis, Gen. Lee and staff, with the ladies of the party today, visited Jefferson barracks, the regular army post south of the city.

TROUBLE SETTLED

Pittson, Pa., Dec. 22.—The strike of 1700 miners employed by the Pennsylvania Coal company, which began on Tuesday, today came to an end. Superintendent Williams, of the company, granted the demands of the workers, employing extra help for the dump men.

WAS VERY HOT STUFF

Surgeon Drank Pepper Sauce and Swears That It Is Harmless.

THEY ALL CATCH IT

Freshmen Hazed Regardless of Position, to Make "Gentlemen" of Them.

West Point, Dec. 22.—The court of inquiry investigating the allegation that the late Oscar L. Booz was so ill-treated, while a cadet at the military academy, that his health was impaired, began work early today, intending to finish its labors at noon. Cadet Sheriff, of North Carolina, gave some important testimony, such as has been often repeated in the course of this investigation.

Maj. J. M. Banister, surgeon U. S. A., was recalled and told of his testing the effects of partaking of four drops of "tropical pepper sauce," such as is used in the cadet's mess hall. He said he tried it last night by dropping four drops of the sauce on the palm of the hand and taking it up with his tongue. He swallowed the sauce, although it tasted hot, like the taste of a cayenne pepper pod. His throat, he said, was very susceptible to any irritation but he felt no ill effects from the dose. Two young ladies who were present when he made the test, in a spirit of fun, did likewise, and they, too, found no difficulty in swallowing the same quantity. In reply to Gen. Clous, the witness said:

"I positively swear that the taking of this sauce could not, directly or indirectly, have caused tuberculosis of the throat, or in any way be the cause of death of Cadet Booz two years after his partaking of it."

Cadet John H. Poole of Michigan swore that he never hazed Booz. He knew Breth, who was a member of his own class. This was the fourth class in 1897.

"Did you see Breth hazed?" "No, sir, but I heard he was 'exercised' considerably."

"What are the relations of the upper class men to the fourth class men?" "With the exception of exercising, which has been admitted, it is about the same as formerly. We require them to do special work about our tents; cleaning guns, making up beds and so forth." "Have you heard of any fights since last encampment?" "Yes, sir, I heard of four." "Between upper classmen and fourth class men?" inquired Gen. Clous. "Yes, sir." "Who won?" asked the general. "Two were won by upper class men, one by a fourth class man and the other was a draw."

Cadet Guy Carleton of Michigan testified that Booz was hazed, but that there was nothing brutal or severe in it. Others had similar experiences. In reply to several questions regarding Cadet Breth, the witness said:

"I knew him but did not hear of his having been hazed or put in a 'straight jacket.' If he had been placed in a 'straight jacket' I certainly would have heard of it. He was a special duty man from the fourth class. He made my bed, swept out the tent, carried water and cleaned my gun and bayonet."

Cadet Emory J. Pike of Iowa had heard of men being required to eat soap, but never knew of a positive case.

"Did you ever ask any one to eat soap?" asked Gen. Clous.

"No, sir."

"Did you ever require a cadet to swallow any hot sauce?"

"No, sir."

"You knew Cadet Breth?"

"Yes, sir, I remember him on account of his woodenness."

"Do you mean by that that he was woodenheaded?"

"Yes, sir."

"In treating fourth class men by your methods of hazing, was any difference made between the sons of rich men and those of poorer classes?"

"Well, sir, there would be no distinction, except the rich man's son was conceited," answered the witness.

"Why do you haze fourth class men?" asked Gen. Brooke.

"Fourth class men are new and green, and they are hazed to make them conform to the rules to obey their superiors and make men out of them."

"If the son of a general, or the son of the president of the United States, would he be hazed?" asked the general.

"Yes, he would, if he was conceited, and it is likely he would be hazed anyhow."

"You then, evidently, wish to make them all feel that they are on equal footing; that none is better than the others?" said Gen. Brooke.

"That's the idea, sir."

In reply to Gen. Brooke, Cadet Coxe, of Virginia, said that when a cadet in the fourth class was conceited it was taken out of him by hazing.

"How long does the conceit last?" asked the general.

"About twenty minutes," replied the witness.

"And then it is 'exercised?'" said the general jokingly.

"Yes, sir."

"Does it ever return?"

"Not while he is a fourth class man, sir."

Gen. Brooke questioned the witness at length on the cadet's code of honor, and the witness said:

"Our code requires a man not to do anything ungentlemanly. Sometimes a class caused a man to resign for making false statements or doing something in violation of this code."

"Any deviation from this standard, then, would be closely investigated by the class and there is no intermediary between absolute truth and falsehoods?" inquired Gen. Brooke.

"That is exactly the idea, sir. I know of a case about two years ago where a man did an ungentlemanly act and he was requested to resign," said the witness. "Did he?" asked Gen. Brooke. "He did, sir."

The court adjourned until Wednesday, Dec. 26, at 2 o'clock.

MURDERERS RUN DOWN.

Slayer of a Woman at Mansfield, Mich., Corraled.

Crystal Falls, Mich., Dec. 22.—August Pontari, who killed Fadela Cesche, at Mansfield, yesterday, was found today hidden in a swamp between here and the city. It is thought that he is insane.

NO DELAY ON TREATY

The Amended Hay-Pauncefote Convention Is Sent to the State Department.

TO BE HUSTLED OFF

Will Be Forwarded to Great Britain Within a Few Days.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The Hay-Pauncefote canal treaty, with the senate amendments, were received at the state department shortly after noon today. It was transmitted from the senate through the White House. With the treaty, was a simple statement signed, not by the president pro tem of the senate, but by Mr. Bennet, the secretary, reciting the action taken by the senate on the convention.

The state department will forward the amendments, in the usual course, to the British government, and they will be on their way to London by the steamer which leaves New York next Tuesday. This action is rather more rapid than is usual in treaty making. Once it is taken, there will be nothing more for the state department to do until the British government has passed upon the amendments, provided an unconscionable period of time is not so occupied.

IN THE RING.

Meiklejohn Goes to Nebraska to Jump Into the Senatorial Race.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Hon. George D. Meiklejohn, assistant secretary of war, left Washington today for Lincoln, Neb. He has been granted leave of absence for thirty days and wil at once begin a formal canvass for the Nebraska senatorship, made vacant by the retirement of Senator Thurston.

A ROUGH TIME.

British Steamer Loses Propeller In a Terrific Gale.

Queenstown, Dec. 22.—The British Steamer Haddon Hall was towed into the harbor today with its propeller gone, by the British steamer Springfield (Springwell.) The Haddon Hall sailed from Swansea for Baltimore, Nov. 28, and had been in tow of the Springfield, which was bound from Galveston for Bremen, since Dec. 15.

The Hadden Hall broke its shaft Dec. 7, in latitude 49 north, and longitude 38 west, during terrific weather. It was helplessly tossed for two days. The Springfield appeared Dec. 10, but the fury of the gale precluded towing connection. Both steamers drifted before the gale eastward for three days. When the weather moderated, the Springfield sent a life boat and attached hawsers. There were frequent partings, but the 800 miles towage was finally accomplished.

GIRL BETRAYED HIM.

Alleged Absconder From Wisconsin Captured In the South.

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 22.—George B. Zimmerman, of Monroe, Wis., who is said to have absconded with $8000 while administrator of the estate of his mother-in-law, was captured in Catawessa, Pa., yesterday. Zimmerman spent a month here and became desperately in love with a young woman, to whom he told the story of his alleged theft. He pleaded with her to marry him, but she refused. A week ago he suddenly disappeared and the young woman, deeming it to be her duty, reported to Chief Tyree the story told her by Zimmerman. Tyree went in pursuit and captured his man. Zimmerman had almost $5000 of the money when captured.

WIPES OUT COMMISSION.

Rivers and Harbors Bill Abolishes Missouri River Board.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The river and harbor bill, as it will be reported from the house committee soon after the convening of congress on Jan. 3, will carry a provision abolishing the Missouri river commission. The provision already has been agreed upon and only awaits the formulation of the bill to find a place in it.

The decision to continue the commission is said to have been unanimous on the part of the committee, and it is the result of statements made to the committee by members of the house whose districts touch the Missouri on either side. They generally expressed the opinion that the navigation of the stream is so limited as to render the commission useless. The general opinion was that as the improvement of the river consists almost entirely of the protection of the banks, this work could be done as well if left directly to the secretary of war as if again placed in the hands of the commission, and the committee accepted the view.

The commissoin was created in 1884 and at present consists of Lieut. Col. Amost Stickney, of the engineer corps, president; Maj. Thomas H. Hanbury, of the engineer corps; Maj. W. L. Marshall, of the engineer corps; Charles C. Broadhead and C. L. Chaffee.

AMERICAN BEATEN.

London, Dec. 22.—In a 36-hole golf match on the Romford links today, James Braid beat Bernard Nichols, of Boston, Mass., by nine up and seven to play.

The contest was spoiled by a prevailing fog, and Nichols, who was strange to the course, did not show to advantage. He was seven down on the first round and the home man captured the first round with the score of 77.

A MERRY YULE TIDE

The Festival Will Be Elaborately Celebrated at English Country Houses.

THE MAYBRICK CASE

Small Hope For Pardon While Lord Halsbury Is High Chancellor.

London, Dec. 22.—There will be a merry Christmas in England; in consequence, London is one of the dullest spots in the kingdom. The fashionable world has recently deserted the metropolis and sought refuge in the country places. There will be such a round of house parties as has been unknown for several years. They will be accompanied by the revival of the queer old custom which, a century ago, made the season for unrestrained merry-making between rich and poor alike.

It would seem that those who are unable to celebrate realize the necessity of distracting public attention from the events in South Africa. At Osborne, the queen will be surrounded by the duke and duches of York, the princess of Battenburg and several of her grandchildren. At Sandringham the prince of Wales will entertain the duke and duchess of Fife and their children at royal Christmas trees. Welbeck abbey, Blenheim place, Hatfield house and all the stately homes of England's aristocracy are filling up with scores of guests prepared to make the most of Yuletide.

Balls, amateur theatricals and entertainments without end have been arranged, conspicuous among which is a customary dance among the servants. At the duke and duchess of Devonshire's, earl and countess Spencer, the marquis and marchioness of Londonderry's and other places of the kingdom, Christmas eve will be marked with the strange spectacle of butlers dancing with duchesses, footmen with countesses and grooms with the daughters of belted earls, while lady's maids, chambermaids and cooks will hang on to the arms of cabinet ministers and other male heads of illustrious lines. The ancient practice of landowners enjoying the servants' quadrille had almost lapsed, except in the case of a few families. This is, perhaps, not a little due to the necessity for pampering the British servant. The Onlooker says the householders now have to study the comforts of their domestics as much as their own, and quotes one country house where a set of rooms have been allotted to them for recreation, comprising a ballroom, library and billiard room, in which a marker is kept for the servants' sole use. In striking contrast to this is the treatment accorded Bernard Nichols, the American golfer, who defeated the English crack, Peter Peyton, on Thursday. Nichols, who is of English birth, returning here after having passed many years in America. The Totting Bee Golf club compelled him to lunch in the workshop, though the club members were glad to face the December storm to witness his play. Nichols said:

"Had I never been in America and witnessed the lavish kindness bestowed on Vardon and other English cracks, I might not have resented this treatment, but you may be sure I will not remain in England long, and if it were not for meeting Braid on Sunday, who is a personal friend, I would not play on another English link. You may depend on it, Vardon will not remain here long for I know he will be unable to stand this sort of thing after the kindness he has received in the United States. The curious thing about it all is that Americans will soon outstrip England, not only in golf playing, but in the manufacture of golf equipment, for they are getting the best talent in England, which, under better auspices, is sure to outstrip the home talent."

Once again, Mrs. Florence Baybrick spends an unhappy Christmas in her prison cell. In spite of the various reports, her chances of liberty are not better than last year. Secretary Hay has forwarded to Mr. Choate several private letters which will shortly be presented to the new home secretary, Mr. Ritchie, in according with the custom of aproaching each new chance which offers. The representatives of the Associated Press learns that there is no possible chance of anything being done while Lord Halsbury is lord high chancellor. Were the cabinet to discuss the matter, as it did once before, it could only refer it to the crown's chief adviser, Lord Halsbury, who, apparently, made the Maybrick case the basis of a feud with the late lord chief justice, Baron Russell, of Kiloween, and cherishes it just as bitterly now as before Lord Russell's death. When a new chancellor is appointed, Mrs. Maybrick will have a good chance for freedom.

The duchess of Bedford, tells the Associated Press that she only sees the celebrated prisoner in the course of her regular visits to Aylesbury prison, not especially in the interest of her case and does not have an opportunity to form any opinion of her innocence or guilt.

Another American woman is soon to be elevated to the British peerage as Lord Salisbury intends to recognize the Right Hon. Arthur Hughitt Smith-Barry's service to his party by putting him in the house of lords. Mr. Smith-Barry married the widow of Arthur Post, whose sister, Mrs. Adair, is also well known in London society.

Others mentioned for a peerage include Henry Cosmo Irme Bonsor, chairman of the Southeastern railway, and James Lowther, M. P. Lord Salisbury has already created ninety peers. If the present rate is kept up, the upper house will soon be in numerical superiority over the commons.

W. Hobbs, head of the recently formed Canadian furniture combine in London, has decided that the Canadians have no need of the assistance or co-operation of English financiers which was originally projected. A significant fact showing Canada's progress is that sufficient funds are easily obtainable there, while the new law coming into force Jan. 1 in the United Kingdom enforces an almost prohibitory taxation on new corporations.

About forty pantomines will be produced in and around London during the holidays—"Cinderella" being the most popular production, no fewer than nine versions being presented.

Nearly all the theaters are already doing a crowded holiday business. Phylis Rankin had a most cordial welsome on her return to the English stage, when she appeared in "Floorodorra" at the Lyric theater yesterday, but she was manifestly nervous and did not make much in the part of Lady Holyrood.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

"A Four-page Calendar" for the year 1901, combined with illustrations of the progress of the century, free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.
GRAND UNION TEA CO.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

CHECKED SOUTH.

When the first keen winds of winter begin to be felt in the North, many an invalid is hurried away by anxious friends to the kindlier climate of the South. The cause is apparent as you look at the hollow cheeks and listen to the rasping cough of the traveler.

Persons suffering with weak lungs, obstinate cough and severe hemorrhage even, have found the change of climate made unnecessary by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens weak lungs, cures obstinate coughs, and builds up the body with sound, healthy flesh. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine nor other narcotic.

"I feel that I owe a debt of gratitude to a friend for recommending your medicine, as well as to you for preparing such grand remedies for chronic diseases especially, which the doctors failed to reach," writes I. B. Staples, Esq., of Barclay, Osage Co., Kans. "I desire to pass the good word along for the benefit of others who need your remedies. I am a railroad agent, and four years ago my work keeping me in a warm room and stepping out frequently into the cold air gave me bronchitis, which became chronic and deep seated. Doctors failed to reach my case and advised me to try a higher air, but, fortunately for me, a friend also advised me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken the first bottle I was better, and after taking about four bottles my cough was entirely gone. This was a year ago last winter; and again last winter I took about three bottles to prevent a return of the trouble. I have found no necessity for seeking another climate."

Free. The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth bound, sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PICKING UP CLEWS.

Scattered Threads In Cudahy Abduction Case Gathered In.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 22.—The house was located yesterday afternoon in which Eddie Cudahy was held prisoner at 303 Grover street, a point about four miles southwest of the city. Strong evidence as to the identity of the house was obtained and further corroborated by Eddie Cudahy, who appeared during the time the reporters were making observations. The house is an isolated structure commanding a full view of the surrounding country for miles about. It is a 2-story concern and has the rickety stairway and other features described by the kidnapped boy.

Miss Maud Munshaw, who lives with her parents at 3044 Grover street, first saw one of the occupants of the house about ten days ago, when he came to her home and asked if she knew whether or not the house that was vacant above the hillside was rented. She did not know. The next day he returned and told her when he met her in the yard that he had rented the house from Schneiderwind, the owner. He said that another man had rented it and paid $1 down but had not taken it.

This man Miss Munshaw describes as being a man about 45 years of age, black hair and mustache, though his hair was sprinkled with considerable gray.

Tuesday evening, just after dark, a light spring wagon drove up to the house and two or three men got out. Miss Munshaw does not know exactly, but her father thinks there were three in the party. The next incident about the place was Wednesday morning, when a pony was hitched out in front of the house but the spring wagon and the horse which had been attached to it were gone.

A number of witnesses living in the vicinity of the vacant house in the southeastern part of the city in which young Eddie Cudahy was held a prisoner by kidnappers have given full corroborative descriptions of two of the three men seen about the place several days prior to and the day after the kidnapping. Munshaw, an employe of the Cudahy Packing company, living in the next block from the house, saw two of the men a number of times. He said:

"I am positive that both worked at the Cudahy plant some time ago. I believe I can lay my hand on one of them in a very short time."

One thing is puzzling the police at this time, and that is how they can punish the kidnappers should they be captured, there being no law to cover the case. So far as can be ascertained by the police in the examination of the law the only charge which can be successfully brought against the perpetrators of this outrage is that of false imprisonment, which is not a crime but merely a misdemeanor subject to a fine and jail sentence only.

LEE DROPS A HINT.

The General Makes a Significant Remark Regarding Cuba.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee made a speech on "Cuba" before the members of the Merchants' Exchange here yesterday, which caused much astonishment and is creating a great deal of speculation as to the deep significance which an unguarded remark may have in relation to the future of Cuba.

Gen. Lee, with his staff and party, arrived here today and were received by the prominent men of the city on the floor of the exchange. When he responded to the address of welcome, he touched upon Cuba, reviewing the war, the destruction of the Spanish fleet, the conquest and surrender of the island, and, finally, the evacuation of the Spanish troops. Then came the utterance which caused so much astonishment. He said:

"And now the Stars and Stripes float over Matanzas, over El Caney, over Morro, over Havana, and I'll tell you, on the quiet, that the flag is going to stay there."

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Fifty thousand dollars in gold is to be distributed by the American Express company among its employes as Christmas remembrances. Every man who has been in the employ of the company for a year will receive a $5 gold piece on Christmas eve. It is estimated that there are over 10,000 employes in the United States, Canada and Europe who will be remembered in this way.

Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee, has announced the appointment of Gen. Francis Vinton Greene, of New York, to be chief marshal of the inaugural parade, March 4 next. Gen. Greene is a soldier of wide reputation and has long been prominent in the Republican ranks.

MADE A HAUL.

Dalton City, Ill., Dec. 22.—Between $3000 and $4000 was secured by a gang who dynamited the vault of the Dalton City bank early today. Although a posse was quickly formed no trace of the robbers has yet been secured.

OLD MARSHAL DEAD.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—Count Blumenthal, the oldest field marshal in the German army, died last evening on his estate at Queelendorf, duchy of Anhalt.

HE TALKS FOR KRUGER

Stead Gives Out a Statement of the Boer Leader's Views.

HE STILL HAS HOPE

Of Securing Aid of Civilized Nations to Bring About Arbitration.

London, Dec. 22.—William T. Stead has just returned from The Hague, where he has had a long conference with Mr. Kruger and has ascertained at first hand the views of Mr. Kruger and his counsellors as to the present situation and future prospects. Mr. Stead has written the following for the Associated Press:

"First of all, nothing is decided about his visit to America at present. President Kruger has not abandoned all hope of securing the support of the governments of the civilized world in his demand for arbitration. Until the last government refuses absolutely to say a word in support of the principles which they solemnly laid down at The Hague conference, Mr. Kruger will not participate in popular demonstrations. It is recognized that, if he cared to do so, he could shake the continent. The popular enthusiasm for him is unparalleled since Garibaldi's visit to London, but, until his diplomatic mission is exhausted, an appeal to the people cannot even be taken into consideration. Mr. Kruger is emphatic in disclaiming any intention to involve any nation in war on behalf of the Boers. What he asks is that the governments who, at The Hague, declared their determination to use their efforts to secure amicable settlement of disputes by means of mediation and arbitration should make a united effort to bring the verdict of the civilized world to bear on Great Britain.

"'The English,' Mr. Kruger said, 'are waging this war in South Africa like savages. They are burning homes, destroying farms, cutting trees, devastating fields and creating famine. They are unable to capture De Wet, but they are making prisoners of women and children, who are not treated with orderly decency. Hundreds of women have been confined in a prison kraal, near Port Elizabeth, with only one chair, and several of them are expecting to become mothers.

"Mr. Kruger avers that the provisions of The Hague convention and the laws and usages of war are trampled under foot, and he wants to know whether the signatories of this convention have anything to say on the subject.

"The man on horseback at this moment is not Mr. Kruger, but Steyn. Delary and De Wet are masters of the situation, having a better disciplined and more effective force than that which followed the vierkler (flag) at the outset of the war. They have plenty of ammunition and replenish their stores continually from the British convoys. They have taken enough Lee-Metford rifles to arm all the burghers now in the field. I cannot put their position better than in the woods of one of Mr. Kruger's counsellors:

"'England is our accuser. England is the sole witness against us. England is the judge. England is the executioner, and England hopes to profit by our death. We appealed for arbitration before the war. We are fighting for arbitration today. We have the right to expect the sympathies of the civilized world.'"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

UNIQUE OPERATIONS.

Methods By Which Miss Rockefeller's Deafness Was Overcome.

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the World from Vienna says: The first details of the treatment of Miss Alta Rockefeller, daughter of John D. Rockefeller, the American multi-millionaire, for deafness by Dr. Mueller, have been made public. In a lecture before the Society of Physicians, Dr. Mueller said:

"When Miss Rockefeller's case was brought to my attention, it was so grave that all known methods had been tried unavailingly. I was forced to invent new methods, which have fortunately succeeded. These were two in number.

"The first was to introduce a small gold plate into the ear, fashioned into the required shape. This was placed before the ear drum and the chain of small bones which transmit the vibrations to the internal ear. This improved the patient's hearing so much that she could hear the ticking of a watch, something she had not heard for years.

"The second new method was to replace the destroyed portions of the tympanum, or ear drum, by myringoplastic means. Here, again, I inserted small gold plates. This was tried only after every known method had been used in vain.

"Two months ago, the patient came to Vienna for the continuation of her treatment, which I have now carried to an unexpected point of success."

MINING EXPOSITION.

Spokane Launches a Scheme For a Big Show.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 22.—At a meeting, presided over by Mayor J. M. Comstock last night and attended by thirty business and mining men, it was decided to hold an exposition in Spokane, from June to November, 1902, of the mineral wealth of Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and British Columbia. Congress will be asked for an appropriation of $250,000, and each state and district represented will also contribute. The name adopted was the Northwest International mining exposition.

CABLE FLASHES.

A London dispatch says Ben Jordan, the English featherweight, has accepted the offer of the National Sporting club of London, and has signed articles to fight Terry McGovern. The articles call for a 20-round bout at 122 pounds. If McGovern consents to meet Jordan, the fight will take place on June 3.

Vere Foster, who has been engaged for the last fifty years in assisting the emigration of nearly 25,000 young women from the congested districts of the west of Ireland and in the building or furnishing of over 2200 national schools in every part of Ireland, died in Belfast yesterday. He was born at Copenhagen in 1819 and was formerly in the British diplomatic service in South America.

Man and Wife in Distress. —Rev. Dr. Bochror, of Buffalo, says:—"My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." Sold by Max Wirth.—10.

IRON ORE RATES.

Action Taken By the State Railroad Commission.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—The railroad and warehouse commission yesterday reached final conclusions as to the ore rate cases against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, the Duluth & Iron Range and the Eastern Railway of Minnesota.

The roads were not represented by counsel or otherwise. The commission received and placed on file a communication from Attorneys Murray and Cotton for the Missabe road, in which they set forth that they were still engaged in preparing their evidence, and making another formal request for further opportunity to be heard.

Gen. Becker, the minority of the commission, filed a minority report protesting against the high-handed and ill-advised action of the majority.

The commission went into executive session to consider its final act. An order was made dismissing the proceedings as against the Eastern Railway of Minnesota. This action has caused no little surprise, as the cases were all supposed to be parallel. On going into executive session the commission excluded Mr. Farrington, stenographer for the Duluth raod, who made a formal request to be allowed to remain to make a report of the proceedings. As the commission retired, Gen. Becker asked Commissioner Knox if he had agreed on a rate. Mr. Knox replied, not that he knew of.

"Are you ready to come to a decision?" asked Gen. Becker. "As far as I am concerned," replied Mr. Knox, whereupon outsiders were excluded.

The commission announced that an order has been practically agreed upon, but that it would not be given out for publication until after it had been served upon the defendant railroad companies. The order undoubtedly orders a reduction, probably from 80 cents a ton, the present rate, to 60 cents.

The reason the case was dismissed as against the Eastern company was due to the fact that the traffic of this company is interstate and beyond the jurisdiction of the commission.

THE DAKOTAS.

Lindelie Testifies—Grafton Postoffice Fight—North Dakota Congress Formed.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—At the Lindelie trial the defendant testified that the money left by O'Leary was put away and kept for the latter.

When questioned regarding the letter signed "Jack," Lindelie testified that he had written it as a result of the agreement made with O'Leary at Larimore when the former promised to quit the liquor business. He said he did not consider it necessary O'Leary should be prosecuted as long as he had quit, and that it was the object of the league to stop the sale of liquor, and not to fill the jails of the state and make expenses for the counties.

Asked as to whether he had ever received a sum of money from George Downs, of Devil's Lake, the defendant said he had not, that he did not know Downs, had never had any correspondence with him on any subject, nor transacted any business with him of any nature. When asked as to receiving money from O. Oleson and Ben Franklin, of Grafton, he said that despite all his protests, the latter had left $25 on Lindelie's desk. This money had been used to prosecute league work, and the $10 he had later returned to Franklin he paid out of his own pocket. Asked as to whether or not he had ever received $35 from Way, of Devil's Lake, he said he had not. He admitted that he had had some correspondence with Way, but that it had been in connection with some other business.

The plaintiff also denied that he had ever received directly, or indirectly, $250 from Druggist O'Keefe, of Cavalier. He admitted that Pat Doyle, of Inkster, had called at his house and left $25 there, but that he had given the money back to Doyle a short time afterwards when the latter called for it. He also stated that Pat Phalen, of Larimore, called at his house the same summer and left $25 on the table, stating that he (Phalen) was running a blind pig. The witness called Phalen back as he was leaving the room and wrote a receipt for the money, which Phalen accepted. The receipt was signed "Andrew Lindelie, secretary." The defendant denied having received any money from M. J. Malloy.

Witness denied that he had received $200 from Oscar Romanson, a druggist of Willow City, for protection in selling liquor, nor had he received the money from any other person. Lindelie admitted he had received a registered letter from a man in Langdon containing $150. He said he at first put this money in his desk and afterwards used it for the benefit of the league, applying it on his salary account. The identity of the sender did not come out.

Bismarck—It comes from Washington by good authority that the Grafton postoffice contest, which has interested Republicans for some time and kept a Democratic incumbent in office beyond his time, is soon to be settled, and the same report says that R. Wegeant, an old timer in Walsh county, who has the indorsement of a large number of Republicans and of Congressman Spalding, is to get the place.

Fargo—For some years there have been efforts on the part of different beneficiary organizations of the state to organize an auxiliary to the national fraternal congress. As a result of a call a meeting was held in Fargo and a temporary organization effected. The officers selected were: President, H. E. Payne, of Fargo; vice president, Mrs. Thompson, of Jamestown; secretary, E. J. Moore, of Fargo; treasurer, Mrs. Anna McNeely, of Fargo. A constitution was adopted and another meeting will be held soon, at which permanent officers will be elected. Nearly all of the beneficiary organizations of the state were represented.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Dr. J. E. Todd, state geologist and instructor of geology and mineralogy at the state university at Vermillion, sounds a warning to the farmers on the artesian well question. There has been a great deal of discussion as to the supply of the artesian basin, it being contended by some that it was merely a question of time when the great basin would be exhausted. He urges economy and legislation.

TRIBUTE TO AMERICANS.

London, Dec. 22.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times in a long dispatch gives the views of Japan upon Western military methods and conduct of troops in Pekin and makes grave charges of murder, robbery, outraging and arson. "The Japanese," he says, "declare the American soldiers free from all these excesses. The Germans come first, the British second, the latter being charged only with petty pilfering and generally acquitted of murder, arson and outrage. The French are declared to be given to loot and pillage, but not to murder. Of the Russians the Japanese speak with horror and combining ferocity with lust and love of plunder."

MURDER CONFESSED.

Los Angeles, Dec. 22.—Edward V. Higgins, who resides in Cold Water canyon, has confessed that on Dec. 4 he murdered his mother and William Sheehan, a sheepherder, with an ax. A body has been found in a grave on the hillside, where Higgins says he buried his victims.

CHINESE LET OUT.

San Francisco, Dec. 22.—Eighty Chinese, constituting the crew of the transport Hancock, have been discharged by the government and will be returned to China on the steamer Coptic. The Hancock now has a crew of white men, all of them American citizens.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

Cures dizzy spells, tired feeling, stomach, kidney and liver troubles. Keeps you well all the year. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Peruna for coughs and colds in children.
Peruna makes strong children
Attending Chapel Services.

Sisters of Good Shepherd
RELY ON PERUNA TO FIGHT
Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Grip

Sisters of Good Shepherd

Use Pe-ru-na for La Grippe and Winter Catarrh.

IN EVERY county of the civilized world the Sisters of the Good Shepherd are known. Not only do they minister to the spiritual and intellectual needs of the charges committed to their care, but they also minister to their bodily needs.

Whenever coughs or colds, la grippe or pneumonia make their appearance among the children these Sisters are not disconcerted, but know exactly the remedies to apply.

With so many children to take care of and to protect from climate and disease these wise and prudent Sisters have found Peruna a never failing safeguard.

Columbus, O., July 10th, 1900.
The Peruna Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—"A number of years ago our attention was called to Dr. Hartman's Peruna, and since then we have used it with wonderful results for grip, coughs, colds and catarrhal diseases of the head and stomach.

"For grip and winter catarrh especially it has been of great service to the inmates of this institution."—Sisters of the Good Shepherd.

There is no other disease so many-sided in its ill effects, so insidious in its approach, so tenacious in its hold upon the system, as la grippe. Once there, it stays until it is cured. La grippe is one of the ills that time will not cure.

The after-effects of la grippe do not locate in any particular organ. It amounts to a general irregularity of the mucous membranes of the whole body—a flabbiness and paleness of mucous membranes. Sometimes there is an over-amount of thin, watery mucous secreted, and at other times there is a dryness of the mucous surfaces.

There is no remedy in the world that meets the conditions produced by la grippe better than the remedy Peruna. Peruna strengthens as it renovates, soothes while it stimulates, heals as it expurgates.

Peruna is not a purgative, or cathartic, or sedative, or stimulant, nor a vegetable or mineral poison. It reaches the source of all diseases of the mucous membranes by its action on the vaco-motor system of nerves.

The following are samples of the letters received by Dr. Hartman concerning the cures Peruna is making:

Hon. F. Simmons, United States Marshal, Mobile, Alabama, speaks in high praise of the merits of Peruna. He says: "After having used Peruna for a short time, I find that it is the most excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh ever prepared. I can heartily recommend it to any one."—F. Simmons.

Hon. F. Simmons.

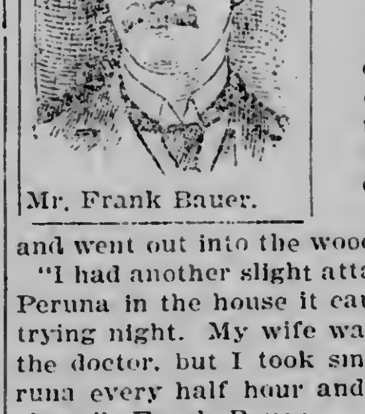
Mr. Frank Bauer, of Minneisko, Minnesota, in a recent letter, says:

"I cannot say anything else but good of your medicines. For seven winters I had suffered with la grippe, and by each attack was confined to the bed. In the winter of 1898, I was attacked with la grippe. I had a terrible cough. I asked my wife to get me a bottle of Peruna, but as the druggist did not have it she got me something else that was highly recommended for la grippe, costing the same as Peruna. I took that, but was not able to leave the bed.

"I told my wife that if I did not get Peruna soon that I would surely be a grippe victim, as my lungs felt as if knives were sticking in them.

"My wife went to town and got me a bottle of Peruna, and I took it four days according to directions on the bottle. The fifth day I took an ax on my shoulder and went out into the woods to chop wood.

"I had another slight attack, but as I had Peruna in the house it caused me but one trying night. My wife wanted to send for the doctor, but I took small doses of Peruna every half hour and improved right along."—Frank Bauer.



Mr. Frank Bauer.

Henry Diston, the inventor and maker of all the band instruments for the Henry Diston Manufacturing Co., at Williamsport, Pa., is probably the most active old man in Philadelphia today. He and his wife recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, at their home, on South Ninth street. Mr. Diston comes from one of the most famous musical families of the old world, his father and grandfather before him, as well as himself, having played at almost all the royal courts of England and the continent.

Mr. Distin writes concerning Peruna, the world-famous catarrh cure, as follows:

1441 South Ninth Street,
Philadelphia, Pa., May 6, 1899.

Dr. S. B. Hartman:

Dear Sir:—"I write to inform you that I had a bad attack of la grippe last December which lasted more than three months, and which left me with catarrh, and several of my friends advised me to try your wonderful medicine, Peruna. I began with a bottle the first week in March, and it certainly did me a great deal of good. I was so well satisfied that I purchased another bottle and followed your directions, which you furnish with every bottle, and I am glad to say that it has cured me. I shall certainly recommend the Peruna to all my friends."—Henry Distin.

Mrs. Jane Gift, of Hebbardsville, Ohio, writes the following: "I think I would have been dead long ago if it had not been for Peruna. Six years ago I had la grippe very bad. The doctor came to see me every day, but I gradually grew worse. I told my husband I thought I would surely die if I did not get relief soon.

"One day I picked up the newspaper and accidentally found a testimonial of a woman who had been cured from la grippe by Peruna. I told my husband I wanted to try it. He went directly to the drug store and got a bottle of Peruna. I could see the improvement in a very short time and was soon able to do my work. I continued using it until I was entirely cured.

"I have induced a great many to try the medicine and all have the same result. I have used it in my family for my husband and children for colds and la grippe. I would not be without it in the house. I really think it has added years to my life, and I feel I have no one to thank but God and Dr. Hartman. If other sufferers are induced to try this wonderful medicine they will join me in singing its praises."—Mrs. Jane Gift.

Mrs. Theophile Schmitt, wife of the ex-Secretary of the German consulate, writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman in regard to Peruna:

3417 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"I suffered this winter with a severe attack of la grippe, and having repeatedly heard of the value of Peruna in such cases, I thought I would try it. I used it faithfully, and began to feel a change for the better, the second day, and in the course of a week I was very much improved. After using three bottles I not only found the la grippe had disappeared, but my general health was much better. I am satisfied that Peruna is a wonderful family remedy, and gladly endorse it."—Mrs. Theophile Schmitt.

Address the Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, for a book treating on catarrh.

Mrs.Theo. Schmitt.

SENATORIAL MIX-UP.

Buckman and Ferris Deny Being Pledged to Clapp.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—The developments in the senatorial mix-up include declarations by Senator Buckman and Representative Ferris, denying having pledged themselves to Gen. Clapp and the announcement by Representative Jay W. Phillips, of Hennepin, that, although he is not for Evans, he will vote for him if it comes to a question of voting for a Minneapolis man or for one from another city, and he intimated at the same time that he did not expect that the alternative would be presented to him.

THE STRIKE IS OFF.

President of Santa Fe Telegraphers Declares It Ended.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 22.—President Dolphin, of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, has declared the strike of the operators on the Santa Fe off. All the striking operators received orders last night from President Dolphin, that the strike would continue no longer.

General Manager Mudge would not express an opinion as to whether the men would be employed or not. He said, however, that the Order of Railway Telegraphers would not be recognized under the present management.

"Let the oerators get new officers," he said, "and then we will talk to them."

CHING TO PEKIN.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin to the Frankfurter Zeitung, dated yesterday, says: Prince Ching asserts that Emperor Kwang Su, unaccompanied by the empress dowager, left Sian Fu Dec. 19, bound for Pekin.

Why go humping around with a
LAME BACK
When you can get instant relief in a box of
JOHNSON'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSITIVELY GUARANTEED
The best Kidney preparation on earth.
The Johnson Laboratories, Inc., Phila.
All druggists refund your money if it fails to cure.
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ishpeming City Marshal May Be Impeached—Calumet Boy Wounded.

Ishpeming—Ishpeming's city building as quarantined yesterday. Marshal Farm drove a smallpox patient to the Marquette pesthouse yesterday, returning in the evening without observing the precautions demanded by the health department. Many, including all of the marshal's family, have been exposed to the disease. The officer is censured strongly and an investigation by the authorities will doubtless result in his impeachment.

Calumet—Benny Martin, 14 years old, was shot at a charivari. He is now at the hospital and recovery is doubtful. Hallie Sumner, a timekeeper for the Calumet and Hecla Mining company, is under arrest.

Iron Mountain—The Chapin mine has shipped from Escanaba docks this year 925,565 tons of ore, a decrease from the preceding year of about 15,000 tons. There were actually mined and hoisted to the surface during the year the enormous total of 1,012,00 tons, which probably puts the Chapin at the head of all underground mines in the lake region, this or any other year. The record production of Norrie in 1892 was from not only that mine, but from East Norrie and Pabst also, and was in all 1,098,500 tons. Chapin has been much troubled by water during the year.

Productions of several of the important Menominee mines for the year have been as fallows: Aragon, 404,467 tons; Bristol, 51,635; Cuff, 31,328; Clifford (traders), 119,940; Commonwealth, 53,964; Loretto, 61,100; Penn group, 196,548; Hilltop, 2678.

Marquette—The 1900 productions of some of the mines of the Marquette range have been as follows: Lake Angeline, 389,128 tons; Champion, 113,743; Republic, 130,126; Princeton, 75,038; Winthrop, 148,345; Beaufort, 1582; Imperial and Webster, 86,000.

Holiday Rates to the Twin Cities.

$5.75 round trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1. Good returning to Jan. 2. Take the "Bee line" at 1:25 p. m. or 11:25 p. m. Secure tickets at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, (corner Spalding hotel) or Union depot.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A..

Albany, N Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

Do You Need Money?

We make loans to salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, upon their own names, without endorsers, payable in partial payments, monthly or weekly, according to pay-day of borrower. Write us for terms, giving name of employer, length of service, salary and amount desired. All our business is confidential.

Reference—National German American Bank.

Minnesota Mortgage Loan Co.,
316-318 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Silk Umbrellas.
One-Fourth less than regular prices.
The BEST are here.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior Street.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Wheat Started Out at a Slight Decline But Soon Advanced.

THE CABLES STEADY

World's Shipments Were of Moderate Size and the Receipts Liberal.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 22.—The wheat market started out fairly steady this morning, with prices at a slight decline, and characterized by the usual holiday dullness, which is likely to continue until the end of the year. There was a reaction from the low point soon after the opening on very light trading. The cables were firm. Liverpool closing steady and ⅛d higher, and the world's shipments were of moderate size, amounting to only 7,000,000 bus. On the other hand the Northwest receipts were liberal, showing an increase over the corresponding day last week.

The market ruled extremely dull all morning and the close was unchanged from yesterday both here and at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was stagnant on the Duluth board, business being the dullest on record. There was not a trade all morning in options until just at the close when one was made. Cash sales amounted to only 7000 bus, at 3½c under May for wheat in store and 4c under for wheat to arrive. Corn, oats, rye, and barley were unchanged. Cash flax sold up 2c to $1.66 and flax to arrive advanced 1c, to $1.63. December flax opened ½c up, at $1.64½ bid, advanced to $1.68½ asked and closed at $1.66, a net gain of 2c for the day. May flax opened unchanged at $1.63, ranged between $1.62 and $1.64 and closed at $1.63, the same as yesterday.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73c; to arrive, 73⅜c; May, 77¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71c; to arrive, 71¾c; May, 75¼c. No. 2 northern, 61⅝@66⅝c. No. 3 spring, 52⅝@59⅝c. Oats, 24¾@24½c. Rye, 47¼c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.66; to arrive, $1.63; December, $1.66; May, $1.63.

Car inspection—Wheat, 10; corn, 28; oats, 6; rye, 6; barley, 5; flax, 14. Receipts—Wheat, 53,712; corn, 21,056; oats, 4019; barley, 1622; flax, 12,279.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars	$0.71¼
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	71¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	63⅛
No 3 spring, 1 car	55
No grade, 1 car	50⅛
No grade, 1 car	48⅛
Flax, 1000 bus, May	1.63

B. E. BAKER, Broker.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions.
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
307 Board of Trade, Duluth.
318 W. Sup. St., (St. Louis Hotel), Duluth.
48 Board of Trade, West Superior, Wis.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat and Provisions Steady and Other Cereals Easier.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Wheat was dull and steady. Receipts were liberal, cables steady and the world's shipments, 7,000,000 bus, moderate. May opened, ⅛@¼c lower, at 72⅞c, touched 72¾@⅞c and then reacted to 73c. Local receipts were 115 cars, 30 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 524 cars, against 412 a week ago.

May later touched 73⅛c and closed firm, unchanged at 73@⅛c. The market ruled dull to the end.

Corn was fairly active and easier on good weather and the receipts, 631 cars, 9 of which graded contract. May opened a shade down, at 35⅞c and sold to 35¾c; January opened ¼c lower, at 36c, holding steady, and December unchanged to ¼c down, at 38¼c to 38c, dropping sharply to 37¼c.

May corn closed steady, ⅛c lower at 35¾c; January and December closed weak, the former ⅜c down at 35⅝c, and the latter 1c lower at 37¾c.

Oats were dull and a trifle easier. May opened a shade lower, at 23½@⅝c, and held at that figure. Receipts were 248 cars.

Provisions were dull and barely steady. January pork opened unchanged, at $12.20, touched $12.25, and then reacted to $12.17½@$12.20; January lard opened unchanged, at $6.28½, holding at that figure, and January ribs opened a shade lower, at $6.27½, holding steady.

Close: Wheat, December, 70⅛c; January, 70⅜@½c; February, 71c; May, 73⅛c. Corn, December, 37¾c; January, 35⅝c; February, 35⅛@¼c; May, 35¾c. Oats, December, 21⅝@¾c; January, 21½c; February, 22c; May, 23⅝c. Pork, December, $11.15; January, $12.20; May, $12.15. Lard, December, $7.20; January, $6.80; May, $6.87½. Ribs, December, $6.35; January, $6.27½; May, $6.37½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72¼@74¼c; No. 3 red, 70@74½c; No. 2 hard winter, 68¼@70½c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@70¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 71@73¼c; No. 2 northern spring, 71@73¼c; No. 3 spring, 65@72c. Corn, No. 2, 37½c; No. 3, 35. Oats, No. 2, 22¼@23; No. 3, 22½c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.60; No. 1, $1.58; December, $1.58; May, $1.57. Rye, December, 47c; January, 46½c; May, 49¼c. Barley, cash, 38@60c. Timothy, December, $4.55; January, $4.55; March, $4.65. Clover, December, $10.25.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Although natural dullness was reigning supreme, the wheat market has been steady and has shown at times moderate strength. Features of special character were missing and the local element had the field as usual to themselves. The Northwestern receipts keep up. Liverpool and Paris were slightly lower. A slight increase on passage is expected. World's shipments will be around 7,000,000. A large flour business is reported at Minneapolis and indications are according to advices from expert sources, that milling wheat of the required quality will be difficult to get from now on.

The corn market has been weak, large selling by Phillips of January and May, and by Seaverns of December found a small speculative market unprepared and unequal to taking care of the extensive offerings. The demand has come only from shorts and the outsider apparently indifferent. Shipments today, 603,000.

The oat market has done fairly well and shown independence of the action in corn. Shipping sales for the week 608,000. Shipping demand has been good, but cars are scarce.

The provision market has been very quiet, but steady, hardly any trade. Hog prices about steady; 19,000 received and 160,000 estimated for next week.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade Telephone 713.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Local Stocks, Real Estate,
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A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg.

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BANKERS,
NASSAU AND PINE STS., NEW YORK
13 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.
Government Bonds of all issues bought, sold or taken in exchange for other securities.
Quotations furnished by wire at our expense
List of current offerings of Municipal Railroad and other Investment Securities furnished upon application.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals Solicited.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 22.—Close: Wheat, cash, 72⅝c; May, 74⅛c; July, 75⅛c. On track, No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72⅝c; No. 2 northern, 68⅝@69⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 22.—Wheat, December, 77c; March, 79½c; May, 79c. Corn, December, 46½c; May, 41¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 73⅞c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅜c.
Curb, May Wheat, 74⅛c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	...70¾B	......	70¼-70⅛	....
High	......	......	70⅜-½	....
Low	......	......	70⅛	....
Close	...71B	71⅛	*70⅝-½B	**77N
May—				
Open	...75¼A	73⅞	72⅞	78⅞
High	...75¼	74⅛	73⅛	79-⅛
Low	...75A	73¾-⅞	72⅞	78¾-⅞
Close	...75¼	74⅛	73-⅛A	**79B

* January, ** 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. Jan.
Open	....23½-⅝	35⅞	$12.19
High	....23¾	35⅞	$12.22
Low	....23½-⅝	35¾	$12.10
Close	....23⅝A	35¾B	$12.20B

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 22.—Close: Wheat, quiet, ⅛d higher; February, 6s ⅛d; March, 6s ⅜d. Corn, dull, ¼@½d lower; January, 3s 9½d; March, 3s 9¾d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; nominally steady, unchanged. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; Monday, 38,000; left over 3543; steady; mixed and butchers, $4.65@$4.95; good to choice heavy, $4.75@$4.95; rough heavy, $4.60@$4.70; light, $4.65@$4.90; bulk of sales, $4.80@$4.90. Sheep—Receipts, 500; steady; unchanged. Official receipts and shipments yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 3689; hogs, 25,350; sheep, 2298. Shipments, 2125; hogs; sheep, 2062.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report good heavy drafters fairly steady and sold at the average value quoted this week. The local demand of heavier proportion, but the northern orders have decreased from last week. The heavy arrivals in connection with the prevailing dullness have effected a drop of $150 per car load lower than the average prices paid last week. Inferior and medium grades were low sellers at a decline of $10 a head. Values for today were as follows:

Drafters, extra	$130@$175
Drafters, choice	100@ 130
Drafters, common to good	80@ 100
Farm mares, choice	80@ 100
Far mares, common to good	45@ 55

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	26 @ 27
Creamery, choice, tubs	23 @ 27
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 20
Dairy, fair	16 @ 17
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	25 @ 26
Storage	22 @ 23
CHEESE.	
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	11½@ 12
Full cream Young America	14
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	14 @ 15
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	3 25
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	13 @ 15
FRUITS.	
Apples, eating	3 50 @ 4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 00
King apples	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10 @ 1 50
California lemons	3 50 @ 4 00
Mexican oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Florida oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
California navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Winter Nellis pears	2 40 @ 2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	8 00 @ 8 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18 @ 20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 25 @ 2 50
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	52 @ 55
Parsley, per doz	25 @ 30
Cauliflower, per doz	2 00 @ 2 25
Radishes, doz	75 @ 85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50 @ 1 75
Wax beans	5 25 @ 5 50
Celery	30 @ 40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10 @ 1 25
Carrots	45 @ 50
Oyster plant, per doz	45 @ 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potato	4 00
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	8 @ 10
Turkeys	9 @ 11
Ducks	9
Geese	9
MEATS.	
Mutton	6½@ 7
Lamb	7 @ 7½
Veal, Good	7
Veal, fancy	8
Beef, dressed	5 @ 7
Hogs	7
Pork loins	8
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	40
Oats, car lots, sacked	28
Hay, upland	14 00
Hay, timothy	16 00
Feed, No. 1	15 50
Cracked corn	15 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 22.—Butter receipts, 2412 packages; steady; creamery, 17@25c; June creamery, 17@23c; factory, 11½@16c. Cheese receipts, 752 packages; quiet and firm; fancy large fall made, 11¼@½c; fancy small made, 11¾@½c. Eggs receipts, 4788 packages; easier; Western regular packing at mark, 22½c; Western, loss off, 24c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Butter dull; creameries, 15@23c; dairies, 12@20c. Eggs dull; fresh, 20c. Dressed poultry fairly active; turkeys, 8½c; chickens, 6½@7c.

MICHIGAN STREET MARKET.

Business Fair But Hardly What Might Be Expected Now.

Business compared favorably in volumes with the balance of the week, that is, it was just fair in general, and not at all what might be expected for the season in poultry and other lines that are especially seasonable for the holidays. In poultry, choice unfrozen stock was in fairly good demand, while frozen stock was neglected, as is usual for the holiday trade. Unfrozen held at 8@9c for chickens, while 10c was the ruling price for turkeys, very few, if any, sales being made at above that figure.

Eggs continued easier under a demand and the mild weather, but did not get below the level of 22@23c for No. 1 storage and 25@26c for countries. Offerings continued scanty, holders showing no disposition to push their stock out.

Butter and cheese were unchanged and quiet, creamery butter at 23@25c for choice in tubs and cheese at 12½@13c for new full cream twins.

Potatoes held firm, but did not get above 52@55c.

Fruit and vegetables generally were unchanged and steady in tone.

Mrs. Paine's unique offer on page 5. Read it.

UNIQUE HOME.

Handsome Residence to Be Built By F. A. Patrick Coming Summer.

Plans for a very handsome residence, to be erected by F. A. Patrick during the coming year at the corner of Twenty-third avenue east and Superior street, are out and are in the hands of the contractors for figures. It will be one of the most unique and prettiest dwellings in Duluth, and is expected to cost in the neighborhood of $10,000.

The style of architecture is a combination of Queen Anne and Gothic. It will be two stories and a half in height, and will be of half timber, shingle and split boulder construction. The lower story will be of split boulders, and there will be large porches at the front and rear. The verandas will be arched with boulders, and the effect will be very handsome.

The interior has been uniquely designed. The house is to be on the lower side of the street, and hence will face Superior street. The entrance will open into a hall, and to the left of this, and entirely separate from all of the balance of the house, will be a reception room. This will be on the northeast corner. The west side of the lower floor will be occupied by a drawing room and library. This drawing room is of Queen Anne style and is like the large living room in some old-fashioned houses. It will be seventeen feet wide and twenty-eight feet long, and there will be a beam ceiling.

In the rear of this is the library, a cosy room, splendidly lighted. The dining room will be on the southeast corner and hence both dining room and library will overlook the lake. The kitchen will be on the West side of the house and will be located between the dining room and the front hall space, with a second stairway between them. There is one feature of this house that will appeal to everyone who has entertained. Guests can enter the hall and proceed up this secondary stairway, remove wraps and and then pass down the main stairway without having been in sight of the drawing room at all.

All of the wood work will be in birch, the floors in oak, the walls will be finished with hard plaster and the house will be heated with hot water. Tenbusch & Hill are the architects.

RUSSIAN COMMENT.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The Novosti, discussing the Nicaragua canal, says: England is evidently incapable of opposing the United States, the fact being that America is rising proportionately as England is losing prestige."

20 per cent off on watches. Harris & Esterly, jewelers, 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio building.

A GREWSOME FEAST.

Pretty girls of the Women's college sat beside a skeleton, which occupied the seat of honor at an entertainment recently held in Bennett hall of the college, says a Baltimore special to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The affair was called a "laboratory supper." Young women students from all parts of the country gathered about the board. There may be some persons who will believe they might have displayed less shocking taste, but that's another story.

On the invitations to the supper were pictured bacteria, mushrooms, amoeba and other forms of germ and plant life which the class has been studying. The floral decorations of the table represented the circulation of the blood, red carnations indicating pure, and violets impure blood. The candelabra were chemical flasks holding pink candles. Chemical beakers were used for serving water. Glass stirring rods took the place of spoons. Cream for the coffee was served from a piece of apparatus composed of bulbs and tubes.

Menu cards were made attractive by biological specimens painted in water color.

Ice cream was served in the form of cats and dogs, which do duty as specimens in scientific work. Confectionery came under the head of carbonhydrates.

Get a fine canary singer for a Christmas gift at 109 East Superior street.

Christmas Without Wines
And other liquors to furnish good cheer is a farce. Best Bottled Goods in the Market at the
Manhattan Wine House
15 West Superior Street.
Particular attention is paid to family trade. Delivery to any part of the city. Get your orders in today. Phone 661.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Excited Trading at Opening and Violent Advances Through the List.

BUYING WAS STRONG

The Closing Was Very Animated at Widely Varying Net Gains.

New York, Dec. 22.—Everybody connected with the stock exchange came down to Wall street today with holiday expressions on their faces. All the preparations were very complete to make the annual celebration on the floor of the exchange, after the two hours' trading had been disposed of, something to eclipse all former records. An enormous Christmas tree had been provided and several thousand dollars had been subscribed among the members of the exchange to provide a present for everyone connected with the institution. Galleries were closed to the public, having been reserved for the use of the friends of the board, who were admitted only by a ticket.

Such preparations for a holiday celebration are expected to interfere with the general progress of business, but that was not the case today. The volume of orders to buy stocks has not been larger on any day during the recent excited bull market. An idea of the urgent demand for stocks is afforded by the simultaneous sales recorded at the opening in some of the most important stocks. The opening sale in Northern Pacific was in one block of 16,000 shares at a gain of a point over last night. In other stocks, the quotations opened wide, sales being made at a variation of a large fraction. In Brooklyn Transit, 7200 shares were recorded in the first sales; in St. Paul and Southern Railway, 4000 shares each, and in Sugar, 2500 shares. Such an urgent buying competition forced some violent advances, Sugar rising 4⅛; General Electric, 4, Brooklyn Transit, 3¾; St. Paul, nearly 3 points, and Tennesse Coal, Minneapolis & St. Louis and People's Gas, from 2 to 2⅝.

While the buying in these stocks was rather congested, the market was very broad and the demand seemed without and discrimination. But the business caution was not altogether lost sight of and men on the floor began to sell stocks to take advantage of the extreme advances. This made an impression on prices before the end of the first hour and there were reactions, running from 1 to 2 points in many active stocks, and extending to 3 points in General Electric. But new stocks constantly came into the advance and there was no sign of a development of what is usually called a holiday market. Brokers continued extremely busy and had all they could do to execute the belated orders, which were delayed in raching them in the excitement of the opening.

The confusion and disorder about the exchange increased as the hour approached for the festivities and there was difficulty in restraining the exuberant brokers from anticipating the stroke of 12 and keeping within the rules of conduct enforced during the hours of business on the floor of the exchange.

New York, Dec. 22.—The market opened with excited trading and violent advances all through the list. The opening transactions in Northern Pacific were of 16,000 shares at an extreme advance of a point. In Brooklyn Transit 7200 shares were traded in, lifting the stock 3. Four thousand shares of St. Paul, the same amount of Southern and twenty-five Sugar were recorded as the first transactions. The extreme rise in St. Paul was 2⅝, in Sugar 2⅛, and in Denver & Rio Grande, Atchison and Missouri Pacific 1⅛ to 1¼. There was some heaviness among the steel stocks, but otherwise the whole market was very buoyant in tone.

The demand for the special stocks seemed insatiable. Sugar touched 139¼, St. Paul 137 and Brooklyn Transit 84. Scattered all through the list were gains of from 1 to 1½, Tennessee Coal rose 2⅛ and geenral electric 4 points. Profit-taking forced declines of a point or more in a half dozen of the leading stocks. Towards 11 o'clock People's Gas again was run up to 102½ and some other stocks were lifted strongly, but without material effect on the general market.

The market had fallen into a rather quiet state at the reaction from the top, but there was another outburst of buying on the bank statement. Sugar was rushed up to 141, and St. Paul recovered to the top. The steel stocks came into the movement at advances of from 1 to 1⅞, and Texas & Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania and St. Louis, Southwestern preferred rose from 1 to 1½.

In the final realizing movement there were reactions extending to between 1 and 1½, and a few railway stocks, notably the Eries and Southern Pacific, got back to last night's level or below. A few stocks rallied and the closing was exceedingly animated but very irregular and at widely varying net gains.

Stock—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	137	141	136	140¾
Am. Steel, com	44	44⅞	43¾	44⅝
Am. Tobacco	112¼	112½	111½	112
Atchison, com	46¼	46½	45¾	46⅜
Atchison, pfd	88½	88⅝	87¾	87¾
Brooklyn Transit	82	84⅜	81¼	83¾
C., M. & St. P.	136	137	135	136¾
C., B. & Q.	141½	142⅛	141⅜	141⅜
Federal Steel, com	53½	55½	53½	55⅜
Federal Steel, pfd	78¾	79½	78¾	79½
B. & O.	81	81¾	81	81¾
L. & N.	87	87⅝	86⅞	87⅛
Manhattan	113½	114	112¾	113¼
Missouri Pacific	69¼	70	69	69½
Nor. Pacific, com	84½	84½	83½	83⅞
Nor. Pacific, pfd	89¾	89¾	88⅝	89
People's Gas	100¼	102½	100¼	102
Rock Island	119½	119⅝	119¼	119⅝
Southern Pacific	45	45⅜	44¾	45
Tenn. & C. I.	63½	64⅝	63½	64⅝
Union Pacific, pfd	83¼	83⅜	83⅛	83⅛
Union Pacific, com	77¼	77¾	77	77½
Western Union	83½	83¾	83½	83½

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Loans in Good Demand and Discounts Steady.

London, Dec. 22.—Loans were in good demand today and the supply was gradually lessening and discounts were steady. The exchequer invites tenders for 2,500,000 treasury bills, Dec. 28, to replace the 1,500,000 falling due Dec. 30, and the 1,000,000 due Jan. 6, three-fifths to run a year and two-fifths six months.

The stock exchange was chiefly busied with closing up engagements. A holiday atmosphere was over everything. The attendance was poor, even for a Saturday. Consuls were unsteady, in view of the monetary outlook. Americans were the only section semblancing activity. They opened buoyant, were afterward irregular, on instances of profit taking recovered and closed good. The feature was the strength of Northern Pacific. Kaffirs were slightly harder on a more hopeful view of the situation in South Africa.

The dread of an advance in the bank rate almost stopped the discount business during the first half of the week, but Thursday brought relief, whereupon the market dropped into the conditional attitude and operated mostly at the official minimum. The cheapness of short credits prevents the bank directors from establishing a 5 per cent rate successfully. Great expense would be involved in absorbing the surplus balance in the open market. Otherwise, the bank was left outside the range of current business. It would provoke competition in depressing open market discounts instead of obliging them to be maintained. The government's continued recruiting of the market with the product of the war disbursements keeps the bank and open market disarmed against other markets needing to withdraw bullion. The reduction of 2,000,000 government securities by the bank is attributed to the treasury handing in 2,000,000 of the proceeds of treasury bills for the repayment of its heavy indebtedness.

The large reduction in the reserve is due to the expansion of home circulation usual at this season. Thus it is not surprising there was no change in the bank rate, though, owing to other circumstances, it is naturally expected to be forced up.

"The truth of the matter is," says the Investors Review, "that much diseased credit exists, partly of the government creation and partly the result of many years of dishonest financial operations. There is little hope of real improvement in the conditions attending money dealing until the unreal or dishonestly originated credits distressing the bill brokers are swept off. Plainly they want burning up, the Argentine or Brazilian manner to deal with the waste paper money called banking credits, not based on substantial realizable assets."

Though the exchanges were slightly firmer, gold flows out in small parcels with the approach of the settlement and the holidays. Business on the stock exchange was more restricted than ever. Outside of the Americans, West Australian and West African markets, little transpired and the house adjourned for the Christmas recess very doleful.

Nearly everything has been going wrong recently. The outlook is so ominous that dealers are beginning to display great anxiety. Consols started the week firmly, but soon yielded to the depressing influences, the unfavorable bank returns intensifying this state of affairs. Indian sterling issues weakened on the threatened monetary stringency. Southeastern preferred benefited on the announcement of the queen's visit to the continent, the expectation being that it will stimulate continental traffic.

According to the Statistician, it is likely there will be a considerable outflow of gold to India. Already some £260,000 has been acquired in London for shipment there. A further considerable sum is expected to be taken next week and larger amounts during the first two or three weeks of January. This outflow will somewhat neutralize the effect of the inflow from the interior early in January. Silver has been freely offered at a lowering price, at which India is again buying. Consequently the price has grown firmer. There are indications that India will be compelled to buy a large quantity next month, probably sufficient to coin nearly four crores of rupees.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Dec. 22.—Consols for money, 96 15-16; for the account, 97 11-16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 22.—Close: Money on call steady, at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5½ per cent; sterling exchange nominal, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84¾ for demand, and at $4.80½@⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.81½ and $4.85½; commercial bills, $4.79¾@4.80¼; silver certificates, 64@65c; bar silver, 63⅞c; Mexican dollars, 50c. State bonds, inactive; railroad bonds firm. Government bonds, weak; refunding 2s, registered, $1.05; coupon, $1.05½; 3s, registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.10; new 4s, registered, $1.38; coupon, $1.38; old 4s, registered, $1.15; coupon, $1.16; 5s, registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13½.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Dec. 22.—The weekly statement of averages of the associated banks shows:

Loans, $787,098,700; decrease, $5,661,300.
Deposits, $838,804,000; decrease, $3,863,700.
Circulation, $30,092,000; increase, $178,500.
Legal tenders, $60,157,100; increase, $820,000.
Specie, $159,041,000; increase, $1,385,700.
Total reserve, $219,198,100; increase, $2,205,500.
Reserve requirements, $209,701,100; decrease, $965,925.
Surplus reserve, $9,497,000; increase, $3,171,625.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 22.—Cotton opened unchanged to 5 points higher and, though quiet, much of the time continued to forge slowly upwards after the call on persistent covering by room and foreign shorts, made difficult by meager offers. The feature of the forenoon fluctuations was a fresh bulge in December. That option opened at $10.01, or 5 points above last night's close, and at once jumped 10 points additional.

Cotton Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 10 5-16; middling gulf, 10 9-16; sales, none. Futures closed steady; December, $9.96; January, $9.64; February, $9.44; March, $9.44; April, $9.40; May, $9.37; June, $9.33; July, $9.28; August, $9.02; September, $8.55; October, $8.00.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Dec. 22.—Close: Adventure, 10¾; Allouez, 2½@3; Anaconda, 48@49; Arcadian, 21½@22½; Arnold, 4½@5; Amalgamated, 93@¼; Atlantic, 25@28; Baltic, 31@½; Bingham, 15 bid; Bonanza, 1¼@½; Boston and Montana, 321 asked; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 82@84; Calumet and Hecla, 815@820; Centennial, 21½@22; Cochita, 11@⅛; Copper Range, 32½@34; Dominion Coal, 37@38; Elm River, 5@½; Franklin, 15@16; Humboldt, 50 asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 38; Mass, 13½@14; Michigan, 5@6; Mohawk, 23½@24; Old Colony, 4@½; Old Dominion, 29½@30; Osceola, 73½@74; Oil, 11¾@12; Parrott, 49@50; Pioneer, 25c; Quincy, 174@176; Rhode Island, 4@⅝; Santa Fe, 6¼@½; Tamarack, 327@330; Tecumseh, 12@2; Tri-Mountain, 20@¾; Union Land, 3¼@½; Utah, 33½@¾; Victoria, 3¼@¾; Winona, 4⅛@½; Wolverine, 45¾@46; Wyandotte, 1½ bid; Zinc, 12.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Clearings, $21,344,819; balances, $3,369,310; posted exchange, $4.82@86; New York exchange, 20c premium.

Watches at 20 per cent discount. Harris & Esterly, jewelers, 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio building.

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HARRIS & ESTERLY, Reliable Jewelers
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A ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.

James A. Payne, Formerly of Duluth, and Clara Louise Thompson United.

James A. Payne, at one time a lawyer in Duluth, and Miss Clara Louise Thompson, the well known Minneapolis reader, who has appeared here on numerous occasions, were married in Minneapolis Nov. 17. The fact has just appeared in the Minneapolis newspapers. The Times says:

"The romantic sequel to a trip to Nome is the marriage of Miss Clara Louise Thompson and James Adams Payne, which was celebrated Nov. 17 at the pastor's study in the Church of the Redeemer, Rev. Marion D. Shutter performing the ceremony.

Mrs. Payne, then Miss Thompson, left last May for the Klondike regions to join her brother and incidentally to search for gold. On the steamer was Mr. Payne, a well-known lawyer of Duluth. Acquaintance ripened into friendship, and by easy stages into love, and when Miss Thompson returned last September it was as the promised bride of James Adams Payne.

"Since their return from their wedding trip the last of November Mr. and Mrs. Payne have been living on Third avenue south, where they will reside till spring, when they will again return to the Klondike, taking the first boat for the North.

"Mrs. N. R. Thompson, Mrs. Payne's mother, will accompany them, and next winter it is their plan to spend the season in California, which will probably be their winter home for some time, as Mr. Payne has business ventures which will require his presence in the Klondike regions for some years.

"Mrs. Payne has not entirely given up her unique presentations of plays. She will perfect 'The Huskin Bee' and 'Chinook' and will give them as a pastime during her winter months in the far West, but this winter she will not give any entertainments

"Although Mrs. Payne went to the Klondike to see her brother, she did not succeed in her undertaking, for she was unable to get nearer to him than sixty-seven miles. The family hopes to succeed in getting together in the far north the coming summer."

MORE BOERS CROSS.

Another Force Invades Cape Colony, Going to Phillipstown.

Cape Towne, Dec. 22.—The Boers who have invaded Cape Colony, are commanded by Gen. Hertzog, Philip Botha and Haasbroek. Besides the commandos already reported, a force has crossed at Soutspan, to reinforce the Boers occupying Phillipstown.

BURKE REINSTATED.

Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 22.—Ex-State Senator Vernon H. Burke, who was disbarred from practicing law two years ago as a result of the sensational Burke-Dellenbaugh trial, was reinstated by the circuit court today.

PENANCE OF BRESCI.

Bresci has been sentenced to imprisonment for life. A fantastic description of what he is likely to suffer having been circulated in the English press, in which it was represented that although Italy was the first great power to abolish capital punishment, she resorts to methods of the middle ages in her treatment of life prisoners, I took the trouble, says a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, to make a personal investigation, and gathered the following facts, the correctness of which I can guarantee:

Italy has two prisons in which her life prisoners are confined, that of Santo Stefano, not far from Rome, and Portolongone, in the island of Elba. For the first seven years the prisoner is confined in a separate cell and given work that does not require the use of iron. In the five years that follow he is admitted to work with other prisoners, but not allowed to speak. In the first seven years the rule is that he may not see any one while in health, although as a matter of custom his relatives are allowed to visit him for half an hour once a year. After the expiration of seven years they are permitted to see him once in every six months. His food consists of three and one-half pounds of macaroni and one pound five ounces of bread on week days and soup and a piece of meat on Sundays; wine is given only three or four times a year, on special days. In the first period the condemned may may spend a halfpenny a day in whatever he wishes, and in the years following 2½d. The cell is 7¼ feet by 13 feet and 10½ feet in height. The air comes in from a window so constructed that nothing but the sky is visible; it has a heavy, iron-bound door inside and iron gates behind; it contains a bed with wire springs and a mattress of a vegetable material, all of which is attached by a chain to the wall during the day, that the prisoner may not lie down; also there are toilet necessities, and he is allowed to have a brush and comb. Each day he is taken out alone for a walk in specially isolated courts; the minimum time for exercise is one hour, although this is extended if the health of the prisoner requires it. The ordinary punishments are: Isolation with bread and water, the straightjacket and the dark cell with irons.

MUSHROOM CROP.

The annual crop of mushrooms in France is valued at $2,000,000, and there are sixty wholesale firms in Paris dealing exclusively in them. In the department of the Seine, it appears, there are some 3000 caves in which mushrooms are grown, and about 300 persons are employed in their culture.

Mrs. Paine's unique offer on page 5. Read it.

"An Illustration of a Century" and calendar for the year 1901 free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.

GRAND UNION TEA CO.

NOTE TO CHINA.

Text of Demands Made By the Envoys of the Powers.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The state department today made public the text of the joint note of the powers to China. The demands are as follows:

The dispatch to Berlin of an extraordinary mission, headed by an imperial prince, in order to express the regrets of his majesty, the emperor of China, and of the Chinese government, for the assassination of his excellency, the late Baron Von Ketteler, minister of Germany.

The erection on the spot of the assassination of a commemorative monument, befitting the rank of the deceased, bearing an inscription in the Latin, German and Chinese languages expressing the regrets of the emperor of China for the murder.

The severest punishment for the persons designated in the imperial decree of Sept. 25, 1900, and for those whom the representative powers shall subsequently designate.

The suspension for five years of all official examinations in the cities where foreigners have been massacred or been subjected to cruel treatment.

Honorable reparation to be made by the Chinese government to the Japanese government for the murder of Mr. Suyjama.

An expiatory monument to be erected by the Imperial Chinese government in every foreign or international cemetery which has been desecrated or in which the graves have been destroyed.

The maintenance, under conditions to be determined by the powers, of the interdiction against the importation of arms as well as of materials employed exclusively for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.

Equitable indemnities for governments, societies, companies and individuals, as well as for Chinese, who, during the late occurrences have suffered in person or property in consequence of their being in the service of foreigners. China to adopt financial measures acceptable to the powers for the purpose of guaranteeing the payment of said indemnities and the interest and amortization of the loans.

The right for each power to maintain a permanent guard for its legation and to put the diplomatic quarter in a defensible condition, the Chinese having no right to reside in that quarter.

The destruction of the forts which might obstruct free communication between Pekin and the sea.

The right to the military occupation of certain points, to be determined by an understanding among the powers, in order to maintain open communication between the capital and the sea.

The Chinese government to cause to be published during two years in all the subprefectures an imperial decree (A) embodying a perpetual prohibition, under penalty of death, of membership in any anti-foreign society; (B) enumerating the punishments that shall have been inflicted on the guilty, together with the suspension of all official exercises in the cities where foreigners have been murdered or have been subjected to cruel treatment, and (C) furthermore, an imperial decree to be issued and published throughout the empire, ordering that the governors general (viceroys) and all provincial or local officials shall be held responsible for the maintenance of order within their respective jurisdictions, and that, in the event of renewed anti-foreign disturbances or any other infractions of treaty occurring and which shall not forthwith be suppressed and the guilty persons punished, they, the said officials, shall be immediately removed and forever disqualified from holding any office or honors.

The Chinese government to undertake to negotiate amendments to the treaties of commerce or navigation considered useful by the foreign powers and upon other matters pertaining to their commercial relations, with the object of facilitating them.

The Chinese government to determine in what manner to reform the department of foreign affairs and to modify the court ceremonials concerning the reception of foreign representatives in the manner to be indicated by the powers.

Until the Chinese government has complied with the above conditions to the satisfaction of the powers, the undersigned can hold out no expectation that the occupation of Pekin and the provinces of Chili by the general forces can be brought to a conclusion.

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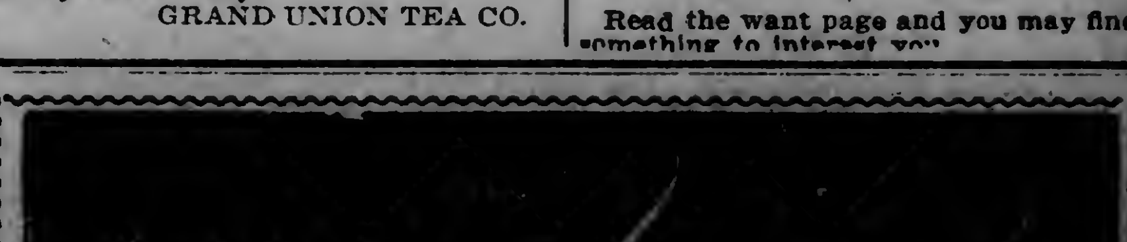
Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.



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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Dec. 22.—Warmer weather prevails in the lake region and Mississippi valley, and colder over Florida and throughout the West and Northwest, with moderate temperatures continuing in most districts except that freezing weather occurred in Northern Florida this morning. The center of very low barometric pressure has moved from Qu' Appelle southeast to Omaha. The barometer is high over Rocky Mountain and South Atlantic states. Light falls of rain or snow occurred in Oregon, Washington, Western Montana, Assinniboia, Western Minnesota, Central Nebraska, Eastern New York and Florida. High westerly widns ocand Florida. High westerly winds ockotas and Montana.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	52	Medicine Hat	26
Battleford	16	Memphis	48
Bismarck	24	Miles City	34
Boston	26	Milwaukee	38
Buffalo	30	Minnedosa	12
Calgary	20	Montgomery	38
Charleston	42	Moorhead	30
Chicago	40	New Orleans	50
Denver	36	North Platte	46
Detroit	34	New York	28
Dodge City	38	Oklahoma	41
Duluth	32	Omaha	40
Edmonton	20	Pittsburg	32
El Paso	50	Port Arthur	28
Escanaba	30	Portland	56
Galveston	62	Prince Albert	10
Green Bay	36	Qu' Appelle	26
Havre	34	Rapid City	36
Helena	32	San Francisco	48
Huron	34	Santa Fe	24
Jacksonville	56	Shreveport	54
Kamloops	29	Spokane	32
Kansas City	41	St. Louis	42
Knoxville	28	St. Paul	31
La Crosse	34	Sault Ste. Marie	31
Lander	26	Swift Current	22
Los Angeles	48	Williston	20
Marquette	34	Winnemucca	20

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain or snow tonight; Sunday partly cloudy with probably snow flurries; colder tonight and Sunday with brisk to high northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Rain tonight and probably Sunday; colder Sunday afternoon or night; high southerly shifting to northwest winds Sunday; severe squalls. Minnesota—Rain, possibly turning to snow flurries tonight; Sunday partly cloudy; colder tonight and east portion Sunday; winds shifting to high northwest.

The Enormity of the Tea Tax.

When the bill providing for a reduction of the war taxes was under discussion in the house, Congressman Tawney, of this state, made himself prominent in opposition to the removal of the duty on tea. He had a tilt with Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts, on this subject, and the latter unhorsed him in short order. Mr. Tawney asked Mr. Fitzgerald if he was aware of the fact that the people of Massachusetts engaged in the tea trade had importuned the ways and means committee for the last six years in support of a tax on tea. This inquiry was effectively met by Mr. Fitzgerald, who said: "I am aware, Mr. Chairman, that such a petition from the tea dealers was filed in the committee from certain portions of the United States, and I think that some of the tea importers from my own state may have joined in sending these petitions. I am also aware of the fact that there are papers on file in the committee of ways and means from many of the biggest importers in the United States in favor of this tax. I am aware of the fact that a petition representing the wholesale and retail grocers of the United States is on file in that committee room now, asking that the tax be repealed, and I know that millions of people and the middle class of people in the United States, who now pay 35 cents a pound for tea, and who would be able to get it for 25 cents were it not for the imposition of this tax, unanimously asks congress to remove this tax from every breakfast table in the land. If this tax is continued, the better grades of tea will not be imported. The petitions which have been presented to congress from the importers, wholesalers and retailers recite that the importation of the better grades of tea is decreasing every day." It was also claimed by the advocates of the tea duty that its effect was to improve the quality of the tea imported, but the latest statistics published by the bureau of statistics show that the tendency of the imports of tea, instead of improving has been steadily towards lower values, sure evidence of a deterioration in quality.

Shall Verbal Wills Be Recognized?

Seattle has a verbal will case involving title to an estate of about $500,000. Last September, John Sullivan, a banker, died without, as far as known, making a will distributing his property. He was about 60 years old and had had other warnings of approaching dissolution than age. Still, he allowed death to creep upon him without giving himself much concern as to what might become of his property. Three or four claims were put in for the estate, based upon alleged blood relationship. It is not known, however, that the deceased had known his alleged blood relations during life. A woman has now appeared who claims that at the time of Sullivan's death she and Sullivan had been engaged to be married. The woman has produced two persons who, it is alleged, are willing to testify that on the day before Sullivan's death he said, in their presence, that if he should die he wished it to be understood that "Marie," the present claimant, should become possessed of all his property. The lady who makes this alleged verbal expression of purpose the basis for a claim to property must know that if her claim should be established it would open the way for spurious claims against dead men's estates. It will be in most cases impossible to prove that such an expression of purpose was not made. Worse than that, a judicious use of a few thousand dollars would procure evidence that such an expression of purpose was actually made. The San Francisco Bulletin suggests that if the law should make the state the heir of all property not distributed in accord with some simple form of testament susceptible of proof, a step would be taken toward a simplification of cases of this character which mystify juries. The state would be a popular heir. Every bequest to the state would tend to the reduction of the rate of taxation or the support of useful institutions. A law making the state a general heir would make each individual a beneficiary under the operation of the law. This is a form of socialism that no one would object to. The revenue so derived might by the same law be directed in part or in whole to the support of wards of the state —the orphans who are cared for in state institutions.

THE MERIT SYSTEM.

The Minneapolis Tribune says: "It is significant of the trend of popular sentiment in a favorable direction that the appropriation for the civil service commission went through congress this year without a protest, whereas a year ago a serious attempt was made to cripple the reform."

While it may be true that the trend of public sentiment is in favor of civil service reform, the action of congress in passing the appropriation for the civil service commission without any objection being raised cannot be regarded as proof of the politicians in congress having formed a favorable opinion of civil service reform. The failure of any one rising to protest against the appropriation must be properly regarded rather as an exhibition of hypocrisy and an attempt to make the public believe that the Republican majority in congress and the Republican administration are anxious to keep the civil service free from political influences, as the American people would have it.

It has been found by the politicians that it is not necessary to defeat the appropriation for the expenses of the civil service commission in order to evade the merit system. If any one is in doubt on this point, let him read the report of the special committee of the National Civil Service Reform league, which was appointed "to investigate the condition of the federal civil service, and the rules under the present administration." It is shown by this report that while President McKinley went into office on pledges not only to enforce the civil service laws thoroughly and honestly, but to extend them wherever practicable, he has adhered to neither pledge, but has violated both and contracted the reform system instead of extending it. During the past year, following the open-door order of May 29, 1899, out of 13,793 appointments made within the classified grades of the service, over 9000, or nearly two-thirds, were made without competitive tests. This means a very considerable breakdown of the whole merit system as it came into President McKinley's hands from his predecessors.

It is found that offices of the presidential class have been controled almost exclusively by senators and representatives and other politicians. The consular service has been looted from top to bottom—more than 90 per cent of the salaried places being refilled during the first year of McKinley's administration. During the same time 62 per cent of the agents in the Indian service were changed. There have always been certain positions in the classified service excepted from the rules, such as assistant postmasters and collectors. These excepted positions at the end of Cleveland's last administration numbered 866. McKinley added 533 to this number before he had been in office five months—reducing the competitive places by so much, and about 4000 more were added by his open-door order of May 29 of last year.

The report also states that the law has been openly violated in respect to the places left standing under the merit system. A large number of specific instances of violation by the president's subordinates were brought to his attention, with the request that the guilty officers be removed. No attention was paid to the matter. Again, and with more instances of violation of the law, the president was appealed to, but wtih practically the same result. No guilty officer has been removed, although the rules apply this penalty for cases of violation. Secretary Gage did order the removal of Collector of Customs Chenowith, at Nogales, Ariz., for the theft of question papers in advance of a civil service examination, but this order was later withdrawn and Chenowith resigned, to take a place as special agent of the treasury department at $4 a day. This assignment was in itself a violation of the rules. The civil service commission protested, but without effect.

In December, 1898, the civil service commission wrote concerning the situation in the treasury department to Mr. Tracewell, comptroller of the treasury, as follows:

"A state of anarchy in these appointments obtains at the present time, involving the honor of the administration of the civil service act. With the information given you by the commission, which is capable of easy verification in case of the slightest doubt concerning the facts, can you not take official cognizance of the matter?" To this Mr. Tracewell made no reply, but, in the following April, he gave "a remarkable opinion" to a United States marshal, in which he held that, though the civil service act declares that no officer or clerk shall be appointed to a classified position, except in conformity with its provisions, an appointment made in disregard of those requirements is not illegal; that the rules have no force except as the appointing officer may choose to enforce them, and that all persons whose names are on the pay roll are presumed to be regularly appointed, "the civil service commission's denial notwithstanding." Manifestly, the spoilsmen have had little trouble with this administration. They have taken their own course, and there has been no one to call them to account.

A great evil is the temporary appointment trick. The transfer system is also in violation of the law. The committee found that women are appointed as "laborers," no examination being required for these places, and are at once transferred to positions of a higher class, and, of course, without examination. "Excepted" places are used in the same way. The principal deputy in the San Francisco custom house was appointed chief clerk, and the son of the collector was then appointed, without examination, to the deputyship, only to change places with the deputy when it came to the assignment of duties. The postoffice department has adopted a "device," which the committee properly characterizes as "contemptible." When a small postoffice becomes a free delivery office, and thus comes within the classified service, persons are brought from other cities, and even other states, to take positions in the office just before it is raised to the classified service. When the change is made, these persons, who are thus smuggled into the service, are at once transferred to the office for which they were really destined in the first place, thus escaping examination altogether. The civil service commission has protested against this scheme for beating the law, but in vain.

In view of these facts, it will be seen that the members of congress who are opposed to the merit system do not find it necessary to refuse the appropriation to the civil service commission, because the administration treats that body with contempt and allows senators and representatives to "appoint" men to public place. The patronage system is preserved, while the civil service commission is maintained in order to fool the people.

SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

A number of newspapers in this state have been giving their readers erroneous information with regard to the election of two United States senators at the approaching session of the legislature.

The statement has been made that Senator Charles A. Towne's appointment to the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Davis extends only to the meeting of the legislature which convenes on Jan. 8. This, however, is not the accepted interpretation of the federal law relating to the terms of appointive senators. The precedent established by the United States senate recognizes the right of the appointed senator to occupy his seat until his successor has been elected and qualified, unless the legislature charged with the election of his successor adjourns without reaching a choice. In the latter event the seat becomes vacant and remains vacant until a succeeding legislature fills it.

Another erroneous impression relates to the time when the legislature called on to fill a senatorial vacancy must begin to ballot. The revised statutes of the United States, title II, chapter I, makes the following specific provision for the election of United States senators:

"Section 14. The legislature of each state which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent such state in congress shall on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof proceed to elect a senator in congress.

"Section 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any state a vacancy exists in the representation of such state in the senate, the legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization to elect a person to fill such vacancy in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a senator for a full term."

Thus it will be seen that the balloting for both senators occurs on the same day, and, if the Republicans make their nominations in caucus previously, the two senators will be elected on the same day and possibly on the same ballot.

There are several curious coincidents in connection with the presidents of the United States, which, while not new, are perhaps worth restating. John Adams was eight years older than his successor, Thomas Jefferson; Jefferson was eight years older than his successor, James Madison; Madison was eight years older than Monroe; Monroe was eight years older than John Q. Adams. Five successive presidents ended their terms in their 66th years, namely, Washington, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison and James Monroe. Three presidents have died on July 4, John Adams, Jefferson and Monroe, and the two former died on the same Fourth of July, 1826, just fifty years from the Declaration of Independence. It is mentioned as another curious coincidence that every president, except W. H. Harrison, had blue eyes.

Alger is out, Eagan is out, but Corbin pushes on to greater triumphs. A retired army officer writes to the New York Evening Post to show that by his special promotion to be a major general, Corbin has placed himself in line to succeed Lieut. Gen. Miles as commander-in-chief of the army when Gen. Miles retires in August, 1903. Everything seems greased for the adjutant general. Only Gen. Brooke ranks him, barring Gen. Miles, and Brooke will retire for age in July, 1902. Mr. McKinley will still be in office when the Miles retirement comes, and—well, you know, Corbin is an Ohio man who seldom gets bare bones for his picking.

If Mr. Bryan learns, after assuming the editorial chair, the art of "boiling down," he will equip himself with another strong argument in favor of his election to the presidency. A president who would condense his message to two thousand words would be welcomed.

A Chicago man says he has come to the conclusion that "the deplorable habit of miserly economy, both public and private, is one of the potent causes of over-production, therefore, intelligent, universal extravagance should be encouraged."

When Congressman Morris returns home, the business men of Duluth should encourage him to keep up his opposition to the national park resolution that would retard the settlement of a large section of the territory tributary to Duluth.

It is rumored the supreme court is almost equally divided on the question of whether the constitution follows the flag and that Chief Justice Fuller will practically give the deciding vote.

There would be a great rush to Mr. Rockefeller's university, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, if it would teach men how to get as much money as Mr. Rockefeller has.

A petition in bankruptcy filed by an Indiana man shows liabilities amounting to $719,000 and assets valued at $220. It has not been explained why he reported such large assets.

The opinion of an able constitutional lawyer like ex-President Harrison that the constitution does follow the flag may have considerable influence with the supreme court.

It might be well to check up the accounts of the rhapsodical army paymaster who, after spending two years in the Philippines, says that life there is "one long, sweet dream."

If one scarcely ever feels disposed to think of speak kindly about others, he is not likely to hear of kind words being spoken of himself, says the Portland Telegram.

Santa Claus may need a pair of long-legged rubber boots and a mackintosh when he makes his rounds this year.

Perhaps Jupiter Pluvius intends to make up the shortage in rain before the year goes out.

England has concluded to postpone that thanksgiving service.

JUST 'FORE CHRISTMAS.

Father calls me William, sister calls me Will;
Mother calls me Willie, but the fellers call me Bill!
Mighty glad I ain't a girl—ruther be a boy,
Without them sashes, curls an' things that's worn by Fauntleroy!
Love to chawnk green apples an' go swimmion' in the lake—
Hate to take the castor-ile they give me for bellyache!
'Most all the time, the whole year round, there ain't no flies on me;
But jest 'fore Christmas I'm as good as I kin be!

Got a yeller dog named Sport, sick him on the cat;
First thing she knows she doesn't know where she's at!
Got a clipper sled, an' when us kids goes out to slide,
'Long comes the grocery cart, an' we all hook a ride.
But sometimes when the grocery man is worried an' cross,
He reaches at us with his whip, an' larrups up his hoss;
An' then I laff an' holler, "Oh, ye never teched me!"
But jest 'fore Christmas I'm as good as I kin be!

Gran'ma says she hopes that when I get to be a man,
I'll be a missionarer like her oldest brother Dan;
As was et up by the cannibals that live in Ceylon's isle,
Where every prospeck pleases an' only man is vile!
But gran'ma she has never been to a Wild West show,
Nor read the life of Daniel Boone, or else I guess she'd know
That Buffalo Bill an' cowboys is good enough for me!
Excep' jest 'fore Christmas, when I'm good as I kin be!

An' then old Sport, he hangs around, so solemn-like an' still,
His eyes they seem a-sayin': "What's the matter, little Bill?"
The old cat sneaks down off her perch, an' wonders what's become
Of them two enemies of hern that used to make things hum!
But I am so perlite an' tend so earnestly to biz,
That mother says to father: "How improved our Willie is!"
But father, havin' been a boy hisself, suspicions me
When, jest 'fore Christmas, I'm as good as I kin be!

For Christmas, with its lots an' lots of candies, cakes an' toys,
Was made, they say, for proper kids, an' not for naughty boys;
So, wash yer face, an' brush yer hair, an' mind yer ps and qs,
And don't bust out yer pantaloons, and don't wear out yer shoes;
Say "Yessum" to the ladies, and "Yessur" to the men,
And when they's company, don't pass yer plate for pie again;
But, thinkin' of the things ye'd like to see upon that tree,
Jest 'fore Christmas, be as good as yer kin be.

—EUGENE FIELD.

The American Way.

Washington Post: Gen. Miles is complimented in many quarters here for his recently issued order concerning horses and mules employed in army operations. "I rather admire Miles for that order," remarked Capt. Simpson the other night. "Miles orders that a veterinary surgeon or some other person detailed by the commanding officer shall accompany troops in an engagement, and it shall be the duty of this veterinary surgeon to put an end to the agony of horses or mules that, in his judgment, are suffering to a degree requiring such action on his part. This is one of many cases in which a single, clear-minded individual can accomplish with ease what a body of red-tapists helplessly shrink from. The United States has taught us many a lesson in reforms of this kind. Americans, while refusing to bind themselves not to use explosive bullets, have never used them, and while declining to sign the Geneva convention, adopted in their wars all the best principles of that grand convention. Americans have gone quite ahead of the nations which regulate their humanity by the letter of formal treaties."

The County Officers' Grab.

Wright County Times: The annual grab of the county officers for more salary has begun. The auditors and treasurers of the various counties throughout the state met in St. Paul to consider legislation that will give higher salaries for their services. The claim is made that outside of Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis counties there has been no change in salaries of county officials for several years, while their duties are becoming more arduous every year. There isn't an auditor or treasurer in Minnesota who was not aware what his salary would be before he accepted the duties of his office. In Wright county there hasn't been a treasurer able to earn at any other line of business the salary which he gets as a county official. We have no doubt but County Treasurer Hannaford will be glad to get a position and work harder and more hours for one-half what the county is now paying him. This meeting is an organized attempt to get more out of the taxpayers than their services are worth. If the salaries were twice as much as now, under the present system of electing, there would be no improvement in the calibre of the officials.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: No woman can expect God to watch her husband for her.

A man can hold a woman best by making her believe he is awfully afraid he can't.

The best imitation a man can get of a honeymoon is to eat nothing but coccanut cake for three weeks.

It's all right for babies to be born without any intelligence, but nature might have fixed it so they would have some teeth in.

A woman will never forgive her husband for not acting mad when she tells him she has burnt up a lot of her old letters to him that she has found up in the garret.

Base Ingratitude.

Washington Post: It ill becomes Mark Twain to make war on the reporters. The reporters are usually charitable and sometimes give space to people who spring aged jokes.

No Galleries to Occupy.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: To show how this country has emerged from the heel of the oppressor it is only necessary to recell the fact that 100 years ago women were not permitted to appear in the congressional galleries.

DECLARES FOR EVANS

Republican Members of Legislative Delegations Mee Here In Caucus.

THE FLOUR CITY MAN

Will Get the Solid Support of the Eight Republican Members.

A caucus of Republican members of the legislature from the Forty-ninth, Fifitieth and Fifty-first districts was held last evening at the St. Louis hotel to consider the senatorial situation. It resulted in the endorsement of the candidacy of Hon. Robert G. Evans, of Minneapolis. There were seven members present at the meeting: Senator F. B. Daugherty and Representatives George R. Laybourn, T. M. Pugh, George J. Mallory, E. F. Alford, Andrew Miller and T. A. Bury, of Two Harbors. The only absentee was Senator E. B. Hawkins, who is in the East, but his preference is known to be for Evans, so that it means eight votes added to the strength of the Hennepin county man.

The members of the delegation met very quietly. No one but themselves—and possibly Lee Willcuts—knew that they were going to meet. Senator Daugherty has been in the Twin Cities for some time, and has been keeping closely in touch with the situation there. He came up yesterday. He was elected chairman of the caucus, and G. J. Mallory was chosen secretary.

Both Evans and Clapp had friends on the delegation, but the majority was in favor of Evans and the others came in and made the decision unanimous. The men who were friendly to Clapp were actuated by an admiration for his personal qualities, but were not committed to him, and were satisfied as to the ability of Evans.

The following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, the Republican representatives of the senate and house of St. Louis, Cook and Lake counties, in the senate and house of the state of Minnesota, in caucus assembled, do hereby endorse the candidacy of the Hon. Robert G. Evans to succeed the late lamented C. K. Davis in the United States senate, and pledge ourselves to use every honorable means in our power to secure his election."

One of the members of the delegation said today that Mr. Evans would be supported unitedly until it was apparent that he had no show though they expect to see him quickly chosen. If he should prove not to be a winner the further action of the delegation can only be determined by another caucus.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Indianapolis Journal: "Oh, Clarence, do tell me something you would like for Christmas."

"Well, I don't want that crazy thing you've been making out of red ribbon and yellow cheesecloth."

Indianapolis Press: "Really, you seem depressed," said the chief inquisitor of the club.

"Should say I am," answered the effusive man. "You would be depressed yourself if you had gone and married your cook and had her take it as a reflection because you bought her one of those pancake hats as a wedding anniversary present."

Chicago Tribune: "The meanest man of the season," according to the opinion expressed by Uncle Allen Sparks when the subject came up for discussion, "is the man who hunts the house over, from cellar to garret, trying to find out what his wife has hidden away as his Christmas present."

Philadelphia Press: "Now, John, see here!" she began, with set jaw. "I must have $20 today."

"All right," said John, promptly, "here it is."

"Goodness, John!" she exclaimed, paling visibly, "what's the matter? Aren't you well?"

Baltimore American: Askit—I suppose Henpeck was glad when his salary was raised, was he not?"

Tellit—Not much. He said his wife would take advantage of that to increase their expenses by twice as much as the raise."

Chicago Times-Herald: He—Darling, am I the first man you ever were engaged to?

She (indignantly)—Sir! Do you think I could live for twenty-six years around where there were other men without having a chance till you came along?

Judge: Mrs. Mulholland (in a soft whisper)—Do yez love me fer meself alone, Pat?

Patrick—Do I? Wull, now, I'd love yez fer yerself, darlin', if ye hadn't a rich relative in the worruld, or foive hundred darrlers in the bank or a mortgage on Gilhooley's barn or the goold watch av yer foorst husband.

AS GOOD AS HE CAN BE.

The small boy of the scheming mind now polishes his face
And uses comb and brush till every hair is right in place,
And turns his back on Sunday play, and dressed with greatest care,
Holds down a seat in Sabbath school with mock religious air.
He has his lesson down so pat the teacher gives him praise,
Says he may grace the pulpit in the future distant days,
And Johnnie winks the other eye. He's aiming, don't you see,
To pluck a handsome present from the coming Christmas tree.

—Denver Post.

Sympathy Skindeep.

St. Louis Republic: Kaiser Billy's sympathy for the Boers seems to have been dispelled by the near approach of old Oom Paul Kruger.

He Could Blow It All.

Saturday Evening Post: Uncle Sam is the only man in the world who can go Christmas shopping without fear. His income is about $2,000,000 a day.

New Hats, Mufflers and Neckwear
Just arrived.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Hatters and Furnishers,
304 West Superior St.

HOLIDAY HARDWARE

We want you to inspect our fine line of American, English and German Cutlery. Razors, Pocket Knives, Scissors and Carvers. **Fancy Tea and Coffee Pots,** Silver plated ware and fine Enameled ware.

ATHLETIC GOODS.

Punching Bags, Exercisers, Dumb Bells and Indian Clubs. Fine Hand Sleds and Skates—the things for Boys and Girls for Christmas presents.

Why not buy something useful that will last a life time as to buy trash. We have a beautiful line of holiday goods—our prices are not high and we are always glad to have you inspect our stock.

GARLAND HEATING STOVES AT COST.

NORTHERN HARDWARE CO.

WALLACE WELLS. 222 West Superior St. R. D. ANNIS.

PEANUTS AND GOOBERS.

Raising, Gathering and Preparing Them For the Market.

Going through Eastern Virginia and North Carolina in peanut time, the traveler can see through the car window row after row of what appear to be round bushes. They are the stacks or shocks of peanut vines hung around sticks wiating to be placed upon wagons and carried away for stripping. Some of the larger fields will contain 1000 of these stacks, yielding from fifty to seventy-five bushels of nuts to the acre, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Most of the nuts grown in Virginia and North Carolina are the goobers. The goober is to the actual peanut what the quahaug is to the genuine clam. The shell usually contains but two kernels. This is the nut with which the Italians load their wagons and sell in paper bags on the street corners. The real peanut, which answers to the Rhode Island clam, is smaller than the goober. The kernel is about the size of a large pea and its flavor is sweeter than the other variety. It is grown principally in North Carolina and Tennessee. Occasionally a few get into a bag of goobers, but very seldom, as they are shelled and sold for from 10 cents to 15 cents a peck more than the others. They go into the candy paste and to the oil factories of Europe.

The peanut farmer begins planting as soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring. The shells form the seed and about two bushels are required for an acre. In a few weeks the plant gets above the earth and begins to leaf out. A field of peanuts looks much like a field of clover, and during the war many of the Northern soldiers mistook clover fields for peanut patches, while hunting for something to vary their rations. The plants grow in rows, very much like potato vines, and are cultivated in the same way. Weeds will soon choke their growth, and the pickaninnies on the farm are kept busy during the summer in weeding out the patches with their fingers. Nowadays the harvesting is done by what is called a plough, made especially for the purpose. It is drawn by one mule and cuts the plants off close to the roots. As soon as enough has accumulated on the plough to form a stack it is thrown off and massed around a short pole stuck in the ground. The stack is formed with the leaves outside, and the vines are wound around it as tightly as possible, to protect the nuts from the weather. The plan is somewhat similar to that of binding wheat. About three weeks' exposure "seasons" the nuts and dries the vine, so that the pods are ready to be picked.

The picking is the most expensive operation of all and takes the most time. Whether in the barn or on the field, all the work has to be done by hand. The nuts are thrown into large baskets and the vines made into large stacks or stored away in the loft, for they make a hay which is really more nourishing for the average mule than timothy. The vine is a little too rough for a horse's throat, but it is a luxury to the average Southern mule, who will grow fat on peanut hay, and nothing else. In all fields some of the vines will be blackened and the nuts of poor quality. These are left on the ground and later the pigs are turned into the field. They eat everything that is left, except the roots. The nuts are not very fattening, but they give the porker a very sweet flavor. The famous hams cured in some parts of Virginia owe most of their quality to the fact that the pigs have lived partly upon nuts before being turned into smoked meat and have not been fed the sour milk and garbage from the farmer's kitchen.

In half a dozen towns most of the peanut "factories" are located. The factory is merely a place where the nut is shelled or the shed polished for the market. It is a curious fact that peanuts with clean, glistening pods will sell for 15 to 20 per cent more at retail than those with large, dirty-looking pods, although the kernels may be just as good, so the nuts intended for the bag trade at the circus and on street corners are scoured in large iron cylinders. Then they are carried to fans which blow the heavier nuts into one part and at the same time remove the dirt which was not taken off the shells in the cylinders. The dark, partly filled nuts are shelled by machinery and sold to confectioners, while the other ones are carried by a sort of endless chain apparatus into bags, each of which will hold about 100 pounds. As fast as a bag is filled it is sewed with English twine, marked with the weight and proper address and sent to the wholesale peanut dealer, who makes anywhere from 25 to 50 per cent profit in dealing with the Italians, who are his principal customers. Of late years a quantity of the bag peanuts has gone to manufacturers of cheap coffee, to be roasted and mixed in with the coffee berry and then ground, to be sold in packages as choice Mocha and Maracaibo.

While most of the nuts are grown in Eastern Virginia and North Carolina and Tennessee, the peanut fields are beginning to be cultivated in parts of Louisiana and Nebraska. Many of the fields in North Carolina contain apparently nothing but wet sand, and the dark green of the leaves in contrast to the whiteness of the sand on a sunny day is very striking. Digging down six or eight feet, however, the farmer generally comes to a loam which retains the rain and other surface water. This nourishes the plant, which requires a very light and porous soil. It also needs as hot weather as corn to properly mature. After raising several crops the average peanut field needs to be heavily fertilized with lime or marl, as the plant exhausts the soil.

During a fair year the American peanut crop will average nearly 5,000,000 bushels, estimating twenty-two pounds to the bushel. This is but a small proportion of the world's crop, however, which aggregates fully 550,000,000 pounds. It is calculated that we eat about $10,000,000 worth of peanuts yearly, or 4,000,000 bushels of the nuts, either in candy or the original kernels. The shucks or shells form also good food for pigs, while, as already stated, peanut vines are a first-class fodder for mules.

Very few peanuts are eaten out of the pod in Europe, although fully 400,000,000 pounds are sent to Great Britain and the continent every year from Africa and Asia. They are converted into oil and a sort of flour at factories at Marseilles and several English cities. A bushel of the genuine peanuts shelled can be pressed into about a gallon of oil, which is substituted for olive and other table oils very frequently. It sells at from 60 cents to $1 a gallon, and the meal or flour left after pressure is used for feeding horses and baked into a kind of bread which has a large sale in Germany and France.

IMPERIAL TROPHY.

Capt. Potts of the Maxim company of the Hong Kong volunteer corps has just secured an extraordinary trophy of war—nothing less than the Order of the Black Eagle, set with precious stones, which the German emperor sent out by Prince Henry to the emperor of China. He has also the autograph letter from the kaiser which accompanied the decoration, says the London Daily Mail.

The lucky captain obtained this remarkable relic of war in a quite haphazard fashion. Recently at Tien Tsin he came across some Russian soldiers who had been present at the looting of Pekin. One of the Russians had the rarely bestowed order among his share of the loot, but he was too ignorant to recognize its great value. Capt. Potts had no difficulty in arriving at the correct conclusion when he set eyes on the insignia and the Emperor William's letter, and for a trifling sum he secured possession of the two. When the captain arrived at Shanghai and exhibited his prize the German consul said that he must take charge of it, but Capt. Potts declined to part. He said that he was not at all anxious to sell, and put a fabulous price on the trophy. The consul immediately cabled to Berlin for instructions and Capt. Potts is now calmly awaiting the reply.

"An Illustration of a Century" and calendar for the year 1901 free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.

GRAND UNION TEA CO.

Best Christmas candy at Smith's.

MAY YOUR TROUBLES END IN SMOKE

They certainly will if your friends will make you Christmas presents of

GOOD CIGARS FROM OUR STORE

We have all the best brands, put up in special Holiday packages of 50, 25 and 12 Cigars in the box, which we sell from 50c each up. Along with this we have a store full of other articles suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR THE LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Don't fail to select something from our

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOOD BOOKS.

Or send your friends a

YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO SOME POPULAR MAGAZINE.

Our line of Christmas Pipes is the largest and finest in the city and our prices are THE LOWEST.

This Is No Pipe Dream.
COME AND SEE.

LUNDBERG & STONE

Telephone 373—223 W. Sup. St., Duluth.
Telephone 4402—Cor. Tower & Broadway West Superior.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The cotillion given at the Spalding Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. William M. Prindle was one of the most brilliant functions that Duluth society has ever enjoyed. The decorations were very handsome, the gowns of the ladies were dreams of beauty, the music was superb and there were novel and original effects that captivated all. The party was given for Miss Merrill, of Minneapolis, and Miss Koon, of New York. E. A. Merrill, of Minneapolis, father of Mrs. Prindle, and Miss Merrill was present and received with the host and hostess and the guests of honor.

The ball room was handsomely decorated with flags, palms and flowers, and Flaaten's full orchestra played. After the reception there was dancing until about 11 o'clock, and then refreshments were served. In the private dining room there was a large round table, with a beautiful centerpiece of American Beauty roses surrounded by white and yellow roses.

About 11:30 o'clock the cotillion took place, and this opened with a brilliant and surprising effect. The only favors to be seen were long wands, with plumelike effects at the top, and these were in large jardinieres, and were given out by Mrs. G. G. Hartley, Mrs. W. S. Bishop, Mrs. George Rupley and Mrs. Charles d'Autremont. Clarence D. Shepard led. When about thirty or more dancers were on the floor with these wands the electric lights suddenly went out and in their place was flashed on calcium lights with changing colors. The effect was bewilderingly beautiful. Everyone is familiar with the beautiful colorings which the calcium produces when thrown on the moving figures in opera or extravaganza, but this completely surpassed that, the beautiful gowns of the ladies and the conventional black of the men being given a dazzling brilliancy that defies description. Suddenly the main doors were thrown open and six colored boys marched in each bearing a Christmas tree. These were deposited on the floor some distance apart and the dancers circulated around among the trees the calcium playing on the scene all the while.

Finally the trees were carried to the music stand, and when the electric lights flashed on again were found to bear the favors for the figures of the cotillion.

There were a number of very clever figures. Notable among these was a golf figure and it occasioned much aumsement.

Among those entertained were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
George Rupley,
G. G. Hartley,
W. S. Bishop,
C. d'Autremont,
J. C. Hunter,
Homer Collins,
G. C. Stone,
I. B. Ferguson, of Superior;
A. H. Viele,
A. L. Ordean,
B. F. Myers,
R. H. Draper,
F. R. Leslie,
W. B. Silvey,
A. B. Wolvin,
H. T. Abbott,
Clark Fagg,
A. H. Comstock,
W. J. Olcott,
R. B. Knox,
Whitney Wall,
D. G. Cutler,
W. C. Winton,
F. L. Gilbert,
J. H. Upham,
R. N. Marble,
T. H. Hawkes,
J. N. McKindley,
J. A. Stephenson,
N. J. Upham,
R. P. Dowse,

Misses—
Mary Peyton,
Simonds,
McLaren,
Comstock,
Crowley,
Poirier,
Dickinson,
Mattocks.

Messrs.—
J. H. Upham, Jr.,
Telford,
W. R. Peyton,
G. H. Spencer,
W. S. McCormick,
Dalrymple,
Brice,
Stearns,
Shepard,
Hartman,
Burdette Merrill, of Minneapolis;
Ames,
Gilbert,
C. P. McCormick.

* * *

Wednesday evening Mr. and Mrs. George Spencer, of 205 Sixteenth avenue east, gave a genuine Christmas dinner party, at which a large number of guests were entertained. The rooms were handsomely decorated with holly and red white carnations. Dinner was served at small tables, which were also bright with Christmas colors. One of the bright features of the evening was the search for gifts left for each guest by an exceedingly generous Santa Claus. There were many delightful surprises when they were found. Music and recitations filled out a most delightful evening. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were assisted by Miss Mattocks and G. H. Spencer. Those enjoying this unique Christmas party were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
W. M. Prindle,
Glenn Brown, of Eveleth;
H. F. Williamson, Jr.,

Misses—
Koon, of New York;
Crowley,
Harvey,
Merrill, of Minneapolis;
Alice Peyton,
Morris.

Messrs.—
W. R. Peyton,
A. M. Miller, Jr.,
J. H. Upham, Jr.,
C. D. Shepard,
D. W. Stocking,
W. L. McLennan.

* * *

A jolly party of young society people left in Don H. Bacon's private car for Eveleth, over the Iron Range railroad, on Thursday afternoon, where they were entertained at a house party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Glenn C. Brown. Thursday evening they attended a dancing party given by the Fayal club, and Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. Brown entertained at a card party in their honor. Today the party returned, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Brown, who will remain here for the holidays. Those in the house party were:

Misses—
Barrett, of Tower;
Crowley,
Alice Peyton.

Messrs.—
G. H. Spencer,
W. L. McLennan,
J. H. Upham, Jr.

* * *

The Twentieth Century party, which will be given at the Spalding on the evening of Dec. 31, is the talk of all society now and it is expected to be the finest party Duluth has ever had. The idea of a party to dance out the century and dance in the new has taken greatly and the party will be a large and exceptionally beautiful one.

* * *

The Misses Peyton entertained last Saturday evening at a small dinner and card party. The guests were:

Misses—
Crowley,
Morris.

Messrs.—
Telford,
W. L. McLennan,
A. M. Miller, Jr.,
Gordon, of Baltimore.

* * *

The Temple Assembly will give a dancing party at the Masonic Temple hall next Wednesday evening.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will meet two weeks from Monday next and the place of meeting will be announced later.

* * *

Wells Gilbert is home from Cleveland for the Christmas holidays.

* * *

D. R. McLennan has returned from a visit to Bay City, Mich.

* * *

The program of the Twentieth Century club for the coming week is as follows:

Wednesday—2 p. m., English literature class, Mrs. S. R. Wentworth, leader.

3 p. m., Current events class, Mrs. James McCahill, leader.

Friday—3 p. m., home department, subject, "Herbert Spencer on the Moral Education of Children," Mrs. W. S. Bishop, leader.

All women of Duluth who are interested in child training are invited to attend these meetings of the home department held every third Friday of the month during the club year.

* * *

The recital by the Philharmonic trio, consisting of Mrs. Erd, 'cello; Mrs. M. L. Schfied, piano, and Frederick G. Bradbury, violin, at the home of Mrs. Miller-Bradley last Monday evening, was attended by a large number of the musical people of the city. It was the first of a series of three.

* * *

The postponed first recital of the Matinee Musicale was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Marie Geist Erd, 'cellist, assisted by Mrs. M. L. Schmied, pianist, at the Temple recital hall and was largely attended. The program was an exceptionally fine one and was enthusiastically received.

* * *

Mrs. C. Z. Doolittle has returned from a visit in Minneapolis.

* * *

The entertainment given to raise money for the High School Athletic association at the high school last night drew an audience that packed the assembly hall. No admission was charged, but a collection was taken up and the people responded well. The money will pay off a debt incurred during the football season.

The chorus led off with a selection well sung, and Miss Mary Groff and the chorus followed in another pleasing number. Miss Rena Smith and C. D. Shepherd gave a very pleasing duet, and Miss Clara Hector sang a very pretty song, "Down by the Riverside," which was well sung and well received. A. H. Brockelhurst, J. W. Anderson, C. D. Shepherd and W. Bradbury sang a comic college song, "'Tis Love," which was very amusing. Miss Rena Smith appeared once more, singing "An Open Secret," by Professor Custance, a very beautiful composition and well sung. Rene Hugo rendered an African love song, assisted by the chorus.

Next came a mock trial, wherein Capt. Gordon Wood was on trial for having broken training during the football season. This aroused no little amusement. He was defended by Hans Haroldson, while Jessie Bradley conducted the prosecution. Will Rose was the clerk, and Rene Hugo was the presiding judge. Court attendants and witnesses were as follows: John Titus Kenney, Loring Fisher, Albert Olson, Drew Dunn, Miss Esther Searle, A. F. Rudolph, Miss Rena Smith, Frank Bradley, Harry Gilman, Miss Lulu Magoffin and Joe Pierce.

* * *

The Flaaten concert at the Armory tomorrow afternoon will have a program with considerable Christmas music. The orchestra will be augmented and will be the finest ever presented by Flaaten to the people of the city. Miss Dora Swan, who is attending the Chicago Musical college, will sing a number, and George Tyler will also be heard in a vocal number. The program is as follows:

March—"The Admiral" (first time)........ ....Friedemann
"Second Hungarian Rhapsody" (first time) ....Liszt
Alto solo—"The Lord is My Light"..... ....Allisten
Miss Dora Swan.
a. Chilian dance—"Manana" (first time) ....Missua
b. Characteristic—"Whispering Flowers" ....Bion
a. "Alt Under Himmelen's Faste Swedish Folk Song, arr by........ ....John Svendsen
"Loin Du Bal" ....Gillet
String orchestra.
Tenor solo—"When Warlike Ensigns Wave on High" ....Handel
George Tyler.
Grand selection from "Maritana" (first time) ....Wallace

"The Grand Duchesse," comic opera, by Offenbach, is in rehearsal by local talent for the benefit of St. Anne's Orphan home in the West End. The Orphan home is a comparatively new institution in Duluth, conducted by the sisters of St. Benedict, and is caring for upwards of sixty homeless children at present. This will be the first benefit entertainment ever tendered this institution, and in view of the brilliant success achieved in the last year's operatic performance of "Martha" for St. Mary's hospital, and most of the talent participating in that performance has been again secured for this one, a success in every direction is assured. Otto Mulelbaur, of West Superior, who directed the performance of "Martha," will again have charge of the musical direction of "The Grand Duchesse." N. J. Miller and Franz Schultz are looking after the business end of the benefit performance.

* * *

On Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Robinson, of Second avenue east, were surprised by about thirty of their friends, who assisted them in celebrating their fifteenth wedding anniversary. The surprise was well planned and delightfully carried out, the host and hostess proving themselves fully equal to the occasion. The evening was passed at cards. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were presented with some handsome cut-glass articles as a souvenir of the occasion.

* * *

At a meeting of Clan Stewart, No. 50, of the Order of Scottish Clans, arrangements were made for the anniversary celebration of the birthday of Robert Burns, which will be held at the Spalding on the evening of Jan. 25.

* * *

A very pleasing program was rendered at the Matinee Musicale on Monday afternoon. The program was arranged by Mesdames Fred R. Clark, William R. Spencer and Rufus H. Draper, and consisted of Christmas music. Mrs. James McAuliffe sang "The Soul's Awakening," by Popper, and Mrs. George Herbert Jones, "Oh, Holy City," by Adams. Mrs. Jones was accompanied by Mrs. Tyler, piano; Miss Willcuts, 'cello, and Miss Bagley, violin. Mrs. McLean rendered a piano solo and Mr. Borch gave two 'cello numbers, being accompanied by Mrs. John A. Stephenson. Miss Julia Hunter rendered two piano solos in addition to the regular program.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sinclair, of 205 West Third street, are entertaining Mrs. Mason Nicholson, of St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. L. W. Hayden is spending the holidays in St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. D. S. Forgey left on Thursday for an extended trip in the West. She will visit at Helena, Mont., and Portland, Ore.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Lotta Frances Smith, of Washington, to John Johnstone Boobar, of this city, private secretary to Congressman Page Morris, took place at the home of the bride's parents in Washington, D. C., at high noon Tuesday of this week. The wedding was a most fashionable and brilliant affair. There were over 850 invitations issued to the reception that followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Boobar left Washington for New York, where they will spend the holidays at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Aside from the bridal party, those witnessing the ceremony were Mrs. B. F. Smith, Master Bailie Smith and George Griffith Smith, brothers of the bride; Mrs. George Griffith Smith, Mrs. Clayton Mark, of Chicago; Miss Lillian Meynes, Miss Pearl Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ridenour, Miss Mary Statham, Miss Jennie Claughton, Representative and Mrs. Frank M. Eddy, and Representative Page Morris and James A. Tawney.

The bride is the only daughter of Bartholomew F. Smith, president of the B. F. Smith Fire-proof Construction company, and one of the heaviest operators in his line in the East. She is among the sweetest, most charming and accomplished of Washington's society belles, and is a great favorite at the many receptions for which the capital is famous.

The groom is the librarian of the national house of representatives, where he enjoys a wide and personal acquaintance with the members of the body, and is known for his keen wit and famous story-telling.

* * *

Mrs. T. W. Walsh left yesterday for New York, where she will resume her vocal studies.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Gee, of Minneapolis, are in the city to visit until after the holidays.

* * *

Miss Agnes Jones left on Friday afternoon for Minneapolis to visit friends until after the holidays.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Porter J. Neff left this afternoon for Minneapolis, where they will spend Christmas.

* * *

James H. McFadzean has gone to Port Huron, Mich., for the holidays.

* * *

Among the large events of the week was the informal reception held on Tuesday evening at the Glen Avon church by Mr. and Mrs. G. Hood Thompson, who celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. The church was most beautifully decorated for the occasion. Rev. R. A. Montgomery presided and the program was opened with a wedding march by Mrs. Ostergren. Dr. A. W. Ryan gave a talk on "The Relation of the Home to the Church." This was followed by a local duet, rendered by the Misses Sick. Mrs. G. Hood Thompson gave a very interesting talk on the work of the W. C. T. U. She was followed by Rev. John Mason Duncan, of Craggencroft, who paid a graceful tribute to the work of the long-wedded couple in the temperance cause. As he finished, two little girls dressed in white came forward bearing a tray on which were a silver sugar and creamer lined with gold, gifts from some of the ladies. J. L. Washburn, in a graceful speech, presented Mr. and Mrs. Thompson with some silver spoons, knives and forks, from the ladies of Glen Avon, members of the W. C. T. U. and friends. Mr. Thompson responded gracefully. Miss Justine Shannon rendered delightfully two songs, after which refreshments were served and Mr. and Mrs. Thompson received the congratulations of the guests.

* * *

Miss Etta Stuart, of Dawson City, is visiting friends in the city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McKeon are spending the holidays in Sioux Falls, S. D.

* * *

Arthur H. Kreiger left the first of the week for Omaha.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Bigelow have returned from an Eastern trip.

* * *

Miss White, of Pembroke, Ont., who has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Francis W. Sullivan, of 1028 East First street, was called to her home on Saturday by the death of a relative.

* * *

Miss Mamie Enright, of Biwabik, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William Sayn, of Fiftieth avenue west, have gone to Alpena, Mich., to remain until after the holidays.

* * *

Victor Method and George Method, of West Duluth, have returned from Saginaw, Mich., where they were called by the death of their brother, George, Method.

* * *

Miss Ella French, of Oneota, is visiting at the home of her grandmother in Staples, Minn., where the French-Lehmann nuptials will occur on Christmas day.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Landsverk, of Eveleth, were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Johnson, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. E. Filiatrault, of West Duluth, has returned from a visit with relatives in St. Paul.

* * *

Miss Ethel Woods, of Highland Park, was tendered a surprise party on Monday night in honor of her nineteenth birthday anniversary, by a number of her friends. The evening was enjoyably spent at progressive cinch. Miss Catherine King won the lady's prize, while Hugh Fawcett captured the prize for gentlemen. The consolation prizes went to Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boutin. There were twenty couples present.

* * *

On Wednesday night a surprise party was given at the house of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Carlson, of 2007 West Second street, in honor of Rev. K. S. Tottermann, rector of the St. Peter's Swedish Episcopal church. A large number of the congregation were present, including the Vestry Ladies' society. A pleasant evening was spent. Refreshments were served.

* * *

Frank Edson, son of Judge and Mrs. Edson, has arrived in the city from Ann Arbor, to spend his holiday vacation.

* * *

Cards are out announcing the marriage on Dec. 27 of Miss Jessie Tostevin, of West Superior, to John Frederick McArthur, of Milwaukee. The marriage will occur at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tostevin, 1812 Hughitt avenue, West Superior. The bride is well known in this city and the groom, who served in the Philippines during the Spanish-American war with the California troops, formerly resided in this city, where he graduated from the high school in 1897.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Rickford has gone to Casselton, S. D., to visit relatives until after the holidays.

* * *

Mrs. J. T. Johns has returned to her home in Marquette, Mich., after a visit at the home of Mrs. J. W. Kreitter.

* * *

Miss Helen Jerrard is visiting at her old home in St. Cloud, Minn., during the holiday season.

* * *

Adolph Wirth is home from Chicago for the holidays.

* * *

George Ryan will leave this evening for a short visit at his old home in Canada.

* * *

Dr. F. C. Drenning has returned from a visit in the East.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Anna Ditmar, of Port Huron, to Roland Barrows, engineer of the tug Zenith, took place on Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Brooks, 5615 London road. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a large number of friends by Rev. J. W. Powell. Mr. and Mrs. Barrows will be at home at the Tremont for the winter.

* * *

Mrs. Loomis, of West Duluth, has returned from a visit with her daughter in St. Paul.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Stewart and family, of West Duluth, will leave soon for California for the benefit of Mr. Stewart's health.

* * *

On Saturday evening, Rev. and Mrs A. F. Elmquist were surprised by a number of their friends, members of the Bethany Lutheran congregation. The evening was delightfully spent and the guests left a substantial remembrance of their visit.

* * *

One of the pleasant events in fraternal circles was the party given by the Odd Fellows in their hall on Friday evening last. Mayor T. W. Hugo in a very appropriate speech presented Capt. T. H. Pressnell and E. R. Jefferson with handsome jeweled emblems as mementoes of their having been members of the order for twenty-five years. The presentation was followed by dancing under the auspices of Duluth lodge No. . A fine supper was served later in the evening. The committees were as follows: Ball room: T. J. St. Germain, John Williams, R. E. Macfarlane, J. F. McDonald, Noble Sampson, John Ebeling, D. E. Case. Dining hall: F. A. Lowry, W. S. Hoffman, A. H. Paul, William Stevens, J. W. Mathieson, Emil Hallander, F. W. Gustafson, D. L. LaBarr, A. E. Zotsford and E. V. Robinson.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra

Sunday Afternoon at 3 at the Armory

Soloists—
MISS DORA SWAN
GEORGE TYLER

Admission 25 Cents.

STREET CAR INCIDENT.

Sibulous Individual Causes Amusement For the Passengers.

Last evening there boarded a West Duluth car a man who was not ashamed to acknowledge that he had accumulated several dollars' worth of liquid joy and a bad taste. He sat down next to a girl wearing a mink collarette with the mink's head coyly nestling on her arm.

The man gazed at the animal for several moments in evident astonishment and then turned his head away and looked again. The mink was still watching him. Then a smile spread over his face as he seemed to realize that the animal was harmless.

"Nish lil' pussy!" he said, reaching over and stroking it gently. "'S cold, ain't it?"

The owner of the collarette was visably annoyed. She moved as far away as she possibly could, but the man was deeply touched by the sight of the poor, dumb animal.

"It's a shame," he said, addressing the other occupants of the car, "to bring a helpless animal out on a night like thish. Owneresh ought to be proshecuted."

The owner referred to did not take kindly to this criticism, and she summoned the conductor and complained that the man annoyed her. The conductor pleaded with him to leave the car, but he said he was comfortable where he was and agreed to behave himself for the rest of the trip. He kept his word, but the incident caused no end of amusement among the passengers.

MAY HELP DULUTH.

Tim Donahue's Row With President Hart May Bring Him Here.

There has been renewed talk of Duluth getting into some kind of a baseball league next season. Interest in the game seems to be on the wane in this city and the fans are sincerely wishing that something definite in this line would turn up. At present several of the players of the Chicago National League club are thinking of breaking away from the big company and going in with a small league, simply as a money-making venture. It is reported that Tim Donahue, the crack catcher of the orphans, has his eye on Duluth, and if this report is true, the present difficulty between himself and President Hart of the Chicago club should work to Duluth's benefit. Donahue claims that Hart owes him $200, and the president denies it, and over that point the catcher says he has decided to leave the club. He caught sixty-eight games last season.

QUAKER CITY'S MUSEUM.

Many Donations of Paris Exhibits to the Institution.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22.—Every nation that was represented at the Paris opposition has contributed a portion of its exhibit to the Philadelphia Commercial museum, and several countries have presented their entire exhibit. Dr. William P. Wilson, director of the museum, has returned from Paris, where he went in October to obtain donations. The city had appropriated $20,000 to pay the freight of the contributions from Paris to this country. Dr. Wilson stated that when he left Paris 400 cases had been packed for transportation and that these, together with many other cases still unpacked, would begin to arrive in Philadelphia in a fortnight.

"The governments of the various countries were most generous contributors," said Dr. Wilson, "while the private exhibitors were very chary. I sent out 1300 letters soliciting donations from private exhibitors and received just thirteen answers from manufacturers, one and all declining to give our museum samples of their work. They said they feared in this country we would imitate them and that we would learn some of their secrets from a study of their product. They did not propose to give a whip with which we would turn later and flay them."

Change in Time—Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company.

Commencing Thursday, Dec. 20, 1900, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern passenger train for all Mesabe range points, will leave Duluth Union depot at 7:40 a. m., instead of 7:45 a. m., and returning arrive in Duluth at 3:40 p. m.

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

REFRESHING SLEEP.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Taken just before retiring quiets the nerves, nourishes the tired and confused brain and induces refreshing sleep

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

LOGGING INDUSTRY

Warm Weather Gives It a Set Back Though Skidding Is Possible.

MEN IN ABUNDANCE

No Scarcity and Many Camps Have Made Reductions In Wages.

The logging industry in the Duluth district has received a setback this week from the warm weather and south winds that have prevailed. All the operators say that hauling is impossible, but that they are able to push the skidding along at a rapid rate and are getting ready to do a great deal of hauling as soon as it freezes up. The weather conditions and the abundance of men in the district looking for work has seriously affected the labor conditions and there has been a cut in wages in many camps. Some of the larger operators, however, made wise by their experience last winter, are keeping up the wages paid and holding the best men. Those that are paying the lowest wages are said to be getting the poorest class of woodsmen, those that have a severe attack of the wandering proclivity and that will cause the operator more or less trouble all winter by moving about from one camp to another. Men for the woods are coming this way in large numbers. Every train into the timber districts carries hundreds of them. The Western roads are bringing them in crowds and the men are being distributed along the lines where the logging business seems to hold out any promises.

William O'Brien, of St. Paul, and Lammers Brothers, of Stillwater, have established offices in this city in the Providence building and are commencing extensive logging operations on the Cloquet river. O'Brien is cutting about 20,000,000 feet of his own timber above Island Lake, for the Cloquet mills, and the Lammers Brothers are putting in about 10,000,000 feet. The indications are that the mills at Cloquet will have a very large stock of logs next spring.

At the close of the sawing season this year, the Cloquet mills had many million feet of logs left over. One mill, that of Johnson-Wentworth, will saw all winter, but the stock for the coming summer will be immense, larger, some believe than Cloquet has ever before had to saw. Cowan & Dudal will also cut extensively on an upper tributary of the St. Louis river and the Duluth & Northeastern and the Southern Mesaba roads will bring about 60,000,000 feet to the rivers, while the small jobbers and the companies themselves have camps all along the Cloquet and St. Louis watersheds.

The Nester estate has begun logging operations on its new road at Gooseberry river up on the north shore and has about 400 men employed with more coming. The road has been extended enough to permit of extensive logging operations for this season, though not yet completed.

The Stillwater Logging company is going in for 10,000,000 feet on the Clearwater river and for 7,000,000 near Solway, west of this city. Wages are said to be higher in that vicinity than at the head of the lakes, because of the difficulty in getting men. Logs are being got in in the northern part of this county for the mills at Rat Portage, and supplies are going in to the camps in large quantities from Tower and Biwabik. The North Shore Timber company has established three camps near the Nemigon and are taking out 10,000 cords of pulp wood.

Colvin & Robb, who are taking out pulp wood on the St. Louis river will establish several new camps the first of this week and will probably clear for a time the local labor market.

There is some talk among local lumber dealers of combining on some plan whereby they can yard their lumber at the head of the lake and distribute it to buyers direct from the yards here. According to the present system they are workign at a disadvantage for there are any number of competitive points that are nearer to the consumers where the dealers are able to undersell the local dealers because of the differenece in rates. For that reason the local dealers are casting about for some feasible plan whereby a common distribution might be brought about to avoid that trouble as well as many others.

Considering the season of the year the local market is characterized by a surprisingly firm tone. Some small sales are said to have already been made for spring shipment to the East. All the sales thus made are said to be for the far East, with the exception of about 2,000,000 feet for Chicago. Sales for the past few days have amounted to about 8,000,000 feet. Most of the lumber sold is of the common grades of which the Eastern markets are said to be shy. Buyers that have been in the city recently say that No. 3 and No. 4 boards of the common stock are quite scarce in the East. This is considered a very early date for spring sales but the general idea seems to be that prices will not go down this winter, in fact they have advanced along some lines in the deals already made.

$5.75 Round Trip, Via Eastern Minnesota Railway.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, and Jan. 2. The Bee line limited at 1:25 p. m.. Fastest train to Minneapolis. Has new observation chair car. Night train leaves at 11:25 p. m. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m. City ticket office, 432 West Superior street, or Union depot. Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

GEIST & ERD

Watches for the Holidays

Finest selection in the city.
Call and Inspect our beautiful line.

Solid Gold Watches from......*$16.00 up*
Gold Filled, from..........*$12.00 up*

GEIST & ERD

121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

AN AUCTION SALE Without an Auctioneer

- Hand-painted China,
- Finished Work,
- Drawn Work,
- Battenberg Pieces and Patterns,
- Imported Luncheon Cloths,
- Table Linens,
- Sofa Pillows, made and unmade.
- Pillow Cords,
- Statuary,
- Colored and White Art Linens,
- Chatelaine Bags,
- Shopping Bags,
- Jewelry.

The most unique sale ever conducted in Duluth.

Your choice of my Entire Stock Tonight, all day Monday and Monday Evening at

Your Own Prices

Select what you like—offer me a price (within reason) and the goods are yours.

No more appropriate presents could be found than something mentioned in this partial list.

Come While the Assortments are Complete.

Mrs. Franklin Paine,

106 W. Superior St. *Duluth, Minn.*

MERRIAM.

Reported at Washington That He Will Go Into the Cabinet.

New York, Dec. 22.—A special from the World from Washington says: There is a persistent rumor that ex-Governor Merriam of Minnesota, now director of the census, will be given a place in the cabinet some time after March 4.

RUMPUS IN JAPAN.

Minister Toru Resigns Because of Charges of Bribery.

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tokio says: Baron Hoshi Toru, the minister of communications, has resigned his post on account of an accusation of bribery in connection with the street cleaning contracts of the city council. It is not believed that this resignation, even if persisted in, will cause a cabinet crisis.

INFLUENZA KILLS MANY.

St. Petersburg's Week of Mortality the Highest For a Decade.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The influenza epidemic here is so severe that the mortality returns for the past week have been the highest for a decade. A meeting of citizens was summoned to discuss remedies, but scarcely half a dozen responded to the call, the rest being overworked or themselves victims of the malady. The weather is conducive to the spread of the disorder, being changeable, snow and slush alternating.

THINK NOTE SIGNED.

London, Dec. 22.—It now appears that the British foreign office has not received direct notification from Pekin that the joint note has been signed, but in view of the fact that it had received assurances from ambassadors in London to the effect that all ministers had been instructed to sign, the foreign office accepted as correct alleged semi-official dispatches from Berlin and Paris announcing the signature. The foreign office declares it has every reason to believe the signing is an accomplished fact and that the telegrams to the contrary are possibly anterior thereto.

CRACKSMEN FOILED.

Cleveland, Dec. 22.—Burglars late last night attempted to rob the Exchange bank, at Madison, Ohio, twenty-five miles east of this city. They blew open the safe but were frightened away before securing its contents. A man who discovered the burglars at work was seized and bound. The safe contained a large sum of money but not a cent was secured by the cracksmen.

DISABLED STEAMERS.

London, Dec. 22.—Two tugs are towing the White Star line steamer Cuific, recently at anchor in distress and abandoned by her crew off the Skerries, to Liverpool. The steamer Somerhill, which towed the disabled steamer Westernland to West bay, near Weymouth, has lost her mainmast and has had her hull damaged, but she is proceeding, leaving the Westernland to local assistance.

TAYLOR ELECTED.

London, Dec. 22.—Worsley Taylor, Conservative, has been elected to represent the Blackpool division of Lancashire in the house of commons, in succession to Sir Matthew White Ridley, who was home secretary in the late ministry and who, according to parliamentary usage, recently relinquished his seat in the lower house on being elevated to the peerage, with the title of Viscount Radley and Baron Wensley Dale.

DIES OF BURNS.

New York, eDc. 22.—Carrie Hanley, the 14-year-old girl, who was burned in public school 44 yesterday, while playing Santa Claus, died today.

HOWARD-MESNARD.

Chamberlain, S. D., Dec. 22.—Miss Grace Howard, daughter of the distinguished New York journalist, was married to Joseph Mesnard, manager of her big stock ranch. They will make their home forty miles west of Chamberlain, on the White river.

VICANOUS PUNISHMENT.

There are many characteristic reasons for lack of solidarity among the Chinese people, but the most conspicuous is the elaborate system of responsibility that ramifies throughout the system of government and heads the extensive code of ethics by which the Chinese regulate the conduct of their every day life. It is not difficult to trace the connection between the jellylike condition of Chinese national and civil life and the vicious and enervating principle that everybody is responsible, not only for his own acts, but also for the acts of somebody else, says the Saturday Evening Post. This condition accounts for the fact that an insignificant number of Manchu nobles are able to control the destiny of the empire and to dominate the people. To illustrate this principle, suppose that a pickpocket "lifts" a watch or purse in one of the streets of Canton or Peking. If the thief escapes with his booty the shopkeepers and residents along the street are held responsible and will make good the loss.

Such a system to the Western mind is incomprehensible, but the Chinese—philosophers by instinct though they are—regard it as the logical working out of a natural fundamental law. The system extends even farther. The Chinese are held responsible not only for human acts, but they are made to suffer for what the European regards as the acts of Providence. If a river rises in wrath and destroys life and property, the governor of the ill-fated district is summoned before the viceroy to explain why he permitted the inundation. In the majority of cases the luckless official commits suicide rather than submit to the punishment and degradation that inevitably follow.

TRUSTS IN AUSTRO-HUNGARY.

"There is more denunciation of trusts in Austro-Hungary than in any other country in Europe, but neither talk nor laws have harmed the system," according to Ainslee's. "The Austria sugar trust, to be sure, was dissolved after a short existence, not because it was unpopular, though the price fixed on its commodity had made it many enemies, but because of dissension among its members. Still, trusts have not extended so rapidly in Austro-Hungary as in Germany, and there is stronger sentiment in favor of restricting trade combinations among Austrian legislators than in the German parliament. A bill was introduced a while ago in the Austro-Hungarian reichsrath for government supervision of trusts engaged in the production of brandy, beer, mineral oil and other articles that are subject to excise, but nothing came of it, and the old law of 1852 declaring industrial combinations illegal was long ago repealed. Agreements and contracts to raise the price of commodities or injuriously to affect the interets of workingmen are void by law; but neither this nor any other legislation against trusts in Austria has even prevented the formation of a trade combination or interfered with its workings."

DON'T MISS THE TRAIN. SOUTH SHORE CHANGE OF TIME LOCAL DAY TRAINS.

Effective Monday, Dec. 24, train No. 6 will leave Duluth 7:15 a. m. instead of 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Marquette 5:30 p. m. and Houghton 7:10 p. m.

Train No. 5 will arrive Duluth 8 p. m. instead of 7:30 p. m. Time of "South Shore Limited"—Trains 7 and 8 remains the same.

Dining car serves meals "a la carte" on trains 5, 7 and 8.

FINE

Bath Robes,
Smoking Jackets,
Traveling Bags,
Dress Suit Cases,
Walking Sticks,
Silk Hosiery and Underwear.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Hatters and Furnishers,
304 West Superior St.

PERFUMES

You will want a bottle or two to fill out your list.

Always Acceptable.

We can please you and help you please your friends. Elegant odors, beautiful packages—let us show them. Huyler's and Lowney's fine candies.

BOYCE'S
DRUG STORE.

SEEKINS

Headquarters for everything that is choice in our line. There are no finer

CANDIES

made anywhere, and ours have one merit over shipped in goods—they are strictly fresh. Why pay more simply for a name. We have a nice line of Plants in bloom and a big line of

Palms and Ferns

nothing finer for presents. And will show Monday the **Largest Stock of Flowers ever seen here at Christmas.**

Remember the Number, 115 West Superior Street.

HAPPY
NEW YEAR
COPYRIGHT

NEW RESOLUTIONS.....

Are in order and among them don't fail to include on counting us in on your plumbing work the coming year. Not price alone, but price and quality make the value of our work and every transaction with us means satisfaction guaranteed at lowest possible cost.

FARRELL & TURNBULL

Zenith 'Phone 612. 125 East Superior St.

West Duluth

The Seventh ward Democrats held a very interesting meeting in the hospital building at the corner of Ramsey and Fifty-third avenue west last night. The attendance was large and a unanimous endorsement of Frank Wade as the Democratic candidate for aldermanic honors in the Seventh ward the feature of the meeting. The situation was fully discussed and those present were of the opinion that the outlook for the election of Mr. Wade, if nominated, is very favorable, more favorable for a Democratic alderman, they believe, than ever before. Action was also taken for the endorsement of John Galloway, Joe Brotherton and Steve Bulger as prospective candidates for delegates to the city convention.

THE HORSE SUIT.

The outcome of the suit of Dr. Confer against J. J. Frey, in which the former seeks to recover for the horse that the latter shot in mistake for a deer, during the hunting season last fall, is watched with a great deal of interest by West Duluthians. The case was taken up in municipal court at the city hall yesterday afternoon, but was not finished, a continuance being taken until next Monday. The drawing of the jury occasoined a little mirth because of the inquiries of the attorneys as to whether the jury men were deer hunters or horse hunters. But one West Duluth citizen was accepted on the jury as all the rest examined declared they had read of the case in the newspapers and had a decided opinion as to its merits. One man went so far as to state his belief that the defendant "ought to get six years." The testimony put in yesterday by the defense was in support of his claim that the animal was not worth the $250 that the plaintiff sued for.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Maragret Leach, formerly of West Duluth, and George W. Burt, of the Ashland Cigar and Tobacco company, were united in marriage at the Leland hotel in Ashland, Friday, Dec. 7. Rev. Mr. Beach, of the Congregational church, officiating.

The wedding of Miss Emma Johnson, of West Duluth, to Dr. O. T. Mitchell, of Duluth, is announced to take place at the home of the bride's parents on Monday afternoon of next week. The bridal couple will spend their honeymoon in Chicago and the East.

On Christmas day there will be services at 5514 Grand avenue, West Duluth. Rev. Adolph Salverson will preach at 11 o'clock a. m.

Ed and Dan Hannon, of Proctorknott, left last evening for a visit in Detroit, Mich.

A daughter was born on Dec. 21 to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Scott.

Philip Bouroso left this morning with an outfit for Knife river, on the north shore, where he will establish a camp and take out ties this winter.

C. O. Swanson was fined $9.10 in Justice Stone's court yesterday afternoon on the charge of Mrs. Swanson that he had made threats to injure her.

The following officers have been elected for Sitting Bull tribe, No. 25, Independent Order of Redmen: Sachem, William McCullum; senior sagamore, P. Twomey; junior sagamore, T. J. Ultican; prophet, James Gilson; keeper of records, W. A. Day; keeper of wampum, P. J. Mulligan; trustee, T. R. Mayo.

Though W. B. Getchell has not announced his intention of being a candidate before the Democratic convention for the nomination of justice of peace for West Duluth, some of his friends believe that he will eventually accept the endorsement of the Democratic club and consent to run.

Wiegand's beautiful mass, in honor of St. Joseph, will be sung for the first time in the city of Duluth, by St. James' choir of West Duluth. Professor George Tyler will assist as tenor, and several musicians from Flaaten's orchestra. This mass will be sung at 5 a. m. and 10:30 a. m.

In view of the approaching holidays, special exercises were held in the schools at West Duluth yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Lambert will sepnd the holidays in Pine City.

John Buckley is said to be very sick.

The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Wilkinson is still very low.

Sarah Maud Rooney, the 12-year-old step-daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Salter, died yesterday of typhoid pneumonia. The funeral took place this afternoon from the family residence, 6114 Green street. The remains were taken to Minneapolis for interment.

The Republican club of West Duluth will hold its regular semi-monthly meeting tonight at its hall.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.

Until Christmas all dental operations one-half regular charges, West Duluth dental parlors, over Hendricks.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

A Mandolin, Guitar or Violin makes a desirable Christmas present. Autoharps, Zithers, Accordeons, Etc. We are agents for the celebrated Washburn & Brandt's Mandolios and Guitars. *A. Haakonsen & Co.,* 102½ West Superior St.

WILLIAMS ACQUITTED.

Charge of Stealing Restaurant Outfit Is Not Sustained.

Charley Williams was acquitted this morning in police court on a charge of stealing a restaurant and selling it to a second-hand dealer. Recently Williams went into a somewhat singular partnership with Louis R. Birtch and opened a restaurant up near the Parlor theater. Business didn't pay and Williams sold the furniture to a second-hand man. He was arrested on a charge of larceny, but this morning during the examination he made a claim that he had a bona fide interest in the goods sold and was released from custody.

Prisoners in court this morning were: Domenico Jeannetta, John Mars, Henry Johnson, Louis Brunet, and Martin Gordon. Jeanetta was allowed to go under a suspended sentence. Brunet paid a fine of $12 and the others went up the hill for drunkenness.

FOR SALE.

Lot 161, Block 42, Third Division,
Price $350, net cash.
Wm. E. Richardson, Assignee.

A FIGHT IN SIGHT.

Independent Tug Line May Go After the Trust Hard.

It is claimed in marine circles that the independent tug line is getting ready to fight the tug trust in an entirely different way during the coming season. The independent line is said to be making an effort to secure a liberal number of season contracts with vessel owners for towing purposes, and if it can get a large enough list there will be a new fleet of tugs built that will surpass anything of the kind hitherto attempted. It is also rumored that Capt. James Davidson is looking for the work. The independent line included twenty-eight tugs last season, that covered eight or nine ports, and the indications are said to be that the line will open another season better equipped than ever.

Spend Your Money Wisely.

Your wife and children will be pleased with neat fitting footwear purchased at Wieland's. Goods exchanged after Christmas.

Grants New Trial.

Judge Dibell this morning filed an order granting a motion for a new trial in the case of J. D. and J. G. Howard against N. Slonin and others, involving the title to some property on the lake side of Minnesota Point, this side of the canal. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs when the case was tried, and the defendants made a motion for judgment in their favor, notwithstanding the verdict, and failing in that for a new trial. Judge Dibell declined to grant the judgment, but did grant the motion for a new trial.

For three days Harris & Esterly, at 406 West Superior street, will sell diamonds at wholesale prices.

Holly—The Finest.

Two pounds for 25 cents at Seekins'.

Makes a Nice Gift.

A fine selection of holiday slippers at reduced prices at Wieland's.

IT MAY BE AMENDED

Proposition to Allow Health Department to Assess Property.

TO PROSECUTE NOW

That Method Not Satisfactory to Department As It Causes Delay.

A new amendment to the new charter is proposed. There is considerable complaint recently on account of the bad sanitary conditions that prevail all over the city in the way of garbage strewn promiscuously through alleys and over vacant lots and back yards. The mild winter weather has caused the usual spring epidemic of complaints to be hurled at the health department much earlier than usual this year.

As a result of these complaints it is now proposed to have the new charter so amended that when property owners are warned by the health department and neglect to clean their premises, the city can go ahead and do the cleaning, thereby making the cost a regular assessment against the property from which the garbage is taken.

There is authority at present for the board of public works to remove snow and ice from walks and charge it up to the property in the form of a regular assessment, and the health authority would like the same authority with regard to keeping the city clean and in a healthful condition.

Of late there have been several cases where the health department has had property owners arrested for violating the health ordinances in this respect, but Dr. Robinson says that the present method is inadequate and unsatisfactory. He says that so far as he can see the assessment plan would be the most satisfactory, though it has several drawbacks and might be unfair in some instances to non-resident property owners who are not responsible for the tin cans and things that are dumped on their lots by tenants of adjoining property.

The health commissioner said that he was open to suggestions on this plan, and would be glad of any helpful criticisms that might be offered.

The present condition of Duluth alleys and vacant lots in populous districts is worse than Superior street paving as a thing of aesthetic beauty, and from a sanitary standpoint physicians declare the habit of making dump piles out of alleys and vacant lots should be checked as soon as possible. Several physicians agree with Dr. Robinson's plan for a charter amendment, especially those that have served as head of the health department and know how impossible it is to effect a general cleaning up under the present system.

While the proposition is favored generally about the city hall, the stereotyped objection of financing it is brought up. The health department, in its fight to prevent an epidemic of contagious disease, has exhausted the money in its fund and has had to discharge several employes for a few months in order to get along as economically as possible. It has been suggested that the only way in which the assessment plan could be worked would be to have the money taken out of the general fund and then paid back when the assessments were collected, but this does not appear to be altogether satisfactory.

See Gately's Xmas goods.

Fine Hand Painted China

Or embroideries make beautiful presents. Mrs. Paine offers her extensive stock at special sale tonight and all day Monday. Particulars on page 5.

RUTHVEN MUST DIE.

Cleveland, Dec. 22.—Judge Neff, in criminal court today, sentenced Edward Ruthven, colored, to be electrocuted, April 12, 1901, for the murder of Patrolman Shipp. Shipp discovered the negro in the act of burglarizing a residence and tried to arrest him. Ruthven killed the policeman and escaped. Subsequently, a score of officers surrounded a house where Ruthven had taken refuge. The negro, however, with a revolver in each hand fought his way out, and, after a running battle, eluded the police. He was finally captured at Indianapolis after being shot and badly wounded. The trial attracted widespread attention owing to the fact that Ruthven was confined in an iron cage while he was in court.

MURDERESS CONVICTED.

Sigourney, Iowa, Dec. 22.—Sarah Kuhn was today found guilty of murder in the first degree. She was tried on the charge of poising her husband. The jury recommended imprisonment in the penitentiary for life at hard labor. Sentence was deferred.

Read Mrs. Paine's ad on page 5. It's a novel sale.

Tour of All Mexico'

Special train tour of all Mexico has been arranged by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in connection with the well-known American Tourist association, Mr. Reau Campbell, general manager.

Party will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Jan. 21, 1901, going via Chicago, St. Louis and San Antonio and New Orleans. Chicago will be reached on return trip Feb. 28 and Twin Cities March 1.

Price of ticket includes every possible expense—railroad and sleeping car fares, meals, hotels, guides, etc.

Write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, or call at "The Milwaukee" offices for price of tickets, complete itinerary and other information.

Cigars, tobacco and smokers' articles at Bennett's news stand.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.

Albany, N. Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

The Biggest, Busiest Day of the Year Will Be Monday.

The Afternoon and Evening Will Bring the Inevitable Rush of Eager Holiday Crowds.

Once more we have arranged a list of Morning Bargains to help divide the crowds and induce you to be advised and trade in the morning. We take a loss but it is a loss that pays both our customers and ourselves. It will bring part of the holiday buyers out in the morning and give all a good opportunity of being properly waited upon. Do your shopping in the forenoon

Come for These Bargains Between 8 and 12 a.m.

Store Open Monday Night Until 11:00 O'clock........

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Store Open Until 12:30 Noon on Tuesday—Christmas Day

5c for 40c Sheet Music.

300 copies "Cavalliera Rusticana," published at 40c a copy—Monday, 8 to 12—limit, 2 copies to a customer, at 5c each.

35c for 75c Bottles Perfume.

Woodworth's and Hilbert's triple extracts in all odors, put up in neat bottles, in fancy boxes, regular prices 65c and 75c. Monday, 8 to 12—2 to a customer at 35c each.

10c for 25c Neck Chains.

About 100 gold plated Neck Chains, either plain or with setting, their regular price is 25c. Special Monday, 8 to 12, 2 to a customer, at 10c each.

10c for 25c Caramels.

1000 pounds fresh, delicious genuine Maple Sugar Caramels, like small stores sell at 25c lb—8 to 12 Monday—3 lbs to a customer for 25c, or 10c single lb.

9c for 18c Suspenders.

200 pairs Men's Elastic Web Suspenders, wire buckles, plaited ends and drawer supporters—nice assortment of 15c and 18c kinds—monday morning, 8 to 12 o'clock—2 pairs to a customer at 9c each.

29c for 65c Opal Ware.

3000 pieces decorated Opal Ware, such as glove and handkerchief boxes, cracker and rose jars, bread plates, etc, value 65c—8 to 12 o'clock Monday morning—2 pieces to a customer, at 29c each.

15c for 35c Books.

250 hand-painted Address, Laundry and Calling Books, tied with ribbon and very acceptable gifts; Monday, 8 to 12, 2 Books to a customer, at 15c each.

95c for $1.50 Card Cases.

100 Gentlemen's Card Cases in Real Seal, Alligator and Morocco, black, brown and tan; regular $1.25 and $1.50 kinds; 8 to 12 Monday, each 95c.

25c for 75c Photo Frames.

75 Photo Frames in Real Gold Plate and French Gray, oval, square and round; 50c, 65c and 75c goods; Monday, one to a customer, at 25c.

45c for 75c Fancy Elastics.

100 pair beautiful frilled edge side elastics with gold plated buckles, in special holiday boxes—75c values, Monday, 8 to 12, 2 pair to a customer, at 45c a pair.

79c for up to $1.50 Shirts.

12 dozen Men's Fancy Stiff Bosom Percale Shirts, open back and front, with one pair detached cuffs; newest patterns and colorings in $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Shirts; 8 to 12 Monday, two to a customer at 79c each.

15c for 35c Wood Toys.

500 Wood Wagons, Brownie Ladders, Laundry Sets, War Ships and Tables, worth 25c to 35c each; Monday 8 to 12 o'clock; 2 to a customer, at 15c each.

25c for 50c Table Sets.

50 Sets of Butter Knife and Sugar Shell, put up in neat lined boxes and very suitable for Christmas Gifts. Our regular price is 50c; Monday, 8 to 12 a. m., two sets to a customer at 25c each.

79c for $1.00 Sacques.

100 Eiderdown Dressing Saques, in all prevailing colors. Their regular value is $1.00. Special Monday from 8 to 12 a. m. at 79c each; 2 to a customer.

$2.98 for Ladies' Eiderdown Bath Robes.

40 Ladies' Eiderdown and Terry Cloth Bath Robes in fancy colors, just the things for Christmas gifts, our regular price is $4.50. Monday, 8 to 12, sale price **$2.98**

Choice Cut Flowers

Monday we will receive from our Flower growers at Forest Glen, Ill.,

The largest and finest assortment of Cut Flowers ever shown in Duluth and our prices will be Half

That you will have to pay elsewhere for the same kinds.

Thousands of Roses, Carnations (at Glass Block Prices) American Beauties will be here from $2.00 doz. up.

And plenty of all kinds of Cut Flowers and Evergreens of unexcelled qualities. Get your orders in early in the morning and insure getting what you want as the Christmas trade is invariably very large.

NEARLY FINISHED

Palmer Case Will Be Submitted to the Jury This Afternoon.

EVIDENCE IS ALL IN

Mr. Phelps Asks Several Witnesses a Rather Sensational Question.

If the jury in the Palmer case has much difficulty in getting at a verdict, it will spend part of Sunday thinking it over in the jury room. At noon it was clear that the case would get to the jury this afternoon, though it would take some effort to do so. As Tuesday is Christmas, it would deprive the range jurors of their Christmas at home if a session is held Monday.

This morning there was further argument on Miss Whitney's register, after which Judge Dibell decided that it was admissable as impeaching the testimony of Adolph Schletz, and not as evidence of the girl's actual age.

The rocking chair from Palmer's office referred to by the girls, was introduced by the defense. T. A. Merritt testified to getting it from Palmer's office at the other trial and that there was no other chair like it there.

E. G. Swanstrom testified to his acquaintance with Palmer and his belief that his reputation was that of having a good character. He had never heard anyone say anything against him.

James T. Hale, Alfred Merritt, G. A. St. Clair and Henry S. Ely gave similar testimony, such as has been given along that line on prior trials. Some of the witnesses who said that they had never heard anything against Palmer were asked if they had ever heard of his locking himself in a room in the Chamber of Commerce building with a girl four years ago and a janitor calling for a policeman to break in the door. All said they had never heard of it.

A. A. Farrington, court stenographer, who reported the former trial of this case, was called to the stand and read from his minutes the testimony given on the former trial of Frank Anderson, Josephine Partika, Hattie Schiebe and Clara Schletz, for the purpose of comparison with that given in this case. Mr. Phelps then examined him, and he said that it often happened that a witness would make a statement in one instance and qualify or change it later. He was also asked as to the cross-examination of Mr. Palmer on the former trial and gave some of his testimony.

The defendant rested at this point, and the state called called R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of schools of Duluth, in rebuttal. His testimony related to the system of keeping records of ages of pupils in 1897, and he said that the registration cards in use then did not have blanks for the date of birth. There was no requirement for it, though some of the cards had blanks for it.

This closed the evidence and after the requests for charges had been made, and at 11:30 o'clock Mr. Phelps began his opening to the jury. It was expected that the case would get to the jury late this afternoon. The attorneys arranged to confine themselves to an hour and a half each. Mr. Washburn made the address to the jury for the defense.

The report of the proceedings yesterday afternoon will be found on page 14.

Harris & Esterly will sell diamonds at actual wholesale prices for the next three days. 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio building.

CUT IN HALF.

Difference Between City and Northern Pacific Over Viaduct Partially Adjusted.

All that stands in the way of active work on the Garfield avenue viaduct construction is a question of $2700 between the city and the Northern Pacific road. The difference was $5400 before City Attorney Mitchell and City Engineer McGilvray, visited St. Paul yesterday. There are indications that the city and road will get together on the present difference early in January.

When the court ordered the railroads to build the viaduct the judgment was filed in such a manner that the roads were required to build to the south side of Michigan street, and the citizens of the West End were practically unanimous in the opinion that it should terminate at Superior street. As a result the city must build from Michigan to Superior street. The city then asked the railroad companies to so modify their plans as to leave the viaduct incomplete up to the south line of Michigan street so the city's approach could be hitched on. The roads agreed to this on condition that the city would give them time to swing their tracks together in order to shorten the length of the viaduct, and also on the condition that the city would pay the difference in the cost of leaving the viaduct up high or finishing it. It was claimed that this difference amounted to $5400 and that is what has caused the hitch. Yesterday Mr. Mitchell and Mr. McGilvray met the Northern Pacific officials in St. Paul and effected a compromise whereby the sum was cut in half.

DEATH'S CALL.

Frank M. Guthrie Responds to the Summons of the Grim Reaper.

Frank M. Guthrie, of this city, died last evening at Chillicothe, Ohio, the home of his wife. Mr. Guthrie has been a sick man for more than a year, and about three months ago was taken quite severely. A month ago he left with Mrs. Guthrie for Chillicothe to spend the holidays and endeavor to recuperate his failing health. Mr. Guthrie was 54 years of age at the time of his death. He came to Duluth from Milwaukee about ten years ago and was in the transportation business. He was first associated with Capt. McDougall, and later was identified with fast freight lines. At the time of his death he represented the Lehigh Valley railroad, the Traders' Dispatch fast freight and the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad. He was a member of the board of trade and the Kitchi Gammi club and resided at 1631 East First street. Mrs. Guthrie survives him, but there are no children. Mr. Guthrie originally came from Cincinnnati.

Among his friends and business associates Mr. Guthrie was very popular. He was always cheery and bright and a pleasant companion wherever he was. On the board of trade he was especially liked and was familiarly known among men there as "Judge." On the board today expressions of sorrow were general that death had claimed so genial and companionable a man.

WANTED--A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

THE NEW BOATS

Style to Be Built For the New Peavey-Wolvin Line.

The new boats that are to be built by the shipbuilding trust for the Peavey syndicate will be almost copies of the steamer Mataafa, of the Minnesota fleet, which was ordered by A. B. Wolvin, of this city. When the Mataafa was launched she was christened the Pensylvania, and her name was changed when she went into the hands of the Minnesota company. The new steamers will be 450 feet over all, 430 feet keel, 50 feet beam and 28½ feet deep. They will have quadruple expansion engines and Babcock & Wilcox water tube boilers, with automatic stokers and pneumatic ash hoists. They will be fitted with the latest cargo handling and motive power appliances. Two of the boats will come out by September next and the other two will be ready for launching the following month. The cost of the four new steamers will be $1,500,000.

These boats make thirty steel boats under contract at the lake yards of the American Shipbuilding company.

It is understood that the officers of the company have not yet decided at which of the company's yards the new boats will be constructed, but that the question will be settled in a few days. It is considered likely that the local shipbuilding yards of the trust will build one, at least. The company has a great deal of work ahead, and it will have to hustle matters to get the boats out on time. The season just closed is said to have been a banner one in the shipbuilding business. More vessels were built than ever before in the history of the trade. All the steel plants are said to be filled up, and the keels for the steamers ordered cannot be laid until other boats are launched.

Holliday Slippers at Wieland's.

This line of most appropriate gifts is being sold at reduced prices to close them out at Wieland's.

OFFICIAL IS KILLED

Auditor Morris, of the War Department, Murdered In His Office.

EMPLOYE SLAYS HIM

A Former Disbursing Clerk Shoots Him and Then Attempts Suicide.

Washington, Dec. 22.—F. H. Morris, of Ohio, auditor of the war department, was shot, at 2:15 this afternoon, in his office, in the Windsor building, by a man named McDonald, formerly a disbursing clerk in the office. Morris was shot through the heart and died almost instantly.

McDonald, who did the shooting, then cut his own throat and shot himself. Before doing so, he had a desperate affray with the watchman of the building, who tried to arrest him. The watchman was badly beaten about the head with the murderer's pistol.

Samuel McDonald, who did the killing, had been the second disburser's clerk in Morris' office and had been reduced. It is said that brooding over this led to the tragedy.

Borris had been auditor for the navy department, but was transferred to the present post a year ago on account of his good record.

McDonald was taken to the Emergency hospital and was still alive at 3:39. The pistol ball had entered his left breast near the heart, but the doctors had been unable to trace it. The gap in his throat was ghastly, but it was not known whether it would result fatally. McDonald is from Ohio.

QUESTION OVER BIDS.

Several Legal Points Arise Over the Battleship Proposals.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The board on construction again considered the battleship problem today. Secretary Long had referred back to the board for bids covering the three sheathed battleships, having accepted its conclusions as to the eight other vesels included in the advertisement. Several interesting legal points are involved in the case. In the first place, it is doubtful whether or not one of the three vessels must be allotted to the Pacific coast builders. There is a strong argument on either side of the question. Again, it is a question whether the department is at liberty to require builders to amend their bids through the indirect method of restoring certain items of construction omitted in the specifications. Altogether, it appears that the board will be occupied for the next three days in determining these points, and then passing upon the alternative proposition, in the event that the bids cannot be brought within the limit of cost, of having recourse to new designs for the ships and advertising for smaller battleships on the general lines of the Maine class. Meanwhile, considerable pressure is being brought to bear upon the navy department by members of congress and by prominent Western people to influence a decision in favor of the Pacific coast.

DECKER'S 16 2nd Ave. W. will have a special sale on **Framed Pictures** Monday, to close out a large CHRISTMAS STOCK.

BAILEY TRIAL.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Secretary Long has received the following telegram from Capt. Evans, the temporary head of the trial board which has been conducting the runs of the new torpedo boat Bailey, off Newport, regarding the performance of the little vessel yesterday. The trial of the Bailey was suspended for want of suitable coal. Standardization complete for 29 knots. Engines and appurtenances worked admirably. Board leaves for Washington tonight. Bailey returns to Morris Heights.

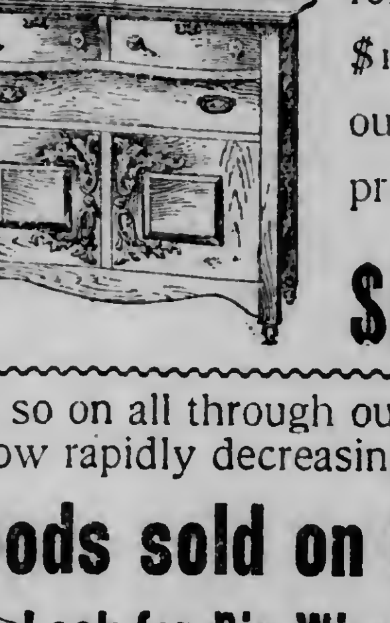
Harris & Esterly will sell diamonds at actual wholesale prices for the next three days. 406 West Superior street, opposite Palladio building.

XMAS PRESENTS

For You All—and within the reach or you all—and your purse is never too small to purchase a nice piece of Fureiture or a handsome Carpet, or a handsome Rug, or a handsome pair of Lace Curtains, or a handsome pair of Portieres—

In fact anything from our large and well selected stock of High Grade Goods at Low Grade Prices—and in order to give you some idea of how our goods are selling, we quote you a few of our many Bargains—none such anywhere else in the city. This is an opportunity of your lifetime to get such valuable and useful articles at nearly 50 cents on the dollar. We also have the finest line of Fancy and Odd Dressers at the Head of the Lakes and are selling them for only $8.00 and upwards.—A Solid Oak Dresser with French Plate for only $8.00

A Solid Oak Sideboard



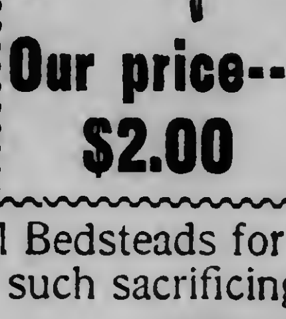
Sold elsewhere for $18.00, our price... **$11.25**

A Solid Oak Chiffonier. — Sold everywhere for $10.00 —

Our price----$6.50

A Solid Oak Parlor Table

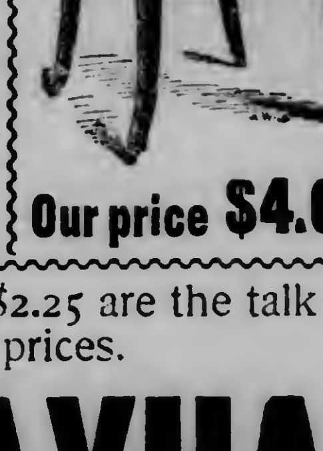
Sold elsewhere for $3.00—



Our price---$2.00

A Roman Chair.

Sold elsewhere for $6.00—



Our price $4.00

A Handsome Davenport.

Sold elsewhere for $40.00—

Our price $25.00

And so on all through our entire stock. Our all-metal Bedsteads for $2.25 are the talk of the town. Our stock is now rapidly decreasing—and why should it not, at such sacrificing prices.

Goods sold on Easy Payment Plan.

☞ **Look for Big Wire Sign on Roof.**

BAYHA & CO.,

24 and 26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The pantorium, open all night. 'Phone 653.

Miss Viola Older, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Older, No. 1811 South street, died early this morning.

Marriage licenses have been issued to William J. Armstrong and Ella Shearer, S. Oscar Johnson and Ida Peterson, George Musolf and Annie Torr, and to Charles Olson and Annie S. Hagberg.

Mortimer H. Stanford has begun suit in district court against the C. M. Hill Lumber company to recover $500 alleged to be due for legal services performed by the plaintiff for the defendant between April 4, 1898, and Feb. 2, 1899. Alfred L. Thwing is the attorney.

James F. McGummey has begun suit in district court against William Brewster Wood and others to clear title to lot 35, East Second street, Duluth proper, First division. Richardson & Day are the attorneys.

The Beethoven club, consisting of Fred G. Bradbury, violin; J. H. Flaaten, second violin; I. U. Sodahl, viola; Gaston Borch, 'cello, and Gerard Tonning, piano, have made definite arrangements to begin their series of chamber concerts. The first concert will be given during the first half of January.

The uniformed rank of the Maccabees will give their Christmas dancing party at their hall in Hunter block tonight.

A son was born today to Mr. and Mrs. Harris Bennett, of 19 Mesaba avenue.

PERSONALS.

Thomas Wood returned yesterday from St. Louis and left today for Minneapolis.

Dr. Mitchell leaves today for a month's trip to the Pacific coast.

James L. Joyce, of Eveleth, is among the visitors in the citl today.

George Yates, of Iron River, Wis., is in the city on a brief business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Green and son are spending the holidays in Chicago and Southern Wisconsin points.

S. E. Middleton left this afternoon for a short visit in the Twin Cities.

C. D. Thompson left this afternoon for a visit in the Twin Cities over Sunday.

Frank F. Leach left today for St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Bigelow were among the Duluthians who left today for the Twin Cities.

John Lowry went to St. Paul for Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cross will leave tomorrow to spend Christmas at Marquette, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Doran will spend the holidays in Houghton, Mich.

Miss Olive Ball and Miss Jean Campbell of Milwaukee, Wis., are visiting friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Ball, of Tower, were among the range town visitors here today.

C. G. Shipman and daughter, of Ely, were among the Christmas shopers here today.

J. D. Shilling, of Biwabik, is in the city this afternoon.

J. F. Tracey, of Hibbing, registered at the St. Louis today.

D. H. Lawrence, of Two Harbors, was a business caller here today.

W. H. Fraser, of Eveleth, is a guest of the St. Louis.

C. B. Ayres, of Ely, is in the city for a short visit.

M. H. McMahon and wife returned today from a trip to San Francisco.

John Mewhinney, of Buhl, Minn., Thomas Mewhinney, of Virginia, and Joe Mewhinney, of Biwabik, left last night for a visit to their father in Canada. They will spend Christmas holidays and return to the range about Jan. 30.

Great Masque Ball

By Wa-Wa-Tay-See Council, No. 4, Degree of Pocahontas, at Elks' Wigwam, Monday evening, Dec. 31. Masks must be raised before entering hall. Tickets, 25c.

HOME FOR CHRISTMAS.

Travel Out of Duluth for the Holidays Is Very Heavy.

Travel to the Twin Cities has been exceedingly heavy on all the lines out of this city today. The afternoon trains were filled to the very doors, and in some instances it was found necessary to attach extra coaches. As the reports from the ticket offices in West Superior indicate that a large number of people took the trains from that city, it is safe to say that the travel today has exceeded that of any one previous day thus far this year. All the trains from the range brought down crowds of Christmas shoppers, and the Union depot has been a very busy place all day. The travel Twin Cityward will be heavier than ordinarily tonight. The local ticket officials predict considerable travel tomorrow, though not so heavy, perhaps, as today. Next Monday, however, will witness the hegira of the vanguard of those Duluthians who will spend the holidays in St. Paul and Minneapolis, or points reached from those cities.

Oberlin Glee Club.

A fine musical event will take place in Pilgrim Congregational church on Tuesday evening, Dec. 25, when the Oberlin College Glee and Mandolin club will entertain the music lovers of Duluth with many fine numbers, including solos, quartets, choruses and stirring college songs. The club is comprised of seventeen voices, all carefully selected from among hundreds of other voices and given a daily and thorough drill under a competent instructor before going out on its tour. Wherever the Oberlin club has appeared it has won commendation from all critics. Of the club the Chicago Inter-Ocean says:

"Those who attended the concert given by the Oberlin College Glee club last night expecting an ordinary college boys' sing-song were surprised. Those who anticipated an evening of horse-play and musical pranks were agreeably disappointed. To the credit of the Oberlin boys, be it said, they rendered a high-class program in a decidedly artistic manner, and a large and fashionable audience signified its complete approval of the innovation by demanding an encore for every number on the list."

JUDGE VAN WYCK DEAD.

Milwaukee, Dec. 22.—Judge Anthony Van Wyck, father of District Attorney Howard Van Wyck, died today from a stroke of paralysis. Judge Van Wyck was well known throughout the state.

MANITOBA CABINET.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: The Manitoba cabinet has again been increased to five members. Robert Rogers was sworn in as minister of public works. McFadden takes the provincial secretaryship.

SWINDLE CHARGED.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—John M. Bredt, a diamond merchant, and Mrs. Bertha Freitig, were arrested today, charged with being involved in a diamond swindle. Their alleged victims are said to be numbered by the score.

Home-Made Candies.

Largest stock in in city at Seekins'.

Lazells' perfumes are the best. For sale at C. J. Tufte's.

ASK SMALL AMOUNTS.

Three Damage Suits Begun and Sums Demanded Are $1000 Each.

Three personal injury suits were filed in district court yesterday afternoon, and in each, the claims are modest, amounting to only $1000.

George Sheets wants that amount from the Duluth-Superior Traction company, company claiming that he was put off a street car by one of the company's employes near Twenty-first avenue west, Oct. 28, of this year, after he had paid his fare. He charges that the company's employes are incompetent, "wreckless,." pugnacious men, and that they have been rewarded for similar conduct. He claims that in being put off his back and feelings were hurt, hence his claim for damages. D. M. DeVore is the attorney.

John Caldwell asks the same amount from E. T. Williams & Sons. He claims that shortly before 4 o'clock a. m. on Sept. 8, 1900, while he was oiling the engine on dredge No. 2, the engineer started up the engine ahead of time and without notice, and the plaintiff's right arm was crushed by an eccentric. He charges that the engineer was incompetent and that the company was to blame for employing him. D. M. DeVore is his attorney also.

John S. Fitzsimmons would like $1000 from the Clark-Jackson Lumber company to compensate him for injuries for which he alleged the company is liable. He says he was working on a drive-way for the company in Carlton county, where it had a lot of logs on a rollway on the bank of the river. The foremon told him to move, with others, one of the logs on the pile, notwithstanding his protest that it would bring the other logs down. He says it did, and they rolled on him and injured him severely. He claims the foreman was incompetent and that the company should not have employed him, so he asks damages. H. H. Hawkins is his attorney, with D. M. DeVore as counsel.

WANTS FULL SUM.

Hinckley Marshal Claims $200 For Catching Horse Thief.

The application of William Russell, the Hinckley marshall who arrested Lorenzo McBride for horse-stealing, for which offense McBride is now serving a sentence in the county jail, for the bounty for the arrest and conviction, came up in special term of district court this morning. The petitioner, through his attorney, R. C. Saunders, of Hinckley, raised a novel point. The original law provides for a bounty of $200, but the legislature of 1897 cut it to $50. Russell applies for $200, claiming that the amendment of 1897 is unconstitutional and void. He claims that is in contravention ofe article 4 of section 27 of the state constitution, which provides that no law shall embrace more than one subject, which shall be stated in the title. The title of the amendment refers to bounties for horse thieves, but th amendment itself does not provide directly for a bounty for horse thieves, but provides, on its face, for a bounty of $50 for anyone who shall cause the arrest and conviction of anyone. The offense is not specified at all.

The point is an interesting one. Judge Ensign referred it to Judge Cant, who was not present at the special term, because he has looked the matter up and is prepared to take it up.

Other matters disposed of at special term are as follows: Three applications of the board of education for the cancellation of taxes on school property, granted; Paul L. Crowe against A. B. Wolvin, motion to frame issues for the jury heard and submitted; in re petition of W. A. Wagner for the satisfaction of certain judgments against him on the ground that he has been discharged from bankruptcy under the federal law, granted; Scott-Graff Lumber company against Alice S. McKinley et al., judgment for plaintiff; A. F. Swanstrom as executor against Albert Swenson et al., judgment in foreclosure.

BOUTS ARE OFF.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—The tieup of boxing exhibitions in Chicago was made complete today, when the Chicago Athletic club decided to hold no boxing shows and abandoned all plans for bouts on Dec. 29. It was said the city authorities would have allowed exhibitions at the club, but the committee disliked the notoriety, which, they believed, would affect the club.

AN OCEAN MYSTERY.

A "dusty" ocean highway sounds almost incredible. Yet those who are familiar with sailing ships know that, no matter how carefully the decks may be washed down in the morning and how little work of any kind may be done during the day, nevertheless, if the decks are not swept at nightfall an enormous quantity of dust will quickly collect, says the London Shipping World. Of course, on the modern "liner" the burning of hundreds of tons of coal every twenty-four hours and the myriads of footfalls daily would account for a considerable accumulation of dust, but on a "wind-jammer," manned with a dozen hands or less, no such dust-producing agencies are at work. And yet the records of sailing ships show that they collect more sea dust than does a steamer, which is probably accounted for by the fact that while the dust-laden smoke blows clear of the steamer, the large area of canvass spread by the sailor acts as a dust collector.

To quote an instance in support of this contention, we may mention that no less than twenty-four and a half barrels of fine dust were swept from the decks of an American sailing ship during a ninety-seven days' voyage from New York to San Francisco. The captain of this vessel, a man of scientific tastes, made careful observations on the mystery of sea dust, but beyond the wear and tear of the sails and rigging, a quite negligible factor, he could assign absolutely no perceptible cause for the formation of dust on board his ship. It has been asserted that the dust which falls on the decks of vessels emanates from the interstellar spaces. This sounds both scientific and plausible, but is at varience with certain known facts. Bits of leather, cork, wood and vegetable fiber are almost always present in sea dust.

Of the fact of the steady and constant deposition of dust on the decks of vessels while at sea there is no possible room for doubt, but, so far, all attempts to solve the mystery of its origin have failed.

HYPNOTISM IN DENTISTRY.

Hyunotism was used in this city today for the first time as an aid to surgery, says a Poughkeepsie, N. Y., special to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Peter Kirkey, a printer, was hypnotized by Frank Conway, a violinist, who has studied hypnotism as a pastime.

While under the hypnotic spell and in the presence of Drs. Sell and Sheedy, Kirkey had four deeply rotoed teeth extracted by Dr. Ehleider. The dentist had to cut down the guns to get to the roots He said the operation would ordinarily make a man cry with pain, but Kirkey never flinched nor moved a muscle.

Conway put him to sleep by simply rubbing his forehead and repeating over and over: "You will feel no pain." He kept saying these words while the dentist was operating.

When Kirkey was brought out of the hypnotic spell he declared he had not felt any pain and all that had happened was a blank to his mind.

The doctors said they believed the demonstration genuine.

Gately, good goods.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Christmas Without Wines

And other liquors to furnish good cheer is a farce. Best Bottled Goods in the Market at the

Manhattan Wine House

15 West Superior Street.

Particular attention is paid to family trade. Delivery to any part of the city. Get your orders in today. 'Phone 661.

Dr. Mitchell

Takes a vacation from Monday, Dec. 24, till Feb 1.

Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior st

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER SASH DOORS

[illegible]

Exactly Half Price on many articles in our stock. Fancy pieces for Christmas are receiving special discount. Closing out prices on everything.

50 Per Cent Discount on

All Cut Glass, all ecru Irish Point and Tambour Lace Curtains, all single pairs of Lace Curtains, twenty different Styles of Portieres, many Lamps, Jardinieres, etc.

33⅓ Per Cent Discount on

All Parlor Cabinets, Shaving Stands, all Fancy Covered Pillows, Brass and Onyx Stands, Jardinieres, Dinner Sets, Haviland China.

25 Per Cent Discount on

Uncovered Pillows, all Ladies' Desks, all Book Cases, all Fancy Parlor Chairs, all Leather Chairs and Couches, Combination Book Cases and Writing Desks, all Door Draperies, Rope Curtains. All other pieces go at 15 per cent to 45 per cent.

60 Per Cent Discount on

Stoves at discounts from 15 per cent to 60 per cent.

Not one article is reserved in the immense stock—everything is to be sold if our cut prices will move it.

NO GOODS EXCHANGED.. **Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.** NO GOODS SENT ON APPROVAL

226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

Let Herald Advertisements Guide You in Your Purchases for Christmas.

REALTY MARKET

Holiday Dullness Seems to Have a Firm Grip on the Business.

FOR BRIGHTER THINGS

Dealers Look For More Activity After New Years--- A House Sold.

The story is unchanged this week, and the real estate men who presume to know say that present conditions of holiday dullness will keep up for several weeks longer, until everybody has recovered completely from the distraction of holiday enjoyments, and the vexed question of who shall pay the taxes is settled against the owner. Then it is expected that matters will liven up once more and that business will proceed at a much rapid pace.

* * *

Little has been done during the week, so far as reported. Stryker, Manley & Buck report the sale of the George W. Stevens house, at 101 East Fourth street, to George Probeck for $4750.

* * *

C. G. Elliott to Walter Alexander, se¼ of se¼, e½ of sw¼ and se¼ of nw¼, section 17-65-19	$1,550
St. P. & D. Ry. to Emil Fogertson: ne¼ of sw¼ of section 1-59-16	200
City of Ely to St. Anthony church of Ely, lots 11 and 12, block 1, Ely	500
Gust Johnson et al. to Patrick A. Caffey, lot 20, block 26, Virginia	250
Neil McInnis et ux to Matt Turk, part of block 31, Eveleth	1,700
Benjamin Low et ux to Patrick Sullivan, part of lot 85, block 113, Duluth Proper, Second division	900
Daniel H. Wilson et al. to Toledo Investment Co., s½ nw¼, section 35-63-13	750
John G. Brown to R. V. Day, lands in section 21-61-13; sections 4, 5, 6, 7-60-14, sections 29, 30, 31, 32, 34-61-14, sections 19, 27, 30, 31-61-13, sections 7, 9, 11, 22, 24 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 34-60-14, sections 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35-61-11	$2665
M. J. Whipple to Stephen Jewett lot 4, block 265, West Duluth, Fourth division	560
Andrew Johnson to Gust Johnson, lot 5, block 18, Virginia	150
William Brown et ux to Albert Brown, easterly ½ lot 84, East Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division	550
S. R. Wentworth to Harry E. Stanberg, ne¼ of section 1-52-14	625
T. W. Hoopes to William Townsend, lot 232, block 37, Rice's Point and und 1-3 of lots 26, 28, West Second street, Duluth proper, First division	13,500
Charlotte Dugall et mar to Theodore Oakman, lots 15, 16, block 14, Grant	2,000
Swan River Logging company to W. T. Knowlton, nw¼ of ne¼ section 32-54-22, ne¼ of sw¼ section 25-57-21, sw¼ of sw¼ section 13-53-23	100
J. R. Carey, administrator, to L. E. Lum, n½ of nw¼ section 1-51-12	200
D. W. Scott et ux to August Fenske et al, lot 3, block 38, Biwabik	200
Morris O'Mara et ux to Donald D. McInnis, lots 118, 120, block 40, Rice's point	5,050
M. A. Volk et mar to C. A. McLartin, lot 3, block 25, Endion	650
Jan Stanislawski et ux to George Tischer, s½ of se¼ section 19-52-14	450
N. W. Improvement company to Matt Clark, sw¼ of sw¼ section 17-57-14	200
Andrew J. Tallas to Hans Juveland, und ½ of ne¼ of se¼, lots 3 and 4, section 24, and lots in 26-68-18	500
Thomas A. Gall to Mary McDonnell, sw¼ of sw¼ section 10-54-13	175
F. A. Robinson, trustee to Martin Patie, w½ 17 feet lot 8, and e½ 14 feet lot 8, block 23, Eveleth	170
A. P. McKinley et al to W. T. James, lot 5, block 16, Ely	250
Fred Marshall to Sarah Mosher, lot 331, block 125, Duluth Proper, Second division	2,000
Charles H. Maginnis to William O'Brien, e½ ne¼ 35-58-14	180
Matt Clark et ux to William O'Brien, nw¼ nw¼ 28-51-18	1,000
C. F. Andrews et ux to Cloquet Lumber company, sw¼ sw¼ section 23, ne¼ ne¼ section 27, nw¼ nw¼ and lot 4, section 26-56-16	1,100
Louis A. Johnson et ux to William Allen, nw¼ se¼ 8-61-14	450
Lettie Anderson et ux to William Allen et ux, s½ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼, nw¼ se¼, 32-68-17	800
Joseph Trudel et ux to F. S. Bell, sw¼ nw¼, se¼ nw¼, n½ se¼ 23-63-19	100
John Pearson, guardian, to William Allen, undivided ¼ s½ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼, nw¼ se¼ 32-68-17	400
Taylor Falls & Lake Superior Railway company to William O'Brien, e½ sw¼ of section 8-51-19	250
A. C. McIntire et ux to Patrick Carey, n½ nw¼ and sw¼ nw¼, and nw¼ sw¼ of section 19-67-20	500
C. A. Nultgren et ux to A. M. Anderson, lot 4, block 26, Dodge's addition	350
Madge Stevens et mar to George Probeck, lot 17, East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division	4,750
A. E. McCordic et ux to M. E. Lewis, sw¼ se¼ of section 20-49-15	100
Henry Iho to E. Anderson, lot 27, block 30, Eveleth	2,000
Patrick J. O'Donnell to John F. Horgan, lot 9, block 21, Virginia	1,000
Robert Whitesides to Frank W. Heimick, lot 2, and s½ ne¼ section 19-61-19	1,500
Franklin Lumber company to F. R. Webber, lands in sections 1, 2, 3, 12, 30-54-15; sections 10, 26, 28, 34-55-16; section 35-55-16; section 22-54-16; sections 13, 15, 17-55-16; 8-54-15; 3-54-16, and 27-55-16	100
Northwestern Improvement company to Joseph Savey, se¼ se¼ section 1-50-16	200

Palms and Ferns.

A new stock at Seekins'.

Juvenile books in a great variety at Bennett's news stand.

If it comes from Gately's "it's good."

"A Four-page Calendar" for the year 1901, combined with illustrations of the progress of the century, free to purchasers of 50 cents' worth of goods, Saturday and Monday.

GRAND UNION TEA CO.

Skating..

MUSIC BY MINNESOTA K. P. BAND
AT THE WEST END RINK.
(Foot Twenty-first Avenue.)
CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON.
RACES IN THE EVENING.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FIRE INSURANCE

★

...INSURE...
WITH
Clinton P. McCormick,
301 New Jersey Building.
'Phone 919.

★

FIRE INSURANCE

CHINESE TO APPEAL.

Celestials In Hawaii Fight to Retain Their Citizenship.

Honolulu, Dec. 14, via San Francisco, Dec. 22.—Chinese here who were citizens of the republic of Hawaii are preparing to make an appeal against the ruling of the treasury department that they were not made citizens of the United States by the territorial bill. They base their appeal on section 4 of the bill, which says that all citizens of the republic are made citizens of the United States. There are nearly 400 Chinese affected by the ruling of the treasury department.

An assault is being made by local attarneys upon the Hawiian law regarding opium. The law on the statute books makes it a crime to have opium in possession. It is claimed, and generally agreed among the attorneys, that this is in conflict with the United States laws, which allow the importation and, consequently, possession of the drug. There is no other law regulating the matter in Hawaii and if the lawyers knock out the possession law, use and sale of opium will be utterly unrestricted until the legislature makes a new law.

HAYWOOD LANDS.

San Francisco, Dec. 22.—William Haywood, former counsul general of the United States to Hawaii and afterwards collector of internal revenue, arrived here today, en route to Washington, where he is to represent the Hawaiian Planters' association.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

Washington, Dec. 22.—A subcommittee on the senate committee on appropriations today began the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, with the view of having it i readiness to be reported to the senate soon after the heconvening of congres after the holidays. Today's session was devoted to hearing officials of the treasury department, who generally asked for increased forces and for larger salaries for employes than are provided for in the house bill.

MOONSHINERS' PERSISTENCE.

"Makin' 'moonshine' whisky comes as natural as breathing to the Georgia 'cracker,'" said a visitor from the northern part of that state, relates the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "and the readiness with which he can improvise a still is perfectly amazing. I had this illustrated a few years ago, during a hunting trip in one of the mountain counties. The old fellow at whose cabin I put up was an incorrigible moonshiner, but shortly before my arrival the revenue officers had made a raid on his hidden still houses and chopped all the paraphernalia to pieces with axes. Before I had been on the place a day I knew that something secret was afoot, and when my host finally told me in confidence that he was about to set up a new homemade still my curiosity overcame my scruples and I went along to see how the thing was done. It was very interesting and ingenious. The scene of operation was a deeply secluded little glen, with a steep clay bank at one side and a cold spring bubbling up only a few yards away. A huge iron pot had been secured from the cabin and the old man and his sons proceeded to imbed it firmly in the clay, digging out a space underneath for a fire. This pot was filled half full of a sort of primitive corn mash, or 'beer,' as they called it, which had been fermenting for some time in the woods. Then the lid was fastened on with clay and a piece of old tin pipe connected with a notch at the edge, originally intended for a spoon-handle.

"The tin pipe was carried over to the spring, where it formed a rude coil or 'worm,' and the plant was ready for operation. The boys took turns in watching the fire, and after the mash got to boiling fiercely, a little stream of clear, pungent fluid began to trickle out of the pipe. One swallow of it was enough to last me for the remainder of my natural life. It tasted like pine tops and seared my throat all the way down like so much liquid fire. It was several minutes before I could talk, and I shed tears for half an hour. I am convinced that heredity has given the moonshiners extra tough gullets, for they gulped down the stuff without so much as blinking. What was left of it after their thirst was assuaged was given another 'run' through the still. I was assured that such whisky becomes delightfully soft and mellow after it has aged a couple of years, but the old man admitted to me that he had never known any being kept that long in the neighborhood."

For three days Harris & Esterly, at 406 West Superior street, will sell diamonds at wholesale prices.

Have Your Xmas

Gifts delivered by A. D. T.

Chicago and East Via "The North-Western Line."

When going to Chicago or points East, look up the advantages of the "North-western Line," (the Chicago fast mail). The finest and fastest train from the head of the leaves leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 7 a. m., making conections with all lines East and South. This magnificent train is wide vestibuled throughout, brilliantly lighted with Pintsch gas, free chair cars, Pullman sleepers and dining service—the finest in the land. No extra fare on this train.

For tickets and reservations call at 405 West Superior street.

Presents for ladies or gentlemen at your own price. See Mrs. Paine's offer on page 5.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

First Street.

If the **water and light department** want to build on **First street** why isn't that street **good enough for you?**

75 x 40 feet on northwest corner of First street and First avenue east

Only $3,500.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.
Good Mortgages Wanted.

$26,500 We will offer at this price for a short time only, the property knows as Pastoret Terrace, located at the corner of First street and Second avenue east. Size of lot is 100 feet on East First street by 140 deep on Second avenue east (to alley). Seventy-five feet on East First street by 140 feet on Second avenue east is improved, said improvements consisting of 6 well-built 7-room brick houses, with all modern improvements, which were built at a cost of ***$36,000.*** Twenty-five feet on East First street by 140 feet deep to an alley, is unimproved. This property has always been, and is now well rented, and if you are looking for a bargain and an A1 investment, call in and see us.

$6750 Will purchase the houses, Nos. 509 and 511 East Third street. Size of lot 50x140 to an alley. Improvements consist of a double house containing eight rooms each and all modern improvements. Rentals net 7 per cent. This property will be offered at this price for a short time only.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
201 First National Bank Building.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Real Estate For Sale.

Choice lots, fronting on Twenty-eighth avenue west in Helm's addition, at a bargain. Cheap house and lot on Fifth street, near First avenue east. Cheap house and lot on Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east. A bargain in house and lot on Second street; very central.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Eight-room house and lot, lower side East Fifth street. This property belongs to an estate and must be sold.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.
INVESTMENT BANKERS.
First Floor Trust Co. Building.

Medical.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflamations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes An nternal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISEASE. Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. No knife, plaster or pain. Mason Medical Co., 121 W. 42nd, St., New York. Book and advice free.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure; most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists, or mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED TO BUY—ONE OR TWO lots on Park Point, south of Twenty-fourth street. Address D 4, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, FOX TERRIER pup. Address, giving age and price, D 2 Herald.

Personal.

A GENTLEMAN, HOLDING PROMINENT position, worth $30,000; $1800 yearly, desires affectionate home-loving wife. J. S., Box 83, St. Louis, Mo.

CASE PASSED ON.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 22.—The court of appeals adjourned today until the January term, without rendering a decision in the case of Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the Goebel assassination and sentenced to life imprisonment. This passed the appeal to the new court, which will stand four Republicans to three Democrats.

WHAT?

Would make a more appropriate Xmas Gift to a Father, a Brother, a Relative or a Friend than a Years Subscription to the DULUTH EVENING HERALD ?

NOTHING!

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN
IN ANY AMOUNT.
5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.
R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Harris Bros.
REAL ESTATE.
A BARGAIN
In West Duluth,
Fourth Division.
Come and see us about it.
712 Palladio Building.

WE WANT...

A 6 or 7-room house in London or Lester Park—Must be Cheap.
We have a bargain on East Second street.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Building.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 909 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Hotels.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Scandia hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms 50c' $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON. 1608 WEST SUPERIOR ST

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1531 East South street.

Lost.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH WITH fob. Initials S. D. M. on case. Leave with Panton & White and receive reward.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Clock Repairing.

YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior street.

Astrology.

MRS. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, NO. 2 West First.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies. 121 West Superior street.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework. Flat C, Ashtabula Terrace.

WANTED—BY SCANDINAVIAN GIRL, place to do general housework. Call No. 7 Nineteenth avenue west. Zenith 'phone 853.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ENERGETIC lady writing plain hand to travel in Minnesota, $60 monthly and all expenses to start. Self-addressed envelope for particulars. Manager Phillips, Pontiac building, Chicago.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. APply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—SCHOOL GIRL DURING vacation to help days in small family. 924½ East Second street.

WANTED—A COOK WITH REFERences at 1509 East Superior street. Mrs. C. A. Congdon. Apply evenings.

Wanted—Male Help.

SALESMEN WANTED — LIBERAL contract for 1901. Our proposition is a winner. Our sales this year amount to half a million dollars, and salesmen are earning from $100 to $400 per month over and above expenses. Proofs submitted. We are offering better inducements for 1901 and can use about five more good men. We train and equip you for success. Address, giving full information as to your qualifications, Clerk C. D., Box 17, Minneapolis, Minn.

TRAVELING AND ADVERTISING man for Minnesota, $65 monthly to start and all expenses. Permanent position to right party. Middle aged man preferred. The Dominion company, travelers, department, Chicago.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTLers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINISTS and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS — DON'T prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—PARTY WITH TWO TEAMS to haul logs by contract. Address David Mair, Colbyville, on Howard road.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—LADY WITH ONE CHILD would like position as housekeeper for small family. D 3, Herald.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WISH CHILdren's dressmaking. Call at 917 London road, upstairs. Please call evenings.

WANTED—AN HONEST AND RELIAble man would like a job to distribute circulars and samples. Call or address S. A. Ross, 416 East Fourth street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN A1 STENographer; experienced and best of references. K66, Herald.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 522 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Want to Buy---Farm Lands

IN WISCONSIN, MINNESOTA OR DAkota lands; large or small tracts, suitable for farming purposes. Charles O. Elwood, Scandinavian-American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE— SLIGHTLY SHOP-WORN, 2 parlor rockers, cost $10, for $5; 1 parlor chair, cost $9.50, for $4.75; 1 parlor chair, cost $12, for $6; 1 parlor chair cost $18, for $9. No. 10 East Superior street.

PIANO — CHICKERING, UPRIGHT, cost $850 last Christmas; $265 buys it. Beautiful tone, elegant case, just like new in every respect. Inquire room 2, Columbus building, First avenue west and Superior street.

FOR SALE—AN ANDREWS FOLDING bed. Hardly ever used and at a bargain Call 1632 East First street.

CAR LOAD FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Friday, Dec. 21, at No. 14-16 West First street. Will exchange for dry or fat cows. N. J. McCabe.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF CONFECtionary, cigars and tobaccos. Good location. Long lease. Must sell on account leaving city. K 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE FURNITURE FOR light housekeeping. 603 West First street. Inquire for Gearheart.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP, weight 1350. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 19 Mesaba block.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—THE LEADING GENERAL store business in a thrifty little town in western part of the state. A splendid chance for a party wishing to go into business. Address D 1, Herald office.

Board Offered.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAM-heated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Houses.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, 705 EAST FIFTH street, 5-room house, $7. 2102 West Third street, four rooms, city water, $7. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, $7 per month. 623 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE. 724 EAST Third street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE, 116 WEST MICHigan street, first story and basement from Jan. 1. Railroad track at the door. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—STORE, 20 EAST FOURTH street.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 27, 1900. Installation of officers. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 28 1900 Installation of officers. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers. Wednesday evening Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Work, election of officers. Henry D. Gee, H. P., W. J. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 25, 1900. Christmas observances. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 510 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 150, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN, REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem, N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

James McF. Gummey,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Wm. Brewster Wood, as trustee of the estate of Thomas Wood, Deceased, and Wm. Brewster Wood; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, 409 Exchange bldg., in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 21st, 1900.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office 409 Exchange Bldg., residence 227 West Third Street,
Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given, that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants; that the object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of said court, confirming and quieting the title to the real estate hereinafter described in said plaintiff and wholly excluding the defendants and each of them from any interest therein and any lien thereon or any part thereof.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and are described as follows, to-wit: Lot thirty-five (35), East Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division (excepting a strip from west side and adjacent to west line threof one foot wide and extending from street to alley in rear of said lot).

December 21st, 1900.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-22-29-1900-Jan 5-12-19-26-1901.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife. 522 N. 56th ave, West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 376.

Carpets and Window Shades.

20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 710 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction .Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar....... Wolf Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar....... Virginia Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar....... Eveleth Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar....... Sparta Lv	p.m. 12:31
11:20 a.m.	Ar .... Biwabik Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mountain Iron .Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar....... Hibbing Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:10 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Pts.	*6 43 pm †12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p.m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p.m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 35 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn. & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 15 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*8 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block- Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
*†7 00 pm **8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 30 am *7 40 pm

A Good Thing to Go by....

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.
Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.
J. G. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul Minn

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOURTEEN PAGES--SECTION TWO--PAGES 9 to 14

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

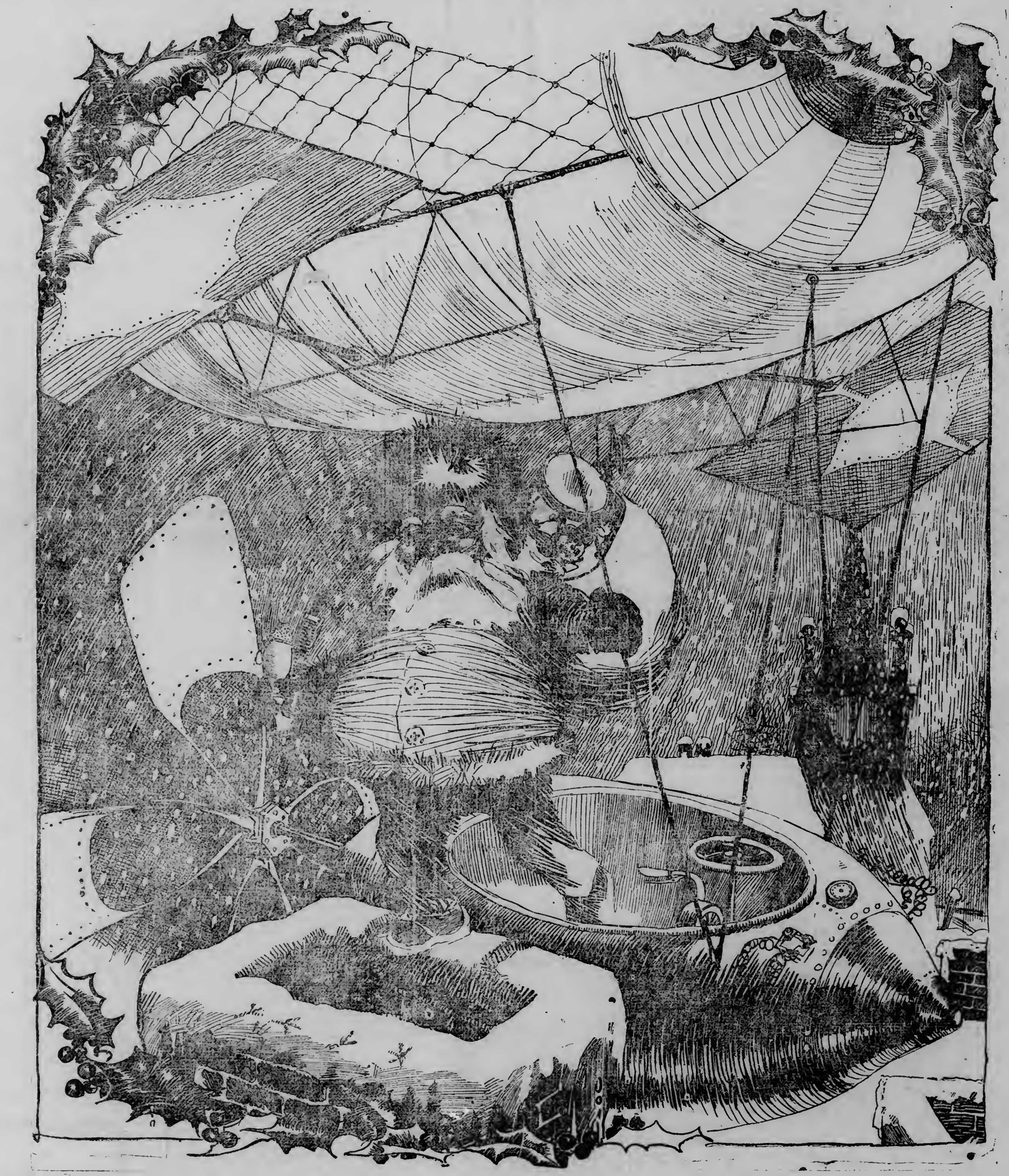
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Merry Christmastide

KRISS KRINGLE UP-TO-DATE

NO OLD-FASHIONED REINDEER FOR HIM—HE SKIMS OVER HOUSE TOPS IN A FLYING MACHINE.



Twentieth Century locomotion alone appeals to good St. Nicholas. Reindeer were all right for him a few years agone, but now he demands the swiftest of automobiles. There is something fine in this conception of the good old man making the rounds on the last Christmas of the century.

The Evening Toilettes

Styles For the Ever Budding Debutante Show New Notes In the Costume, the Keynote Being Stately Simplicity.

FEW OF THE LATE IDEAS

New York, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—These are the days in which evening gowns come in for their full measure of praise, appreciation and study.

Earlier in the season street costumes, jackets, coats, furs and calling gowns absorbed Her Fashionship's fancy, but now that the holidays are advancing upon her comes the demand for a thorough equipment in stunning dancing, dinner and ball costumes.

The season has fairly opened, and with the round of festivities new creations in evening frocks are alluringly set forth in the shop windows to attract the social butterfly.

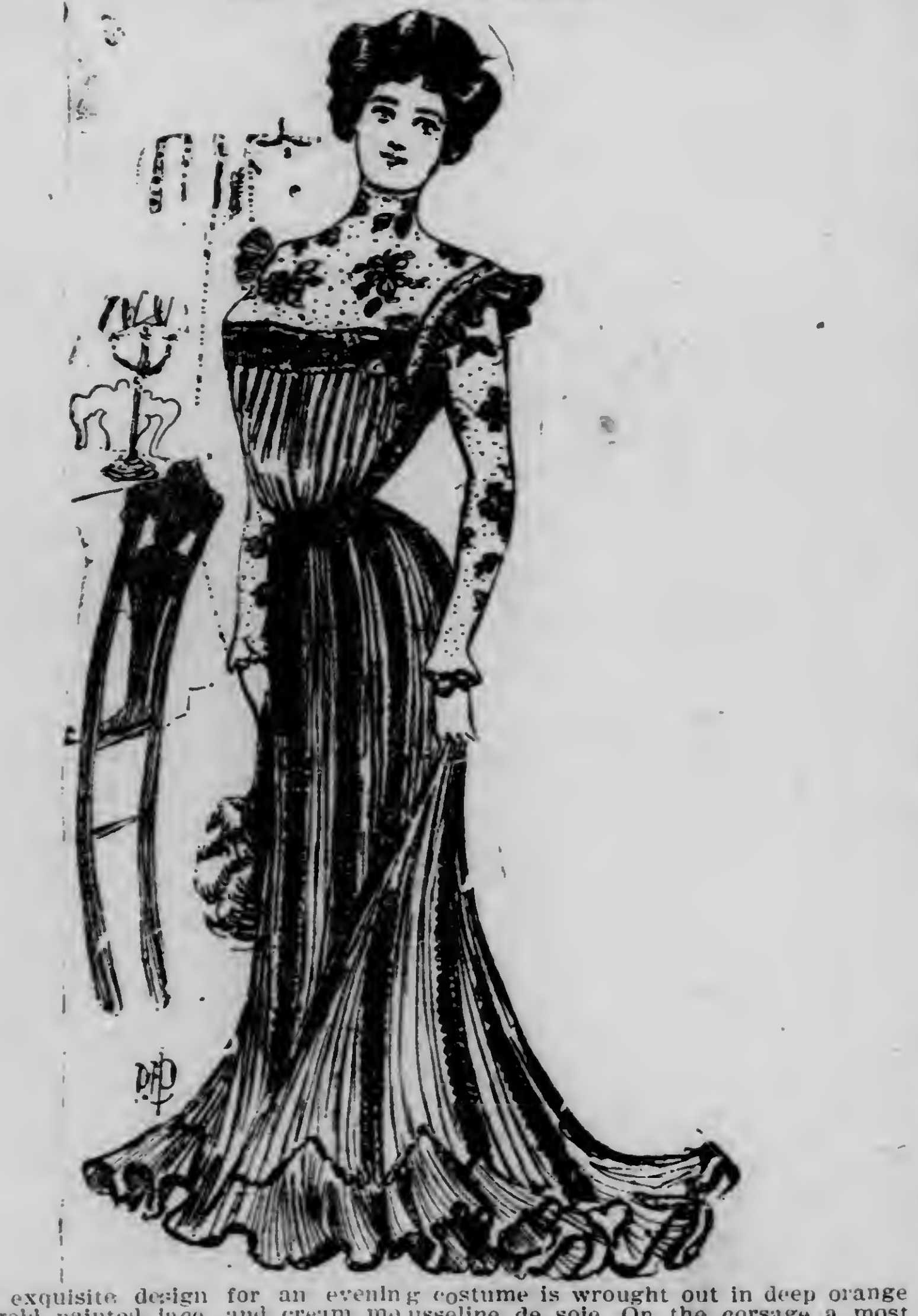
Even the school girl and little maids of tenderer years come in for their share of these dainty festival costumes, and party frocks are being supplied for all sizes and ages.

In discussing evening gowns and party frocks one naturally leads the list with styles for the ever budding debutante. Her dear confections are supposed to express all that is dainty, young and innocent, and to be most admirably suited to the timidly unfolding but of maidenhood.

Strange to say, however, the debutante of this season is taking quite a new pose. She is no longer the beautiful gushing girl of a season or so back, who is one moment aglow with enthusiasm and the next a fluttering, shrinking little sensi- revealing filmy vistas of mousseline net or chiffon beneath. Flowers, too, are another favorite decoration for this season's debutantes, and no more becoming adornment could have been selected.

A typical debutante's gown which was greatly admired among a throng of other creations of the same character showed the latest ideas in evening models with bewitching effect. The gown itself was constructed for a tall and stately blonde, upon whose golden head nineteen summers had shed their radiance. The material was of lustrous white panne, inset with spangled lace, through which glimpses of cloudy blue chiffon, mounted upon white satin. A tiny wreath of white roses, with green buds and leaves outlined the open square of the neck, and a lattice of the same formed the sleeve of the gown. The flower pattern of the lace was brought into relief now and then by tiny artificial roses appliqued flat upon the lace, and the intervening spaces of the lace were spangled with pearls and rhinestones. A girdle of pearl passementerie, forming a little upward point beneath the corsage. The panne skirt was shaped into the figure at the sides, but allowed to fall, without much fullness, though in long straight lines in front. The skirt was shashed open up the front to disclose an illusive vista of pale blue, veiled in the Chantilly lace, which was spangled and appliqued over like the corsage. The back of the gown fell in a slender, graceful train, being held into the corsage with several pleats.

NEW EVENING CREATION.



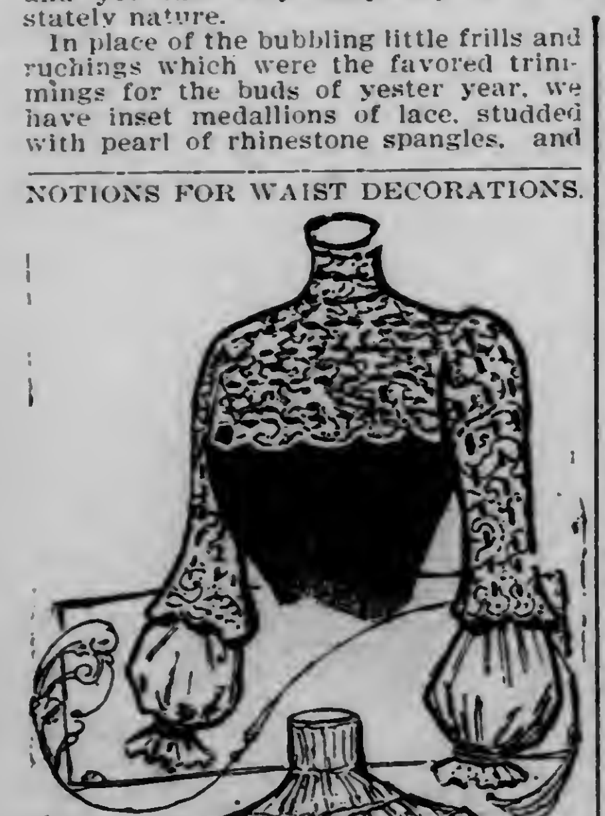
This exquisite design for an evening costume is wrought out in deep orange velvet, gold painted lace, and cream mousseline de soie. On the corsage a most becoming touch of sable fur is introduced, the open neck being bordered with a line of this soft fur, while the sable tails festoon the front and back of the corsage. The notable feature of the model is the developing of the lace bolero below the waist into long sach ends, which extend the length of the train in the back.

tive plant almost too delicate to withstand the ways of the whirling world. No, indeed. This season the debutante is splendidly composed and dignified, quiet, controlled and scarcely interested in the social world which is making its bow to her as she is introduced. She makes a gracious little curtesy in response, and smiles in a languidly, lenient way, which says that she is rather pleased but not surprised at all.

With this new pose for the debutante come new notes in her costume. White, of course, is still her color, splendid in its dignity and radiant purity, but white may be so differently treated! There is no longer that exuberant fullness and froth about the debutante's gown that expressed so much enthusiasm last year. Simplicity is the keynote of her style, and yet this very simplicity is of a stately nature.

In place of the bubbling little frills and ruchings which were the favored trimmings for the buds of yester year, we have inset medallions of lace, studded with pearl of rhinestone spangles, and About four inches above the bottom of the gown, and up each side of the slashed front, was an inserted border of waved Chantilly lace, which was formed on each side with a line of tiny white roses and heavily studded with pearls and rhinestones, beneath this inserted lace border the under glimpse of blue again was shown.

NOTIONS FOR WAIST DECORATIONS.



In these two bodice decorations we have valuable suggestions. The first shows a dainty yoke and sleeves made of lace inserion held together with lace beadings which are threaded with black velvet ribbons. The second shows a novel idea in the use of the black panne scarf which is draped around the corsage across the chest and below the arms. It is held in front by a large buckle, while a smart bow with ends decorated with gilt aiguillettes adorns the side of the corsage.

This fashion of seeming to show little views of gowns within gowns, is one of which is highly fascinating and illusive and greatly in favor.

Evening gowns, constructed for women far enough on in life to be considered blooming rather than in bud suggest these effects in more striking colors.

A very gorgeous costume of this description was of coral pink satin generously inserted with lace butterflies and narrow bands of lace insertions. Silver embroideries were introduced upon the satin, and a ceinture of crushed crimson velvet finished the corsage, the neck of which was draped with silver gauze and crimson roses. Beneath the lace, which was of cream deep enough to be almost yellow, silver gauze was to be seen through a veiling of red tulle, which suggested a crimson mist. The effect of the silver shining through the red tissue was further enhanced by strass spangles, which were caught here and there upon it.

The school girl, who indulges in some little dances and dinners of her own set during the holidays, comes in for the dear little simple gowns of froth and frills which were once the debutantes; but usually the school girl keeps to pale blue and rose color. Point d'esprit net is a favorite material for evening gowns for school girls, while organdies, mousseline and other light gauzy effects are popular.

A sweet and simple little gown of rose colored net had a berthe at the neck cut in scallops and bordered by ever so many lines of narrow rose colored ribbon. Rosettes of the same narrow ribbon were grouped in a cluster on the left side of the corsage, while streaming ends of the narrow ribbon fell in a shower upon the skirt and were finished with very diminutive rosettes as they terminated in irregular lengths.

The skirt was of a short girlish length for dancing and was lavishly trimmed in flounces scalloped at their lower edge like the berthe and adorned with many rows of narrow ribbon. A wide scarf of net, bordered in the narrow ribbon and fringed at the ends with small rosettes and a full fringe of tiny ribbons formed the sash in the back, which reached quite to the bottom of the skirt. Another sweetly girlish gown for a school girl was of light blue organdie, which showed a dainty dresden figure of pink and white rose buds. This simple little frock was trimmed with pale blue chiffon frills, the edges of which were bordered with narrow ruchings of the same studded with tiny silver spangles. A single satin ribbon, about an inch in width, was set on to the chiffon frill and outlined with silver cord; this ribbon was of rose color in a very pale shade and served to accentuate the dainty rosebud figure of the organdie. The frock was a simple little "baby waist" affair, the round neck was trimmed in the chiffon frills, which were brought down in a deep point on the front of the waist, and the sleeves were made of puffings of the blue chiffon spangled in silver. The skirt was very full, being tucked around the hips in small tucks. The frills upon the skirt being placed in deep points around the bottom of the skirt. The sash was a wide soft satin ribbon of palest rose color.

Unredeemed Pledges.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Watches, Diamonds, Silverware.

Jewelry of every description for Christmas gifts.

Musical instruments at much lower prices than elsewhere.

You can get bargains in any of the above articles.

Save money by seeing our line of unredeemed pledges.

KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO.
16 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Oberlin College Glee Club
Pilgrim Congregational Church,
Tuesday Evening, Dec. 25. Excellent Soloists—Fine Quartets—Stirring Choruses—Jolly College Songs. The greatest treat of the holiday season. Tickets for sale by A. B. Siewert & Co. and at door. ***Admission 50c.***

Come To Find Homes

Nearly Half a Million Immigrants Arrived During Past Year—Few From the Tropical Countries.

Washington, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nearly half a million people from other parts of the world have come into the United States during the year 1900, seeking permanent homes. The details of the immigration during the ten months ending with October gathered by the immigration bureau and published by the treasury department indicates that the immigration for the calendar year will reach about 460,000. Of this number, more than 100,000 come from Austria Hungary, anotner 100,000 from Italy and nearly another 100,000 from Russia, while the United Kingdom furnishes more than 50,000, of which number 40,000 are from Ireland. Of the 460,000 immigrants, fully 450,000 come from Europe, while but about 4000, or less than 1 per cent, come from the tropics.

The indisposition of man in his migrations to select a colder country than that to which he has been accustomed is distinctly perceptible in the history of our immigration. In all the years in which detailed records of the country of origin of the millions of immigrants who have come into the United States have been carefully kept, the tropics have seldom sent an average of more than 1 per cent of the people seeking permanent homes in the United States. This fact is especially emphasized, however, by the record of the year just ended, since it offers the first opportunity to observe whether or not the citizens of the islands now controlled by the United States indicate a disposition to transfer their residence to this country. The fact that during that year the immigration from Oceania, India, Arabia, Africa, South America, Central America and the West Indies combined—the entire tropical territory of the world—amounts to less than 4000 people, or less than 1 per cent of the total immigration, indicates the unwillingness of the average citizen of tropical lands to transfer his residence to even so mild a climate as that which the southern part of the United States offers. The further fact that during the year 1900 the total number of immigrants coming from the Hawaiian and Philippine islands into the United States was less than 250 indicates still further the unpopularity of a climate such as our own, even when joined with the material prosperity such as exists in no other part of the world, with natives of the tropics.

The following table shows the total immigration into the United States and the number from the tropics in each year from 1880 to 1900. The fiscal year figures are used in this table, as their details are more complete and enable a comprehensive study of the immigration record of the period in question, and especially of the contributions of the tropics to our permanent population. Under the designation of immigrants from the tropics are included all immigrants from Mexico, Central America and the West Indies, all of South America, Oceania, all of Africa, and the small fraction of Asia which lies south of the tropic of Cancer:

Fiscal Year.	Total Number.	From the Tropics.
1880	457,257	3,060
1881	669,431	3,511
1882	788,992	2,883
1883	603,322	2,403
1884	518,592	3,814
1885	395,346	3,803
1886	334,203	4,384
1887	490,109	6,692
1888	546,889	7,954
1889	444,427	7,942
1890	455,302	5,212
1891	560,319	6,586
1892	623,084	5,916
1893	502,917	7,120
1894	314,467	4,058
1895	279,948	4,678
1896	343,267	7,262
1897	230,832	4,583
1898	229,299	2,586
1899	311,715	3,145
1900	448,572	5,637
Total since 1880	9,548,290	103,230

* * *

Consul Fleming, at Edinburgh, stated in a recent communication to the state department that, generally speaking, it is considered in Scottish communities that to say an article is American is to commend it. It is worth noting as an illustration, that a recent issue of a British trade journal contained a paragraph to the effect that a Scotchman who had invented a mechanical device complained to a friend that he could not dispose of it, although it was an excellent thing; whereupon the other ingenious Scotchman advised him to advertise it as "the latest American invention," which he did, effecting a sale in a short time and at a good profit. Mr. Fleming does not vouch for the story, but can vouch for something quite as much to the point, as follows:

In the Edinburgh Directory for 1900 appears the company name and business designation, "Smith & Wellstood, limited, American stove manufacturers, general iron founders," etc. They have offices and warehouses in that city and extensive works at Bonnybridge, Stirlingshire. The foundry is called the "Columbian Stove Works," and the stoves advertised in Edinburgh and elsewhere by Smith & Wellstood, limited, as "American heating stoves" and "American cooking stoves." Mr. Fleming has seen some of the stoves and can testify that they are faithful copies of American designs. Not long ago he sought for information from this company as to the styles and prices of their American patterns. The secretary replied courteously by letter that they must refuse his request, inasmuch as they "could not expect to do any business in the United States owing to the tariff;" and he calmly added, not intending to be droll, that "it is as much as we can do to give attention to those markets where there is a fair field for our enterprise." To what extent the company has succeeded in the enterprise of selling "American" stoves of their own manufacture in the British and other markets, Mr. Fleming has been unable to ascertain.

Another bit of evidence of the high reputation of the American name attached to manufactures came to the notice of Mr. Fleming not long ago. Among the placards in the windows of the leading stationery store in Edinburgh is one which reads, "real American playing cards," the word "real" being underlined. Any comment upon this placard would be superfluous.

* * *

In a report just issued by the state department, Consul Louis H. Ayme, at Guadaloupe, states:

"I have the pleasure of reporting the establishment here of an American exchange for the purpose of introducing various lines of our manufactures not known in this market, and of substituting American for other foreign goods in lines already established. For two years I have been endeavoring to get someone to take up such a project seriously, but financial conditions have hitherto stood in the way. There has been a great improvement in these conditions lately; a reflex wave of the prosperity in the United States is beginning to be felt. Two or three hundred American bicycles have been sold here and there is a small but steady demand for them. Some samples of American shoes were sent, but, unfortunately, the consignee died, and no one else took up the business; but the samples were eagerly purchased, and a desire for more expressed. Several orders for steam engines and fittings were placed in the United States, and others are soon to follow."

In a later report Mr. Ayme says: "I have been notified by the American Exchange that it has received an order for an automobile. A French machine is ordered, with option to purchase an American one, if quality and price are suitable. What is wanted is an automobile for two persons, gasoline or naphtha (not electric), light weight, a good climber; must have buggy top, as this is a hot, sunny country. If this order can be placed in the United States all future orders will also go there. Catalogues, fully illustrated, prices, weights, dimensions, discounts, etc., should be sent as quickly as possible to the American Exchange, Pointe a Pitre, Guadeloupe."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

BURLINGTON BAY HARBOR.

Work Placd Under Continuing Contract System.

Washington, Dec. 22.—In the river and harbor bill agreed upon in the house committee, Minnesota is not scaled down below the estimates. For construction of new reservoirs under the improved system at the headwaters of the Mississippi, the bill will carry $222,500. During the past fiscal year no work has been done on these reservoirs.

The next important item is the entire new project of building a harbor on Burlington bay, Lake Superior. Notwithstanding an adverse report on this project, Judge Morris is able to get the work placed under the continuing contract system at $430,000, of which $200,000 is made available the coming season.

The lock and dam improvement between St. Paul and Minneapolis, in addition to the available balance, will receive $157,357; St. Croix river, for maintaining the channel, receives $2000; the Red river, for improvement, $10,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Doctors and Midwives Recommend
"Mother's Friend"
because it is used externally in cases of the delicate situation of expectant mothers. It is a constant relief, robbing childbirth of its terrors. Internal remedies are dangerous. "Mother's Friend" is a blessing in a bottle. There is nothing like it.

"No, I've no pain."

"The mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' at my drug store before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly. All mothers who have used it agree their labor was shorter and less painful." JOHN G. POLHILL, Macon, Ga.

Sent by express paid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Book, "Motherhood," mailed free to ladies, containing sensible advice and testimonials.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Table and Kitchen

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.
(All Rights Reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.)

A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL.

"So now is come our joyfull'st feast;
Let every man be jolly.
Each room with yule leaves is drest,
And every post with holly.
Now all our neighbors' chimneys smoke
And Christmas blocks are burning;
Their ovens they with baked meats choke,
And all their spits are turning.
Without the door let sorrow lie,
And if for cold it hap to die,
We'll bury 't in a Christmas pye
And evermore be merry."

The spirit of Christmas has ever been a merry one, celebrated by feasting and giving. The Christmas dinner has been, and, we hope, will always be a yearly feast of joy.

THE OLD ENGLISH CHRISTMAS.

This was more elaborate than ours of today, lasting from Dec. 6 to Jan. 6, in the church calendar, at least, and called Yuletide. Then the waits sang corals on Christmas eve, great logs burned in huge fireplaces, and the wassail bowl circulated merrily around. Our Puritan ancestors disdained the celebration of Yuletide, as it "savored of popery." However, some of them allowed their wives to make the English Christmas pie, calling it "minced," to avoid the popish term Christmas. But in the latter part of the eighteenth century, the holiday was again celebrated, though never with the reckless feasting and drinking of the old English days.

THE TYPICAL YULE DISH

In olden times, was the boar's head, garnished with rosemary, with a lemon in its mouth. Great roasts of beef were also served. Our substitute is the turkey, making, perhaps, quite as noble a dish as the boar's head. Our plum pudding is a relic of old England. To be properly served it should be large and round, with a sprig of holley stuck in the top; just before being carried to the table, pour brandy over it and set it afire.

THE AMERICAN CHRISTMAS

Is essentially a home celebration, merriest where there are children. If you have some acquaintance away from home and friends, invite him to share your Christmas joy and dinner. Have all the greens possible all over your house, and be sure to have touches of bright red, such as holly berries, to give an air of warmth and cheer. Mix in with your holly branches of the plain fragrant cedar, which will impart a spicy odor to the warm atmosphere that is very pleasing to the senses. Everything of a Christmas nature that will appeal to the senses adds greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion.

"Merrie, merrie Christmas, everywhere,
Cheerily it ringeth through the air;
Christmas bells, Christmas trees,
Christmas odors on the breeze."

TABLE DECORATIONS.

For your table, use your prettiest china, linen, silver and glass. Candles with red shades give an attractive appearance. In the center of your table have a low, round decoration of mistletoe, surrounded by holly. These may be placed in a wide, shallow bowl. About four inches from the bowl, on the tablecloth, run a strand of ground pine about 2 inches wide, forming a green circle. Cranberry jelly, molded in small cups, and placed at each cover gives more of real color.

Another pretty table decoration has in the center, a bed of poinsettia, the Mexican Christmas flower, and at the table corners bunches of holly. From the chandelier above the table is suspended a bunch of mistletoe and one of holly, tied together with a bow of scarlet ribbon.

VARIOUS CHRISTMAS CUSTOMS.

In all countries where Christmas is known and celebrated, the gastronomic features seem to be most in evidence. Bohemia alone, among all the Christian nations makes this day a season for rigorous fasting. Children of this country do not, probably look forward to the celebration with any great pleasure, as they are expected to practice the same self denial as their elders. Only the working classes derive any material pleasure or benefit from the day's customs. To this class, whatever his craft or trade, the master is expected to personate Santa Claus and render substantial tribute for the avalanche of "Metrry Christmas" greetings showered upon him by these people who throng his house, without protest or denial, all day. As a compensation, however, for self-denial and enforced generosity, he looks forward to the great Christmas feast that is served on Christmas night.

All day long the mother, daughters and maids are busy preparing for this meal, and the appetizing odors which issue from the kitchen must be tantalizing to the fasters. The meal is simple, as to viands, but ample. At sunset, when the last guest has departed, the angelus rings out its welcome announcement that the days fasting is at an end. All deck themselves in their finest holiday attire and gather round the festive board; first asking, while all remain standing, a blessing on the food.

The menu that is usually served, with very little variation, consists of:

Fish Soup.
Dried Mushrooms, boiled in Gruel.
Butter Cakes, Prune Marmalade.
Pancakes with Poppyseed or Honey.
Hot Carp, fried or baked.
Cold Carp, in black sauce.
Cakes. Coffee.
Sweetmeats. Fruit.

THE GERMAN CHRISTMAS DINNER.

We find the German menu consists of heartier viands; such as roast goose stuffed with chestnuts, pork and sauerkraut, sausage, beef with sour sauce, black puddings, smoked goose, baked apples, and an unlimited supply of beer and the famous German Christmas cakes, especially the pfeffer nusse, weise Lebkuchen and Mandelkraenze.

THE SWEDISH CHRISTMAS FEAST.

Perhaps this country celebrates Christmas with more joy and enthusiasm than any other nation. The preparations begin weeks before the day of celebration and one of the most important features is the brewing of the Christmas ale; as this is offered with generous hand to every guest or caller. No creature is forgotten on this festive occasion, even the beasts and the wild birds of the air have their Christmas feast. They have a pretty custom of fastening sheaves of grain on tall poles where it will be accessible to the most timid of the feathered throng, sure to be found near every farm house on Christmas. The Swedes have a curious custom of "dipping in the pot." The Christmas eve dinner is taken in the kitchen. Over the fire hangs a great pot, in which meat, tongue, ham, etc., are cooked together. Each member of the family takes a piece of bread, and it must be white bread, for Christmas, and not the coarse brown cakes so universally eaten. hTe slice of bread must be dipped into the contents while the pot still hangs over the fire, and removed without breaking. After each one has attempted this feat the stew is eaten, followed by rice and apple sauce. The great Yuletide dish is served later in the evening and is made of codfish and potatoes, followed by another dish of rice. The Swedes are famous for cooking rice and it is a very popular dish.

Thus we might go on finding the Christmas customs of all nations a very interesting study and very characteristic of the people.

While it is essentially a "home day," we must not make it a day of selfish pleasure, but prove to some sad and discouraged hearts that the peace and good will to men, of which the herald angels sang so many years ago, it not merely a tradition but a glad reality.

MENUS FOR CHRISTMAS DAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream.
Fried Smelts, Creamed Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee.
DINNER.
Blue Points,
Consomme with Chestnut Forcemeat Balls
Stuffed Olives, Celery,
Roasted Almonds,
Roast Turkey, Giblet Gravy,
Cranberry Jelly,
Riced Potatoes, Cauliflower in Cream,
Sweetbreads in Cases, Green Peas,
Cheese Souffle,
Celery and Walnut Salad,
Plum Pudding, Baboyan Sauce,
Stuffed Dates,
Coffee.
SUPPER.
Lobster Farci, Celery,
Nut and Preserved Ginger Sandwiches,
Christmas Fruit Cake,
Damson Preserves.

RECIPES.

CELERY AND CHESTNUT SALAD.

Boil one-half pound of chestnuts. Remove skins and cut nuts in quarters. Mix with an equal portion of celery, cut the same size. Serve on lettuce leaves with Mayonnaise dressing.

BABOYAN SAUCE FOR PUDDING.

Beat together in a saucepan six egg yolks and one cup of powdered sugar. Add four tablespoonfuls of sherry or madeira. Just before serving place the saucepan over boiling water and beat until it begins to thicken.

LOBSTER FARCI.

Remove the lobster from the shell and reserve the shell and claws. Cut the lobster meat into coarse pieces. Make a rich cream sauce, using one cup of milk to every pound of lobster. Season with salt, white pepper, cayenne, one teaspoonful of English mustard and a little Worcestershire sauce. Heat the lobster in this sauce and pile it in the shell, arranging the claws like the oars to a boat. Sprinkle the top with buttered crumbs and brown in the oven.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal with Bananas and Cream.
Broiled Salt Mackerel,
Muffins, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Eggs Scrambled with Minced Ham,
Baking Powder Biscuit,
Honey, Tea.
DINNER.
Cream of Celery Soup,
Roast Spare Ribs, Apple Sauce,
Baked Sweet Potatoes,
String Beans,
Pumpkin Pie,
Coffee.

Tuesday.

See Menus for Christmas Day.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Apples,
Omelet with Currant Jelly,
Buckwheat Cakes, Maple Syrup,
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Chops with Tomato Sauce,
Creamed Potatoes,
Whole Wheat Bread, Raspberry Jam.
Cocoa.
DINNER.
Puree of Peas,
Roast Beef,
Baked Potatoes, Hubbard Squash,
Apple Fritters,
Baked Currant Custard,
Coffee.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

Mrs. John V— writes: As I am very much interested in the different recipes and am a beginner, would like to learn all I can. Will you please give me a good recipe for German pfeffer nusse, regardless of cost?

PFEFFER NUSSE (PEPPER NUTS).

Beat one pound of brown sugar and one pound of butter until creamy. Then add three eggs, one at a time, beating for ten minutes before adding another. When all are in give the mixture a good vigorous beating. Sift together several times, four level teaspoonfuls cream tartar, one teaspoonful ground aniseed and one teaspoonful ground nutmeg with one cup of flour. Add to the sugar, eggs and butter quarter of a pound of chopped citron, half a pound of chopped almonds and two ounces of whole coriander seed. Dissolve two level teaspoonfuls of baking soda in a little warm water and then add to three pints of molasses. Add the molasses alternating with the cup of flour and spices and enough more flour to make a stiff dough. If you want pfeffer kuchen, the New Year cake, work the dough smooth with your hands, then mold into a long roll about an inch in diameter and with a sharp knife cut off slices about quarter of an inch thick. Lay in well-greased baking tins and bake in a quick oven until a light brown. When perfectly cold pack away in tin boxes or stone jars and they will keep a long time. If you desire the pfeffer nusse, the Christmas cake, do not knead or roll and cut the dough. But break off pieces about as large as English walnuts and dust with pulverized sugar and bake in a moderate oven.

LEBKUCHEN.

Mrs. J. G. E. writes: About a year ago you had a recipe in your department for "lebkuchen." At the time I cut the recipe out of the paper and saved it. I tried the "lebkuchen" a year ago, and they were fine. Looking for my recipe this morning, however, I could not find it. Would you please be so kind as to publish the recipe once more?

We have two recipes for lebkuchen, but think it is probably weise lebkuchen you refer to, though both have been published.

Dry one pound of flour in the oven. Beat eight eggs until very light; then add one pound of powdered sugar mixed with one-half ounce cinnamon one teaspoonful cloves, and one teaspoonful powdered cardamom seed, more or less spice may be used according to taste. Stir for fifteen minutes after adding spices. Then add the well-dried flour. Then one pound of blanched shredded almonds, well dried in oven, and quarter of a pound of chopped citron. Mix the nuts and fruit well through the dough, roll out about quarter of an inch thick, cut into square cakes about one and one-half inches wide and three and one-half inches long. Bake in a moderate oven. When done spread with plain, thin froosting and place shred of almond and shred of citron in center of each and dry in oven. If flour is not sufficiently dry you may have to add more to the dough.

STOCK INCREASED.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—The Great Northern Railway company has increased its capital stock 10,000 shares, at $100 a share, making $1,000,000. The company, through its president, James J. Hill, and its secretary, Edward J. Nichols, filed proper notices with the secretary of state yesterday afternoon.

Honorable Granola

The delicious, appetizing food in which is skillfully conserved the rich, nutty, palate-tempting goodness of the wheat and other cereals from which it is made. Granola is pre-digested and sterilized, honorable in its Creator-given power for life and strength, and heartily enjoyed by strong men, children or invalids. The

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co.

never have and never will offer inferior articles and their untiring efforts for years in the perfecting of healthful foods has earned them the significant title of MASTER-MAKERS OF GRAIN-STAFF FOODS.

Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Sold by all grocers. Beware of imitations.

Drink Caramel Cereal instead of coffee and sleep well—it leaves the nerves STRONG.

Send 3c for Granola sample to

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

Codfish, an onion, a fritter can be fried successively in WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL and one will not partake in the slightest degree of the flavor of the other. It can be used again and again until the last drop does its appetizing work. Ask your friendly grocer for Wesson's Cooking and Salad Oils.

Settlers For Western Canada.

Settlers wishing to go to Western Canada please call on E. W. A. Peake, Chamber of Commerce, for particulars, as owing to illness I will not be in office before Jan. 1.

J. H. M. PARKER.

Finest Train.

The "Twilight Limited," over "The North-Western Line" to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, every day in the year, at 4:30 p. m. Parlor, observation and dining car service, steam heat, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, perfect in every appointment. Ticket office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

Taken this month keeps you well all the year. Greatest tonic known. Rocky Mountain Tea, made by Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Much Tried Case Involving Street Railway Company's Liability.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—The supreme court yesterday filed its decision in the damage suit of Michael J. Reem, against the St. Paul City Railway company. The case has been tried three times in district court and twice in the supreme court. M. J. Reem, who brings action through his father as guardian, is a boy of 16. In the summer of 1898, he claims to have been crowded off an interurban car, while on his way to the fair grounds, where the state troops were in camp. His toes were crushed, and he asked the court to award him $30,000 damages. The action was first tried in December, 1898, and a verdict of $10,500 was secured. An appeal was taken to the supreme court, where the order of the district court was reversed and a new trial granted. A second trial in the fall of 1899 resulted in a verdict of $5500, which the supreme court allows to stand.

Justice Lewis filed a decision in the case of Daniel H. Moon, appellant, against John H. Allen, respondent, in which Moon seeks to compel Allen to pay an alleged firm liability of about $5000. Allen and Moon were in partnership in the wholesale grocery business in St. Paul for many years. They dissolved, and Mr. Allen continued the business. The supreme court affirms the lower court.

van Houten's Cocoa

Known and Prized for its nutritive and refreshing qualities. A drink for a Prince at less than a cent a cup.
Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

LEA & PERRINS' Sauce

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Beware of Imitations

This signature is on every bottle

Lea & Perrins

It is highly approved for the very agreeable zest which it imparts to Soups, Fish, Game, Hot and Cold Meats, Salads, Welsh Rarebits, etc.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, New York.

Christmas In the Churches.

Birth Day of the Savior to Be Recognized With Praise and Song.

The music at the Cathedral on Christmas day will be exceptionally fine. The choir which is one of the best in the city, will be assisted by Flaaten's orchestra and will render the "Kyrie," "Gloria" and "Agnus Dei" of Gilsen's Grand Italian mass, and the "Credo," "Sanctus," and "Benedictus" of Gounod's "Messe Solemnelle." Before the mass the choir will render Weber's "Adeste Fidelis," and after the mass Gounod's "Unfold Ye Portals." Services will begin at 10:30. The program is as follows:

"Kyrie" .... Gilsen
Choir.
"Christe" ....
Miss Anna Carroll and Miss Walsh.
"Gloria" .... Gilsen
Chorus.
"Laudamuste" ....
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
"Qui Tollis" ....
John Foran.
"Suscipe" ....
Mrs. C. H. Thornton, Miss Walsh, Mr. Foran and Mr. Evans.
"Quoniam to solus" ....
David Evans.
Offertory—"Ave Maria" .... Owens
Mrs. C. H. Thornton, Mrs. James McAuliffe and James Lynn.
"Credo" .... Gounod
Chorus.
"Et in carnatus" ....
Miss Anna Carroll, James Lynn and Harry Carroll.
"Sanctus" .... Gounod
James Lynn and Chorus.
"Benedictus" .... Gounod
Miss Anna Farrell and Chorus.
"Agnus Die" .... Gilsen
Mrs. James McAuliffe and Chorus.
"Unfold Ye Portals" .... Gounod
Chorus.

The choir consists of the following members:

Sopranos—Mrs. C. H. Thornton, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss Anna Farrell, Miss Anna Carroll, Miss E. Farrell, Miss J. Dunphy, Miss M. Jones, Miss Hews, Miss Stone.

Altos—Mrs. Dion, Mrs. Forin, Mrs. Fider, Miss Walsh, Miss M. Farrell, Miss Gawan.

Tenors—James Lynn, John Foran, Mr. Pembers Mr. Murphy.

Bassos—David Evans, H. Carroll, C. McNamara, R. O'Keef, Ed Miller, Mr. Polasky.

Miss Teresa Lynn is organist, and Mrs. James McAuliffe, directoress.

* * *

At St. Paul's church, services tomorrow will be as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.
Processional—"Hark the Glad Sound" .... Staniforth
Chanted—"Venite" ....
Chanted—"Benedicite" ....
Chanted—"Benedictus" ....
Litany hymn—"A Few More Years Shall Roll" .... Monk
Hymn—"Thou Didst Leave Thy Home" .... Thomas
Anthem—"Watchman, What of the Night?" .... Sullivan
(Solo, C. D. Shepard.)
Recessional—"Come, Thou Long Expected Jesus" .... Dykes
EVENING.
Processional—"Hark the Glad Sound" .... Staniforth
Psalm 114 .... Tonus Peregrinus
Chanted—"Canticles" ....
Hymn—"Hail to the Lord's Anointed" .... Webbe
Anthem—"Hark, A Thrilling Voice Is Sounding" .... Custance
Orison—"Peace, Perfect Peace" .... Stanley
Recessional—"Come, Thou Long Expected Jesus" .... Dykes

On Christmas day, services will be as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion; 10:30 a. m., holy communion (choral) and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

10:30 a. m.
Processional—"While Shepherds Watched Their Flocks" ...... Traditional
Introit—"Oh, Holy Night" .... Adam
Solo, Roy Prytz; duet, Roy Prytz and J. W. Anderson.
Communion service (from "Missa Sacri Cardis") .... Custance
"Kyrie Eleison" ....
Choir.
"Gloria Tibi" ....
Choir.
"Sanctus" ....
Miss Rena Smith and Choir.
"Benedictus Qui Venit" ....
Miss Rena Smith and Choir.
"Agnus Die" ....
Mrs. Burt Holcomb, W. Bradbury and Choir.
Hymn—"O Come, All Ye Faithful"
"Adeste Fideles" ....
Anthem—"O Sing to God" (Noel) .. Gounod
Solos, Miss Rena Smith, Miss Antoinette West
Communion Hymn—"Draw Nigh" .. Brown
Ancient Chant—"Gloria in Excelsis" ..
"Nunc Dimittis" .... Stainer
Recessional—"Hark, What Mean Those Holy Voices" .... Thomas
A. F. M. Custance, Organist and Choirmaster.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, at the morning service Rev. Harry White, the pastor, will preach on "The Relation of Unitarianism to the Thought of Jesus." The music will be as follows:

Prelude—Selected ....
Miss Smith.
Vocal solo—Selected ....
Miss Williams.
Offertory—Selected ....
Miss Smith.
Vocal solo—Selected ....
Miss Williams.
Postlude—Selected ....
Miss Smith.

At the 5 o'clock vesper service Mr. White will give his third talk on "Pilgrim's Progress." His subject this afternoon will be "The Delectable Mountain and After." The music will be as follows:

Prelude—Quartet from "Rigoletto". Verdi
Miss Smith, piano; J. H. Flaaten, violin, Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Kretschmer, Clarionet; Mr. Mostooe, cornet.
Interlude—"Lost Chord" .... Sullivan
Miss Smith, piano; J. H. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Kretschmer, clarionet; Mr. Mostoe, cornet.
Offertory—"Sonata Pathetique" ......
Miss Smith, Mr. Flaaten, Mr. Hoelscher, Mr. Kretschmer, Mr. Mostoe.
Postlude—Selected ....
Miss Smith, Mr. Flaaten, Mr. Hoelscher, Mr. Kretschmer, Mr. Mostoe.

This will be the last one of this series of vesper services.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning subject, "The Influence of the First Christmas." Evening subject, "Room for Christ in Christmastide." Sunday school at 12 m.; Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ prelude—Finale to Mendelssohn's Third Symphony ....
Organist's improvisation ....
Chorus—"King All Glorious" .... Barnby
Tenor solo, Mr. Hamaker; baritone solo, Mr. Woodward.
Solo—"Chime Ye Belle" .... Shelly
Mrs. Woodward.
Offertory—Andante (from a Sonata) .... Chr. Fink
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Mixed quartet—"Bethlehem" .... Bartlett
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, Miss Florence Dyer, J. G. Hamaker and Francis E. Woodward.
Postlude—March in B flat .... E. Silas
EVENING.
Organ prelude—"Holy Night" .... Dudley Buck
"There were shepherds abiding in the field
Keeping watch over their flocks by night."
Responsive service ....
Chorus—"From Out the Starry Heavens" .... Havens
Solo, Mrs. Woodward and Mr. Hamaker.
Offertory—Elevation in E. major .... Saint-Saens
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Duet—"The Holy City" .... Shelly
Mrs. Woodward and Mr. Hamaker.
Mixed quartet—"Softly the Night is Stealing" .... Gilbert
First M. E. church quartet.
Contralto solo—"O That Thou Tellest" .... Messiah
Miss Florence Dyer.
Chorus—"Hymn of the Nativity" .... Stewart
Solo, Mrs. Woodward.
Baritone solo—"The Dream of Bethlehem" .... Rodeny
Mr. Woodward.
Chorus—"Good Friday" .... Bartlett
With soprano obligato, Mrs. Woodward
Postlude—Festal march ...... H. J. Storer
Francis E. Wodoward, director.

* * *

At St. Clement's church, Third street and Twentieth avenue west, the services for Christmas will be as follows: 5 a. m., solemn high mass; 8:30 a. m., low mass; 10:30 a. m., solemn high mass; 7:30 p. m., vespers and benediction. The musical program for the solemn high masses will be as follows:

"Adeste Fidelis" .... Werner
Chorus, with solo by Miss Louise Lyons, Miss Minnie Schultz and John Lauermann.
"Kyrie Eleison" .... Beethoven
Chorus, with soprano solo by Miss Jennie Crowley.
"Christe Eleison" .... Beethoven
Mrs. Genevieve Mekelke, Mrs. James Hart, Mr. Lauermann.
"Gloria in Excelsis" .... Beethoven
Chorus.
"Gratias" .... Beethoven
Franz Schultz.
"Qui tollis" .... Beethoven.
Miss Schultz, Wallace d'Aoust, Mr. Lauermann.
"Cum Sancto Spiritu" .... Beethoven
Don McDonald and chorus.
"Credo" .... Gounod
Chorus.
"Et Incarnatus est" .... Gounod
Miss Mary Kieran, Miss Deborah Heffron Mr. d'Aoust and chorus.
"Et Resurrexit" .... Gounod
Chorus
Offertory—"Ave Maria" .... A. F. M. Custance
Franz Schultz.
"Sanctus" .... Gounod
Tenor solo, Mr. Lauermann and chorus.
"Pleni Sunt Coeli" .... Gounod
Chorus.
"Benedictus" .... Gounod
Chorus.
"Agnus Dei" .... Gilsinn
Alto solo, Miss Schultz.
"Dona Nobis" .... Farmer
Chorus.

At 7:30 vespers will be chanted and the following program rendered:

"Veni Creator" .... Giorza
Franz Schultz.
"O Salutaris" .... Cherubini
"Tantum Ergo" .... Rossi
Chorus.

Organist, Miss Therese Shesgren; director, Franz Schultz.

* * *

The services at the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor will preach in the morning on "Jesus Finding Men," and in the evening on the topic "Hail to the King!" The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.
Anthem—"The Nativity" .... Haesche
Quartet, with bass solo by Mr. Giddings.
Anthem—"Sweet tho Moments" .... Donizetti
Quartet.
Response—"The Lord's Prayer" .... Schilling
Quartet.
Soprano solo—"The Holy Child" .... Paul Rodney
Mrs. Collins, with violin obligato by Miss Bagley.
Anthem—"Hark, Hark, My Soul!" .... Shelley
Quartet, with obligato sung by Miss Bagley.
EVENING.
Anthem—"King All Glorious" .... Barnby-Squires
Quartet.
Solo—"Heaven's All Glorious King" .... Meyer-Helmund
Mr. Cleland.
Anthem—"Birthday of a King" .... Neilinger
Quartet.

The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, and Miss Mayme Bagley, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, contralto; Mr. Cleland, tenor; C. H. Giddings, bass, with Miss Florence Clement, organist, and Miss Bagley, violinist.

* * *

At Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "The Divine Purpose in the Great Gift," and in the evening on the series on "Genesis and Revelations." Topic, "The Planting of Hope in the Garden of Desolation." Prelude, "Archbishop Ireland's Peculiar Illusion."

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m.; subject, "Christ Jesus." Christian Science reading room, No. 409 Burrows' building, open daily except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

* * *

At the First M. E. church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Rev. John A. Anderson will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 noon. There will be service at 9:30 on Christmas morning, with sermon by the pastor, Rev. John A. Anderson, and in the evening there will be the children's Christmas festival. The church will be handsomely decorated for the occasion. The children of the Sunday school will be the principal participants in the program. On Friday evening there will be a Sunday school reception at the church for the members and friends of the school.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 and 7:30 p. m.; preaching by the pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin. Sunday school and Bible class for adults at 12 noon. Young People's meeting at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. On Christmas morning there will be services at 5:30, with sermon by Rev. K. A. Lundin. In the evening at 7 o'clock will occur the children's Christmas festival under the direction of the Sunday school. Appropriate addresses, recitations and Bible reading by the scholars of the Sunday school, to be assisted by the church choir.

Thursday evening there will be the regular mid-week prayer meeting.

* * *

Swedish service will be held on Sunday at 7:30 o'clock p. m., by Rev. K. S. Tottermann at St. Luke's church, corner Nineteenth avenue west and First street, and Rev. K. S. Totterman will hold Swedish service at 6 o'clock Christmas morning at St. Luke's church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street.

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; sermon by the pastor at 11 a. m., subject, "The Greatest Christmas Present." Young People's meeting at 7:15 p. m.; sermon at 8 p. m.; subject, "Thy King is Coming." Hope church Sunday school will celebrate Christmas Tuesday evening at 7:30, with an interesting program, and will be assisted by the choir and a male octet. Rev. L. S. Staff, pastor.

* * *

At the Norwegian M. E. church, Twenty-first avenue west and First street, Rev. O. H. Wilson will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 12 noon. Young People's society at 7 o'clock p. m.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on: "Christ After Nineteen Centuries," and in the evening on "A Visit to Bethlehem." Christmas music will be rendered at Sunday morning services. "The Holy Child," a cantata by Horatio W. Parker, will be given by the Pilgrim quartet, assisted by a chorus.

PART I.
Tenor solo—"The Angel" ....
Cyril Tyler.
"Night in Bethlehem" ....
Quartet and chorus.
Soprano solo—"The Visit to Bethlehem" ....
Mrs. Craig.
"The Manger Throne" ....
Quartet and chorus.
PART II.
Duet—"Cradle Hymn" ....
Soprano and tenor, Mrs. Craig and C. Tyler.
"Procession of the Magi" ....
Male quartet, C. Tyler, George Tyler, C. Mandelert, H. Gearhart.
Aria Bass—"The Prophetic Song" .....
Charles A. Mandelert.
Chorus—"Hymn of Praise" ....

For the evening the program is as follows:

Organ prelude ....
Festival—"Gloria in Excelsis" (in B) .... P. A. Schnecker
Offertory—Organ ....
Contralto solo—Selected ....
Miss Hector.
Anthem—"Sun of My Soul" .. J. H. Tenney
Organ postlude ....
Organist, Mrs. C. A. Mandelert.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach a Christmas theme for the morning discourse "Immanuel." Evening subject, "Preparation in Early Life for Later Conflicts." Special music at both services.

* * *

At the First Christian church Sunday morning at 10:30, M. B. Ainsworth will preach on the "Christmas Song." In the evening at 7:30 his theme will be "Narrowness." Sunday school at 12 m.; Y. P. S. C. E at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

Special Christmas services will be held Sunday morning and evening at the Lester Park M. E. church. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., will preach. Mr. Donald Macleod will sing at the morning and Mr. Powell at the evening service.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church Rev. S. W. Kuhns will conduct morning service at 10:30 and evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 11:45. The Christmas exercises will be held on Tuesday evening at 7:30 at which time there will be an appropriate program, decoration of church and tree.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church 1515 West Superior street, the morning service will be at 10:30 a. m. Subject, "The Wonderful Name." Evening service at 7:45 p. m. Subject, "The Unspeakable Gift." Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor, will preach. Sabbath school at 11:45 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At Bethesda Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, there will be services by Rev. F. G. Aschim Sunday morning at 10:30 and evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school Sunday morning, 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12.10. On Christmas there will be services at 10:45 and 7:45 o'clock.

* * *

At the Y. M. C. A tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be an address by Principal Charles Alden Smith of the central high school, subject "Pure Speech." Music by the male quartet.

* * *

The music in the First Presbyterian church for tomorrow will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ—"In the Morning" 666 .... Grieg
From Peer Gynt Suite.
Anthem—"Shout the Glad Tidings" .... Shultz-Buck
Quartet.
Anthem—"There Were Shepherds" .. Buck
With solos by Mrs. Borch.
Solo—"Holy Night" .... Adam
(With violin obligato by Miss Bagley.)
Mrs. Borch.
Organ offertory—Communion in G. Batiste
Postlude—Hallelujah chorus ....
EVENING.
Organ—Christmas song ....
Anthem—"Calm on the Listening Eve of Night" .... Schnecker
With solos by Mrs. Borch.
Solo—"Peace on Earth" ....
(With violin obligato by Miss Bagley.)
Mrs. Cutter.
Organ offertory .... Wely
Postlude .... Wely

The choir is composed of: Mrs. Gaston Borch, soprano; Mr. Walker, tenor; Mrs. Cutter, contralto; Mr. Gearheart, bass; Mrs. McKindley, organist.

* * *

There will be services at the Glen Avon Avon church in the morning at 10:45 a. m. Subject of the sermon "Secrets in Prayer. Sabbath school at 12 m. The second public service will be at 4:30 p. m. instead of 7:30. This will be a service of song. Misses Farrell and Calverly will sing.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago-Times Herald: A Western preacher announces that "the devil is in mince pies." We would like to know what he would think if he tried lobster after 11 o'clock at night.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The reference to a disagreement among the reformers of the Presbyterian creed in committee meeting at Washington as one in which the "old dyed-in-the-wool stickiers for the confession have been knocked out," is speaking with levity of a serious matter, perhaps, but it conveys a perfectly clear idea of what happened.

Boston Globe: The New Jersey clergyman who announced in his sermon Sunday that he is strongly opposed to all kinds of parties where the young people indulge in kissing games, and particularly objects to the custom of indiscriminate kissing under the mistletoe on Christmas, will be about as successful in staying the flood of osculation as Mrs. Partington was in sweeping back the ocean. "It's no use to fight agin' human natur'," as Uncle Hiram Crabtree says.

Indianapolis Journal: Rev. Crafts, who testified about the dreadful things he saw at a Newport canteen during the Spanish war, is the same person who witnessed the orgy of the president and his cabinet over what proved to be four bottles of apollinaris water in the president's room at the capitol the closing night of the session. It turns out that there was not only no canteen at Newport, where he saw the horrible scenes, but there was no camp there during the Spanish war.

Indianapolis News: Bishop Potter's protest against the commercialism of the age, in his address before the Church club, of New Haven, is timely. It reinforces powerfully the statement on the same subject recently made by Mr. Abram S. Hewitt. There is no way to prevent people from becoming rich, nor is this to be desired. But it ought to be possible to bring influences to bear upon them which would prevent them from being spoiled by their riches.

Chicago Post: In the rectory of the Church of Nativity, New York, lies all that was mortal of Rev. William Everitt, the oldest Catholice clergyman in the arch-diocese of that city. Hundreds of persons dwelling on the great east side are hourly kneeling beside his coffin, and men passing in the street reverently stand uncovered at sight of the crape on his door. Yet he was only a humble priest, a man unknown to fame, one who want around doing good, refusing all honors from the church he loved, and asking no reward that was in the power of man to give. * * * In this practical materialistic age, in the hurry of getting wealth and fame, in the midst of eulogiums to the soldier and the statesman, it is fitting that we should pause and pay tribute to the memory of this good man. He exemplified in his daily life that it was possible to be Christianlike, to do unto others as you would have them do to you, and through all to earn the respect and love of believer and unbeliever alike. History will bear no record of his simple achievements. In no hall of fame will his name be graven. But deep in the heart of hundreds of New York's poorest citizens will be treasured forever the words and deeds of this "angel priest," this man who dared do all that doth become a man, yet asked no other reward than the conscientious of having made the world better through his living.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Great works are but small ones greatly done.

It is always easier to preach doubt than faith.

"Father" is the keyword to all true prayer.

The wages of sin are always paid right on time.

The muzzle does not cure the dog of madness.

Dignity depends not on the task but on the master.

Moral disease breed in the swamp of the impure heart.

So many Christians are fighting for toys when God offers to give them a kingdom.

Many troubles may be God's spades digging deep for the foundation of his temple in our lives.

The church that is forever figuring how to raise money will not cut much figure in raising the world.

A good action does not make a sinner into a saint any more than a leap into the air makes a fish into a bird.

The Copper District

Fine Christmas Present For Shareholders In Tamarack Mine--Production of District Smaller This Year.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Tamarack mine's No. 5 shaft is now in the Calumet conglomerate, the lode having been cut in season to serve as a Christmas present for the shareholders. The depth of this shaft, which is vertical, is approximately 4750 feet. This is 150 feet less than the depth of the Red Jacket vertical of the Calumet & Hecla, but as the latter named shaft is continued more than a quarter mile below where the conglomerate was cut, to allow the driving of crosscuts on a horizontal plane to the extreme corner of the Calumet & Hecla tract, the distinction of having cut the conglomerate at the greatest depth has been earned by No. 5 Tamarack. A trolley line has been installed at No. 5 shaft for carrying drill steel. It is operated by an endless steel rope, wound around a drum in the shafthouse, and does the work previously performed by teams. The matter is a small one in itself, but it is typical of the little improvements constantly being made at the progressive mines of the district. Many a mickle makes a muckle, and it is not only because of the great improvements, but to no small extent also by reason of the many small betterments in methods and appliances, that the Lake Superior copper mines of the first class are now freely conceded by all mining men to stand in advance of the mining practice of the world.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railways have apparently entered into an alliance, offensive and defensive, against the Copper Range, the new line built last season. Fortunately for the latter it has been able to secure some good business which the allied lines will be unable to get away, and there is apparently room in the rapidly expanding South Range for all three lines to do a profitable business. The competition of three well equipped railway lines for the business of a district that had no rail communication whatever until recently is naturally most gratifying to the people who have retained confidence in the ultimate development of the 50-mile tract of copper ground between Houghton and the Ontonagon river.

The fire in the coal in shed No. of the Calumet & Hecla has finally been extinguished, at much smaller loss than seemed probable when the fire was burning. A novel method of fighting the flames, which proved highly effective, was found in the sinking of numerous stand-pipes into the coal pile, as deeply as they could be driven, and the pouring of streams of water through these pipes.

It is probable that the Calumet & Hecla's production will be a trifle smaller this year than last. The production of the lake district as a whole for 1900 is likely to prove a little less than in 1899. During 1900 there will be several new mills in commission, and the production will be the largest in the history of the district, barring unforeseen contingencies, such as a great mine fire in one of the larger producers.

The Tamarack recently had a narrow escape from a serious fire, but the presence of mind and courage of the miners, who first found the lagging in flames on the 23rd level, enabled them to conquer the blaze before it had gained such headway as to be beyond the control of ordinary fire hose, used with discretion. The danger of fire is an ever-present one in the great mines of the district, and is one from which no copper mine is immune. It was thought for many years that the amygdaloid mines, with firm walls, were safe from fire, but since the experience of the Osceola, in 1895, when thirty men and boys were suffocated by gas, and No. 3 shaft was burned for a depth of half a mile, it is conceded that no mine is entirely safe, though the risk is necessarily greatest in such mines as the Calumet & Hecla and Tamarack, which are opened in treacherous conglomerate ground that required the support of hundreds of millions of feet of timber.

The Calumet & Hecla has completed one of the three new furnaces at the Lake Linden smelters. The other two will be finished and blown in within a few weeks. Extensive betterments are also in progress at the Buffalo smelters of the same company.

The Mass has made another shipment of rough copper, taken from opening work. The old stories of the wonderful richness of the Mass seem to be borne out by the results secured in reopening the mine, as about $35,000 worth of copper has been secured from shafts, drifts and winzes, in the form of mass and barrel metal, none of the stamp rock having been treated as yet. This is much the largest amount of heavy copper secured by any new or reopened mine in the district, and augurs well for the future of the Mass Consolidated.

The Old Colony tunnel is still boring its way through the copper belt from the eastern to the western sandstone. Numerous copper-bearing amygdaloids and conglomerates have been encountered, several of them of some promise. This tunnel is the most ambitious project of the sort ever undertaken in the lake district, and, when completed, will give the longest continuous cross-section of the Keweenawan belt ever shown. There is also the advantage over diamond drill work that a tunnel allows every opportunity of studying the formation at leisure, and mooted points can be readily settled by a little extra digging, while with drill work only the cylindrical cores are had to tell the tale of underground conditions, while computations must be made to correct the readings of the drill, and the occasional deflections to which the drill is subject cannot be corrected and often cause erroneous readings. The diamond drill is invaluable, and affords much the cheapest and quickest means of giving a rough examination to any given section, but its work is necessarily much less complete than that of a tunnel.

The Trimountain management is displaying remarkable energy in opening the mine and arranging for the construction of a new stamp mill, work on the erection of which is to begin with an immense force at the earliest possible date next spring. Despite the levying of a single assessment of the staggering size of an even half-million dollars, the shares of the Trimountain are rising steadily. This is due to the altogether exceptional showing of copper found at nearly every point in the mine. It is perhaps too much to say that there is absolute certainty of success inherent in any mine, but it is conservatively stating the case to say that the Trimountain has one of the finest showings ever made in the copper district, and that, without exception, the mining men of the the district are firmly convinced that the property has a great future. The miners working in the property are buying shares steadily, which is a good sign. The lake copper district has hundreds of miners—not theorists, or college graduates, but men who have had to earn a living with hammer and drill—who are today in independent circumstances through buying shares in good mines at an early day. Even the practical miners make mistakes and lose their money at times, but as a rule they are shrewd investors, and secure their profits through early and permanent investments, and not by speculating. One drayman, at Calumet, owns nearly half a million dollars' worth of Calumet & Hecla stock. Several winters ago a commercial traveler hired this particular drayman to take him and his trunks to Lake Linden, four miles distant, on a day when the thermometer was standing some 30 degrees below zero, and when no other drayman or hackman would make the trip. Filled with compassion for the driver, the drummer purchased a new pair of warm driving mittens for the poor old chap who had faced such bitter cold for the sake of earning two silver dollars. When the merchant who sold the mittens explained to the traveling man, after the drayman's departure, just how the shabbily-clad driver was "situated" financially, the philanthropic traveler said things that would appear unseemly in print, and swore that never again would he give charity to mortal man. — HORACE J. STEVENS.

GOOD REASON FOR IT.

The Success and Popularity of the New Catarrh Cure.

The remarkable success and popularity of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, is largely because it not only cures catarrh, but because catarrh sufferers who use these tablets know what they are taking into their systems; no secret is made of what they contain. They are composed of hydrastin, blood root, guaiacol and red gum, are pleasant to the taste, and being dissolved in the mouth they take immediate effect upon the mucous lining of the throat, nasal passages and the whole respiratory tract.

The cures that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have accomplished in old chronic cases are little short of remarkable, and the advantage of knowing just what you are taking into your system is of paramount importance when it is remembered that the cocaine or morphine habit has been frequently contracted as the result of using secret catarrh remedies, as so many of them are well known to contain these injurious drugs.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets meet with the approval and cordial support of physicians because their anteseptic character renders them perfectly safe for the general public to use, and their composition makes them a common sense cure for all forms of catarrhal trouble.

With nearly all advertised catarrh cures it is a matter of guess work as to what you are taking into the stomach, as the proprietors, while making all sorts of claims as to what their medicines will do, are very careful to keep it a close secret as to what they really contain.

This is one reason why Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have been so widely recommended, because they are not only pleasant and convenient to take, but the patient also knows he is not putting into his stomach anything of an injurious character.

These tablets are sold by druggists everywhere in the United States and Canada at 50 cents for complete treatment, and probably there is no better remedy ever devised for the permanent cure of catarrh, whether located in the head, throat, bronchial tubes or in the stomach.

BABY LAUGH

It belongs to health, for a baby, to eat and sleep, to laugh and grow fat.

But fat comes first; don't ask a scrawny baby to laugh; why, even his smile is pitiful! Fat comes first.

The way to be fat is the way to be healthy. Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is the proper food, if he needs it; but only a little at first.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
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We Guarantee Satisfaction.

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House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

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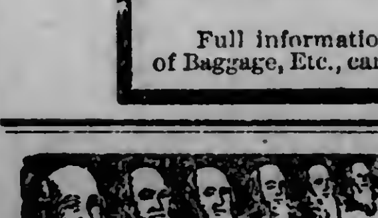

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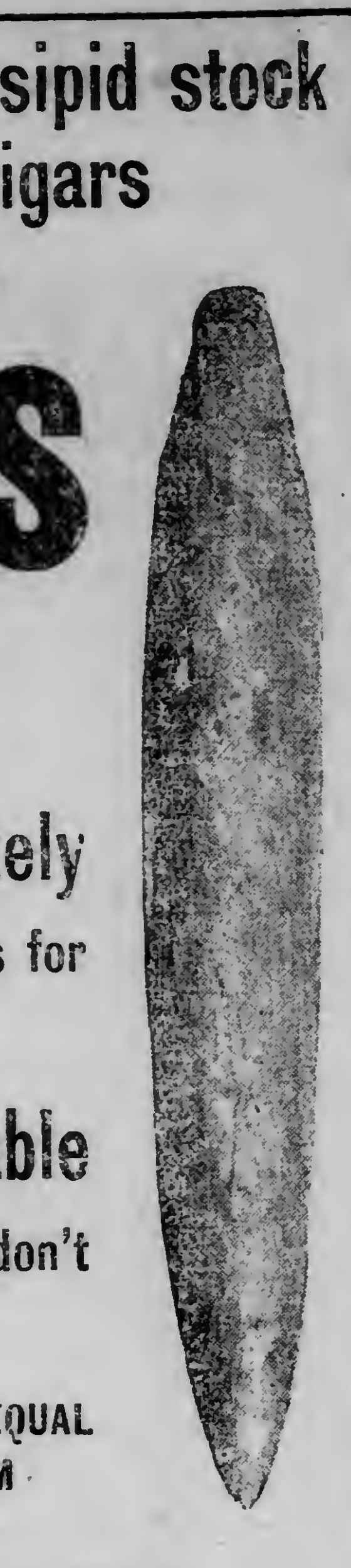

In Sporting Circles

New York Sporting Man Claims to Have Evidence That the McGovern-Gans Fight Was a Premeditated Fake.

M'GOVERN NOT IN THE PLOT

Charges of dishonesty are being fired in broadsides at the participants of the McGovern-Gans fight. Most of these assertions are based on the peculiar manner in which Gans conducted himself in the ring, and there is nothing on which to ground anything more definite than deep suspicion.

However, a New York sporting man, who desires to have his name kept in the background, says that he has positive evidence that the fight was a premeditated fake. His story is as follows:

"Houseman, manager of the Tattersalls A. C.; Harris, manager of McGovern, and Hereford, manager of Gans, entered into a plot to 'fix' the match and win a large sum of money on the result.

"They at first approached McGovern with a proposal to lose to Gans, but to the credit of the little fellow he absolutely declined to have anything to do with the scheme. His refusal to go into the scheme was the cause of a quarrel between Harris and his charge. McGovern stated that if he went into the ring he would not be beaten if he could possibly help it, and that he would fight so long as he had a leg to stand on. He also declared Gans would have to fight or run.

"This attitude on the part of McGovern was a severe blow to the plotters, who expected to make a big haul from the strong admirers of the champion.

"Then they turned their attention to Gans and found him much more pliable. He consented to make no effort to win, and in order to make sure of that point Harris compelled Hereford to put up a $5000 forfeit binding Gans to lose the bout.

Then the plotters sent $10,000 East to bet on McGovern at any terms, but failed to get on a cent. The wise ones of the East smelled a rat and would not be caught."

The many friends of McGovern will be glad to know he was not a party to any plot.

* * *

Many press dispatches of the McGovern-Gans fight started off with: "Terry McGovern is now the undisputed lightweight champion of the world." This is not correct, however, as Gans never held the championship. Erne won the title from George Lavigne, and he has not yet been whipped in a championship fight. When McGovern beat Erne the weight was 128 pounds, or five pounds less than the lightweight limit. Should Erne relinquish the title permanently, McGovern could lay claim to it, but he would not possess it till he had whipped a challenger at 133 pounds.

* * *

Patrick Ryan, former champion heavyweight of America, died at Troy, N. Y., last week. He was known in pugilism as the "Trojan Giant" and was never a first class heavyweight. He won thec hampionship title from Joe Goss May 30, 1880. Despite the fact that Goss was well along in years, it took Ryan, then in the flush of youth, eighty-seven rounds to win.

Two years later Ryan was beaten with ridiculous ease by John L. Sullivan, the fight taking place Feb. 7, 1882, at Mississippi City, Miss. Sullivan won in nine rounds. Both of the above bouts were according to London rules, on the turf and with bare hands.

In 1886 Ryan and Sullivan boxed Queensberry rules at San Francisco, Sullivan scoring a knockout in three rounds.

* * *

Anybody who thought the National League of Baseball Clubs had a Gans streak in its makeup was disappointed. The National was confronted in the same ring by two opponents—the American league and the players. A hook on the jaw put the American down and out, and a left shift to the solar plexus made the players long for home and mother. Having declared itself, it now remains for the American and the players to show if they really desire a fight.

So far as the proposition of Ban Johnson's American league to get on an equal footing with the National is concerned, the latter body has not indicated by word or act that it knew Ban Johnson and his league were in existence. The only notice taken was the granting to Hickey, of the Western league, of franchises in several of Johnson's cities.

As to the players, the league decided it would be prejudicial to individual interests and destructive to organized baseball to grant their requests.

It was decided that no club shall carry more than sixteen players after May 15.

The playing schedule for 1901 will consist of 140 games, beginning April 18 and ending Oct. 6.

* * *

"Indoor Baseball" is the title of the December number of Spalding's athletic Library. Since the introduction of this popular form of the great national game a few years ago, it has made very rapid progress as a winter amusement, and clubs are now to be found in all the large cities. It is especially popular with national guardsmen, the armories forming an excellent space for the game. This issue of the library contains a full account of the game, with pictures of the leading clubs throughout the United States, playing rules and directions for forming clubs.

* * *

The scores made in the 6-day bicycle race at Madison Square Garden last week are as follows:

	Miles.	Laps.
Elkes and McFarland	2628	1
Pierce and McEachern	2628	7
Gougoltz and Simar	2628	6
Kaser and Ryser	2586	4
Fisher and Frederick	2532	0
Waller and Stinson	2308	1
Babcock and Aronson	1506	1
Turville and Gimm	1499	7
Team record	2733	4

Elkes and McFarland get $1500 in cash and the world's championship; Pierce and McEachern get $1000, Simar and Gougoltz $800, Kaser and Ryser $500, Fisher and Frederick $300, $300, Waller and Stinson $250 and Babcock and Aronson $150, in all $4500. In addition to this a considerable sum will be distributed as bonus money to those who made a serious contest in the race btu were obliged to withdraw on account of accident or other good cause.

* * *

Every rider in the New York 6-day bicycle race, with the exception of Elkes, was so heavily drugged during the contest of last week that several are in a pitiable condition. Gougoltz, the Frenchman, is in the New York hospital and it is expected that several days will be necessary for his recovery. Surville and Aronson are also in the hospital and will be detained a week. McFarland is in much worse condition than the others. Some of these men suffered from falls and the falls were due to the drugs, with which pain was allayed during the long ride.

Whenever a rider became too pained to sprint well he was given something, it is said, to ease the pain. And when he later showed signs of being "dopy" he was given a stimulant. This thing was kept up through the last three days of the ride and accounts for the terrible condition of some of the men after the race.

Elkes showed the least signs of injury. W. S. Tenzler, his manager, says it is all due to the fact that Elkes steadily avoided drugs and did not take anything during the whole of the contest. Tenzler also says that Elkes is the only man who decided to avoid drugs when he went into the race.

None of the riders who took stimulants during the race are able to sleep. The drugs taken worked on them to such an extent that further ministrations were necessary after the race. Gougolt showed the effect mentally and may be in a worse condition than is now admitted. All of the riders say the strain was worse than in the 6-day one-man-grind. In the recent race the sprinting was terrific and it required more strength and endurance than to go through a steady grind such as the law now prohibits.

The World Of Labor

Edward J. Purcell Elected By Duluth Bricklayers as Delegate to the International Convention.

The Bricklayers' union, No. 3, of this city, has elected Edward J. Purcell as delegate to attend the international convention of Bricklayers and Masons, which opens in Milwaukee on the second Monday in January.

* * *

Duluth has another candidate for state office from union labor circles. R. Patterson, of the Engineers' union, is a candidate for chief boiler inspector. C. L. Higgins, of the Electrical Workers' union, has been in the Twin Cities during the week in the interest of his contest for the office of state labor commissioner. He reports considerable of a fight on among St. Paul and Minneapolis candidates, which has a strong tendency to swing the appointment to Duluth. In fact one of the Minneapolis leading papers came out recently and openly favored a Duluth candidate.

* * *

Eight new members were initiated in the new Structural Workers' union at its meeting on Monday evening. The union also voted in favor of abandoning any further effort to confer with the committee of the Carpenters' union over the differences that have existed between the two unions ever since the structural workers organized.

* * *

The Carpenters' union held its regular meeting on Tuesday night, and the most interesting feature of the proceedings was the discussion of questions of vital importance to the craft but not to the public generally.

* * *

At the annual meeting of the Marine Engineers' association, held last week, the following officers were elected: M. Ryan, president; James Bishop, vice president; F. Rehder, secretary; A. Harvey, secretary; and James Mutch, trustee. The association will give a ball on Jan. 31 in Odd Fellows' hall.

* * *

The ordinance to create a free employment bureau in this city, which has been fostered by the trades' unions, was introduced in the council last Monday night, and employment agents are making considerable of a fight against it.

LABOR NOTES.

Six hundred Dublin (Ireland) tailors have been out since April last, in an endeavor to secure the abolition of the outworking system and the adoption of a new time log. They have finished up by withdrawing their demands. A joint committee of employers and workpeople has been appointed to deal with all questions in dispute.

Female compositors in Paris are not legally permitted to set type at night.

In setting and distributing type a compositor's hand travels on an average eleven miles a day. Leaving Sundays and holidays out of account, this means about 3000 miles a year.

The parliament building in Wellington, New Zealand, is the largest wooden structure in the world.

A needle machine turns out 1,500,000 needles a week.

New York has a Hebrew butchers' union.

The New York Eccentric Association of Engineers is having affidavits prepared in reference to the prevailing rate of wages law for presentation to the comptroller. The affidavits will show that $3.50 for eight hours a day is now the union rate and that it is paid by the dock, bridge and park department.

Cincinnati team drivers demand 10-hour day.

Over 800 men, says the Salt Lake Tribune, will eventually be employed at the big mechanical plant the Rio Grande Western will establish in this city.

A bill for an effective state arbitration law is being considered by a number of St. Louis labor representatives.

Within the state of Indiana everything in glass from the smallest homeopathic vial to the largest cathedral window is manufactured. The output of three large glass factories, whose product this year will be 6,000,000 feet, has almost superseded the French and German plate glass for mirrors. The lamp chimney factories of the state manufacture 2,500,000 of the 7,000,000 used in the United States yearly. The product of these factories is being exported to all parts of the world. Trade is just opening up with South Africa, China and Japan. Indiana takes the front rank in the manufacture of glass and gives employment to more than 15,000.

The union label has at last invaded England.

There were 2042 Brotherhood carpenters in 1881. There are nearly 69,000 today.

One of the great features of the cooperative movement which is doing so much to promote the welfare of the Irish people is to be found in the agricultural banks or credit associations, conducted on the system first introduced in Germany by Herr Raiffersen in 1849. Where money is scarce a number of people form themselves into a society, and on their joint unlimited engagement to be responsible for its liabilities are able to obtain money enough for their needs. They borrow at 4 or 5 per cent and lend at 6 per cent, the difference going toward expenses and reserve. On deposits from its members the bank allows 4 per cent—considerably more than the postoffice saving banks. There are now fifty-two of these banks at work in Ireland, with a membership of 4000.

St. Louis has 800 union team drivers.

Louisville telephone girls have organized.

Marion (Ind.) plumbers' union has gained a reduction in the hours per day, and a scale of 20 cents per hour for gasfitters and 30 cents per hour for plumbers, after a strike of five days.

At Elwood, Ind., all the building trades have gained an advance of 25 cents a day. The bricklayers have an 8-hour and the others a 9-hour workday.

The following is a showing of the New York statistics of the lowest wages paid in 1895 and 1900:

	1895.	1900.
Limestone cutters	$1.00	$1.00
Freestone cutters	4.50	3.50
Granite cutters	4.00	4.00
Machine workers and hand rubbers	2.00	2.25
Marble cutters	3.50	4.00
Marble cutters' helpers	2.25	2.40
Marble polishers, etc	2.75	3.25
Stone setters	4.50	4.75
Bricklayers and masons	4.00	4.40
Carpenters and joiners	3.50	4.00
Derrickmen	2.90	3.00
Elevator construction and milwrights	3.00	3.25
Framers	3.60	3.75
Gilders	3.15	3.15
Painters and decorators	3.50	2.50
Pavers and rammermen	4.50	4.50
Plasterers	4.00	4.50
Plumbers, gas and steamfitters	2.75	3.75
Roofers and sheet metal workers	3.50	3.50
Stair builders	3.50	3.84
Tile layers and marble mosaic workers	2.75	3.50
Tile layers and marble mosaic workers' helpers	2.00	2.30
Varnishers	3.00	3.00

The Cigarmakers' International union has gained 6000 members the past year. In the great New York strike, in which four-fifths of those involved were non-unionists, the international union, even with this immense handicap, successfully conducted the strike, and voluntarily gave the strikers the sum of $136,000. This amount, it should be noted, was entirely apart from the regular benefit paid to its own members.

The American Federation of Labor has now affiliated to it no less than eighty-two national and international unions, with 9494 subordinate local unions, having an aggregate membership of 804,050. In addition to these before mentioned general unions, there are at present date of writing 1051 independent chartered local unions having 79,150 members, making a total of 10,545 unions with a membership of 10,545 unions with a membership of 883,200. These figures are exclusive of the membership indirectly affiliated through the medium of the central labor unions of 205 cities and sixteen State Federations of Labor.

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Every disease germ which you inhale is destroyed. . . . .

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By breathing it four times daily you cure CATARRH AND BRONCHITIS.

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Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

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For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

The State Of Trade

Conditions Better on the Whole and Increased Activity In the Distribution of Staples.

New York, Dec. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

Better conditions on the whole and increased and pronounced activity in distribution of all staple lines of merchandise at the principal cities have imparted a slightly more aggressive tone to general business. Distinctive holiday business, which at this period of the season means retail distribution, has shown further improvement, and no complaint is heard from any quarter, while the jewelry trade is much more active than for several years past. Unchanged conditions in the leading manufacturing industries during the last week before the holidays mean much.

At this time in ordinary years furnaces close down in large numbers and dullness is general at mills and shops where iron and steel are handled. Instead of a reduction of working force or concessions in prices this year, however, reports from the principal cities indicate the existence of contracts that will take months to fill, and new sales are made at the former level, despite much talk of cheaper ore next year. Fuel declined about 25 cents a ton recently, but this is as far as the cost of raw material has been reduced. It is seldom possible to secure prompt delivery of partially manufactured forms or finished products, and each week brings more orders from abroad, while the November statement of British exports shows another decrease compared with last year in these products. Tin again decreased sharply, taking the price about 10 cents below the top and almost to the level prevailing a year ago.

Other industries exhibit the same indifference to precedent. Instead of holiday quiet in the wool market, the last week's figures of sale at the three chief Eastern markets amount to 7,380,000 pounds, against 6,785,900 in the preceding week, and 5,267,344 two weeks ago, while a year ago the aggregate had fallen to 3,712,500 pounds from an average of over 11,000,000 pounds in the previous weeks. Prices are steady at the recent decline, and manufacturers purchase only raw material to fill orders.

Another decline appeared in hides at Chicago, taking the average back to the level prevailing two months ago. Leather was also easier, but the finished product was well sustained by shipments from Boston of 9980 cases, which is the largest movement in recent weeks. New orders are fewer in number, but shops have contracts for weeks ahead. Local jobbers have accomplished much more than was expected.

Cotton was firmly held, despite arrivals at the port far in excess of last year, and little encouragement received from shippers. The crop outlook points to a yield about equal to Mr. Ellison's estimate of requirements.

Liquidation in coffee caused a large volume of option transactions, and largely increased receipts of Brazilian crop took No. 7 Rio down to the lowest price of the year, which is 3 cents below the top point. The present figure is still more than a cent above last year's weakest spot and receipts are 250,000 bags larger.

Failures for the week were 293 in the United States, against 220 last year, and 18 in Canada against 26 last year.

Bradstreets today says: Seasonable conditions rule in trade at present. Holiday trade activity is widespread, and comparisons with previous years are favorable at most markets, with the possible exception of some parts of the Northwest, where the spring wheat shortage and unseasonable weather have checked distribution.

Notably cheerful reports come from Western jobbers, who have been called upon for reassorting orders, and who report collections good. Quietness in wholesale lines is usual at this period, but it is to be noted that especially good advices come from the iron and steel, hardware, groceries, fancy goods, toys and confectionery trades, while a distinctly cheerful tone is found in shoes, leather and lumber, although Eastern shipments of the first named are still considerably smaller than last year. Industrial lines are fairly well employed, and strikes are few and far between. Pieces show fed changes, most staples being steady, but it might be noted that most farm products are slightly higher than last week and well above 1899.

Speculation in the cereals has been narrow, bull and featureless, but prices have been aided by shorts covering on Argentine crop reports, advices of an exportable surplus from that country of only 40,000 bushels and the poor grade of receipts at the Northwest. Corn receipts are large, but little of it grades to contract, while the export business holds up the price of the cash article.

Cotton, following the reasoning as to a large supply being needed to satisfy even a much reduced consumption, few signs of which are yet presented and favored by smaller receipts, is slightly higher on the week, and quotations are now about where they were before the last break. Grey cottons have given slightly, but the price is still above a parity with finished products.

Wool is fairly active, mostly for territory grades, but the woolen goods situation is still unchanged.

Lumber is dull at retail, but firmly held by wholesalers, who look for a good trade next year. Bad weather restricts logging operations in the Northwest.

Eastern shoe manufacturers are well supplied with orders and leather is firm, but hides are generally reported dull and easier.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 4,123,350 bushels, against 4,785,577 bushels last week, 2,813,714 bushels in the corresponding week of 1897, 5, 515,231 in 1898, 4,757,559 in 1897 and 2,011,703 bushels in 1896. From July 1 to date this season wheat exports are 90,140,353 bushels, against 100,383,636 bushels last season and 115,236,084 in 1898-99.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 5,465,575, against 4,853,458 bushels last week, 3,910,000 bushels in this week a year ago, 4,103,673 bushels in 1898, 4,879,011 bushels in 1897 and 2,428,160 bushels in 1896. From July 1 to date this season corn exports are 90,372,004 bushels, against 108,360,885 bushels last season and 77,290,894 bushels in 1898-99.

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

(Continued From Page 14.)

Liebler & Co. are planning a tour for Mrs. Le Moyne in her beautiful Browning play, "In a Balcony."

American dramatists must be working hard. Miss Grace George has had 200 plays sent to her since her success in "Her Majesty," and Miss Crosman had more than this offered her.

Marie Corelli has her eccentricities, but here is one of her virtues. She says that she has so protected her latest novel, "The Master Christian," that its stage presentation will be impossible.

Mansfield's production of "Henry V" is said to cost $40,000 before the first curtain went up, and the operating expenses of such a company must be appalling to the commercial managers of today.

James K. Hackett gives matinee girls an awful underhand thrust when he says, as he recently did: "I want people to admire me for my ability as an actor and not becaue they think I am good-looking."

Junie McCree, the first actor to personate an opium fiend upon the stage, secured his character study from a resort in San Francisco, where the victims of the drug who were beyond resurrection spent their lucid intervals.

H. S. Northrup, who will be remembered as Buckingham in E. H. Sothern's "The Musketeers," has resigned from the Sothern company to take the heavy role, James Sinclair, in "Richard Savage," with Henry Miller.

There are varying reports as to the success of Lulu Glaser in "Sweet Anne Page." A summing up indicates that Miss Glaser has made a failure so far as the judgment of the critics is concerned, and it is still to be seen if the public verdict sustains them.

Henrietta Crosman has made herself and her "Mistress Nell" social favorites in New York. Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont and Mrs. C. A. Doremus are among those who have been socially noticed for their box parties at the Savoy theater, where Miss Crosman is playing.

Stuart Robson has never been classed among the handsome men of the stage, but in "Oliver Goldsmith" he is said to have exaggerated every homely feature he possesses. He wears various suits of hoden gray, snuff brown, turquoise blue and crimson velvet. His red wig is constantly awry, his figure and gait are ungainly and he looks at one from beneath frowsy, grizled eyebrows. This is the part in which he was seen in Topeka last season.

These be prosperous times for the theater, and if Chicago reports are to be believed it is especially prosperous there. The patronage of the theaters attracted the attention of the building inspector, and that officer is said to have announced that he would place a deputy on duty at the most crowded houses and stop the sale of tickets when it was considered that the danger point had been reached.

Otero, the dancer, was married in Paris recently.

Capt. Marshall, the English playwright, is writing a new piece for Annie Russell.

Ethel Barrymore will play the leading part of an actress in Clyde Fitch's "Capt. Jinks."

Pauline is to sing in "Erminie" once more when it is produced in Chicago, Jan. 7.

A new theater is to be built in London for George Lederer of New York Casino fame by an English syndicate.

Faversham's condition, as the result of appendicitis, is very serious, and the gravest fears are entertained.

"Barbara Frietchie" has been making a successful tour of the South, with Effie Ellsler playing the title role.

John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, the well-known "vaudevillians," have sailed for England, and will appear in the London music halls.

"Way Down East" is quite likely to be given in London next season with an American cast.

Clyde Fitch's new play of plain life in a country village, written for production by William A. Brady, is rapidly nearing completion.

"Through the Breakers" is equipped this season with a complete electrical plant, which is used to heighten the effect of one of the sea scenes.

After Miss Annie Russell leaves the Lycum in February, the next star to be seen there will be Miss Hilda Spong, who will appear in "Lady Huntley's Experiment."

Grace George began her road tour in "Her Majesty" at Poughkeepsie before a crowded and fashionable house, which included the graduating class of Vassar college and about 100 of the juniors. Her reception was enthusiastic.

Ada Rehan scored a triumph with her "Sweet Nell of Old Drury" in Buffalo. The author was called upon for a speech, but when led before the footlights, he couldn't be persuaded to say more than "I thank you." The production is one of great scenic beauty.

The management of "The Battle of the Strong" reports that the few little wrinkles which were noticed in the first performance on any stage of the play in Louisville, Ky., on Thanksgiving, have all been smoothed out. The piece is a genuine success, and is giving splendid satisfaction to large audiences everywhere.

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STOMACH and Liver Diseases; Loss of appetite, disgust for food, coated tongue, bad taste in mouth, foul breath, nausea, occasional vomiting, pain in stomach, tenderness, feeling of weight or belching of gas followed by looseness or constipation of bowels, etc., etc. Fullness, weight and soreness in the region of the liver, dull pain extending to right shoulder, jaundice, eyes yellow, and muddy complexion, irritable, nervous, melancholy, easily exhausted, a pinched or worn expression, dyspepsia, cold, dry and harsh skin, and many other symptoms not necessary to mention here, are successfully cured with VEGETABLE remedies and latest methods by Dr. Pierce personally.

CURE, ONLY CURABLE CASES TREATED.

KIDNEY, HEART AND SKIN diseases: Frequent desire to void urine, scanty, or over abundant, highly colored, milky or muddy urine, shortness of breath, puffy and swollen eyelids and face, headache, dizziness, defective vision, etc., etc. Freckles, Pimples, Blackheads, Scrofula, Eczema, salt Rheum, Erysipelas, scaly skin diseases, etc. Shortness of breath, suppressed cough, increased action of heart and occasional palpitation, etc., etc., etc., *ured to Stay Cured by Dr. Pierce personally.*

Fair Dealing, Conscientious Service, Successful Quick Cures and Moderate Charges.

Varicocele

A twisted or knotted-like appearance of the scrotal veins, which are sometimes slightly swollen and painful, positively curred without resorting, except in extreme rare cases, to surgical operations.

VARICOCELE robs mind, brain and body, resulting in general debility. **Lost Manhood,** and is indicative of the extreme wasting condition of organs. Some doctors treat the veins; such treatment does not cure. Apply to Dr. Pierce for proper treatment. He treats all patients personally and does not employ substitutes.

RUPTURE This most distressing and dangerous infirmity, common to both sexes, cured by Dr. Pierce, when in its early stages, in from one to four weeks, by his original method, known to no other physician, and which causes the rupture to heal as a broken bone unites; no knife, inconvenience or detention from work. Dr. Pierce was the first among specialists in the Northwest who treated and cured Rupture without the use of the knife. He is the only successful Rupture Specialist, being endorsed by well-known medical authorities. Beware of imitators.

MEN: Young, middle-aged and old men who have indulged in errors, excesses, overwork or mental worry, a word with you. Many of you have nervous debility, lost or failing manhood, evil dreams, unnatural losses that sap the vitality and destroy the nerve centers—the very fountain head of life. It causes weakness of body and brain, diseased kidneys and generative organs, dizziness, loss of memory, lack of energy and confidence, pains in back of head, vital drains, a wandering mind, dimness of vision, discontent, gloom and despondency, an aversion to society, dread of impending danger, pimples, inflammation of the bladder, highly colored urine, small or weak parts, impotency, loss of ambition or other unmistakable signs of physical, mental and sexual weakness, which absolutely unfits you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Men, get back what you have lost. Be once more a healthy, happy, manly man, as you can be by taking the treatment of the reliable specialist, Dr. Pierce, who has lifted up enough fallen men to make an army.

Don't Doctor Yourself. Don't Trust Traveling Fakirs or Patent Medicines.

Dr. Pierce has the largest and best equipped Medical Dispensary in the West, outside of Chicago, and dispenses more medicine in one day than is sold in some of the drug stores in a month. Call and be convinced. Charges moderate. No exposure. Consultation free. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 m.

Special and Secret Diseases.

Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Drains, Sores, Swellings, Inflammation, Tapeworm, Piles, Fistula, Shrunken Organs, Enlarged Veins, Hydrocele and all deformities of a delicate nature, as well as Rheumatism, Bronchitis, and weak lungs, treated by a new, safe and successful treatment without pain or detention from business, and cured to stay cured. Charges reasonable.

Call, or if at a Distance Write. Address

Dr. T. J. PIERCE,
No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

BLOOD POISON.

Among its symptoms are loss of hair, ulcers in mouth and throat, eruptions of copper colored spots on face or body, decay of flesh, bones. Many physicians suppress syphilis for the time being with mercurial poisons—with that damnable curse from which your children as well as yourself will suffer—but without injurious drugs Dr. Pierce completely and forever eradicates every symptom, taint and trace of the disease and leaves the system in a pure, strong and healthful state. All skin diseases, blood impurities, **SCROFULA, ECZEMA,** eruptions, etc., etc., treated and cured without mercury and potash, and poisons completely eradicated from the system.

No Need to Go to the Hot Springs.

LADIES Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

Call, or if at a Distance Write. Address

Dr. T. J. PIERCE,
No. 5 W. Superior St, Duluth, Minn.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Christmas Matinee AND NIGHT—TUESDAY, **Dec. 25**
Charles Frohman presents the Enormous Dramatic Triumph,
DAVID BELASCO'S VERSION OF
"Zaza"
As presented over 200 nights in New York.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.
MATINEE—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

ONE NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 26.
Wm. A. Brady's magnificent production of the marvelous melodrama of mysticism
—THE—
SORROWS OF SATAN
Under the personal direction of Wm. A. Brady.
Adapted and dramatized from the famous novel of Marie Corelli.
Prices—Dress circle $1.00, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balony 50c.

Yes, They Are Here!

Just received, a few GENUINE EDISON PHONOGRAPHS to sell at the extreme low price of............ **$10.00** from now until the Holidays are over. They talk, laugh and sing; hear them all over the house. Special agent, Room 200 Trust Co. building, Duluth.

SAME SHAPE TWO QUALITIES
"Cluett"
ARROW BRAND
NISTOGA
25¢ each
CARSON
2 for 25¢
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO
MAKERS

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS
NOW ON SALE TO
Florida
and the
Gulf Coast

Write for folders, descriptive matter, etc., to

C. L. STONE,
General Pass. Agent,
Louisville, Ky

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
MIDY
Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE.—

ALL PARTIES ARE HEREBY CAUtioned against purchasing any interest in the s¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 58, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud.

CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

Of Duluth's Neighbors.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Dec. 22.—Mrs. W. C. Gilbert and Mrs. D. M. Gunn returned Sunday from Minneapolis.

E. J. Farrell and wife returned Sunday from a short visit to St. Paul.

Fred McVicar is in town again after an absence of several weeks in the woods near Hibbing.

The Episcopal bazaar, given at the village hall last Monday evening, was a very enjoyable and well patronized affair. The ladies of that society had been busy for weeks making up fancy articles for sale and soliciting others, and they have reason to feel elated over teh outcome. Enough money was raised to pay the indebtedness on the lots recently purchased.

Luc D'Anjou, a resident for many years of this village, died Tuesday night of consumption. Mr. D'Anjou was proprietor of the French hotel, and has always enjoyed a good business. About a year ago he served the village as one of its trustees. He leaves a wife and a family of small children.

Miss Irish, one of the teachers, will leave Friday for her home at Pelican Rapids, where she will spend the holidays.

St. Joseph's church will have a Christmas tree for the young folks next Monday night.

C. J. Doran, who for the past year has been working in different towns on the range, returned last week to Grand Rapids and is again at his old stand at the depot.

Judge T. M. Brady left Tuesday for Hibbing, where he will visit for a few days before joining his wife in Grand Rapids, Mich. After the first of the year, Mr. Brady intends to return to Hibbing, where he will engage in the practice of law with his son, who has resided in that village for several years.

After a ten-days' visit with relatives, Mrs. Andrew Salter has returned to her home on Pokegama lake. She says that Maud, the 12-year-old girl of Mr. and Mrs. James Salter, who has been very low with typhoid pneumonia, had a change for the better last Sunday, and hope is now entertained for her recovery.

Miss Bernice Clair, deputy register of deeds, left Sunday for a visit of several weeks to her old home in Canada. Before her departure the officers and clerks in the court house presented Miss Clair with a beautiful folding mirror.

The special township election held last Saturday afternoon for the purpose of voting bonds for roads and bridges, was, by a large majority, decided in favor of the proposition. The bridge will be located on the Trout lake road, on the site of the one washed out by the flood during the summer.

Word was received here Saturday of the death of Mrs. A. McIntosh, at St. Mary's hospital, Duluth, where she went about a week ago to receive treatment. Mrs. McIntosh had been in poor health for over a year. Her body was taken to Michigan for burial.

Notices have been posted by the village authorities calling a special election of the citizens of Grand Rapids for Dec. 24. The reason of this special election is for the purpose of authorizing the village council to issue bonds in the sum of $6000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river at and above Grand Rapids. This action is required, not for the purpose of obtaining money for further expenditures in the matter, but to prevent legal complication regarding title to lands which have been received by the village.

Grand Rapids will be well represented at the meeting of the State Educational association, to be held in St. Paul next week. Those who will be in attendance from here are Misses Little, Cleveland, Donaldson and O'Shaughnessy and Professor Carroll of the central school, County Superintendent Mrs. Hattie F. Booth and Mrs. C. C. McCarthy. Before returning home Miss Little will visit her home at Kasson and Miss O'Shaughnessy at St. Cloud.

A. Lindeaur, president of the concern which is putting in the paper and pulp plant at Grand Rapids, was here last week and has started the work on the dam. Of course work progresses slowly, as a great deal of clearing up has to be done before the real work of construction can commence. However, things are moving along as rapidly as could be expected, and in the course of a few weeks a large crew will be put on and the work rushed through until completion.

At a meeting of the village council, held Monday afternoon, it was decided to cut all the timber from lands set aside for overflow purposes above the dam which is now being put in.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. L. St. Jasques, of Waldo, visited friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. C. Billingsley arrived Friday from Charterville, Prince Edward Island, to attend her son, George, who is sick at his home here.

Messrs. J. M. Ray and M. T. Hannon transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Sewall departed Thursday for Minneapolis, where they will visit friends and relatives during the holidays.

Mrs. Frank Fulton was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. J. M. Burwick departed Friday for Chicago, where she will spend the holidays with relatives.

Joseph Wetherby transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

The last of the ore for the season was loaded into the steamer Manola and barge Magna here this week. Instead of laying up here for the winter as was first expected, they will stay at Duluth, and were towed there by tugs.

S. W. Booth departed Thursday for Long Prairie, Minn., where he will spend the holidays with his parents.

Mrs. G. E. Wilfe was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Herman Yackee and Gustie Hansen were married here Wednesday evening.

Druggist W. Elfstrand transacted business at Duluth Thursday.

The schools closed Friday for a two weeks' vacation. Most of the teachers have departed for their different homes where they will spend the holidays.

Mitchell & McClure have commenced logging near Highland Station for the season.

Frank Corcoran attended to business matters at Duluth Tuesday.

Thirty or forty members from here chartered a special train and attended the Knights of Pythias meeting at Duluth, Tuesday evening.

Attorney R. N. Marble, of Duluth, transacted business at the court house Tuesday.

Dr. C. W. Taylor went to Duluth Thursday.

Charles Johnson, an employe at the Duluth & Iron Range shops had his right arm badly crushed Wednesday by a jack breaking and letting a caboose which he was repairing down on it. It is feared amputation may be necessary. Dr. Sewall is the attending physician.

Capt. Anderson transacted business in Duluth Tuesday.

The soft weather of the past few days has been very trying on the loggers and many report that unless cold weather or snow is had soon, they will have to stop work.

Miss Kate Headley is home from Albert Lea, Minn., to spend Xmas with her parents.

County Attorney M. O. Auboloe transacted business at Beaver Bay this week.

The first of the series of lectures to be given at the First M. E. church was given Monday evening by Dr. J. S. Montgomery, of Minneapolis, and was a decided success, the church being well filled, and everybody seemed highly pleased. The subject was "One-Sided People."

August Betzler went to Beaver Bay Wednesday.

Lumberman St. Jacques, of Waldo, was in town Thursday.

The quarantine on the home of P. G. Pastoret and Mrs. M. P. Beckett was raised Friday, all the patients now being fully recovered from diphtheria.

A Christmas tree will be had at the M. E. church Monday, Christmas eve.

Secretary J. J. Moore arrived from St. Louis, Mo., Saturday and has taken charge of the R. R. Y. M. C. A.

Another case of smallpox was rounded up this week. This time the party came from the camps on Goosberry River, fourteen miles down the lake shore. This makes two cases now at the pest house.

Harry Brown, of Tower, visited friends here this week.

The local fishermen are now shipping several tons of herring out of here each week.

Harry Irwin departed Wednesday for St. Paul, where he will undergo medical treatment.

R. O. Lazier will depart Saturday for Montreal, Canada.

The congregation of the Presbyterian church have extended a call to Rev. Henry S. Gilt, of the Fifth Presbyterian church, of Minneapolis.

The Young People's society of the Norwegian Lutheran church will give an entertainment at the Norden hall next Saturday evening.

The U. A. O. D. gave a well attended and enjoyable masquerade at the Norden hall Thursday evening.

If the weather is cold enough the opening of the Two Harbors skating rink will be had this evening.

Mrs. T. Beaudette arrived Friday from Bemidji, Minn., for a two weeks' visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Leclaire.

Sheriff Nelson attended to official business at Duluth, Monday.

James and John Shea departed Friday for Eddyville, Iowa, to spend the holidays.

R. Dillon, who has been employed at the shops during the summer, departed Wednesday for St. Paul, where he will work during the winter.

An informal reception was given to Mr. J. J. Moore at the Y. M. C. A. parlors, Saturday evening.

The L. O. T. M. are making arrangements for a grand ball to be given at the Norden hall, New Year's night.

Killian & Prosser, of the Two Harbors cigar factory, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Killian will continue the business.

Thomas Moriarity has returned from Endion.

Swan Jacobson, one of Two Harbors prominent young men, was married Thursday evening at Brainerd, Minn., to Miss Tena Graff, of that place. The young couple will make their home here.

C. C. Hastings has sold his lumber yard here to T. Dansberg and H. Hauser, of Minneapolis. The new firm will be called the Two Harbors Lumber company.

A. A. Harris visited relatives at Spooner, Wis., this week.

N. K. Coffman, of Duluth, was in town Thursday.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Miller and daughter, Maud, were among the shoppers in Duluth Saturday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Tissard Saturday night.

Charles Wills was a caller in the city Saturday.

Mrs. I. J. Mahoney has been quite ill a few days this week.

Miss Mary Wilson came up from Minneapolis Tuesday to spend the holidays with her parents.

Fred Hermann returned home from Minneapolis Monday.

E. Berger spent Monday in the city.

Miss Susan Crawford was pleasantly surprised at her home Tuesday evening by a party of young people, about thirty in number, who came for a good time. The evening was spent at cards and refreshments were served.

W. A. Thayer left with a lumbering outfit for J. W. Norton's camps where he will engage in logging this winter.

Superintendent Denfeld came up from the city Tuesday in the interests of the schools. He contemplates making some changes in teachers here in the near future.

Mrs. Joseph Rescicoe, of Hazlewood Park, was a caller here Wednesday.

Rev. R. Knudsen was in the city a few days this week.

Mrs. W G. McGill, of West Superior, was a caller here Wednesday.

The schools closed Friday for the holidays, with no special exercises excepting i nthe primary room where a Christmas tree was displayed.

Miss Myra Hehr left Friday evening for her home in Minneapolis, where she will spend her vacation.

Otis K. Hermann left Friday for Ashland, Wis., where he will spend Christmas at the home of his uncle, G. H. Hermann.

John Bartz spent Wednesday in Duluth.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—President George A. Whitman, of the First State bank, was a south-bound passenger Thursday morning.

W. C. Woodward, of the Tower Lumber company, transacted business in Duluth Thursday.

Messrs. Barker and Stuart of the Tower Lumber company left Friday morning for Ashland, Wis.

Mrs. John Papic was visiting with Eveleth friends last Wednesday.

Mrs. S. A. Owens and son Orlaw, were Duluth visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whittlesey were in Duluth Wednesday on a shopping trip.

George Wikley was in the city several days this week, from his homestead in 62-18.

Engineer Robert Filewood of the Sucker Point Indian school, was in Duluth Monday.

Sam Myers, the lumber scaler for the Tower Logging Railroad company, left for his home in Duluth Monday to spend the holidays.

Miss Goldsworthy, of Ely, was in the city Friday and Saturday, the guest of Miss Bertha Congdon.

Postmaster Sam Noden of Harding, was in the city a day or two the fore part of the week.

Archie Philips was up from Mesaba Sunday on a short visit with his family in this city.

John Papic transacted business in Ely a day or two the first of the week.

Oscar Kalb was in Eveleth last Saturday.

Mrs. Peter Pastoret was up from Eveleth last Saturday on a short visit with relatives.

E. E. Barnidge and William Flint presented the Boys' Literary society with about $25 worth of books for their library. The boys have secured a neat little badge by which the members may be recognized. The books presented by Messrs. Barnidge and Flint are by prominent authors.

William Fay was taking in the sights at Duluth Monday.

Joseph Lloyd was down from Mine Center Saturday on his way to Duluth.

Paddy Noonan has accepted the position as woods foreman at Leisure's camp, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Joseph Castigan.

James McLaren, foreman at Silas Robinson's logging camp, at Pike river, was in the city over Sunday.

George Turnish and J. H. Keating left Monday morning for their homesteads on Crane Lake portage. They will return about the first of the month, when they will prove up on their valuable homesteads.

T. J. Walsh was in Duluth the first of the week.

W. T. Williams returned Friday night from his month's trip in Oregon.

Mrs. F. H. Webster was a Duluth visitor last Saturday.

John Hickey now represents the union label on his cigars.

George Beatty went to Duluth where he goes as a witness for his brother Noble, who proves up on a valuable timber claim.

C. C. Pickard is around this week securing contracts for putting up ice for the brewery and meat markets.

Ed Purdy came down fcrom Robinson Lake Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Phoena Bystrom returned from her Duluth visiting trip Tuesday evening.

Bert Walling was up from West Superior Tuesday evening.

Andrew Bearm returned from Duluth with a large crew of men for his logging camp on Willow river.

Harvey Owens is now employed nights at the Duluth & Iron Range station.

Mrs. L. Bentson returned from Duluth Monday evening.

Mrs. Max Shapiro visited her husband in Eveleth the first of the week. She returned home Monday night.

William Fay returned from his Eveleth business trip Monday evening.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Teachers' Association of the Mesaba range held its monthly meeting here Saturday and a considerable number of teachers from Biwabik, Elba, Sparta and Eveleth were in attendance.

The Iron Range hotel has been closed for the winter on account of the steam heating plant not being complete.

James Kindler left Wednesday morning for Ashland, Wis., where he will spend the winter with his parents.

Edward B. Sperry returned Monday from a short visit in Duluth.

Matt Johnson left Monday morning for Minneapolis for an extended stay.

"Gozi" Thoin left Tuesday for Crystal Falls, Wis., where he will spent the greater part of the winter.

All ore shipments on the Iron Range road from Mesaba range mines have ceased, and the scales offices at this point have closed, after the busiest season in their history.

A. N. Talle returned to Tower Wednesday after a week's stay here.

James Enright left for Duluth Monday, where he has obtained a situation at Endion station.

Mrs. B. Kinney left Saturday for a short visit in Duluth.

Miss Julia Enright left Saturday for a short visit with friends at West Duluth.

A Christian Endeavor society has been organized the past week among the younger members of the Congregational church.

Mrs. Stafford left Tuesday for an extended visit with friends and relatives in Minneapolis and St. Paul.

George Dawson left Tuesday for his home in Vermont, after being employed here for the past ten months.

R. A. Behnke left Tuesday for Virginia, from where he left for Buhl.

The Drake & Stratton company completed its contract at the Biwabik mine Monday, and discharged its employes, with the exception of a small force to repair and store the extensive machinery. The company has completed all its contracts on the mine and the general opinion is that it will not strip here the coming winter. The company furnished employment to most of the laborers of the town, and with this shut down the force employed around this village is quite small. Of the 350 men thrown out of employment many will seek employment at Buhl, and a larger number will leave for their home to spend the winter.

Mrs. C. H. Morrill has been visiting with relatives at Ironwood, Mich., the past week.

Mrs. Hill, of Pike River, visited her daughter here Tuesday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Lappi died Tuesday, and was buried in Lakeside cemetery the following day.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Holden, on Saturday, Dec. 15, a daughter.

Mrs. J. C. Poole, of Eveleth, was a Biwabik visitor Tuesday.

Frank Loulan left Tuesday for a short stay at Buhl, from where he will make an extended visit in the East with relatives.

A son was born Tuesday, Dec. 18, to Mr. and Mrs. James Cox, at Merritt.

Miss Janet Carmichael left Wednesday for a visit with her sister at Duluth.

The fair given by the Congregational Ladies union at the City Opera house was a grand success, the hall being crowded throughout the entire afternoon and evening, and the proceeds from the sale of the fancy work and supper was over $120.

Fred J. Lins was in Duluth on a short visit Monday.

Miss Bertha Furtney visited with friends at Virginia Monday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Nice, on Monday, Dec. 12, a daughter.

William Tekander was in Duluth on business Monday and Tuesday.

Superintendent Carmichael visited in Eveleth Friday.

The opera house was entered Tuesday night by sneak thieves and a quantity of goods belonging to the bazar given the previous evening taken. No trace of them has been discovered.

Sidney Anderson, who was one of Biwabik's earliest settlers, returned to Biwabik Thursday and will be employed on the new Mesaba Northern railroad extension from here to Mesaba.

Mrs. Sheehey, of Virginia, is in Biwabik this week with her husband.

William Turaine, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Thursday.

L. H. Ghant left Wednesday for Two Harbors, after spending the summer here.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. C. Becker, of Fayal, was in town Thursday.

Ed Johnson rturned Tuesday from Duluth, where he has been sick at St. Mary's hospital for the past three weeks.

C. S. Joslin, of Two Harbors has taken S. Hannon's place on the work train here, and expects to be working here until Jan. 20.

Thomas Densmore transacted business at Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday.

P. Shaefer transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

Frank Klink looked after his business interests at Sparta this week.

The record of 1,262,000 tons of ore shipped this season by the Fayal mine is probably the best record ever made by any single property i nthe United States and had it not been for the flooding of the mine at three different times by rains, fully 1,500,000 tons would have been shipped. As stated in these columns at the commencement of the season, the output of the mines in this state did not reach even the mines i nthis satte did not reach even the ten million mark instead of 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 tons as claimed would be shipped. The 10,00,000 ton increase over 1899 shipments came almost exclusively from the new properties. But two or three of the old and larger shippers exceeding last year's record and most of them falling thousands of tons short.

The Duluth & Iron Range has put in two long logging spurs near Allen Junction for the Duncan & Brewer Lumber company, of Duluth, and expects to haul several million feet of logs.

SPARTA.

Sparta, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Karl Fredrickson are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter at their home on Main street.

Postmaster A. R. Anderson has added a section of combination lock boxes. He now has the finest set of postoffice fixtures on the Mesaba range.

J. F. Dacy, of Duluth, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

J. J. Crowe transacted business here Thursday.

Master Willie Mouser is reported very ill.

Mrs. F. H. Driscoll, of Eveleth, visited her sister, Mrs. Jury, on Tuesday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Flynn, Miss Bells and Miss Lyons, teachers in our schools, left Friday for their homes in the southern part of the state to spend the holiday vacations.

Capt. Davey of the Adams, who has been sick for the past few weeks with typhoid fever, is able to be around again.

Dr. Patton, of Proctor, attended the Fayal club donce Thursday night.

Gust Dahl, for the past number of years master mechanic at the Adams, died Sunday and was buried Wednesday.

William Grettum, of Duluth, was in Eveleth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bailey returned from Duluth Monday.

Miss Maybert Osborn came home Thursday night from Hamline where she is attending school to spend the holidays with her parents.

H. G. Fanning, of Virginia, was in Eveleth a few days this week talking fire insurance.

The Endowment rank, No. 4569, K. of P., elected the following officers at their last meeting: President, S. E. Helps; vice president, Sam Trengove; secretary and treasurer, C. T. Johnson.

Merton Kingston and sister, Miss Lina, arrived home from Hamline last Saturday to spend their holiday vacations with their parents.

Paul Haight, the Scranton school man, will spend the holidays with friends in Chicago.

The Fayal club gave one of the nicest dancing parties ever given on the range Thursday night. The hall was prettily decorated with evergreens and palms. La Brosse's orchestra, of Duluth, furnished excellent music. A large number of out-of-town people attended.

Capt. S. Webster, who has been visiting his son, Fred H., of the Leader, for the past few months, left for his home in Marshall, Minn., last Friday.

The Modern Samaritans will hold their annual election next Wednesday evening.

Henry Bessey and Lute Fuller left Friday morning for Hunting, Wis., for a few weeks' visit with friends.

Mrs. L. Rubenstein and daughter, of Sparta, visited with Mr. and Mrs. F. Rabinovitz.

D. E. Shea, of the Commodore mine at Virginia, visited Eveleth last Friday.

Ole Halverson is reported very sick, and his recovery is doubtful.

Willie Shea arrived from school at Hamiline the first of the week he will spend the holidays with his parents at Virginia.

Robert Whitesires of Duluth visited friends here Monday.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, Dec. 22—(Special to The Herald.)—The Vindex View Company has leased the east room of the old postoffice block,

Professor Murdock gives a dance on Christmas evening, at the Fay opera house. Professor Bovee's orchestra will furnish the music.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Shandeling rejoice over the arrival of a little girl at their home on Tuesday.

A city hall, which will be a credit to the city, is in contemplation of construction.

The W. T. Bailey Lumber company shut down their mill for repairs this week.

A. E. Dunsmore has recovered from typhoid fever and is now busy shaking hands with his numerous Virginia friends.

Charles Borka and Miss Hanna Rantlo, of Elba, were united in marriage at the M. E. parsonage, in this city, Wednesday, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Oaten.

James Sampson has this week put up the brick work on the new Nathenson block, and will push the block to completion at once. Nathenson Bros. expect to occupy the same by the middle of February.

Rev. R. P. Cummings, of Biwabik, was a guest at the M. E. parsonage on Sunday last.

The anual Christmas tree of the M. E. Sunday school will be held in the church on Christmas eve.

The deputy sheriff summoned Andrew Hawkinson, Thomas Densmore and R. E. Little, of this place, for the special venire jury in the case of the State vs. Roswell H. Palmer.

The dry house at the Franklin mine burned to the ground last Monday. The cause of the fire is unknown. The company's loss aggregates about $1500, and many miners also suffered individual losses of clothing, their mining outfits being in their lockers where they could not be reached.

Capt. W. J. Richards, who has been in charge of the Commodore mine since Capt. Wallace assumed charge of the Corrigan, McKinney & Co.'s properties as general manager, has been transferred to the Crystal Falls district, where he assumes the superintendency of the above company's mines, on the Menominee range. Capt. E. C. Mills, formerly assistant superintendent at the Fayal, succeeds to the superintendency of the Commodore.

Superintendent Parmerlee of the Franklin states that he is now employing a force of about 250 men at that place.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Blanch Pike, of Hewett, visited here the first of the week.

Mrs. Frank Rossman visited at Wenahga last week.

Mrs. D. K. Goodrich, of West Union, Iowa, arrived here Monday night and will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Blakeslee, Jr. Her son, T. D. Goodrich, is expected the last of the week to spend Christmas here.

Mrs. Frank Pratt, of Pipestone, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Earle Hollowell.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Davis, are in St. Paul this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gage are visiting at Custin, the former home.

William Pratt, Sr., and family moved to Ashley this week, where Mr. Pratt and son are engaged in the meat business.

Miss Belle Wilcox has returned to her home at Bemidji.

Oliver Keay has a brother visiting him from Boston.

The new court house is completed and the contractor, N. C. Bachelor, and his assistant, Mrs. Francis, left for their home at La Crosse, Wis., the first of the week.

E. A. Page is working in S. C. Tubb's barbar shop.

Miss Ada French visited at Badoura the first of the week.

Fay Delezone is home from Minneapolis.

Miss Minnie Woolson has been quite sick for the past week.

Dr. W. T. Stone is moving his residence to the hospital property.

Mr. and Mrs. McNamer have moved into their new house.

Mrs. Sarah Doran left Tuesday morning for North Dakota, where she will sperd the winter with a daughter residing there.

George King's new residence in the north part of town is completed.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderslins left for their home in St. Paul the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Bird left Monday morning for their new home at Worthington, Minn.

There will be Christmas entertainments at each of the churches next Monday evening.

A CASE OF IT

Many More Like It in Duluth

The following case is but one of many similar occuring daily in Duluth. It is an easy matter to verify its correctness. Surely you cannot ask for better proof than such conclusive evidence.

Mr. C. Coons, conducting a meat market at 104 East Fourth street, says: "For three or four years there was a severe, heavy aching pain across the small of my back, I did not rest well at night and rose in the morning feeling tired and worn out. The secretions from the kidneys were irregular and highly colored and on standing deposited a heavy sediment. I felt generally run down and had no energy or ambition left. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and having heard them highly spoken of, I procured them at the Duluth Drug Company and commenced to use them. In a few days I noticed an improvement and the aches and pains soon left me. My appetite became good and I slept well and felt refreshed in the mornings. I began to gain weight, and, in fact, never felt better in my life."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss May Smith was surprised on Wednesday evening by a party of young friends. All reported a very pleasant time.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Agrell departed Wednesday for Monroe, Wis., to spend the holidays with relatives. After the holidays they will go to the southern part of Florida to spend the winter.

Mrs. Ross was a Duluth visitor on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. McIntosh and son, Joe, of Duluth, were the guests of Mrs. J. S. Brown on Sunday last.

Mrs. A. Kurtz was visiting relatives at Duluth on Tuesday.

J. P. Hanon and brother, Mat, left Thursday for Detroit, Mich., to visit relatives.

Mrs. M. Jollymore, who was confined to bed with the grip for the past week is able to be around again.

George Jacobs, of Duluth, is visiting relatives in Proctorknott.

C. M. Burnett was a Duluth visitor on Tuesday.

William Edwards departed Tuesday for Toronto to visit relatives.

Mrs. L. H. Smith was a Duluth visitor on Thursday.

Mrs. W. T. rGegory visited friends and relatives at Superior Wednesday.

Mrs. W. Braydon was in Duluth on business Wednesday.

Mrs. J. C. Rix was a Duluth visitor on Thursday.

Mrs. J. S. Brown and son, Walter, departed last night for North Carolina. Mrs. Brown will visit friends in Chicago and Washington, D. C., before going South, where she will meet Mr. Brown who is engineer on the Seaboard railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will return in the spring.

Miss A. Laughmir departed Friday for Virginia, Minn., where she will make her future home.

D. Kemp departed Tuesday for the Canadian border.

Mrs. C. E. Ellis was a Duluth visitor on Thursday.

Mrs. N. Leaf and daughter visited friends at Proctor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Moore left Wednesday for South Dakota to spend the holidays with relatives.

J. Clarkson, of West Superior, was in the village on busienss Thursday.

Ernest Walroth was in the village shaking hands with friends on Tuesday.

R. Emsley returned home from Sault Ste. Marie to spend the holidays with his folks at Proctorknott.

Bert Simpkins made the banner on the Missabe road with a special Thursday, making the trip from Proctor to Hibbing in 1 hour and 45 minutes.

Agate concil No. 14, Modern Samaritans, held what might be termed a sultry session at the lodge room last evening. The annual election of officers was held and the following were elected for the ensuing year: G. S., John C. Rix; S., John M. Hall; T., W. A. Riddle; I. K., F. D. Knight; J. M., J. P. Murray; Y. G. S., A. J. Witchell; F. S., H. O. Smith; H. P., J. J. White; L., M. Jollymore; C. M., J. B. Fitzgerald; C., Harry Kemp; W., Fred Anderson; trustee for three years, E. D. McDonald. At 8 o'clock a special train over the Missable arrived with a large delegation from Alpha and Beta councils to assist in the initiation of a class of twenty-eight members who made the journey under the direction of the officers of the Duluth councils who had charge of the initiation. N. B. Henderson of Alpha council, officiating in the chair. After the initiation very pleasing and instructive addresses were delivered by Neighbors Crassweller, Keyes, McManus, Collier, Christie, Morrison, Noble and Henderson. An excellent lunch was then served after which jollity was the rule. Neighbors Frank Skinner, of Hibbing; J. M. Hall, of Proctorknott, and Stewart, of Duluth, delivered splendid vocal selections, J. V. Gilbert making a speech thanking the visitors for their hearty cooperation and the officers and members of Agate council and visiting members vied with each other to make the evening enjoyable.

The meeting was closed in the best of good fellowship and the officers and members of Agate council feel that they are under an obligation they can never repay for the hearty co-operation extended to them by the members of Alpha and Beta councils on this and other occasions. The members initiated were, Milliam McMurtie, F. L. Barber, J. T. Puston, Alex Brayden, A. H. Eller, John Morgan, A. L. Merritt, F. W. Merritt, And. Johnson, John Price, Mr. Chapman, J. G. Weatherstone, W. T. Granger, Fred Bulin, A. L. Larson, J. J. White, M. A. Kemp, Fred Smith, Thomas Grimes, P. J. Olson, Bert Benson, D. M. Bethune, F. D. Davidson, E. C. DeMars, Alfred Peterson, Gus Figge, Frank Burke, George Toole.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. J. H. Thomas, one of the best-known dentists, in the north half of the state, died during the week at Crookston. Dr. Thomas made monthly visits here, and his demise is sincerely regretted by the citizens of Cass Lake.

Cass Lake will be lighted by electricity by the latter part of next week. The poles have already been put in position, the wires are all strung, and it only remains for the General Electric company, who have the contract for installing the plant, to finish the placing of the engine and dynamos, when the circuit can be completed and the current turned on. The electric light plant, also the new waterworks plant, is owned by the Cass Water Power and Light company, to which company the village council recently granted a franchise. The waterworks plant is already in operation. The pressure for the waterworks is furnished by means of a tank, of 500,000 gallons capacity, which is erected on top of a tower 100 feet from the ground. The waterworks plant is giving good satisfaction.

The new Elston hotel, a handsome brick structure, recently erected by the Cass Land company, at a cost of $17,000, will be formally opened to the public on the evening of Jan. 15, on which occasion a grand banquet will be served. Ed Elston, an old resident of Duluth, will have the management of the hotel, and it is his intention to have the Grand Forks, N. D., orchestra in attendance at the banquet. The Great Northern railway has made a rate of one fare for the round trip to Cass Lake for the benefit of those from a distance who wish to visit Cass Lake on the evening of the banquet. The affair is being looked forward to as the most elegant social event in the eventful history of Cass Lake, and as many tickets have been sold to Duluth parties, it is expected that a large delegation will be in attendance from the Zenith City.

The contest at Washington as to the cutting of "dead and down" timber on the ceded lands of the Chippewa reservation has had no effect so far on the loggers who are operating in and around Cass Lake. The work of cutting and hauling has not been suspended at any time, and it is confidently asserted that the department at Washington will not annul any of the contracts made by Capt. Mercer with the firms logging here.

A rumor which is neither denied or affirmed by the railroad officials, is in circulation here to the effect that the Great Northern railroad will erect a new passenger depot here. The rumor says that the new structure will be erected east of the round house, adjacent to the land which the Eastern Minnesota Railway company purchased at the St. Cloud sale on Nov. 1, 1899.

H. A. Smith, a former resident of Duluth, who is now engaged in the hardware business here, has purchased a number of Belgian hares, together with L. H. McCann, and will engage extensively in breeding the animals. These are the first hares brought to Cass Lake, and the fad of breeding them is apparently already becoming popular here. Mr. Smith has fifteen hares and expects to receive twenty more from Denver, Col.

George Tuller, the head member of the firm of Tuller, Taylor, Turpenning & Co., who own and operate general stores in many towns along the line of the Great Northern railway to Duluth, has purchased two lots in the new town of Tenstrike, on the line of the Brainerd & Northern extension north of Bimidji, and will erect a new building there and put in a stock of general merchandise. Mr. Tuller has associated with him O. E. Jackson, of Cass Lake.

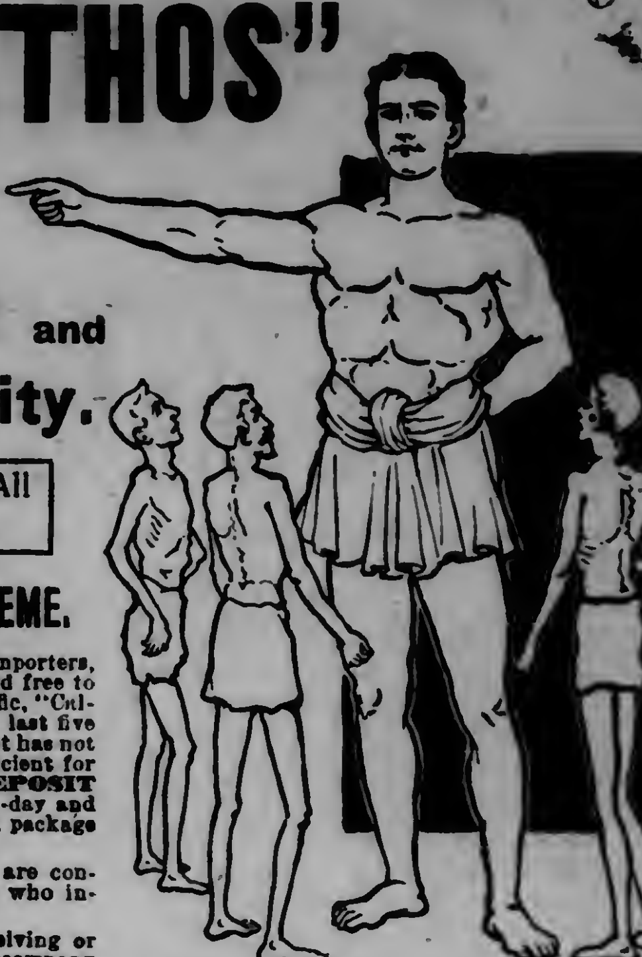
The local lodge of Modern Woodmen will give a social dance on New Year's eve. The committee of arrangements consists of John Osborne, Henry Miller and Frank Frasl.

The various churches will have their usual Christmas services and entertainments. The Methodists will give a Christmas entertainment and have a tree filled with presents at the K. O. T. M. hall on Christmas eve. The Catholics, under the direction of Father Murphy, will hold midnight mass on the night of Dec. 24, and on Christmas day the members of the Catholic Sunday school will give an entertainment in Woodmen hall, where a Christmas tree will also add to the enjoyment of the little folks.

After the payment of annuities was made to the Indians here last week, many of the reds became intoxicated, and it is asserted that the Indian officials and the deputy marshal are now on the track of two or three "bootleggers" who sold whisky to the government's wards. It is a significant fact that no complaint has ever been made against a saloonkeeper here charging him with having sold liquor to the Indians, and it is asserted that the reds are refused in no uncertain terms the opportunity to buy liquor from the saloonkeepers of Cass Lake. It is the "bootleggers" who furnish the Indians with their "booze."

FREE TO WEAK MEN

"CALTHOS"



Lends A Helping Hand To All Sufferers From

Lost Manhood and Nervous Debility.

Sent Absolutely FREE To All Sufferers, by Sealed Mail.

No C. O. D. or DEPOSIT SCHEME.

Until further notice the well-known importers, Von Mohl Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, will send free to all who apply enough of their famous specific, "Calthos," for Nervous and Sexual diseases to last five days. In many instances where the ailment has not advanced to an extreme stage, this is sufficient for a cure. **This is no C. O. D. fraud or DEPOSIT scheme.** Send your name and address to-day and "Calthos" will reach you in a plain sealed package by return mail.

The American rights for "CALTHOS" are controlled solely by The Von Mohl Company, who introduced it into the United States.

There is absolutely no publicity in receiving or taking it. Full directions and a treatise accompany it. When you have read these you will fully understand your own case and be able to be your own doctor. The Von Mohl Company is known as the richest and largest importing firm of its kind in the world, and its standing in the commercial world is ample proof of its straightforward business methods.

"CALTHOS" is the discovery of Prof. Jules Laborde, the most famous chemist in France. Before the introduction of this wonderful vitalizer, Medical Science agreed that there was no specific for lost manhood and the various forms of sexual weakness.

"CALTHOS" CHANGED THIS OPINION.

"CALTHOS" reaches the seat of disease as no other remedy can do, acting directly on Nerves, Circulatory System and Mucous Membranes. If you are weakened by indulgences in youthful errors, excesses in later life, overwork and worry, remember that "CALTHOS" is **a guaranteed** cure in all stages of sexual weakness before epilepsy, consumption or insanity has set in. "CALTHOS" brings new life and new vigor, restores shrunken parts, puts healthy glowing blood in the veins and brings back the springy, elastic step, sparkling eye and pleasurable sensations of younger days. It will restore that superb manhood that is the admiration of men and women.

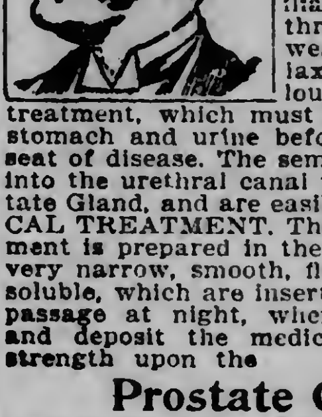
If YOU would have freedom from degrading weakness; if you would know health and happiness that comes from sturdy manhood, accept this offer to-day, bearing in mind that the "CALTHOS" department of the business is strictly confidential. Address,

The Von Mohl Co., 706 B, Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States. Cincinnati, O.

WHY IT CURES MEN.

Why the Frightful Tension of Stricture is Dissolved Like Snow Beneath the Sun—IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

Why Weak Men Are Restored by the Magic St. James Treatment Applied Locally and Directly to the Affected Parts.



We answer the questions briefly. If you cut an artery in your arm you do not take internal medicine to stop the flow of blood. YOU USE LOCAL APPLICATIONS. Similiarly when the urethral ducts become weakened and relaxed it is ridiculous to take internal treatment, which must pass through the stomach and urine before it reaches the seat of disease. The seminal ducts project into the urethral canal through the Prostate Gland, and are easily reached by LOCAL TREATMENT. The St. James treatment is prepared in the form of crayons, very narrow, smooth, flexible and wholly soluble, which are inserted into the water passage at night, where they dissolve and deposit the medication in its full strength upon the

Prostate Gland,

Contracting and strengthening the ducts, FOREVER STOPPING drains and emissions, and curing while the patient sleeps. Dr. Carter's "Gran-Solvent" soluble Bougies will dissolve, digest and forever remove urethral

Stricture

In 15 days, without pain, injury or inconvenience. The bougies are inserted at night and act while you sleep. "Gran-Solvent" removes every symptom of stricture, leaving the canal as healthy as when nature formed it. NO BRUTAL CUTTING OR DILATING. NO INJECTIONS TO IRRITATE THE MEMBRANE. NO INTERNAL DRUGGING TO RUIN THE STOMACH. The St. James treatment is local, direct and positive.

Varicocele.

Varicocele is an accumulation of sluggish blood in the veins of the scrotum, due solely to imperfect circulation, and has its origin in a diseased and torpid Prostate Gland. Operations in this disease are only temporary, and no mechanical device yet discovered has cured a single case. Gran-Solvent heals the Prostate and restores healthy circulation. Varicocele disappears and tho sluggish accumulation is replaced by pure, healthy, red blood.

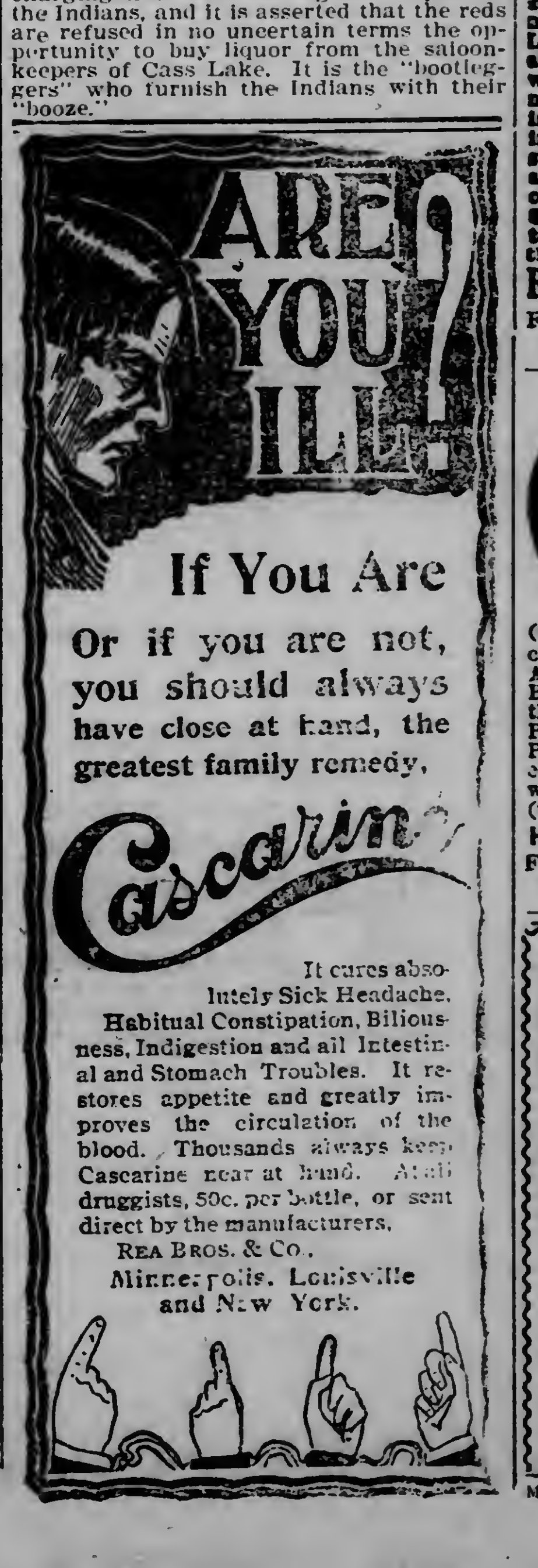
19,846 men strictured, weak, wasting and despondent were cured and restored by the St. James method last year. A vast army of men in whom the light of life has penetrated the fearful nightmare of stricture and seminal decay.

Every Man Should Know Himself.

Space will not permit a complete description of the incomparable St. James treatment in urethral diseases. Every sufferer from Stricture and its offspring, Prostatitis and Seminal Weakness, should write to the St. James Association, Box 834, Cincinnati, Ohio, for their wonderful illustrated work showing the parts of the human system involved in urethral ailments, which they will send securely wrapped in plain package, prepaid **FREE**

HOME TREATMENT CAN BE USED BY THE PATIENT AS SUCCESSFULLY AS BY OURSELVES.

St. James Association, St. James Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.



ARE YOU ILL?

If You Are

Or if you are not, you should always have close at hand, the greatest family remedy,

Cascarine

It cures absolutely Sick Headache, Habitual Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and all Intestinal and Stomach Troubles. It restores appetite and greatly improves the circulation of the blood. Thousands always keep Cascarine near at hand. At all druggists, 50c. per bottle, or sent direct by the manufacturers,

REA BROS. & CO.
Minneapolis, Louisville and New York.

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

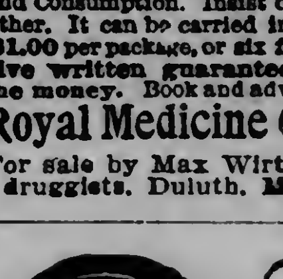
Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.



TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book. **50c.**

(Old Age Postponed.)

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by ax Wirth, Druggist, 12 Wes Superior Stree

EUGENE FIELD'S POEMS A $7.00 BOOK

The Book of the century Handsomely Illustrated by thirty-two of the World's Greatest Artists.

Given Free

to each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund. Subscribe any amount desired. Subscriptions as low as $1.00 will entitle donor to this daintily artistic volume

"Field Flowers"

(cloth bound, 8 x 11), as a certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representitive works and is ready for delivery.

But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.00.

The Fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the Fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address

Eugene Field Monument Souvnir Fund,
(Also at Book Stores) 180 Monroe St., Chicag

If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10 cents.

Mention this Journal, as Adv. is inserted as our Contributi

Gossip of the Stage

"Zaza" Will Be the Attraction at the Lyceum Christmas Afternoon and Evening---"The Sorrows of Satan" Wednesday Night.

Charles Frohman's company will present Belasco's powerful and most successful play, "Zaza," at the Lyceum theater for two performances Tuesday, Dec. 26, opening with grand holiday matinee. It is hardly necessary to more than announce its appearance. The play has been such a phenomenal success that it has become a household word. It is remarkable the large number of people who keep in touch with matters treatrical. If a play meets with great success, it is not long before the fact is generally known. The play has done an enormous business, and it will be many years before another play is produced that will equal it as a drawing attraction. Charles Frohman, whose company presents the play here, has had to use extreme care in getting together a cast to present this masterpiece of dramatic art, David Belasco's "Zaza." We strongly advise those who intend to see this famous play to be on hand early, as it is doubtful if there will be a seat left at the close of the first day's sale.

"THE SORROWS OF SATAN."

Marie Corelli's celebrated novel, "The Sorrows of Satan," the sales of which in this country alone are said to have exceeded 1,000,000 copies, has been turned into a drama. This was inevitable in the case of a book possessing such theatrical qualities, and the readers of which have numbered far more than those of "The Christian," "Rupert of Hentzau" or "A Lady of Quality," all of which furnished excellent dramatic material. The play is to be given here for the first time next Wednesday at the Lyceum.

In "The Sorrows of Satan" the devil is represented as the victim of man's evil nature. He is being punished through all the ages for his rebellion in heaven, and is forced to mingle with men, exerting his evil influence, yet yearning himself for salvation. He has grown weary of his power. He has supped his fill of damnation, but he cannot control his influence for evil. He can only feebly endeavor to do good. Whenever a human being resists his temptation, the term of Lucifer's punishment is shortened and the fallen angel is brought nearer to the portals of the paradise he once effected to despise. As few mortals resist temptation to evil, the "Son of the Morning" has an almost hopeless case. Hence Satan's sorrows, compared with which the sorrows of men are trifles, for each man's salvation depends upon himself, whereas Satan's is at the mercy of the whole human race.

Manager William A. Brady is said to have cast the play with an appreciation of the difficulties of adequate representation. It will have all the requisite scenery, which is of a gorgeous nature, the leading scenes representing a fete de chambetri, employing nearly 1000 electric lights, a moonlit conservatory, and the deck of a yacht storm-tossed at sea.

AT NEW YORK THEATERS.

Glance at the Novelties Now Holding the Public.

New York, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—"The Sprightly Romance of Marsac," which now occupies the stage at the Theater Republic, is one of those plays which may or may not enjoy an extended run. To say that it is an entirely clever piece of construction would be erroneous, but there are bright features in it which stamp it as a play sure to be popular with a large class of theater-goers.

Its one great virtue is that it is modern, which in this day of exhumed plots and characters makes it decidedly refreshing. Another pleasing feature about it is that it avoids hackneyed treatment of its subject.

It is a picture of Bohemian life in Paris, and is treated from a practical standpoint. Miss Molly Elliot Seawell has written a "sprightly" play enough, but in the last two acts there is a little falling off from its lively opening.

Maclyn Arbuckle takes the part of Marsac and gets in some very good work. He is supported by E. S. Abeles as Fontaine. W. J. Ferguson as Duval is an excellent up-to-date Frenchman.

"Esmeralda" is drawing large audiences at the Metropolitan Opera house, and is without doubt the most popular production of the English Opera company which has yet come to light. It is thoroughly dramatic, picturesque and interesting in story. Homer Lind plays the part of Quasimodo with much power and force. He is as good a singer as he is an actor. The singing of Grace Van Studdiford as Fleur de Lys is exceptionally sweet.

Her success was immediate, and this first impression was afterwards confirmed by her performance of Michaela: it was an appearance as Marguerite that demonstrated her capability. She was called upon at an hour's notice to sing the role, and although she had never previously sung it, triumphed easily over the difficulties. Her first appearance on the stage was made in a somewhat similar manner. It was made in Chicago six years ago. "The Black Hussar" was being sung at the Schiller theater. The Minna of the cast was taken ill. Gracie Quive, a pretty Indian girl with a remarkably clear soprano voice, was recommended for the place. Miss Quive had only forty-eight hours in which to learn the part. The excellent work of the novice led to many flattering offers, one of them to join the Bostonians. It was as a member of this organization that Miss Van Studdiford gained prominence. Miss Van Studdiford is now one of the most valued members of the English Grand Opera company.

May Irwin's new play at the Bijou theater is called "Madge Smith, Attorney." The book is by Ramsey Morris. It is one of those bright, scintillating productions which never fail to make a decided hit. There is very little plot to the story, the three acts being built upon the efforts of a married couple to hide from each other their flirtations anterior to marriage, which threaten momentarily to break the thread "of their connubial bliss." "Madge Smith, Attorney," should have a long run before it.

Lulu Glaser in "Sweet Anne Page" is drawing large audiences at the Manhattan theater. The opera is a very dainty production, and Miss Glaser is very sprightly in her part.

"Richard Carvel" seems likely to hold the boards at the Empire theater indefinitely. Owing to its unusual success John Drew will not probably before the fall produce the new comedy which Haddon Chambers has brought across from England for him. The comedy is by Robert Buchanan, the English poet.

Among other new plays from England destined for the American stage is a comedy which Arthur Wing Pinero is writing for Daniel Frohman. Mrs Craigie has sold the option for the American rights of "The Wisdom of the Wise" to Charles Frohman. The play did not make much of a hit in London, but Mr Frohman thinks it would go better here when he gets an opportunity to use it. Will Connell and Robert Smith have finished two new musical scenes. One of them is called "A Good Fellow," and will be used by Della Fox, who has determined to resume her position as a star this season. The other piece is a sketch for vaudeville use written especially for Marie Leslie. It is yet another Nell Gwyn play, having the inevitable Nell for its central character.

The "Burgomaster" will open at the Manhattan theater on Dec. 31 with Henry Dixey in the leading part.

One of the recent metropolitan changes is the leaving of "Sag Harbor" by Lawrence Barrymore, who has gone on the road in a traveling Arizona company.

Jane Kennark, who is playing Mrs Bonham in the drama of that name now running at the Herald Square theater, threatens to join the ranks of the stars next season.

By the way, Sarah Bernhardt's son Maurice, has written a very passionate Parisian drama called "Nine L'Assommeur," which it is probable the divine Sarah will bring out in Paris next season.

Yet another theater is promised New York and one more for Chicago. They will be built by Samuel Eberly Gross, a Chicago millionaire, who will endow them liberally and devote them to the higher lines of drama. The first play that he will produce is called "The Merchant Prince of Cornville," from which Mr. Gross avers Rostand stole matter for Cyrano de Bergerac.

BILLY EMERSON A WRECK.

"See that man over there?" asked one of a group of theatrical men in front of the Vine street opera house at Cincinnati the other night. He pointed to a shabbily dressed man who was slowly hobbling down the street with the aid of a cane. A rusty hat was pulled down over a face that hadn't seen a barber's care for a fortnight. That man was "Billy" Emerson, the famous minstrel of bygone days. That was the man whose wonderful voice and irrepressible fun had charmed millions and brought him several fortunes. Today he is a wreck. "Liquor's to blame," remarked the man who had pointed him out. "Billy can't let her alone, and now, instead of singing for $500 a week, a glass of cheap whisky is all he asks for. Can he sing? Yes, indeed! The other night in a saloon I heard some one singing 'I'm as Happy as a Big Sunflower.' That's the song, you know, Billy made famous, and something about the voice recalled to me the times I had heard Billy, then one of the highest salaried men in the business, sing it. I walked into the place and saw that the singer, a greasy looking fellow, in frayed clothing, was none other than the famous end man, Billy Emerson, doing a turn for a glass of whisky that a few years ago any manager would have been glad to give him $200 a week to do. Although we were good friends years ago he didn't recognize me. Andy Gilligan and some other friends of his in this city have made several attempts to get him to go to the hospital, but he won't go, and now they are going to have the authorities take him in charge, for he can't last long at the pace he is going."

It was only a few years ago when Emerson had $100,000 in bank in San Francisco, where his wife still resides, and where Emerson's minstrels was the show of the town. As an end man he had no peer and he always made a big salary. His sweet voice and his graceful dancing made him one of the most popular of minstrels, and his salary was seldom less than $500 a week. He accumulated a fortune and then foolishly tried to increase it by speculating in stocks, but he was not fortunate, and then he tried to beat the races, with the usual result. It was when his money was almost gone that he commenced to drink hard, and then his downfall was rapid. Emerson has been seen in Duluth several times with minstrel organizations.

BERNHARDT'S CHATTER.

"I eat," says Bernhardt, "everything and I never exercise—never. I execute none of those things you call calisthenics, I rest. The thing that exhausts me is to be ennuyee. How it ages one!" "Is not the fashion in which you wear your rings your own?" she is asked. "Yes, yes: my invention." Madame Bernhardt holds aloft her emeralded thumb. "I introduced the wearing of the thumb ring. It suited my hand, and I placed it there. But I did not say to other women, 'Go and do likewise.' Women should dress to suit themselves. Each one to her own individual style. They should follow no leader. I invented the mousquetaire glove. I wore it. What an absurdity followed. Stout and short arms rushed into it. And I—how thin I was! So thin that the wrinkled glove suited. Then I have a figure fitted to this—the girdle. Kangaroo, you call it? Well, I am built that way. But for every woman to try to be so! What a horror! No, each woman to her style. And she must have, in her brain, the sense to create one that improves her. Out of mediocre material with taste, with individuality, what may not be attained?" Madame Bernhardt is toying with a medallion of crystal at the end of a long, jeweled chain. Some one admires it. On it is painted exquisitely the Virgin Mary. "I am religious enough to love it," she says. "Yes, I am religious, though I do not follow forms."

HOW COQUELIN STARTED.

Coquelin began life humbly. His father kept a restaurant, and Constant served the customers. His mimetic talents attracted the attention of a gentleman from Paris, who advised the boy to become an actor. His father strenuously objected. Finally the young man was permitted to try his fortune on the stage. He was lucky enough to be appointed a pupil in the Conservatoire. There he met Sarah Bernhardt, also a pupil, and the two most distinguished players in France struck up a friendship during their college days that lasted unbroken for over forty years. Coquelin has never made half so much money as Bernhardt earned, but he never spent quarter so much, says Hillary Bell in the New York Press.

BANDMAN IN VAUDEVILLE.

Daniel Bandman is to be seen in the Keith vaudeville theaters. Mr. Bandman has been devoting his last decade to a ranch of 1000 acres in Montana which he owns, and upon which he has been raising Holstein cattle and heavy draft horses. He is, indeed, a dignitary in that section of this land, as he is commissioner of agriculture in Montana. He has a condensed version of "The Merchant of Venice," comprising the scene of the making of the bond in the first act, and the trial scene from the fourth, and will play Shylock to the Portia of his wife, whose stage name is Teresa Elsworth. Mr. Bandman thinks he is entitled to consideration at the very least on the score that he is practically the only one of them left, meaning that Booth, Barrett, Keene and the rest of the illustrators of Shakespeare have passed to the great unknown. He recalls affectionately the night when Edwin Forrest opened a theater in Philadelphia, when Bandman was his principal support and alternated with him.

STODDARD TO RETIRE.

J. K. Stoddart will terminate his stage career at the end of next season. His last work will be seen in "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush." He is probably the oldest actor upon the American stage. Joseph Jefferson has frequently been put forward for honors in this connection, but Mr. Stoddart, who is 73, is a few months older than the impersonator of "Rip Van Winkle." Stoddart, in fact, has been on the stage seventy years. At the present writing he is well to do, and much more fond of his back yard and his chickens and dog than of the glories of the footlights.

EDNA MAY REAPPEARS.

Edna May made her reappearance on the stage last week at the Star theater in Washington as the star of Charles Frohman's musical comedy campany in the first presentation of the new skit, "The Girl From Up There," by Hugh Morton and Gus Kerker. Miss May sang well several clever songs and was enthusiastically received by a large audience. She was supported by a company of comedians, including Virginia Earl, Harry Conor, Harry Davenport, Harry Kelly, Nat M. Wills, Farren Soutar, Charles T. Aldrich, Alf Wheelan, Charles Young, Lawrence Wheat, Montgomery and Stone, Grace Belmont, Edna Aug, Nella Webb and Jane May. Despite such a distinguished company, the former Salvation Army lassie of "The Belle of New York" shines radiantly and showed marked advancement in voice and dramatic ability. It is more than likely that she will not only repeat but will exceed her former triumph, which gained her such distinction in this country and England. Mr. Frohman has staged the production beautifully.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Della Fox is to star in a musical comedy called "A Good Fellow."

Richard Mansfield fainted after a performance of "Henry V" in Brooklyn.

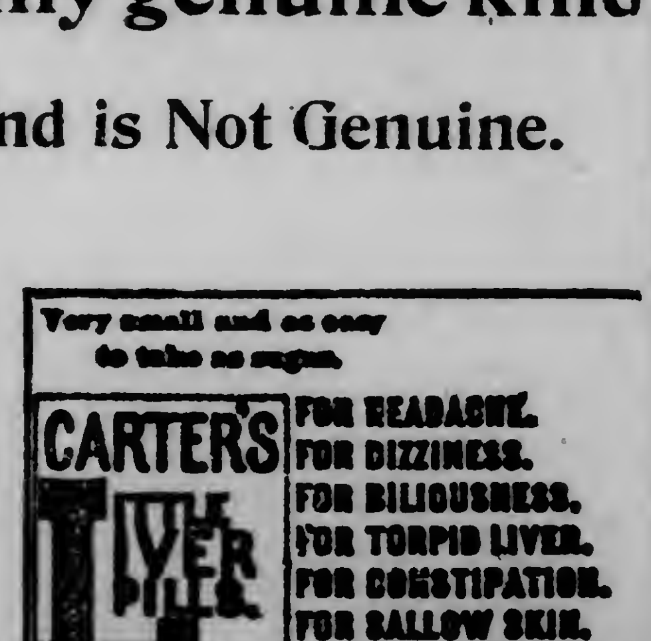
William Collier intends to star next season in a dramatization made by himself of H. M. Blossom, Jr.'s, "Checkers."

Now it is announced that Sothern's improved condition will permit him to return to the stage in St. Louis Dec. 24 in "Hamlet."

May Yohe used to be an awful singer and a sacrilegious actress, but as Lady Francis Hope she has secured an engagement in New York.

A brass band composed of women and the Phasey troupe from the London Alhambra are two features in Yale's "The Evil Eye" this season.

(Continued on Page 12.)



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SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

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Store Open Christmas Day Until 12:30 Noon.

FREQUENT CLASHING

Attorneys in the Palmer Case Have Many Sharp Encounters.

TO PUSH IT THROUGH

Defendant on the Stand and Repeats His Former Story.

The atmosphere of the Palmer trial was heavily charged with caloric yestrday afternoon. It seemed that the patience of the attorneys had been exhausted by the long trial and series of trials, and yesterday afternoon their nerves seemed to be strained to the snapping point. The result was that there was a good deal of snapping back and forth between Mr. Phelps and Mr. Washburn, and the court repeatedly complained that they were wasting time. As a punishment the court kept them working until 5:30 o'clock. Another reason for working late was the hope of getting the case to the jury this afternoon, that the jurors may have their Christmas at home. With the same end in view the trial was continued today, contrary to the usual custom.

Mrs. Emily Schletz, the mother of the complaining witness, was the first witness yesterday afternoon, and she testified that Clara was 16 years old Aug. 20, 1900. She was born in St. Paul.

Cross-examined she said that they had lived in Duluth ten years and six years where they now live, on Fifth avenue west. She thought she had lived four years in one place and three years in another in St. Paul, but she did not remember exactly.

Examined by Mr. Phelps she said that she had something to think about besides how long she lived in different houses. She was married in the same year that Clara was born.

Adolph Schletz, Clara's father, testified that he was married March 13, 1884, in St. Paul. Clara was born Aug. 20, 1884. He had filled out cards for the school showing Clara's age, but he did not remember any particular one. He was sure about Clara's age, because he had a family record that he made in 1885, which he has examined since the other trial. He was not permitted to testify as to the record, nor to introduce a copy from it. He was shown an illumined document which he identified as his. He said he got it by mail from St. Paul.

It was shown to Mr. Washburn, who after looking at it thanked Mr. Phelps, said it had some pretty pictures, but that it was incompetent evidence for about six reasons. It was offered in evidence and objected to. Mr. Phelps stated that he offered to prove that it was a certificate showing that Clara Schletz was born Aug. 20, 1884.

Both Mr. Washburn and Mr. Baldwin attempted to interrupt the offer, and after it was over and the court had ruled it out. Mr. Washburn said with some heat that if there was any way to do it he would ask the court to strike out the "unfair language" of counsel, and the attempt to "make in evidence of a fact that he cannot prove and cannot get evidence to substantiate."

"I offered to prove it," said Mr. Phelps.

This ended the state's case, and Mr. Baldwin opened to the jury stating that Palmer would deny the charges, that it would be shown that the girls gave contradictory testimony on this trial and the other, and that evidence of Mr. Palmer's character and habit of living would be given.

In making his opening, Mr. Baldwin referred to the state's evidence as preposterous, and there was another little passage-of-arms. Mr. Phelps objected to Mr. Baldwin's arguing his case at that time, but Mr. Baldwin continued his talk, ceasing, however, to discuss the state's testimony. Mr. Phelps asked leave to object, and Mr. Baldwin told him to go right ahead and object, while he continued his talking. The court interrupted him to say that the discussion was improper, and Mr. Baldwin said he was through with it.

The defendant took the stand and gave substantially the same testimony he has given heretofore. The air was slightly torrid during the examination, several more encounters taking place between Mr. Washburn and Mr. Phelps. The court cautioned them about it, and Mr. Baldwin said he would stay between them and keep them from getting at each other.

"You're not always peaceable yourself," said the court.

"I do not lose my head as my brother Phelps does," said Mr. Baldwin.

The defendant showed by receipts and checks that he moved from the McDonnell block in the latter part of July, 1899, going to the Palladio. He knew Clara Schletz and Hattie Schiebe, but he did not know Josephine Partika. Clara and Hattie had been to his office, in both buildings, he thought. They came to sell tickets and chances. He denied most of their statements, and with some force denied their charges of immoral conduct. He denied meeting the girls on the street and giving them money. He never invited them to his office in any manner. He did not tell them when he changed his offices, and he never told them to come again. As to the day the papers came out about this matter first, the girl came and he told her to get out of there. She asked why, and he said: "Somebody is getting into trouble letting girls come to their office, and I'm not going to have girls come here." He did not know it referred to him, however.

He had told the girls often not to come, as he thought they were coming too often. They started in selling things, and then they got to asking for spending money, and sometimes he gave them a dime for soda water or something like that. They asked him to treat them, and would say it was a warm day and they would like some soda water.

Cross-examined by Mr. Phelps, the witness said he had never given the girls money on the street but he had in his office. He did not think he said on the other trial that he never gave girls money outright. He never gave it unless they asked for it. He knew the girls' names in the McDonnell block by hearing them speak to each other. Sometimes they used their first names and sometimes they used the full names. He learned the names after he had known them some time. He did not understand that the girls who came for money were professional beggars. He did not know whether they were in need or not. He was not in the habit of giving everybody money that asked for it. He did not think it a proper thing for girls to come there and ask for money, but after he had got acquainted with them he did not see any harm in giving them a dime. He did not know their parents or their circumstances except what the girls told him. He did not know how the girls found him in the Palladio unless they read the bulletin board. Once Clara said she was saving money for a pair of shoes and asked his help. He gave her a dime. He did not look at it in the light that he was doing an injury to the girls in encouraging them to beg.

He could not say how many visits the complaining witness had made to him, nor how much money he had given her. He doubted if she had visited him twenty-five times in the Palladio building. She was not there fifty times. The testimony of the elevator men is untrue. He had never had any trouble with Clara and had never injured her. He had sometimes scolded her for coming. Sometimes he would give her money if she would stay away for a long time. One time he gave her 10 cents to help her buy a sailor hat.

When the matter came out in the paper he was not frightened but he was uneasy, because it was a matter that could be brought against any man, and he had never denied that girls came to his office. He had no doubt that girls went to other offices and got money the same as his. He had seen Clara and Hattie above his floor in the Palladio at least three times in the halls.

He had never sent anyone to Adolph Schletz to get him to have the girl change her testimony. If it was done it was not with his knowledge and consent.

This question aroused the witness. He emphasized his reply by bringing his fist down on the judge's desk. He said that it never had been done, for none of his friends were "darned idiots enough to do such a thing."

Miss A. M. Whitney, a teacher in the public schools, testified that she was in the Jackson school in the fall of 1897, and she knew Clara Schletz, and had a record of her age made from the registration card, which she thought had been destroyed. She had her register, in which the age is entered, and it was offered in evidence and objected to on the ground that there had been no foundation for the introduction of secondary evidence; that the witness did not know of the facts herself; that the record is nothing required by law, and other grounds. The register, which was made on Sept. 20, 1897, shows that Clara was 13 years and 9 months of age.

After a searching examination over its introduction, Judge Dibell took the question of the admissability of the register under advisement till today.

O. D. Kinney testified to his acquaintance with the defendant, and to his belief that his reputation had been exceptionally good.

To Postpone Old Age.

The latest theory is to apply electricity to the base of the brain. The hardening of the arteries—the first symptom—is followed by a crumbling away of the brain cells. This process produces the mental characteristics of old age. Not alone does this treatment restore the feelings of youth, but produces the appearance of it. While hundreds of experiments have been presented, there is but one way of prolonging youth, and that is by the preservation of health. For this purpose, and for the cure of constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver and kidney disorders, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters was placed before the public over fifty years ago. Money cannot buy a better remedy. Try it and you will be convinced.

Norwegian Cod Liver Oil,

Import of 1900, is now for sale at C. J. Tufte's Drug store.

Finest Quality of Perfumes

In neat packages. Scott's Drug Store.

SUSTAINS HIM.

Secretary of Interior Approves Capt. Mercer's Sales of Timber Land.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Several members of the Minnesota congressional delegation and a number of lumber dealers were given a hearing before the secretary of the interior yesterday with regard to the protests of a number of lumber dealers in Minnesota opposed to the secretary approving contracts for the sale of dead and down timber on the Chippewa Indian lands. The secretary announced that he thoroughly approved the course pursued by Capt. Mercer, acting Indian agent of the White Earth and Cass Lake reservations, in entering into contracts for the sale of this timber land, and said the price obtained was very satisfactory to the government.

Secretary Hitchcock gave out the following statement on the controversy of the dead and down timber contracts:

"The secretary of the interior today ended the controversy over contracts made by Capt. Mercer, Indian agent at the Leech Lake agency, for the sale of dead and down timber, standing or fallen, on portions of that and the diminished White Earth reservation. The secretary's decision sustains at every point the action of Capt. Mercer. Yesterday, before the noon adjournment of the hearing, Secretary Hitchcock made it apparent that he intended pointedly to inquire into the recent public sales of White Earth pine lands at the Crookston land office, as a matter properly having a bearing upon the price of the dead timber sold by Capt. Mercer.

"When the gentlemen interested in the hearing reassembled in the secretary's office after lunch, Mr. Weyerhaeuser was not among them. The secretary expressed surprise at his absence and asked him to be sent for. Mr. Weyerhaeuser's representatives said they did not know where to find him, and that he had arranged to leave the city that evening. They showed no disposition to secure his presence then or at any later time, but Secretary Hitchcock took the matter in hand and adjourned the hearing until this morning at 9:30, stating that he especially desired the presence of Weyerhaeuser and would be seriously disappointed if he was not present at that time and ready to respond to such inquiries as might be propounded bearing upon these pine land transactions.

"As a result Mr. Weyerhaeuser was present this morning, but in evident anticipation of the line of examination which the secretary intended to pursue, Mr. Thatcher announced that under no circumstances would they make any statement or submit to any inquiries about the sale of White Earth lands at the Crookston office. Secretary Hitchcock, however, insisted upon interrogating Mr. Weyerhaeuser respecting this matter, but the latter declined to make any response.

"This refusal gives color to the information which the secretary of the interior has heretofore received to the effect that the White Earth lands were largely bought in by a pool, in which Mr. Weyerhaeuser is interested, the purpose of the pool being to prevent competition and to get lands below their actual value. Secretary Hitchcock informed Mr. Weyerhaeuser and others present that the sales of the White Earth lands at Crookston office would not be confirmed unless, upon investigation, it was shown that the purchases were properly made on reasonable valuation, and that the refusal of Mr. Weyerhaeuser or other purchasers to disclose the real situation would not be conducive to an early approval of these sales.

"The fact that Mr. Weyerhaeuser was in one breath insisting that the sales of dead and down timber by Capt. Mercer should be set aside because Weyerhaeuser's company was not willing, for the purpose of breaking up those sales, to give a higher price than that obtained, and that in the next breath he was objecting to any inquiry respecting his purchase of the White Earth pine lands at what, it is understood, is a grossly inadequate price, evidently placed him in an unenviable light before Secretary Hitchcock, and indicated that his protest against Capt. Mercer's sales was not made "for the public good."

"At the conclusion of the hearing Secretary Hitchcock firmly announced that he was satisfied that Capt. Mercer's action was in every respect commendable; that the sales of the dead timber would be approved, and that the protest was apparently presented only for the purpose of disturbing and embarrassing Capt. Mercer and the officers of the department in the administration of the law relating to the sale of dead timber, and ought not to be seriously considered."

For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Larger Appropriations and Contracts Provided For In Bill.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The river and harbor bill was completed last night and Chairman Burton gave out a statement showing the amounts appropriated.

Among the appropriations and contracts over $25,000 are:

New York—Tonawanda harbor and Niagara river, cash $257,700; Buttermilk Channel, cash $300,000; contract, $1,500,000; Buffalo, at Erie Basin and Black Harbor, cash, $200,000; contract, $614,643.

Ohio—Ashtabula, cash, $50,000; Cleveland, cash, $600,000; contract, $2,200,000; Cleveland harbor, dredging, cash, $125,000; Fairport, cash, $150,000; Huron, cash, $25,000; Sandusky, cash, $100,000; Conneaut, cash, $75,000; contract, $342,000.

Michigan—Frankfort, $54,500 cash; Grand Marais harbor of refuge, cash, $70,000; Manistee, cash, $42,000; Holland, Black Lake, cash, $73,000; Muskegon, cash, $75,000; Portage Lake, refuge, cash, $33,800; Marquette, cash, $26,000; contract, $80,000; Ludington, cash, $36,000, contract, $185,000.

Wisconsin—Milwaukee, harbor of refuge, $119,000 cash; Milwaukee harbor, cash, $51,000; Sheboygan, cash, $30,100; Sheboygan, new project, cash, $48,100; Ashland, cash, $40,000; Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan ship canal, cash, $73,500; contract, $178,000; Manitowoc breakwater, cash, $37,000; Port Wing, cash, $25,000.

Minnesota—Burlington Bay, cash, $200,000; contract, $235,000.

Rivers—Wisconsin—Fox River, cash, $60,000.

Mississippi river—Reservoirs at headwaters, cash, $300,000.

NO CONTEST.

Democratic Executive Committee Will Not Contest Gubernatorial Election.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—A meeting of the executive committee of the Democratic state central committee was held last night at the Merchants hotel, and after full discussion of all the points involved it was decided to drop the matter of a contest for the governorship.

Ever since the November election developed such a close race for the office between Governor Lind and his Republican opponent, S. R. Van Sant, there has been a pronounced sentiment among Democrats throughout the state that a recount should be demanded. It was claimed that many ballots had been erroneously counted for the Social Democratic candidate for governor which should have gone to Governor Lind. The governor himself has opposed any action looking to a contest for the office, and it was in deference to his wishes that the committee last night decided to let the matter drop.

Incidentally, there was some discussion of the recently published views of former President Grover Cleveland in regard to the causes leading to Democracy's defeat in the campaign of 1896 and 1900. Chairman L. A. Rosing stated that he was disposed to take issue with the ex-president on this point. Said he:

"In my opinion, the silver issue and Democracy's alliance with the populists had little if anything to do with our defeat. The people simply compared present conditions with those which existed during the latter part of President Cleveland's term and drew their own conclusions."

While There Is Life There Is Hope.

I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus G. Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

The Balm reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

NOTICE.

Parties having vacant property for sale on the south side of First street, between Second avenue west and Fifth avenue west, are requested to communicate that fact to the Board of Water and Light Commissioners, on or before Monday, the 24th inst., at 12 noon, describing the property and stating price wanted. Seal and mark on outside "Proposal For Property" and direct to

L. N. CASE, Manager.

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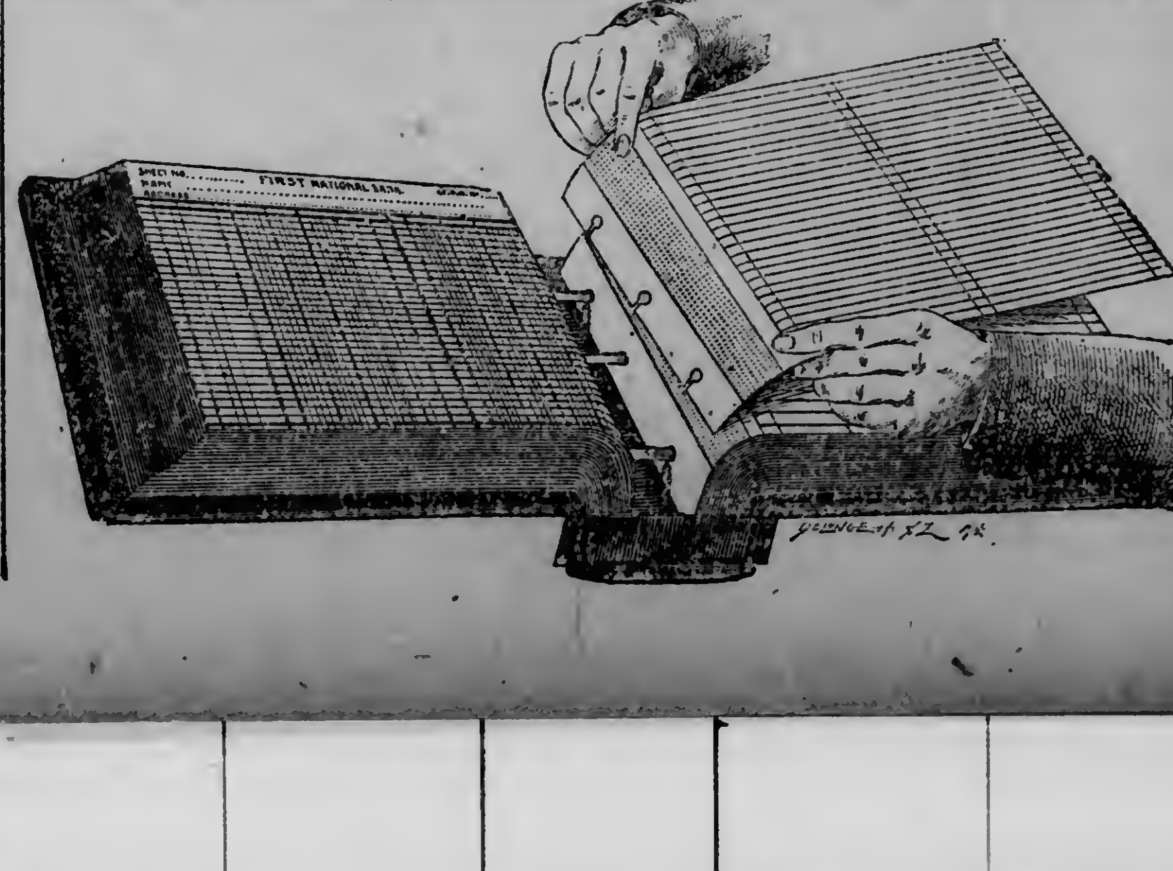

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A Question of Moment....

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HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 W. Superior St.

Christmas morning The Big Panton and White store will be open until 12:30 noon.
SEE BARGAIN SALE ON ANOTHER PAGE.

STRIKERS DOING TIME.

Mine Workers' Organizer Warner and Others Serving Sentences.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 24.—William Warner, organizer of the United Mine Workers and leader in the recent miners' strike in the George's Creek district, entered the Maryland house of correction yesterday to serve a term of six months' imprisonment imposed upon him by the courts of Allegheny county for participating in an assault on non-union men during a strike. Six others are behind the bars of the Allegheny county jail.

Warner and his companions were shaved, their hair was clipped short and striped clothes were put upon them, as is the case with ordinary malefactors. Strong efforts are being made to induce Governor Smith to pardon Warner, as it is generally believed that his offense was more technical than actual, his contention being that he was attempting to prevent the trouble rather than inciting it as was claimed by the prosecution at the trial.

LINE TIED UP.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 24.—The strike of the motormen and conductors of the Scranton Railway company, which began yesterday, continued today. Only two of the strikers have deserted and these are running one of two cars which the company is operating on one of the side lines in the city. Otherwise the service is tied up from Pittston to Forest City, taking in all the towns of the Lackawanna valley. Ten men, who came from Syracuse to take strikers' places, were marched off to strike headquarters and pledged to quit town before night.

MINE WALK-OUT.

Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 24.—The Enterprise colliery, operated by W. J. Connell & Co., of Scranton, was tied up completely today by the 700 employes going on strike because a number of miners had not paid their laborers the amounts the latter claimed were due them in accordance with the 10 per cent increase. The strikers say they will not return to work until the company either makes offending miners settle satisfactorily or discharges them.

KIPLEY SHOWS UP.

Chicago Chief of Police Ducked to Avoid Reporters.

Chicago, Dec. 24—Chief of Police Joseph Kipley, whose failure to arrive here from Washington on the regular Baltimore & Ohio train gave rise to rumors that he had disappeared, was found at his home today.

"I left the regular train at Garrett, Ind., last night, to escape the reporters, who, I was told, were waiting for me", said Mr. Kipley. "I caught an oyster train later and arrived at 3 a.m. Reporters chased me all over the South because of that foolish rumor that I was trying to evade the grand jury investigation. I'm ready for the jury if it wants me."

PATERNO SIGNS.

Manilla, Dec. 24.—The recently organized autonomy party was launched yesterday at a meeting attended by virtually all the loyal Filipino leaders in Manilla. The declaration of principles was read, and after some discussion adopted by a vote of 123, less than half a dozen declining to vote. All signed an endorsement of the platform, including Senor Paterno, one of the most influential of the former insurgent leaders, whose real attitude towards American authority has been much questioned.

GERMANY OBJECTS.

Constantinople, Dec. 24.—The expected imperial irade authorizing the signature of the contract for the construction of a cruiser for the Ottoman navy by the Cramps Shipbuilding company, together with the initial deposit of £100,000, has not yet been issued. It appears that the Gerfan embassy has protested to the porte against the payment to the Cramps before the amount owing Herr Krupp for naval guns has been paid.

A GIRL IS ABDUCTED

A Young Woman Is Stolen Away From Her Aunt's Home.

ALL TRACE IS LOST

Dragged Off In Broad Daylight and No Clew Is Found.

Pueblo, Dec. 24.—Maggie Hoel, 18 years old, who lived with her sister, Mrs. Charles Beatty, in a lonely spot about three miles west of the city, was abducted late Saturday afternoon, and it is feared has been murdered. On Saturday, Mrs. Beatty left Maggie in charge of her little child at her home. Upon her return, two hours later, her sister was gone and the baby was alone in the house.

Evidences of a struggle were plentiful about the house, and in the yard were found the footprints of a man. The tracks led toward the Arkansas river, and at some places along the trail appeared the prints of the smaller shoes worn by the girl. At other places the trail indicated that the girl was dragged or carried along by her captors. Near the river bank, where the ground is harder, all traces were lost.

A large number of men have been searching, but the girl has not yet been found. At Mrs. Beatty's home Maggie's hat and the wrap which she ordinarily wore out of doors were found undisturbed.

SITKA MENACED

Alaska Town Is Threatened With an Attack By Indians.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 24.—Advices have been received from Sitka, Alaska, stating that town is in a state of suppressed action, fearing an outbreak of Indians. The United States marines stationed there are under arms and the marshal and deputies are taking every precaution to protect the whites in case of trouble. The aspect of affairs is very serious at Sitka, as the Indians are by far the strongest numerically. There are fifty-five marines, commanded by Capt. Pendleton, at Sitka.

HEWITT APPROVES IT.

New York's Former Mayor on Removal of Gardiner.

New York, Dec. 24.—"The removal of District Attorney Gardiner," ex-Mayor Abraham S. Hewitt said last night, "cannot but be regarded with satisfaction from whatever point of view the situation is looked at. Governor Roosevelt has acted with extreme wisdom. He does not seem to have taken advantage of the opportunity that was presented to him to make partisan capital out of it. It is to be inferred, from the fact that he appointed a Democrat to succeed Mr. Gardner, that he was not swayed by partisan motives in taking the action that he did. I think that the general feeling at election time was that officers of the law had behaved very badly. Gardiner, Devery, the mayor and the sheriff adopted altogether a false position at the time of the election, but while the mayor and the sheriff subsequently absolved themselves, the district attorney did not."

Replying to an inquiry as to what effect, in his opinion, the change in the administration of the district attorney's office would have upon the reform efforts which had been instituted, Mr. Hewitt said:

"I should think that it was the first effective step toward realizing such reform as is possible in a city like New York. But in this matter of reform I would like to say that the people must not expect too much. Much will have been accomplished when this city is made a decent place to live in. Vice cannot be got rid of until virtue is substituted for it. That transformation will prove a slow process. It will take centuries, in fact, to bring it about. Improve conditions and the population and the morality of the community will improve.

"I cannot help saying that the police and that department of the government having to deal with criminal matters has been indifferent to their duty, and apparently have been encouraging vice. That has produced a great reaction in the public mind, and has led to the reform movement."

MORMONS ARE PLEASED.

Exploring Expedition Finds Evidence Upholding Their Traditions.

Phenix, Ariz., Dec. 24.—Three months ago a party of Mormon students began a three years' trip into South America to search for traces of the last survivors of the Nephites, believed by the Mormons to have been the first people of this country. Benjamin Gluff, president of the Brigham Young academy in Provo, Utah, who is in charge of the expedition, in a letter to a friend here, states that many pre-historic ruins have been examined by the party and evidences unearthed which tend to uphold the Mormon traditions.

DESTRUCTIVE BLAZE.

Joliet, Ill., Dec. 24.—The Fox Pressed Steel Bar works, one of the largest industries in Joliet, was nearly destroyed by fire early today. The plant contained much costly machinery, which is more or less damaged. The loss will reach many thousands of dollars. Two hundred men will be thrown out of work.

TOD TO RIDE.

San Francisco, Dec. 24.—It is announced that Tod Sloan will ride Veseviuan, the license being granted him by the San Francisco Jockey club. It is possible he may accept mounts during the winter season.

BARON DEAD.

London, Dec. 24.—John Baptise Josepin Dormer, the twelfth Baron Dormer, is dead, in the 71st year of his age.

BRYAN TO ANSWER

He Will Reply to Cleveland's Criticism of the Democratic Party.

SPEAKS IN CHICAGO

Will Be a Guest at Bryan League Jackson Day Banquet.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—The Chronicle says: William J. Bryan will answer ex-President Cleveland's criticism of the Democratic party at the annual banquet of the W. J. Bryan league, of Chicago, on the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, Jan. 9. The affair will take place at the Sherman house. It will be Bryan's first public speech since his second defeat for the presidency.

Announcement was made last evening at the meeting of the county Democracy by Robert E. Burke of the acceptance by Mr. Bryan of an invitation to speak on Jackson day. Mr. Bryan's subject is "Democracy."

Besides Bryan, the other speakers who have accepted are ex-Governor William J. Stone of Missouri and Congressman Carmack of Tennessee, and Mr. Burke says it is probable that Governor Beckham of Kentucky will be the fourth orator.

STRIKES ARE USELESS.

British Labor Leader Takes No Stock In Them.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—"You can never solve the social problem by strikes. That is my opinion after twenty years experience in the movement," said Peter Curran, chairman of the general federation of trades union of Great Britain, in speaking to the workingmen of Chicago at a meeting held under the auspices of the building trades council.

Mr. Curran came to this country as the fraternal delegate from the British trades union congress to the American Federation of Lavob convention, and represents 2,000,000 organized workers in the United Kingdom. He is president and organizer of the gas workers and general laborers union, with general offices in London. Mr. Curran said:

"After spending more money in England during the last twenty-five years on the industrial battlefield than would keep 700 men legislating for our interests in the houses of parliament, we have come to the conclusion that we must have something to say about the making of the laws under which we have to work, and we must get away from the old orthodox political parties if we hope to secure what we seek.

"The only possibility of our securing labor legislation is by sending our masters, but as our servants. You never can solve the social problem by strikes, never remedy the social evils of which you complain by muscular force. I am not in favor of any laws which would take away the right of the worker to strike, but I am not an advocate of strikes.

"There is only one solution and that is in common ownership, for as long as we allow the land and the machinery of the country to be held as private monopolies by the few, so long will we have industrial disputes and upheavals."

AMERICANS HURT.

A Bad Wreck on the Mexican National Railroad.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—A special to the Tribune from Monterey, Mexico, says: Particulars of a disastrous wreck of a northbound passenger train on the Mexican National railroad, in which a score of persons were injured, have just reached here. The accident happened near Sairaterna, in the state of San Luis Potosi.

The track spread and the engine jumped the track and turned over. The sleeping car, which was filled with passengers, among them being a number of Americans, followed the express and baggage cars, and on top of these were piled the first and second-class day coaches.

Over twenty persons are reported to have been injured. Engineer Dupree and Conductor Wilson were painfully scalded. The names of the passengers who were injured are not known here. Those who were the most seriously injured were taken to San Luis Potosi, where they had medical attention.

BOY KIDNAPPED.

Helena, Mont., Youth Carried Off, But Is Released.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Dec. 24.—Hobart Clayberg, a 17-year-old boy, whose father, John B. Clayberg, is a prominent citizen of Helena, Mont., was kidnapped in this city last night by two men. The boy was blindfolded and compelled to walk to Mattewan, a distance of eleven miles. It became so stormy that the kidnappers released young Clayberg at Mattewan, after robbing him of a small sum of money he had in his pockets. The boy telegraphed here for help and was brought home during the night. The sheriff and a force of deputies have been working on the case since Clayberg's return, this morning.

POSTMASTER AT HINCKLEY.

J. S. Patrick Is Named to Succeed C L. Egan.

Washington, Dec. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters have been appointed: Hinckley, Pine county, J. S. Patrick, vice C. L. Egan, removed; St. Wendal, Stearns county, William Hulz, vice Bridget McNulty, resigned.

BAIT FOR CANADIANS.

Inducements to Recruit For Baden-Powell's Transvaal Police.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 24.—The colonial office is anxious to get as many Canadians as possible to join Baden-Powell's Transvaal mounted police. If 1000 Canadians volunteer for this service, it is the intention of the imperial government to offer ten captaincies and fifteen lieutenancies in the force to qualified officers of the Canadian militia.

The pay for men is 5 shilling per day from the date of landing in Cape Town, with free transportation from Canada to South Africa.

WOW, HERE'S TROUBLE

Governor Pingree Ordered to Answer For Contempt of Court.

WIEST IS AFTER HIM

Backed By the Ingham County Bar, Because of an Interview.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 24.—On petition of members of the Ingham county bar, Judge Wiest, of the Ingham county court, today ordered Governor Pingree to appear in court next Saturday, and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

The action is based on an interview which was published in the Detroit Tribune, Dec. 7, in which the governor bitterly attacked Judge Wiest and Prosecutor Tuttle, of Ingham county.

Attached to the petition for an order is an affidavit by the Tribune reporter, who secured the interview, which affirms that it was given for publication, and that, the following day, the governor informed him that the interview, as printed, was all right and commended its fairness.

CONGER SIGNS.

He Affixes Signature to the Pekin Agreement, With an Explanation.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Secretary Hay has received a cablegram from Minister Conger, at Pekin, announcing he had signed the agreement reached by the foreign ministers, but had done so with a written explanatory statement setting forth the exact position of his government.

The text of the statement is not forwarded by Mr. Conger, but it is understood to be based upon the last instruction he received from the department, which, while disapproving the inclusion in the agreement of some of the more severe language, accepted it as the best arrangement that could be made at this time. It is believed that the United States, also, while it sanctioned the provisions of the agreement relative to the maintenance of permanent lines of communication, legation guards and prohibition of the importation of arms into China, indicates clearly that constitutional reasons prevent the executive from making any pledge to take part in the execution of these plans.

The signature of the agreement by the ministers closes what is regarded here as the first, the most important, and the most difficult phase of the negotiations as to China, for it is not doubted that the Chinese envoys will subscribe to the agreement without amendment. Its conclusion has been marked by one of the most curious mistakes in the history of international exchange, for, by a cipher error, the majority of the last signatories found, to their amazement, that they had contracted to do exactly what they did not intend and, moreover, the error was irretrievable.

CUT THE RAILWAY.

The Boers Interrupt Communication South of De Aar Junction.

London, Dec. 24.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Dec. 22, says:

"The western column of Boers occupied Britstown and cut the railway south of De Aar Junction. The enemy is being followed up.

"Gen. French has been in contact for two days with the commandoes of Byers and Delarey, south of the Magaliesberg. He is pursuing them. The enemy has lost considerably and commandant Kreuse and others have been captured.

"Gen. Colville engaged two separate commandoes Dec. 21 near Vlafontein, with slight losses, the enemy retiring."

Further anxiety has been caused in Cape Town by the discovery that during the last two months public bodies in out of the way places have requisitioned supplies of dynamite. The colonial government is now endeavoring to recover possession of these explosives and is removing all stores of arms and ammunition from suspected depots.

Other advices from Cape Town represent the Dutch element in Cape Colony as greatly elated over the southward progress of the Boers and are boasting that the whole district west of Victoria will join the raiders.

It is suspected in Cape Town that the force traveling from Zouthpans Drift is not a body of Boers but one of colonials hastening to join the invaders.

The Pietermaritzburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"The Boers are active between Johannesburg and Pretoria, exchanging shots with the British outposts, and it is reported that parties of the Boers are hovering around Johannesburg."

MAY KILL HER.

Lady Clerk Who Saw Morris' Shooting Has Collapsed.

Hallidaysburg, Pa., Dec. 24.—Miss Juniata Rhorbach, an employe of the auditor's office of the war department, has been brought to her home, in this city, in an acute stage of nervous collapse that is likely to prove fatal. Miss Rohrbach was near the desk of Auditor FFrank H. Morris, when McDonald entered and shot him. The shock of the tragedy was too much for the young woman's nerves.

ATRIM COMING.

London, Dec. 24.—The White Star line steamer Cymric, bound from Liverpool to New York, will have among her passengers the Countess Atrim and her son, Count Dunluce.

RUSSIANS LIBERAL

Are Like the Americans In Their Munificence to Public Institutions.

IT TAKES THE PALM

The Baron Steighitz School of Applied Arts at the Capital.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Reflective observers discover numerous resemblances between Russia and America which are not accidental nor mere coincidences. One such resemblance is the liberality of people of wealth toward public institutions. This liberality, almost foreign, is part of the same conditions which have lavished private wealth upon the American universities and technical and art schools.

Although Russia is, in some respects, going to school in America, she is able, through the generosity of private citizens, to give lessons in some matters. An assistance is afforded by the Baron Sieglitz school of applied arts in this city. It could be easily taken as a model of industrial artists in the United States who are trying to reunite the beautiful and the useful. Competent judges who have seen the Kensington schools and the Ecole Des Arts decorations at Paris, award the palm of merit, completeness of equipment and excellence of design alone considered, to the Baron Stieglitz school.

This school was established in 1879, with an endowment of 10,000,000 roubles, or more than $5,000,000, which was given by the will of Baron Alexander Stieglitz. The minister of finance assumed the administration of this fund, or, more exactly, the supervision, the active management having been entrusted to friends of art and to artists. The state gave a site for the school and museum.

The school was opened, with a small attendance and few classes, in 1881. It has been steadily growing and enlarging its field ever since. The museum was opened in 1896.

The buildings, which cost over 1,000,000 roubles, are admirably adapted to the purpose for which they were designed. Students have only to step out of the class rooms to find themselves in the excellently arranged special collections illustrating the artistic taste of every age and country. The buildings are, in themselves, a delight to artists, every hall illustrating a different style of decoration.

The school has thirty-three teachers and 300 students. An annual exhibition of the work of the school is given every January. The plan of instruction is liberal. There is a 4-years' course in science and language, including religious instruction, literature, elementary geometry, the theory of shades and perspectives, Russian history, general history and the history of the fine arts and applied arts, elementary anatomy, history and technology, the methods of drawing, practical aesthetics and the French and German languages. The school is under the general direction of M. Koloff, and the museum is under the charge of M. Carbonier.

Pupils are of both sexes. They must stand an entrance examination and must be 14 years of age. There are regular pupils who receive a diploma as "skilled draughtsmen" upon their completion of the course, and pupils in elective branches. The fees are moderate and applied exclusively to the uses of the school proper.

The result of this investment is that, instead of procuring all their furniture and articles of vertu and bric-a-brac from France and England, as used to be the case, the wealthy Russians are now patronizing home talent to a large extent. Side by side with the shops with imported goods, may be found large ateliers for every sort of decoration.

NEW REVOLT.

Peraze, Ex-Secretary of Castro, Starts In Revolution Business In Venezuela.

Curacoa, Dutch Guinana, Dec. 24, via Haytien cable.)—Celesteno Peraza, formerly the secretary general of President Castro of Venezuela, has revolted against the Venezulean government, near Lozma, in the Guaracio district. A force of 2500 Venezuelan troops, under Gen. Aristides Fandeo, has been sent against Peraza.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Capt. Hawley cabled the navy department last evening that he had sailed with the Hartford from La Guiara to Curacoa. It is said at the navy department that this does not affect the execution of the instructions sen to Capt. Hawley a few days ago to look after American interests in Venezuela and co-operate with Minister Loomis. At Curacoa, only a short distance from La Guiara, directly across the channel, is a cable, and the Hartford is, consequently, still in good position to execute her trust.

Admiral Remey cabled the navy department this morning from Manilla that he had sent the cruiser Albany from Cavite to Hong Kong to be docked for the purpose of ascertaining the extent of the injuries, if any, received by the ship through touching bottom in Subig bay last week.

CLOSES HOLY DOOR.

Pope Performs the Imposing Ceremony Before Great Crowds.

Rome, Dec. 24.—The pope today performed the ceremony of closing the holy door of St. Peter's cathedral, with the gorgeous forms usual to great functions of this kind. It was a magnificent spectacle. There was a great gathering of the princes of the church, who participated in the ceremony, which was witnessed by enormous crowds.

WILL NOT PAY THEM

Germans Get Nothing Out of Uncle Sam on Cuban Claims.

OTHERS HAVE BILLS

Aggregating Large Sums, But Will Probably Wait and Dun Cuba.

Washington, Dec. 24—The German embassy has laid before the state department the claims of a number of German subjects for damages to their interests in Cuba as a result of the Spanish-American war and the insurrection which led up to the war itself. This action of the German government has raised a most important issue, and the department of state has given it the closest consideration. It has been concluded, however, that the United States government cannot accept responsibility for the claims.

They are regarded as practically the same in principle as the claim of Porto Rico against Cuba for $2,500,000 on account of a war loan. Although, in that case, Governor Allen of Porto Rico represented the United States government in preferring the claim, this government was obliged to deny its liability, or the liability of Cuba under present conditions. The answer to the German presentation will be based upon the reply to Governor Allen, recently made.

It is known that other governments beside Germany have claims aggregating a very large sum, all based on the Cuban insurrection and succeeding events. They will not be abandoned on account of the attitude of the United States government, but, on the contrary, probably will be held in abeyance until such time as Cuba shall have become independent, when they will be presented directly to the government of the island.

McKINLEYS REMEMBERED.

Are Receiving All Sorts of Gifts In Profusion.

New York, Dec. 24.—A special to the World from Washington says: Christmas presents are arriving in great numbers at the White House, coming from relatives, personal friends and admirers of the McKinleys. The character of the gifts is varied. Some are costly, others unique and not a few are on the freak order. They come not only from the states but from the Indies and the far East. Cigars without number are sent to the president from Cuba, Porto Rico and Manilla. Tropical fruits, including crates of pineapples, bananas and oranges, have been received at the executive mansion, and turkeys, barrels of apples and wild game have come from friends within the states.

One of the first presents to arrive was a white turkey from Dublin, Va., weighing thirty pounds. It was the wish of the donor that this big bird might grace the table over which the chief executive will preside on Christmas day. The wish may be gratified.

BERESFORD IS ILL.

Peer Is Suffering From an Attack of Peritonitis.

London, Dec. 24.—Lord William Beresford is suffering from peritonitis. This morning his condition is reported as slightly improved. In consequence of Lord Beresford's illness, the Christmas festivities at Deepdene, his seat at Dorking, have been abandoned.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

South Berwick, Me., Business Man In the Toils

South Berwick, Me. Dec. 24—Edwin H. Knight was arrested, at his home at South Berwick Junction, today on a warrant charging him with the murder of Mrs. Fannie Sprague, at South Berwick, last May. Mr Knight is 41 years of age, a native of South Berwick, and a successful business man.

The crime for which Mr. Knight was arrested was disclosed by the finding of the mutilated body of Fanny Sprague in a heap of rubbish in a barn on the Knight farm at South Berwick Junction. An attempt had been made to burn the body but the smoke was seen and the fire extinguished by two men who were sent to the barn on an errand. After putting out the fire, the men found the body.

The evidence implicating Mr. Knight has been carefully guarded by the authorities.

NEW WORLD'S RECORD.

Boston Man Makes One on the Bicycle Track.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 24.—Johnny Nelson, of Boston, beat Hardy Downing, of San Jose, in a 5-mile paced bicycle race on the Velodorme indoor track. Hemade the distance in 8:01 2-5, beating the world's record.

TRAIN WRECKED.

Rome, Ga., Dec. 24.—A passenger train on the Chattanooga, Rome & Southern railway was wrecked at Millers last night. The train was running at full speed, when it suddenly took the sidetrack and crashed into a dozen box cars. It is believed the switch was turned for the purpose of wrecking the train. The engineer and fireman saved their lives by jumping, although the fireman received severe internal injuries. Several passengers were slightly injured.

SMALLPOX RAGING.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 24.—The Courier Journal today says: "The smallpox situation in Greenup county is critical and the state board of health has declared a street quarantine. The death rate has been 28 per cent, the largest known in the history of the disease in the state. Every person in the county has been ordered vaccinated.

HEARING DEFERRED.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 24.—Judge Kirkpatrick, in the United States court today, made an order postponing until Dec. 27 the hearing on the question of continuing as permanent the recent appointment of Henry C. Kelsey as receiver of the Bay State Gas company, of New Jersey. The proposed hearing will take place before Judge Kirkpatrick, at Newark.

ALL EYES ON HILL

Great Northern Magnate's Visit to New York Causes Much Talk.

RESULT OF SUCCESS

Is Now the Most Commanding Figure In the Railroad World.

New York, Dec. 24.—The presence in this city of James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, and one of the largest stockholders of the Northern Pacific, is regarded as indicative of important action of the directors of the last-named road. Persons connected with the Northern Pacific management said Saturday that arrangements had been practically completed for the retirement of the $75,000,000 of preferred stock of that company. The extraordinary activity of Northern Pacific shares in the New York stock exchange the past few days has given rise to the belief that something of this kind was to be done.

The provisions of the Northern Pacific reorganization plan give the directors the right to retire the preferred stock at par, either wholly or in part, on call prior to Jan. 1, 1917. These preferred shares are entitled to divide equally with the common stock. In fact, the surplus earnings of this road during the last fiscal year are equivalent to 8 per cent on the outstanding common stock.

Mr. Hill left Saturday night for St. Paul, where he will spend Christmas with his family. He declined to say anything about his recent conference here with railway and Standard Oil company officials.

Under the caption: "A Potent Factor in Values," the Wall Street Journal in its editorial leader says of President Hill, who has been here for a few days:

"In five short years Mr. Hill has grown from being regarded as but one of many capable railroad men, to what is generally recognized as the most commanding individual figure in our railroad world today. But it is not that Mr. Hill himself has greatly changed; it is that people are beginning to understand better the secret of his success. His methods are not in the least mysterious. They represent simply the application of first principles to railroad practice. We take some cred t to ourselves for having brought them to public attention five years ago, when they were much less well known than they are now. We do not now hear so many people, as then, call them mere 'bookkeepers' and yet there is some truth in the phrase. Accurate and complete information placed promptly in the hands of subordinates trained to know and understand its meaning, clear grasp of 'theoretical' first principles by the 'practical' men, ceaseless vigilance, untiring energy, these are the factors the result of which would mean success always and everywhere, and from these Mr. Hill has secured his success.

"He has no patent on these things. He has always been ready to share his facts, his experience, his views, his ability with even his competitors. Many railroad men occupying high positions on other roads have reason to be glad that they went to 'Hill's school.' Graduates from this school are making great reputations for themselves as 'professors of railroading' elsewhere. About the first thing a railroad company in trouble does nowadays is to a get a Hill man from somewhere. But somehow Mr. Hill is always ahead, for, like all great men, he learns faster than he can teach to other people. Gross earnings fluctuate, but the effect of 'Hill's method' endures in bad times as in good times. In their day there have been names which in the public ear spelled confidence just as others have 'spelled bankruptcy,' and today no name 'spells confidence' more clearly in ears not readily open to idle talk than does the name of James J. Hill."

SAVED BY CHRISTMAS TREE.

Two Girls Had Narrow Escape From Drowning.

Paterson, N. J., Dec. 24.—A Christmas tree bore last night for two families in Paterson the most precious gifts ever thus presented. They were the lives of two young daughters, Cecelia Grimshaw, 15 years old, of 140 Governor street, and Annie Handwerk, 18, of 5 Auburn street.

They had a marvelous escape from being dashed to death down a precipice ninety feet high, and it was a Christmas tree that saved them.

The two girls went out yesterday afternoon to skate on the Passaic river above the falls.

The skating was good. Attracted by the fine scenery along the banks, before the river plunges headlong ninety feet into a narrow chasm, the girls skated till about 500 feet from the cataract. Here the swiftness of the current kept the water from freezing, and the ice broke under them.

Fortunately, the current was so fast that it forced them along more than under the surface. Thus both girls were enabled to cling to the edge of the thin ice.

The strongest swimmer could not stem the current. Their screams attracted the attention of hundreds of mill hands. To form a living chain was the first impulse, but that was found impossible.

Theodore Bauer, who lives on the banks, ran out. He tried to reach them as they swept by, but could not do so.

Christopher Ashfield was going home carrying a Christmas tree. This he flung into the stream, and the girls managed to grasp it, for it was a much better support than the ice.

Their fingers were benumbed, and they could not have held on to the ice many minutes longer, but they got their arms around the tree.

In the meantime ropes and ladders were procured. By sliding ladders placed over the ice, Bauer managed to creep out and catch Miss Grimshaw. After he had brought her to shore he again ventured out, and grasped Miss Handwerk just as she became unconscious.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FIFTY TONS OF CANDY

Have Been Sent to Our Soldiers In the Philippine Islands By the Government.

Fifty tons of candy have been sent to the soldiers in the Philippine islands by the commissary department of the army during the last three months, and large amounts to the soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico.

This is done upon advice of the medical officers of the army, because it is a physiological fact that a moderate consumption of confectionery promotes health and satisfies a natural craving of the stomach.

Candy was never furnished to the United States army before, although it has been commonly used as a ration by the French and British troops in the tropics.

This explodes another old-fashioned theory that sweets were injurious to the digestive organs, while a moderate use of sweets is actually beneficial.

Very few things are injurious, and the food cranks who advocate the use of a few grains and vegetables and decry the use of sweets and meats are in error, as a wholesome variety of meat and vegetable food is absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the highest condition of health.

The best rule to follow is to eat what the appetite craves, and if there is any discomfort or trouble in digesting meat and sweets, the difficulty can be readily overcome by the regular use after meals of some safe digestive composed of pepsin and diastase which will assist the stomach by increasing the flow of gastric juice and furnish the natural peptone lacking in weak stomachs.

The best preparation of this kind is probably Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at all drug stores.

Years of use have demonstrated the value and effectiveness of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of impaired digestion.

WORK OF ART.

Marvelous Wedding Gown That Will Be Worn By Queen Wilhelmina.

London, Dec. 24.—The description comes from Amsterdam of the marvelous wedding gown which Queen Wilhelmina will wear. It was designed in Paris, and its chief feature consists of wonderful embroideries, which are being made at the royal school of art needle work.

The dress itself is of cloth of silver of so exquisitely supple and fine texture that it suggests the Indian muslins of our grandmothers which could be pulled through a ring. It is made up over the richest white glace silk. The front of the jupe will be worked in a tapering design, harmonizing with the train, being broad at the hem and narrowing towards the waist. The full court train will trail two and one-half meters on the ground. It falls from the waist and is surrounded by two broad bands of embroidery, giving the general idea of detached sprays of orange blossoms and their foliage connected by scrolls and ribbons. Each one of the clusters of flowers has a single, fully opened bloom, surrounded by buds more or less developed. Fine seed pearls are used for these, while the foliage is indicated by silver threads and paillettes, six kinds of silver bullion twist are employed to produce the different effects required, and most of the interlacing ribbons suggested is highly raised, or, in technical terms, couched.

The embroidery is worked upon a silver tissue and white silk foundation as well, thus imparting richness as well as firmness. No work is to appear on the bodice, which, according to the Dutch custom for state weddings, is to be cut low. It is to be draped with brussels lace, of which the queen possesses a valuable collection, both antique and modern.

ROLLER SKATING REVIVES.

Will Be Principal Feature at Eastern Parties.

New York, Dec. 24.—Roller skating at receptions is the latest fad at Bath Beach and Bensonhurt. The novelty is looked upon with favor, and judging from arrangements that are being made it will form one of the principal features at parties to be given during the winter.

The roller skating was introduced at a reception given a few evenings ago by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Koehler at their home in Bensonhurt.

When the proper time arrived the guests were informed by Mr. and Mrs. Koehler that one of the features of the reception would be roller skating.

They were then furnished with skates and told to buckle them on. The rugs in the room were taken up and at a signal all started to skate around the room.

Each of the gentlemen present also was given a piece of calico, two dozen buttons and needle and thread, with which to sew the buttons on the calico.

Each woman was given a block of wood and a hammer to drive a number of tacks.

A prize was offered for the one who first finished the task. The women proved better carpenters than the men did sewers and consequently carried off the prize.

The number of buttons sewn on the calico by the leading man was twelve, while the successful woman succeeded in driving forty-eight tacks.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure.—Max Wirth.

CABLE FLASHES.

The correspondent of the Associated Press at St. Petersburg, was informed by one of the ministers of state yesterday that Emperor Nicholas and the ministers of finance and foreign affairs, do not expect to leave Livadia, where the czar is convalescing, before the middle of January.

A Stockholm dispatch says the condition of Prince Oscar, duke of Scanie, eldest son of the crown prince of Sweden and Norway, who has been seriously ill is now much improved.

Emperor William yesterday personally conferred upon Count Von Buelow, the insignia of the Order of the Black Eagle.

The population of Berlin, including the suburbs, is 2,469,676, as compared with 2,076,946 in 1895.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE.

New York, Dec. 24.—The Journal of Commerce says: The presence in this city last week of James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, and one of the largest stockholders of the Northern Pacific, is regarded as indicative of important action on the part of the directors of the last named road this week. Persons connected with the Northern Pacific management say that arrangements have been practically completed for the retirement of the $75,000,000 of preferred stock of that company. The provisions of the Northern Pacific reorganization plan give the directors the right to retire the preferred stock at par, either wholly or in part, on call prior to January, 1917.

De Witt's Little Early Risers are dainty little pills, but they never fail to cleanse the liver, remove obstructions and invigorate the system.—Max Wirth.

RESERVED ON TREATY

London Press Chary of Discussing New Questions on Canal Convention.

IT MIGHT BE WORSE

That Seems to Be the Official Feeling Regarding the Matter.

New York, Dec. 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The announcement made in dispatches from Washington that the amended canal treaty will be sent to London represses the ardor of the press in discussing the new questions raised by senators. There are no cues from the foreign office, both Lord Lansdown and Lord Cranborne being inaccessible so far as London leading writers are concerned, and the under officials not being allowed to say anything about diplomatic affairs. The controversy will not be kept up by the press at an unseasonable time when the ministers are taking a holiday, and nobody knows what view they take of the vague and academic quality of the Davis amendment, or the precise effects of the interpollated clause superseding the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, or of other changes in the convention.

Two inferences are safely drawn by men in touch with the diplomatic circle. One is that the British government is better pleased with the amendment of the treaty than it would have been with the rejection of the convention outright and the consequent reversion to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It can now have the final privilege of examining the amendments and of either revising or rejecting them, and is left in a more dignified position than it would have occupied if the treaty had been thrown out altogether in Washington. The other inference is that the retention of the Suez rule in the convention will enable the American ambassador here to confer with the foreign office and, possibly, to effect some readjustment or compromise. The prospect of success may not be hopeful, but it is not outside the range of possibilities.

Public opinion here has been confused by the contradictory lines taken by the American correspondents of the London press, and whatever conclusion is reached by the foreign office will be accepted without dissent.

AT CASS LAKE.

Death of William H. Young—The Loggers More Cheerful.

Cass Lake, Minn., Dec. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. F. Young, acting Indian agent at Cass Lake and superintendent of "dead and down" logging, and wife have returned from Minneapolis, where they were called by the death of their son, William H. Young. The deceased underwent an operation for perforation of the bowels and did not survive the application of the surgeon's knife. He was buried at Necedah, Wis., the old home of Mr. and Mrs Young. William Young was formerly a traveling man, well known in Duluth and other points in Northern Minnesota.

Sam Hunter, who has several contracts for the cutting of "dead and down" timber on the reservation, has established a third camp, which is located about four miles north of his old camps near the Indian mission, and about ten miles from Cass Lake.

The recent rain, followed by cold weather and snow, has gladdened the hearts of the loggers hereabouts, as it will enable them to haul logs. Heretofore they have done nothing but "skid."

C. C. Hastings is putting in a ferryboat at the mouth of the Mississippi river where it empties into Cass Lake, near the Indian mission, to enable him to more easily perform his "toting" contracts between here and Tenstrike, a new town north of here. He will make use of the old government road to the head of long lake, and from there will open a new road directly north of Tenstrike. The new road will lead into a thickly settled country which is justly tributary to Cass Lake, and it is proposed by many of the business men here to join Mr. Hastings in the construction and operation of the new ferry and road and make the same free for the use of the settlers north of here, thereby greatly increasing the trade of the village.

H. A. Smith has gone to Duluth, where he will spend Christmas with his family, who are residents of the Zenith City.

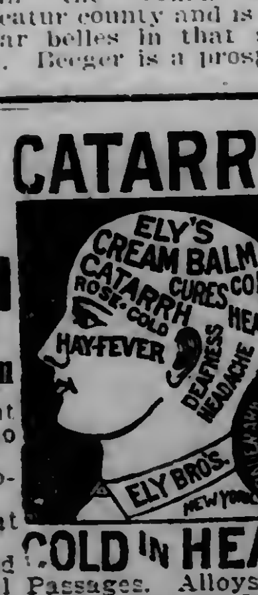
Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

KISSING CASE.

Iowa Belle Awarded Damages Against a Young Farmer.

Des Moines, Dec. 24.—May Brenner's judgment for $375 damages against R. W. Beeger, for forcibly hugging and kissing her at Leon, Iowa, was affirmed by the supreme court Saturday in an opinion in which the court declares that in the twenty-two reasons given by the attorneys for Beeger why the judgment should not be affirmed, no sufficient cause was given for disturbing the verdict of the lower court. The court held that there was no reason why she should not receive this amount, as the hugging and kissing was done forcibly and against her wish. Among the reasons given were that the lady in question gave Beeger to think that the kisses would not be unacceptable. The court, however, held that as she resisted the actions of Beeger anything that might have been indicated otherwise was not to be considered. The decision caused great amusement in the court. Miss Brenner lives in Decatur county and is one of the most popular belles in that section of the country. Beeger is a prosperous young farmer.



THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

CATARRH

is

Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed.

Gives Relief at once.

It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Alloys Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York.

Do You Know?

While the pocketbook argument of this clothing store is unanswerable, it has other salient points which easily explain the appearance here of new faces daily.

Taste in Design Tells.
Trustworthy Making Tells.
An Established Reputation Tells.

A common sense present for an active boy would be

A Sweater

Selected from our attractive showing—plain and in stripes—All wool.

75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50

Boys' Suits.

Ours are winners in popular favor.

$2, $2 50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $7, $7.50.

Christmas good cheer is just around the corner.

Remember the story books we give the boys.

House Coats.

We can still fit almost anyone, and are called on hourly to do so. See them and you will understand why.

$5, $6, $7, $7.50, $10 and $12.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

Our store will be open this evening.

THEY ARE DOOMED.

Water Tube Boilers Used In the British Navy.

London, Dec. 24.—There is every indication that the Belleville water tube boilers used in the British navy are doomed. A special commission of experts which has been investigating the question has received startling evidence of their unstable and dangerous character. Officers and men of the engine room staff go in fear of their lives on every ship where the water tube system is used. So general is the dread that there have been frequent instances of more or less pronounced mutiny among the men transferred to water tube ships. On Thursday a tube burst aboard the sloop Mutine and two men were badly scalded. As this occurred in home waters the men were removed to a hospital ashore, but explosions occurring on ships on foreign stations have been startlingly frequent but have been kept secret except where actual loss of life rendered concealment impossible. It is believed that a majority of the commission at the start favored the Belleville system, but they have changed their minds.

AN "OIL QUEEN."

Woman Has Income of a Thousand Per Day.

Wheeling, W. Va., Dec. 24.—West Virginia developments of the past few weeks have produced what the operators are pleased to call an "Oil Queen." She is Mrs. Mary Ihrig, formerly of Sisterville, now living in the Tyler county field, where her venturesome spirit and good luck netted her an oil income that has been averaging about $7000 a week for a month. Mrs. Ihrig was formerly engaged in the shoe business at Sistersville, and it was while living in that busy town of oil and oil machinations that she developed the speculative fever.

Her shoe business was not very successful and she began to dabble in oil. Several small fortunes are said to have netted her enough to make her confident and willing to undertake the development of the most uncertain "wildcat" territory in the state. She secured control of a large slice of new territory in the upper end of Tyler county, and regardless of the headshakes and discouraging words of her friends she went into the field for active operations. Several months ago she contracted for the drilling of a well on her land. A series of mishaps prevented the completion of the job until Dec. 4, when the drill touched a pocket of oil and a small gusher resulted. The flow was pretty heavy at first, but has since settled down to about 250 barrels a day, with every prospect that the output will be maintained. The strike is the opening wedge in territory that will prove to be very valuable.

THAT "DARK" MAN.

Omaha, Dec. 24.—The mysterious "dark" man in the Cudahy kidnapping case was arrested yesterday afternoon by the police from the description given by Miss Maud Munshaw, who lives near the house in which Eddie Cudahy was held for ransom by his abductors. His name is Ed Johnson, and he is a laborer in the Cudahy packing resides at Twenty-sixth and streets. He admitted having to the Grover street house t for the purpose of renting th which he found already let to man and his accomplices. was easily able to prove to faction of the police and M who was called in, that he h to do with the case and was return to his wife and fan children.

Now is the time when crou troubles prove rapidly fatal. harmless remedy that produce results is One Minute Cough very pleasant to take and c upon to quickly cure coughs, lung diseases. It will preve tion.—Max Wirth.

For an Outing

Take Beneteau Cognac.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Fairly Good Record Is Made Previous to the Holiday Recess.

SENATE TO BE BUSY

When Congress Resumes Its Sessions—The Oleo Bill Warmly Fought.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Congress has adjourned for the usual holiday recess with a fairly good record for work accomplished within a short period. The measures which have passed in the house include the oleomargarine bill, the army bill, and at least one important appropriation measure.

The senate has transacted considerable business, which foreshadows earnest endeavor and hard work when congress reassembles after the holidays. It will be the upper branch of congress which will have the greater amount of work to do during the remaining days of the present session. The house, however, will not be without some important business to transact. For instance, this branch will have before it a river and harbor appropriation bill which, as reported from the river and harbor committee, will call for a vast expenditure of money for waterway improvements in nearly every congressional district in the United States. At one time the committee which had charge of the preparation of the bill ran the appropriation up above $80,000,000 for the fiscal year. The Republican members of the committee found it necessary, in the interest of good politics, to pare it down considerably. The result is that when the bill is submitted to the house by the committee, after the holiday recess, the amount necessary to carry the bill through will not exceed $65,000,000, and the direct appropriations will not be much in excess of $20,000,000. Without doubt the appropriation made by the committee will be cut considerably before the measure can pass the house. It would, apparently, be folly for the Republicans to permit a measure calling for such an enormous expenditure of money to become a law. In any event, should the bill pass the house, (the log-rolling end of congress), it is believed that there are enough Republican senators who could foresee the ridiculousness of the act, from a politician standpoint, of passing a measure which called for such an unusual output of money for purely local purposes, when it is absolutely necessary for the government to provide money for the continuance of the war in the Philippines and in China, and, further, to protect the interests of the United States in Cuba and the native citizens of the latter island; to continue the supervision of our own affairs in Porto Rico, Hawaii and in other possessions which have come to us within recent years. Further than this, it is necessary to expend a great deal of money in other directions, therefore the river and harbor "steal" is likely to be checked by conservative members, either in the house or in the senate.

* * *

The oleomargarine bill, which passed the house before the holiday recess, may or may not be successfully steered through the upper branch of congress. The measure will be given consideration, unless it is headed off by other bills of greater importance, but some senators question whether or not it is advisable to enact a measure like the one which passed the house, into law. There are a number of senators, both Democratic and Republican, who favor the bill drawn on lines somewhat like that of the Grout measure, which passed the house by a fairly good majority. If, however, the senate give time for the consideration of the Grout bill, it is a certainty that it will be amended in many particulars in many ways, and may be so changed that President McKinley will deem it inadvisable to approve it. There is a huge lobby, with a great amount of money, in Washington endeavoring to prevent this measure from going through the senate, at least, as it was drafted by the Vermont advocate of the bill. They will doubtless not only lavishly spend this money, but use whatever influence they may have with members of congress and their friends in the senate to prevent it from becoming a law at this or any other session of congress. In the same connection it may be stated that the same lobby is here prepared, if possible, to prevent the passage of the pure food bill this winter. As both measures are designed to prevent the manufacture of adulterated foods, the same class of people, of course, oppose both measures.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Charles M. Miller, assistant engineer of the Montana division of the Great Northern railway, was struck and killed by an electric car in St. Paul last evening. Miller was crossing the street, and apparently was aware of the approaching car, but being too close to the track, he was struck and thrown against the curb. His skull was fractured and he died while being conveyed to the hospital. Miller's headquarters were at Williston, N. D., and he was on a visit to relatives in St. Paul.

From an autopsy performed on the body of Oscar Aaronson, the six days' bicyclist, at New York, yesterday, it was found he had died from pneumonia instead of injuries from the fall he had in the Madison Square Garden race. He contracted pneumonia, however, during the race.

The "War on Women" theatrical company, headed by Miss Hope Booth, has disbanded in Milwaukee owing to lack of sufficient receipts to pay the members of the company. Several of the company who resided in New York, are in financial distress.

Theodore L. Poole, United States marshal for the northern district of New York state, member of the Fifty-fourth congress from 1894 to 1896, and a civil war veteran, died of apoplexy yesterday, at Syracuse, N. Y.

Capt. Heygate, of the British army, is purchasing 50,000 cavalry horses and mules for the British army in South Africa, at Kansas City.

When the stomach is tired out it must have a rest, but we can't live without food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure "digests what you eat" so that you can eat all the good food you want while it is restoring the digestive organs to health. It is the only preparation that digests all kinds of food.—Max Wirth.

One short puff clears the head.—Does your head ache? Have you pains over your eyes? Is there a constant dropping in the throat? Is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will cure most stubborn cases in a marvellously short time. If you've had Catarrh a week it's a sure cure. If it's of fifty year's standing it's just as effective. Sold by Max Wirth.

Omega Oil

For sore FEET

Just about the worst pain of all comes from sore feet. Some people have to take off their shoes right in the middle of the day because their feet hurt them so. If these same people would first bathe their feet in warm water, and then rub them with Omega Oil, they could wear their shoes from morning till bedtime. Omega Oil is a liniment that contains a rare little Swiss green herb that goes in through the pores of the skin and stops pain. It takes out the soreness, removes the tenderness, reduces swellings, invigorates the tired muscles, and causes all the bad odors arising from perspiration to disappear. That's a good deal for one remedy to do, but Omega Oil *does* it just the same. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Tell your druggist you want Omega Oil and nothing else. If he refuses to supply you, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 749

BEFORE AND AFTER

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

RUB IT IN OR TAKE IT IN

You'll soon forget the sore spot

if you use

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Cures pain, no matter what its name.

Sold everywhere
in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO., - - Saginaw, Mich.

The Time Tested Laxative Tonic.

The best Laxative Tonic for Mother, Father, Sister and Brother.

Cascarine

Builds and cheers you up; prevents nervousness; helps the digestion; and cures absolutely all stomach complaints and disorders of the bowels and kidneys.

Price, per bottle, 50c.

You need it. Buy a bottle to-day of your druggists or send direct to . . . .

Rea Bros & Co.,

Minneapolis, Louisville & New York.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 17, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles R. Heneage, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Guy B. Heneage, administrator of the estate of Charles R. Heneage, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the judge of probate in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-17-24-31-1900.

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PATENTS!

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JAMES T. WATSON.

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Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
801 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., [illegible]

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE BOYS MUST WAIT

Plans For Return of Volunteers From Philippines Are Held Up.

MUST REPLACE THEM

And Failure of Congress to Provide For This Causes Delay.

Washington, Dec. 24.—As a result of a conference between the secretary of war and Quartermaster General Ludington, it has been decided that no further action can be taken with regard to the return of the volunteers from the Philippines until congress shall make provision for their replacement.

The war department is considerably embarrassed by the failure of congress to make provision before the recess for the relief of the military situation in the Philippines.

Acting upon representations made by Gen. MacArthur, the department has concluded that it is absolutely necessary to maintain an army of 60,000 men in the Philippines until the current policy of establishing municipal governments throughout the archipelago has been executed.

It is stated at the war department that any reductions of the military strength below that figure existing conditions would doubtless prove most disastrous to the interests of the United States.

There are now about 60,000 troops, regulars and volunteers in the Philippines, and arrangements have been made already for bringing home 9000 of that number.

No further reduction will be made until the war department is advised fully of the purpose of congress with regard to any legislation.

When the necessary authority has been given, it is the purpose of the department to bring home as rapidly as possible all the volunteers and regulars whose terms of enlistment expire on the 30th of June next, but not before it is possible to replace them, man for man, with new recruits enlisted under the terms of the new army bill.

It therefore, appears that, after the 9000 volunteers have left the Philippines, no more troops will be withdrawn from that country until they can be relieved by fresh troops recruited in the United States in accord with legislation yet to be enacted.

It is expected that congress will act promptly on the army bill soon after it reassembles in January, but, even in that event, it is said at the war department, it will not be possible to get the fresh troops to the Philippines inside of two months' time. The general somecoming movement of the mass of volunteers will, therefore, have to be postponed until about the first of February. That will give the quartermaster's department but five months to bring home the remainder of the volunteers and the regular troops whose terms will expire at the same time, aggregating about 40,000 men, before July 1.

This undertaking is believed to be beyond the capacity of the transport service as at present organized and may necessitate the charter of additional steamships. All arrangements in that line will be held in abeyance until information has been received with regard to the proposed increase of the army.

Cable advices from Gen. MacArthur indicate a strong desire on the part of the volunteers generally to return to the United States, and that comparatively few of them are likely to re-enlist, while the most liberal inducements are offered.

It is understood that Gen. MacArthur has recommended that a bounty of $250 be allowed to each soldier in the Philippines who re-enlists for another term, and the plan is said to meet with the favor of the officials of the war department.

GEESE IN DEMAND.

Christmas Makes the Rush For This Fowl Equal That For Turkey.

Business was good on Michigan street today, and in poultry it was rushing. There has been a remarkable lack of animation in the poultry market for the season, but, today, it seemed as if everybody had made up their mind to stock up to the limit. There was one peculiar feature of the holiday trade in this line, and that was the demand for geese. Those Cinderellas of the poultry world blossomed out as the belles of the season and vie with the long acknowledged king of the Christmas feast, the proud and strutting turkey, for the palm for popularity.

There was just about enough of a supply of choice, unfrozen stock to meet the demand and prices held unchanged, although a very firm tone prevailed. Chickens were 8@9 cents for springs and 8 cents for hens; turkeys ruled at 10 cents and ducks and geese were 9 cents.

Eggs still displayed a lack of firmness, and, in fact, there was nothing to encourage them to brace up, for they were neglected to a shameful degree. No. 1 storage were quoted at 23@24 cents and countries at 25@26 cents. There were no liberal offerings, however.

Butter was unchanged and fairly firm in tone, creamery, choice, in tubs, 25@26 cents. In cheese, the late makes were fairly firm and storage goods neglected. Prices were unchanged; full cream, new, 12½@13 cents; full cream Young America, 14 cents.

In green vegetables especially seasonable for holiday trade, there was an upward spurt ranging from 25 to 40 per cent under the final rush. This temporary, only, however. Otherwise vegetables and fruits were unchanged and moving fairly well.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Cattle receipts, 3500; steers, 15@25c higher; good to prime steers, $4.95@6.00; poor to medium, $3.75@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.40; heifers, $2.50@4.50; Texas steers, $3.30@4.30. Hogs receipts today, 27,000; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 1041; opened 10c higher, closing easier; mixed and butchers, $4.75@5.02½; good to choice heavy, $4.85@5.00; rough heavy, $4.70@4.80; light, $4.70@5.02½. Bulk of sales, $4.90@5.00. Sheep receipts, 7000; 15@25c higher; sheep, $3.25@4.50; lambs, $4.00@5.50. Official receipts and shipments for Saturday: Receipts—Cattle, 211; hogs, 17,923; sheep, 383. Shipments—Cattle, 471; hogs, 1407; sheep, —.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade Telephone 713.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Local Stocks, Real Estate,
Fire Insurance, Investments.
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg.

Land Scrip.
Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the northern trade meager. The advent of snow and cold weather is awaited to give vitality and urgency to the trade. Horses of all classes, especially heavy drafters on which the trade is centered, were represented in a large number. Prices weakened decidedly in sympathy with the extreme dullness. Values for Saturday were as follows:

Drafters, extra	$130@$175
Drafters, choice	100@ 130
Drafters, common to good	80@ 100
Farm mares, choice	80@ 100
Farm mares, common to good	45@ 60

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Dec. 24.—Closing: No change in prices. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 64,800 quarters from Atlantic ports and 19,000 quarters from other ports. The import of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 100,000 quarters.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Dec. 24.—Consols for money, 97 3-16; for the account, 97½.

EXCHANGES CLOSED.

New York, Dec. 24.—All exchanges here are closed today.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	26 @	27
Creamery, choice, tubs	23 @	27
Dairies, fancy	18 @	20
Dairy, fair	16 @	17
Packing stock	11 @	12
EGGS.		
Fresh	25 @	26
Storage	22 @	23
CHEESE.		
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½@	13
Full cream, new	12½@	13
Twins, full cream	11½@	12
Full cream Young America	14	
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	16 @	17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	14 @	15
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40 @	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50	
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14	
Cocoanuts, per doz	3 25	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
Chestnuts, per lb	13 @	15
FRUITS.		
Apples, eating	3 50 @	4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75 @	3 00
King apples	4 50 @	5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10 @	1 50
California lemons	3 50 @	4 00
Mexican oranges	3 25 @	3 50
Bananas	1 25 @	1 75
Florida oranges	3 25 @	3 50
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @	1 35
California navel oranges	3 25 @	3 50
Winter Nellis pears	2 40 @	2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	8 00 @	8 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18 @	20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @	8 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 25 @	2 50
Russet apple, ¼ bbl	3 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @	3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10	
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	52 @	55
Parsley, per doz	25 @	30
Cauliflower, per doz	2 00 @	2 25
Radishes, doz	75 @	85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50 @	1 75
Wax beans	5 25 @	5 50
Celery	30 @	40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @	1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10 @	1 25
Carrots	45 @	50
Oyster plant, per doz	45 @	50
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Mint, per doz	30 @	50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potato	4 00	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Chickens	8 @	10
Turkeys	9 @	11
Ducks	9	
Geese	9	
MEATS.		
Mutton	6½@	7
Lamb	7 @	7½
Veal, Good	7	
Veal, fancy	8	
Beef, dressed	5 @	7
Hogs	7	
Pork loins	8	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	40	
Oats, car lots, sacked	28	
Hay, upland	11 00	
Hay, timothy	16 00	
Feed. No. 1	15 50	
Cracked corn	15 50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Butter, quiet, creameries, 15@23c; dairies, 12@20c. Eggs, dull; fresh, 20c. Dressed poultry fairly active; turkeys, 9c; chickens, 6½@7½c.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

WITH NO REMARKS

Canal Treaty to Be Sent to Britain Without Any Observations.

HAVE MADE NO SIGN

Nicaragua and Costa Rica Maintain Silence as to the Amendments.

Washington, Dec. 24.—The state department has decided to send the amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to the British government through two channels, one copy being transmitted to Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and the other through Ambassador Choate, at London, who will present it to the foreign office.

It is the understanding that the state department will make no representation as to the changes made in the treaty. The senate amendments will be allowed to speak for themselves and the action of the department in notifying them to the British government will be purely formal.

As the papers leave New York on tomorrow's steamer, they should reach London about New Year's day, so that the negotiations will certainly lapse over into the next century at the very earliest.

It can be authoritatively stated that there has been no exchange whatever, either in the shape of written notes or oral communications, between the state department and the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica that has developed a threat on the part of those governments to refuse assent to the construction of a canal in view of the action of the United States senate upon the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

All which is known of the attitude of the two governments mentioned is that their representatives here, Senors Corea and Calva, thoroughly approved of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as the basis of the canal construction.

Whether or not the changes made in that convention will affect their attitude is unknown.

The impression prevails that, not being called upon to come to a decision on this point until the British government shall have passed upon the senate amendments, the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica will not anticipate that action by any declaration at this stage.

The British government has not, up to this time, given the slightest indication as to its purpose on the amended Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and it is understood that the subject will not be taken up by the British cabinet until the draft of the amended instrument and the advices of the British ambassador at Washington are received. The general results have been briefly summarized in cables to the London authorities, but in a matter of this magnitude, they would not act until they were in possession of all the data by mail. Under these circumstances, it is evident that today's utterances of the London press to the effect that Great Britain will stand firmly on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, while indicating the popular, and to some extent the official trend of opinion, do not announce a policy which has assumed any definite sanction thus far on the part of the British government.

The Nicaraguan minister, Mr. Corea, was asked today as to the report that he had protested in behalf of Nicaragua against the amended form of the treaty. He said he did not care to discuss the matter in its present status, but he pointed out the unlikelihood that Nicaragua and Costa Rica would protest while the matter was one of domestic policy. Later on, if it assumed the concrete form of a proposition to be submitted to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, it would be for them to say whether it as acceptable or not, but, in the meantime, it was hardly likely that there would be any protest or other action concerning a subject still in its creative stages in this country and in Great Britain, and not yet before Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

It can also be stated, not on Mr. Corea's authority, but, as a fact, that the Nicaraguan government has not, up to this time, defined its attitude on the amended document. Mr. Corea forwarded it with full advices, but, as the senate acted only a few days ago, there has not yet been time for the papers to get before President Zelaya's cabinet. Even then, as Mr. Corea has pointed out, it is doubtful whether Nicaragua will assert her position in advance of receiving overtures as to the canal. It appears to be the accepted view, however, in Central American diplomatic quarters that the senate confined its consideration to the interests of the United States and other maritime powers, and failed to take into much account the interests of those countries most vitally concerned by having the waterway through their territory.

CRITICISES THE NOTE.

Russian Journal Finds Fault With the Envoys' Deliverance.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 24—The Novoe Vremya sharply criticises the joint note of the powers to China as being too long to produce effect. It says the accusations against the emperor and dowager empress are unfounded, and that the accusation that Prince Tuan is alone responsible for the treachery ridiculous. The paper adds:

"Rulers sometimes betray their own country, but treason towards foreign powers is a new conception. The statement in the ultimatum that the troops will not be withdrawn before the conditions are accepted cannot mean Russia, whose troops have already evacuated Pei Chi Li, whereas Manchurian affairs do not concern the powers. The note will not bring peace. The powers possibly repent not having imitated Russia's example."

The minister of the interior has started from St. Petersburg and the minister of war has left Yalta to meet the returning troops at Theodosia. M. Dewitte, the minister of finance, is expected here Jan. 16. According to the Rossiya, a special dispatch to the Novo Vremya from Vladivostock says the exploitation of the principal Manchurian railroad line, and the construction of a branch line to Port Arthur, will be turned over to the government. Russia has always carefully insisted that the Manchurian railway enterprise was purely the affair of a Russian private corporation. The news, if true, is of great importance politically.

The same correspondent wires that the demobilization is ending everywhere in Manchuria. Baron Kaulbars is distributing the railroad protective guard along the route. The Chinese population along the railroad is suffering from famine. The Russians up to the present have had plenty of supplies.

Ship Your Grain to
cCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
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B. E. BAKER, Broker.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
307 Board of Trade, Duluth.
318 W. Sup. St., (St. Louis Hotel), Duluth.
48 Board of Trade, West Superior, Wis.

CHARITY BEGINS AT HOME.

Why Does Not News Tribune Give its Employes Christmas Holiday, Is Asked.

Referring to the rumpus which the News Tribune is endeavoring to stir up in mercantile circles because the firm of Panton & White has announced that its store will be open until noon tomorrow, a member of the Trades' assembly has submitted the following:

To the Editor of The Herald:

It is to be regretted that the Trades' assembly should have become mixed up in what, at best, is a very questionable transaction. It is on record, or at least ought to be, that years ago, when the Clerks' union was in the zenith of its fame, and when the clerks made a valiant effort to reduce the number of their hours of labor, Panton & White, then Panton & Watson, were the very first to lend their assistance toward the desired result, and intimated that they would close their store at 6 p. m. whether the others did so or not. That condition of affairs has existed ever since, and except before holidays, such as Christmas, etc., etc., this pledge has been kept.

But what good does the Trades' assembly hope to accomplish by their action on an individual company? Would it not have been much more to the purpose if, instead of taking sides in a controversy such as this, that a strenuous endeavor should be made to unionize all of the clerks of the city—department stores and others included—so that they could at least have a semblance of authority to interfere in the premises. Those older members of the Trades' assembly know how difficult it is to get the women clerks in the various stores throughout the city into line, and either through ignorance or indifference, positively refuse to have anything to do with anything pertaining to unionism.

At present the Trades' assembly is looked upon as a conservative body of workingmen, delegated by their unions to represent them intelligently in any disputes that may arise between employer and employe, and heretofore it has always found plenty of work to perform without carrying a chip on its shoulder.

Following out the line of argument in the morning paper, and carrying it to its logical conclusion, why should not the assembly begin with the News Tribune and demand that they give their employes a holiday on Christmas?

The executive committee of the Trades' assembly and the delegates will do themselves proud if they refuse to be dragged into a dispute of this nature, which can only tend to make them appear ridiculous in the eyes of the public generally, who are really the sinners in this case. It will be time enough for the assembly to take action when the clerks themselves show a disposition to be assisted. God helps those who help themselves.

MEMBER TRADES ASSEMBLY.

NOT REGULAR.

Charges Regarding Mining Claims in Philippines Involve Former Consul.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Inquiry at the state department discloses the fact that no official notice ever was taken by the department of a statement affecting in some measure Oscar F. Williams, who had been consul to Manilla before the Spanish-American war. Capt. Burrell was the author of this statement, he, being in charge of the mining bureau in the Philippines, in the course of his annual report to Gen. MacArthur, commenting upon the filing in an irregular fashion of an enormous number of mining claims, said:

"The record discloses an undefined but apparently close relation of Hon. Oscar F. Williams, as United States consul, with the inspectorate of mines, that is of such a nature as to seem to require a statement of facts appearing in the records of this bureau."

Capt. Burrett then recites some cases where the consul had certified to certain claims some time after the claims already had been allowed by the Spanish mining officials.

The general statement of the report is that certain mining men, foreseeing the overthrow of Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines, had filed claims upon everything in sight in a mining way. But Consul Williams is no longer United States consul, nor is he an official of the United States government, so that it has no longer any authority to call upon him in connection with this matter. The mining claims filed in this fashion referred to are, however, within reach, and it is said at the war department that the Philippine commission is about to take them up with a view to passing upon their validity. Mr. Williams is now at home in Syracuse, N. Y.

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.

Albany, N. Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive. Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

THE LAKE CARRIERS

Annual Meeting Is to Be Held In Detroit on Jan. 16.

HE IS COMPLIMENTED

A. B. Wolvin Gets a Fine Testimonial From Detroit Free Press.

Now that the navigation season is over for the year 1900, shipping interests in general are looking forward to the coming meeting of the Lake Carriers' association which will occur in Detroit Jan. 16. The meeting promises to be as important as one possibly can where the business and control of which has been merged into the hands of a few men. The matter of the election of president, as usual is not exciting attention because it is not an office that anybody is clamoring for. It has been said that the usual plan is for a few of the Cleveland vessel owners to hold a little conference and talk over the men eligible. They then select one of the names, give it to the papers with the statement that the man they have mentioned has the best right to the honor and there is no opposition to him. This, of course, goes the rounds of the lake papers and when the delegates to the association are assembled there is no opposition to the man that the Cleveland men have selected. Thus, it is claimed, the whole matter is cut and dried before the association meets and matters pertaining to the presidency have proved uninteresting.

In choosing a president geography is usually taken into consideration, the ability of the man chosen always being taken for granted. The meetings of the executive committee are usually held in Cleveland because the greater number of the members of the association live there or at Lake Erie ports. For this reason the president must attend all the meetings as eight or ten are usually held every year.

During the history of the association Detroit has had two presidents, Cleveland four, Buffalo two, and Chicago one. Duluth could have had one president of the association had he consented to accept. In this connection the Detroit Free Press pays the following compliment to Capt. A. B. Wolvin, of this city:

"Duluth has one vessel owner and manager whose name has several times been mentioned for the honor, but he has firmly declined the use of his name, so Duluth will have to be omitted for good. The name of this man is A. B. Wolvin, the best creator of fleets and manipulator of vessel properties the lakes have ever seen. In all the metings of the association seen. In the metings of the association one of the wisest and shrewdest heads in dealing with shippers, with the longshoremen, with the railroads—it makes no matter—his mistakes are few and far between, while his achievements are many."

A name that is said to be talked of informally for the honor this year is that of Capt. J. G. Keith, of Chicago. Capt. Keith is an owner and one of the foremost lake brokers. Chicago is pushing her claims for the honor of the presidency this year on the grounds of her immense lake interests and the fact that the Eastern ports have had their share. President Farrington is said to have given excellent satisfaction and undoubtedly would succeed himself were it not for the clause in the constitution of the association specifying a one term office.

Some of the things that are likely to come up at the meeting of the association next month are of interest to marine circles along the whole chain of lakes.

L. C. Waldo, of Buffalo, chairman of the committee on grain shovelers is said to have stated that so far as he knew the present plan by which the association deals directly with the shovellers in paying for the work, the association also paying the superintendent for overseeing the work, is likely to be renewed for another year. He claims that the plan has done away with all friction of delays and losses that were in order the preceding years.

The charges for unloading ore at the Lake Erie docks is likely to be a lively subject before the association, for the claim has been made that the charges this season were excessive and based on the high freights of 1899. There is said to be a strong probability that a material reduction will be made the coming year in the wages in this work and that it may presage a strike among the shovellers next season. Some owners think that the dock owners, through their managers should lower their charge for the use of the machines, etc.

Another thing that is said to be scheduled for a cut is the wages of the steamer and consort hands. It is understood that the same claim of reduced freight rates in 1900 without fixing previously a sliding wage scale to correspond, is at the bottom of the trouble. It is said to be quite possible that in the matter of charges for ore and coal handling the carriers will try for the work, leaving to the carrier the residue of the freight rate, after deducting those charges. As this has never been tried the chances are said to be good that the shippers will shirk this responsibility.

The executive committee of the association held a meeting the other day and extended an invitation to the meeting to all the members of the army engineering corps on the lakes that have charge of the river and harbor work and the construction of lighthouses, as well as the lighthouse inspectors.

Open to Noon.

The postoffice will be open until tomorrow noon. All Christmas packages will be delivered up to that hour. The registry department will be open but the money order department will be closed. The Christmas period is the hardest of all the year for the carriers but it is now nearly over. Today was a heavy one for them and almost everyone of them was laden down heavily when he left the office this morning.

ARTIST GONE.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 24.—Grizenko, the painter, is dead.

HARMLESS QUAKE.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Dec. 24, via Haytien cable.—There was an earthquake shock here today but no damage was done.

Tour of All Mexico

Special train tour of all Mexico has been arranged by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in connection with the well-known American Tourist association, Mr. Reau Campbell, general manager.

Party will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Jan. 21, 1901, going via Chicago, St. Louis and San Antonio and New Orleans. Chicago will be reached on return trip Feb. 28 and Twin Cities March 1.

Price of ticket includes every possible expense—railroad and sleeping car fares, meals, hotels, guides, etc.

Write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, or call at "The Milwaukee" offices for price of tickets, complete itinerary and other information.

Holiday Rates to the Twin Cities.

$5.75 round trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1. Good returning to Jan. 2. Take the "Bee line" at 1:25 p. m., or 11:25 p. m. Secure tickets at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, (corner Spalding hotel) or Union depot.

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
Will be open Xmas forenoon for special accommodations to patrons. See bargain attractions in this paper.

CAPT. GIBSON.

Returns From the Philippines —Will Go Back Early In January.

Capt. George Gibson of the Thirty-fourth infantry arrived home yesterday for his first visit since coming from the Philippines, where he was wounded last July. He arrived in the United States some months ago and has been in a hospital undergoing treatment ever since. Several operations have been necessary and he has still another to undergo. The wound in his shoulder has healed, but the one in his jaw is still open and refuses to heal. Before reaching here Capt Gibson went to Chicago and consulted an eminent surgeon, and after spending the holidays here he will go to Chicago and submit to an operation which he expects will result in the rapid healing of his wound.

Capt. Gibson's leave of absence has been extended to Jan. 10 and he will immediately start again for the Philippines. His friends hardly think him in condition to so soon seek the field again, especially when he is to be operated upon so near the time of leaving, but he says he is well, and though rather weak, will recuperate rapidly, and by the time he reaches Manilla will again be in fine physical condition.

Capt. Gibson will not discuss conditions in the Philippines while he is a member of the army and in the service of the government. In speaking of the circumstances of his being wounded he said that in the charge up the hill which he was leading he distinctly saw the man who shot him. The fellow had a Mauser, and Capt. Gibson saw him fire four shots one after another, and each came very close. He says he feared the fellow would drop him before he exhausted the fifth cartridge in the Mauser, and so it proved. It was the fifth bullet which hit him. Had that fifth bullet missed he would have made for that fellow and stopped his further shooting, but until his weapon was emptied it would have only made his danger worse to get into closer quarters with him.

Capt. Gibson was under Gen. Wheeler and Gen. Funston all the time he has been out there, and he says they are both fine soldiers and fine men. He was particularly pleased to hear of the advancement of John Currie, formerly of Duluth, to the rank of lieutenant, and says that it is well deserved, for a more faithful and competent man does not serve in the Philippines.

PERSONALS.

Harry B. Wigginton, of Minneapolis, formerly of Duluth, is in the city spending the holidays with Judge and Mrs. A. N. McGindley, of Fifteenth avenue east.

Mrs. R. J. Tubman has returned to her home in Two Harbors. She has been the guest of Miss Edna Stevenson, of 29 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. George Harkness and daughter, Marion, of 522 Fourth avenue east, left Friday for New York and Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Myers and Roy Myers, of Bay City, and F. B. Myers, cashier of the Bank of Biwabik, are in the city guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Buell. Mrs. Myers is a sister of Mr. Buell.

Mrs. A. E. Leach and Douglas Leach, mother and brother of Frank and Norman Leach, of this city, are here from Canada for Christmas, and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, of Hunter's Park.

Miss Helen Marble, who is attending the Dana school near Boston, is home for the holidays.

Miss Nora Wilson, who is in charge of the teaching of music in the public schools at Wilmar, and is a former resident of Red Jacket, Mich., and Miss Alice Nelson, of Calumet, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Sharvy for the holidays.

Miss Helen Spencer, who is attending college in the East is home for the holiday vacation.

Ex-Senator Henry Keller, of Sauk Center, was in the city yesterday for a few hours.

Frank N. McLaren, formerly of Duluth, but now in charge of the office of the Van Dusen-Harrington company at Winnipeg, is here for a few days' visit.

Miss Anna White, who is attending school in the East, is home for the holidays.

Otto Poirier came up from Minneapolis on Saturday to spend Christmas.

John Pugh, who has been away for some time, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander W. Hartman have returned from their trip of several weeks which extended as far as Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Marshall and two children are down with diphtheria.

Mr. and Mrs. Don H. Bacon returned yesterday from an Eastern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Leopold, of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Silberstein. They formerly resided in Duluth.

Miss McKinnon has gone to Minneapolis to spend Christmas.

Miss Maud Wigdahl has gone to Minneapolis for Christmas.

Mrs. George R. Laybourn and daughter have gone to Chicago, and after a short visit there will go to Paxton, Ill., for the winter.

Ten or more young people who are attending the State university have came up from Minneapolis for the holidays. Among them are: Miss India Wilcuts, Miss Helen Haines, Norton Edwards, Charles Claypool, Chester Tibbetts, Earl Richards and Frank Tilson.

C. A. Hutchinson has gone to Minneapolis for Christmas.

Len Bradley, who is attending Lafayette college, is home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. George Whittaker and children left today for St. Paul to spend Christmas with the parents of the former.

Jed Shilling, Jr., of Biwabik, was a visitor in the city today.

Dr. and Mrs. McNulty left this afternoon to spend Christmas in Minneapolis.

Cornelius Dow will leave tonight on a combined business and pleasure trip to the Twin Cities.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whitman, of Tower, were visitors in the city this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McKay, of Oshkosh, were guests of the Spalding today.

J. M. Campbell, of Ashland, was in the city on business today.

Dr. J. C. Farmer, of McKinley, was a caller here today.

Mrs. M. L. Van Brunt and Theo Van Brunt, of Aitkin, Minn., were registered at the St. Louis today.

M. J. Curran, of Eveleth, was in the city today.

F. N. Gleason, of Biwabik, was a guest of the St. Louis today.

Congressman Morris has returned from Washington for the congressional holiday period.

To Discuss the Park.

The Economic league will meet next Wednesday evening, and the subject of discussion will be the proposed park reserve. Mrs. Bramhall, of Minneapolis, will probably be present, at least she has been cordially invited to come. Bishop Morrison was also invited, and though unable to be there, has written a letter which will be read. Other men interested have been invited. Congressman Morris is here and he may attend.

PECK AT CAPITAL.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Ferdinand W. Peck, commissioner general for the United States at the Paris exposition, has arrived in Washington and at noon today paid his respects to the president. Mr. Peck also paid his respects to Secretary Gage and other members of the cabinet.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

A number of people have arranged to give as a Christmas gift, a year's membership in the Young Men's Christian association. Is that a suggestion?

Morning and evening services will be held on Christmas day at the usual time in the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Third street and First avenue east by Rev. N. B. Thvedt. Special music at both services. In the evening the choir will render several selections from Shephard's celebrated Christmas cantata. Wednesday evening the Sunday school will have its Christmas tree with appropriate services, commencing at 7 o'clock sharp.

The annual election of the Rayol Arch Masons will take place on Wednesday evening at the lodge rooms in the Masonic temple.

H. B. Knudsen and E. M. Ferguson of the Michigan street commission house of Knudsen-Ferguson company, were pleasantly surprised this morning when their employes presented them with very valuable Christmas presents in the form of handsome fur-lined overcoats. Every man in the employ of the Knudsen-Ferguson company chipped in and the presentation was a very happy event.

The municipal conference committee met in the council chamber on Saturday afternoon and received the monthly reports of the various city officers. The January meeting is expected to be of more general importance.

Henry W. Simms has begun suit against Edward Williamson to recover $679.89. He claims that one W. H. Miller endorsed a note for that amount for Williamson and had to pay it. He has transferred the account to the plaintiff, who seeks recovery.

The celebration at the court house began this afternoon. All of the offices closed up at the noon hour today and did not open this afternoon, and they will be closed all day tomorrow.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Antone J. Lutzka and Jennie E. Neilis, O. T. Mitchell and Emma M. Johnson and to John McLean and Lena Novock.

Tonight at 6:30 o'clock there will be Christmas exercises at the First Methodist church for the Sunday school. A cantata, "Santa Claus," will be sung by the children who have been drilled by Professor Woodward for some time. Afterward there will be a Christmas tree for the children and a distribution of presents.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stevenson, of 1913 London road.

Martin Moore died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock at the residence of his son-in-law, Andrew Ferguson, 318 Fourth avenue east, ofe peritonitis, aged 75 years. He has resided in the United States since 1862, and in Duluth since 1888. He leaves a daughter, Mrs. Ferguson and two sons living in Wisconsin. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Norwegian Lutheran church at Third street and First avenue east, and interment will be in the Norwegian Lutheran cemetery.

William Park, superintendent of the schools at Virginia, was in the city today on his way to St. Paul.

Earle Reid, city ticket agent of the South Shore road, left this afternoon for a visit over Christmas, at St. Paul.

Mayor J. C. McGilvray, of Eveleth, was in the city today on his way home from Mt. Clemens, Mich., where he has been for treatment for rheumatism. Mr. McGilvray says his health has improved very much.

Dr. and Mrs. Davis left today for a visit at Chicago during the holidays.

G. A. Potter left this afternoon for Necedah, Wis., where he will spend the holidays with relatives.

J. T. Pugh has returned from Minneapolis to spend Christmas with his parents here.

Don McLaren returned from Winnipeg to spend Christmas with relatives.

Members of the police department are today congratulating themselves on being under Chief Crandall. Each man on the force, married or single, was presented with a turkey for Christmas at the chief's expense. It is the first time in the history of Duluth police department that there has been such a happy incident and the men seem to appreciate it.

The morning train from Chicago, on the Omaha road was about two hours and a half late this morning owing to the heavy fall of snow between Duluth and Spooner. The snow fall farther south on the line is said to have been very much heavier than at the head of the lakes and with that degree of dampness that caused it to pack closely and hinder the trains. All the roads into the city report more or less snow through the country.

FIFTY DOLLARS.

A Jury Holds That to Be Value of Dr. Confer's Horse.

Fifty dolars was the amount of the verdict returned against J. J. Frey this afternoon for accidentally killing Mrs. E. Confer's horse for a deer. The case has won wide notoriety, having been commented on by newspapers and sporting papers throughout the United States. The case itself, outside the points of law involved, is practically without precedent.

On Nov. 10 last Dr. Confer, husband of the owner of the horse, invited Mr. Frey out for a day's hunt. The horse was driven into a wood road and covered with a tan-colored blanket. Sometime afterward Mr. Frey circling around through the woods in quest of deer, noticed a movement through the bushes and shot, killing the horse. He claimed that the day was dark and he thought the tan-colored blanket was certainly a deer. He even went further and when Dr. Confer same up, he says, he took him to the point from which he shot and said:

"Doc, can you see anything of that buggy?"

To this Dr. Confer is said to have replied that he did not and when Mr. Frey had told him that he had killed the horse, he claims that his companion laughed and said that he would probably have done the same thing.

All this developed in the tsetimony this morning and for a time it was freely expressed about the court room, that instead of giving Mrs. Confer what she asked, $250, the verdict would only be nominal. But Dr. Confer denied the testimony of the real estate man and the question then settled down to the value of a buckskin horse, 12 years old, city broke, sound and gentle. The jury decided that the horse was only worth $50.

The trial has taken several days and the court room was crowded most of the time. H. B. Fryberger appeared for Mrs. Confer and L. C. Harris for Mr. Frey.

About one case on the statute books examined during the trial seemed to be as singuar and that was a case from the South in the days of slavery. A man and his slave were driving a cow across the Osage river and were having trouble with it. A hunter came along on horseback and was asked to assist the two men on foot. He prodded the cow with his gun and it went off accidentally, killing the slave, but the owner of thes lave got a verdict.

This case was brought up as somewhat similar to the Confer-Frey case, involving similar legal points.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Older desire to take this means of acknowledging the many beautiful floral offerings and kindly sympathies of a large number of friends during sickness, and at the funeral of their daughter, Violet.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Dec. 24.—Snow (traces to about four inches) fell during Sunday or last night over Manitoba, the lake region, Upper Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys, light rains in Atlantic states, and light rain or snow in Oregon or Washington. The barometer is low over Alberta and Lake Huron, and high over Manitoba, Assinniboia and North Dakota and Southwestern states. Much colder weather prevails in the lake region and Northwest, with zero temperatures in Manitoba, Assinniboia and Saskatchewan. Temperatures are rising again in Western Montana and Alberta. High and dangerous northwest winds occurred during Sunday and last night in the lake region.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Medicine Hat	—	Abilene	31
Memphis	38	Battleford	—4
Miles City	17	Bismarck	6
Milwaukee	20	Boston	32
Minnedosa	—6	Buffalo	40
Montgomery	44	Calgary	20
Moorhead	2	Cedar City	—
New Orleans	50	Charleston	58
North Platte	18	Chicago	22
New York	30	Davenport	16
Oklahoma	28	Denver	24
Omaha	14	Detroit	28
Pittsburg	40	Dodge City	24
Port Arthur	12	Duluth	14
Portland	42	Edmonton	10
Prince Albert	—16	El Paso	24
Qu'Appelle	—8	Escanaba	26
Rapid City	20	Galveston	50
San Francisco	48	Green Bay	18
Santa Fe	—	Havre	16
Shreveport	38	Helena	24
Spokane	30	Huron	8
St. Louis	32	Jacksonville	60
St. Paul	10	Kamloops	36
Sault Ste. Marie	28	Kansas City	38
Swift Current	14	Knoxville	14
Washington	14	La Crosse	6
Williston	0	Lander	32
Winnemucca	28	Los Angeles	52
Winnipeg	—6	Marquette	28

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries and slightly colder tonight. Tuesday generally fair with warmer in afternoon. Fresh and possibly brisk northwesterly winds, becoming variable Tuesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and probably threatening tonight and Tuesday.

Minnesota—Threatening tonight with snow flurries north portion. Tuesday partly cloudy and warmer in afternoon. Winds becoming variable.

False Logic Clearly Exposed.

It will be a great triumph of public opinion and newspaper opposition if the iniquitous ship subsidy bill is killed. The indications now are that it cannot be passed at the present session of congress, although Senator Hanna continues to express confidence in its success. The Republican majority in the senate is not large, and the refusal of several Republican senators to support the measure seems to foreshadow its defeat if brought to a vote. Mr. Hanna may conclude not to force a vote, as in the event of its defeat now it would be very difficult to revive the measure at the next session of congress. The false logic which is shown in the argument in support of the measure is clearly exposed by the New York Evening Post. It says: "Where an American merchant buys goods for export and engages his own freight room, he gets the full value that he pays for, whether he hires an American ship or a foreign one, consequently, there is no loss either to him or to the country. Chartering an American ship to do the same work at a higher price is a loss of the difference to the American merchant, and hence to the country of which he is a part. The theory of the subsidy shall make good this difference, and that then it will be a net gain to the country instead of a loss, and not merely a gain of this small difference, but a gain of the whole amount of the freight. Of course, we have no patent on this easy way of enriching ourselves. So, if foreign countries should pass a similar bill and pay enough money out of their treasuries to secure all their outward-bound cargoes to their own ships, they would be gainers by the whole amount of the freight. Then we should have a novel and unwonted spectacle of all maritime nations "saving" all the money that costs to carry their foreign commerce. Lifting one's self over a fence by the boot-straps would be a small feat in comparison." Everyone will approve of liberal payment for carrying the mails, but beyond this it is not right for the government to go. It is not fair to tax the people to help a few men get rich more rapidly.

Is the Canteen a Serious Evil?

By a large majority the house of representatives voted to abolish the army canteen, or post exchange, despite the fact that at least 90 per cent of the officers of the army have given their testimony in favor of retaining the canteen. The bill has now been amended by the senate committee on military affairs, so as to continue the canteen, but with permission to sell only beer, all spirituous liquors being prohibited. Hearings were given by the committee to a number of army officers and others on this question, and the nearly unanimous opinion was favorable to the canteen. Secretary of War Root told the committee that the canteen or post exchange is an important factor in army life from a social point of view. He thought it might be difficult to secure recruits with the canteen abolished. Adjt. Gen. Corbin strongly advocated the retention of the system. But perhaps the most valuable opinion was given by Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, and Bishop McGolrick, of Duluth, both of whom declared it would be unwise to abolish the canteen. Inasmuch as both these prelates are known to be strong advocates of temperance and have done much to push that reform, their views are entitled to special weight. The archbishop told the committee that from what he had seen and heard among the soldiers, he was sure the post exchange is a powerful factor in the protection of the soldiers from outside temptations of all kinds and he did not accept the theory that the canteen brings temptation to the troops that otherwise would not come to them. His observation and experience had convinced him that it is useless to try to prohibit absolutely the use of liquor by the soldiers. If it should be done away with altogether in the army the men will find it in ways that are illegal and more harmful. Similar views were expressed by Bishop McGolrick, who, previous to coming to Duluth, had opportunity to note the effect of the canteen at Fort Snelling. The evidence in support of these opinions is overwhelming, despite the fanatical attacks that have been made on the canteen.

A SINBAD AMONG NATIONS.

Is it "manifest destiny," asks the Boston Globe, that Uncle Sam must pose as a Sinbad among the world powers, and carry on his shoulders the weight of an "old man of the sea," a burden which he can never throw off, no matter how many times he may tempt him with strong waters in a calabash leaf?

This appears to be at least one of the "possibilities" that may follow the coming decision of our supreme court majority as to the status of Porto Rico and the Philippines. Indeed, some of the newspapers of "expansive" tendencies acknowledge as much. That our new "possessions" can no more escape from partnership in our national government than South Carolina and Mississippi or the Indian territory or New Mexico could do, is a notable proposition. It must startle a good many eminent jurists, as well as notables less versed in profound legal lore, considering highly significant questions as to the constitutionality of certain methods and policies under our republican form of government.

In closing a recent editorial headed "As To 'Ex Proprio Vigore,'" the Boston Journal, a supporter of the McKinley administration, thus declared itself: "The Journal is very frank to say that we do not want a decision that the constitution is already operative from end to end of the Philippine archipelago. But we do not want this, not because it would embarrass the Republican party, but because it would weld the Philippines to us forever for weal or woe—and the Journal very much prefers that both the United States and the Philippines should remain free agents."

It is not quite obvious exactly how the Philippines can be a "free agent" while strenuous resistance to American rule continues on the part of large numbers of inhabitants thereof. There will be few, however, to dissent from the Journal's opinion that the Philippines, not less than the United States, are entitled to recognition as "free agents." Yet further surprises may come in the way of novel opinions to meet a possible change in the situation as to Porto Rico and the Philippines. Even in these days of a re-elected president with decidedly "imperialistic" views—one who knows well how to construct and enunciate high-sounding sentences as well as how to formulate undisputed things in a solemn way, "doubtful things are mighty onsartin." So William McKinley, president, and Mark Hanna, his chief adviser, like lesser folk, must wait upon the supreme court. It must have a day of decision on that important issue, "Does the constitution follow the flag?" That day is not far distant.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

"Forty years of experience in government is worth a century of book-reading," said Thomas Jefferson.

This remark is applicable to the claims made in behalf of the ship subsidy bill. France has been paying ship subsidies steadily for twenty-five years. She is now paying $7,600,000 a year for them.

Norway pays no subsidies to her ships and never has done so.

Here, then, is Jefferson's test of "experience," and what does it show? Why, that while France, paying out subsidies larger in proportion to her population and wealth than those Mr. Hanna wants the United States to pay, has only increased her total shipping tonnage 200 per cent since 1875, while within the same quarter-century period little Norway has increased hers by almost 400 per cent—twice as fast.

BARBARIC WARFARE.

Gen. Samuel Pearson of the Boer army, who is now in New York, has given out a copy of the notice recently issued by Gen. Roberts concerning the future conduct of the war. It is as follows:

"First, the farm nearest the scene of any attempt to injure the railroad line or wreck a train (that is, break British communication) is to be burnt, and that all farms within a radius of ten miles are to be completely cleared of their stock, supplies, etc." Second, "that all women and children of Boers in arms against British who may be living in towns occupied by the British army will be expelled from those towns and compelled to seek protection where they may."

Very naturally Gen. Botha protested against this order as unprecedented. "Since it is the first instance of this kind known in civilized warfare," he wrote to Gen. Roberts, "nothing else remains for me to do but to protest against your proposed intentions, it being against the principles of civilized warfare and extremely cruel to women and children."

But the order stands and is being enforced, and already stories come of the revolting treatment of Boer women by British soldiers who have been enforcing the order. When a war of conquest is undertaken against a people whose spirit is unconquerable it is pretty sure to degenerate into barbarity. It is not surprising that the stories of these acts of barbarism have stirred the hearts of the Dutch residents in Cape Colony and caused talk of an uprising that might drive the British out of South Africa.

An interesting addition to current political and economic literature is promised in the near future. Col. George C. Tichenor, of the United States board of general appraisers is to publish soon his personal experiences in the investigation and administration of customs questions here and abroad. It will include a resume of his participation in and the formulating of suggestions relating to tariff and customs laws, for the use of congress during Mr. Cleveland's two administrations and those of Harrison and McKinley. Col. Tichenor, was in constant touch, through personal conference and by formal submission of suggestions and recommendations, with the senate finance and the house ways and means committees during the preparation of the tariff and administration laws of 1890 and 1897. No other man, in fact, was more closely identified in a practical way with these measures than was Col. Tichenor. As a contribution to the tariff history of the last two decades of the century it is safe to predict that his book will be of especial value.

The New Zealand delegate to the civic federation in session at Chicago last week said the peoples of this country are not civilized. And he included the English people also. Macaulay, it will be remembered, indulged in a prophetic picture of a New Zealander sitting on London bridge overlooking the ruins of our present civilization. When Macaulay wrote New Zealand was lowest in the scale. Now it is about the highest in many respects.

A middle-aged man, somewhat under the influence of liquor, amused himself in Brooklyn the other night by throwing away $5 gold pieces and watching the crowd scramble for them. He was taken to the station by a policeman. Yet it's 10 to 1 the money which he tossed away did more good than if he had saved it, only to squander it for strong drink later on.

Mark Hanna is sending to the newspapers copies of his speech on the ship subsidy bill. He cites the remarkable development of the lake marine as an example of what might be done by our ocean-going vessels with proper encouragement. But Mr. Hanna should remember that the lake ship owners have not been subsidized.

In view of the approaching session of the legislature, would it not be a good idea for some member of the St. Louis county delegation to prepare a bill applying the Torrens system of land transfer to this state? The Illinois law on this subject has been pronounced constitutional. Why not copy it?

The opening night of the opera season in New York was a great event. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., wore a satin gown of palest blue and a coronet of diamonds, and Miss Florence Twombly wore a white silk frock, with a knot of black on the left shoulder and a gauze butterfly in her hair.

A New York man claims to be unable to secure a red-haired stenographer after two months of advertising, during which time many girls with reputed red hair sought the position. Before going any further he should consult an oculist and find out if he is color blind.

President Catt, of the National Woman's Suffrage association predicts that the United States will have a woman for president before the end of the twentieth century. She may be right, and yet we do not believe she will live long enough to see it.

During the last ten months our export trade to the Philippines has reached the enormous total of $1,183,436. To secure this great volume of trade we have spent $225,000,000 and sacrificed 3000 American lives. Commercialism comes high.

Marion, Ohio, boasts of a lodge in a brotherhood of Rejected Lovers, organized in the spring of 1889. The qualifications necessary to membership are that the candidate should be of marriageable age and have been twice rejected.

The graduates of women's colleges in New York city propose to found a university club on the masculine plan, and when the graduates of women's colleges propose a thing in earnest they generally carry it through.

Mark Twain states that he found some sixty-four different religious sects in South Australia. Being fairly well supplied ourselves, we shall not have to import any of these Australian systems.

The Booz inquiry has shown that brutal hazing is practiced at West Point. It may not have been responsible for the death of Booz, but it should not be permitted to continue.

A hen-pecked Iowa husband whose wife insisted on his help with the weekly washing got even with her by going out and hanging himself. But she had the last word.

Governor Pingree, of Michigan, has celebrated the Christmas season by a wholesale pardoning of convicts. This will make some people happy.

Perhaps, after all, Mr. Cleveland considers himself "the rank and file," when he insists that it shall be heard.

Messrs. Hay and Pauncefote will have considerable trouble to identify their treaty.

A Christmas Carol.

There's a song in the air!
There's a star in the sky!
There's a mother's deep prayer
And a baby's low cry!
And the star rains its fire while the Beautiful sing,
For the manger of Bethlehem cradles a king.

There's a tumult of joy
O'er the wonderful birth,
For the virgin's sweet boy
Is the Lord of the earth.
Ay! the star rains its fire and the Beautiful sing
For the manger of Bethlehem cradles a king.

In the light of that star
Lie the ages impearled;
And that song from afar
Has swept over the world.
Every hearth is aflame, and the Beautiful sing
In the homes of the nations that Jesus is King.

We rejoice in the light,
And we echo the song
That comes down through the night
From the heavenly throng.
Ay! we shout to the lovely evangel they bring,
And we greet in his cradle our Savior and King.

—JOSIAH GILBERT HOLLAND.

Another Candidate.

Hinckley Enterprise: W. M. Cain, of Carlton, is a candidate for surveyor general of the Duluth district. He is perfectly competent for the position and we know of no one we would rather see get the appointment.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York World: Love means a different thing to every man and the same thing to all women.

The average woman will argue that it isn't "superstitious" only to believe in signs.

Half the clothes a woman has on are about as much use to her as a joke to a man when he has got the toothache.

As soon as a woman thinks she has caught her husband doing something he hadn't ought to do, she begins to imagine he looks guilty.

Only a person who is under two or over forty years old really knowns what love is. The first one won't tell you and the second one will lie about it.

LAUGHING GAS.

Indianapolis Journal: "Alam cl no good."

"Why do you say so?"

"I was carrying one under m when that thief stole my pocketb

Pittsburg Chronicle: "One woul pect to find egotism among stamps," remarked the snake edit horse editor.

"No."

"And yet when I put a few stamps in my pocket I soon find them stuck on themselves."

Detroit Journal: Here the Despairing Soul blew out the gas.

"Death, also, it would seem, is the more effectively courted in the dark!" she muttered, with ghastly wit.

Indianapolis Press: "Why should not Women aspire?" asked the Sweet Young Thing.

"She should," said the Savage Bachelor, "if she could only get the fool notion out of her head that aspiring was mainly composed of throwing fits."

Detroit Free Press: Thomson—Say, old man, why don't you join our club?

Johnson—I've only been married six months. Come around a year or so from now.

Indianapolis Press: "This, you see," said the architect, "will insure free ventilation."

"I vont have it," said the gentleman that was about to build a theater. "I vill haf nothing free!"

Somerville Journal: The average man is a good deal prouder of his ancestors than his ancestors would probably be of him.

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Peppers—Oh, John! you must raise side whiskers.

Mr. Peppers—What? You've often told me you hated such things.

Mrs. Peppers—I want you to raise nice long ones like Mr. Markley's. He called today and baby enjoyed pulling his whiskers so much. It was too cute for anything.

Boston Transcript: Giles—When you look over a family photograph album do you ever speculate about the thoughts of the originals of the pictures?

Wilton—Yes, I think most of them, if they could see their pictures today, would devoutly wish they hadn't.

Indianapolis Press: "Er—who was that fellow you introduced me to last night?"

"That, sir, was the noted champion of the downtrodden."

"Huh! He didn't look like a reformer."

"He isn't. He is in the business of getting paving contracts."

Smart Set: "I wanted to go out shopping today," sighed young Mrs. Maddox, "but I couldn't on account of the rain."

"Wanted to try to get something for nothing, as usual, I suppose," said her husband, attempting to be facetious.

"Well, I did think of getting you some neckwear," replied Mrs. Maddox, innocently.

THAT PARK SCHEME.

Barnum Gazette: If there is one thing more than another that the local papers and the people in general should take up and discuss thoroughly, it is the scheme that the Twin Cities are trying to get through congress to set aside 7,000,000 acres of land in this section of the state for a national park. It is evident that there is some scheme afloat that is intended to benefit a few and thwart the benefits of many. What is the necessity for this park? To what class of people would the benefits be given? We can not see anything beneficial to this section, but we fancy we can see a great injustice to the people of all classes if the measure were adopted. Where is the 7,000,000 acres of land that can be set apart for a park that would not embrace the most profitable agricultural land and the richest mineral deposits of the state? If the Twin City papers and their co-workers in congress think this section of the state a barren waste of land, they are sadly mistaken, and show their ignorance of the facts. It is true that fires through the forests have made the surface look uninviting, and perhaps this is the cause of so much sympathy (?) on the part of the park boomers, but the facts are, nevertheless, no part of Minnesota excells or equals this section for the growing of grasses, roots and vegetables, and is a lie when anyone sets up the plea that the land sought is of no value. We are pleased to know that Hon. Page Morris is opposed to the scheme and we believe he has the moral courage to fight for the rights this section is entitled to.

Hibbing News: Hon. Page Morris opposes the Cooper land grab, which is disguised under the title of 'national park.' The proposed territory in the Sixth congressional district, so ably represented by Mr. Morris, and without his endorsement the park scheme is almost certain of failure. Aside from the wish of a few silk-stocking would-be sportsmen of Chicago and the Twin Cities, there is no call for a national park in this state. The whole people of the northern part of the state are very much opposed to the measure and in Page Morris believe they have a champion who will protect their interests. After the land in the proposed park has come to general use and is contributing to the wealth of the state as it surely will be in the course of a few years if kept clear of the monomanias of the Cooper stripe, then there will be time enough for forestry reserve advocates and the Women's federation to give their ideas of sentiment an airing. The land is too valuable to be wasted in experiment with sentiment eminating from a class of people who do not know what they want and are trying to induce the state to supply it. Judge Morris is subserving the best interests of his constituents in the Sixth district to the full limit in opposing the scheme. The park boomers are well organized and will put up a heroic fight for their pet dream, but Mr. Morris, with the whole district back of him will fight them and defeat the measure, as it deserves.

How to Economize.

Omaha World-Herald: Dear Congress: Please spend $270,000,000 for ship subsidies. Please appropriate $300,000,000 for the army. Please appropriate $150,000,000 for the navy. Please prepare to spend $200,000,000 on a canal. Please be economical. Yours lovingly, William McKinley.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

A BUSY RAILROAD.

Ex-Senator Sabin's Road Has a Large Hauling Contract.

About 250,000,000 feet of logs are said to be under contract for hauling over the Bayfield & Western railway to Duluth, Superior and Ashland. The road is operated by ex-Senator Sabin and in connection with the Northern Pacific road. The daily haul to the points mentioned is about 500,000 feet. The logs for the Edward Hines company are being delivered at the Scofield mill in West Superior, the logs for W. H. Gilbert are delivered in Duluth, while the O'Brien Lumber company's logs go to Ashland.

Ex-Senator Sabin states that, in his opinion, the ore rate case brought by the railway and warehouse commission is uncalled for and that it is unwise interference with one of the state's greatest sources of wealth and industry. Mr. Sabin does not see any advantage except to non-resident iron manufa while many disadvantages to and the range country may ar believes the proposition will put millions of dollars in the pocket iron manufacturers and take ou country as many millions that expended in improvements tha furnish additional field for labor

CHRISTMAS ENTERTAINMENT.

ercises By Children of Lakeside Presbyterian Sunday School.

anta Claus started out on his mis n of peace on earth and good will to n last evening, and stopped long ugh at the Lakeside Presbyterian rch so that the scholars knew he had been there. The church was very prettily decorated. In both corners was a large Christmas tree. Above the pulpit was a large frame on which were the words "Peace on earth, good will to men," around the top, and on each side "A Merry Christmas" and "A Happy New Year," framed in evergreens, and holly and evergreens were plentifully distributed throughout the church. In the alcove "Old Glory" was spread from window to window. Notwithstanding the stormy evening the church was well filled. The parents accompanied the scholars and occupied seats at the back part of the auditorium.

The exercises began by the singing of a hymn and the reading of the scriptures from St. Luke, telling of the birth of Christ. "Hark, the Herald Angels Sing," was sung by the scholars. "The Story of Christ" was told by Mrs. McDowell's and Mrs. Ferguson's classes. "Carol, Sweetly Carol," was also sung by the scholars, and the story, "The Savior King," was told by little Florence Whipple; "The First Christmas Anthem" was sung by Miss Hicken's class, while "Christmas Truth, the Joy of Giving," was told by Mrs. Crassweller's class, and a sweet little song, "Holy Night," was sung by six girls. A delightful reading, "Nellie's Gift," was given by Marie McDowell, and a duet by Fannie Stephenson and Vida Bradley. This concluded the exercises.

Rev. Mr. Ferguson, the pastor, made a few remarks, wishing the scholars and teachers "A Merry Christmas and a Glad New Year." He referred to the little girl in "Nellie's Gift" who gave her two mitts, her most precious belongings, to spread the gospel to the heathen, and told a story of a little boy who, when the collection plate was passed round, told them to place it on the floor, and stepped upon it, offering himself to the service of God. He afterwards became a famous missionary.

Mr. Manley, superintendent of the Sunday school, said he was going to reverse the usual custom, and instead of giving the children something, they were going to give the scholars an opportunity to donate to the poor people of the district.

The inevitable bag of candy, which gladdens the heart of the children, was missing, but in its place the children were presented with engraved pictures illustrative of "The Life of Christ," and before retiring oranges were distributed among the scholars. Much of the success of the entertainment is due to Miss Hicken.

FRUSTRATED.

Robber Attempts to Hold Up Miss Esther Hulquist Saturday Evening.

Shortly after 6 o'clock on Saturday evening Miss Esther Hulquist was held up by a robber on Tenth avenue east near Fourth street. She got off a car at Tenth avenue and was walking toward the home of a friend living on Fifth street. About the center of the block a man jumped out and caught her, throwing her to the sidewalk violently.

Miss Hulquist screamed for help, and a drug clerk named John McCarthy, standing near by on Fourth street, ran to her assistance. The hold-up man seeing him, took to his heels. McCarthy endeavored to head the man off at Ninth avenue, but the only person in sight was a young man named J. Hagen, with whom Mr. McCarthy was acquainted.

He did not think that this man had anything to do with the hold-up and let him go, but later Hagen was arrested by Capt. Resche and detective Troyer. Yesterday afternoon Miss Hulquist was asked to visit the police station to identify the man if possible. She did so in a general way, and the police are of the opinion that they have the right man.

Miss Hulquist was suffering from the shock she received, and even for a hold-up she was handled unnecessarily rough. The thief failed to get anything, apparently overlooking her watch in the brief moment before he was frightened away, and the pocketbook containing some small change fell to the side of the walk unnoticed.

CASE IS IMPORTANT.

Much Involved in Great Northern-Western Union Suit.

St. Paul, Dec. 24.—The suit, involving several millions of dollars, over the telegraph lines along the route of the Great Northern railway, from St. Paul to the Pacific coast, which was decided late Saturday afternoon by Judge Lochren, in the United States district court, in favor of the defendant, the Western Union Telegraph company, is important, not alone in the amount of money involved, for it was the general understanding that, should the railway company have won, all the great railway systems of the country would, at the expiration of their contracts with the Western Union Telegraph company, have claimed the ownership of the telegraph lines along their right-of-way, and either have operated them independently, or have formed a consolidation which would have been a strong competitor in the telegraphic field.

The suit was brought by the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company (now the Great Northern) against the Western Union Telegraph company and the Northwestern Telegraph company, whose lines are now controlled by the Western Union company. In 1879 the Northwestern company built a telegraph line along the right-of-way of the plaintiff road, and, in 1882, 1537 miles of line had been constructed. The same year the Northwestern company sold out to the Western Union, the consideration being $1,800,000, together with a yearly rental of $150,000 for a term of years. Contracts had been entered into between the railway company and the telegraph company in 1879 and again in 1882, by which, among other things, the telegraph company was to supply wires, poles, etc., and the railroad company to furnish transportation and labor for the construction of the lines, and the railway company was to furnish the operators. The case turned upon the construction of these contracts.

The plaintiff insisted that the defendant company had no ownership in the telegraph lines, except an interest as a joint owner, and asked that the defendant be obliged to accept the value thereof and relinquish the lines to the Great Northern company.

On the other hand, the telegraph claimed to have a clear and unmistakable title to the property in question, through the contracts it had acquired by reason of its absorption of the Northwestern company.

RECORD BROKEN

Freight Through Sault This Year Exceeds Twenty-Five Million Tons.

The statistical report of lake commerce through the canals at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Ont., for the year 1900 has been compiled. As predicted, it shows the largest season's traffic on record, although the increase over last year was but 387,263 tons. Still this is a most satisfactory percentage of increase, when the immensity of the commerce is considered. The total freight tonnage is 25,643,073. Of this freight, 20,532,493 tons was east bound and 5,110,580 tons was carried west. The traffic through the American canal amounted to 23,607,354 tons, as against 2,035,719 through the Canadian canal. Of the registered tonnage 20,136,782 tons went through the American canal and 2,179,052 through the Canadian waterway.

In addition to the traffic 15,500 cords of pulp wood and 8,500,000 feet of pine logs passed over the rapids, bound for lower lake ports.

The United States canal was opened April 19 and closed Dec. 12, 1900; season 238 days.

The Canadian canal was opened April 23 and closed Dec. 16, 1900; season, 238 days.

Last year the American canal had a season of 231 days and the Canadian canal was open 239 days.

A comparative statement of the commerce for the years 1899 and 1900 is herewith appended:

ITEMS.		SEASONS 1899.	SEASONS 1900.	Increase Per cent.	Decrease Per cent.
Steamers	Number	14,378	14,216	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sails	Number	4,770	4,004	[illegible]	[illegible]
Unregistered	Number	1,101	1,012	[illegible]	[illegible]
Passages	Number	20,255	19,452	[illegible]	[illegible]
Registered tonnage	Net tons	21,958,347	22,315,834	2	
Freight tonnage	Net tons	25,255,810	25,643,073	2	
Passengers	Number	49,082	58,555	19	
Coal, hard	Net tons	849,281	515,515		39
Coal, soft	Net tons	3,600,606	3,974,462	[illegible]	
Flour	Barrels	7,114,147	6,700,681		[illegible]
Wheat	Bushels	58,397,335	47,420,362		[illegible]
Grain, other than wheat	Bushels	30,000,935	16,174,670		46
Manufactured and pig iron	Net tons	211,586	182,583		[illegible]
Salt	Barrels	316,336	328,806	4	
Copper	Net tons	129,080	131,066	[illegible]	
Iron ore	Net tons	15,328,240	16,443,568	[illegible]	
Lumber	M. Ft. B. M.	1,038,657	909,651		[illegible]
Silver ore	Net tons	487	110		[illegible]
Building stone	Net tons	29,083	48,002	[illegible]	
General merchandise	Net tons	587,181	541,396		[illegible]

The total freight tonnage for the month of December is 372,535 tons. The vessel passages number 305 and the registered tonnage amounts to 253,881.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Remedy.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Christmas Matinee AND NIGHT—TUESDAY, **Dec. 25**
Charles Frohman presents the Enormous Dramatic Triumph,
DAVID BELASCO'S VERSION OF
"Zaza"
As presented over 200 nights in New York.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.
MATINEE—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

ONE NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 26.
Wm. A. Brady's magnificent production of the marvelous melodrama of mysticism
—THE—
SORROWS OF SATAN
Under the personal direction of Wm. A. Brady.
Adapted and dramatized from the famous novel of Marie Correlli.
Prices—Dress circle $1.00, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balony 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager, 19 Second Ave. West.
TONIGHT!
Oole's Big Variety Company
—All Star Acts—
TONIGHT. TONIGHT.

MAY YOUR TROUBLES END IN SMOKE

They certainly will if your friends will make you Christmas presents of

GOOD CIGARS FROM OUR STORE

We have all the best brands, put up in special Holiday packages of 50, 25 and 12 Cigars in the box, which we sell from 50c each up. Along with this we have a store full of other articles suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR THE LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Don't fail to select something from our

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOOD BOOKS.

Or send your friends a

YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO SOME POPULAR MAGAZINE.

Our line of Christmas Pipes is the largest and finest in the city and our prices are THE LOWEST.

This Is No Pipe Dream.
COME AND SEE.

LUNDBERG & STONE
Telephone 373—223 W. Sup. St., Duluth.
Telephone 442—Cor. Tower & Broadway West Superior.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.
Regular Graduate Diploma in Office.
Leading Specialist for the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Variocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges. Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any diseases of the Gtno-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rosella M. Kemp, Plaintiff,
vs.
Gust Bergquist, Mary Bergquist, Kellogg, Johnson & Company, a corporation organized under the laws of Minnesota; A. F. Lundholm, Esther E. Lundholm, Stark Starkson, Caroline Annie Starkson, Charles Carlson and Annie Carlson, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree made, entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in the above entitled action, on the 3rd day of December, 1900, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, the sixteenth (16th) day of January, A. D. 1901, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and hereinafter described, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment and decree, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The northerly thirty (30) feet of the southerly seventy-five (75) feet of lot numbered two hundred ninety-two (292), in block numbered seventy-one (71), Duluth proper, Second division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, being that part of said lot numbered two hundred ninety-two (292), in block numbered seventy-one (71), that lies between a line drawn across said lot, parallel with the southerly line of said lot, and everywhere distant forty-five (45) feet therefrom, and a line drawn across said lot, parallel with the southerly line of said lot, and everywhere distant seventy-five (75) feet therefrom.

Dated December 3rd, 1900.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth Evening Herald—Dec. 3-10-17-24-31 1900-Jan-7-1901.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Child
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chat H. Fletcher

W. A. SCOTT, Pres., Duluth, Minn.
R. L. McCORMICK, Vice Pres., Hayward, Wis.
A. D. GOODMAN, Sec. & Treas., Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. 196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.

The Reason It's So Popular...

1st—It's made with the most improved flour-making machinery known at the present time.
2nd—It's made by a miller of over 25 years' experience and who is part owner of the mill.
3rd—It's guaranteed; you can get your money back—if not satisfactory.

All Grocers sell it. The only Flour made in Duluth at present.

Duluth Universal Mill Co.
Offices Board of Trade. Both 'Phones.
NOT IN THE TRUST'

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Duluth Business University a College of Shorthand and Typewriting

New Year Opening, Wednesday, January 2.

The Duluth Business University,

which has been in existence for more than ten years, was established in this city for the purpose of affording every young man and woman an opportunity to secure a business education at a moderate cost. The mission of the college is to offer such a course of practical instruction as will develop to the fullest degree the business capacities of its students and enable them in the shortest time and with the least possible outlay to push out into the fields of business activity. The fact that over 500 graduates of this institution are today holding responsible, remunerative positions throughout the United States and Canada is eloquent testimony that the college is fulfilling its mission and that it is a large factor for good in the lives of young men and women in this city and vicinity. We shall begin the new year and the new century with a xed determination to do everything possible for the uplifting and upbuilding of our students, and hope to merit the application of the old proverb, "Nothing succeeds like success."

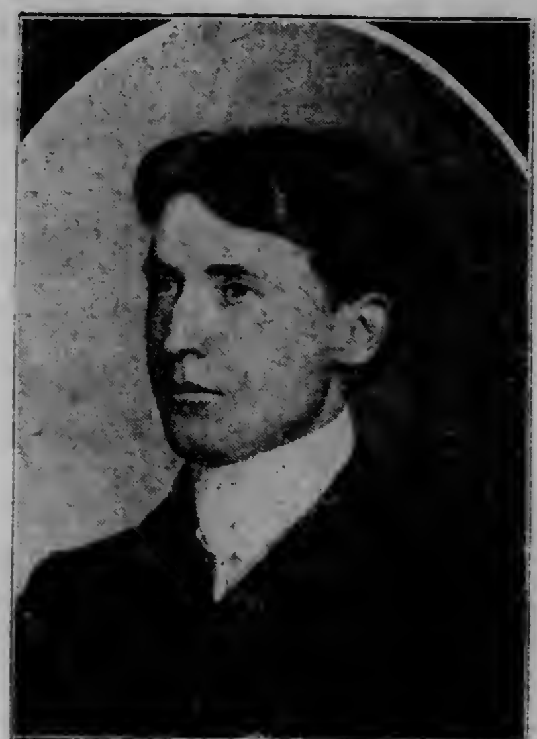
The United States in 1901

will be a busy country. Ambitious young men and women will be in strong demand if they have the right preparation. There is a new era of prosperity at hand. Don't hang back because you think there will not be a situation for you. There is no risk whatever. If you have a practical business training, a strong desire to succeed, are good, and have plenty of "backbone," your services are sure to be in demand, since energetic young men and women are wanted everywhere.

Some of the Members of Our Staff......

W. C. McCarter.

Chas. G. Robson.



W. J. Gray.

G. A. Gall.

F. E. Chaffee.

G. A. Stone.

Courses of Instruction.

Commercial Course.

Bookkeeping, single and double entry; commercial arithmetic, commercial law, grammar and composition, business penmanship, actual business, practical business correspondence, rapid calculations and spelling.

Shorthand and Typewriting Course.

Stenography, typewriting, penmanship, grammar and composition, spelling, business correspondence, business forms, mimeographing and letter press copying.

English Course.

Arithmetic, grammar, reading, writing, spelling, composition and business letter writing.

Penmanship Course.

Plain, rapid business writing and box marking.

Voice Culture and Sight Reading of Music.

A course consisting of twenty lessons (Italian method) by an experienced and thoroughly competent teacher.

These courses are distinct and separate. The student may take either the business or shorthand course, or combine the two. The English course may be taken as a preparatory course to either of the others, or the student may select any special branch or branches he wishes from one or more of the courses. Students taking one or more of the first three named courses will be entitled to the course in voice culture and sight reading of music free of charge.

Banner Year.

During the year about to close the college has enrolled 324 students, which is a larger enrollment than any previous year. Among those enrolled were students from seven states, including Minnesota, as well as a few from Ontario and Manitoba. These facts clearly prove that this institution has acquired more than a local reputation. The thorough work done in all departments of the school and the fair dealings with its many patrons which have characterized it in the past, shall continue in the future, by which it hopes to retain public confidence.

Catalogue Sent Free to Any Address.

The College Office Will Be Open

from 9 to 12 each morning, from 1 to 5 each afternoon, and from 7 to 8 each evening during this week, when we request all intending to enroll for this opening to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior Street.

Visitors Are Always Welcome.

PALMER IS ACQUITTED

Jury Finds Him Not Guilty of the Clara Schletz Charge.

JURORS ALL EXCUSED

New Jury Necessary For Further Trials---County Attorney's Course.

It took the jury in the Palmer case one hour and fifty minutes Saturday night to agree to render a verdict of not guilty, and that verdict was returned as soon as the defendant and the court and the defendant's attorney, Mr. Baldwin, could be notified, which was something more than half an hour later. he jury went out at 5:30 o'clock, and at 7:20 o'clock Foreman Heimick rapped on the door and announced to the bailiff that the jury had agreed. While the necessary court officers and the defendant were being summoned, Foreman Heimick asked for a pen, and having secured one the verdict was signed.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the defendant arrived. Mr. Baldwin and the court were already there, and the jury was brought in. Last came Foreman Heimick, bearing in his hand the yellow slip of paper containing the verdict. Deputy Clerk Henry Liedel made his first appearance as court room clerk, asking the jury if it had agreed on a verdict. It had, and he secured it from Foreman Heimick. Being passed to the court first, it was read, and proved to be a verdict of not guilty.

The defendant did not betray any evidence that this was a surprise to him, or that it affected him very much. The jury was excused for the term, as the only possible work left is Palmer cases, and the members of the jury, by sitting on one of them, has made itself incompetent to sit on another.

It was stated that the only question considered by the jury during its deliberations was that of age. The defense had made a considerable fight on that question, attempting to show that instead of being less than 16 years of age when the offense is alleged to have occurred, the girl was over 16 years of age. J. L. Washburn, who argued the case to the jury, used C. O. Baldwin's justly celebrated chalk talk method, illustrating his claims on the girl's age by adding up rows of figures on a blackboard that showed she must be 17 years of age. He made a ringing and logical and eloquent address to the jury, and Mr. Phelps, who argued the case for the state, made a strong plea for conviction.

This morning Mr. Phelps had not decided whether or not he would take up another case against Palmer this term or not, but stated in response to a question that he would decide during the day. There is yet time to try another case before Mr. Phelps retires from the office of county attorney, which he will do on Jan. 5.

"Think of Ease But Work On."

If your blood is impure you cannot even "think of ease." The blood is the greatest sustainer of the body and when you make it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you have the perfect health in which even hard work becomes easy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

MISSED THE TRAIN.

The Husband Gets a Look That Speaks Volumes.

A little by-play that well illustrated human nature, occurred at one of the city ticket offices Saturday afternoon. About 1:30 o'clock, the door opened and a gentleman and his wife hurried in. The man glanced at the clock, heaved a sigh of relief and remarked to the ticket agent:

"What time does the train leave for Minneapolis?"

"Train's gone. It leaves at 1:25," replied the agent.

The man looked somewhat crest-fallen as he turned to face his wife, saying not a word. She looked at him a moment and a sarcastic smile stole over her features as she remarked in sweetest tones to her spouse:

"Oh, and you told me that you had found out all about the time the trains left'"

The husband protested that he had inquired and had been misinformed that the train left at 1:55 o'clock. After that one remark in which the wife meant volumes in look and tone, the incident was closed and they discussed other ways and means of reaching the desired destination.

Beware of counterfeits. The original De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is a certain cure for piles, eczema, cuts, scalds, burns, sores and skin diseases.—Max Wirth.

Oberlin College Glee Club
Pilgrim Congregational Church.
CHRISTMAS NIGHT.
Solos, Quartettes, Choruses, Mandolins and Jolly College Songs,
Tickets 50c, at A. B. Stewert & Co.

Coloring the Mail Boxes.

All of the mail boxes in Duluth are being given a coat of aluminum coloring and the bright silvery coloring is a great improvement over the dingy red and green. The government is adopting the aluminum color and the change seems to be a wise one if the comments of the people are any indication. It is both neat and tasty and makes the boxes conspicuous at considerable distances.

Normal School Reunion.

A very pleasant incident in connection with the forthcoming meeting of the Minnesota Educational association at St. Paul, during Christmas week, will be the St. Cloud normal school reunion, which will be held in the parlors of the Windsor hotel at 5 p. m., Thursday, Dec. 27. All who are or have ever been connected with the institution as teachers or students are cordially invited to be present. Every member of the present faculty and a large number of graduates have enrolled as members of the association, and the reunion will afford an excellent opportunity for social enjoyment.

A SNOWY HOLIDAY

That Is the Present Which the Elements Give to Duluth.

AN IDEAL CHRISTMAS

Weather Indications Are For That---Tree Exercises and Church Services.

Sweeping along on a cutting northwest wind that at times attained a velocity of 48 miles an hour, the first real storm of the year reached Duluth yesterday, and notwithstanding its severity is regarded generally as a Christmas present.

The snow on the level was not deep—only 2 8-10 inches, but the flakes in the air swirled and eddied from one point of the compass to another; those upon the ground drifting into kopjes, or swept across streets and back again clogging the impatient feet of church-going men and women, but it was just the Christmas weather that every person was longing for.

From the tower of the federal building all the government's meteorological instruments were working over time. The scene was wild and inspiring. The wind whistled, and crooned and piped, and moaned as it whirled the anamometer around reeling off records of from 40 to 48 miles all day.

The attendance at the churches yesterday was unusually small on account of the storm and the Armory concert had to be abandoned. The street car company experienced little difficulty on account of the drifts owing to the comparatively light snowfall, but had the snowfall been heavier it would have undoubtedly tied things up generally.

For tomorrow the weather forecast is for a little more snow and some crisp atmosphere—just the proper thing for this season of the year. There will be plenty of sleighing tomorrow and skating will be good in the two rinks that are available this year.

For the first time since last winter a resident of Duluth can take a stranger down Superior street without burdening him with apologies. The street on Saturday compared unfavorably with the Crane lake portage, celebrated for its mud. It was certainly a disgrace to a city that boasted of a population of 52,969. But the weather man's immaculate Christmas present has changed all this and today the mud is covered.

The change in the weather is also regarded as a Christmas present by the health authorities. The weather during the past month with its dry fine dust blowing in the mouths, nostrils and eyes of pedestrians, and then the change to the muddy, murky weather of the past week, has been responsible for much illness. The snow and the brisk, invigorating Christmas weather bring health, as well as peace and good will to men.

In the woods the snow and cold weather is more than a Christmas present. Last week lumbermen didn't seem to get into the Christmas spirit to any great extent, owing to the soft weather conditions that threatened to tie up the logging industry. Yesterday's snowfall is reported to have been much heavier out in the country than right in the city and will help the lumbermen out wonderfully.

Most of the churches will hold their Christmas exercises for the Sunday schools this evening, though some will hold them tomorrow evening, particularly the Swedish and Norwegian churches.

The First Presbyterian church will have a very elaborate Christmas program and the decorations will be unusually handsome. They will be photographed so that their great beauty may be preserved.

St. Paul's church will have Christmas exercises also this evening. Dr. Ryan will give a short address and the following program will be given:

Carol—"While Shepherds Watched".... .... Knorr
Carol—"Children's Te Deum"........ Knorr
Solo, Miss Rena Smith.
Carol—"Sounding Sweetly" .... Danks
Solo and chorus—"Nazareth" ......Gounod
W. Bradbury and Sunday School.
Carol—"O Bethlehem" .... Knorr

St. Joseph's orphan asylum will have a Christmas tree and exercises for 59 orphans who are given a home there at the present time. The patients at St. Mary's hospital will also be given a Christmas tree celebration.

The First Christian church will also have Christmas exercises and a pleasing program this evening.

The Elks always have a Christmas tree and distribution of Christmas gifts for the benefit of the poor children of the city who are not likely to receive any Christmas remembrance in any other way. The Elks also make a general distribution of gifts of a substantial nature on Christmas among the poor of the city.

In many of the churches tomorrow there will be services and in the Roman Catholic churches there will be elaborate services, with fine musical programs, the day being one of the greatest feasts of the year in that religion. In Saturday's Herald most of the musical programs and notices of services were given. That to be given at St. Anthony de Padua German Catholic church was not among them, and is as follows:

First high mass will be at 6 a. m., at which St. Joseph's Benevolent society will receive holy communion. There will be a mass at 8:30 a. m. and holy communion. Solemn high mass at 10 a. m., at which the sermon will be "Christ Our Wisest Teacher and Our Most Perfect Example of Virtue," preached by Rev. F. S. Kosmerl, pastor. The following musical programs will be rendered by the full choir, under the direction of Edw. P. Kreimer, assisted by Miss K. Fiebiger, organist:

At the 6 a. m. mass the male choir will sing selections from the best male masses published.

Adeste Fidelis ....Peters
"Kyrie" (Missa Pro Pace"......La Hache
John, Edw. and Joseph Kreimer.
"Credo" (Mass in B flat).........Concone
"Gloria" ("St. Theresa Mass")..La Hache
"Et In Carnatus Est))......Robert Hamp
"Sanctus" ("Sacred Heart Mass")....
..........................Weigand
"Benedictus" ("Missa Sollenell")......
..........................Barthilmens
Robert Hamp, Joseph Tobin, Ed Kreimer.
"Agnus Dei" ("St. Theresa" mass).....
..........................La Hache
George Beck, L. Morin, J. Tobin, John Haben and chorus.

At 10:30 a. m. the whole choir will sing Morrison's celebrated mass in B flat. Following is the program:

"Adeste Fideles" ....Weigand
Miss Clare and E. Kreimer with chorus
"Kyrie" ....Morrison
Solos by Robert Hamm and Joseph Tobin.
"Gloria" ....
Soprano obligato and chorus.
"Gratias" ....
George Beck.
"Domine Deus" ....
Miss Florence Jacques.
"Qui Tollis" ....
Solos by John Haben, Miss Lena Labrowski and L. Morin.
"Qui Sedes" ....
John Haben.
"Miserere" ....
Miss Florence Jacques.
"Cum Sancto" ....
Unison chorus and finale.
"Credo" ....Morrison
"Et In Unum" ....
Trio by L. Morin, John Haben and Joseph Kreimer.
"Deum de Deo" ....
Miss F. Jacques.
"Qui Propter" ....
John Haben and quartet.
"Et Incarnatus Est" ....
Mrs. E. P. Kreimer.
"Crucifixus" ....
L. Morin.
"Qui Cum Patre" ....
Miss S. Sabrowski.
"Et Vitam Venturi" ....
Grand chorus.
Offertory, trio from "Attila" ......Verdi
Mrs. E. Kreimer, John Haben and George Beck.
"Sanctus" ....Morrison
"Benedictus" ....
Chorus with solos by Misses Belle and Florence Jacques.
"Agnus Dei" ....
Chorus and solos by Miss Clare Kreimer and Joseph Tobin.
"Dona Nobis" ....
Chorus and finale. Tenor solo by Robert Hamp.

At 7:30 there will be solemn vespers with sermon and benediction. Mittenleiter's vespers will be sung.

"Domine" ....
Choir unison.
"Dixit" ....
Joseph Tobin and chorus.
"Beatus Vir" ....
John Haben and chorus.
"Laudate Pueri" ....
Miss Jacques and chorus.
"Adeste Fideles" ....Weigand
"Magnificat" ....
George Beck and chorus.
"Alma Redemptoris" ....V. Hammerel
Edw. P. Kreimer.
"Veni Creator" ....La Hache
George Beck, John Haben and R. Hamp.
"O Salutaris" ....Weigand
Mr. and Mrs. E. Kreimer and Joseph Kreimer.
"Tantum Ergo" ....Goeb
Solos and duo by Miss Clare Kreimer, John Haben and Joseph Tobin.
"Laudate Dominum" ....
Finale.

The list of the members of the choir is as follows: Sopranos, Mrs. E. Kreimer, Misses Florence Jacques, Clare Kreimer, Magdalen Eischen, Lizzie Schuie, Eva Thennis, Kate Peffer, Mary Tesky, Tina Grumpman, Rose Roth, Lilly Beck and E. Powers.

Altos, Miss Belle Jacques, Miss Magdalen Sabrowski, Master Joseph Kreimer.

Tenors, John Haben, Robert Hamp, Mr. Oswald, E. Kreimer, Louis Frerker.

Bassos, George Beck, L. Morin, Joseph Tobin, Edw. Tobin, John Machowski, Robert Peffer, August and Paul Sabrowski, Mr. Ryan.

All of the public offices will be closed tomorrow and most of the stores. The public library will be closed this evening and all day tomorrow.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ZAZA" ON CHRISTMAS.

Charles Frohman will offer Duluth theater-goers David Belasco's highly successful play "Zaza" at the Lyceum Christmas matinee and evening. Undoubtedly this play holds the record for phenomenal business. The engagement in New York extended for over a period of 250 nights, and played to houses at every performance that packed the theater to the doors. It was only taken off to give the company a much-needed rest. Since the play has been on the road the business it did in New York has been repeated wherever it has been seen, and in many instances it was necessary to give extra matinees.

"THE SORROWS OF SATAN."

Next Wednesday evening Marie Corelli's novel, "The Sorrows of Satan," will be seen in its dramatized form at the Lyceum. William A. Brady, after the successful presentation of this drama at the Shaftsbury theater, London, was quick to see the possibilities of it for a tour of this country, where Miss Corelli enjoys a greater popularity than any living woman writer, and where the sales of her "Sorrows of Satan" alone have exceeded 1,000,000 copies. Mr. Brady's lavishness in the way of elaborate staging, and his care in the selection of peprfect casts is well known.

OBERLIN GLEE CLUB.

Tomorrow evening the Oberlin College Glee club will be heard at Pilgrim Congregational church. The Oberlin College Glee club stands unique among similar organizations for the real artistic merit of its work, and has gained the highest commendations from the critics for its style, finish, precision, shading and ensemble. The club comprises seventeen voices carefully selected from hundreds of voices, and is in daily and careful drill under a competent director.

Jellycon Desserts

Are so much easier to prepare than the old fashioned gelatine. With Burnham's Hasty Jellycon there is nothing to do but to dissolve it in boiling water and set away to cool. It is already sweetened and flavored. Get a package today at your grocer's. The flavors are: Orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and unflavored "calfsfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies.

JANUARY TERM JURORS.

List of Men Summoned For Grand and Petit Jurors.

The January term of district court will begin a week from Wednesday, and owing to the fact that the Palmer cases have kept the November term going so long, there will be only a very short interim betwen the two terms. The jurors for the term have been drawn and summoned, and the lists are as follows:

Grand jury—John G. Ross, Charles H. Bradley, George Gleason, Biwabik; M. M. Gasser, C. H. Martz, Sam Wenberg, W. H. Phillips, Ely; Horace Johnson, Max Buh, Tower; James Falk, Eveleth; Douglas B. Gilchrist, Hibbing; Walter S. Seaton, John D. Lamont, Virginia; Austin Moody, T. B. Perry, Robert Rankin, Andrew Quaal; McDavitt township; Louis Lana, Gnesen; Paul B. Gaylord, Sidney A. McPhail, Thomas Clark, Jr., Willard H. Wing, A. L. Kingman.

Petit jury—Isaac Deatherage, West Duluth; D. Clarendon Marble, Emil Hartman, William P. Chinn, McKinley; Seig Levy, David Brown, Ely; John S. Thompson, John A. Campbell, Martin Kusniereck, Gnesen; Ray M. Cook, August Eckman, William H. Roberts, Mountain Iron; Andrew J. Sullivan, Sparta; Christ Sovde, Tower; John Neff, Peter Wold, John Butchart, George N. Holland, Neis H. Nyhus, Malcolm McDonald, William Keitz, Hibbing; Emmett S. Palmer, C. J. Dahl, Ellis L. Millar, Charles Erickson, Angus G. Macauley, Joseph Perault, Louis R. Bondy, F. S. G. McMahon, Ely; Frank H. Kellar, Joel Colby, John A. Baird, Soudan; John A. Roumaning, Normanna; George C. Smith, Mountain Iron; L. G. Palmer, Jeremiah Kimball, Claude J. Smart, John Labad, Gnesen; Jacob H. Winterfield, Richard P. Coburn.

A STUBBORN FIRE.

Burned Forty-Two Years, But Now Under Control.

Tamaqua, Pa., Dec. 24.—The officials of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company are jubilant over the fact that the fire in the celebrated burning mine at Summit Hill, which started forty-two years ago, is now under control and it is said that the next two years will see it extinguished.

The fire, which has consumed about thirty-five acres of the finest coal land in the anthracite coal region, has moved westward toward Lansford. Two immense drilling machines, which have been constantly probing for the fire, have now honeycombed the earth to the west of the burning portion. Culm is being poured into these hole, and a solid mass will thus confront the fire.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

THEY LIKE IT.

Lumbermen Much Pleased With the Fall of Snow.

The fall of snow since Saturday night has been hailed with much satisfaction by the logging operators. The continuance of another week of the soft weather that prevailed last week would have put nearly every operator in this section way behind in their winter's operations. Some of the loggers were figuring on reducing their force and cutting down their operations materially until more favorable weather, but with the freezing weather and plenty of snow, the work will pick up amazingly this week. Several loggers who were about to hold off in operations will establish new camps this week and within the next few days there will be a considerable demand for men. To or three large crews ar expected to leave the city this afternoon bound for new camps on the St. Louis river. J. H. Kunzlan, of Stillwater, who contracted for the dead and down timber in the vicinity of Dedham, Wis., about fifteen miles on the Great Northern road, has about completed his cut at that point and during this month the mill that was established at Dedham by other Stillwater parties to do the work, will be moved to a point near Foxboro, where there is about a million and a half feet of dead and down timber available. Mr. Kunzleman has about a million feet of lumber cut and piled at Dedham, which will be shipped in the near future. The lumber grades mostly No. 3 and No. 4 boards, and the profits that the owner will derive from the sale will be considerable owing to the comparatively small cost of manufacture. Logging operations on the St. Croix & Duluth logging road which connects with the Great Northern road at Dedham, are well under way. The operators, as elsewhere, has been handicapped during the last week in hauling their logs to the railway. They have a large number of logs skidded and this week will see a considerable shipment.

Tuesdays and Fridays.

"The Chicago and Florida Special" will be run by the Pensylvania Lines every Tuesday and Friday for ten weeks, commencing Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1901, the first train over the "Pan Handle Route" leaving Chicago at 12:09 noon of that date, via Cincinnati and the Queen Crescent Route. This service will be superb. A solid train of the Pullman company's finest vestibuled dining, sleeping and observation cars (no coaches), through in thirty-two hours from Chicago to St. Augustine, Florida. Please call upon, or address, Mr. H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for particulars.

See young man that thou takest the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea, made by the Madison Medicine Co., if thou likest thy fair face. 35c. Ask your druggist.

SICK HEADACHE
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Soothes and strengthens the nerves; relieves pain in the temples, depression and nausea.
Genuine bears name HORSFORD's on wrapper.

STOMACH Out of Order? Can't Eat, Sleep or Work!
JOHNSON'S STOMACH TABLETS
Create appetite, induce refreshing sleep, and make work a pleasure. One tablet, one dose.
Immediate, Lasting, Agreeable
THE JOHNSON LABORATORIES, Inc., Phila.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Johnson & Moe

THE WEST END BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

In accordance with the old custom, and in order to give our employes a full holiday, our store will, as usual, be

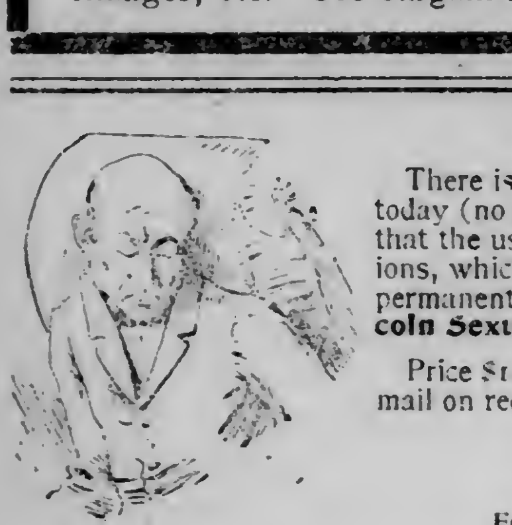
CLOSED ALL DAY TOMORROW

CHRISTMAS DAY.

For the accommodation of our patrons our store will be open till 12 o'clock tonight. We advise early buying, however, as you will be better served than if waiting till the last hour. Thanking you one and all for your liberal patronage, and wishing you a most enjoyable Christmas, we are, Yours truly,

JOHNSON & MOE.

The Big Panton and White Store will be open untill 2:30 Christmas Day To accommodate patrons for exchanges, etc. See bargain advertisements on another page.



WEAK NERVES!

There is not a case of Nervous Weakness in the world today (no matter what the cause or of how long standing that the use of **Lincoln Sexual Pills** according to directions, which are simple and very easy to follow, will fail to permanently cure. Why do you remain weak when **Lincoln Sexual Pills** will make you strong?

Price $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO.,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

West Duluth

The hustle that is being made by the Democrats in the coming aldermanic campaign has stirred up the Republicans to the danger of the situation from their standpoint and on Saturday night a meeting of the Republican club was held in Stewart's hall in which the aldermanic proposition was looked over. The club endorsed the present alderman, L. A. Barnes and Swenson, for reelection and these gentlemen will undoubtedly head the Republican ticket in the municipal election in February. The election this year will not be devoid of some interesting features, for the endorsement given by the Democrats to Frank Wade, in the Seventh ward, and to W. E. Kern, in the Eighth ward, are taken as pretty safe indications as to who will head the Democratic ticket. All of the gentlemen mentioned are well known and influential citizens of West Duluth, and the contest may develop more along the line of personal popularity than along party lines.

A SHORT ILLNESS.

Alfred J. Filiatrault died of pneumonia at his home, 214 Wadena street, on Saturday evening after an illness of but five days. The news came as a shock to his many friends, as they had no idea that his condition was so serious. The decedent was 33 years old, was born in Faribault, Minn., and has been a resident of West Duluth for the past ten years. He also resided at Two Harbors about two years. Mr. Filiatrault was engaged in the undertaking business while in this city. He leaves a wife, two children, an aged grandfather and grandmother, also five brothers and three sisters residing here. The decedent was a member of several fraternal societies, including the Workmen, Foresters and a French society. The funeral will be held at the residence on Wednesday morning, and will be attended by a number of the fraternal societies of which the deceased was a member.

AT ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

At St. James church in West Duluth, the Christmas program will be sung by the choir at 5 and 10:30 a. m., under the direction of Professor George Tyler, assisted by others of Duluth's best musicians, among whom will be Mr. Borch, 'cellist. Wiegand's beautiful mass in hon or St. Joseph will be sung for the first time in the city of Duluth. The following is the program:

"Adeste Fideles" ....
Full choir with orchestral accompaniment.
"Kyrie" .... Wiegand
Choir, and solos by Professor Tyler,
Miss A. Shannon, Mr. Filiatrault.
"Gloria" ....
Chorus.
"Gratias Agamis" ....
Mr. Filiatrault.
"Qui Tolis" ....
Mrs. A. Shanon.
"Qui Sedes" ....
Professor Tyler.
"Quoniam" ....
Chorus.
"Credo" ....
"Patrim Omnipotentem" ....
Chorus.
"Genitum" ....
Miss. A. Shanon.
"Qui Propter" ....
Chorus.
"Et Incarnatus est" ....
Miss Shanon, Miss Filiatrault, Professor Tyler and Mr. Filiatrault.
"Et Iterum" ....
Professor Tyler.
"Et Vitam" ....
Chorus.
Offertory—"Cantique de Noel" ....
Professor Tyler.
'Cello accompaniment by Mr. Borch.
"Sanctus" .... Battman
Chorus.
"Benedictus" ....
Solos—Tenor, Professor Tyler.
Alto, Miss S. Weissmiller.
"Hosanna" ....
Chorus.
"Agnus Die" ....
Soprano solo, Miss Shanon.
Alto solo, Miss Filiatrault.
"Dona Nobis" ....
Chorus.
Organist, Mrs. Meloche.

There will be Christmas services at the Episcopal church at 9 o'clock.

LEFT HERE TWO YEARS AGO.

On Saturday night S. C. Murphy received a telegram from an undertaker in Pueblo, Col., announcing the death of Mr. Murphy's brother, Thomas J. Murphy. The decedent was well known in both parts of the cit[illegible] re he was engaged in the paper [illegible] for about twelve years. He [illegible] r Colorado about two [illegible]'s very probable that the remains will be brought to Morris, Minn., the decedent's old home, for interment.

TONI
SKATI
Music at West Duluth C
Monday, Wednesday and Fr
Christmas afternoon and evening

STORES WILL CLOSE.

Through an error it was stated last week that the Grocer's Protective association of West Duluth had taken action toward keeping their stores open evenings as late as they pleased after the holidays. The action really taken was that the grocers would keep open as late as they pleased nights up to New Years, but after Jan. 2 they will go back to the old custom of closing the stores at 8 o'clock sharp in the evening. The grocery stores will be closed on Christmas day and on New Years day.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. L. Simonds left yesterday for Augusta, Wis., where she will visit her parents over Christmas.

T. O. Kambestad is on the sick list.

Mason Forbes, of the State university at Minneapolis, arrived this forenoon to spend the holidays with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Forbes.

George Blight and family, of McKinley, Minn., are in West Duluth to spend Christmas with Mr. Blight's sister, Mrs. S. Axford.

The remains of Maud Rooney were shipped to St. Paul for interment last evening.

John O'Brien has returned from Biwabik to spend Christmas with his family.

On Saturday night the ladies of the Westminster Presbyterian church held a very successful supper in Gilley's hall.

C. C. Warner has gone to Chicago to spend Christmas.

T. F. Olson is able to resume his work at the Great Eastern, after an illness.

H. Byrnes has gone to Mississippi on a business trip.

The West Duluth Maccabees will hold a social party after their usual session this evening. Dancing will be one of the features.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.
Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

FAVOR THE CARRINGTON.

Members of Board of Public Works Like Her For a Ferry.

The board of public works has received a number of bids from tug owners seeking the contract for furnishing the Park Point ferry service during the winter months when ice-breaking power will add to the other requirements of a boat for this service. The board will simply receive the bids and report to the council, but there seems to be a sentiment among the three members in favor of the Inman tug E. T. Carrington. Capt. Inman offers this boat for the next four months for $26 a day furnishing either an 18 or 24-hour service. He also bids for the year's service at $30 a day.

The members of the board have inspected the Carrington and say that she is the best ice bucker of the lot offered, and they also seem to favor her on account of her fire pump.

On Saturday Chief Black was requested to furnish some hose for the Carrington to give an exhibition with, but the chief denies that he was looking the boat over with a view to getting her in the city service as a fire tug. He simply took the hose down and says that while the Carrington might be of value as a fire tug for Park Point houses it would scarcely do for the general harbor front service.

Capt. C. H. Burnham has offered the board the Mayflower for four months at $22 a day for an 18-hour service and $24 for a 24-hour service. It is understood that he will make the same offer for a year's service.

Bullion & Ackley, owners of the tug Sarah Smith, offer their boat for $23.50 and $21.50 a day for eighteen and twenty-four-hour services respectively.

Capt. J. M. Ryan, of the Estelle, has the lowest bid of the lot, offering his boat for $22 and $23 for eighteen and twenty-four-hour services respectively, the year around.

THINK HE IS THE MAN.

Police Confident That Young Hagen Is the Right Party.

Julius Hagen, the young man seen near the spot where Miss Hulquist was held up on Saturday evening, will be given an examination in police court on Thursday morning, charged with assault in the second degree instead of highway robbery.

The police feel confident that young Hagen was the man that knocked Miss Hulquist down on Tenth avenue east near Fourth street Saturday, but the young man stoutly denies it.

So confident are the authorities, however, that they had Hagen's picture taken for the rogue's gallery and committed him to the county jail pending his examination.

Shearer-Armstrong.

A delightful home wedding on Saturday evening united in marriage Miss Ida Shearer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shearer, of [illegible] Thirty-second avenue west, and William J. Armstrong. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the families and a few invited guests, by Rev. J. W. Loughridge, pastor of the [illegible] Baptist church. [illegible] Armstrong [illegible] for Sault Ste. Marie, where they will spend the winter.

ONE CASE GOES OVER

All Indictments Against R. H. Palmer But One Have Been Dismissed.

CLARA SCHLETZ CASE

One In Which She Is Concerned Remains—Falls to Mr. McClintock.

All of this morning was spent in district court in an endeavor to get at what was the best thing under some rather difficult circumstances to do with the five remaining Palmer cases. As a result of the deliberation, four of the cases, one for carnal knowledge of a girl under 16 years of age and three for indecent assault, were dismissed. The fifth, charging carnal knowledge, was continued over the term, with the understanding that it is to be taken up on the first day of the attendance of the petit jury, if counsel desire.

County Attorney Phelps opened proceedings this morning by moving to dismiss the four cases in which Bertha Schmauss, Mary Makowsky, Johanna Manthey and Hattie Schiebe were the complaining witnesses, and to continue the second indictment wherein Clara Schletz is the complaining witness, and wherein the offense is alleged to have been committed on Oct. 2, 1898. There was no opposition to the dismissal of the four cases, but there was to the continuance, and it was only granted after an argument of some length.

Mr. Phelps stated his reasons for these requests as follows: "The evidence in the case in which Hattie Schiebe is the complaining witness shows that at the time the indictment charges the offense occurred in the Palladio building the defendant was not occupying an office there. Either the testimony is untrue or the witness is mistaken, and in either event a conviction would be difficult. The others are dismissed because the indictments set forth the offense with two great particularity. In one of the cases that was tried the indictment went farther than the evidence did, and the state was hampered by the statement of the indictment. Therefore these indictments should be dismissed and new ones found by the next grand jury.

"In two cases that have been tried the juries have returned verdicts of not guilty. I believe that the evidence was ample to convict in both of those cases. It showed that great crimes had been committed against society, and it is a reproach to our civilization and to the city that a conviction could not be secured. In the one indictment remaining Clara Schletz is the complaining witness. She has told her story twice to the grand jury and twice on the witness stand, and it would be a cruelty to compel her so soon to testify again. She has begged me not to compel her to testify again. Another reason is that there are no jurors at hand, and it would be necessary to get another venire at great expense. Therefore I ask that the case be continued to the next term.

Mr. Washburn replied to the motion to continue as follows: "We approach the matter from a different standpoint from that of the counsel for the state. He approaches the case from a standpoint of an avowed belief in the defendant's guilt; we approach it from the standpoint of an avowed belief in his innocence. He believes that the cases tried should have resulted in conviction, and we believe that they could have resulted not otherwise than in acquittals. The defendant and his family have been and are under a great strain, and we do not feel that it ought to be kept up. The counsel for the state has put forth able efforts to convict the defendant, and nobody could have worked harder to that end. If jurors selected as these have been could not find that the evidence warranted a conviction, it seems that the state should accept that result. The complaining witness has been on the stand several times, and has testified to the offense covered by the untried indictment, so the case is in a measure prejudged. There is no good reason for further prosecution under that indictment. If counsel for the state does not feel that he has discharged his ultimate duty, and that he must still further prosecute the defendant, the case should not be continued, but should be wrought out at this term. If it is to be tried at all it should be tried now, though I am weary of body and mind, and my other business needs my attention. During the January term, which is close at hand, I shall have some important civil matters to try that will take up two weeks or three, and Mr. Baldwin, upon whom the defendant leans at least as strongly as upon myself, will have to go to meet his duties as a member of the state senate. I do not feel that I should put myself in the position of taking the cases alone. Neither the ends of justice, public sentiment nor the duties of the county attorney require the prosecution of that case."

Mr. Baldwin spoke briefly, saying that he felt it incumbent upon him to be at the session of the legislature, as there would be legislation vitally affecting this section.

Mr. Phelps suggested that even if this indictment were dismissed, it would be the duty of the next grand jury to find another in its place, necessitating the expense of getting the witnesses before it again, and in that event counsel would be no better off.

Judge Dibell referred the matter to Judge Cant, who has charge of the general term, and after hearing a thorough argument on the subject Judge Cant decided that it would be necessary to continue the case. He said that it would be impossible to try the case now, as the judges are all occupied with work that must be closed up before the next term begins. He recognizes the dilemma of the defense, but he also recognizes that of the court.

The cases will therefore go over into the term of John M. McClintock, who will become county attorney Jan. 7.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Settlers For Western Canada.

Settlers wishing to go to Western Canada please call on E. W. A. Peake, Chamber of Commerce, for particulars, as owing to illness I will not be in office before Jan. 1.

J. H. M. PARKER.

BRINGS SUIT.

Joseph Cummings Goes After Duluth Telephone Company For Malicious Prosecution.

Joseph E. Cummings, one of the electricians recently arrested on a charge of the larceny of a quantity of copper wire, has begun suit for malicious prosecution in district court against the Duluth Telephone company and its manager, C. M. Mauseau. He claims that Mauseau swore out a complaint against him Dec. 8, charging him with stealing some of the company's wire. He was arrested and released on bail Dec. 10, and when his hearing took place Dec. 17 the court released him. He claims that the prosecution was malicious and without probable cause, and he seeks to recover $3050 damages, including $50 that he was compelled to pay an attorney. Fryberger & Johanson are the attorneys.

WANTED--A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

Fell From a Car.

Emma J. Wicks has begun suit in district court to recover $2500 damages for personal injuries from the Duluth Street Railway company. She charges that she was injured March 22, 1900, owing to the negligence of the operators of a West Fourth street car. She says that on the evening of that day she was riding on the car, and when she reached her corner she started to get off. According to her story the lights went out on the car while she was getting off, and the car started back. The result was that she fell and was seriously hurt. C. W. Stilson is her attorney.

RID COFFEE PLANTERS.

Are Hard Up, Davis Says, But Williams Exaggerates.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Gen. Davis, when seen at the war department concerning the report made public today by Dr. Williams, a contract surgeon in the department of Porto Rico, setting forth an appalling state of affairs among the coffee planters of the island, said that, from his knowledge of affairs in that section of Porto Rico, he should characterize Dr. Williams' statement as much overdrawn and exaggerated. That there was suffering in the coffee planting section of the country the general said he had no doubt. The heavy losses incurred by the big hurricane, he said, could have had no result other than to greatly reduce the means of the planters, who had $12,000,000 worth of coffee swept away by the big storm.

When Gen. Davis was military governor of the island the war department issued rations to the people of Porto Rico in order to help them weather over the evil effects of the hurricane. When the government passed under civil administration the issuance of rations was discontinued, as it was believed the islanders had sufficiently recovered.

The general said that Dr. Williams was an acting assistant surgeon in the department, and accompanied a small expedition undr command of Maj. Watt, Fifth cavalry, which, on a march across the island, traversed the coffee planting region. The doctor reported a bad state of affairs in this section in the way of sickness and want of food, and was asked for a fuller report by Gen. Davis. This was turned over to Governor Allen.

Gen. Davis leaves Washington this afternoon for San Francisco, where he will take passage for Manila on the transport Hancock, sailing Jan. 1. He has been ordered to duty as inspector general of the division of the Philippines.

NEW ALASKA LINE.

Vancouver to Launch a Scheme For Steamer Service.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 24.—The city will submit to the taxpayers a proposal to bonus or guarantee a northern steamship service to Alaska and connections with Yukon points. The terms are not yet settled, nor is the offer selected out of several competing proposals. In all probability the scheme chosen will, in the end, involve a civic guarantee for a term of years of 5 or 6 per cent dividends on a capital of $150,000. It is hoped also to secure a liberal subsidy from the general government.

FURLONG PARDONED.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Former Policeman Patrick Furlong, who, Feb. 10, 1900, killed Edward Leach, a brother officer, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for fourteen years, has been pardoned by Governor Tanner and will take his Christmas dinner with his family in Chicago. Furlong, who is of Irish parentage, and Leach, an Englishman, became involved in an argument about the Boer war. Leach's declaration that England would whip any country on earth led to blows and both men drew revolvers. Furlong shot first, with fatal effect.

GIFTS BURNED.

St. Paul, Dec. 24.—A special to the Dispatch from New Ulm, Minn., says: An express car attached to a Minneapolis & St. Louis train was burned last night near Searles, seven miles from here. The car was heavily loaded with Christmas goods and most of its contents were destroyed. The origin of the fire is not known. Traffic was slightly delayed by the accident.

CASES ADVANCED.

Washington, Dec. 24.—The United States supreme court today advanced two more cases involving the question of relationship between the United States and their insular possessions to be heard on Jan. 7. There are now eight of these cases set for that date. One of the cases advanced today involved the collection of goods on duties imported from Hawaii.

COURT ADJOURNS.

Washington Dec. 24.—After handing down a number of opinions today, the United States supreme court adjourned until Jan. 7.

BRINGS GOLD.

Sydney, N. S. W., Dec. 24.—The steamer Mariposa, which sailed from this port today from San Francisca, has 200,000 sovereigns on board.

Finest Train.

The "Twilight Limited," North-Western Line" to S neapolis and Stillwater, the year, at 4:30 p. m. Pa tion and dining car service brilliantly illuminated gas, perfect in every Ticket office, 405 West Su Duluth.

Dr. Bu
COUGH S YRUP
Cures a Cough or C
Conquers Croup, Whooping-C
Grippe and Consumption.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation.

TO HEAD THEM OFF

Tug Trust Begins Action Against Maythams to Kill Their Line.

WANTS THEM BARRED

Court Is Asked to Prohibit Them From Doing Business Until 1904.

Not pleased with the idea of competing with the Maytham owing and Wrecking company, the Great Lakes Towing company, the tug trust, has begun proceedings to head off that competition by having the courts put a stop to the continuance of the Maythm company in business. The ground, of course, is that the tug trust bought up the tug lines in various ports, and it is claimed that one of the considerations of the prchase was that the concerns that sold out were not to engage in the tug business again. Therefore the trust wants the independent concern prohibited from towing any more until Sept. 1, 1904.

The Marine Record, which reports the beginning of the proceedings says that: "Eminent counsel has been engaged and the fight in the courts promises to be as bitter as the struggle between the rival lines for business during the season just closed. The summons and complaint in the action were served on most of the defendants. The plaintiffs are represented by the law firm of Rogers, Locke & Milburn, with John G. Milburn, James H. Hoyt and Harvey D. Goulder as counsel. The outcome of the suit will be watched with great interest. The tug trust alleges that the Maythams and others, who sold out to the trust in 1899, agreed not to engage in the towing and wrecking business for a period of five years, except in Lake Ontario and the waters east of that lake.

"It is claimed that this agreement has been violated and that the defendants have not only engaged in business but have cut rates from 25 to 30 per cent to secure business. Further, it is claimed that the Maythams have worked loss and damage to the Great Lakes Towing company by these cut rates; that they have offered to sell out to the trust the second time; that they are preparing to make alliances with other outside owners if the trust does not purchase their present plant, that they are soliciting business and will work still greater damage to the trust if not restrained by the court. The defendants have until Dec. 30 to prepare their answer to the complaint, which was dated Dec. 10.

"Many of the details of the organization of both companies and their charter under the laws of New Jersey are told in the complaint. Prior to Aug 1, 1899, the Maytham Tug company had been doing a general towing and wrecking business for many years. Its rival in this port was the Hand & Johnson Tug line, and their offices were side by side at the foot of Main street, as are the offices of the trust and the Maytham company today. Both concerns were bought by the trust on Aug. 1, 1899, after several weeks of negotiation. The trust now claims that both companies represented their good will to be extremely valuable, and that money "in excess of $50,000" was paid for the property, business and good will of each and that both signed the agreement not to engage in the business for a period of five years from Sept. 1, 1899.

"The complaint alleges that since that time the Maytham Towing and Wrecking company has been organized in violation of that agreement, and that the stockholders in the new company are the same people who sold out to the trust. Specific complaint is made of a circular, signed by Charles Maytham, manager, which says: "We have succeeded in securing the best talent possible to operate our tugs, and the masters who have been assigned to the tugs are men who have been in the Maytham employ for the last twenty or thirty years, and we are therefore confident of their ability. The men have left the trust voluntarily and have flocked to our service again, and the fact that we have these men will enable us to do our work at a much lower figure than the trust could hope to do with the new men they will be obliged to secure * * * and * * * at Buffalo our headquarters will be at the old Maytham stand after May 1."

The circular says the company has tugs at Duluth, Buffalo, Ashtabula, Tonawanda, Sault Ste. Marie, and that it contemplates putting tugs in service at Chicago to be managed by Barry Brothers, and that Erie, Escanaba and Conneaut may be added to the operations of the Maytham company.

"The allegation of the complaint that the Maythams are trying to sell out again to the trust is as follows: 'The plaintiff further alleges that the said defendants, by reason of said acts, representatives, circulars and deeds, and all of them, and in gross violation of these terms of said contracts, are attempting, and have attempted to induce and compel this plaintiff to purchase certain tugs, wrongfully acquired by said defendants since the sale to this plaintiff as aforesaid, and that the said G. W. Maytham for himself, and as representing the other defendants, has offered in writing to sell to this plaintiff certain tugs wrongfully acquired by them since said sale and the execution of said contract for a large sum of money, and has stated to the representative of this plaintiff that, if this plaintiff will purchase said tugs so wrongfully acquired by them and pay the large sum of money referred to, they will again agree to go out of the towing and wrecking business on the great lakes and water tributary thereto.'"

DESTROYER IS LAUNCHED.

Formidable Torpedo Sleuth Added to Uncle Sam's Fleet.

East Braintree, Mass., Dec. 24.—The torpedo boat destroyer MacDonough was launched at the works of the Fore River Iron company today, amid the ringing of bells and the blowing of whistles. Mrs. Lucy Charlotte MacDonough Reade, of Philadelphia, christened the vessel with champagne. The new boat was taken down the river to the Quincy works of the company.

There were very few of the long list of invited guests who remained over from Saturday to witness the launching today. Lieut. Gustave Kaemmerling, engineer of the Olympia during Dewey's great battle of Manilla bay was present.

The MacDonough, which has been in the course of construction during the past six months, at the works of the Fore River Engine company, has aroused great interest among naval men because it is one of a new type and is to be one of a fleet of fifty little craft of the same kind. The length of the boat is 242 feet, while the entire breadth of beam is only 22 feet. The vessel is 14 feet deep from deck to keel and has a displacement of 470 tons. She draws 6 feet 8 inches of water. No part of the MacDonough is armored save the forward conning towers, which are covered with ¾-inch nickel steel. The engines are only protected by the coal bunkers, which extend for 100 feet amidships on either side, and which have a capacity for 150 tons of coal, sufficient to provide a speed of fourteen miles an hour for 4000 miles.

The outer hull is of ¼-inch steel plates. This shell would be pierced if struck by [illegible] partments. There are two conning towers. Accommodations are provided for a crew of [illegible] officers' quarters forward and those of the crew aft. Underneath the boiler is a water-tight deck. The engines will give the MacDonough her speed of [illegible] knots.

The armament of the MacDonough will consist of four 14-pounder rapid-fire guns and three 6-pounders. The 14-pounders will be placed, one on top of the forward tower and three on the center line of the vessel. One 6-pounder will be located on each side of the forward tower and the other will be on the after bridge. The two 18-inch torpedo tubes are located in the stern. The cost is $281,000.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
Duluth
THE
BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST.
3rd AVE. W.

A Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year.

May every stocking be brimful, and good appetite and digestion wait upon your turkey and plum pudding. May we be able to wish you many a "Merry Christmas" and contribute to your happiness as kindly as you have patronized us in the past.

Come and see Santa Claus and the trained animals on the second floor.

Be sure to see the floating fairy, "Helene," in the Superior street window.

Store Will Be Open Tonight Until 11.

M. S. BURROWS

TURNED DOWN.

Northern Pacific Will Not Recognize Order of Railway Telegraphers.

St. Paul, Dec. 24.—As a result of a conference held yesterday between President Mellen and Vice President Kendrick of the Northern Pacific, that company today sent a lengthy communication to the committee of telegraph operators, in session in St. Paul, notifying them that the Northern Pacific could not consistently agree to adopt in toto the book of rules submitted by the committee in behalf of the Northern branch of the Order of Railway Telegraphers. Neither could the company see its way clear to treat with the Order of Railway Telegraphers as an organized body, but would cheerfully treat with the telegraphers as a body of Northern Pacific employes.

The communication was a fair, frank and detailed statement of the Northern Pacific's position. It stated that many of the rules which the committee wanted adopted were already in effect, but were worded differently. The rules submitted by the committee were the same as those submitted by similar committees all over the country to their respective lines. They were so worded that any road adopting them will recognize the telegraphers as an an organized and incorporated body, rather than individual employes. The communication gave the company's reasons and outlined what the committee could expect. The committee was invited to make such further requests as might be desired, and the company could consider them in a spirit of fairness.

In the refusal of the request to adopt the rules and the recognition of the order, the committee loses the principal object of its negotiations. The recognition of the order and the adoption of its policy by the company was the most vital question of interest to the operators. The question of wages was secondary and could have been adjusted afterwards, had the railway company saw fit to grant the first demands.

Christmas Books.

You will find the best assortment at Lundberg & Stone's, 223 West Superior street.

A FEUD BATTLE.

Two Men Killed and Two Probably Fatally Wounded.

London, Ky., Dec. 24.—Two men were killed at Farris distillery, in Clay county, twelve miles from here, late yesterday. Four members of the Sissemore family, on one side and Henry Barret and W. H. Young, on the other, engaged in a desperate fight. Young and one of the Sissemore's were killed and two of the Sissemore's were probably fatally wounded. An old feud was the cause of the trouble.

ROBBERS FAIL.

Sonora, Ky., Dec. 24.—An unsuccessful attempt was made, early today, to rob the Sonora Deposit bank. An entrance was forced into the building by prying off a door. The burglars then worked with a sledge hammer on the vault, knocking off the combination knob, but were frightened away before they succeeded in forcing an entrance. They left all their tools lying near the vault. The bank officials were unable to open the vaults today and business was suspended for the day.

DURYEA WILL CONTEST.

New York, Dec. 24.—Surrogate Seabury, of Nassau county, received notice today from counsel for the contestants of the will of the late Edgar E. Duryea, the wealthy starch manufacturer, that, on behalf of his clients, he would withdraw all objections to the probate of the will. The object of his withdrawal, it is stated, is to pave the way to bringing off an action in behalf of the contestants, the testator's three daughters, in the supreme court, where it is desired to have the case tried by a jury.

Fountain Pens.

They make fine Christmas presents. We have them at all prices. Waterman's Ideal pen is our leader.

LUNDBERG & STONE.

Holly—The Finest.

Two pounds for 25 cents at Seekins

ALL FOR LOVE.

Lombardo, After Serenading His Sweetheart, Shoots Himself Before Her Eyes.

New York, Dec. 24.—Louis Lombardo undertook to serenade Jose DelPario, in Brooklyn, last night. The girl's father ordered him away, but Lombardo persisted in singing a love song, and, while his sweetheart was at her window, Lombardo drew a revolver and shot himself in the head. He was carried to a hospital, where he died two hours' later.

COMMENT UNAUTHORIZED.

London, Dec. 24.—A reporter of the Associated Press has been informed at the British foreign office that all the editorial comment in the London Times today and other English papers on the Nicaragua treaty is entirely unauthorized and not inspired by the foreign office. To use official language, "England has too many irons in the fire to take up the Nicaragua canal matter at present. She has received no official communication on the subject, nor has she given it as yet any official consideration."

DO NOT HITCH.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 24.—Letters just received here from Ecuador report increasing trouble between the American foremen and the Jamaican laborers, who are constructing the railway in that country under the concession obtained by James McDonald & Co., of New York. As a result of the disturbances, several Jamaicans have been shot and one of the American foremen had to clear out and take refuge elsewhere. The laborers are now arming and serious trouble is expected.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Cufic (returning); Tunisian, from Portland; Cevic, from New York.

Bremen—Arrived: Friederich Der Grosse, from New York.

Celluloid Toilette Sets and All Other Fancy Articles.

You will find a good selection at LUNDBERG & STONE'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER SASH, DOORS
MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
[illegible] AVE W & MICHIGAN ST

HAIR CHAINS made from combings or cut hair.

Dolls' Wigs, all sizes. Place your Christmas orders now and avoid disappointment.

MME. BOYDE,

216 West Superior Street, Duluth. Telephone 115
1303 Tower Ave., West Superior. Telephone 442o

EUGENE FIELD'S POEMS A $7.00 BOOK

The Book of the century Handsomely Illustrated by thirty-two of the World's Greatest Artists.

Given Free

to each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund. Subscribe any amount desired. Subscriptions as low as $1.00 will entitle donor to this daintily artistic volume

"Field Flowers"

(cloth bound, 8 x 11), as a certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works and is ready for delivery.

But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.00. The Fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the Fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund,
(Also at Book Stores) 180 Monroe St., Chicago.
If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10 cts.

Mention this Journal, as Adv. is inserted as our Contribution.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Let Herald Advertisements Gu de You in Your Purchases for Christmas.

WILL FIGHT TO FINISH

England Will Continue to End of Struggle in South Africa.

AN ENORMOUS COST

Heavy Outlay For Horses Alone Will Be Necessary at Once.

New York, Dec. 24.—A London cable to the Times says: However much one may hold the policy of our present government in South Africa to be mistaken, it is impossible to withhold admiration for the stolidity with which up to the present the country has faced the situation. When Lord Salisbury uttered his gloomy phrases early in the week they were held at first to be the cryptic musings of a man who lives in a world of his own, only coming now and then in touch with the hard facts of existence. Subsequent events have taught us better wisdom. His lordship spoke with full knowledge of the grave aspect of affairs in Cape Colony before any inkling of the truth had reached the nation.

And now that we understand what he meant there appears, so far, to be no sign of hanging back in subscribing to his declaration that we have to push the affair through. In all public places the language one hears is resolute, as if nobody for a moment entertained the idea of making terms with those rebels. None the less, anxiety beneath the surface is intense, and fear is consuming us lest the complications should be much greater than we as yet are aware of. Should the burghers of Cape Colony rise en masse the position of our army, cooped in the north and more or less continually deprived of its supplies, would be in the highest degree dangerous. It is, I fear, a jaded, grumbling army, and certainly one which has used its means of transport to an extent unprecedented. Still, we go doggedly on and nothing short of a stunning calamity appears likely to alter our sullen resolution to push the thing through.

While considerably alarmed, the nation as a whole continues to disbelieve in a general rising of the Cape Colony Dutch. It clings, in other words, to the uninstructed optimism it has nourished from the first, in spite of the numberless disillusionments. I myself fear the Dutch will rise for this is quite the best time of the year for them to take the field, and evidently the war office is now beginning to realize at least the possiblity of this final calamity coming upon us.

Feverish activity governs its proceedings, and ceaseless energy is being displayed in getting together what fragments of army we still have with us. The cry is for more mounted men, but unfortunately these cannot be had to order, and apart from the more or less ornamental household cavalry we have now only eight regiments of horsemen of any description at home, including five regiments of the reserve. Every man, however, will be sent, and the world is being scoured for horses. Our existing stock of animals is well-nigh exhausted, and therefore money must be poured out in floods to restore the deficiency and again put us in position to cope with our difficulties. The colonies are once more appealed to to send all the mounted troops they can muster, and we are sternly clinging to the resolution to fight to the last. The most convinced imperialist, however, can hardly help now regretting that the true temper of these South African free men was not understood before the nation was seduced by the off-hand assurances of Cecil Rhodes that Kruger would climb down.

With this South African coil again oppressing the people's minds it will be easy to understand how lightly we regard every other public question. Nothing really interests us apart from this.

We are in no mood to wrangle over clauses in any treaty with you about this Isthmian canal, or anything else at the present time. I will even go so far as to say that were somewhat unreasonable claims to be put forward on your side with reference to the Alaska boundary it would not be from England, but from Canada, that resolute opposition would come. This is not exactly indifference on our part, but preoccupation, and so completely are our thought engaged in other directions that no genuine outcry would arise here were yu to construct the isthmian waterway and not only fortify, but make it free to your own ships while charging tolls to those of all other nations.

Were we at liberty to attend to such matters I have not the slightest doubt that the jingo Ombeyeh would have been blowing its loudest and angry words passing between the two countries. Your lawmakers have chosen a good time in which to have their own way. Really they seem to have done no more than we should have done in their place.

Already there is a little hitch in the arrangements for perfecting the Australian federation, but it will be got over unless Lord Hopetoun continues to muddle matters. He is rather a maladroit person, but he may go far and shine much. But I believe his lordship has ever been a bit muddled, and consequently feel no surprise to hear that the first thing he should do on landing in Australia is to select the most objectionable man he could light upon for his federal premier. Sir William Lyre has never been at heart a federalist, nor is he really a prominent leader in the Australian democracy. If Lord Hopetoun could not have found a man to his mind among the prominent politicians of the various colonies it would have been a sensible step on his part to have gone outside altogether and selected some highly respected citizen, not intimately associated with any political faction.

Political affairs are not going smoothly in any part of the world in the last days of the expiring century, and this week France has discovered the futility of the efforts to legislate class antagonists out of existence. By a stupendous expenditure of energy the Waldeck-Rousseau cabinet has forced the Dreyfus universal amnesty bill through the Chambers and doubtless imagined that it had thereby laid many specters. But the next day it was obliged to place a contumacious officer under arrest, and one cannot see how its efforts to put a stop to the various actions of law by an overriding act of parliament can be successful.

I heartily sympathize with the spirit that has animated Waldeck-Rousseau and his cabinet, but I fear its policy in this matter has been thoroughly mistaken. When cankers like the Dreyfus affair have eaten themselves into the body social no good purpose is ever served by endeavoring to plaster them over or drive them beneath the surface. Larger statesmanship would have limited the action of the government to a rigidly neutrality and an unswerving adherence to the humble duty of maintaining order and leaving the factions to fight their lawsuits and wear themselves out in their efforts to bring about each other's confusion. But one can hardly expect this conception of duty to be really entertained in France.

THE DAKOTAS.

Lindelie Jury Disagrees—Courts Conflict on North Dakota Liquor Law.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—The jury in the case against A. A. Lindelie, secretary of the Enforcement league, for alleged perjury, reported a disagreement and was discharged. This case will probably not be tried again, as there are four other cases pending. It is not likely that any of these will be tried except one for the alleged compounding of the crime of selling intoxicating liquor, and the result of the case just tried leads to the belief that there can be no conviction.

Valley City—From a ruling made by Judge Glaspell in the injunction case of the state against J. H. Black, Tom Murphy and Austin O'Grady, residents of Sanborn, it is apparent he does not view the law in the same light as Judge Winchester of the Bismarck district. The state enforcement league started injunctional proceedings against the defendants in October, alleging that the building occupied by O'Grady was used as a blind pig. The building was owned by Murphy, who had bought it from Black, although it was not entirely paid for, and to cover the question of ownership fully the league included all of them in its suit. State's Attorney Winterer was ignored by the league, and Basard & Basard, of Grand Forks, appeared as its attorneys.

At this term of court the league asked to have the injunction made permanent and the costs of the case taxed against the defendants. The attorneys for the defendants moved to have the case dismissed, upon the ground that the action was not properly stated, the suit having been commenced without the knowledge or consent of the state's attorney. In similar cases at Mandan, Judge Winchester ruled in favor of the defendants and dismissed the cases. Judge Glaspell, however, overruled the motion and will listen to the testimony in chambers at Jamestown Monday.

Lena Wegner was awarded $500 in the suit brought by her against her aunt, Mrs. August Wegner, for slander. The latter circulated stories reflecting upon the character of the plaintiff, but was unable to substantiate them when brought into court.

Bismarck—It is probable a large number of women between the twin cities of Mandan and Bismarck have cast loose from one of Uncle Sam's dollars for a year's subscription to a standard fashion paper and four yards of dress silk thrown in as a premium upon the smooth representations of four or five traveling "canvassers" who have been busily working the territory, and it is equally probable that these same women will wonder why their magazines and silk patterns fail to materialize at the expected time. J. H. Carver and his wife have been arrested here on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, and several others are dodging the officers of the law at other places. Armed with a copy of the fashion paper and a number of samples of silk, worth possibly 75 cents a yard, the canvassers made women a surprising offer. For $1 for a year's subscription to the magazine every woman who subscribed got a premium of four yards of silk, to be selected from half a dozen styles. The silk offered alone was worth twice the price of the subscription, and the women in the territory could not get their names down fast enough.

Fargo—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company settled the celebrated damage suit with A. G. Brown, to the satisfaction of all concerned. Coming as it did just before Christmas, the holidays to Mr. Brown, who has suffered so much on account of the accident which caused the damage suit.

In the summer of 1899, Mr. Brown was badly injured while riding over the Milwaukee road in Minnesota. The accident was caused by a violent collision of freight cars, which threw Mr. Brown to the floor of the caboose. He was taken home to this city a helpless invalid, and for a year and a half has been confined to a reclining chair. He brought action against the railroad company to recover $75,000 and the case was tried in the United States court last September. The jury awarded him $18,500, and after the usual legal sparring the defendant company gave notice of appeal. For a time it looked as if the case would be dragged through the court indefinitely, but through the efforts of W. H. Barnett, attorney for Mr. Brown, the case came to a satisfactory settlement.

Bismarck—Gen. Washburn and party returned to Minneapolis after inspecting the mines at Wilton. The output is now 200 tons a day, which will be doubled next month. Gen. Washburn is confident he could dispose of 1000 tons of coal a day if the output could be reached. The shafts are now seventy feet below the surface and tunnels 200 and 300 feet long have been driven through coal veins which are vast in extent.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Mitchell—N. J. Neilsen, treasurer of the Workman lodge of this city, was held up by footpads, bound and gagged, his pockets rifled of $250, and left lying in an alley to freeze. When found by a night watchman, Neilsen's hands and feet were badly frozen and he was unconscious. The money taken from his pockets was funds he had collected as treasurer of the lodge, and which he was preparing to turn over to his successor.

Watertown—Judge Julian Bennett, in the circuit court here, and Attorney George Case, land office registrar, disagreed over an order in case on trial. Judge Bennett remarked: "There is no use of 'beefing it,' I will sign that order in my own good time," and made some other statements not at all complimentary to Mr. Case. The latter said: "Judge Bennett, you can address me in that manner from the bench, but were court not in session I would not tolerate such a statement from you." Whereupon the judge sprang up, exclaiming: "This court is adjourned," and, lunging out with his right, knocked the attorney clear across the jury box. Case came up with a chair and succeeded in breaking the judge's eyeglasses, but the combatants were separated by the attendant attorneys.

Judge Bennett is a lawyer of distinction, and was a Democratic candidate for supreme judge in the 1899 election. Mr. Case is a leading Republican politician. The judge is one of the largest men physically in the Northwest, weighing nearly 400 pounds.

Washington—The population of certain incorporated places in South Dakota, having a population of more than 2000, but less than 25,000, is as follows: Sioux Falls, 10,266; Lead, 6210; Yankton, 4125; Aberdeen, 4087; Mitchell, 4055; Watertown, 3352; Deadwood, 2793; Madison, 2550; Brookings, 2346; Pierre, 2306; Vermillion, 2183.

IN MICHIGAN.

Hancock's Mayor Makes the Gamblers Move On—Calumet Charivari Shooting.

Hancock—Mayor Scott, of this place, following the lead of Mayor Crozer, of Houghton, and Chief of Police Malherbe, personally notified the proprietors of all gambling houses in Hancock to close their games and keep them closed, or stand the consequences, which are serious under the drastic anti-gambling laws of Michigan.

Calumet—Hollie Sumner, a brother of the bride at the Engstrom-Sumner wedding, was arrested for the shooting of young Bennie Martin, a member of a charivari party. Sumner at first denied any connection with or knowledge of the affair, but later acknowledged the whole sad business and was locked up. Sumner, charged with the crime of assault with intent to kill and murder, is 23 years of age and is employed as time keeper on the Hecla & Torch Lake railroad. He formerly resided at Chassell but came here several years ago and has been in the employ of the railroad ever since. He says it was all an accident. He and the family are all broken up over the disgrace which his arrest has caused.

It seems that the "shivaree" party of young men and boys congregated at the Sumner residence an hour before the ceremony took place. They started in with their noise and racket and caused a good deal of trouble. Hollie Sumner, according to the story, went out to try and put a stop to the racket. He talked to the boys and asked them to desist from their game. They had fish horns, tin cans and other instruments that helped with the disturbance. He says that the boys joked him but refused to leave. Finally young Sumner took his revolver and fired three shots into the air. This had the desired effect of keeping them quiet for a short time.

After the ceremony had been performed and the wedding party had sat down to the wedding supper, the noise from the crowd outside was worse than ever before. The crowds congregated at the windows and moved from one part of the house to another, continually keeping up a terrific disturbance. "Then I got the revolver again and went to the pantry," said the defendant, "and emptied the other three cartridges out of the pantry window.

"I am sure I fired them in the air and did not shoot into the crowd. I saw the boys there but heard nothing about anyone being injured until they telephoned me from the hospital."

It was decided to postpone the preliminary examination to await developments in the case of Martin. Bail was fixed in the sum of $500 which was furnished. Sumner has retained Attorney Angus W. Kerr to defend him.

An accident at the Kearsarge mine resulted in the death of William Petala and the injury of Joseph Harrington. The former was but 18 years of age. Harrington had charge of the shaft at No. 3. They were in a skip and the engineer pulled it over the dump and threw both men out.

Houghton—August Krellwitz, aged 70, is dead from a paralytic stroke. He was a pioneer German and held many public offices of trust during the past forty years. He leaves a widow and four adult sons and daughters.

It is stated on apparently good authority that the Elm River, and likewise the Winona and Wyandot mines, have all commenced a chase after the Champion-Tri-Mountain lode, or the Baltic lode, as it is variously known, and that the Elm River especially is hot after it.

Negaunee—Willie, the youngest son of William Whitburn, went hunting and while in the woods north of this city met with a very painful accident. While climbing over a fallen tree the boy slipped and as he fell his gun went off, the bullet entering his left forearm. Young Whitburn wrapped a handkerchief around the wound and then hurried home. A physician was promptly summoned and the injury was attended to. The wound is painful but not dangerous.

Sault Ste. Marie—The first suspected case of smallpox has appeared here and was promptly isolated. The man came from the Batchewana bay, Ont., lumber woods, where it is reported the disease is prevalent.

WINNIPEG'S BLOW-OUT.

Great Time When the Soldiers Come Marching Home.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 24.—Elaborate preparations are being made to give a public welcome to the soldiers who will return from South Africa this week. The train will be met by the lieutenant governor, Col. McMillan; Premier Roblin and members of the local government, members of the city council and park boards, the military bodies, including the Royal Canadian Dragoons, the Ninetieth battalion, the Winnipeg Dragoons, the Thirteenth field battery and the Veterans' association. There will be a monster parade to the Holy Trinity church, where the primate of Canada, Archbishop McKroy, of Ruperts Land, will conduct short thanksgiving services for the safe return of the men. This will be followed by a banquet in a hall on Broadway, and in the evening a promenade concert and ball will be held. All the soldiers who have previously returned will take part and those who live in distant towns will be transported free by the Canadian Pacific road.

Chicago and East Via "The North-Western Line."

When going to Chicago or points East, look up the advantages of the "North-western Line," (the Chicago fast mail). The finest and fastest train from the head of the leaves leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 7 a. m., making conections with all lines East and South. This magnificent train is wide vestibuled throughout, brilliantly lighted with Pintsch gas, free chair cars, Pullman sleepers and dining service—the finest in the land. No extra fare on this train.

For tickets and reservations call at 405 West Superior street.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

The Big Panton and White Store will be open until 12:30 Christmas Day To accommodate patrons for exchanges, etc. See bargain advertisement on another page.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

WE WANT...

A 6 or 7-room house in London or Lester Park—Must be Cheap.
We have a bargain on East Second street.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Building.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Hotels.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Scandia hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Clock Repairing.

YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 314 West Superior street.

Lost.

LOST—EITHER AT ST. PAUL'S EPIScopal church or between there and 22 East Second street, a black purse and pair of spectacles. Return for reward to 22 East Second street.

LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT, BROWN Jersey cow, without horns. Finder will please deliver to 522 West First street, and receive reward.

LOST—WILL LADY WHO FOUND $10 gold piece on West Duluth car, near Fifth avenue west, send address to 312 South Twenty-eighth avenue west.

NOTICE—

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Howard Investment Company will be held at its offices 200-201 First National Bank Building, Duluth Minn., on Thursday, January 8th, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

JAY COOKE HOWARD,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-21-31-1900.

CROWE IDENTIFIED.

Spotted as "Light Complexioned" Man in Cudahy Case.

Omaha, Dec. 24.—A man, whose name the police refuse to reveal, has identified Pat Crowe as the light-complexioned individual who, in company with a woman, accosted him relative to the ownership of the house to which Edward Cudahy, Jr., was carried by kidnappers last Tuesday night. When shown a picture of Crowe taken from the rogues' gallery, this man stated positively that it was a perfect likeness of the person he saw at Thirty-sixth and Grover streets. Questioned closely as to the man's conduct, dress, manner and general description, he gave a detailed statement which convinced the authorities that they are on the right track.

ANTILLIA ASHORE.

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 24.—The British steamer Antillia, Capt. Montel, from Nassau for New York, with a general cargo, went ashore this morning on Great Egg harbor bar. Its passengers were safely landed. Signals were hoisted asking for assistance, and the crew of the life saving station responded. The Antillia is a vessel of 484 tons.

FOG MAKES TROUBLE.

London, Dec. 24.—Dense fogs on the coasts are greatly interfering with navigation, and severe wrecks have occurred. The British steamer Brunswick grounded in the Bristol channel, heeled over and sank. Seven of her crew were drowned.

McDONALD BETTER.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Samuel McDonald, the treasury clerk, who shot and killed Frank H. Morris, auditor for the war department, Saturday, and then attempted suicide, was reported to be better this morning. Last night, he had a sinking spell and it thought at the hospital that he could not survive until morning.

"This is too much, John, I won't stand it any longer. Tomorrow I leave for my mother's, unless you get me more [illegible] ntain Tea." Sensible woman. [illegible] our druggist.

AGED DUKE ILL.

[illegible] Dec. 24.—Some anxiety is felt [illegible] he health of the aged grand [illegible] xe-Weimar. He is suffering [illegible] tzt. A bulletin issued by his [illegible] ays his condition is satisfac[illegible] he slept well in spite of re[illegible] ns of coughing, and that his [illegible] is 99.7. The grand duke was

[illegible] tle colds that grow into big [illegible] g colds that end in consump[illegible] h. Watch the little colds. Dr. [illegible] vay Pine Syrup.

[illegible] ne-Made Candies.

[illegible] ck in in city at Seekins'.

[illegible] as Cigars and Pipes.

[illegible] l standard brands of cigars [illegible] iday packages of 12, 25 and [illegible] he box, from 50 cents each [illegible] UNDBERG & STONE, 323 West Superior street.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—GIRL COMPETENT TO DO general housework—small family. Apply 1124 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework. Flat C, Ashtabula Terrace.

WANTED—SCHOOL GIRL DURING vacation to help days in small family. 924½ East Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 322 West Superior street.

Wanted—Male Help.

SALESMAN WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN TO take our Coffees, Teas, etc., for Duluth and West Superior. Must have trade and be acquainted with the Retail Grocers.

Splendid opportunity for a good man who is a hustler and wishes to advance. Good salary. All communications will be kept strictly confidential. Address, P. O. box, No. 899 Milwaukee, Wis.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man attending business college nights, any kind of employment during the day. Address D 5, Herald.

WANTED—BY SCANDINAVIAN GIRL, place to do general housework. Call No. 7 Nineteenth avenue west, Zenith 'phone 853.

WANTED—LADY WITH ONE CHILD would like position as housekeeper for small family. D 3, Herald.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WISH CHILdren's dressmaking. Call at 917 London road, upstairs. Please call evenings.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 522 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Sewing Machines.

Expert Machine Repairer.
Sewing Machines For Sale from $6 to $22.
Sewing Machine Parts, Needles Oils and Attachments for all Machines. Sewing Machines for Rent. F. POPKIN, 410 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

PIANO — CHICKERING, UPRIGHT, cost $850 last Christmas; $265 buys it. Beautiful tone, elegant case, just like new in every respect. Inquire room 2, Columbus building, First avenue west and Superior street.

CAR LOAD FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Friday, Dec. 21, at No. 14-16 West First street. Will exchange for dry or fat cows. N. J. McCabe.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF CONFECtionary, cigars and tobaccos. Good location. Long lease. Must sell on account leaving city. K 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP, weight 1250. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 10 Mesaba block.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—THE LEADING GENERAL store business in a thrifty little town in western part of the state. A splendid chance for a party wishing to go into business. Address D 1, Herald office.

Board Offered.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAM-heated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Astrology.

MRS. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, NO. 2 West First.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies, 131 West Superior street.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED TO BUY—ONE OR TWO lots on Park Point, south of Twenty-fourth street. Address D 4, Herald.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 903 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve,
Soldiers' Additional,
Pine and Iron Lands
Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

For Rent—Houses.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, 705 EAST FIFTH street, 5-room house, $7. 2102 West Third street, four rooms, city water, $7. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO GOOD ROOMS. 221 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE, 116 WEST MICHigan street, first story and basement from Jan. 1. Railroad track at the door. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—STORE, 20 EAST FOURTH street.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 27, 1900. Installation of officers. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 28, 1900. Installation of officers. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers. Wednesday evening, Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Work, election of officers. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 25, 1900. Christmas observances. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 510 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Found.

FOUND—BLACK MULEY COW; OWNer can have same by paying charges. 120 East Ninth street.

Clairvoyant and Palmist.

CLARICE LE LONG, WHO READS the past, present and future, still has her dime social every Friday evening at 16 Second avenue west, room 3.

Medical.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn pathological cases monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions, $2, or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KID DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

MEN NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists; or mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON, 1908 WEST SUPERIOR ST

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAIS[illegible] smoke stacks, also boilers moved [illegible] outside the city by D. Mackenzie, [illegible] East South street.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife, 522 N. 56th ave. West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Carpets and Window Shades.

20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 710 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv	Duluth	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar	Proctor	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar	Iron Junction	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar	Wolf	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar	Virginia	Lv	p.m.	12:51
10:29 a.m.	Ar	Eveleth	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar	Sparta	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar	Biwabik	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar	Mountain Iron	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar	Hibbing	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv	Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar	Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:30 p.m.	Ar	Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar	Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. P'ts.	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am *4 30 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis Twilight Limited	**3 05 pm *9 59 pm
*5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac FAST MAIL	*10 35 am *10 35 am *10 35 am *10 35 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn. & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 15 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block- Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm *8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 30 am *7 30 pm

A Good Thing to Go by....

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
AND
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers. Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. G. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The P[illegible] Limited,
O[illegible] ain in the World
[illegible] ing Car Service.
[illegible] RATES TO ALL POINTS
J. T. CONLEY,
[illegible] Genera Passenger Agent, St. Paul Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Merry Christmas

Store Open Tonight

Closed Tomorrow

Silberstein & Bondy Company

ROBBER CAUGHT.

Lancaster, Wis., Dec. 24.—Four burglars blew open the safe of the P. T. Stevens bank, at Montfort, with nitroglycerine yesterday morning. Mr. Heran, who lives near by, hearing the explosion, put his head out of the window and yelled "Fire" a number of times. This scared the burglars, who put out their lights and ran to the depot, where they had a handcar ready and started east. Seven Montfort men took another handcar and followed them, overtaking the burglars' hancar three miles this side of Ridgeway, which they found tumbled down the bank. From there they tracked them a mile further, where they found them in the loft of a barn. The Montfort men opened fire on the burglars from below, and fifteen shots were fired, one of the burglars being shot in the leg. They were finally overpowered and brought here last evening. No money was secured.

Juvenile Books

Make nice Xmas presents for the little ones. See our assortment.
LUNDBERG & STONE.

Palms and Ferns.

A new stock at Seekins'.

Have Your Xmas

Gifts delivered by A. D. T.

THE ANDERSON PALM GARDEN

Extends to all a Merry Christmas and Happy New Year.

GREAT ATTRACTION FOR THE HOLIDAYS

Re-Engagement of Prof. Bernard Perboner's

Famous Ladies' Orchestra

—ASSISTED BY—

MISS BEATRICE HAWTHORN, Contralto.

By Special Request Miss Hawthorn will sing "THE HOLY CITY" at each concert during the week.—You who have not heard this beautiful song sung by this Celebrated Child Contralto better avail yourself of this last opportunity. Be sure and bring your friends along—we are out for business and the more attending these popular concerts the merrier.

PROGRAM.

March—"Under Fire" .... *Russel*
Waltz—"Spanish Beggar Girl" .... *Orth*
Selection—"Fine and Daisy" .... *Line*
"Aubade Privatanier" .... *Lacomb*
"The Holy City" ....
Miss Beatrice Hawthorn.
March—"American Victory" .... *Line*
Grand Selection—"Il Trovatore" .... *Verdi*
'Cello Solo—"Evening Star" .... *Wagner*
Miss Lillian Pringle.
Rag-Time Intermezzo .... *Silver*
"Love's Dreamland" .... *Roeder*
Song—Selected ....
Miss Beatrice Hawthorn.
Gavotte—"The Princess" .... *Czibulka*
Overture—"Poet and Peasant" .... *Suppe*
March—"Kriss Kringle" .... *Perboner*

AFTERNOONS 2:30—EXCEPTING SUNDAY.
EVENINGS 8:00—EXCEPTING SUNDAY.

The same strict order prevails.

JAY W. ANDERSON, Prop.

CORRECT FIGURES

Original Fund of Water Board and What It Has Earned.

A WRONG IMPRESSION

Many Misinformed as to Amount of the Fund Turned Over.

Since the beginning of the agitation over the proposed construction of a water and light building, there have been all kinds of statements as to the plant and what it has done. Some indicate the possession of a fair amount of knowledge of the condition of affairs and others show a total ignorance of the situation. One wrong impression which may seem to have prevailed is as to the amount which the board received from the city in the water and light plant when it assumed charge of the plants. The bonds, amounting to $1,106,000 had been sold and the supplementary system constructed and the talk has been quite general that the board had about $200,000 on hand when it assumed charge of the plant. Some of the high city officials have even supposed this to be true until they investigated the matter and learned their mistake. Manager Case makes the following statement showing the exact condition of affairs:

"The supplementary system was turned over to the board Jan. 1, 1899, and on Jan. 10, after some preliminary work had been done by the board to prevent further breakages of the force main in the building, Endion station was abandoned and pumping commenced at Lakewood.

"At that time, at my request, the comptroller made a statemet to me of payments made by the council previous to Jan. 1, from the construction fund, which was as follows:

Amount obtained from the sale of bonds	$ 1,106,000
From which there had been paid:	
Interest to Jan. 1, 1899	$ 117,950
Bonus on 4 per cent bonds	66,800
On construction contracts	785,808
Total	$ 970,558

To which should be added sums subsequently paid by the council on these contracts as follows:

From Jan. 1 to Feb. 19, 1899	$ 2,370 62
In March, 1899	6,015 10
In April, 1899	421 67
In May, 1899	73 88
In August, 1899	401 10
In September, 1899	82 45
In November, 1899	124 09
In February, 1900	13,191 71
In May, 1900	2,325 90
In August, 1900	6,997 15
Total expenditures by council	$1,002,561 77
Leaving a balance in the construction fund of	$ 103,438 23

"It will be seen therefore that the board started to do business practically with $103,438.23 on hand.

"A resume was made of the business up to Nov. 1 of this year, at the request of President Duncan, it being impossible to make it Dec. 1 as the bills for the expenditures for November were in the hands of the council and were returned to me but Friday.

"Up to that date the board had expended for construction $74,609.63, leaving in the construction fund $28,828.60, to which should be added $1208.71 for material sold, a total of $30,037.31.

"Now, whatever the board has, in excess of this amount, of 'cash,' 'bills receivable' or 'operating materials' that are paid for, are certainly accumulations of the board. On Nov. 1 these were:'

Cash in water and light fund	$ 61,236 59
Cash on hand	306 77
Cash in contingent fund	300 00
Bills receivable and materials, store account	259 83
Bills receivable and materials, service extensions	665 38
Bills receivable and materials, water meters	1,700 56
Bills receivable and materials, lamps	1,028 07
Gas rates for past consumption	4,222 20
Water rates and annual past consumption	20,581 31
Water rates and meter past consumption	8,618 60
Coal and oil at pumping and gas works	2,405 58
Total cash assets Nov. 1	$102,324 89
Subtracting from this the balance shown above as being in contingent fund	$ 30,037 31
And we have as accumulations of the board	$72,287 58

"The last of this month there will be paid interest on construction bonds amounting to $27,500. The expenditures of the board will be very close to $15,500 for the months of November and December. The receipts and unpaid earnings of the two months will be about $31,000, so that on Jan. 1, 1901, with all debts paid the board will have in cash assets about $90,000, of which fully $65,000 has been accumulated by the board after paying all operating, maintaining and repairing bills and the interest on the bonds."

ESCHER WILL RECOVER.

New Haven, Dec. 24—Bewman Escher, of Chicago, the Yale freshman who fell sixty feet from Pierson hall, a college dormitory, last October, while trying to assist a fellow-classmate in the latter's effort to gain access to his room, was removed to his home in Chicago today. Physicians state that no permanent injury will result from the frightful fall.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce. Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

Skating..

MUSIC BY MINNESOTA K. P. BAND
AT THE WEST END RINK,
(Foot Twenty-first Avenue.)
CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON.
RACES IN THE EVENING.

THE NEWS TRIBUNE OF YESTERDAY

And today announced to its small list of subscribers that

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Will be the only department store open for business

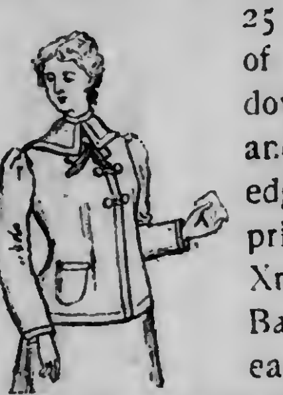
Christmas Forenoon From 8 to 12:30 o'Clock

Over our own signature we beg to announce that this store **will be open Christmas forenoon** and will offer to our many patrons the usual opportunity of exchanges, etc , combined with the following extraordinary—

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Christmas Forenoon Bargains.

Ladies' Dressing Sacques



25 doz Ladies' Dressing Sacques of absolutely All-Wool Eiderdown, trimmed with inch Satin and embroidered edges—regular price is $1.49—Xmas forenoon Bargain—each $1

Men's Suspenders.

50 dozen Men's Elastic Web Suspenders, with woven ends, adjustable slide and clasp detachment—our own regular price is 25c—Xmas forenoon bargain, 12½c or TWO PAIRS FOR 25c

Ladies' Hose.

2 cases Ladies' full seamless fleece lined black cotton Hose—at the Big Store—Xmas forenoon bargain—

5c pair

Xmas Candies.

Choice of following: American Mixed, Assorted Flavor Fruit Drops and Tablets, Chocolate Creams, Maple Sugar Caramels, Oval Cream Wafers, French Creams, Marshmallows, Fruit Peach Stones, Starlight Kisses and many others—none sell for less than 25c lb elsewhere—Xmas forenoon bargain

3 Pounds for 25c

Perfumes.

Choice of the high grade Ed Pinaud's, Colgate's and Woodworth's triple extracts in all odors—sold by other stores at 50c an ounce—Xmas forenoon bargain—

19c Per Ounce

CONCENTRATED
PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF
CASHMERE BOUQUET
COLGATE & COMPANY
NEW YORK

RUGS!

EXTRA.

250 Moquette and Velvet Rugs with fringed ends, and worth up to $1.98. Christmas forenoon bargain—

$1.00 each

Collarettes.

50 Electric Seal Collarettes with storm collar and cluster of tails, worth up to $3.49. Christmas forenoon bargain—

$1.98 each

Garters.

1000 pairs of Silk Garters with fancy buckles and in neat box, our own regular 50c and 75c kinds. Christmas forenoon bargain—

25c pair

Hat and Stick Pins.

Choice of 1000 Hat and Stick pins, assorted stone settings. Imitation pearl tops, gold plate tops—worth up to 25c. Christmas forenoon bargain—

5c each

Doll Carriages.

150 Doll Carriages with wood or steel wheels, on which our own regular prices have been 85c and 98c, Xmas forenoon 50c

Glass Vases—500 Assorted Vases in Imported Cut Glass—hand-painted blown glass and handsomely painted colored glass, on which our prices have been up to $1.98 each; Xmas Forenoon Bargain 25c

Ladies' Gloves....

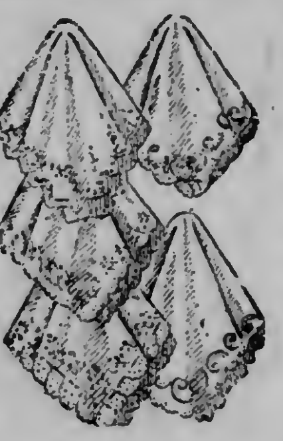
100 pairs Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, same as high priced stores charge 75c a pair for; Xmas Forenoon Bargain, 37½c per pair, or two pairs for 75c

"Reynier" Kid Gloves.

Every lady knows the "Reynier" are $2 00 gloves. Sizes 6¾, 7, 7¼ and 7½ left. Xmas Forenoon Bargain $1.25

Handkerchiefs.

125 dozen Ladies' hemstitched and Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs which are mussed and a bit soiled, Xmas Forenoon Bargain 4c



Bed Spreads.

1 case white crochet Bed Spreads — with Hemmed Ends on which our regular price is 85c; Christmas Forenoon Bargain—

49c each

A NEW ROLE.

The News Tribune Now Posing as the Champion of Labor.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Is the new departure made by the News Tribune—that of posing as the valiant defender of labor—due to disinterested motives, or is a result of the withdrawal of the advertising patronage of Duluth's leading department store?

As a matter of record, it has for years been the custom with nearly all the stores in the city—big and little—to keep open until noon Christmas day. Our announcement in The Herald is, therefore, no innovation, but simply following out the usual custom, which we had no reason to change, not having been approached on the subject by either our clerks or any of the labor organizations. We are personally opposed to opening any part of Christmas day, but our trade has demanded it. Hundreds of people receive presents Christmas eve from friends for whom they bought nothing, and our keeping open gives them a chance to reciprocate.

Then, again, we have husband and wife and brother and sister buying presents for the home, when it frequently happens both buy the same thing, but keeping open gives them an opportunity to exchange them.

If the News Tribune article fairly represents the sentiments of the labor officers named, it looks to us as if they were using organized labor to pull their chestnuts out of the fire. The article states that President Jones of the Trades' assembly said that organization would, at its meeting Monday night, denounce the store that proposed to keep open Tuesday forenoon. Is it the custom with labor organizations to denounce people before looking into the facts or giving them a chance to explain their position? Whether or not the custom of keeping open Christmas forenoon is reprehensible we shall not constitute ourselves the judges. But why should we alone—unless from personal or vindictive motives—be made the scapegoat for a custom which has been in vogue for years? Had the announcement of our opening appeared in the Sunday News Tribune in place of The Herald, we venture to state that the News Tribune would not be posing as the champion of labor, nor would the labor organizations have been asked to interfere.

Would it not be well for the labor assembly or the News Tribune to get the ministers of the gospel to denounce the merchants who advertise in the Sunday issue of the News Tribune? Many prominent mercantile houses never use the Sunday paper in consequence of its compelling a great many small boys as well as men to violate the written law regarding the seventh day of the week. It is a well-known fact, which can easily be verified, that in every movement towards shortening the hours of labor and closing holidays the Big Store has taken the initiative, independent of the action of our competitors.

Now, in reference to the committee who called on the three stores named in the News Tribune article, did they not have instructions to call on the fourth, Duluth's Big Store? Or was it the intention to leave us out in the cold? If so, it was unkind, as we would certainly have treated them pleasantly. One of the stores called on by the committee stated they would close all day, but not satisfied with that, they rush into print in another part of the paper, portraying the tired feelings of their employes, and posing as philanthropists. Another of the stores called on uses the old chestnut, "We will close if all the others do." Stand on your own feet, gentlemen; don't hide behind somebody else that's bigger than yourselves.

We want to reiterate that the News Tribune is imply using the three labor representatives as catspaws to accomplish its own ends. That paper never has and never will be a friend of labor while under its present regime. The Duluth Evening Herald is the only daily paper in which we advertise, hence the attack of the News Tribune upon us.

We thank the News Tribune for the free advertising it is giving us, and are only sorry its circulation is so small.

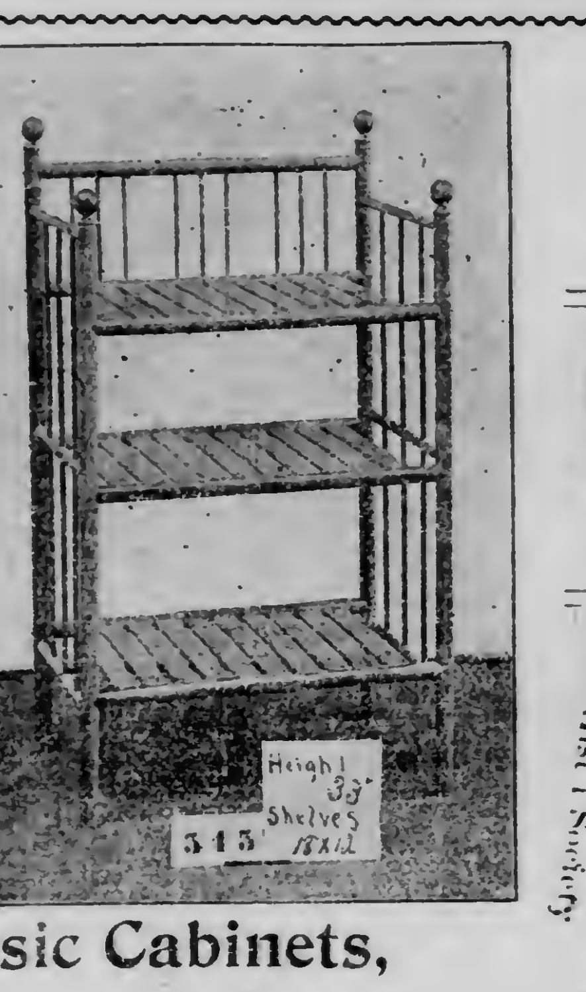
The Big Store will be open until 12:30 noon Christmas day.

PANTON & WHITE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS



95 cents. 95 cents.

These Music Cabinets, 95c
Mahogany finish or Oak.

These articles are well made and nicely finished, and are the sort you find priced at from $2.00 to $2.25 in the ordinary store.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

FOR RENT Building No. 22 East Superior Street. Three floors and subbasement. Steam heat, freight elevator. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

MONEY TO LOAN.

....G. H. GRAVES & CO....
Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BL'K.
Telephone 755.
N Call 4.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Von Suessmilch & Costello,
DENTISTS
Best Work.
Reasonable Charges.
HUNTER BLOCK.
31 West Superior Street.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—
215 W. Superior St.

Cheap Lots in West Duluth.
Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
Snap—Fine House, Woodland Park.

BARGAINS OFFERED:

Fine lot on Second street, near post office—Nice corner, East Fourth street—Houses and lots where you want them.

OFFICES: Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg.
Merchants Bank Building, West Duluth.
CONSOLIDATED STOCK FOR SALE

BOOKS! BOOKS! If you want reliable Xmas Books come to a Book Store—
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,
323 West Superior Street.

We Wish You a
Merry Christmas!
15 Second Ave. West.
Zenith 'Phone 356.
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN IN OLD RELIABLE MILLIONAIRE COMPANIES ONLY. ACCURATE and PROMPT IN WRITING POLICIES
'Phones—
Day 406
Night 619-2
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
Providence Building.

HAPPY NEW YEAR
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NEW RESOLUTIONS....

Are in order and among them don't fail to include on counting us in on your plumbing work the coming year. Not price alone, but price and quality make the value of our work and every transaction with us means satisfaction guaranteed at lowest possible cost.

FARRELL & TURNBULL
Zenith 'Phone 612. 125 East Superior St.

CHINA HAS THE NOTE

The Powers' Envoys Hand Their Joint Billet Deaux to Prince Ching.

TO REPLY PROMPTLY

Ching Says That China Will Not Delay In the Matter.

Pekin, Dec. 25.—The preliminary joint note was delivered today to the Chinese. Li Hung Chang found that he was unable to attend the meeting of the ministers, and his credentials and those of Prince Ching were presented by the latter to the foreign envoys.

Prince Ching, replying to the Spanish minister, Senor B. J. Cologan, who presented the note, said he would immediately communicate its contents to the emperor and assured the ministers that a speedy reply was the desire of the court, as it felt that all China wants is peace and prosperity.

Paris, Dec. 25.—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Pekin says: The ministers assembled at the residence of Senor B. J. DeCologan, the Spanish minister and the doyen of the diplomatic corps, and received Prince Ching, to whom the Spanish minister handed the joint note of the powers. Li Hung Chang, who is still ill, asked to be excused. Prince Ching said:

"I have the honor to accept the note concerning the re-establishment of good relations, and will transmit it immediately to the emperor and communicate to you his reply as soon as received."

INVITATIONS

Out For Marriage to One Man But She Wedded Another.

Paoli, Ind., Dec. 25.—Lemuel Jones, of this place, son of Rev. James Jones, brother of ex-Sheriff Lynn Jones, and himself, until recently deputy sheriff of this county, and Miss Lura Trueblood, adopted daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Henry Trueblood, of Sullivan, Ill., were married Dec. 17.

Miss Lura was an adopted daughter of the Truebloods, and she and Jones were engaged, but this was violently opposed by Mr. and Mrs. Trueblood, who removed from here to Illinois, and thus hoped by the separation of the lovers to break off the engagement. After their removal to Illinois Miss Lura visited in St. Louis, where she met a wealthy gentleman, a cousin of her adopted mother, who also became a suitor for her hand. Her adopted parents decided that she should marry him, although she was much opposed to the proposed marriage. The arrangements for the marriage were proceeded with and cards of invitation were printed and distributed without Miss Lura's knowedge, it is said. Cards were received by friends here, and one of them was shown to Mr. Jones. Sunday morning Mr. Jones took the morning train for Illinois, and when he arrived at the home of his sweetheart, and descended from the train he saw the adopted parents boarding the same train on their way to attend a meeting in an adjoining town, but luckily they did not see him. Mr. Jones went to a hotel, his sweetheart soon joined him and they were married. They wired her parents of the fact and then came on here.

WILL NOT TAKE CHECKS.

Sarah Bernhardt Insists on Being Paid In Cash.

New York, Dec. 25.—Sarah Bernhardt stage financial methods have already been the subject of comment, but she seems perfectly satisfied, although she is approaching the end of a long career with little or no fortune, although millions have pased through her hands. From one manager, with whom she has been associated for many years in this country and abroad, she has received $1,000,000.

She has her own ideas on business, and one of them is that she shall always be paid in cash. Checks are apparently worthless to her, as she refuses to accept them under any circumstances. Every morning at 10 o'clock her compensation for the night before is brought to her hotel and she expects it always in currency.

During the early part of her engagement here the fact that the cash would be necessary the next morning was entirely overlooked and it was not until after the matinee on the first Saturday that the difficulty of complying with the actress' condition became apparent. She acted twice on that day and was to receive $1000 for each performance. No such sum had come into the box office, as generally all the tickets are sold in advance and all that remains to be disposed of is the standing room. The agent therefore had to face the problem of collecting $2000 before 10 o'clock the next morning. The only way to do this was to borrow the cash from the other theaters under the contract of the same manager, and a committee started out to collect all the money available. The amount consisted principally of $1 and $2 bills. Mme. Bernhardt did not mind that.

TRAINS ARE RUNNING.

Railroad Service Between Cape Town and De Aar Restored.

Cape Town, Dec. 24.—Regular railway service between Cape Town and DeAar has been restored. The report of the destruction of a bridge south of DeAar turns out to be incorrect; only a culvert was damaged. Trains are runing from De Aar to Kimberley irregularly. There are considerable delays elsewhere as the result of heavy rains.

APPEAL TO M'KINLEY

The Armenian Revolutionary Federation Calls His Attention to Armenia's Woes.

AMERICA THEIR HOPE

Claim a Right to Aid From the Champion of Freedom.

Boston, Dec. 25.—At a convention of representatives of the American Revolutionary Federation, the following resolution, which was telegraphed to President McKinley, was adopted:

"Boston, Dec. 25. To His Excellency, William McKinley, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: The committee of the American Revolutionary Federation of this country, in their annual convention assembled in Boston, unanimously congratulate you upon your re-election to the presidency of the United States and invite your excellency's kind attention to the deplorable condition which our people in America are perishing and will soon be exterminated, if a powerful hand does not come to the rescue of such a nation, which has been the champion of civilization for centuries in Asia Minor.

"In the present complicated situation of European diplomacy, the United States is the only nation that has been unselfish and neutral in Oriental affairs, and yet a friend for suppfering people, the only nation which can terrorize the great sultan and his bloodthirsty followers to save the remainder of their victims from immediate bloodshed.

"Our fathers and brothers gave their lives for the sake of their country and we are ready to fall into their places, but in this struggle have we not the right to expect assistance from this great country, which founded its existence upon revolution and has the inheritance of liberty from Washington and Lincoln?

"Please accept our sincere wishes and assurances of our highest regard."

BRITISH ARE WHISTLING.

Resort to Old Device to Keep Up Courage.

New York, Dec. 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The English Christmas comes this year with holly and mistletoe, but with no rue. The work in South Africa is unfinished, but there is no sense of humiliation in the unexpected reverses, and no bewilderment over the holding up of the British army at the three points of attack and the failure to accept the relief of the starving garrisons.

The news from the theater of war is meager, and what there is points to a gradual breaking down of resources in the Boer resistance. It is mainly a problem of remounts and relays of horses. The infantry can not bring the war to a close by sitting tight on the railways and in the chief towns. The Boer guerrillas must be hunted down, and this can be done only by supplying the mounted force with droves of horses for riding hard and fast over the veldt. The war office has never been able to comprehend the necessity for purchasing horses on an unprecedented scale for operations in South Africa.

No intelligence has been received from Kitchener recently, and private advices indicate that railway and telegraphic communication between Cape Town and the North has been suspended, partly by the operations of the Boer raiders and partly by the heavy rains, and this fact may account for the silence of the wires. Considerable anxiety as to the situation in Cape Colony is still said to prevail in military circles in Cape Town, but here there is the fullest confidence in the ability of Lord Kitchener, who is now on the spot, to crush the marauding commandoes. The Boers are not in sufficient strength to seriously interfere with the British lines of communication, and any damage that they may have done to railway and telegraph lines will, no doubt, be quickly repaired.

LEFT AT THE ALTAR.

Fireman Rushed Out When an Alarm Sounded.

Lebanon, Pa., Dec. 25.—Only an instant did Charles J. Stahley waver between love and duty when, as he and pretty Annie L. Biever, standing before Rev. Dr. T. E. Schmauk, were about to be joined in wedock, the fire alarm sounded.

Stahley is driver for the Good Will Steam Fire Engine company, and had won the love of the youngest daughter of Amos H. Biever, president of the select council. They had decided on a quiet, unostentatious wedding, and in order that no one might know in advance of the event, he did not make a request of the fire company for leave of absence. Without exciting any attention, the young couple reached Salem church shortly after 7 o'clock last evening. Dr. Schmauk was there, ready to tie the knot, and as no time was to be lost, the couple stood before him. The opening words of the ceremony had been spoken by the minister, when the groom was startled by the first sound of the fire alarm. Instantly he realized that there was no one at his post to drive. Excusing himself to the bride and minister, he left the church, and was on a record-breaking run to the engine house. In a twinkling the horses were in their places and leaping into his seat Stahley was guiding the dashing team on its run to the scene of the fire, which was in the Hathway Park residence of ex-Common Councilman O. C. Boyd.

While the apparatus was returning to the engine house after the fire, Stahley surrendered his post to one of his comrades, and returning to the church, the ceremony was performed, this time without interruption.

PAUL PERKS UP.

London, Dec. 25.—"Since the Nooitgedacht affair," says the correspondent of the Daily Mail at The Hague, "Mr. Kruger has become stiffnecked. He now scornfully rejects all private suggestions in the nature of peace overtures."

HAVE SAME AILMENTS

Bond of Sympathy Between Twins Separated By Miles of Space.

IN MENTAL ACCORD

So Much Alike That Their Mother Cannot Tell Them Apart.

St. Louis, Dec. 25.—City hospital physicians are puzzled over the case of Jacob and Benjamin Evans, twins so near alike that even their mother sometimes mistakes one for the other. Like the famous Corsican brothers, a bond of sympathy exists between them which not only throwns them into mental accord when one is deeply affected for joy or sorrow, but which even affects their physical being and welfare.

When one is depressed in mind by some grievance the other soon becomes morose though they may be miles apart, and though there is no environing reason for the sadness of the brother, influenced at a distance by the mysterious power which seems to link their lives together through space as effectually as if they were joined by the marrow which chained together the lives of the Siamese twins.

When one of the brothers has an ache or a pain the other is almost certain to experience it either simultaneously or very soon after, no matter whether they be near or whether long distance intervene.

Jacob is a few hours older than Benjamin, and usually assumes the age prerogative of becoming ill first, and then Ben is afflicted in a similar manner within a few hours.

Last week Benjamin Evans visited Kansas City, leaving his brother, mother and aunt at their home, 2813 Scott avenue. While he was still in the city of the Kaw, over 200 miles from St. Louis, Jacob complained that he felt sick. The next day he got a letter from his brother stating that he would not remain longer in Kansas City, as he expected, because he had become sick with aches and pains, and would return home Saturday. Jacob remarked to his mother that it made no difference how far apart they got they both seemed to suffer the same way at the same time.

Benjamin arrived home so sick that he wished to go immediately to bed, and upon arriving at home found that his brother was already laid up with symptoms almost dpulicating those which he experienced. The physician who had been treating Jacob examined Benjamin and pronounced his case also one of malaria. They were placed in the same room to be given the same treatment, but, growing worse, on Monday they were removed to the City hospital, where they are now confined.

When seen there they related some of their experiences, which tend to show that a bond of sympathy exists between them so strong that if one should die the other would likely follow.

Even when they were boys the peculiar influence made itself manifest on more than one occasion.

Jacob ran into the mumps, as a boy will, and he had a swollen face that made him resemble a full moon. But Benjamin was not to be outdone, even if he was visiting his aunt in the country.

The mumps came over the invisible means of communication, and when his relatives wrote home to the folks they remarked that Bennie had the mumps badly.

Then Benjamin contracted the measles, one of the few times in his life when he has got ahead of his brother in the matter of first show of disease. Jacob was taken away from his family to prevent his catching the disease, but it was the same old story.

In each case they were afflicted together and got well about the same time. Each can tell how the other is progressing by the barometer of self.

Both believe that when one dies the other will not survive more than a few hours, if that long, and consequently they are more than anxious as to each other's good health.

When their aunt called at the City hospital she said that the present case is only a sample of what has occurred throughout the lives of the young men, who are only 24 years old. She relates many stories tending to show the affinity in more ways than one, though nothing has occurred to indicate that a message has ever been transmitted between them through space.

"Our case greatly resembles the Corsican brothers," said Benjamin Evans as he lay on his cot at the City hospital. "Whenever one has an ailment or an affliction the other is sure to follow suit in short order, as though it traveled through the air from one to the other. It has been this way since we were children, and there seems to be no lessening of the force now that we have grown to maturity. I cannot explain it, and, though the doctors have examined us to see if they could tell how the causes which influence one should affect the other, they are also at a loss."

HARVARD GRADUATE.

Who Made a Fortune "Shaving Notes" Now a Recluse.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, Dec. 25.—Ypsilanti Smith, who years ago came to this city from Harvard law school and entered the practice of law with the firm of West & Walker, is now, at the age of 73 years, dying from exposure at the home of a relative, near Fletcher in Miami county.

Recently Smith had made his home in Miami county, living the life of a recluse, although his wealth was variously estimated at from $15,000 to $60,000. He seldom went out of the house and lived alone in a very meager way, his only companion being a cat.

Many stories of his early practice of law in this county are being told, and the shaving of notes accounts for his wealth. He was very eccentric, and these eccentricities grew upon him so that he finally gave up the practice of law. Ypsilanti Smith is generally known among the older residents of this part of the state as he used to go about on foot making loans.

MURDER AT SOLWAY.

Thomas Hoy Married One Day and Stabbed the Next.

Bemidji, Minn., Dec. 25.—Thomas Hoy, cousin of the Minneapolis detective, was stabbed to death Sunday night at Solway by an unknown assailant. He was married Saturday at Bemidji to Miss Clara Bagley. The coroner is investigating.

NEW MINISTER.

Yokohama, Dec. 25.—Gen. Keoma, governor of France, has been appointed minister of war, replacing Minister Kathura, who has resigned.

THINK IT IS CLEVER

London Journal Exults Over British Firm's Deal With the Cramps.

JANITORS IN CHARGE

Are Holding Down Cabinet Ministers' Office Chairs During Holidays.

New York, Dec. 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The Express looks upon Vickers & Maxim's arrangement with the Cramp Shipbuilding company as a tremendous stroke of British enterprise. The company will, it declares, be only the ostensible head of the Cramp company, which will be virtually a British concern, and will build American warships for the benefit of British shareholders.

This newspaper, in another column, at the same time appeals to Englishmen to wake up and save the threatened industries of the country.

The Times, dealing with the same subject, concludes that there is urgent need for a thorough national system of technical and commercial axonination.

The public office at White Hall has been left under charge of janitors and night clerks and the cabinet ministers entertaining family parties in their country houses during the holidays. How large will be the cabinet council at Hatfield is uncertain; probably it will not exceed three members. Lansdown is at Bowwood with a large company. Tre duke of Devonshire is at Chatsworth with a big shooting party. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is at Colon St. Aldwyne, in Cloucestershide, and Chamberlain is at Highbury, as he was five years ago when the holiday recreation was interrupted by tidings of the Jameson raid and he was brought back to London in hot haste by a special train. The soldier of fortune who then menaced his peace of mind is now reading French novels on the Bay of Biscay in the first reaches of his voyages to Cape Town. Dr. Jameson has slipped out of London quietly and has taken passage for South Africa.

The American ambassador will have a family party at Carlton House Terrace, Secretary Henry White will entertain his colleague, Ridgley Carter, and other guests at Wilton. The aval attache has recovered from a long illness but is unable to get out of town for Christmas. Richard Crocker is not a diplomatic personage and his holiday recreations can only be surmised. It is reported that he is recruiting his health and talking about horses at his country home and is not concerned over the onslaught made by Governor Roosevelt upon his friends in the district attorney's office.

QUEEN'S BEEF.

The Time-Honored Big Christmas Roast Served at Windsor Castle.

New York, Dec. 25.—A dispatch to the World, from London says: London is luxuriating in a foggy, damp and miserable Christmas. Nevertheless, not for many years has Christmas business of all kinds been so brisk or expenditures so lavish among the well-to-do classes, despite the war and heavy taxation, indicating that the wave of industrial prosperity is still mounting.

Queen Victoria has a large family gathering at Osborne, including many of her great grandchildren. The queen has not benefited apreciably by the change to the mild air of the Isle of Wight, and she only takes one short drive before lunch each day, in a closed carriage.

At Windsor castle, has just been carried out the three-centuries-old custom of roasting a 200-pound baron of beef from the queen's prime steers. It takes ten or twelve hours to cook the beef before a huge fire, consuming a half ton of coal, fifty loads of firewood and 200 huge billets of dried wood. The baron of beef was taken to Osborne to be placed on the queen's sideboard, with the royal monogram and a Christmas motto artistically executed upon it in shredded horse radish.

The queen touches the monster joint before Christmas day luncheon with a knife and then it is cut up by the chief butler and all the household, from the royal guests down to the scullions, have luncheon off it.

The prince of Wales has a family party at Sandringham, but he returns to London on Wednesday, as Christmas festivities bore him.

Lord Salisbury has his family around him at Hatfield house, including the first lord of the treasury, Alfred Balfour, the president of the board of trade, Gerald Balfour, the first lord of the admiralty, Salborne, and under secretary for foreign affairs, Cranborne. Thus the premier makes good the joke made by Lord Rosebery, who said that the country could feel assured that, if any crisis arose at Christmas tide, the effective side of the cabinet would all have their legs under the same mahogany at Hatfield.

DECORATIONS BY FRANCE.

Walsh's Name on List Surprises the Commissioners.

Paris, Dec. 25.—The list of Americans to whom the French government has accorded decorations on account of their services in regard to the exposition of 1900 is about to be annoucned. Nominations for the legion 'dhonneur are the only ones that really count. The list will include about thirty names, among them those of Commissioners De Young of California, Thomas F. Walsh, Cyrus F. McCormick of Chicago, Lieut. Baker of the United States navy, and Maj. Brackett.

Mr. Walsh's appointment causes some surprise among the American commissioners, who voted that the name of the president, Mr. De Young, should be proposed for the honor. Thomas F. Walsh's name, however, is presented by Senator Monis, minister of justice, who, with his wife, was an assiduous attendant at the superb social entertainments given by Mr. and Mrs. Walsh at the Elysee Palace hotel last summer.

PRISONER SUICIDES.

New York, Dec. 25.—Obrecht Reiber, a prisoner charged with attempted felonious assault, committed suicide in his cell in the West Twentieth street station house last night by hangign himself with his handkerchief.

CHOW CHOW REGISTERS.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 25.—Crown Prince Chowfa Maha Vajiravudh, of Siam, has arrived here from the west.

LARGE SUM DEMANDED

The Powers Ask Two Hundred Million Dollars From China.

THAT IS THE LIMIT

Religious Bodies and Merchants May Claim More But Will Not Get It.

Washington, Dec. 25.—Two hundred million dollars is the maximum sum the powers demand of China as indemnity for the Boxer outrages, yet the claims to be made by natives and individuals are likely to be many times that amount. The United States army had a deficiency of $11,000,000 for the transportation and army supplies, and most of that is charged against China. Article 6 of the agreement signed by the foreign ministers in Pekin, which requires the payment by China of 'equitable indemnities,' is of a very sweeping character.

The indemnity to be paid to the government is in the nature of the expenditures incurred in dispatching and maintaining troops in China, and may be made to include sums paid to the heirs of those killed in action or to those who received wounds during engagements incident to the capture of Pekin. The total losses of the allied forces defending the legations were 67 killed and 219 wounded, and many Chinese in the employ of missionaries and the legations lost their lives.

An idea of the indemnity to be demanded for the expenses of the several military expeditions may be obtained from this table showing the strength of the allies:

	Men.
Russia, brought from Siberia	48 509
Japan (transported from Japan)	22,573
Germany (mostly brought from Germany) forty-four guns and	15,300
Great Britain, brought from Hong Kong and India	8,746
United States, dispatched from the Philippines and the United States	5,618
France, sent to the north from Cochin-China	5,378
Italy, transported from Italy	1,000
Austria, landed from its warships	294

The societies named in the agreement are the religious bodies which maintained missionaries in China, many of whom were killed. They will want not only heavy sums to indemnify the heirs of those killed, but to solace those who were insulted, and also to cover damage done in the destruction of mission property. Many merchants suffered losses in consequence of the outrages. The American legation in Pekin was owned by Col. Charles Denby, Mr. Conger's predecessor, and the other legations were owned by foreigners or foreign governments.

Administration officials believe the amount demanded should not be more than $200,000,000, and that in case of inability properly to distribute the indemnity the matter should be brought to the attention of The Hague court of arbitration. In case, however, it should develop that it is impossible to agree on a reasonable sum than this government will urge the immediate reference of the whole indemnity question to a court of five jurists, to be selected from those members of The Hague tribunal nominated by countries whose interests were not largely affected by the Chinese trouble. There are sixteen nations signatory to The Hague treaty, ten only of whom were involved in the Chinese trouble. The remaining ones are Denmark, Sweden and Norway, the Netherlands, Roumania and Portugal.

Speaking of the terms formulated and signed by the foreign ministers in Pekin and ready now for presentation to China, Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, said: "The demands are hard, but China is disposed to meet the powers half way in bringing about an early settlement. There will be no delay in imperial action. There is a telegraph line between Pekin and Si-an Fu, where the imperial court is established, so that the agreement as soon as presented to Prince Ching and Earl Li Hung Chang will be telegraphed at once to the emperor. I am sorry that the efforts of the United States to remove the word 'irrevocable' from the agreement were not crowned with success, but I hope that the powers will not be inclined to interpret that word in its strictest sense."

PUTS IT ON DEVERY.

New York Tammany Vice Committee Gets After Chief.

New York, Dec. 25.—The Tammany committee of five at a meeting held yesterday issued a statement that Chief of Police Devery could rid the city of vice in two hours if he chose.

They further say they will present facts to the grand jury in the event of no immediate action being taken by the police.

Chairman Nixon presided at the meeting. Several members of the police department appeared before the committee and said that places mentioned in the list given to Chief Devery by Chairman Nixon were closed. The majority of the places were gambling dens and disorderly houses.

Chairman Nixon said: "I am satisfied by what I have found that the chief of police could close every gambling house and pool room in the city in a few hours. Our motive is to show that these places are not protected by the Tammany organization, and further that to show that a system which has existed during this and the preceding administration can be stopped if the police department can be induced to act. A single headed commission with power can remedy existing abuses, not only for a time, but permanently."

NEW STEAMER ROUTE.

From Tacoma to Liverpool Via the Suez Canal.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 25.—The British ship Glenlocky, now in the harbor, is to establish a precedent in the exportation of Pacific coast wheat.

She is loaded with 211,168 bushels in sacks, and will sail for Liverpool via the Suez canal, being the first steam vessel to go from Tacoma to Europe over that route with wheat. There is a difference in favor of the Cape Horn route of 1800 miles, but the price of fuel at the coaling ports in South America is so much higher that it is believed that it will be economy to steam the additional 1800 miles. The Glenlocky will coal in Japan and at Port Said, which latter place she expects to reach in sixty days or less.

QUAKE AT SANTIAGO.

Santiago De Cuba, Dec. 25.—The second earthquake experienced by this district within a month occurred yesterday. The shocks were at first scarcely perceptible, but they increased steadily and the last was the most severe known for many years in this region. Some damage was done in the poor quarter and one child was badly injured by the falling tile. The people of the city have a deadly fear of seismic disturbances, owing to the destruction of a cathedral long ago. Many of them now predict an early disaster because of the two earthquakes that have visited Santiago within thirty days.

VICTIM OF HURLEY DEN

Chicago Witnesses the Last Scene in a Most Shocking Tragedy.

SAD FATE OF A GIRL

Lured to Den of Shame and Ends Her Life in a River.

Chicago, Dec. 25.—A tragedy growing out of the vice of the notorious dens of Hurley, Wis., ended here Saturday, when the body of Honora Benton, a young woman of Leesville, Ind., was quietly buried. Miss Benton, who was a country girl, was to have been married to a young man living in Portland, Ind., two weeks ago. She left her home on Dec. 5 to join her future husband in Portland. But she never reached the Indiana town.

Thursday her dead body was found in the river near Hurley, Wis., in the neighborhood of one of the dives common in the lumber woods of northern Wisconsin and Michigan. She escaped from slavery by death.

A young man whom Miss Benton met on the train on her way to Portland was the cause of her ruin and death. Miss Benton, who had never traveled before, asked the young man to tell her where she should change cars. He promised to see her safely to her destination, and at the supposed transfer point he procured her some lunch and a cup of coffee. She drank the coffee and knew no more until she came to in a Chicago depot.

Her ruin in Chicago and imprisonment in the den in Hurley followed She succeeded in getting two letters to her relatives, and every effort was being made to rescue her, but she despaired of escape from the life into which she had been betrayed and committeed suicide by drowning at the first opportunity. The Chicago detective force is trying to capture the young man, who is thought to be a professional procurer for the Hurley dives.

Two days after Miss Benton's disappearance her lover in Portland received a letter from her, written in Chicago. The letter said that when Miss Benton awoke from the sleep induced by the drug the young man told her that the coffee had made him sleepy also, and that both had been carried past Portland to Chicago. He told her how sorry he was, and suggested that he would take her to a good hotel, where she could stay until morning, as there was no train back to Portland that night. She could go back in the morning, he told her. Still trusting him, Miss Benton allowed him to take her to a "hotel," which was described as being somewhere on Clark street. There the young man accomplished her ruin.

Finding a scrap of paper in the dresser, Miss Benton succeeded the next day in writing a letter in the absence of the woman who was placed to guard her, telling her lover of all that had happened, and ending with this appeal:

"Do save me from this man. I thought he was a gentleman. He says now that I am married to him and that tomorrow he is going to take me to a town in Wisconsin called Hurley. He tells the people here that I am his wife. There is a policeman who comes here. I told him and he laughed and said I would feel all right in a few days. The woman who waits on me says I am crazy, but it is enough to make anyone mad, what this man has done to me. This place is on Clark street. They do say such nasty things here. Dear, dear Jess, do save me! Your unfortunote Honora."

The lover responded to the plea of his unfortunate fiancee. He wrote to the only relative he had in Chicago, a workingman of the name of Murphy, inclosing the letter and imploring him to rescue the girl.

Being ignorant of Chicago, he thought that the rescue could be easily accomplished. He also wrote to Miss Benton's uncle in Leesville, with whom she had made her home since the death of her parents in early girlhood, telling them of what had befallen his niece. This uncle is poor, and did not have means to make an active search.

Murphy did all he could to find the girl. Capt. Colleran was notified, and a detective was detailed on the case. Murphy went to several dives on South Clark street in company with the detective, but in the third dive they visited the proprietor told them that they had heard they were coming, and Murphy gave up the search in that quarter, thinking that all the keepers had been notified. Reference to the postmark on the envelope showed that the letter had been mailed from Lincoln park substation, and an unavailing search was made along North Clark street.

Murphy finally telegraphed to the sheriff at Hurley, giving Miss Benton's description and telling him that she had probably been taken there by a procurer. The sheriff was asked to answer at Murphy's expense, but he failed to answer the telegram. Two days later a second telegram was sent to the sheriff.

The search dragged along in Chicago while Miss Benton was being subjected to all the horrors of the life in the dens hidden in the lumber woods. Again the unfortunate woman tried to reach her relatives by letter. This time she wrote to the uncle in Leesville, telling him where she was and of the life which she was forced to live.

She said that she thought she saw a possibility of escape to the river, and if she succeeded in getting away she would drown herself. Evidently she thought her lover had forsaken her in her extremity, and despaired both of escape and of happiness in the future.

Miss Benton's uncle lost no time in going to Hurley. He found the den in which his niece had been held, in the woods several miles from the town, but she was reported as missing by the proprietor. The river was dragged, and the body of Miss Benton was found. The Hurley authorities did nothing. The body was prepared for burial on order of the uncle and shipped to Chicago for interment. Miss Benton was within two months of being twenty-one years of age when she ended her life. She was to have inherited $2000 on her twenty-first birthday.

Chicago is the headquarters for the men and women who ply the vocation of furnishing women for the dives. Many are secured through innocent advertisements for waitresses and chambermaids, and do not know of the trap into which they have fallen until they find themselves prisoners and slaves in some low dive in the region of Hurley, Marinette, Rembina, Iron Mountain and other towns in the lumber and iron regions of the Northern Peninsula. Escape is difficult.

A GOOD STORY

A certain young lady in delicate health was advised by her doctor to take a half-teaspoonful of Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil after dinner—once a day—and found herself almost suddenly growing robust.

So small a dose is by no means the rule; the rule is whatever the stomach will bear—not more. Another rule is: take it on every least occasion, but not too much; don't overdo it.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

A COMMON ERROR

The Same Mistake Is Made By Many Duluth People.

IT'S A COMMON ERROR TO PLASTER THE ACHING BACK, TO RUB WITH LINIMENT RHEUMATIC JOINTS, WHEN THE TROUBLE COMES FROM THE KIDNEYS. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE ALL KIDNEY ILLS, AND ARE ENDORSED BY DULUTH CITIZENS.

Mr. Fred Hicks, of 412 Fourth street, east, engaged in the shoe business, says: "I have had trouble all my life with my kidneys, the result of a nervous difficulty from which I suffer. Often severe, heavy aching pain existed across the small of my back, and it was accompanied with irregularity and unnatural condition of the kidney secretions. I tried everything in my power to check the trouble but was unsuccessful until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at the Duluth Drug Company. I tried that remedy like I had tried a score in the past, with little expectation of receiving any benefit. I was surprised at the results, and although I do not expect to become absolutely clear of kidney trouble, I have at least found a preparation upon which I can depend to bring relief when I appeal to it."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

NEW ERA GRAFTED ON.

Almost Impossible to Tell Where Connection Was Made.

Chicago, Dec. 25.—Herbert Daniels, of Valentine, Neb., came to Chicago a few days ago minus part of one ear, which had been bitten off in a fight. This week Daniels will return with a new ear grafted on, and it is almost impossible to tell where the connection was made.

Daniels read of a successful operation made on Felix Mauchet, who was given a new hand by Dr. Prescott, and he hastened to Chicago in time ti furnish four inche of skin from his arm to be grafted upon Mauchet. Daniels concluded to have a new ear. The stub end of his ear had healed perfectly and had to be thoroughly bared again in order to give it life when grafting began. When this had been accomplished skin from Daniels' neck was taken, formed into the proper shape and then grafted firmly to the skin back of the ear.

This has healed entirely, and will be cut out in a day or two, making the ear as good as it was before the accident.

GIRL A NERVOUS WRECK.

Result of Nagging By a Spiteful Teacher.

Xenia, Ohio, Dec. 25.—Grave charges have been filed with the school board of this city against Miss Mary Wilgus, teacher of mathematics and assistant principal of the Central High school. W. F. Orr, a prominent attorney, says that Miss Wilgus is directly responsible for the serious mental and physical condition of his daughter, Miss Viola, a pretty 18-year-old girl, who until a couple of weeks ago was one of the brightest pupils of the Xenia high school.

Mr. Orr claims that his daughter's trouble has been brought about by a spite which Miss Wilgus held toward her, the girl being retarded in her studies, her grades reduced, and that she was constantly nagged at in a thousand different ways, until she became a nrvous wreck beneath the strain. When the girl's forbearance at last ceased and she told her teachr that she could not stand it any longer, Miss Wilgus suspended her, but an investigation by the board resulted in her being promptly reinstated. Mr. Orr does not now ask for a reinstatement of his daughter, as the result cannot be remedied in that way, but he asks that Miss Wilgus be not re-employed, and says that if she is he "will prosecute her in the courts, both civilly and criminally." A rigid investigation is being demanded. Miss Orr's condition at this time is such as to excite the greatest sympathy.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

CABLE FLASHES.

Thirty cars, forming part of the United States government exhibit at the recent exposition, were suddenly laid under embargo yesterday at Havre, the railway company declining to surrender them pending payment of a claim of 5710 francs. This extraordinary action, seriously delaying the departure of the United States auxiliary cruiser Prairie from Havre for New York with the government exhibits, was made the subject of a formal protest to the French government by United States Ambassador Porter. The company basis its claim on demurrage charges on freight in the cars when the goods were brought to the exposition for installation.

Gen. Reginald Pole-Carew, who has returned from South Africa, will marry Lady Beatrice Frances Elizabeth, elder daughter of the marquis of Ormonde. He is 51 years of age and she is under 25.

KERRIGAN HELD.

Philadelphia, Dec. 25.—The coroner yesterday investigated the death of Edward Sanford, professionally known as Joe Barr, who died in a hospital Saturday night after a boxing match with Joseph Kerrigan, at the Athletic club of Philadelphia. The jury rendered a verdict that Sanford's death was due to hemorrhage of the brain. Kerrigan was held to await the action of the grand jury. The referee, seconds and others arrested Saturday night, were discharged.

Christmas Books.
You will find the best assortment at Lundberg & Stone's, 223 West Superior street.

BURIED IN QUAGMIRE

Awful Experience of a Well Known Sporting Man in Virginia.

FOUND BY FRIENDS

When His Chin Was Only Four Inches Above the Water.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 25.—Patrick McDonough, a well-known sporting man, barely missed dying a miserable death Saturday, buried to his armpits in a quagmire, near Cudl's Neck, on James river. A party of Richmonders left here on a yacht three days ago for a duck hunt. Saturday morning before daylight three of the party landed from the yacht to take stations in a swamp to shoot ducks.

About 8:30 o'clock Mr. McDonough got lost from the others. It was snowing rapidly, and, after hunting for him until noon, Capt. White, of the yacht, and Mr. Mallory began firing guns from the deck of the vessel.

After some time an indistinct answering call was heard. More guns were fired, and the boat pushed on in the direction of the sounds. When the latter became more distinct Mr. Mallory landed, and guided by cries for "Help," he soon came within sight of Mr. McDonough.

He found him up to his armpits in mud and immediately took measures to save him.

The tide was in and the water about knee deep, but he gained a footing on a small island in the marsh, broke down a young sapling, and, swimming out to Mr. McDouough, placed it in his hands. He then returned to the island and, gaining a foothold, soon succeeded in dislodging the prisoner. The latter was so thoroughly frozen that he practically had to be dragged to the boat. Once on the yacht he was stripped and rubbed, restoratives were applied and he was soon in an improving condition. At 3 o'clock the party set out on their return trip and arrived Sunday morning.

Mr. McDouough says that after he got lost from his friends he kept on hunting, killing ducks rapidly. Before the tide was in he crossed over to the island above mentioned and, after hunting awhile, started back. The water by this time had risen considerably and he could not discover the point at which he had crossed over, and took the trip back at a venture.

He got stuck in the mud about 9 o'clock, and for over four hours was held a prisoner. He says that his strength was rapidly leaving him when he heard the gun, and by the time he was hauled out he was nearly exhausted. The water was within four inches of his mouth, and a few moments more would have settled his fate.

When he was carried to the boat he was purple all over, and his chattering teeth could be heard some distance off. Mr. McDonough is ill from his experience, but is slowly recovering.

WANTS BIG DAMAGES.

Anaconda Company Suss Clark and Colusa-Parrot Company.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 25.—A suit for $1,075,000 has been brought in the United States court in Butte by the Anaconda Mining company against W. A. Clark and the Colusa-Parrot Mining & Smelting company. The suit is based on damages alleged to have been sustained by the Anaconda company by reason of trespass committed by the defendants on the ore bodies which were involved in the noted case tried in the United States court a year ago, and which was decided in favor of the Anaconda company by Judge Knowles.

The case involved only the ownership of the vein designated as the Blue Vein, and no claim was made at that time for damages on account of the ore taken. The suit now brought for damages is based on ore taken not only from the blue vein, but also from the main Anaconda vein, designated as the red vein, which runs through end lines of the Anaconda claim and dips south into the Colusa-Parrot ground.

See young man that thou takest the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea, made by the Madison Medicine Co., if thou likest thy fair face. 35c. Ask your druggist.

FILIPINO FEDERALS.

Will Form New Organization and Work For Peace.

Manilla, Dec. 25.—The federal party has decided upon a new organization and yesterday published in the Spanish and Filipino newspapers an address to the Filipinos.

"The number of Filipinos who are convinced that the time for peach has come increases daily," says the address. The object of the federal party is the union of all Filipinos who really wish for peace, and who are disposed to work for it. It appeals to those who will attempt to attain for the Philippines the greatest number of liberties under the application of the American constitution. We call ourselves the federal party, because under American sovereignity the righteous aspirations of the Philippines will be to form a part of the American federation, as states of the union."

The executive committee has cabled President McKinley announcing that the organization has been perfected, and tendering an expression of good will.

Copies of the address have been sent into the provinces. The new paragraph in the platform declaring for American recognition of the legality of some acts done by the authorities is in conformity with precedents established during the reconstruction period following the civil war in the United States.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Stop that Head Cold in Ten Minutes
—or it will develop into Chronic Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in 10 minutes, and relieves most acute and deep-seated Catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it."—John E. Dell, Paulding, Ohio. Sold by Max Wirth.—12.

A Mother To Mothers.

"I am the mother of five children," writes Mrs. S. E. Rose, of Big Otter, West Va., "and have been as high as eight days in the doctor's hands, and never less than two days with any child until the last. Then I had used two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and was only two hours in the hands of the doctor."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a woman's medicine. It cures diseases of the womanly organs. It is a wonderful medicine for mothers, making the baby's advent practically painless and giving abundant strength to nurse and nourish the child.

REPORTS MADE.

Statements of Bank Examiner Pope and Game and Fish Guardians.

St. Paul, Dec. 25.—Gen. Pope yesterday completed the last division of his biennial report to the governor and the legislature. The division covers the expenses of the office of public examiner. The report states:

"From the deficiency appropriation of $3500, an unexpended balance of $983.81 was carried into the fiscal year 1900. At the close of that year there was a deficit of $444.55. A further small deficit will be inevitable at the close of the fiscal year ending July 31, 1901.

"Since the present appropriations were fixed by law the number of public and financial institutions under supervision of the department have largely increased. The annual fee imposed upon banks and trust companies has been entirely disproportionate and unequal. This fee has been determined by the amount of capital stock. In my judgment the proper basis for charges is gross assets, and the amount should approximate the cost of service. At present banks having capital ranging from $10,000 to $15,000 and assets ranging from $12,000 to $508,000 pay the uniform fee of $10, which does not repay the state for the cost of the smallest examination.

"Banks with capital ranging from $100,000 to $300,000 have assets ranging from $300,000 to $100,000, and pay the uniform annual fee of $20. These figures are approximately true of trust companies. Savings banks, with assets ranging from $4000 to $9,500,000, pay nothing except a voluntary contribution.

The report makes two recommendations to the legislature:

"First—That an appropriation be made to cover the salary of the assistant bank examiner, now paid from the contingent fund.

"Second—That it provides for the annual payment to the state treasurer, to be credited to the contingent fund of the public examiner, by all trust companies, banks, savings banks and proportioned to the amount of gross assets of each institution, and also provides for the collection from banks and other financial institutions the actual cost of any special expert service which may be required in the appraisal of its real estate securities. These provisions would make the department self-sustaining."

The report of the board of game and fish commissioners was presented yesterday to Governor Lind, covering a period from March 13, 1899, to Dec. 1, 1900.

The financial statement shows a balance received from the preceding board of $238; amounts received from state treasurer, $16,500; total, $16,728. Disbursements, $15,663.90; balance on hand on Dec. 1, $1064.10.

It is recommended that the legislature amend the game laws by adding a section providing that every non-resident hunter pay a license of $15, and every resident hunter, $1, and that such license be issued alone by the executive agent of the commission.

It is recommended that deputy wardens receive salaries and expense money, instead of fees for convictions. Under Ex-executive Agent John Beutner, 108 deputies served.

It is further recommended that the legislature make an appropriation for the establishment of a new state fish hatchery.

The report of the fish hatchery for 1900 shows distribution of fry throughout the state as follows: Trout, 2,505,000; bass, 15,000; pike, 31,000,000.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.
Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

OUT ON BAIL.

Eldorado, Kan., Dec. 25.—Jessie Morrison was released last evening on $5000 bonds. Her father accompanied the sheriff to the jail and Jessie was released from custody. The party then immediately went to the Morrison home. Miss Morrison has not yet made her plans for the immediate future. It is thought, however, that she will spend some time visiting her home in the East.

Christmas Cigars and Pipes.
We have all standard brands of cigars in special holiday packages of 12, 25 and 50 cigars to the box, from 50 cents each up.
LUNDBERG & STONE,
223 West Superior street.

Tour of All Mexico'

Special train tour of all Mexico has been arranged by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in connection with the well-known American Tourist association, Mr. Reau Campbell, general manager.

Party will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Jan. 21, 1901, going via Chicago, St. Louis and San Antonio and New Orleans. Chicago will be reached on return trip Feb. 28 and Twin Cities March 1.

Price of ticket includes every possible expense—railroad and sleeping car fares, meals, hotels, guides, etc.

Write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, or call at "The Milwaukee" offices for price of tickets, complete itinerary and other information.

VAN SANT PLUGGING

Charged With Using His Influence to Boost Clapp For Senator.

CAPTAIN DENIES IT

Says He Will Not Use State Patronage to Influence Result.

St. Paul, Dec. 25.—Capt. Van Sant has already made it very plain that he intends to take a hand in the senatorship fight. He is holding up his appointments with a view to contingencies, and his influence will be very considerable, for he has tremendous influence through the state patronage. He has not yet given any intimation of whom he is for but the Clapp men are very close to him, and it is said it would not be surprising if he became identified with the Clapp movement in a few days. Evans' following scout this idea, and claim Van Sant will show his gratitude for what Hennepin county did for him, by getting in line for a Minneapolis man.

The governor-elect said Saturday night that he would not be ready to announce his appointments for some time, probably not until after the first of the year. This was after a long conference with the Ramsey county men.

It was after this conference that the statements were made, with apparent authority, that the oil inspectorship would cerainly be given to a Ramsey man, but that Eli Warner would not be the man. The Minneapolis crowd agreed in this statement and the Mill City men were satisfied, they said.

There was a meeting of the Hennepin county legislative delegation in Minneapolis yesterday.

The object of the caucus was not made public in the call, but it was undoubtedly inspired by a desire to investigate the talk that has been common about some of the members being in practical revolt against Evans.

Three of the men who voted for Evans in caucus, or at least who agreed to the voice of the majority, it is said, are only lukewarm in their support of the Hennepin candidate, and have made it clear that they will be ready to indicate a second choice unless Evans makes a showing of more strength.

The Evans managers claim that they have nearly sixty votes in sight, and the Clapp people say it is not possible that the Minneapolis man will have more than half that many votes to start with.

Winona, Minn., Dec. 25.—Upon being shown the dispatch from St. Paul stating that he would use the state patronage in the senatorial fight, and that he favored Clapp as against Evans, Capt. Van Sant said:

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement. Under no circumstances could I be drawn into the senatorial fight. Both candidates are my warm personal and political friends. Both worked valiantly for my success and for the success of the entire Republican ticket, and no appointment will be made by me with a view to help or harm either."

Congressman Tawney reached home yesterday from Washington. He will at once take consideraaion of hte senatorial situation, and will go to St. Paul on Wednesday.

Asked for a statement of his position, he said that before making any announcement he desired to confer with the First district representatives and his friends in the state. He had no desire for a merely complimentary vote, nor to ask his friends to follow him where there was no reasonable prospect of success.

From these remarks it would seem that he intends to enter the contest if there is a fair show of winning. The First district conference will be held at an early date, the time and place yet to be fixed.

"This is too much, John, I won't stand it any longer. Tomorrow I leave for my mother's, unless you get me more Rocky Mountain Tea." Sensible woman. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Change in Time—Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company.

Commencing Thursday, Dec. 20, 1900, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern passenger train for all Mesabe range points, will leave Duluth Union depot at 7:40 a. m., instead of 7:45 a. m., and returning arrive in Duluth at 3:40 p. m.

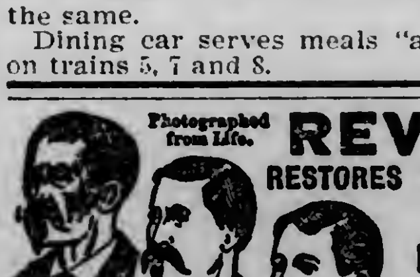
J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DON'T MISS THE TRAIN.
SOUTH SHORE CHANGE OF TIME
LOCAL DAY TRAINS.

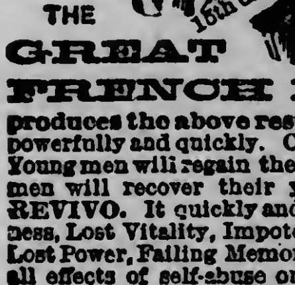
Effective Monday, Dec. 24, train No. 6 will leave Duluth 7:15 a. m. instead of 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Marquette 5:30 p. m. and Houghton 7:10 p. m.

Train No. 5 will arrive Duluth 8 p. m. instead of 7:30 p. m. Time of "South Shore Limited"—Trains 7 and 8 remains the same.

Dining car serves meals "a la carte" on trains 5, 7 and 8.


Photographed from Life.
1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.



TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.
(Old Age Postponed.) The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.
50c.
HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by
ax Wirth, Druggist, 12 Wes Superior Stree

A PERFECT BLEND
THE DELIGHTING RICHNESS OF
IMPORTS
ALL THROUGH,
absolutely without revulsion, is only possibly by this particular South American blend, and it is without doubt the most enterprising and intelligent achievement ever attained in the study and handling of tobacco.

A CIGAR OF REMARKABLE CHARACTER, EXCELLING EVERYTHING THAT HAS EVER BEFORE BEEN MADE, GROWN IN THE TROPICS AND MADE BY THE CLEANEST AND MOST IMPROVED METHODS EXISTING IN AMERICA.

THE RESULT
IS A WORLD SURPASSING PRODUCT.

GET SIX AND MAKE A REAL TEST. THEN YOU WILL BE A IMPORT SMOKER CONTINOUSLY.

Duluth Distributors: Stone Ordean-Wells Co,, Duluth, Minn.
Chicago Distributors: Reid, Murdoch & Co., Chicago, Ill.
Minneapolis Distributors: Geo. R. Newell & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Winecke & Doerr, Minneapolis, Minn.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantce. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU
SAPOLIO

VIM! VIGOR! VITALITY!
MORMON BISHOPS' PILLS have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free.
50 CENTS
Address, BISHOP REMEDY CO., San Francisco, Cal.
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Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Addie I. Gorham,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Herbert S. Gorham,
Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscribers, at their office, No. 213 Palladio building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December, 17, 1900.

TEALL & HARRIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
213 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-18-25-1900-Jan-1-8-15-22-1901.

Christmas Joy

PARDON IN HIS STOCKING.

Baxter, of Banque Ville Marie, Released From Prison.

Montreal, Dec. 25.—James Baxter, formerly of Chicago, and lately of New York, who was sentenced here some time ago to five years in the penitentiary for his connection with the Banque Ville Marie frauds, has been released on "conditional pardon," from St. Vincent De Paul penitentiary. His wife and four children have been workign incessantly for his pardon on account of ill health every since his conviction. He is suffering from dropsy and his condition is serious.

PAROLE HIS GIFT.

Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 25.—Fred Hughes, a noted Indian fighter and prominent lawyer of Arizona, once United States marshal, has been granted a parole from the penitentiary by the governor. The parole was signed by many influential citizens of Pima county, where, as treasurer of the Arizano Historical society, he defaulted. The period of sentence was four years. He served two and one-half years.

Celluloid Toilette Sets and All Other Fancy Articles.

You will find a good selection at
LUNDBERG & STONE'S.

IN MICHIGAN.

Menominee Man Has Narrow Escape From Wolves—Lumbermen Are Blue.

Menominee—A. J. McAllister, of Menominee, foreman of Mann Bros'. camps near Metropolitan, had an exciting experience last week, being set upon by wolves, from which he escaped with difficulty. He was on the river, about three-fourths of a mile from camp and about half a mile from a crew which he was intending to visit, when he sighted five wolves coming in his direction, a very large animal in the lead. He had nothing but an ax for protection, and as it was his first experience with wolves he did not know what to do. He relates that the animals seemed to be scenting something. When the leader of the pack first saw him he gave a low growl and turned in his direction. At this point McAllister sought shelter. He left the river for the timber where he succeeded in climbing a small green cedar, getting some ten feet frm the ground. When the wolves struck the scent of his tracks they made Rome howl and they were soon grouped about the cedar. McAllister says that they took positions which they did not change during the two hours that he was treed. Occasionally they would look up at him and lick their chops. McAllister was rescued at 4:45 o'clock in the afternoon, having been perched aloft since 3.

Marquette—The mild weather has caused practically a complete suspension of lumbering operations and a consequent loss to all operators. Earlier i nthe season the temperatures which prevailed were low, the woods were freezing nu satisfactorily, ice roads were being built rapidly and all conditions gave promise of an exceptionally favorable winter. The lumbermen were greatly pleased with the prospect. Now they are correspondingly cast down. Under the persuasive innuence of warm south winds the ice roads have been wrecked and the deep snow has become sodden and is disappearing. It is practically impossible to do anything in the pineries. The men are either lying low in the camps or are in the cities waiting for a change.

In Marquette county the present conditions have been unprecedented for decades. Two prominent lumbermen who have been in the business for the past twenty-six years state they remember nothing like it in that time. Thaws of a few days' duration are not unusual, but this season the plueries have been fairly put adrift., a condition which can only be repaired by many days of freezing weather. The frost is leaving the ground and the lumbermen are beginning to fear they will have to have the whole freeze-up over again.

They say at best they will be unable to get their camps down to good hard work before the first of the new year. The men are now motly i nthe cities to spend th eholidays, and there is always more or less demoralization among the forces after Christmas. This will make a costly two weeks' or more interruption with the work.

If the conditions for the remainder of the season are favorable, the cut on the upper peninsula will be approximately the same as last season.

It appears that the upper peninsula can have a member of the new tate tax commission if the prominent Republicans will agree on a candidate. Governor-elect Bliss has recognized the advisability of giving this section a representative on a board which has so much important work to do, a great part of which concerns the vast iron and copper mining industries of the state.

Since ahe tax commission was in the upper peninsula there has been a loud and persistent demand for a representative of htis section on the board. Several are mentioned in connection with the appointment. Among them are George A. Newett, of Ishpeming, and Charles Wright and Graham Pope, of Houghton.

Houghton—Residents of Hurontown, angered by the indolence and the brutality of Michael Harrington toward his wife and three young children tried to punish him by administering a coat of tar and feathers several nights ago. The black liquid was all heated and the feathers ready, but Harrington managed to escape from his captors after being given a good beating. He has not been seen since and is believed to have changed permanently his place of residence.

Mrs. Harrington and her children previous to this incident had been sent by kindly neighbors to the home of her husband's brother at Champion upon the latter's request.

An official of the Calumet & Hecla said, with reference to the reduction in the working force of 1200 to 1500 men within the past ninety days, that it signifies nothing so far as the interests of the stockholders are concerned. "It always is," he adds, "customary in the winter time to reduce the surface force of men who cannot for any reason be worked to advantage. Beyond this there is an additional reason this year for a reduction of the force in that the output of rock is somewhat ahead of the stamping facilities. The prduction of the mine so far as the output of copper is concerned continues at its usual normal rate with possibly a slight gain. The company has in its employment at the present time about 6000 men. In the summer season the entire force exceeds 7000 men."

Now that the Calumet conglomerate lode has been struck in No. 5 shaft, Tamarack, the upper levels will begin to furnish rock for the mill in the immediate future. It will be eight months, however, before the shaft reaches its full capacity as a producer. There will be four levels from the shaft to the vein above the point of intersection of shaft and vein. The upper level is already a good distance in toward the vein. When production begins in earnest the supply of rock from No. 5 shaft should be liberal, as stoping for this shaft will get under way at from four to six points. The production of the mine by reason of the striking of the lode in No. 5 should increase with two years fully 50 per cent to at least 30,000,000 pounds of copper per annum.

Calumet—The new Mineral Range branch of the South Shore road was put in operation yesterday. From Calumet to Ontonagon there will be one round trip a day. The new run from Calumet to Houghton and return will make six roundabout trains a day between the two towns.

It is said that the Copper Range road will change its intercountry schedule in order to compete with the new South Shore train service from Houghton to Mass City. It is thught that the morning passenger train of the Copper Range will at a near date leave Houghton one hour earlier than now. The new arrangement would give a traveling man one hour more in Houghton and allow him to get to Mass City in time to catch the South Shore for Ontonagon points, as the Copper Range, having the shorter run frm Houghton to Mass City, could reach the latter place at about the same time as the South Shore train.

Holiday Rates to the Twin Cities.

$5.75 round trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1. Good returning to Jan. 2. Take the "Bee line" at 1:25 p. m., or 11:25 p. m. Secure tickets at city ticket office, No 432 West Superior street (corner Spalding hotel) or Union depot.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

THE DAKOTAS.

Latest Story In Lindelie Case—Jamestown Sore Over Census.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The people of the state have taken more interest in the trial of Secretary Lindelie of the Enforcement league than any other recent event. Lindlie has made many enemies among the blindpiggers and there were others who believed the stories. It is now asserted that the deal to have the grand jury called in Grand Forks county and the various indictments of Lindelie were the result of the efforts of Dan Sullivan, the East Grand Forks saloon man. Four years ago, when there was a probability of a resubmission fight i nthe North Dakota legislature, Sullivan worked hand in hand with Lindelie to prevent action.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Red River Valley Drainage association was held to accept the charter recently granted by the state of South Dakota. A number of Fargo and Grand Forke men are interested and the movement promises to develop into something large after it is properly organized.

The meeting of those interested will be held at Crookston Jan. 17, 18 and 19. It is expected there will be a thousand delegates and the program provides for some interesting addresses by prominent men.

A large number of bankruptcy petitions are being filed. Some seem to fear Senator McCumber's bill to repeal the Nelson measure and are rushing their cases along. One of the Wahpeton papers, published in Senator McCumber's own town, is against his bill. It asserts his friends have all profited by the measure, and he wants it called off. Other enemies of the junior senator try to make political capital by claiming his action is a retaliatory measure against Nelson for the latter's refusal to speak in North Dakota last fall.

Jamestown—The result of the census is disappointing to residents of Jamestown, who assert that at least 500 were overlooked by the enumerators.

Frank Spinarski and Simon Zelsak, farmers residing north of this city, have been arrested charged with having cut timber on the farm of Anna De Puy. Similar complaints have been made by a number of owners of land along the James river and it is understood more arrests are to follow. Spinarski and Zeisak gave bonds and will have a hearing Jan. 2.

Mayville—The National Flax Fiber company's plant stands idle, with no immediate prospect of active operations. More than a year ago, machinery was moved int othe mill, but was never placed.

Park River—Fire in Charles Anderson's store caused damage of $3000. Insured.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—The last piece of machinery has arrived for the Ellison hoisting plant that has been in course of construction by the Homestake company for the past three years. The hoist has been built for future use, although it can be used to a depth of 600 feet at the present time. Its engine has a capacity for sinking 3000 feet. All of the ore used at present comes from the older shafts.

Fort Meade—It will be impossible for South Dakota congressmen to get any more appropriations for the new buildings to be erected at this fort. There is an appropriation of $50,000 which will be used to erect a stone barrack and officers' quarters, but it was hoped that a slice of the "blanket" appropriation could be secured for other buildings. Congressman Gamble has written that there can be no further appropriations at this session.

Deadwood—James Bradley, a well-known miner of Central City, was instantly killed at the Shawmut mine by a mass of fallign rock. He and his partner had just made a blast and as they entered the tunnel, several tons of loose rock fell on top of Bradley. He leaves a wife and children. No blame is attached to the company.

RUSSIANS ARE TICKLED.

Pleasure Expressed Over America's Diplomatic Victory Over England.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 25.—The Novoe Vremya discussing the English newspaper indictment of the United States senate for "its unparalleled attempt to overturn the Clayton-Bulwer treaty," says:

"The case is not unusual. Conditions have changed and the treaty must change too. Russia afforded an example in 1870 in declaring that she was no longer bound by her promise not to maintain war vessels in the Black sea."

The Bourse Gazette says: "Russia is gratified by America's diplomatic victory over England. Western Europe dislikes the Monroe doctrine because it desires to grab territories everywhere. Russia, which has sympahtized with America since her independence which liquidated American possessions to America, has nothing against the Monroe doctrine and the old sympathies have grown more cordial in China."

THE GRAVES OF EGYPT.

A Canadian officer now serving in South Africa writes from Belfast giving a pen picture of Lord Kitchener as he saw him at a field service where the chaplain's text had a peculiar, if unintentional reference to the bloody culminating epoch in the past career of the ex-sidar and to his announced policy of stern repression as future commander-in-chief of the conquered Dutch territory, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The officer says:

"Kitchener gives one the impression of not feeling very much at home as a member of the staff. It may be a mistaken impression, however, and due only to his manner in public, for 'the terrible sirdar' looks the part in a most satisfactory way. Big, grim and unapproachable looking, he takes his place, always with scrupulous exactitude, on the right rear of the field marshal, but well out to the front of the staff. I have never seen him chatting with any one, even when the staff is 'standing easy.' He has nothing of the heavy tragedy air, but you instinctively think of something powerful and calmly ferocious under restraint. To his strong, handsome face, the overshot forehead gives a lowering appearance and, underneath his deep brows, the eyes look dull and apathetic, until they undeceive you with a momentary leonine flash. Though so tall, he is rather heavily built, and moves with a deliberateness that would be sluggish were it not for the impression of a tremendous physical strength, capable of being aroused into irresistible activity. He is the sort of man who would lyddite 16,000 of the enemy, light a fresh cigar and lyddite 16,000 more without a thought of anything but military exigency and the welfare of the state. He is, in a word, the very antithesis of the small, alert, cheerfully benevolent looking chief. The preacher's text this morning included the words: 'Are there not enough graves in Egypt that ye have brought us into this land?' And, somehow as I listened I could not keep my eyes off the inscrutable face of Kitchener."

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

USED A RAZOR

George Wales Goes After Two Men—John Freibourn's Queer Action.

Too much liquid Yuletide ecstacy caused a serious stabbing affair in a St. Croix avenue saloon at 7:30 this morning. George Wales, a negro used a razor with terrible effect on John Freibourn or Freeberg, the police are not sure which, and Pat Rielly.

Neither man is seriously cut, however, unless complications set in. The fight occurred in the saloon of John Holaren, corner of St. Croix avenue and Sutphin street. For some time past there has been a bad feeling between Freibourn and Wales. The two white men and Wales and a colored partner met in the saloon and words were passed. Finally the second negro handed Wales a razor and told him to slash the white men. He obeyed. Freibourn was terribly cut over the forehead, and Rielly was slashed down the face from the top of the head to the right corner of his mouth. Both men bled profusely.

They were taken to St. Mary's hospital by friends, but the hospital authorities were unable to do anything with Freibourn. In the operating room when a surgeon was trying to sew up the gash across his head, he would push the medical attendants away and tear the stitches out. They tried handcuffing him and finally he was taken down to police headquarters and allowed to suffer till he sobered up. Reily was fixed up and was allowed to leave the hospital shortly before noon.

No person reported the fight to the police till after 8 o'clock and the police were unable to apprehend Wales. He has been known as a dangerous man for years, but it is the first time he ever used a razor in a fight and the police say there is little doubt but that he used it with intent to kill. At noon he had not been captured, but his companion was locked up. He claims that he knows nothing of the fight and seems to be in considerable doubt as to there being one.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

H. B. Moore, chief weighmaster of the state grain department was most pleasantly surprised last evening when the employes of his department summoned him before them and presented a very fine gold watch and chain. In making the presentation Mr. Prendergast happily referred to the esteem in which the employes held their chief and the pleasant relations existing between all members of the department.

The employes of The Herald enjoyed this morning boxes of cigars sent to them with the compliments of Panton & White and the Gately Supply company.

Kelly wishes everybody a Merry Christmas.

J. J. Haley was presented by the employes of the Criterion restaurant with a fine writing desk for Christmas.

Last evening Miss Anna M. Specht and Charles J. Clement were married at the home of Rev. S. P. Long of the First Methodist church.

The Union Towing and Wrecking company of this city has purchased a number of boats from the Thomson Moving and Wrecking company of Port Huron, Mich., and they have been enrolled at the Duluth customs office. They are as follows: Vigilant, 253 tons; O. W. Cheney, 21 tons; Harold B. Phillips, 16 tons; George E. Brockway, 82 tons; schooner Monterey, 308 tons; James F. Martin, 33 tons; C. D. Thompson, 46 tons, and Lorenzo Dominick, 22 tons.

Nels Berg, of 2003 West Superior street, was knocked down by a street car at Fourth avenue west last evening and received a cut on the head. He was able to proceed home without assistance, however.

"A Father" has written a letter to The Herald complaining of the effects of a dance that is held every Saturday night in a hall at the corner of Superior street and First avenue west. He says these gatherings are having a bad effect on girls about 14 years of age, and adds: "The halls of this building are the gathering grounds for an amount of cussedness that I should never have believed had I not seen it. It needs police surveillance."

PERSONALS.

W. W. Christie, of Minneapolis, is spending Christmas here with A. Jeffrey, of the New Store.

Miss Katherine Alderman, of Eau Claire, Wis., is a guest of Mrs. Westcott, of West Fourth street, and will remain during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Shaw, Jr., have gone to Saginaw, Mich., to spend Christmas.

William Benson is home from Chicago for the holidays.

Louis Wieland, who is attending Ann Arbor university, is home for the holiday vacation.

Miss Grace Spurbeck and brother, Sam, left Sunday for Oshkosh, where they will spend the holidays with relatives.

J. F. Martin, formerly with French & Bassett, of this city, but now of Minneapolis, is here for Christmas.

M. J. Conan, of Eveleth, was in the city over night, returning to his home today.

C. E. Miller, of Ironwood, is spending the day in the city.

Henry Meining, of St. Paul, is spending Christmas at his home here.

County Auditor Halden, who has been spending Christmas with his family, will return in a few days to St. Paul, to continue his work of preparing a bill regulating the duties of auditors and treasurers.

SOTHERN ON DECK.

Has Recovered From Accident and Resumed His Tour

St. Louis, Dec. 25.—E. H. Sothern, the actor, who for sometime was laid up with an accident that necessitated the cancelling of dates all over the country, made his first appearance last night since the accident, presenting "Hamlet" at the Olympic theater before a crowded house. He was well supported and the production was well received. The interrupted tour will be resumed, the company leaving for Chicago next week.

DAY AT THE CAPITAL.

Churches Hold Special Services—The McKinleys Dine Alone.

Washington, Dec. 25.—Christmas day was generally observed here, all of the churches holding special services. At the White House, the president and Mrs. McKinley dined alone, and spent a good part of the day together in their private apartments. In the afternoon several personal friends called but remained only a short time.

The government departments were closed, and until late in the day the streets presented an almost deserted appearance.

SECRET DRAWERS.

One of Them Opened After an X-Ray Diagnosis.

"What do you think of this for a curiosity in the line of doctor's bills?" asked a Royal street dealer in antiques yesterday, producing a slip of paper from his pocketbook, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. It bore the heading of a prominent New Orleans surgeon and read as follows:

To ——— ———, Dr.
To professional services rendered to one mahogany cabinet (diagnosis)........$10
Rec'd p'm't. J. SMITH, Collector.

"Here is the cabinet he refers to," continued the dealer, pointing out a highly ornate piece of furniture in the rococo style. "You will observe, if you look closely, that the slab which forms the bottom of the upper compartments is inordinately thick; in fact, it is fully three inches through. The front side, as you see, is covered with intricate relief carving, and that disguises its heaviness to some extent; but there is absolutely no apparent reason why such a massive piece of wood should be employed merely as a partition between two sections, and I came to the conclusion immediately that it contained a secret drawer. The lady from whom I bought it assured me positively that she had no knowledge of any thing of the kind, but I felt certain I was correct and set to work to locate the controlling mechanism. That was about six months ago, and I soon saw I had no easy job on my hands. I knew that what I wanted must be hidden somewhere in the bas-reliefs on the front panel, but the carving is so complicated that it was like looking for a needle in a haystack. Time and again I searched for pinholes, slides, springs and all the other contrivances usually employed in such work, and at last I gave it up in despair.

"A week or so ago, however, it suddenly occurred to me that the lock might be located by the X-ray. There was certainly some metal about it that would betray its presence, I argued, and I lost no time consulting the gentleman whose bill you have just seen. He was greatly interested, and last Sunday he brought down his apparatus and made the experiment. He fastened a photographic plate directly under the panel, laid the electric bulb on the bottom of the compartment above and gave it a 20-minute exposure. The picture that came out was very curious. Of course the rays went through the mahogany like glass, and all we could see of the panel was a faint shadow; but about two and one-half inches from the left-hand side there were a lot of small black marks, like a character in Chinese writing. They were made, as it turned out, by the wards of the lock, and as they showed me exactly where to look for the secret I found it in less than ten minutes. See here." The dealer steped over to the cabinet and, laying hold of a small, ornamental projection, unscrewed it like a nut on a bolt, revealing a minute hole in the wood. He thrust in an ordinary pin, there was a sharp click and out sprang a narrow drawer, the front cleverly masked by the carving.

"This discovery increases the value of the cabinet at least $25," he remarked, "so I consider the doctor's bill money well invested."

Apropos of secret drawers, a gunsmith of the old quarter tells a story that is well worth repeating. "A number of years ago," he says, "I was called in to open a private compartment in one of the side walls of an immense oak bookcase in a house near St. John bayou. It had been bought at a sale in Savannah, and the owner knew that the drawer was released by putting a wire into a small hole in the woodwork, but for some reason the machanism stuck and couldn't be made to operate. I worked at the thing for a whole day, but made no progress. The wire would go in for a certin distance, and there it seemed to encounter some obstacle. The panel was perfectly plain, and there were evidently no auxiliary springs or slides, so I came to the conclusion that the lock was broken and that the drawer could only be removed by taking out the whole side of the case. The gentleman was unwilling for me to do that, and the matter was accordingly dropped.

"Some time later on I hired an old Belgian who came to the shop looking for work, and one day I chanced to mention the bookcase and my failure to get out the drawer. He listened attentively, asked a number of questions about the construction of the case and finally surprised me by declaring that he could solve the problem. He was so earnest about it that I wrote the gentleman a note, and he immediately invited us to come to the house. The moment the old Belgian saw the bookcase he began to chuckle. Then he pulled a small horseshoe magnet out of his pocket and pressed one of the legs on a spot about half an inch above the little hole in the panel. At the same time he pushed in a wire and presto! out came the drawer. The device was ridiculously simple. It seemed there was a little steel catch inside that obstructed the wire when it was in rest. The magnet raised it the thickness of a card, and the wire thereupon released the spring that controlled the drawer.

"The Belgian told me that the 'magnetic lock,' as it was called, was invented by a man in Lyons, and at the outset a good many of them were put into different pieces of furniture. They were soon discarded, however, because they were so liable to get out of order. Moreover, they could always be opened by turning the article upside down; but that, of course, was impractical in the case I have described. I have run across a good many queer contrivances for fastening secret drawers in my life, but I always thought that one deserved the palm for combined ingenuity and simplicity."

DEPEW'S REMINISCENCES.

Senator Chauncey Depew was in a reminiscent mood one night recently after dining at a favorite club, and related to a few friends how he had achieved political success after long years of patient waiting, says a New York letter.

"It was always my ambition," said Mr. Depew, "to be a senator. When I was a little boy in the village of Peekskill I conceived that desire. I hadr ead Plutarch's Lives and Roman history. I had read all the books in the circulating library, and the most fascinating volumes were those which dealt with the careers of senators. William H. Seward was my ideal. I wanted to be a success as a lawyer. I wanted to be a senator. Ever I kept my eyes fixed on my ideals. I went to Yale with the ideal in my heart, and I came out of Yale with it still there.

"I went to work and I won out as a lawyer. In 1885 I was offered that senatorship for which I long had striven, but I didn't take it. Why? Because I was pledged to Evarts. I was urged to take the place, but much as I desired it I said no, and stood for Evarts.

"No, I never despaired of being a senator, for I knew my time would come. Just as sure as a man fixes his mind on a goal and holds it there steadfastly, thinking only of that goal, he will ultimately reach it.

"One thing, I never worried. You can't win if you worry. Leave that for your opponents. No matter what happens, don't worry. Go to bed and go to sleep. When you awaken you will have forgotten the cares of the preceding day, and you will have strength to overcome all obstacles.

"Yes, I shall stay in the senate so long as I may, if only in admiration of Seward. It is not an admiration that may lead one astray."

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Dec. 25.—Colder weather prevails over Ontario, Manitoba, Northern Minnesota and Lake Superior, with zero temperatures in Western Minnesota, Western Ontario and Manitoba. Temperatures are somewhat warmer over the Dakotas and Assinniboia. Light falls of snow occurred over Assinniboia, the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin during the past twenty-four hours. The barometer is highest near Moorhead and Helena and lowest near Qu' Appelle. Brisk to moderately larity of the head of the lakes as a summorning on Lake Superior.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	14	Miles City	24
Bismarck	6	Minnedosa	-14
Calgary	16	Moorhead	-4
Duluth	4	Port Arthur	0
Havre	28	Qu' Appelle	12
Helena	32	St. Paul	8
Huron	2	Swift Current	16
La Crosse	10	Williston	24
Medicine Hat	16	Winnipeg	-16

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and warmer tonight and Wednesday; variable winds, becoming easterly.

A Decidedly Cool Suggestion. That was a decidedly cool suggestion by a London newspaper, which, commenting on the amending of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, said that Great Britain might graciously yield permission to this republic to build an isthmian canal at her own cost and protect in her own way provided our government would pledge itself by way of compensation to surrended speedily to the British all the territory to which they have a claim in Alaska. It is not wholly surprising that the London writer in question should never have given a moment's thought to the possibility that American miners in the Porcupine district might forcibly resent a policy which would mean their transference (emphatically without thier consent) from life under a republic to existence under monarchial rule. He sees no reason, probably, why Chamberlain methods should not prevail in America as well as in South Africa. The idea that an offer on Great Britain's part to pay a considerable proportion of the expenses of constructing an isthmian canal would be acceptable might possibly have dawned upon this writer's mind did the empire not have a persistent and increasingly expensive war on its hands in South Africa. But the cost of crushing the life out of the little South African republics is taking so much out of the treasury of the great empire that it is not anxious to incur other obligations or to get into a row with another country.

A Different Sort of Delegate. At the recent election in Porto Rico a Mr. Getau was elected to represent the island at Washington. Now he finds himself in a singular position. His troubles began with the reception of a certificate of election. In the certificate he was designated a "resident commissioner." Mr. Getau soon discovered that delegates from other territories were not thus designated. He also discovered that delegates from other territories had seats in congress, but no vote. He was like delegates in one respect and unlike them in another; he was like them in having no vote, but unlike them in not having a seat. The information he received in the course of his inquiries as to his duties had one agreeable feature. He found that he was entitled to a salary of $5000 a year, to be paid in monthly installments. When he asked what he was to do to give him a kind of moral title to his salary he was informed that he would be expected to enlighten committees who had Porto Rican affairs under consideration. Mr. Getau does not propose to throw up his job, but he would like it better if he had a seat in the house. Being compelled to flock by himself does not comport with his sense of the dignity of his office as a "resident commissioner." His case illustrates the remarkable departure made by this country from the long-established custom in the treatment of newly acquired territory. This is the first time a territorial delegate has been sent to Washington who has no seat in the house of representatives.

Year's Traffic Through the Sault. The table published by The Herald yesterday showing the freight traffic of Lake Superior during the season of navigation just ended furnishes a strong argument in support of the appropriations which the rivers and harbors committee has recommended for the improvement of the channels connecting with the Sault canal. The freight traffic this year passing through the canal amounted to 25,643,073 tons. This is an increase of only 2 per cent over the preceding year, but in view of the very large total it is a satisfactory growth. It is worthy of note that while the volume of traffic shows an increase, there was a decrease of 4 per cent in the number of vessels that used the canal. This denotes the increase in the average size of the freight canals on the great lake. Large cargoes are being carried, and the big freight boats are superceding the vessels of lighter draft. The iron ore traffic amounted to 16,443,568 tons, which is an increase of 7 per cent over 1899, but decreases are shown in other important items. Flour fell off 5 per cent, wheat shipments decreased 31 per cent and lumber declined 12 per cent. The period of open navigation was 242 days, so that the average amount of daily freight traffic was 105,963 tons. The passenger traffic increased 19 per cent, which is a gratifying feature, showing the growing popu- high northwest winds prevailed early this mer resort.

AUDACIOUS USURPATION.

According to an article in St. Louis Post-Dispatch, government by injunction is about to receive an extension which will make life intolerable to a liberty-loving people.

Mrs. Mary Folsom, of Fort Hamilton, N. Y., has filed a petition, praying the court to enjoin her son from courting a certain young woman who lives in a nearby town.

If the petition is granted, and everybody knows the courts are bent on seizing power on every occasion and any pretext, courtship will be deprived of most of its delight.

If the court can interfere with a man at such a time and deprive him of the right to choose his wife, what is left of liberty will not be worth a hypocrite's cheer.

It is time for freemen, contends the Post-Dispatch, to assemble and denounce the tyranny of the courts. Even if they are enjoined from assembling, as they will be, they should still assemble and protest against this attack upon the sacred and inalienable right of free courtship.

MILLIONS FAILED TO VOTE.

The popular vote at the presidential election this year shows but a slight increase over that of 1896, when normally the increase should have been large. Taking the record of the total vote cast in each state and the census figures showing the males of voting age, the Boston Globe has prepared a table which shows that 6,500,000 men of voting age in the United States did not go to the polls last month! This simple statement of fact is sufficient to strike the attention of every citizen. Of course a few of the absentees were in jails and insane asylums; more were unnaturalized aliens; many were restrained, as in certain Southern states, by constitutional requirements which they could not meet; but the great majority was made up of individuals who were indifferent to the suffrage or the contest for the presidency. Here is the table of statistics given by the Globe:

State.	Males of voting age.	Didn't vote..	Per cent non-voters.
Alabama	393,034	235,829	60
Arkansas	299,126	171,704	57
California	568,615	266,279	47
Colorado	216,045	......	..
Connecticut	271,151	91,011	33
Delaware	52,314	10,497	19
Florida	129,887	90,449	69
Georgia	477,746	355,010	74
Idaho	69,366	......	..
Illinois	1,351,555	223,010	16
Indiana	680,755	16,915	2
Iowa	603,585	74,485	12
Kansas	391,727	42,334	10
Kentucky	529,664	52,501	10
Louisiana	309,445	241,541	78
Maine	211,393	165,583	[illegible]
Maryland	308,641	44,277	14
Massachusetts	831,261	416,990	59
Michigan	713,148	149,148	21
Minnesota	505,768	205,125	40
Mississippi	325,296	266,193	81
Missouri	811,575	127,960	[illegible]
Montana	120,393	56,738	47
Nebraska	304,213	63,132	20
Nevada	19,401	9,205	47
New Hampshire	127,767	36,419	28
New Jersey	537,589	137,238	25
New York	2,141,275	593,370	27
North Carolina	460,904	108,443	23
North Dakota	97,928	40,159	41
Ohio	1,148,604	112,827	10
Oregon	146,384	62,786	43
Pennsylvania	1,754,242	581,032	33
Rhode Island	124,021	67,472	54
South Carolina	273,302	222,490	81
South Dakota	118,053	22,268	19
Tennessee	460,432	186,485	40
Texas	728,881	319,114	43
Utah	72,446	......	..
Vermont	104,747	48,696	46
Virginia	424,235	160,140	37
Washington	217,138	119,043	54
West Virginia	226,750	8,377	3
Wisconsin	566,071	123,177	21
Wyoming	41,166	......	..

The way in which the voters of Indiana flocked to the polls is worthy of note. It was the banner state in this respect. The absentees were but 2 per cent out of 680,775 males over 21 years. There the battle raged fiercely, as it did in West Virginia with only 3 per cent of non-voters, Ohio 10 per cent, Kansas 10 per cent, Kentucky 10 per cent, Iowa 12 per cent, Maryland 14 per cent, Illinois 16 per cent, Delaware 19 per cent, Nebraska 20 per cent.

Mississippi and South Carolina head the list of commonwealths where the great majority of the people stayed at home on election day. Each had 81 per cent of absentees from the polls. In Louisiana 78 per cent, in Georgia 74 per cent, in Florida 69 per cent, in Alabama 60 per cent did not cast a ballot for president. This cannot be accounted for entirely along the color line. If all the 147,372 negroes of voting age in Louisiana had voted, still there would have been 94,169 white absentees to account for. If all the 180,562 negroes in Mississippi had voted, 85,631 white men would have been noted as absentees.

In sections of the extreme East and of the far West about half of the male inhabitants aged more than 21 failed to vote, in Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island, Vermont, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, Washington and California. The campaign was earnest in New York, but a quarter of the males of voting age did not vote.

Two explanations are necessary concerning the above table of figures by states. The figures for Minnesota and Michigan include only the votes cast for the Republican and Democratic tickets, the totals for other candidates voted for in those states not having been officially reported when the table was prepared. Consequently the percentage of non-voters in these states, 40 for Minnesota and 21 for Michigan, will be somewhat reduced when the total votes are taken into account.

Secondly, no percentages are given for four states in the West, Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming, because women are therein permitted to vote for president, and it is impossible to separate the male and female vote at this writing. Leaving the women out of the figuring, Wyoming shows 16,460 less votes than the number of males of voting age and Idaho 2894 less. Disregarding the women again, Utah shows 19,592 more votes than males of voting age and Colorado 40 more. Of course, all the men did not vote in either of the two states last named.

If one half of the 6,500,000 non-voters had exercised their right to vote last month there might have been numerous changes in the results. But there is no way to compel men to vote, and probably every election will show a large percentage of qualified voters neglecting to attend to what should be the duty of every citizen.

MERRY CHRISTMAS!

On this, the last Christmas day of the nineteenth century, The Herald wishes all its readers "a merry Christmas" and trusts they may live to see and enjoy many Christmases in the century that is soon to begin.

This is the day when joy and merriment reign supreme throughout the Christian world—when the spirit of brotherly love is uppermost and the tenderer impulses of the heart make themselves visible in and to all men. In the churches there are the customary services to commemorate the birth of the Babe of Bethlehem, and the grand old anthem of "Peace on earth, good will to men" is sung from joyful hearts that are filled with the Christian spirit. In the homes, in the gilded palace and in the humble cottage alike, there are infantile hearts throbbing with new found joy because of the good cheer and the tokens left by Santa Claus on his annual visitation to this mundane sphere. Speaking historically, Santa Claus has no connection with Christmas, although his visits are almost as old as that festival. But what would the Christmastide be to the happy children—implicit believers in fairy tales and other pleasant stories—without the thought of Santa Claus with his bulky bag of presents climbing down the narrow chimney to fill the row of little stockings or deck the verdant Christmas tree with gifts that dazzle the childish eyes? It is a joyous custom, and the person who would dispel this beautiful illusion of childhood and teach the little ones that Santa Claus is only a myth must have a heart devoid of sentiment and possess a spirit entirely foreign to the occasion. May the day be far distant when the spirit of Christmas cheer shall disappear and when Santa Claus shall cease to make his annual rounds and fill the hearts of the children with joy and gladness!

"This is the time divine and dear,
  That takes the child to Eden's bower,
And proves the fairies yet are here,
  And serve it well this happy hour;
So ask in faith, dear little ones,
  And none your hope shall dare to mar,
For lo! the angels still look on,
  And still is seen the Christmas star!"

In some homes there will be sorrow for the dear ones who have gone from earth during the year that has passed, but there should be consolation for the mourning hearts in the Christmas bells that tell of the birth of the Saviour Christ "who spent His blood to ransom and to save" a sinful world, and who went to prepare a way for those who follow Him. In the example of His life and in the glorious promises of a bright immortality they can find that peace which the world cannot give—the happy thought that in the great hereafter they will be reunited with the loved ones who have gone before and join with them in swelling the angelic chorus in praise of Him who came to earth to redeem mankind. May the whole world recognize the full significance of this day, and may all our hearts be filled with the richness and fullness of the Divine love revealed in the person of the manger child at Bethlehem.

"O angels sweet and splendid,
  Throng in our hearts and sing
The wonders which attended
  The coming of the King,
Till we, too, boldly pressing
  Where once the angels trod,
Climb Bethlehem's hill of blessing,
  And find the Son of God."

The two rival companies that hold the patents for voting machines have combined, with a capital of $1,000,000, and will make the machines and put them on the market. If this monopoly will keep down the price the machines will come into general use. The machines reduce the cost of elections, make no mistakes and operate with great clerity. The high price of the machines, however, will keep them out of general use. The machines can be made for about one-tenth of their present selling price.

The board of trade at Plainfield, N. J., wants the common council to appropriate $1500 for the purpose of advertising the advantages of the town for those seeking homes or looking for factory sites. Under a recent state law local authorities can tax property one-half of 1 per cent for such purposes. There is no reason why advertising should not pay a town as well as it pays individuals, when it is wisely done, but too frequently the money thrown is away on injudicious advertising.

Professor George Adam Smith, of Glasgow, denies the report that the churches of that city are losing their grip on the workingmen. He says that an eight years' study of social conditions in Glasgow has revealed to him much activity among the wage earners in the East End churches for their fellows, and that were it not for the working classes of Glasgow the evangelical tone of religious life in the city could not be kept up a week.

Confirmation of the working methods of the trusts is afforded in the publicity respecting the combination of fourteen of the largest steel manufacturing concerns of the country. They are to consolidate, divide the country up in sections and fix a set price for the home market. Steel plates are to be sold at $28 a ton in the United States. In foreign countries they will compete and cut prices; in this country they will combine and mulct the consumer. This is a tariff-bred trust.

A dispatch from New York which mentions the granting of a divorce to Mrs. Harry Gillig, and states that she and her husband have not been living together for some time, adds that "Mrs. Gillig is enthusiastic for French bulldogs." Perhaps that is why Mr. Gillig "left his happy home."

The railway men say that every article of baggage should be marked distinctly with the name of the owner, several persons often claiming the same property. It is remarkable that so important a precaution does not suggest itself to every one who travels.

The annual report of the postmaster general shows the postoffice department was run at a loss last year, as usual, but it is better to have a deficit through increased postal facilities than through great expenditures for needless wars.

The Des Moines News says: "The American people want the isthmian canal and what the American people want they get." Where does the News find evidence to sustain the statement that the American people want the canal?

The New York merchant who is suing his wife for divorce on the ground that she hypnotized him into marrying should explain what he thinks has caused other men to marry.

Twenty-seven army chaplains have been appointed. The stories about "hazing" at West Point show they are much needed at that institution.

The supreme court will soon decide whether the supreme court means anything.

Holland has a formidable army in China. It consists of a colonel and four men!

Many people are Christians only on Christmas, but that is better than not at all.

Gen. Alger is reported to have written a book, but his enemies may not be glad.

Minister Wu has put Chauncey Depew in the shade as an after-dinner speaker.

Governor Pingree is closing his term of office in a theatrical manner.

CHRISTMAS, A. D. 1900.

Full nineteen hundred years, and yet
Behold how Christians Christ forget
Outside of churches! Where, I pray,
Do men show brotherhood today?
In social life? See class with class
Contending each to each surpass,
And hear their biting words of scorn
For one (like Thee) more humbly born.
Then look in business circles—there
Is conflict in the very air.
Beneath fair smiles hate hides its frown·
There strong men knock the weaker down,
And Much goes riding over Less,
And this is what we call success.
And then the armies! God, what means
This conquest of the Philippines?—
This Boer and Briton slaughter and
This raid upon China's far land?
It means that forms have not sufficed
To teach mankind the law of Christ.
It means the church has failed to be
A guide to high humanity.
It means the great and growing need
Of something better than a creed
To lift the human race above
The mire of greed. Christ's law was Love;
To live for universal good,
To make the world one brotherhood.
This was the practice and the scope
Of all His teachings; yet we grope
Through war and strife, and gloom and tears,
Now, after nineteen hundred years.
And yet I question not, nor doubt
But that God's will is working out
A purpose, glorious and great.
And so I trust, and hope, and wait,
Until love's banner be unfurled
To civilize the Christian world.
—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX in Success.

LAUGHING GAS.

Chicago Record: "Why do you go back to the tailor who cheated you?"

"Why, I don't think he'd have the nerve to cheat me again."

Detroit Journal: The powers showed a disposition to forgive China in return for certain commercial concessions.

"That is to say," observed China, sagely, "the open door lets me out!"

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Yes," chirped the bacillus, contentedly, "these long street dresses afford us every facility for getting into society and entering the most exclusive houses. Yes."

Chicago Tribune: Caller—You look like a good and truthful girl. Tell me—is your mistress really out?

Domestic—She is, ma'am.

Caller—Where?

Domestic—At the elbows, ma'am.

Boston Transcript: Aunt Hannah—Have a high ideal and try to live up to it.

Edith—Yes, I suppose that would be nice. But isn't it more practical to get a handsome photograph of yourself and endeavor to look like it?

Detroit Free Press: "Brown's daughter has just reached the age when a girl begins to think of marriage," said the friend.

"You don't mean to tell me that Brown's daughter is less than 4 years old?" answered the Savage Bachelor.

Philadelphia Press: "The average photographer," said Henpeck, musingly, "is an unreasonable creature."

"Oh, while my wife was sitting for her picture today the fool photographer sung out, 'Look pleasant, please. Be natural.' "

Indianapolis Press: "Now, why do you insist on calling yourself a free-born American? Why don't you call it 'free American' and let it go at that?" asked the arguing gentleman.

"Because I ain't," said the other gentleman. "I have a wife and three grown daughters."

A Chicago Idyl.

Out spake Horatius Flaherty—a Fenian bold was he—
"Lo, I will stand at they right hand and turn the bridge with thee!
So ring the bell, O'Grady, and clear the railroad track—
Muldoon will heed the summons well and keep the street cars back."

Forthwith O'Grady rang the bell and straightway from afar
There came a rush of humankind and overloaded car.
"Back, back! a schooner cometh," the brave O'Grady cried;
"She cometh from Muskegon, packed down with horn and hide."

"Now, swing her 'round the other way," the brave O'Grady cried.
" 'Tis well!" Horatius Flaherty in thunder tones replied.
Muldoon waved high his club in air, his handkerchief waved high,
To see the staunch Muskegon ship go sailing calmly by;
And as the rafters of the bridge swung round to either shore,
Vast was the noise of men and boys and street cars passing o'er,
And Flaherty quoth proudly, as he mopped his sweaty brow,
"Well done for you and here's a chew, O'Grady, for you now."
—EUGENE FIELD.

Cheering Optimism.

Kansas City Star: The address of Professor E. Benjamin Andrews, president of the university of Nebraska, before the Knife and Fork club Saturday night revealed a spirit of optimism which was decidedly grateful. "Unless the sun rises," said Professor Andrews, "we will all die, but it will rise." If Tweedism had continued, if whisky rings and star routes had not been overthrown, the gloomy prophecies of the early '70s would have come true. So, today, if the evils feared and complained of, real or fanciful, shall continue and flourish, then there is danger ahead and disaster is imminent. But the great American nation shows no abatement of the vital integrity which has been asserted for the elimination of evil in the past and it will rise to that mission again, whenever it becomes urgent and imperative. This sort of faith in the destiny of the republic is highly becoming to all true Americans.

Exhibitions of Bad Taste.

Chicago Chronicle: If James J. Jeffries should turn in and administer a terrific beating to an undersized newsboy, he wouldn't be likely to go around boasting of his valor and prowess. It is in equally bad taste for some of the London newspapers to be exulting in the subjugation of the Boers—a subjugation, by the way, which is still very far from a fact accomplished. At least one London paper, the Sunday Special, realizes the fact when it says: "The less said about the South African campaign the better. Lord Roberts has subjugated the Dutch, but he did it with an army of 200,000 against 50,000 pastoral Boers." And that is the precise truth.

GEN. DE WET'S PERSONALITY.

Douglas Story in the London Mail: Of all the Boer leaders the personality of Gen. Christian DeWet has seized most potently upon the British imagination.

His daring coups, his sudden appearances and rapid disappearances, his ubiquity and his unfailing success have appealed to the British love of sport, so that today DeWet occupies a place in the popular mind not far removed from that of Robin Hood and the more modern buccaneers.

What is sport to the fox-hunting British is, however, deadly earnest to the Free State commandant general. DeWet from the outset has been a rabid anti-Britisher. In the final days of negotiation, before the ultimatum was sent, he was ominpresent in Pretoria.

Time after time the advocates of peace sought to waylay the president, seeking to prevail with him against war. Always, DeWet was present—silent, unbending, a stern opponent of conciliation.

In the executive chamber, in the presidency, DeWet was ever on guard, stiffening Paul Kruger's back, counselling young Smuts, appealing to Reitz's patriotism, combating the arguments of the peace party. He was in these days as sleepless in his advocacy of war as he has since been energetic in his prosecution of hostilities.

The war came, and DeWet speedily attested the courage of his convictions. In the early Natal campaign he was the most dashing of Boer leaders, the most reliable in battle. In the great attack of Jan. 6 upon Ladysmith he and his burghers put up one of the most remarkable fights of the war. But it is in the Free State that Deet's most startling contributions to the history of the war have been waged.

The ideal Boer leader, DeWet was born on a farm and bred on a farm; he was brought up on the vast distances of the veldt, learning every intricacy of veldt lore, reading the signs of the plain as a European would read a military text book, and inscribing in his memory every fold of the ground he passed over.

Today the Free State to him is an open book. He knows every road, every drift, every watering place. More than once he has led his men on the darkest night to within 300 yards of the British encampment without one false step, and has posted them there in the position most suitable for an ambuscade when dawn should have delivered his enemy into his hands.

For the purpose of his warfare DeWet needs no heavy battalions. He dislikes a force exceeding 500; and the men he has with him are picket men—men of the soil, hunters every one of them. Boers who possess in a lesser degree the qualities that have made their leader.

He speaks taal and nothing but taal, and he dislikes all obstacles that interfere with his personal converse with his men. The foreigners who have so greviously retarded Louis Botha's movements have had no place in the flying columns of DeWet.

A man of middle age, middle height, and middle weight, DeWet is not a man either in bearing or appearance to attract attention. He wears a scrubby, short beard and a thick mustache. His dress used to be a seedy black coat and a pair of striped trousers. Nothing anywhere to denote the general, the man who for months has defied the cleverest generals, the swiftest troops of the British army.

But in his face is the stamp of invincible determination; the mouth, slightly drooped at the corners, is carried tightly closed, and the strong, square jaw is firmly set beneath the straggly beard. The high, square forehead rises steeply from a pair of bushy eyebrows, beneath which the restless, all-seeing eyes gaze out to the distance. There is seldom a smile in those eyes, but there is the gleam of a steady purpose, the cold resourcefulness of a man hunted by his fellows.

It is out of those eyes and others such as they that kept DeWet touch with his opponent's movements. DeWet from his kopje top looks down at the wide rolling plain in one of the folds of which the railway lies. All of the farm folk there are his friends.

Suddenly from a Kaffir hut, whose uncertain outline can just be discerned through the heat haze, a thin column of smoke rises. It is the signal of game in the neighborhood, a train has failed to breast the steep incline behind the second row of knolls, an insufficiently guarded convoy is winding its way among the kopjes, or a picket is pricking loosely across the plain.

Whatever it be, DeWet and his men are ready, and three days later we read in England of another convoy captured or an outpost waylaid.

When graver matters are afoot, DeWet can always call to his aid one or two additional bands of 500, and, with the conjoined force, he fights a Sanna's Post or a Roorewaal.

If no other commando be available he can count on most of the "surrendered" farmers of the district for assistance on a big day. Now, if ever, Great Britain is realizing the full meaning of fighting with long lines of communications a determined enemy on his own ground. DeWet has taught us the lesson the Russians taught Napoleon and the Spaniards impressed on Marshal Ney. In a smaller way the Filipinos are today educating the Americans in the extraordinary power a puny race may wield in its own territory against a strong and valiant enemy.

DeWet, as is not fairly well understood in this country, is an uneducated man, a peasant, a talker of taal, and a Boer in the true sense of the term. In the days when he had still a president and a war office, his dispatches were of the scantiest and of the least elucidatory value.

How the Glass Trust Pinches.

Philadelphia Record: The extortions of the glass trust have become so unbearable under the cover of the high duties imposed by the tariff upon imported glass that the dealers in paints and glass have been driven into open revolt. There is no remedy for consumers except to drive the trust from under its tariff shelter. The dealers know precisely what pinches them and they have resolved to carry their grievance to the dooro of congress. Congress can reduce the tax on glass without reducing the surplus in the treasury a dollar. But a remission of the tax or its reduction to a revenue basis would save millions of dollars to taxpayers.

BRITAIN'S ELECTORATE.

When the queen came to the throne there were less than 1,000,000 electors out of a population of more than 25,000,000, says the London Express. That is as much as to say that only fourteen in every 100 adult males were possessed of the franchise. And yet five years had passed since the great reform bill had been placed upon the statute book after an epoch-making battle. Today nearly 70 per cent of the adult males in the United Kingdom possesses the franchise. The increase in population, added to the increase in the percentage of representation, has, however, given us an electorate of about 6,750,000.

It is as well to note that during this extraordinary development of the electorate the elected representatives of the people have scarcely increased in number by a score. In 1801, at the union of the British and Irish parliaments, there were 658 members of the house of commons. Disfranchisements and suspensions of writs reduced this number in actual practice to 640, round about which figure it remained till Mr. Gladstone in 1885 raised it to 670, the present total of the house. It is quite probable, therefore, that, should the much-discussed "manhood suffrage" ever come into operation in this country, it will not add a single member to the distinguished gathering at St. Stephen's. Nor, as a matter of fact, will it add to the electorate itself as large a proportion as has been added in the last thirty-three years. For in that time 50 per cent has been added to the rate of adult male representation. A mere 30 per cent more would give every man over 21 a vote.

Finest Train.

The "Twilight Limited," over "The North-Western Line" to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, every day in the year, at 4:30 p. m. Parlor, observation and dining car service, steam heat, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, perfect in every appointment. Ticket office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

GHOST'S TESTIMONY GOOD.

It is a common occurrence among the older citizens of the county of Denton, Tex., when the subjects of spooks or other supernatural phenomena are under discussion to hear one remark: "Well, that beats all since Jones' ghost." And Jones' ghost occupies a position considerably above that of the average ghost in that it is doubtless the only case on record wherein the testimony of a ghost was accepted i nthe settlement of an estate and is part of the public records. As a number of the parties closely connected with the following occurrences are till living I will substitute fictitious names for the real, says a writer in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the year 1877 there resided on a farm in the county of Denton Mrs. Laura Jones, a widow with two sons, Frank and John, nearly grown, and several smaller children. William Jones, deceased, had been a hard worker and successful farmer and stock raiser, and at his death had bequeathed to the widow and her children a model farm, well tilled and stocked with the best the country at that time afforded, together with a valuable tract of land i nthe southern part of the tate.

The following spring after his death a considerable number of horses strayed away from their accustomed range, and, the country at that time being sparsely settled, were soon lost track of, and the usual course of inquiry served to elicit no information, except that the band had been seen headed south. Early in the fall, after the crops had been garnered, it was decided that Frank, the eldest, should make an extended trip to the southward and endeavor if possible to locate the truant stock, as their entire loss meant a serious blow to the family.

On a September morning Frank Jones drew the double cinch to an easy notch under his favorite saddle horse, and, bidding his mother and John farewell, sped away to the southward, never to return again in the flesh. There was yet plenty of work to be done on the farm, and time which otherwise might have dragged wearily to the widow was filled with labor and pleasant anticipation of the absent one's early return. An occasional letter from Frank describing the beauties of the country and his own hardships in traveling alone through such unsettled regions furnished food for discussion in the fading twilight. At last a letter came which stated he was on the right trail and would soon overtake the slowly retreating herd. This was the last letter ever received. He was then some 200 miles south of the home place, and they began to speculate upon the day of his probable return. Allowing for delay for grazing the stock en route homeward, a day was set which was considered, barring unforseen accidents, should give him ample time for the return journey.

The appointed day came, but with it came no Frank and no tidings, nor the next day nor the next, and as the days lengthened into weeks the anxious mother, with moistened eyes, daily scanned the dusty trail to the southward.

The country at this time was none too safe from mauradlng bands of Indians, and horse thieves were more plentiful than now and cared little for a human life when a cavey-yard was at stake. These possibilities were anxiously discussed by the distressed family and inquiry was made by letter at various points along the route from which letters had been received from Frank. But all their inquiries came to naught. They did not know whether he was still going southward on the trail or had overtaken the stock and was even then on his return.

On the night of Nov. 7 there came a sound of footsteps on the front porch. After the usual custom the family had retired early. The fire had been burning in the wide stone chimney to dispel the chill November winds, and its dying embers were casting fitful shadows on the wall. The footsteps approached the door, a hand turned the knob and someone entered. John was a light sleeper and, being aroused by the sound and the draft through the open doorway, awoke and raised himself on his elbow. He saw the dim outlines of a man and, reaching for his revolver, he demanded "Who's there?" The familiar voice of his brother answered and he came and sat down on the foot of John's bed. They conversed together in low tones for some time, but, not caring to disturb his mother at that hour John vouchsafed the information that his room and bed were ready for him just as he had left it, as neither had been occupied during his absence. The dim outlines and retreating footsteps vanished through the opposite doorway, then all was still. John wondered a little that he heard no further noise from his brother's room, but thankful for his safe return after so many days' watching, and anticipating her joy when in the early morning he would tell his mother the glad news, he fell asleep.

John was up early, and after kindling a fire in the kitchen stove started at once for the barn to feed and rub down his brother's horse. He looked in the stall where Frank was accustomed to tie his favorite saddle pony, but it was occupied only by a stray calf. Thinking possibly he had turned him out in the pasture he searched it carefully likewise the surrounding barnyards, but without result. Much puzzlied by this occurrence he returned to the house. His mother greeted him at the kitchen door and inquired:

"What were you talking about in your sleep last night? I heard you muttering something."

"Why, I was talking to Frank, mother," he replied, "he came in last night."

"John, you must have been dreaming. I've been in Frank's room this morning, and it's unoccupied. The bed is just like I made it up the day poor Frank left."

The widow heaved a sigh in her anguish at the thought of the fate which may have overtaken her first born. John immediately went into his brother's room, threw open the blinds, and a flood of sun light dispelled the shadows, but there was no sign of Frank. He was becoming seriously alarmed, and returning to the kitchen told his mother part of the conversation he had had with Frank the night before. His mother for a while refused to credit such a thing, and ascribed it to too much supper or a slight illness, but John's earnestness in support of his statement and his fear that something had happened to Frank had its effect, and Mrs. Jones began to think that possibly there was something wrong. However, as certain supplies for the farm were needed in town it was decided to hitch up the wagon, take the children and go spend the day with Uncle Bob Saunders, who was at that time doing a thriving business in Denton, the county seat. Upon arrival there, inquiry was made about Frank, and Uncle Bob was enlightened as to John's strange experience, and his uneasiness. Mr. Saunders, being a practical man and a firm disbeliever in things supernatural, ridiculed the idea and tried his best to cheer them up, but John's countenance quickly disclosed to him the fact that he was not making much headway, so in deference to their wishes, he and John started to the telegraph office to see if they could learn something from that source. While crossing the corner of the public square, around which were grouped the business houses of the town, they were hailed by the sheriff, who approached them bearing in his had a telegraphic envelope. He handed the message to John, who, hastily unfolding the yellow paper, read:

"McDade, Tex., Nov. 8, 1877.—To Sheriff of Denton County, Denton, Tex.: Man found dead here last night. Papers disclose identity of Frank Jones of your county. Notify his people.

"S. P. WILLIAMS, County Judge."

Something more than a year passed away when, through a divergence of interests, it was thought best to dispose of all the Jones property so it could more easily and equitably be divided among the heirs, and with that end in view Bob Saunders, who had been appointed administrator, rapidly disposed of the estate until there was nothing left but the one tract of land in the southern part of the state. eH was about to offer this for sale when John Jones put in an appearance and strenuously opposed it. He refused to give any reason for it, but, thinking it could do no harm to humor him, the administrator postponed the sale.

After some months the sale was again urged by interested parties, but again John opposed it. His uncle refused to listen to further delay without some reason for it, whereupon John for the first time told in detail his conversation with the supernatural being which made its appearance the night of Frank's death.

Frank had told him that he had found the horses near the town of Stellar. Mrs. Mary Williams, a widow living in that vicinity, and owning a large cattle ranch, had turned the horses into her pasture. Upon learning that Frank owned the adjoining section of land she proposed to purchase it, together with the stock, and, knowing the danger from Indians and horse thieves in driving the stock home, he decided to sell, and making Mrs. Williame a bill of sale to the stock she paid him over the entire purchase money. Not having the necessary papers at hand, Frank was to make out and send her the deed when he returned home. This he instructed his brother to do, but for fear of being laughed at he had kept his own counsel until such time as it became necessary for him to speak. That time had now come, and he declared he would contest with all his might any attempt to dispose of that tract of land until the matter was thoroughly investigated. Part of his statement having already been verified, it was decided to make some inquiry relative to this Mrs. Williams. With this end in view a letter was sent to Mrs. Williams asking her for information as to the whereabouts of one Frank Jones. A short time after this she made her appearance in Denton, and, learning who was administrator of the Jones estate, presented herself before Bob Saunders and exhibited her receipt for the money paid, and also the bill of sale to the stock which Frank had given her. Her story tallied in every detail with that of John's ghostly visitor. John Jones went before the county court of Denton county and there made affidavit, which is a matter of record, that his brother Frank had detailed to him his trade with the widow, and that the administrator was in justice bound to furnish her a deed to the property. Although he robbed his own pocket of considerable money he carried out the instructions of his brother's spirit and the widow received her own.

WHISKY HAS THE BULGE.

A bit of interesting church information reached us from Dawson county last Saturday says the Dahlonega Nugget, being related to us by a reliable gentleman, which is as follows: A few weeks ago at Gotham church in that county two of its members were dismissed because they had been making liquor contrary to the laws of the United States and the rules of the church, the evidence being taken from two boys who were not members of that nor any other church. This very much displeased those belongign to the blockading department of the church who all attended services on the 20th, and being in the majority, turned out fifteen of the oldest members of the church for contempt, claiming that the proceedings of the previous meeting were not legal because the testimony was not gospel evidence. This ends the matter here below and those interested will have to endure their grievances until the case is passed upon by the supreme court above.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

Cascarine

The Time Tested Laxative Tonic.

Take it and keep good health. It cures Headache, Habitual Constipation, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, and Bowels. It soothes the Nerves and improves the Appetite. It purifies the Blood. It acts as a tonic on the whole system and gives one new life. Cascarine is a mild pleasant, tasteless, laxative tonic—the kind you need.

At all druggists, 50 cents a bottle or sent direct by mail by the manufacturers.

REA BROS. & CO.,
Minneapolis, Louisville and New York.

FOR SALE.

A 7-room house with city water in best residence division of West Duluth for........ **$875**
$175 cash and balance $10.22 a month.

FOR RENT AT WEST DULUTH

3-room flat	$3.00
5-room flat	$7.00
5-room flat	$5.00
10-room house	$10.00
5-room flat	$5.00
6-room house	$7.00
8-room house	$8.00
6-room flat, city water	$7.00
6-room flat, city water	$9.00
8-room house, city water	$10.00
6-room house	$6.00
7-room house	$6.00

CHAN. SMITH,
No. 2 First Ave. W., Hunter Block.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Christmas Matinee AND NIGHT—TUESDAY, Dec. 25

Charles Frohman presents the Enormous Dramatic Triumph,
DAVID BELASCO'S VERSION OF

"Zaza"

As presented over 900 nights in New York.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.
MATINEE—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

ONE NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 26.

Wm. A. Prady's magnificent production of the marvelous melodrama of mysticism

—THE—

SORROWS OF SATAN

Under the personal direction of Wm. A. Brady.
Adapted and dramatized from the famous novel of Marie Corelli.
Prices—Dress circle $1.00, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balony 50c.

CHRISTMAS JOLLITY

THE DAY IS IDEAL

Nature Gives Duluth a Christmas Day That Is Absolutely Perfect.

CHILDREN GET GIFTS

Entertainments at Many of the Churches and Elsewhere ---Services at Churches.

Christmas day, with all its beauty of thought, tradition and memory, with its labor of love, its joys and festivities, dawned, bright, clear and crisp. In Duluth, this last Christmas of the old century will always be memorable, coming as it does at the end of the year that has been most profitable in commercial circles, and with a future for Duluth that seems to be freighted with blessings rich and manifold.

Everything seemed to combine in the interest of the day's success. Nothing is lacking to make it a traditional old-fashioned Christmas with the jingle of sleigh bells, the nip of the frost, and the day clear and bright.

Charity's face beamed most kindly on Duluth's poor and unfortunate, and joyous carols of Christmastide echoed through the churches and hospitals of the city. It is Christ's day in the full sense of the term.

And nearly all the Duluth homes are today scenes of warmth and chastened gayety. Family ties of affection are being renewed and strengthened, and only the hotels seem quiet and solemn, as all the travelers that could possibly do so departed for home yesterday or several days ago.

THE CHURCH SERVICES.

At all of the Roman Catholic churches the services were very elaborate this morning. At the Cathedral the choir sang the great Christmas hymn "Adeste Fidelis," by Weber, at the opening of the service. For the mass the "Kyrie," "Gloria" and "Angus Dei," of Gilsinn's grand Italian mass, and "Credo," "Sanctus" and "Benedictus," of Gounod's "Unfold Ye Portals," was sung. Flaaten's orchestra assisted.

At the Roman Catholic church Morrison's mass was sung and the solos and choruses were very fine. At St. Clement's church parts of Beethoven's, Gounod's, and Gilsinn's masses were sung.

At the Episcopal churches there were also services. At St. Paul's church there was a full choral service and sermon by Mr. Ryan.

ELKS FEAST THE CHILDREN.

Every year on the day before Christmas the Elks give a festival and presentation of gifts to the poor children of the city and the custom has grown to be one of the most satisfactory in the whole year for the members of the lodge. The interest taken in it by the members is very keen. Yesterday afternoon's entertainment was as happy a one as was ever given by the Duluth lodge. In the afternoon about 150 children were gathered in the dining room of the lodge rooms and sat down to a table almost overloaded with good things. There was everything in the line of eatables that the hungriest little stomach could ask and each child was filled to the utmost. Candy and nuts topped off the feast.

After the dinner the children were taken into the main lodge room and there each was given a bundle containing Christmas presents. Nearly all were of a substantial nature, such as clothing, shoes, etc. These were taken from a finely decorated Christmas tree. Before the distribution there were remarks by Rev. Harry White, Mayor Hugo and Frederick Teall.

The affair was in charge of C. M. Mauseau, chairman, William Burgess, J. L. Fuller, J. T. Armstead, W. A. Eden, M. A. Ryan and A. E. McManus. The merchants of the city donated the supplies for the dinner and the Elks raised the funds for the presents among themselves.

CHILDREN'S ENTERTAINMENTS.

At the Catholic Orphan's asylum on West Third street fifty-nine children were made happy by a great Christmas tree. This was the first annual Christmas tree at this institution, and it was all that it could possibly be in the way of happiness and pleasure. Donations had come freely into the asylum, and every child received a present. The sisters worked hard to give the children a happy evening, and they were entirely successful in that noble effort. There was a short program with a number of songs, recitations and dialogues, with Santa Claus as the hero of most of them.

The First Presbyterian church had a very pretty Christmas entertainment last night. The decorations were uncommonly beautiful. At 7 o'clock the members of the Sunday school met in the school room and marched out to the auditorium of the church to the music of Flaaten's orchestra. Several Christmas carols were sung, and there were some interesting exercises and recitations. Dr. Cleland, the pastor of the church, gave them a short and happy address, after which gifts and candy were distributed among the members of the school.

At the First Methodist church last evening the Christmas entertainment took the form of a cantata, "Santa Claus," and the church was crowded with the members of the Sunday school with their parents and friends. The cantata was sung by the members of the school under the direction of Professor Woodward, and it was done beautifully. When it was over, packages of candy were distributed to members of the school. W. H. Alexander was chairman of the committee, having the entertainment in charge.

Fifty-three little ones were made happy at the Children's home last night by a brightly decorated and illumined Christmas tree, the branches of which were weighted down with the pretty and useful things that children love at this season, contributed by friends of the home. Mrs. Sarah E. Green, the matron, was in charge, and the entertainment went off beautifully. A short program of songs and recitations had been arranged, in which the children took part. The toys and candy were taken from the tree and distributed, thus concluding the evening's entertainment.

The First Baptist church will have its Christmas Sunday school exercises tomorrow evening, beginning at 6 o'clock. The children will be given a Christmas supper. This will be followed by an entertainment in which there will be recitations and music by the children. The church will be very prettily decorated for the occasion. After the program there will be a distribution of candies, etc. The boxes containing these will be built up into a little cabin.

The Half Cent.

A movement is on fot to put a one-half cent coin in general use in the United States. Several suggestions have been made to the government, and a document was presented, signed by the heads of the big department stores in the various large cities throughout the country, showing the need for this money in making change. Progress finds many methods of improvement, but for half a century past, in spite of many imitations, nothing has arisen to equal Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the greatest benefactor the human race has ever known. This medicine cures constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, nervousness and sleeplessness, also prevents malaria, fever and ague. Be sure to get the genuine with our Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

Oberlin College Glee Club

At Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

PRESENTS FOR MANY

A Few Remembrances For Duluth People That Will Be Appreciated.

NOT ALL GUARANTEED

If Not All Received, They Probably Would Like to Have Them.

On this day of gift-giving and gift-receiving The Herald hopes that everybody got just what they wanted, and that they are glad of it. It is a presumption to be maintained until it is disproved, that everybody did get just what they wanted. Therefore, in giving a list of what some people found in their stockings this morning, it must be remembered that it is assumed that everybody was just suited in their presents, and if they were not, and the gifts referred to were not received, it is not The Herald's fault. Below will be found a brief list of the contents of some Christmas stockings this morning:

The city of Duluth—Some new pavements.

The county of St. Louis—A new court house.

The lumbermen—A good fall of snow.

The News Tribune—A Panton & White ad.

William C. Sargent—A bottle of hair restorer.

The Duluth board of trade—A few orders.

Odin Halden—A bill for the apportionment of the gross earnings taxes, with the compliments of the legislature.

John Perkins Johnson—A legal opinion that his office holds for four years instead of two.

The district court—A breathing spell.

J. B. Middlecoff—An appointment as minister to Dahomey, beginning Jan. 7, 1901.

The county board—$1,000,000 to spend for county roads.

L. F. Whipple—A payment of taxes without a kick at their injustice.

The board of education—An article on "The Horrors of Vaccination" by Dr. Henry Haskins.

A. B. Wolvin—A magnificent bunch of bouquets from the Detroit Free Press.

The tug trust—A resignation by the Maytham Tug company of its right to a place on the earth.

The Duluth Historical and Scientific association—A few more active members.

Henry Liedel—Third prize at a beauty show.

The national administration— A few more worlds to be benevolently assimilated.

William F. Getty—An intimation of what the new governor thinks about the surveyor generalship of the Duluth district.

G. Fred Stevens—A little of the same.

The flour trust—Some elixir of life.

The Minnesota Iron company—A head that will stay on.

George R. Laybourn—A chance to get even with A. F. Ferris.

William F. Phelps—A substantial normal school appropriation.

People of West Duluth—Starting up of the blast furnace.

Duluth Telephone company—A favorable decision.

Water and light commissioners—A brand new building without any kicks.

W. J. Johnson—A cabinet photo of W. L. Douglas.

J. B. Cotton—A decision that he will be the successor of Page Morris.

W. L. Windom—That's me, too.

T. C. Phillips—A dozen American Beauties.

M. S. Burrows—An invitation to attend the Pan-American exposition.

John Panton—A Christmas card from Sir Thomas Lipton.

Simon Clark—A handsome volume of Robert Burns poems.

B. E. Baker—The cost figures on a private wire to Dawson City.

John McCarthy—A few more shorts in December flax.

E. L. Millar—Message to report at Winona.

Lee Willcuts—The scalp of William L. Windom.

Dr. Frederick Patton—Election as county physician.

Dr. Robert Graham—Will take the same.

Henry Truelsen—Offer to take charge of "municipal ownership" department on William Jennings Bryan's Commoner.

Frank Wade—A ticket good for one seat in the city council chamber.

W. E. Kern—A ticket just like Wade's.

* * *

When Aurora's rosy fingers opened the gates of this Christmas morn one Republican politician who is sometimes encountered wandering through the sacred precincts of the Fourth ward jibbering to himself about running for treasurer against Fred Voss was nestling coyly in his violet-hued bed. Just when his landlady called him the ninth time he awoke suddenly and stared wildly at his stocking with great expectancy.

"It looks like the nomination, sure. Ain't I lucky?" he murmured.

Then he jumped out of bed and plunged his hand into the yawning depths. Instead of the nomination, he pulled out a card, which read:

"Total registration, 8000. Voss, 7999; scattering, 1."

Next to this was a box of 35-cent pink-and-green candy and a card that went to press with the following inscription:

"Blessed is he who expects nothing, for he'll surely get it."

* * *

City Comptroller McCormick's dreams are always symphonies in pink and white, which at Christmas time are embellished in mistletoe and holly, just as his everyday conversation is strewn with fragrant flowers of speech. His dream last night was the choicest collection of bows and ribbons imaginable.

The soft jingle of golden ankle bracelets made sweet music as her supreme dreamlettes swung to and fro, the aristocratic little foot encased in a costly slipper, and delicate lavender hose of fine spun silk. Her slender white hands were ablaze with costly gems, emitting sparks of fire as they flashed in the warm morning sunbeams. Great rubies, precious pearls, magnificent moonstones, exquisite emeralds, superb sapphires, diamonds of purest ray and fabulous value, and three immense turquoise soldered together into the grand proportions of half a horseshoe, encased her shapely fingers, rendering them straight and rigid, as if they were carved in ivory. She certainly was a dream.

In her hand she carried a dainty blue tinted, violet scented note which she offered with a saucy, bewitching smile.

Suddenly an inspiration seized the comptroller and he reached for the note. Instead of the usual address, in large, angular letters, was the inscription: "Second term."

"You are so good," exclaimed the comptroller rapturously.

"You are so good," he repeated, plagiarizing his own words owing to the excitement of the moment.

* * *

Detective Troyer awoke from a jerky dream in which two thousand angels hovered over him, playing rag time on jeweled mandolins. When the music stopped and the angels began to fade away, the detective grabbed the nearest one and demanded to know where it had done time before.

Lifting a pair of large, angelic blue eyes upward till their limpid light seemed to mix with the gold glint of its tangled curls, the angel said that it had never been arrested before and denied emphatically that it blew the safe at Mountain Iron several months ago. The detective let it go on its own recognizance.

* * *

"I wonder what it contains," said Judge Edson this morning, as he woke up from a fierce convention fight with W. O. Pealer, Charles McPherrin, and nearly every other member of the St. Louis county bar that had the qualifications of a dark horse possibility.

Walking over to the stocking, the first package was labeled:

"A merry renomination, and many of them."

THE FINAL RUSH.

Christmas Shopping Yesterday Was Enormous In Volume.

The day and evening before Christmas was one that gladdened the heart of the Duluth merchants, for everything was conducive to the last grand rush for Christmas shopping that occurred yesterday. In nearly every store in town the tired clerks were hustled to the limit to care for the trade and it was not with a long drawn sigh of relief, no doubt, that they saw the front doors locked last night.

All day yesterday there was a touch of the real thing in winter weather that was enervating and this with the tinkle of sleigh bells, the flashing by of gay sleighing turnouts made the day one of those that Duluthians have been used to in winters gone by.

All the afternoon and evening the streets were black with people who swarmed into the stores and shops along Superior street. Little folks were laying in their gifts for their elders; lads and lassies were buying things one for another as well as for their fathers, mothers, sisters, brothers, uncles and aunts. Mothers and big sisters were superintending the purchases of the younger people and incidentally doing a little buying on their own account.

Some of the incidents that transpired were amusing for how natural the following conversation will sound to many:

"Now you stay right there, don't you dare to move or look, will you?" one little lass would demand of another and on receiving a solemn promise she would skurry over to another little friend and a whispered consultation would ensue between them and the clerk until it ended with a little parcel being hid under the jacket of the first little maid.

In the meantime the little lass that made the promise was at another counter stealthily purchasing a book which was hid under her jacket and the two walked out together each trying to appear unconscious that the other had bought a present for her.

BIG SPREAD.

New York Salvation Army's Record Breaking "Feed" at Madison Square.

New York, Dec. 25.—Christmas day dawned bright and pleasant, and before the day was fairly under way the heads of the charitable society workers were up, seeing to provide wholesome dinners for the thousands of deserving poor throughout the city.

The great Madison Square garden has been transformed into a gigantic dining room and there, tonight, the Salvation Army will feed 25,000 people.

The Salvation Army this morning began to distribute baskets of dinner to all families who sent tickets. These tickets had been given out by members of all religious denominations to persons worthy of charity.

State Senator Timothy D. Sullivan will feed 5000 people of the Bowery. Frank Tilford, 700 newsboys at Lyric hall; the Thomas Reynolds Democratic association will feed 1000, the departments of charities and corrections will feed their inmates and Mrs. Howard Gould will feed 500 children.

Johnson-Mitchell.

A quiet wedding and a very pretty one was celebrated last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Johnson, 6324 Warden street, their daughter, Miss Emma M. Johnson being united in marriage to Dr. Oscar T. Mitchell. The house was prettily decorated in green with red and white carnations and roses. Only friends and relatives were present. A number of handsome presents were received. Dr. and Mrs. Mitchell left on the Omaha train at 4:30 o'clock for the Twin Cities, will go then to Forest City to visit his parents and will then go to Washington and Oregon and will return about Feb. 1.

THE TAX LAWS.

County Auditor Halden Speaks of Some Proposed to Be Submitted.

County Auditor Halden, with the other members of the commission appointed for that purpose by Governor Lind, is engaged in drafting a bill for presentation to the legislature at its meeting in January that will make radical changes in the duties of the auditors and treasurers of the state. The commission is composed of four auditors and two treasurers, and it is being aided in its work by Governor Lind, who has spent some time with it, and whom Auditor Halden credits with knowing as much about the tax laws as any man in the state.

The changes will be along the line of simplification, and while the work is not near enough along to make it possible to give the details, its general purpose is decided upon. It will take all of the bookkeeping of the county into the auditors' offices, and will leave the treasurer simply a cashier and receiving and disbursing agent for the county. At present the treasurer's office keeps the books for current taxes, while those for back taxes are kept by the auditor. If it is desired to transfer a piece of property it must go through the auditor's office for a certificate as to back taxes, and then through the treasurer's office for a certificate as to the current taxes. If one wishes to clean up the taxes on a lot he must go to both offices, thus practically doubling the time spent on it, and necessitating additional expense in clerk hire to the county.

By having all the books in the auditor's office the work is simplified in every respect. Now that city assessments are payable at the auditor's office when this measure is passed it will be only necessary to go to the auditor's office to find out all the indebtedness on any piece of property. Before it was necessary to go to the auditor's office, the treasurer's office and the city hall in order to make sure that there was nothing omitted and that someone would not snap up a tax title on one's property unaware.

The change, if made, is one that will be appreciated by those having business with the county, and it will result in considerably saving. It will require some additional help in the auditor's office, probably, but not so much as it will let out of the treasurer's office. The treasurer, being only a cashier, will need only one or two clerks where he often needs a dozen now.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

WANTED--A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

Curlers Again At It.

Curling is on again full blast at the rink, the cold weather having put the ice in good shape. Last evening two games were played and today the curlers are again at the sport. The games last evening resulted as follows:

G. H. Spencer,	Walter Brewer,
D. G. Cutler,	John Pugh,
F. A. Day,	S. A. McPhail,
C. B. Woodruff, skip—9.	A. W. Frick, skip—17.
Joseph Catlin,	W. H. Denham,
D. G. Cutler,	M. A. McLennan,
Smith,	D. Morrison,
H. Hurdon, skip—14.	Alex McRae, skip—9.

Oberlin College Glee Club

At Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

West Duluth

WEST DULUTH.

The termination of the suit of Dr. Confer against J. J. Frey for the shooting of the former's horse by mistake, during the hunting season was the subject of much comment yesterday afternoon and evening. Mr. Frey says he is satisfied because it has shown that he was not so foolish in his mistake as some have tried to make him appear, and that the verdict rendered by the jury indicates they believed his was a mistake that might easily have been made by any man. Mr. Frey says he first offered to settle for $50, but that the doctor wouldn't have it and as the latter got only a verdict for $50 and will have to pay the costs of the suit, he will not get as much for his horse as he would to have accepted the settlement offered by Mr. Frey.

A. J. FILIATRAULT'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Alfred J. Filiatrault, who died of pneumonia on Saturday night, will be held from the St. James Catholic church Wednesday morning. The remains will be placed in a vault at the Oneota cemetery when they will be interred in the family lot at the cemetery next spring. It is expected that there will be a large turnout at the funeral as the deceased was a member of several fraternal orders that will pay their last respects.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Modern Woodmen are planning on a very interesting public meeting tomorrow night. One of the state officers will be present to make an address.

Miss Clara Towner, who has been ill for some time is now able to get out a little.

John Burdell, of LeSueur, Minn., was a caller here yesterday.

Mrs. A. A. Armsstrong is visiting in Marinette, Wis., and other points for a couple of weeks.

Casey Foster and family arrived yesterday from Hope, N. D., to make their home in West Duluth.

T. F. Wieland, of the hardware firm of Wieland & Wade, is here from Bayfield.

On Thursday night the Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., will hold a joint installation with the Duluth chapter, R. A. M., at the West Duluth lodge room.

The Maccabees held a large dancing party in the Great Eastern hall last night.

The Neena-Moosha council, No. 8, Degree of Pocahontas, are planning on a big dancink party in the Great Eastern hall on the evening of Jan. 8. The following ladies comprise the committee having the matter in charge: Meta Krakenberger, Jennie Lutzka, Lena Durham, T. J. Ultican and Ivor Seasted.

Miss Jennie E. Nellis and Antoine J. Lutzka were united in marriage at the home of the bride at 23 Sixty-second avenue west, yesterday afternoon, by Justice Robert Stone. This was the first marriage service performed by Justice Stone, but he is said to have done nobly.

Lawrence Gilley will leave for Chicago on Friday of this week.

Every place of business on Central avenue was closed this morning and the proprietors and clerks were enjoying to the fullest extent the Christmas pleasures.

The cold snap resulted in the making of excellent ice at the covered rink and there will be skating there this afternoon and evening. The band will be in attendance both afternoon and evening.

An elaborate musical program was carried out at the St. James church this morning under the direction of Professor George Tyler. A number of the prominent musicians of Duluth were in attendance and assisted.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.
Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions, but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

FEDERAL BUILDING SIDEWALK.

A Friendly Explanation of Yesterday's Condition of Affairs.

Red tape is expected in all lines and all departments of government work and Uncle Sam is usually expected to be deliberate and very conservative in all his enterprises and movements. Nothing is done hurriedly or without carefully weighing the consequences and the details which must be carried out to reach the end desired. As environment is supposed to shape the nature of men, it is but natural to expect that the servants of this great and good government, living constantly in this aid of deliberation, slow movement, careful consideration and weighing of results, should fall into the same ways that characterize Uncle Sam.

Why all this reflection it will be asked? It is called to the public mind for the purpose of persuading them to look upon the condition of the sidewalk that surrounds the federal building in a different light, and with more charitable feelings. Now they are inclined to view it with considerable asperity but a little thought will change this impression into commendation that so much has been thus far accomplished.

Sunday's storm left the spacious walk covered with a considerable pile of snow, not throughout the entire length, but the First street walk offered a few hours' work to the ordinary man. This was the situation that confronted the employes of the building when they arrived yesterday morning.

Now, when Uncle Sam has improvements to make, the first step is to make a preliminary survey of the proposed improvement and report. Following precedent is something that is thoroughly grafted into every employe of the government, for there is precedent for almost everything. Therefore the two employes first made a survey of the situation and retired to the basement to estimate the quantity of snow to be removed, the probable expenditure of labor thereon, the tools and implements necessary to properly remove the obstruction to pedestrian navigation and in general the situation was thoroughly canvassed.

A second visit to the scene of the work necessary to be performed convinced the employes of the govrnment that possibly it was an mergency case that would warrant the expenditure necessary without waiting for the approval of higher officials.

This settled in their minds, they went to work. Gradually the removal of the snow bank began and slowly it proceeded until well in the afternoon.

About 4:30 o'clock a visitor to the federal building would have discovered lying on the walk nearly in front of the entrance a scraper and a shovel. The walk was about two-thirds clear.

The exact conditions of affairs had not been given out late last night, but it is understood that the employes suddenly concluded that the work was not of that emergency nature which warrant such sudden action and expenditure of effort and that further considerat on had shown them that their first judgment was wrong and that there was no precedent for such hasty action. This view of the situation is said to have been unanimous.

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

Governor Elect Van Sant Beset By Two Factions.

In speaking of the perturbation of mind that the scramble for office the Minneapolis Tribune makes a reference to the two factions in the local Republican party that pictures them as fiends ready to tear Governor Van Sant limb from limb if he does not do the proper thing. As the view as to the proper thing is different in both factions, it is clearly impossible for the governor-elect to accomplish it, so his days are numbered. The reference is as follows:

"The most troublesome fight is that for the surveyor generalship of the Duluth district, in which George Fred Stevens and William Getty are the chief contestants. Stevens represents the so-called Windom faction, and Getty is indorsed by the Morris-Willcuts crowd, and if either of the men mentioned is appointed there will be a disgruntled faction ready to fly at the governor and murder him politically."

To Collect Their Wages.

James Sullivan, Rickford and William S. Lay have invoked the aid of the United States to assist them in collecting bills for seamen's wages claimed to be due, the amounts being $22.50, $15.50 and $23.25, respectively. The claims are against the tug E. T. Carrington. The men appeared before United States Court Commissioner Pressnell yesterday and stated their grievance. Capt. Pressnell asked them if they had demanded their wages of the master. They replied that they had.

"What did he say?" asked the captain.

"He told us to go to h—l," was the response.

"What did you do then?"

"We came here," was the reply without any idea of humor, but there must have have been some in the reply for Capt. Pressnell found it quite funny.

Engagement Announced.

The engagement of Miss Beals, of Detroit, Mich., and Harry B. Earhart, of Chicago, formerly of Duluth, has been announced. Miss Beals is a sister of Mrs. John A. Stephenson, of this city, and has frequently visited here.

MAY SHIP AT SPRAGUE.

Congressman Eddy Urging Action In Behalf of Farmers.

Washington, Dec. 25.—Congressman Eddy had a lively tilt with O. L. Spaulding, assistant secretary of the treasury, yesterday. For the past month a strong petition has been pending before the treasury department, sent by many American farmers residing within three miles of the Canadian boundary in Northern Minnesota. The petition urges that a special agent of the treasury department be sent to the little town of Sprague, just across the line in Canada, for the purpose of sealing car loads of American wheat to be sent to Minneapolis and Duluth terminals. The farmers had good crops in this section, and Sprague is from fifteen to twenty miles nearer the market for them than is the new town of Warroad. At this season, when roads are bad, it would be of great benefit to farmers to have their wheat marketed at Sprague and sealed in cars for the American market.

At first Mr. Spaulding was inclined to deny the request, assuming that it would be a "violation of international obligations." This high-sounding platitude aroused the ire and fire of Frank Eddy, and he proceeded forthwith to give facts and figures concerning what has been done in similar cases, and his detailed knowledge of the situation created great surprise in the department. It is understood the petition will get through.

Stop drinking. Don't waste your money, time and life any more. Take the Keeley cure; be a man again. Keeley Institute, corner Park avenue and Tenth street, Minneapolis.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Can the Maine Be Raised?

It Is Perhaps Impossible to Accomplish Without Using Dynamite—Is Deadly for Divers Owing to Filth Accumulated In the Harbor.

TIME LIMIT IS MUCH TOO SHORT.

Washington, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The authorities have met an unexpected snag in connection with their decision to have the wreck of the Maine removed from Havana harbor.

Advertisements for bids for doing the work have been issued, but up to the present time no response worthy of consideration has been received.

There are two reasons why this should be so. In the first place the specifications call for the completion of the work by April 1, 1901, and in the second the use of dynamite in the operations is prohibited.

The representative of the most prominent wrecking company in the United States, when interviewed by me, said: "We have not put in a bid for this job and do not intend to. It would take practically all the time allowed for the work for preliminary surveying and the prohibitive clause in regard to the use of dynamite makes the task one of stupendous magnitude. Of course, the clause is inserted for sentimental reasons as the government thinks it possible that there may yet be bodies remaining in the vessel.

"There are two ways in which a wreck like that of the Maine can be raised. One is by means of pontoons and the other by using dynamite to split it up into small sections that could be hauled up by derricks located on floats.

There may be other possible ways of proceeding with the task which would be devised by our experts if they were on the spot, as no two wrecks call for precisely the same way of handling.

"The Maine was an iron vessel of 9000 or 10,000 tons displacement and she not only is sunk deep in the slimy ooze of Havana harbor, but at the present time her hull is doubtless full of mud. In order, therefore, to raise her the preliminary work would consist of excavating all this silt and sand which has drifted into her beneath the water.

"Those acquainted with the conditions prevailing in Havana harbor, readily will understand how dangerous and expensive a task this will be. The harbor is Havana's cesspool and every diver and workman employed in this work will run the risk of permanent disablement from fever. As we provide for all men who are injured in this way while in our employ the cost entailed on us for this alone might be enormous. There would undoubtedly be a great deal of mortality among the men while the operations were being conducted. The price paid in this way for raising the Maine might startle if it did not stagger humanity.

"Especially would this be the case if the non-dynamite clause were not eliminated from the specifications. The only course open for operating on the wreck would be to use steel drills and this would necessitate the combined presence under water of a small army of men, working in the foetid atmosphere at such a task as piercing harveyized iron plates would be not only a terrific task, but also a dangerous one. It would, however, probably be the only possible way of getting the wreck out of the harbor, outside of the use of dynamite.

"It is very doubtful if such a heavy wreck as that of the Maine could be raised by pontoons because it would be difficult to secure the required displacement.

"The idea that any one would move the wreck for the value of the material sold as mementoes is preposterous. Anyone who proposes such an abused scheme must be beside themselves. The American people are not ridiculously sentimental. The fate of the Dewey arch in New York is sufficient proof of this assertion.

"Unquestionably the wreck should be removed. Its presence in the harbor serves only as a reminder of the late unpleasantness, which with very good grace can be dispensed with. To say that the task of raising and removing it cannot be accomplished is ridiculous, but it is equally so to imagine that any thing at all can be done under the present specifications.

"Unless I am greatly mistaken the government will find it expedient to ask for new bids based upon entirely different conditions. It is probable that when the bids now asked for were put out the difficulties of the case had not been thoroughly considered.

"If we were to make a proposition for carrying out the work of raising the Maine it would have to be something practical.

"The work would call for the employment of a force of at least 200 men. On account of the unhealthiness of the task a relay of workmen would be necessary. In our previous expereience with raising sunken Spanish cruisers in Cuban waters the amount of sickness among the men was appalling. We know that the conditions would be intensified in Havana harbor as it has been the receptacle for the city's sewage for so many years.

"These are the practical points of the situation. Of course, those who have had less experience than ourselves in wrecking operations may have in mind fanciful schemes by which they imagine that the work can be done easily and expeditiously, but it will be found difficult to accomplish anything except on the lines laid down by past experience."

John T. Cavanaugh, of Boston, seems to be about the only person who has a scheme at all for raising the Maine. He is an original genius and thinks that he can raise the wreck by means of jack screws. In order to use these for lifting purposes he proposes to build enormous piers at each side of the wreck, with oak piles for a foundation and hard pine for a flooring. The lifting apparatus projected would consist of a combination of jacks, stringers, trusses and chains. The idea is to get the vessel intact into a dry dock and then leave the further disposal of it to the government. Mr. Cavanaugh is not a wrecker, but a house and monument mover.

FREDERICK WATSON.

DANCE'S TRAGIC ENDING.

New York, Dec. 25.—An Italian dance at Mammaroueck, N. Y., which was started as a Christmas celebration, ended in a murderous row, one man being killed outright and another so severely stabbed that he is expected to die, and others receiving dangerous wounds. The scene of the row was the "Foot and Half House." From what can be learned, the fight was started by Intenso Doeri. Vittora Narragiano was waltzing around the hall with a young woman who had refused to dance with Doeri. The latter followed them about the hall, ridiculing their dancing and making himself obnoxious. Narragiano challenged him to a duel and Doeri accepted. They went outside, all the others following. Narragiano drew a knife, Doeri a stilletto. The latter drove his weapon into Narragiano twice. The latter drew a revolver and fired twice, wounding Doeri and mortally wounding Guissepe, one of the musicians, the bullet piercing his brain. This immediately precipitated a fight. Narragiano and Guissepe were helpless on the floor. Two others were bleeding from many wounds.

REMAINS OF MARQUETTE.

Believed to Have Been Exhumed Near Frankfort, Mich.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 25.—Announcement is made by the Ann Arbor railroad officials that what are supposed to be the remains of Father Marquette, the noted missionary and explorer, have been exhumed by workmen near Frankfort, Mich. Only the skull and some imperfect bones were found and experts declare them to be those of a white man. A streak of rust and small chains close to the head are believed to have been the father's beads and cross.

The find was made at a considerable depth while excavating for a big summer hotel. The Michigan Historical society claims to possess the proof that Father Marquette was buried at this point in the year 1675, in the bed of a small stream. In was in changing the course of a stream that the remains were found. Great interest is being taken in the find by Michigan historians. A thorough investigation is being made.

TURMOIL CONTINUES.

Manilla, Dec. 25.—Advices to the Associated Press from the island of Leyte show that there is still considerable turmoil on the west coast, but that the east coast is quiet, the leaders having retired to the mountains. Lieut. Frank E. Lynch and three men of the Forty-fourth volunteer infantry were wounded near Ilongas, on the west coast. Two men of Company L, Forty-third volunteer infantry were killed and three of Companies L and F, together with Lieut. Lewis H. Leaf, were wounded Dec. 13 near San Miguel, Northwestern Leyte. No decided results have yet been secured by the 2000 United States troops distributed among the coast towns of Samar.

$5.75 Round Trip, Via Eastern Minnesota Railway.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, and Jan. 2. The Bee line limited at 1:25 p. m.. Fastest train to Minneapolis. Has new observation chair car. Night train leaves at 11:25 p. m. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m. City ticket office, 432 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

BIG SACRIFICE.

Nat Goodwin Cancels Dates to Spend Christmas Week at Home.

Boston, Dec. 25.—Nathaniel Goodwin, Jr., or as he is more familiarly known, plain "Nat" Goodwin, the comedian, is nothing if not original.

In his inaugural address last January Governor Frank P. Rollins, of New Hampshire, first suggested the idea of an "Old Home Week," and from his suggestion grew one of the most beautiful modern customs that exists in New England today. During some week in August "Old Home" week was established, and it was considered a duty and a pleasure for sons of their native state to visit their old homes again, bringing good cheer to parents and friends. The idea was copied by Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire and bids fair to spread to other states. Hundreds of thousands answered the call and the remembrance of the week will live long in their hearts.

There was one who did not visit his old home in Massachusetts. Perhaps it was too common a custom, although only just born. Perhaps because everybody else was doing the same thing, this person could not. That was Nat Goodwin—it was one of his strongest characteristics.

But Nat Goodwin would have his own "Old Home" week, and to do this canceled his regular Christmas week's engagement on the circuit and will play in Boston instead, in order, as he says himself, "that I may spend the holidays with my father."

Nathaniel Goodwin, Sr., lives in a cozy little home at 72 Forest street, in the Roxbury district. He is an old man now, and is looking forward to the visit of his only son with almost childish delight. A reporter called at the house the other day and was greeted with a smile as broad as a watermelon is long.

"Yes, Nat is coming home for Christmas," said the old man, "and I tell you I am almost counting the days. I have not seen Nat in over a year. I feel that the boy is sacrificing a great deal to spend this week with me, but I am growing old and will not be here for many more holiday weeks."

An effort was made to get the old gentleman to drift into a reminiscent mood, but with little success. He would talk of "his boy" by the hour, but would say nothing of himself.

"I have really dropped behind the times," said Mr. Goodwin when asked as to how Boston compared today with the Boston of fifteen, twenty or twenty-five years ago.

"It is of very little use for me or any one else to venture out of doors now. Things are not what they were twenty-five years ago. Those were lively times. Yes, it was a wide-open city; wide-open in almost every sense of the word, but you never heard of hold-ups. Now hardly a day passes that two or three burglaries are not reported right here in Boston, to say nothing of the thousands of crimes daily recorded throughout the country. In the olden days the police force was used to catch thieves and protect property. Now they are used to guard churches, attend weddings and to be at the beck and call of a crowd of would-be reformers, who spend their time minding other people's business. But I don't suppose there is any need of complaining. Every dog has his day; we had ours, and now there is another kind of a bench show on."

AN HONEST SPORTING MAN.

Up to ten years ago Nathaniel Goodwin, Sr., was known as one of the fairest, most honest sporting men in New England. He was for years proprietor of the famous Bohemian club, in Hayward place. This club had rooms over Ham Brock's saloon, and in Brock and the late John Stetson, the theatrical manager, and Goodwin there was a trio that was hard to beat from a sporting standpoint, but the remark must not be construed to mean that one could not win if the luck was with him. With Goodwin, Sr., handling the case or spinning the marble tale, no man was ever afraid of the treatment he would receive.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Crawfordsville, Ind., yesterday Joseph Douglas shot and fatally wounded Frank Parish and Charles Doyle, who had called at his house to see Douglas' wife. She was away. The men went to the rear door and failing to get a response kicked it open. Douglas fired through a window with a shotgun, tearing Parish's face off. A second shot was poured into Doyle's back at a distance of fifteen feet. There had been trouble for some time on account of Parish's attentions to Douglas' wife. Doyle was a soldier at San Juan hill.

Lester Romaine died at his home near Middleport, Ohio, yesterday afternoon from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by his brother, Herbert Romaine. Herbert, who was under the influence of liquor, became angered because his brother snatched his cap from his head, and declared he would shoot if the act was repeated. Thinking his brother was joking, Lester snatched the cap again, whereupon Herbert pulled a revolver and shot Lester just below the heart.

John D. Driscoll, better known as "Dynamite" Driscoll, died yesterday in Boston, of cancer of the tongue. Mr. Driscoll was 70 years old and was born in this country. He was a friend of John Mitchell, O'Donovan Rossa, Charles S. Parnell, Michael Davitt and all the prominent Irish patriots. During the civil war, he served in the Ninth Massachusetts volunteers.

State Senator W. F. Meyer, of Carbon county, Mont., a banker and prominent citizen of Red Lodge, was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by Dora Fullerton, the daughter of a ranchman, who charges that Meyer called her into his office, locked the door and tried to kiss her. She, however, succeeded in escaping.

Capt. James Wilson, of the British steamship Inchcape Rock, that arrived at Astoria, Ore., yesterday from Shanghai, was reported missing from the cabin on the morning of Dec. 20. A search of the ship failed to show any trace of him. He had been complaining of feeling ill for two weeks and it is thought that he committed suicide.

In a fire at Toronto, Canada, which destroyed the store and dwelling of Robert Lithco yesterday, his son Henry was burned to death and his wife was so severely injured by jumping from a window that her life is despaired of. The other members of the family saved themselves by jumping.

The International Crude Rubber company with an authorized capital of $30,000,000, was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., yesterday to manufacture and deal in rubber goods of all kinds. Of the capital stock, $10,000,000 is to be preferred, with 6 per cent cumulative dividends. The incorporators are all of Jersey City.

The New York Herald says today that James A. Bailey, the famous showman, made an announcement yesterday that he is going to organize an entirely new show for America, to be called "Barnum & Bailey's New and Greatest Show on Earth."

Mrs. John Jacobson, son and daughter, were thrown from a wagon in a runaway near Albertville, Wis. The mother is reported dead with a fractured skull and the others seriously injured.

The monthly statement of the collector of internal revenue show that, during November, 1900, the total receipts were $25,344,258, an increase as compared with November last year of $886,851.

CORBIN IN LOVE AFFAIR.

Adjutant General Said to Have a Heart Malady.

New York, Dec. 25.—A Washington dispatch to the Journal is as follows:

When Gen. Corbin left a few days ago for a visit to his daughter in New York the announcement was made to his friends here that he had gone to recuperate from the effects of a severe cold.

But there runs an undercurrent in society that the adjutant general is suffering from a deeper-seated malady; that he has, in fact, gone away to pull himself together from an affair of the heart, which, however, is not quite hopeless.

According to one authority, the matrimonial attentions so evident on the part of Gen. Corbin toward Miss Edith Patten have not been meeting with the success he would desire.

There is nothing to find fault with in regard to the attitude of the young woman herself in the affair. But there are whispers of a whole big book of complaints to be lodged against the attitude of her sisters, who, it is said, are distinctly against the idea of their sister Edith marrying Gen. Corbin. The reasons for this stand are entirely financial ones. The Patten girls, it is well known, are among the wealthiest members of Washington society, and desire to keep their money altogether in the family. The marriage of their older sister some dozen years ago to Mr. Glover, of St. Louis, at that time a member of congress, was a costly experience, for it resulted in an extensive lawsuit.

Gen. Corbin has made no secret of his attentions to Miss Edith ever since that well-remembered afternoon in the late spring, when, after issuing broadcast in society invitations to assemble in their swellest turnouts and form back of the White House, he dashed down among this assemblage of his friends driving Miss Edith Patten in the highest dog-cart in the city.

This action on his part was taken by society at the time as tantamount to an acknowledgment of an engagement. Since then the adjutant general may have been seen almost every fine afternoon driving with the same companion. But so far there is no tinkle of marriage bells in the air.

LINEN MILL AT ALBERT LEA.

Eastern Capitalists Are Interested In the Project.

Minneapolis, Dec. 25.—G. Loppens, Belgian flax expert, has been in Minneapolis the last week with Mrs. Henrietta Olberg, of Albert Lea, the flax and linen expert. Mrs. Olberg has succeeded in interesting Eastern capitalists in a linen mill venture, of which Loppens is to be the manager.

Albert Lea will probably be selected as the site. The machinery is all ready to install as soon as a site is chosen, and the preparation of the fiber will probably begin in the spring. Loppens has already secured an option on such flax straw as has not been burned.

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture has given the project a hearty endorsement, and has offered the services of the department to forward the flax fiber industry, and the seed has already been promised.

STATE OIL INSPECTOR.

Governor-Elect Van Sant Favors a St. Paul Man.

St. Paul, Dec. 25.—Information at hand is to the effect that the appointment of state oil inspector under the Van Sant administration has been determined upon to a point where it is known that the position will be given to a St. Paul man, and it is further learned that Eli S. Warner, the one candidate mentioned heretofore, who resides in St. Paul, is not to be the lucky one.

The decision outlined above is said to have been reached at a conference held in St. Paul Saturday evening between the governor-elect and a number of the St. Paul Republican leaders.

It is recognized that the Reese-Warner crowd in the capital city is entitled to substantial recognition, and at the same time it is admitted that to appoint Warner, who has more than his fair share of political enemies, would be very bad politics on the part of Governor Van Sant.

The only solution apparent was the one decided upon. While Warner will not get the office, the appointee will be satisfactory to him and his friends.

The office of oil inspector is probably the best one within the gift of the governor, and is said to pay not less than $15,000 annually.

MUST FACE OUSTER SUITS.

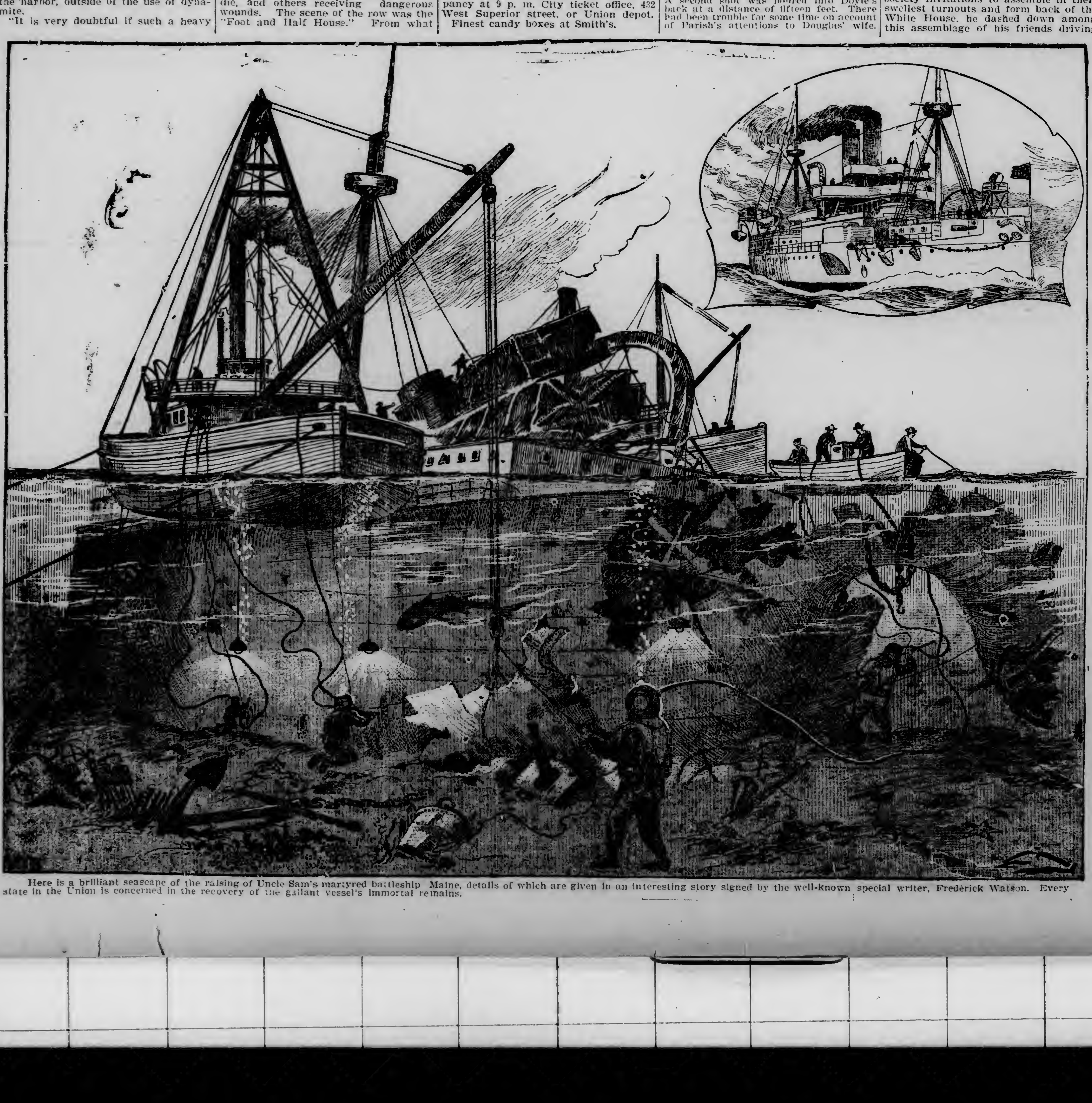
Actions Against Indiana Sheriffs Owing to Recent Lynchings.

Indianapolis, Dec. 25.—The attorney general, under direction of the governor, is preparing to bring suit in the lynching cases at Rockport and Booneville, and they will be filed before Governor Mount retires from office under the so-called anti-lynching law. The last general assembly passed a law making the sheriff of a county where a prisoner is lynched liable on his bond. Neither the governor nor attorney general will speak of details, but it is understood that the sheriff of Spencer will be made defendant in one and possibly the sheriff of Warrick in the other.

The anti-lynching law provides that if a person is taken from custody of the sheriff having him in charge and is lynched, this shall be regarded as prima facie evidence of the failure of such officer to do his duty, and it is made the duty of the prosecuting attorney and the attorney general to institute impeachment proceedings.

Among the callers on the governor was Senator Stillwell, of the Posey-Gibson district. Gibson adjoins Warrick and Spencer, where the recent lynching occurred, and he is quoted as telling the attorney general and the governor that the Spencer county authorities will do nothing toward punishing the lynchers. The senator reported he talked to Phil Zoercher, prosecutor, the day after the lynching, and he said he did not intend to "bother about prosecuting anybody."

The senator also said that the names of all the participants were well known, and that the "big man" who led the mob was a prominent citizen.



Here is a brilliant seascape of the raising of Uncle Sam's martyred battleship Maine, details of which are given in an interesting story signed by the well-known special writer, Frederick Watson. Every state in the Union is concerned in the recovery of the gallant vessel's immortal remains.

Every Mother, Expectant Mother or Marriageable Girl

"I'd better get it."

can have a practical treatise on motherhood, telling about **"MOTHER'S FRIEND"** (that will save months of pain and trouble), sent, free, by sending name and address of self or friends to THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"The world can produce nothing like 'Mother's Friend.'"

Sold by best Druggists, $1.00, or sent by express paid on receipt of price.

Burlington Route

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better"—is what every trave'er says of the buffet-library car on the Burlington's Chicago Limited, leaving Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul 8:05 p. m., every day, arriving at Chicago 9:25 next morning. Has sofa, writing desk, card tables, easy chairs, illustrated weeklies, popular magazines, daily papers, and a well-stocked buffet. Lighted by electricity. Heated by steam. The "Scenic Express" leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. Arrives Chicago same evening. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line.

P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

GEO. P. LYMAN, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

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Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior st

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.

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"Field Flowers"

(cloth bound, 8 x 11), as a certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works and is ready for delivery.

But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.00.

The Fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the Fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund, (Also at Book Stores) 180 Monroe St., Chicag

If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10 cents.

Mention this Journal, as Adv. is inserted as our Contributio

JOHNSON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Digests anything and everything you eat. Cures Indigestion and builds up the tissues, increasing flesh in thin, nervous people.

Invigorates the Stomach, makes Strong nerves and solid flesh, in nature's way, from plenty of wholesome food, well digested.

Be sure you get the GENUINE, made at The JOHNSON LABORATORIES, PHILADELPHIA

All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

Let Herald Advertisements Guide You in Your Purchases for Christmas.

Overcrowding Remedy

A Gigantic Scheme to Prevent the Tenement Evil in Cities and Provide Toilers with Healthy, Idyllic Homes.

A PHILANTHROPIST'S VIEWS.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the most serious problems confronting mankind at the present time is the question of the congestion of population. It is affecting the health and morals of the great masses of the people, and it is a timely thing to provide a remedy for it at this dawn of the new century. This remedy is outlined in a practical shape by the writer of the following article, the well-known philanthropist, William J. Robinson:

As we stand on the threshold of a new century, it is natural to look into the past and to desire to look into the future. If we glance over our shoulders at some of the most significant changes of the past hundred years and note the tendencies, we shall find that looking backwards will enable us to look forward, because tendencies are prophetic.

At the beginning of the century our national territory was less than one-fourth of its present area, and only a small proportion of that was settled. During ninety years of this century our population increased 57,500,000, or nearly 1200 per cent. Up to 1895 we built 232,755 miles of railroad at a cost of nearly $10,000,000 of dollars; in 1830 we had only 23 miles of railway in the entire country. As the increase of city population let us take New York. Founded 1614, it took New York 175 years to gain 33,000 inhabitants. During the next period of fifty years it gained 280,000; during the next fifty-one years it gained 850,000, and the increase continued until in the census report for 1900 New York's population is placed at 2,985,422. One hundred years ago 3 per cent of the population of the United States was urban, now over 30 per cent. In 1840 21.79 per cent of our population was engaged in agriculture. In 1890 the population had fallen to 7.52 per cent. At the close of this year it is estimated that the proportion engaged in manufactures will be twice as large as it was fifty years ago.

The present cause of city congestion is very evident. In the age of homespun, which for most of our population reached nearly to the middle of this century, the farmer and his wife supplied nearly all the wants of their household. Together they could do in a rude way the work which now represents ten or a dozen trades. They were practically independent of the whole world.

The origin of industry, of course, necessitates the division of labor. An excellent statesman estimated a few years ago that if the goods made in one year by the 3,000,000 factory workers in the United States at that time had been made by hand, their production would have required the labor of 150,000,000 persons, which illustrates the percentage of efficiency of the machine over hand methods. The present congested condition of the city has brought to the front various plans and theories for the relief of the manufacturer and employer. As congestion had its first cause in the gravitation of population around the steam engine, where work could be obtained in the various branches of developing industry, so congestion will be to a large extent relieved during the coming century by the exodus of the factory to the country.

In the inculcation of the new social gospel of social industrial betterment a new era has come in the adjustment of labor and capital. In Germany the Krupps of Essen have founded their own town, and have inaugurated many beneficent plans for the welfare of their working people. The Cadburys and Lever Brothers of England and Van Marken of Delft, Holland, are warm enthusiastic exponents of this new social gospel, while in America the National Cash Register company of Dayton, the Apollo Iron works, the Westinghouse Air Brake company, Sherwin-Williams company of Cleveland, and several others have proved that money invested in manhood, womanhood, childhood and all that goes to develop character and inure to the best social and industrial upbuilding is, after all, the best investment of money.

But the cry of the workingman for air, sunshine and human conditions of life in the home and in the factory is being heard by the manufacturer.

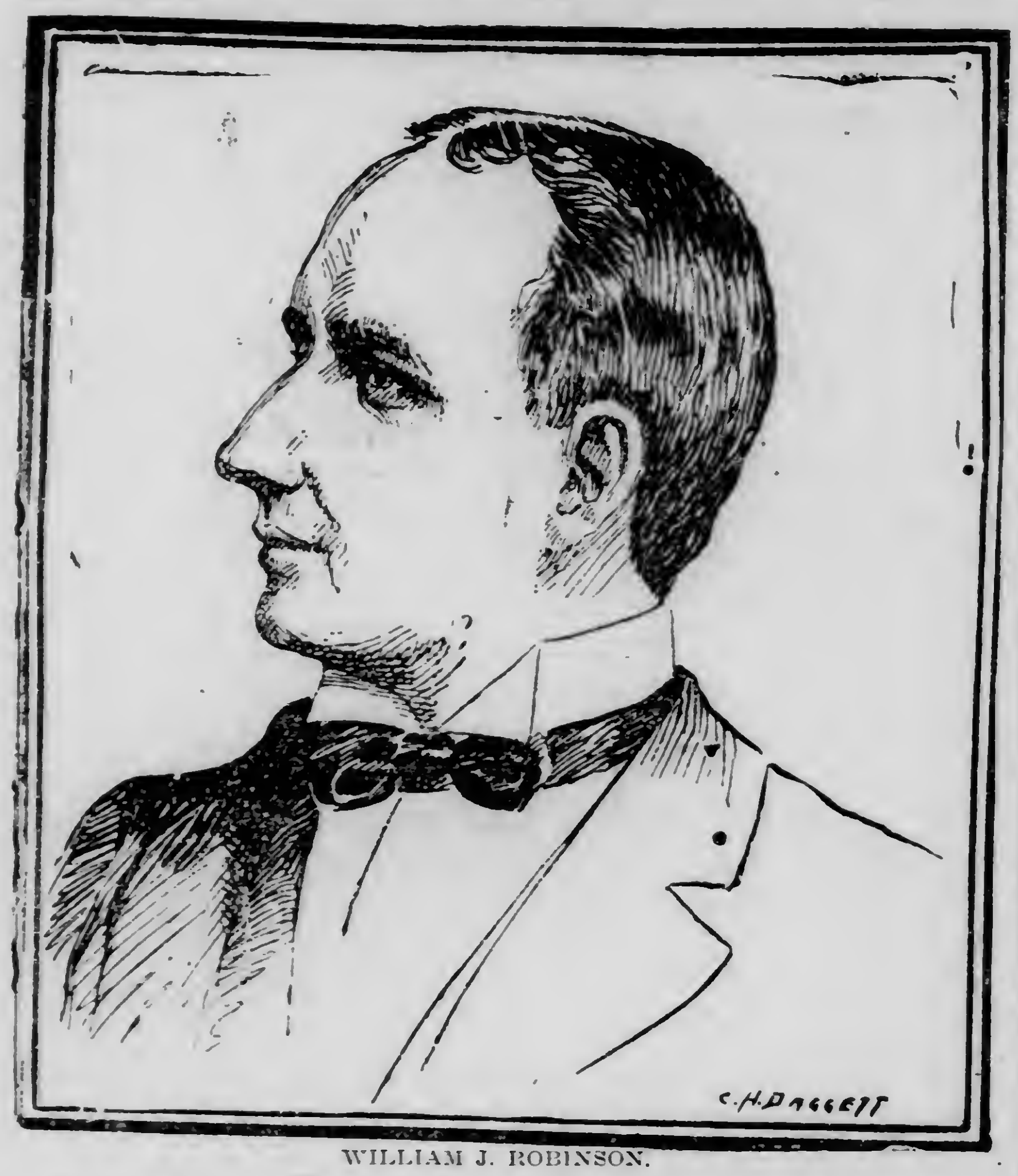
Large employers of labor realize today as never before that unhealthy and over-populated environment means a loss of physical and mental vigor for their working people.

The inexorable law of survival of the fittest demands that the employer who would compete successfully with his business rivals must not only have the latest machinery, but must have the best quality of brain and muscle in his employes.

So it has come to pass that manufacturers, moved not only by the altruistic impulses of the age, but also by the hard knocks of practical every-day experience, are fleeing from the congested centers.

The manufacturer in a city is confronted by dangers and oppressed by burdens that are rapidly becoming unendurable. It is the natural fruit of our modern factory system.

This is the social problem of the age, appalling in its magnitude and pregnant with dire consequences if not solved. Fabulous land values mean high rents, ruinous taxation and heavy insurance rates for the manufacturer. For the working people it means towering, crowded tenements, the existence of which so threatens society that the philanthropist and the public official have joined forces in an effort to mitigate the evils arising therefrom. But after vainly struggling against stupendous odds the city manufacturers are abandoning the hopeless fight. They are at last awake to the fact that modern transportation and communication facilities have so nearly annihilated distance and time that they can carry on their manufacturing away from the great congested centers of population without the loss of city advantages.


C. H. Daggett

WILLIAM J. ROBINSON.

Many things are to be considered in the founding of a model factory town. The danger is that utopian schemes and visionary experiments will end in commercial ruin. To show that we fully appreciate this fact we may say that the plans adopted by us are not in any way experimental. They are actually in successful operation in several of the large manufacturing centers of the world. They will be conducted by men who know what has succeeded and what has failed the world over. These practical, modern methods are to be counted among the great achievements of the century. They are in one sense altruistic, but it is an altruism based on the most approved business principles.

The human element is a big factor in the industrial world. Man's brain and cunning hand have made this age the commercial marvel of time. To get the best results under present conditions the workingman, his family and his home must be cared for. On his health, his training, his co-operation, his industry and contentment of mind hangs the success of the factory. Depress him in spirit, weaken his body, narrow his intellect, and his industrial efficiency is destroyed. Consequently today as never before the successful, the aggressive manufacturer is paying attention to the health, happiness and education of the working people. In view of these facts, it will be apparent to any thoughtful person that a company which offers, in addition to the usual land or monetary inducements to manufacturers, a system of social and industrial improvements that will appeal to their experienced judgment, possesses an incalculable advantage over ordinary commercial enterprises of this character. Josiah Strong and William H. Tolman, respectively president and secretary of the League for Social Service, have entire charge of the social and industrial operations at Belle Mead, where an experiment is being carried out. Under the administration of these men, who occupy the foremost position in the world in the new field of factory and social betterment, we shall provide inducements to manufacturers and working people hitherto unequalled.

The property has been artistically laid out by Professor A. A. Titsworth, head of the department of surveying and landscape architecture of Rutger's college, into broad avenues and streets. All modern improvements of a high class community, such as waterworks, electric light plant, sewers, etc., will be constructed by the company. Shade trees and shrubbery will be planted along the driveways. Under the direction of our architects and builders, the homes of the working people will be erected with a view of obtaining the best architectural effects and the largest comforts possible. Every home will have a frontage broad enough to ensure space for a flower garden in front, while the depth of the lot affords room for a vegetable garden in the rear.

Any expert horticulturist will give instructions in gardening, and prizes will be offered for the best results. For the use of the general community a public building will be erected containing a library, gymnasium, baths and meeting places for lodges and other societies. A kindergarten and good schools will be established. Classes in garment-cutting, plain and fancy sewing, cooking and general household economics will be organized. In short every effort will be made to create a high grade of character, intelligence and morals.

WILLIAM J. ROBINSON.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade Telephone 713.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Local Stocks, Real Estate,
Fire Insurance, Investments.
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

B. E. BAKER, Broker.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions.
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
307 Board of Trade, Duluth.
318 W. Sup. St., (St. Louis Hotel), Duluth.
48 Board of Trade, West Superior, Wis.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	26	@	27
Creamery, choice, tubs	23	@	27
Dairies, fancy	18	@	20
Dairy, fair	16	@	17
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	25	@	26
Storage	22	@	23
CHEESE.			
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½	@	13
Full cream, new	12½	@	13
Twins, full cream	11½	@	12
Full cream Young America	14		
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	14	@	15
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Apples, eating	3 50	@	4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75	@	3.25
King apples	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10	@	1 50
California lemons	3 50	@	4 00
Bananas	1 25	@	1 75
Florida oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lbs	6 00	@	6 50
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb cartons	7	@	7½
California navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Winter Nellis pears	2 40	@	2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	9 00	@	9 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18	@	20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50	@	8 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	52	@	55
Parsley, per doz	25	@	30
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75	@	3 00
Radishes, doz	75	@	85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50	@	1 75
Wax beans	5 25	@	5 50
Celery, Cal.	50	@	85
Celery	30	@	40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25	@	1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10	@	1 25
Onions, green, doz	50	@	60
Carrots	45	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	45	@	50
Horse radish, per lb	8		
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	3 25
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Chickens	8	@	10
Turkeys	9	@	11
Ducks	9		
Geese	9		
MEATS.			
Mutton	8		
Lamb	9		
Veal, Good	7		
Veal, fancy	8		
Beef, dressed	5½	@	8
Hogs	7		
Pork loins	8		
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	40		
Oats, car lots, sacked	28		
Hay, upland	14 00		
Hay, timothy	16 00		
Feed, No. 1	15 50		
Cracked corn	15 50		

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

N. J. Upham, President. T. F. Upham, Sec'y and Treas.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES.

Real Estate for Sale in All Parts of the City.

$26,500 We will offer at this price for a short time only, the property knows as Pastoret Terrace, located at the corner of First street and Second avenue east. Size of lot is 100 feet on East First street by 140 deep on Second avenue east (to alley). Seventy-five feet on East First street by 140 feet on Second avenue east is improved, said improvements consisting of 6 well-built 7-room brick houses, with all modern improvements, which were built at a cost of ***$36,000.*** Twenty-five feet on East First street by 140 feet deep to an alley, is unimproved. This property has always been, and is now well rented, and if you are looking for a bargain and an A1 investment, call in and see us.

$6750 Will purchase the houses, Nos. 509 and 511 East Third street. Size of lot 50x140 to an alley. Improvements consist of a double house containing eight rooms each and all modern improvements. Rentals net 7 per cent. This property will be offered at this price for a short time only.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
201 First National Bank Building.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Harris Bros.
REAL ESTATE.
A BARGAIN
In West Duluth,
Fourth Division.
Come and see us about it.
712 Palladio Building.

Real Estate For Sale.

Choice lots, fronting on Twenty-eighth avenue west in Helm's addition, at a bargain. Cheap house and lot on Fifth street, near First avenue east. Cheap house and lot on Sixth street, near Fourth avenue east. A bargain in house and lot on Second street; very central.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Eight-room house and lot, lower side East Fifth street. This property belongs to an estate and must be sold.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.
INVESTMENT BANKERS.
First Floor Trust Co. Building.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

WE WANT...

A 6 or 7-room house in London or Lester Park—Must be Cheap.
We have a bargain on East Second street.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Building.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

MICHIGAN STREET MARKET.

California navel and Florida oranges are cheaper, the quotations being $3.00@3.25, a reduction of 25c from the price at last week's close. Mexican oranges are now practically out of the market.

Apples are firmer and cookers are quoted a little higher—$2.75@3.00. Eating apples hold at $3.50 to $5.00.

Cranberries have gone up again, $9.00@9.50 being the quotation.

In meats, mutton, lamb and beef are higher, the quotations being: Lamb, 9c, mutton, 8c, and beef, 5½@8c.

California celery is in market at 50@85c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report the inauguration of the winter-like weather effected a more aggressive tone to trade from the northern logging quarters. Heavy drafters leading in demand, medium and light horses showed also more activity over last week. Large consignments of high quality drafters were in receipt. Prices showed no sign of recovery from the steady decline of last week. Values for today as follows:

Drafters, extra	$130@175
Drafters, choice	100@130
Drafters, common to good	80@100
Farmers, choice	45@ 65

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN
IN ANY AMOUNT.
5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.
R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—GIRL COMPETENT TO DO general housework—small family. Apply 1124 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework. Flat C, Ashtabula Terrace.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man attending business college nights, any kind of employment during the day. Address D 5, Herald.

WANTED—BY SCANDINAVIAN GIRL, place to do general housework. Call No. 7 Nineteenth avenue west. Zenith 'phone 853.

WANTED—LADY WITH ONE CHILD would like position as housekeeper for small family. D 3, Herald.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WISH CHILdren's dressmaking. Call at 917 London road, upstairs. Please call evenings.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 522 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

PIANO — CHICKERING, UPRIGHT, cost $850 last Christmas; $265 buys it. Beautiful tone, elegant case, just like new in every respect. Inquire room 2, Columbus building, First avenue west and Superior street.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF CONFECtionary, cigars and tobaccos. Good location. Long lease. Must sell on account leaving city. K 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP. weight 1350. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 10 Mesaba block.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—THE LEADING GENERAL store business in a thrifty little town in western part of the state. A splendid chance for a party wishing to go into business. Address D 1, Herald office.

Board Offered.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAM-heated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices

Astrology.

MRS. ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, NO. 2 West First.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies, 131 West Superior street.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED TO BUY—ONE OR TWO lots on Park Point, south of Twenty-fourth street. Address D 4, Herald.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 909 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Clock Repairing.

YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 314 West Superior street.

Lost.

LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT, BROWN Jersey cow, without horns. Finder will please deliver to 522 West First street, and receive reward.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve,
Soldiers' Additional,
Pine and Iron Lands
Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

For Rent—Houses.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO GOOD ROOMS. 224 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE. 20 EAST FOURTH street.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 27, 1900. Installation of officers. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 28, 1900. Installation of officers. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers, Wednesday evening Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Work, election of officers. Henry D. Gee, H. P., W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 25, 1900. Christmas observances. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Found.

FOUND—BLACK MULEY COW; OWNer can have same by paying charges. 420 East Ninth street.

Clairvoyant and Palmist.

CLARICE LE LONG, WHO READS the past, present and future, still has her dime social every Friday evening at 16 Second avenue west, room 3.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1528 East South street.

Medical.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure; most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists, or mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Hotels.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Scandia hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms 50c' $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife. 522 N. 56th ave, West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. **Private hospital, 708 East Third street.**

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Carpets and Window Shades.

20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 710 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction .Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar .... Biwabik Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mountain Iron .Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. P'ts.	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 35 am
Pullman Sleepers.	Free Chair Cars.	Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *11 15 pm	Ashland and East Minn. & Dakota Express Pacific Express	*11 15 am *7 10 am *7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm
*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.		

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm *8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 30 am *7 30 pm

A Good Thing to Go by....
WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.
Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.
J. G. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE
The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.
J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul Minn.

A PLAN IS PROPOSED

Possible Way of Getting East Superior Street Paved Is Proposed.

MIGHT TAKE CHANCES

Paving Company May Be Induced to Await Collection of Assessments.

After much brain fatigue on the part of all city officers, one, and only one, has come forward with a solution of the Superior street paving puzzle. This puzzle is how to make the permanent improvement revolving fund rotate with enough speed to cover $175,000 worth of street improvements with $75,000.

As stated in the Herald several days ago, owners of property on Superior street between Eight avenue west and Twenty-third avenue east will petition for the repaving of the main business and residence street before spring. The new charter provides that street improvements shall be paid out of the permanent improvement revolving fund and paid back to the fund as fast as the assessments are collected. Within the next month there will be $99,000 cash in the revolving fund, but under the contracts for the Michigan street and Fifth avenue west repaving, something like $24,000 will be taken out of this fund, leaving but $75,000 available for Superior street. This would probably do the paving from Eighth avenue west as far as Third avenue east, but the East End property owners are very anxious to have the residence section paved during the coming summer. This is where the rub comes in and it is where one modest city officer hopes to make a name for himself, which posterity will have fromed and hung in a conspicuous place.

He says that if the city can get a reliable paving company to do the work it might be possible to have the contractors go ahead with the work and run the risk on the assessment collection, having the assessments paid over to the contracting company as fast as collected, instead of paid into the permanent improvement revolving fund.

However, there seems to be much doubt about the city hall of getting any street paving company to make such a contract. As a usual thing it is difficult to get the paving companies to do anything more than make a contract to keep the street in a state of repair for a certain term of years.

The man that advanced this solution of the street paving puzzle says that he is positive, however, that this policy has been carried through successfully by other cities and he sees no reason why Duluth could not do it. In fact it is the only ray of light that has been thrown on the East Superior street proposition and it is likely to be seriously considered.

In connection with the new suggestion it is said as an inducement to paving companies that the new charter makes ample provision for the collection of assessments just as fast as the work is done, so that there would not be very long to wait.

There is much speculation among those knowing the inside mechanism of municipal finances as to the life of the permanent improvement revolving fund. When it was created, the charter commissioners were of the opinion that they had solved the problem of perpetual motion in finance, and so they did, theoretically. But as a plain proposition, city officers say that the fund is going to leak and it will only be a question of years if not months till its cash contents will be very low. For instance, there has scarcely been an assessment levied in this city in which the full amount has been collected. In making a $20,000 improvement perhaps only $19,000 would be paid back and then the charter allows a rebate of 10 per cent for the prompt payment of assessments. That is why it is argued that the fund will be drained in time.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FAMOUS "ZAZA."

This afternoon there is a matinee at the Lyceum at which Charles Frohman's production of "Zaza" is being given. Tonight the play will again be given. Everyone is undoubtedly familiar with the fact that it has achieved one of the most remarkable successes ever known to the stage. The engagement of 250 nights in New York, where it was seen at every performance by audiences that crowded the theater to the doors, is a well known and remarkable fact. Since Mr. Frohman has sent it on the road the same amount of success has followed; everywhere the story is the same, "people turned away." Mr. Frohman, who has given many excellent plays and companies, has gone to a great deal of trouble and expense to select the proper people to portray the various characters in this great play.

"THE SORROWS OF SATAN."

Marie Corelli's novel, "The Sorrows of Satan," will be produced in dramatized form at the Lyceum next Wednesday evening. In the book the supernatural and the probable are very well blended, and the play is said to retain the prevailing note of weirdness and mystery, to make the most of the many intensely dramatic situations and to be not lacking in brilliant and witty dialogue. The scenery and costumes are resplendent and varied, the mountings of two scenes in particular being goregous, one the picture of a fantastic garden fete with unusual electrical effects, and the other a storm at sea ending with the apotheosis of the release of Lucifer.

OBERLIN COLLEGE GLEE CLUB.

Greetings

To My Friends And Patrons:

My earnest wish is that you will spend today happily and that it may be a lasting and pleasing memory.

May you all have many happy Christmas days.

C. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

The Oberlin College Glee club will give a concert at Pilgrim Congregational church this evening and from the press notices received all lovers of music may expect a genuine treat. They render a high class program containing such numbers as the "Pilgrim chorus" from "Tannhaeuser," choruses from "Carmen" and many other famous classics. The Burlington Hawkeye said of the club:

"The boys have extremely good voices, and their singing deserves all the good things that have been said about it. The intonation was perfect, and the smoothness of ensemble was delightful."

IMPRESSIVE.

Catholics the World Over Will Observe the Birth of the Century.

The closing of the nineteenth century and the dawning of the twentieth is to be observed in all Catholic churches by official instruction from Rome, the seat of the head of the church. That the faithful all over the country will observe it goes without saying, and the ceremonies will be impressive and deeply religious. The Duluth churches will all have the ceremonies as directed in common with all others. The orders have been issued by Cardinal Creteni, prefect of the sacred congregation of indulgence and rites, and signed also by Archbishop Sogaro, secretary of the congregation. The decree is from the pope and is addressed to the entire world. It is as follows:

"Now that the present age is drawing to a close and a new one is about to begin, it is highly proper that all who have been redeemed by him in every part of the world should be solemnly consecrated to the King of Ages, Jesus Christ, in order that this gratitude may be shown for the special favors from him in the past.

"What our holy father granted a year ago by anticipation he also permits by the same decree of the sacred congregation of rites, viz.: That at midnight which ushers in the January of the year 1901, the most august sacrament of eucharist may be exposed for adoration in churches and chapels, and that in its presence one mass of the feast of the circumcision of our Lord and the Octave of the Nativity may be read or sung; and that, moreover, the faithful by special privilege receive holy communion either during or outside of the mass.

"While of some new means of increasing the piety of the faithful in connection with an event so solemn, the holy father learned that many prelates and pious sodality anxiously desire that the faithful in Christ, moved by an eagerness to participate in the rich treasury of spiritual indulgences, should everywhere be invited to come and adore the most blessed eucharist.

"As this was in most perfect accord with his own wishes, the holy father has benignly granted that a plenary indulgence may be gained by all the faithful of Christ who, having properly approached the sacraments of penance and received holy communion in a church or chapel where the most holy eucharist is preserved, shall spend any full hour they please between midnight of Dec. 31 and the noon of Jan. 1, before the most august sacrament exposed to public adoration, and shall, moreover, offer pious prayers to God for the intentions of his holiness."

Cheap Round Trips East Via D. S. S. & A.

Albany, N. Y.	$40 00
Boston, Mass.	40 00
Buffalo, N. Y.	35 00
Halifax, N. S.	56 00
Montreal, Que.	35 00
Ottawa, Ont.	35 00
Syracuse, N. Y.	40 00
Toronto, Ont.	30 00
Utica, N. Y.	40 00

Tickets on sale Dec. 13 to 23, inclusive Good returning until Jan. 6, 1901.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Blk.

Fountain Pens.

They make fine Christmas presents. We have them at all prices. Waterman's Ideal pen is our leader.

LUNDBERG & STONE.

Do you want a good Cigar?

Then come to us for it. We take especial care in the selection of our brands, and consequently have built up a cigar trade unequalled for quality and satisfaction-giving goods. We have many particular customers who have educated us to a high sense of judgment of the different brands. We buy only the best because we find it pays best. If we sell you a good Cigar no doubt we will sell you more.

Special Boxes of 25 for Xmas Trade .... $1.75 to $2.00

We Guarantee Satisfaction.

Abbett's Drug Store, Corner Second Ave. West.

GOES ON RECORD

Trades and Labor Assembly Is Against Opening Stores On Christmas.

MEETING WAS LIVELY

Some Pointed Questions Put to Secretary Richardson Regarding His Action.

The opening of stores on Christmas day received the denunciation of the Trades and Labor assembly, last evening, at a special meeting called for the purpose of considering the matter. There was not a full attendance of the delegates, probably owing to the fact that it was the night before Christmas, but there was a quorum present and these took action to condemn the practice of keeping the stores open on a holiday.

In order to bring the object of the meeting fully before the assembly, President Jones requested Secretary Richardson to state the causes leading up to the call for the meeting which was published on Sunday morning.

Mr. Richardson said that the meeting was called by the executive committee because of the announcement in Saturday's Herald that one of the large stores of the city would be open until noon on Christmas day. He said that he had noted the sex and age of the clerks employed in this store and it had struck him that the clerks of the city were behind in the labor movement. He though the clerks' union was weak and needed assistance. Mr. Richardson said he had talked the matter over with G. M. Davis, vice president of the Carpenters' union, and other members of the committee, and the latter had agreed with him that the principle of Christmas opening of stores is radically wrong. Mr. Richardson went on to state that he and Mr. Davis met President Jones, also of the executive committee, and after taking the matter under consideration, the committee decided that something ought to be done that while it was then too late for the clerks to take any action, the committee thought that publicity of the matter might tend to discourage the practice of the sores opening, and might tend to influence people from trading on Christmas day. Mr. Richardson said that the committee knew that the store advertising was a great patron of the news papers in an advertising way and they were afraid that they could not get a letter into the papers. Previous to seeing The Herald, however, the committee, he said, went around to several of the large stores and asked them what they were going to do about closing on Christmas. In some of these stores they were told that the proprietor thougnt it would be necessary to open on Christmas because of competition, but did not like the idea, believing that the employes should have a holiday. The committee urged the closing of the store and it was agreed on. At another store the committee was told that it was the custom to let any of the employes that wished to come back on Christmas day work, but none of the clerks were under obligation to come for work on that day. This was at Mr. Freimuth's store, and Mr. Davis stated that Mr. Freimuth, as the committee was about to leave made the remark:

"Boys, if you urge me, I won't open."

Mr. Richardson said the committee did not go near Panton & White because they knew the store was advertised to keep open and thought that it would be of no use to try to change the plans of the management. After seeing the management of the large stores, except that of the Glass block, the committee went to the management of the News Tribune and asked him if he would publish a letter for them. The committee was told, said Mr. Richardson, to go ahead and write the letter, which, when submitted to the management of the paper, said the paper would print it and anything else the committee might ask. The result of their asking to have a letter published, continued Mr. Richardson, was the write up in the Sunday News Tribune, which contained in it the remarks of members of the committee. He called attention to the fact that the committee nowhere in their remarks specified by name the store that had advertised to keep open.

Mr. Richadson then took a few exceptions to the article in yesterday's paper over the signature of Panton & White, in which the idea was carried, he said, that the News Tribune was using the committee as a catspaw. He thought the shoe was on the other foot, that the committee had used the News-Tribune for a catspaw.

During the course of the evening other members of the committee made it a point to state that they did not know up to the present time that there was any trouble between the News Tribune and Panton & White over the matter of advertising, and Mr. Davis made the expression that the trouble was fortunate in that it enabled them to get published a matter that they might have been refused at another time.

Secretary Richardson read a portion of the constitution of the assembly which referred to the regulation of the employment of women and children and said that he believed the clause meant the preventing of work by women and children on Christmas day, that if the unions work for this end they are working for the benefit of the women and children. Mr. Richardson said that the action of the committee has been warmly commended by ministers of the gospel, members of unions, business men, old citizens and people generally all over the city.

President Jones had previously introduced a resolution denouncing the Christmas day day opening, which referred more specifically to the present situation. He stated, however, that at the time the resolution was prepared the only information at hand was that one store would be open on Christmas. Henry Dworschak introduced another resolution, which was more sweeping in its denunciation of Christmas opening and Mr. Jones withdrew his resolution. That introduced by Mr. Dworschak was as follows:

"Whereas, it has come to our notice that certain business houses in the city contemplate keeping open on Christmas forenoon, and

"Whereas, the Federated Trades' and Labor assembly of Duluth and vicinity has been endeavoring for years, through a system of agitation and organization, to abolish all forms of Sunday and holiday labor except that which is absolutely necessary, and

"Whereas, the practice of employers in compelling their employes to work on Sundays and holidays is a hardship and oppression, and prohibits them from enjoying the rest and recreation that is in

HAVE HAD THEIR DAY.

Local Treatments For Catarrh Relegated to the Rear.

The surest and safest treatment for any form of catarrh is an internal remedy which acts specifically upon the blood and mucous membranes. Such a remedy is the new preparation sold everywhere by druggists as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a medicine in pleasant tablet form.

These tablets contain in highly concentrated form well-known germ antiseptics like sanguinaria, guaiacol, red gum and similar curative elements, and no one who suffers from any form of catarrh, and has experienced the inefficiency and inconvenience of powders, sprays and inhalers will ever go back to such antiquated remedies after once trying so pleasant a treatment as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and one which gives so much relief in so short a time.

Druggist's sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents for full-sized package, and their daily use will effectually cure this troublesome and dangerous disease.

The danger from catarrh is that it is a short road to consumption, to chronic stomach catarrh and to catarrh of liver and kidneys.

Most cases of deafness are caused from stoppage of the eustachian tube as a result of catarrh.

all humanity due them, as well as depriving them of the companionship of their families on the days they have a right to expect as their own, therefore be it

"Resolved by the Federated Trades' and Labor assembly, in special session convened, that we reiterate our position on Sunday and holiday labor, and call upon all friends of labor to make their purchases on other than the days mentioned above; be it further

"Resolved, that we call upon all working people, whether they be clerks in stores, employes of newspapers or drivers of street cars, to organize themselves into trade unions, so that if they are compelled to work on Sundays, holidays or unusually long hours, they will be in a position to demand extra compensation for the same; be it further

"Resolved, that the Trades assembly pledges its united support to all such wage earners who desire to better their condition by organization."

The fact that the meeting had been called as a result of a suggestion in the advertisement of the one that was to keep open caused some of the delegates to wish to censure that firm only, but a majority was in favor of denouncing in a general way the principle of keeping stores open Christmas. The discussion was very animated at times.

The above resolution was adopted unanimously, after about an hour's warm discussion. August Wineberg, in the discussion on the resolution, argued that if one store should be condemned for violating the principle, all the stores that open should be condemned. He thought that the present matter was a grievance of the clerks' union. He declared that an effort had been made to get the clerks of Panton & White into the union, but for some reason they had always held off. He believed the resolutions presented by the president were too discriminating and would be detrimental to unionism.

Henry Dworschak said that he had seen Mr. Panton and was in a position to know that the big store would not be open on another Christmas. The store had advertised to keep open, and as it was opposed by the News Tribune the management proposed to see the thing through.

Delegate Otto Gross said that it would be a wrong spirit to single out one store and let the others go without saying "Boo!" He thought Mr. Dworschak's resolution was the best because it hit them all. Mr. Wineberg asked, if the assembly was inclined to discriminate, why was not a resolution introduced to prevent work on the News Tribune on Sunday?

Delegate Wineberg thought that it was a grand opportunity for the News Tribune to get even with Panton & White, and it took advantage of the circumstances.

President Jones, in denial of the idea that the committee has been unduly influenced to discriminate against one store said that the reason that the one store was singled out for the attack was because it was the only one that advertised to open on Christmas; that it was one of the large stores employing child labor, and the committee was looking after the interests of the children, to see that they were kept home where they belong on Christmas day.

Joseph Pratts made a very eloquent talk that the other delegates warmly applauded at its close. During his remarks Mr. Pratts said that he did not believe in singling out one store, because that was not the principle of unionism. It was to be deplored if only one store caused the meeting to be held, but one alone should not be called to account when there were others just as guilty. He believed that the resolution introduced by Mr. Dworschak would reach all firms that were transgressing. He urged unionism among the clerks that were affected as the best remedy for their troubles.

A. A. Fider was in favor of cutting out that part of the resolution relating to a general call to working people to organize, because he thought it was not in place and had no reference to the question at hand. There were a number of others, however, that thought the time for urging to the front the principles of unionism was very opportune.

The discussion was closed by Secretary Richardson, who endorsed the sentiments of the resolution passed, and stated that he wished it specifically understood that all the remarks that he had made on the Sunday opening proposition were general in nature and not directed at any one firm.

On motion it was resolved to have the resolution offered for publication in the News Tribune and The Evening Herald. The meeting then adjourned.

GEIST & ERD

Watches for the Holidays

Finest selection in the city.
Call and inspect our beautiful line.

Solid Gold Watches from........**$16.00 up**
Gold Filled, from........**$12.00 up**

GEIST & ERD

121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

D. H. BACON TO LEAVE

President of Minnesota Iron Company Decides to Go Elsewhere.

GOES TO NEW YORK

Will Become Chairman of Board of Tennessee Coal and Iron Company.

After ten years' service as president of the Minnesota Iron company, Don H. Bacon is about to leave for a broader field, having accepted a position as chairman of the board of directors of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company. In that capacity he will have the management of all of the different departments of the company's business.

Mr. Bacon says that the position, which is a much broader one in every respect, carrying with it a higher salary, was offered him several weeks ago. He has had the matter under consideration ever since, and he took a trip to New York a few days ago to investigate the offer. After going over the ground thoroughly with the members of the company he gave them his acceptance. The Minnesota Iron company was notified of his intention several days ago, and the members of the board of directors are already looking over the field with a view to finding a successor. The annual meeting does not take place until next June, though it is possible that a special meeting will be held to name a new president. Mr. Bacon is highly regarded as a mining expert. His experience began at the Cleveland mine at Ishpeming about twenty-five years ago, when he went in as timekeeper. His ambition and industry led him to devote himself to the science of iron mining, and in a short time he became superintendent of the Cleveland.

His success was marked and uninterrupted, and about thirteen years ago he went to Tower to become general superintendent for the Minnesota Iron company. His duties were widened until he became general manager, and he moved to Duluth a couple of years ago. Ten years ago he was elected president of the Minnesota Iron company, which office he has held ever since. He occupies a similar position in over fifteen smaller mining companies of which the Minnesota Iron company is the parent.

The new company to which Mr. Bacon has attached himself is an immense one, operating both mines and mills. During 1899 it put out 651,145 tons of pig iron, 4,151,496 tons of coal, 1,182,286 tons of coal, 1,500,000 tons of iron ore, and 325,000 tons of stone. The mines and mills are located in Alabama.

Mr. Bacon will remove to New York with his family though he recently purchased a handsome residence site on London road and intended to erect a building there in the spring.

HE DENIES IT.

Archbishop Ireland Says He Will Not Go to Cuba By Commission.

Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, denies the story published a few days ago to the effect that he is going to Cuba on a mission from President McKinley regarding the settlement of some differences there over church property. The following appeared in the Minneapolis Tribune yesterday:

"'Absolutely false—absolutely!' declared Archbishop Ireland yesterday afternoon, extending his open hand in a gesture of depreciation.

"He had been asked at his residence, Portland avenue and Chatsworth street, whether it was true that he and Bishop McGolrick, of Duluth, had been commissioned by President McKinley to visit Cuba and Porto Rico in order to advise the president as to the status of church estates in those islands.

"'There's nothing whatever to this story,' continued the archbishop. 'Such a thing was not mentioned by the president nor by anyone on behalf of the government.

"'If I should ever visit Porto Rico or Cuba—and I have no present intention of doing so—it would be purely on my own account. This report of my going there, and going as a commissioner, must surely have been imagined by some one in Duluth.'

"The archbishop returned home Wednesday morning from a two weeks' trip to Washington. The journey has apparently improved his health. He looks even more vigorous than usual.

"'My principal object,' said he, 'in going to Washington was to attend a meeting of the Lafayette Monument association. We learned that after all the expenses had been paid of erecting th bronze statue at Paris there was still left $35,000 out of the money contributed by the school children.

"'The question was what use should be made of this $35,000. We almost decided to expend that sum, and what funds can be obtained in addition, for a duplicate statue, to be erected in Washington or in some other American city.

"'The matter will be definitely settled at the next meeting of the association. It will be held at Chicago early in January. Yes, I shall certainly be present.

"'And I attended a similar meeting in which I was equally interested. On my way to Washington I stopped at Chicago to take part in a session of the Marquette Monument society.

"'The society voted to erect at Point St. Ignace on the north shore of Mackinac straits, between Lake Michigan and Lake Huron, a statue of Father Marquette, to cost $30,000.

"'It was from these straits that the explorer started, in 1673, on the voyage that resulted in his discovering the Upper Mississippi.

"'The statue will be erected very soon, but nothing has been determined yet relative to the artist or the design. I'm sure that the work will be in every way worthy of the great missionary.'"

The origin of the item in Duluth was not so thoroughly without foundation as the archbishop indicates. The information may have been incorrect, but it came from a source which everyone would consider thoroughly reliable.

Chicago and East Via "The North-Western Line."

When going to Chicago or points East, look up the advantages of the "North-western Line," (the Chicago fast mail). The finest and fastest train from the head of the leaves leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 7 a. m., making conections with all lines East and South. This magnificent train is wide vestibuled throughout, brilliantly lighted with Pintsch gas, free chair cars, Pullman sleepers and dining service—the finest in the land. No extra fare on this train.

For tickets and reservations call at 405 West Superior street.

DULUTH Business University

AND COLLEGE OF SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

The palace Business College of America. Staff comprises eight certified specialists. Commercial, stenographic and English courses. Open during the entire year. Day and evening sessions. Satisfaction guaranteed in all departments. New Year opening, Wednesday, Jan. 2. College catalogue sent free to any address. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

W. C. McCARTER, PROPRIETOR.

The Deadly New Shell

Combines Great Destructive Force With Luminosity—The French Government Is Manufacturing It on An Extensive Scale.

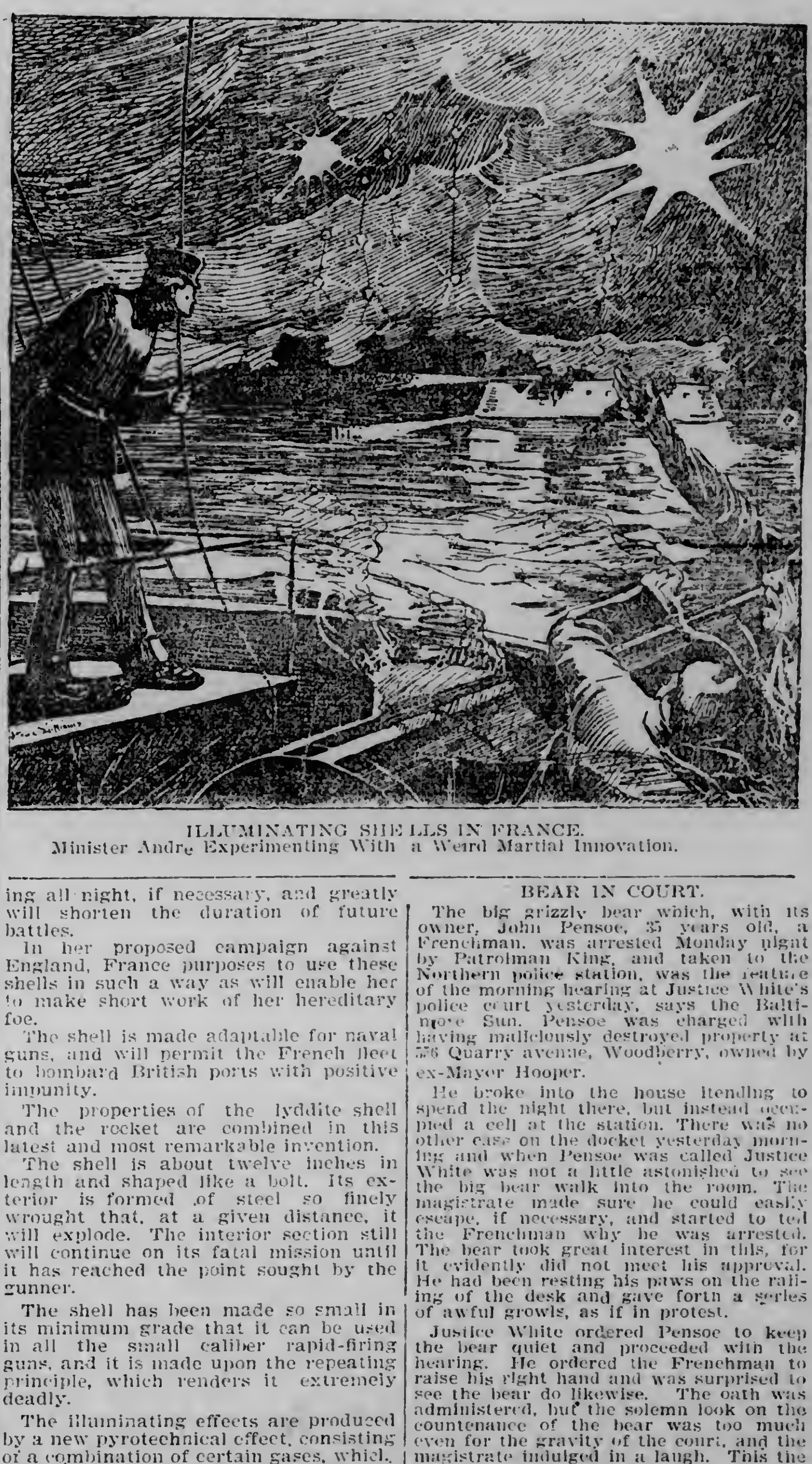
IT CAN BE USED AT NIGHT.

Paris, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The French government is having manufactured in vast quantities a new illuminating shell.

It almost will revolutionize modern warfare, and is by far the most important invention in projectiles of the present decade.

The active preparations being made for a war with England have been stimulated by the belief that this new shell will give France an enormous advantage in the struggle which she purposes to precipitate.

Although the secret of the construction of the shell has been guarded in the most careful manner possible under the circumstances, enough has leaked out to give a pretty accurate idea of what it is. It will combine the properties of illumination and destructiveness.



ILLUMINATING SHELLS IN FRANCE.
Minister Andre Experimenting With a Weird Martial Innovation.

This will enable an army commanding a supply of the shells to continue fighting all night, if necessary, and greatly will shorten the duration of future battles.

In her proposed campaign against England, France purposes to use these shells in such a way as will enable her to make short work of her hereditary foe.

The shell is made adaptable for naval guns, and will permit the French fleet to bombard British ports with positive impunity.

The properties of the lyddite shell and the rocket are combined in this latest and most remarkable invention.

The shell is about twelve inches in length and shaped like a bolt. Its exterior is formed of steel so finely wrought that, at a given distance, it will explode. The interior section still will continue on its fatal mission until it has reached the point sought by the gunner.

The shell has been made so small in its minimum grade that it can be used in all the small caliber rapid-firing guns, and it is made upon the repeating principle, which renders it extremely deadly.

The illuminating effects are produced by a new pyrotechnical effect, consisting of a combination of certain gases, which, when released, create light waves, lasting from five to fifteen minutes, regulated as desired by the gunner.

The shell can be projected to any point within the range of an ordinary mortar or rapid-firing gun, giving it probably an accessibility to a distance of at least ten miles.

The point of bridging the channel by means of projectiles, therefore, has not been quite reached by France even yet, and the devoutly-wished consummation remains unfulfilled.

It was hoped that the shell might be so made that it would be possible for the balloon corps to utilize it, but as its exploding depends upon long range resistance to the air, such utilization is at present impossible.

The composition which constitutes the explosive force far out-distances in destructive power the contents of the lyddite shell.

The spectacular effect of modern warfare will be increased immensely by this unique innovation. When either the naval or military engagement is carried beyond sundown, there will be no further need to wind up the struggle with the coming of the night. Gunners will be able to fire with absolute accuracy and to the desired points. As a matter of fact the discovery brings the art of warfare nearer and nearer to the point of becoming an exact science.

The fate of nations might have been decided differently in the past had this discovery been made earlier, for some of the decisive battles of the world would have been otherwise settled had not the coming of nightfall interrupted the fighting.

German experts declare that the use of such shells will be in violation of certain rules of The Hague commission, but of course they are as yet in the dark as to the actual composition of the destructive part of the shell.

The illuminating section is based upon such novel lines that it is a marvel ranking with wireless telegraphy, the emission of the light being made in the shape of waves—a point which prevents the possibility of premature concussion. Experiments made at Toulon have resulted entirely satisfactory.

The rockets at present in use by the government now are serviceable only at a distance of eight miles, and are made merely for signalling purposes, therefore thee xtraordinary value of the new combination will be understood.

It is 300 years since the first bomb shell was used by the Dutch army when fighting Spanish intoleration.

The gradual evolution from the crude article then used has been the most important result of military science—hence the especial interest which attaches to this latest development.

ARTHUR FIELD.

BEAR IN COURT.

The big grizzly bear which, with its owner, John Pensoe, 35 years old, a Frenchman, was arrested Monday nigat by Patrolman King, and taken to the Northern police station, was the feature of the morning hearing at Justice White's police court yesterday, says the Baltimore Sun. Pensoe was charged with having maliciously destroyed property at 556 Quarry avenue, Woodberry, owned by ex-Mayor Hooper.

He broke into the house itending to spend the night there, but instead occupied a cell at the station. There was no other case on the docket yesterday morning and when Pensoe was called Justice White was not a little astonished to see the big bear walk into the room. The magistrate made sure he could easily escape, if necessary, and started to tell the Frenchman why he was arrested. The bear took great interest in this, for it evidently did not meet his approval. He had been resting his paws on the railing of the desk and gave forth a series of awful growls, as if in protest.

Justice White ordered Pensoe to keep the bear quiet and proceeded with the hearing. He ordered the Frenchman to raise his right hand and was surprised to see the bear do likewise. The oath was administered, but the solemn look on the countenance of the bear was too much even for the gravity of the court, and the magistrate indulged in a laugh. This the bear thought meant that the court regarded his antics favorably, and, as he always expects something for his trouble, reached over and seized a large sponge, used as an inkwiper, from the desk. He quickly swallowed this and looked for more.

The justice grew stern, as sponges are not so plentiful, and ordered the bear taken out. This was impossible. No one in the station would go near him, and his company was therefore forced upon the magistrate. "Me make him sit down," said Pensoe, who said something to the bear. Down went bruin, but only for a minute. eH wanted to show off, and did. A regular circus performance, consisting of somersaults, a drill and dances, was gone through with, until, in desperation, Pensoe was dismissed, and ordered out of town.

A policeman accompanied him to the northern city line, about a mile above the station, and, followed by a crowd of small boys, the man and bear departed.

Oberlin College Glee Club

At Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

Juvenile Books

Make nice Xmas presents for the little ones. See our assortment.

LUNDBERG & STONE.

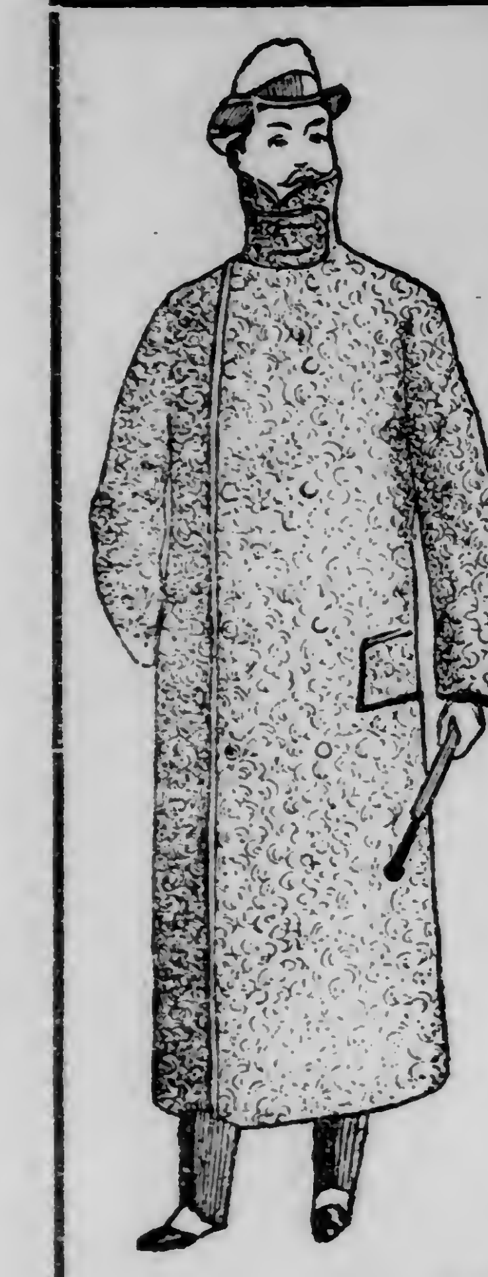
Skating..

MUSIC BY MINNESOTA K. P. BAND
AT THE WEST END RINK,
(Foot Twenty-first Avenue.)
CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON.
RACES IN THE EVENING.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS



OXFORD MIXED Winter Weight Overcoats for men, splendidly made, good quality cloth, and well finished, at $12, and increasing worth in the finer qualities at $15, $18, $20, up to $30. The Raglan at $15 is positively unequalled elsewhere at its price. It fits beautifully, is cut long and is quite uncommon in its finish and general appearance.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

For Sale. A beautiful home in the East End, 9 rooms, hot water heat, hardwood finish $4,500
A nice home on East Second Street—six rooms and bath—steam heat—easy terms $2,500

Bargains.
Superior Street property. Residence property. West End and West Duluth Acres.

For Rent—726 E. 6th St., 5 room house, $5.00; Flat at 20th Ave. W. and Superior Street, 4 rooms, city water, $10; 610 W. 4th Street, 4 room cottage, $8; Steam heated single rooms at No. 15 E. Superior Street. Offices in Mesaba Block.

5 Per Cent Money to Loan on Most Favorable Terms.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

Von Suessmilch & Costello,
DENTISTS
Best Work.
Reasonable Charges.
HUNTER BLOCK.
31 West Superior Street.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
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I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BL'K.
Telephone 755.
'N Call 4
D. H. DAY, Dentist

LIKELY TO BE BEATEN.

Hopkins' Reapportionment Bill May Be Defeated.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Notwithstanding the confidence of Mr. Hopkins that his reapportionment bill, providing for 357 members, will become a law without change, the opponents to that measure are just as sure it will be beaten. Members from those states, which will lose a member if the Hopkins bill becomes a law, have completed an organization with a view to defeating it, and it is claimed they have more than enough votes pledged to defeat this proposition.

Ohio, however, will not take any part in the fight, as the representatives from the Buckeye state do not seem to care anything about losing a member and have agreed to support the Hopkins bill. Representatives from the other states which lose a member, viz., Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Nebraska, South Carolina and Virginia, have made such progress that they are confident of success.

The combined votes of the states mentioned number fifty-one, and it is claimed seventy-nine votes will be secured from Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, as nearly all the Democrats in the South will vote against reducing the representation of four Southern states. This will make a total of 138. The members from Connecticut, North Dakota, South Dakota and Oregon, nine in all, have promised to vote against the Hopkins bill. This will be thirty-one votes short of enough to defeat the bill, but it is claimed these will be made up from Michigan, Wisconsin, Maryland, Massachusetts and one or two other states.

PRESSING DE WET.

Maseru, Dec. 24.—The British are pressing Commandant De Wet in the Ladybrand district.

ROBERTS AT FUNCHAL.

Funchal, Island of Madeira, Dec. 26.—The steamer Canada, with Lord Roberts on board, arrived here last evening, receiving a salute of nineteen guns on entering the port. This morning, Lord Roberts was tendered an official reception by the authorities, and at noon, aboard the Canada, he will proceed to Gibraltar.

HE WANTS AN EXPLANATION.

Col. Russell Harrison Objects to Being Ousted.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Col. Russell B. Harrison, son of the ex-president, is expected to arrive in Washington this week. He will come here prepared to make it interesting for the inspector general of the army and the other officials who were instrumental in getting him out of the service. Col. Harrison has written to a friend in this city that he is prepared to fight those who have been making it awkward for him in Porto Rico.

His orders as originally issued did not permit him any time to prepare for his departure from the island. He was, however, obliged to delay beyond the sailing of the first steamer on which he was ordered home, as there were many matters which required his attention before he finally surrendered the duties of his office. His appearance at the war department, when he will confront Gen. Breckenridge, is awaited with keen interest by those who know that Col. Harrison's release from the army is one of the unusual incidents in the army administration.

OFFICIAL DENIES IT.

British Have Not Contemplated Seceding From Allied Command.

London, Dec. 26.—The foreign office informed a representative of the Associated Press today that there is no truth in the Pall Mall Gazette's Pekin dispatch which says there has been a question of the British seceding from the allied command owing to the activity of the Germans in the districts under British protection.

CASE POSTPONED.

New York, Dec. 26.—The trial of Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the defaulting note teller of the First National bank, which was set for today in the United States circuit court, was postponed until the January term, which begins Jan. 9. Judge Thomas, who is to preside at the trial, is obliged to sit in Brooklyn this week, and he decided not to hold court in this district until next month.

WAR JUST STARTED

Manilla Lawyer and Editor on the Conditions In the Philippines.

AGUINALDO IS ALIVE

Very Much So, and Has a Large and Determined Following.

New York, Dec. 26.—Rafael De Pan Fontela, a refugee from the Philippine islands and first president of the Madrid junta, has just arrived in New York from Canada.

"I came here to be free," he explained. "It was impossible for me to be anything but a slave to America when I lived with my wife and children in Manilla, so I came where I would not have to be subservient. Americans are not subservient to America, and while I do not approve of the American methods in the Philippines, I would rather be a free American than an enslaved Filipino."

De Pan Fontela was an editor and lawyer in Manilla. Later, in Madrid, he established the first Philippine junta. There he passed several weeks, and then came to Canada.

"You hear so much of American independence in Canada," he said, "that I determined to come here and get some of it."

Senor Fontella explained that it was safe for him to return to the Philippines and resume his law practice and the conducting of his newspaper, were he willing to swear allegiance to the stars and stripes.

"I am no hypocrite and cannot take such an oath when my people are struggling for what is life or death to them," he said. "I cannot swear allegiance. The impression has gone abroad that Aguinaldo is dead. This is a mistake. He has a large following, and every man is ready to do or die. The war has just begun until America is ready to treat with us."

Regarding the formation of a new party, which the United States officials say will rally the Filipinos to a colonial policy, Senor Fontela said:

"This scheme is doomed to failure. The leaders, Bucamiento and Paterno are leaders without a party. Last June Buencamino made an attempt to organize a party for autonomy. No one responded. In October Paterno tried to organize festivals in Manilla, and asked Filipino revolutionists to co-operate with him in asking a broad plan of self-government. The United States people can have hardly forgotten the complete failure of the Manilla festivals and the indifference with which the people treated Senor Paterno's efforts.

"Now Paterno and Bucamiento have joined their forces, proposing to organize a new federal party. As the force of both amounts to zero, the united forces will be double zero."

TIGER A TIGER.

Indian Makes an Interesting Christmas For Eufaula, I. T.

Muskogee, I. T., Dec. 26.—John Tiger, a full blood Indian, a ferryman on the Arkansas river, two miles south of Eufaula, went to Eufaula with his wife yesterday afternoon and, while intoxicated, met L. B. Roper and threatened to kill him. Roper immediately struck Tiger with a board, no words passing between them. Tiger went to his buggy, got a Winchester and came back to kill Roper, but failed to find Roper on his return. Enraged, he proceeded to shoots every one he saw, shooting Jesse Beck through the hips and killing him; shooting and killing Dave Porter, a nephew of Chief Porter, and a mover named Johnson, on his way to Missouri in a covered wagon with his family. Bud Taylor, aged 18, a boy was shot through the shoulder and is not expected to live. Tiger immediately jumped on a horse and tried to escape, but was pursued. Tiger was chased three miles, when he jumped off his horse, got behind a tree and began shooting. Deputy Marshal Johnson, who returned the fire, struck Tiger in the arm. Tiger surrendered and was brought to Eufaula. His arm will have to be amputated. Great indignation prevails over the free sale of liquor and firearms. J. Smith, who lives two miles south of Checotah, became involved in a quarrel with Thompson, over the shooting at Eufaula, and began shooting. Thompson being mortally wounded.

A ROUGH VOYAGE.

Allan Liner Nebraska Badly Battered By the Seas.

New York, Dec. 26.—It was more than a merry Christmas for the 110 passengers on the belated Allan liner State of Nebraska. Nineteen days out from the Clyde, eight days overdue, the Nebraska crept into port here with smashed lifeboats, demolished deck houses and broken and twisted rails. It was the first clear day the voyagers had seen since Dec. 7, when the Nebraska steamed out of Moville, Ireland, in the face of a gale that swept her decks. On board the Allan liner when she left Glasgow, on Dec. 6, were ten saloon, thirty second cabin and seventy steerage pasengers. Officers and passengers declare the wreckage on deck gave but a faint idea of the horrors of the voyage. Three times the machinery broke down and the boat had to be hove to.

The only one of the crew injured in the long voyage was William Thompson, a fireman, who was hurled against the deck rails and had two ribs fractured.

Capt. David Ingraham, of Vancouver, who has circled the globe twice, was one of the passengers. He said that, twice, the voyagers felt all hope was gone. Not a meal could be served in the saloon during the voyage.

AFTER OFFICIALS.

London, Dec. 26.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing Dec. 24, says: "The government has arrested Prince Tuan and Prince Chaung, on the borders of the Shan-Si and Shen-Si provinces. Yu Hsien has been ordered to return to Sian Fu forthwith, to be executed, it is supposed. It is inferred from these reports that the imperial authorities are preparing to concede the demands of the joint note for the punishment of the instigators of the trouble in China."

CARNIVAL OF BLOOD

A Wholesale Massacre of Chinese Reformers By Imperial Troops.

THEY WERE TRAPPED

Reformers Are Decoyed Into Town and Over Fifteen Hundred Butchered.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 26.—News of a terrible massacre of the reform forces in China and the beheading of twenty-seven of its leaders was received here yesterday in a cablegram by W. A. Cumrow, secretary of the Chinese Reform association in America. The engagement took place in the province of Cichili, a populous section of the Yangste valley, in Central China. It resulted in the killing of 1500 men and the complete demoralization of the reform forces. The battle, into which the reformers were brought by treachery, occurred on Dec. 18, and the work of the movement has, as a consequence, been dropped in all that part of the country.

The Chinese here are loud in their expressions of disapproval of the conduct of the campaign by their leaders. It appears from the few details given in the cable received that Tong Mu, the reform leader, at the head of a badly armed force of 12,000 men, paid a visit to Chung Hi Tung, governor of the district, who, though an imperial officer, was believed to be in sympathy with the reform movement. Tong was invited to the governor's palace, and with his 12,000 men marched into the city. They left all their arms outside the gates, taking the precaution only to carry their loaded revolvers. There were 5000 imperial troops in the town, but nothing was feared from them, and a delay of a day took place in order that other reform leaders might be sent for, and when the audience with the governor was finally arranged, there were twenty-seven of the leading followers of Kang Yu Wei admitted.

A disagreement arose. The governor had the leaders seized and taken into the courtyard, where they were beheaded, and in the meantime a secret order had been sent to the imperial troops to descend upon a poorly armed rabble of reformers. The 5000 well drilled soldiers took the country people completely by surprise, but, nevertheless, the latter pluckily fought their way through and escaped. They carried away their own wounded, but left 1500 dead on the field and scattered in the streets of the city. The cable says that the scene of the butchery was frightful.

A GREEN CHRISTMAS.

Primroses and Cornflowers Are Blooming Profusely in England.

New York, Dec. 26.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: England had one of the greenest Christmases on record, for the weather has been so mild that primroses and cornflowers are in bloom as far north as Liverpool and Yorkshire, while Devonshire revels in a sub-tropical climate and the Isle of Wight is a garden of roses in mid-winter. Never have flowers been more abundant in the London market at Christmas time, nor has mistletoe ever been cheaper. As England is supplied with Christmas toys from Germany, so, also, it receives immense quantities of mistletoe from Brittany and Normandy, and there is a French touch in the holiday rejoicing.

The London sky has been heavily clouded and the air filled with mist, while the weather has been unseasonably warm. The deans of St. Paul's and Westminster preached at the midday services. Canon Ainger was among the lawyers at the temple, and Dr. Parker, unwearied by his week's experience in daily journalism, filled the pulpit at the City Temple.

Handt and Gounod, as usual, were the favorite composers in the Christmas music at the churches, with Stanford Hopkins and Sullivan as alternates. There were fewer Christmas concerts than are ordinarily known, but there were more football matches for holiday sport. There was a marked revival of fooox hunting in the country, with hard riding and several serious accidents.

The royal family was divided between Osborne house and Sandringham court. hTe court circular shows that the queen is entertaining a large family party and is also driving out morning and afternoon daily. The uneasiness regarding her health is not dispelled by these reports, since it is known that, if she were seriously indisposed and ageing rapidly, it would be her desire as well as the settled policy of all members of the royal family to keep back the facts in the case in order to spare her subjects unnecessary pain.

LI IS INCREDULOUS.

Believes Report of French Battle With Chinese False.

Pekin, Dec. 25.—The French represent encountering 25,000 Chinese and capturing five flags and a number of guns and inflicting a great loss upon the Chinese, thirty-five miles south of here. The report is generally discredited. According to the rumor, the French did not suffer any loss themselves. It is believed, however, that the French probably met a roving band, which was dispersed, a number of the Chinese being butchered. Li Hung Chang says that he is satisfied that the story is false.

Rev. Mr. Kelly, a Presbyterian missionary, has reported to Minister Conger, the burning by Boxers of nineteen Catholic Christians. He said, however, that his information has been derived entirely from Chinese sources. The Japanese, who have jurisdiction over the territory thirty miles north of where the alleged outrage occurred, will investigate the occurrence.

CHICAGO BLAZE.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—A stock yards fire early today caused alarm among the guests of the Transit house and resulted in the destruction of the noted O'Leary Club house, entailing losses aggregating $60,000. Aside from the club, the building, of four stories, contained a white lead factory and a handsome store, the stock in all of which was almost totally destrayed. The Transit house, which was across the street from the burned building, was at no time in danger.

DO LITTLE BUT TALK

Porto Rico Legislators Get One Bill Passed in Two Weeks.

WAYS ARE SLIPSHOD

And the Assembly Fails to Get Down to Real Important Questions.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Wednesday, Dec. 19.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The legislative assembly of Porto Rico has been in session since Dec. 3, when the house of delegates was duly organized. The predicted clashes and split up of the Republican party have not materialized. The house sessions are as harmoniously conducted as one could wish.

The house has been holding daily four-hour sessions, over forty-five bills have been introduced and no end of motions and amendments. But one bill has been passed. By law, the assembly is allowed sixty days in which to complete each session. Fifteen days have passed and next to nothing has been accomplished, and the local papers are suggesting that it is about time something had been done.

The house is badly in need of a competent force of translators and clerks. There seems to be no system. Bills are prepared and introduced covering most common matters and in a manner most unbusiness-like. Few of the bills are in proper form; many have been filed written in pencil, on a sheet torn from a scratch pad. Most of the bills are written during the session and are more in the form of suggestions than of projected laws. An inspiration may come to a member, he picks up a pad, or draws an envelope or a scrap of paper from his pocket, jots down a few sentences, and presents the "document" as a bill and it is duly filed.

Instead of getting down to the crying need of Porto Rico—a revision of the laws, bills to enact such laws as these are drawn up and introduced: To establish woman suffrage, and to give women preference over men in public positions for which they are competent;" "relating to salaries of school teachers;" "relating to contracts made in provincial currency;" "governing the profession of pharmacy."

A resolution was presented to legalize the sport of cock-fighting by the same member who is the author of the woman suffrage bill.

At yesterday's session the committee on rules reported that the following bills should have preference over all others: Salaries, loans, courts, telegraphs and railroads. On motion, mortgages was added to the list, and the report was adopted.

The council passed a bill, introducing the jury system, but it was defeated in the house by a vote of 15 to 12. Several members claimed that the bill was not properly translated from the English original. The bill was ordered to be translated, and will be reconsidered today.

The executive council is daily holding "secret" executive sessions, behind closed doors. These are for the purpose of considering franchises and other matters over which the council has exclusive jurisdiction. The public is not informed of the nature of these discussions.

The only bill passed by the house to date is that "declaring the office of delegate incompatible with other public offices."

At present it does not seem probable that the lower house will be a success as a lawmaking body. Probably it is too early to judge.

The chamber of commerce of Porto Rico yesterday petitioned the house asking for an appropriation for a Porto Rican exhibit at the coming pan-American exposition at Buffalo. The petition was referred to a special committee for report.

A representative exhibit by the insular government at Buffalo would prove of immense benefit to the island. Capital is needed here to develop the island's unbounded resources, and in no way could Porto Rico's possibilities be better presented to the people.

GARDINER ROARS.

He Gives Up District Attorney's Office Under Protest.

New York, Dec. 26.—Eugene Philbin, who last week was appointed district attorney of New York county, assumed the duties of office today.

Mr. Gardiner surrendered his office under protest. He said to his successor:

"I would like it to be clearly understood that I do not voluntarily surrender this office, and that I protest against the action of the governor as being without authority in law. I am anxious, whilst protesting against this act and reserving all my legal rights, that the public business shall not be injured nor retarded, and to that end I will be pleased to co-operate with you in any way that you think best in the public interest."

Mr. Philbin replied: "I thank you cordially for your kind words and your offer. It is hardly necessary, because I feel that you are ready to give me every assistance in your power, and I shall not hesitate to call on you. I thank you."

Then Col. Gardiner began the work of formal introduction of Mr. Philbin to all of his former staff.

REV. VOIGHT DEAD.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 26.—Rev. Father D. Voight, formerly Catholic chaplain of the New Jersey state prison, died at St. Francis' hospital today, of apoplexy, aged 45 years. Father Fidilis was a member of the Order of Minor Conventuals, and, beside being stationed at Trenton, had served as rector at the Lady of Angels' church in Albany, and St. Joseph's church in Utica. His parents live in Jeffersonville, Ind., and have been notified of his death. Father Fidilis had been at St. Francis' hospital for some months.

SMASH IN MARBLES.

Steubenville, Ohio, Dec. 16.—A receiver has been appointed for the American Marbles company, which has been in operation about two months. It is the only factory of the kind in the United States, the product being glass marbles. The petition for a receiver alleged that the firm is insolvent. No statement of assets and liabilities was made.

YEOMANRY TAKEN IN

Boers Reported to Have Caught a Pursuing Squadron in a Trap.

ALL WERE GOBBLED

The Entire British Force Is Said to Have Been Captured.

Cape Town, Dec. 26.—A squadron of Yeomanry, which had been following the Boers from Britstown, is reported to have been entrapped. There were several casualties, it is said, and the remainder of the force was captured.

Gen. Kitchener has left Naauw Poort and gone northwards.

The rapid concentration of troops in the disturbed districts, through the personal energy of Gen. Kitchener, has allayed the local uneasiness.

HOUGHTON FIRE

Young Block Gutted and American Express Company Has Heavy Loss.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire broke out in the Western Express office in the Young block, apparently from an explosion, at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The Houghton and Hancock fire departments fought the blaze for seven hours before conquering it.

The building, which contained stores on the street floor and flats above, was gutted. Several persons were nearly asphyxiated and escaped with difficulty by rear windows.

The loss is about $12,000 on the building and furniture, with small insurance. The express company had unusually heavy consignments undelivered from Christmas day, the loss on which will be nearly total.

CALGARY BLAZE

Worst In City's History, Many of Finest Business Buildings Going.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—A Dispatch' special from Calgary, N. W. T., says: The most destructive fire in the history of Calgary raged today, and wrought damage estimated at $100,000. Several of the finest business structures fell prey to the flames, notably the Clarence, Eau Claire and new Norman blocks.

CONDITIONS AT PEKIN.

American and Japanese Quarters Are the Best Managed.

London, Dec. 26.—In the course of a review published in the Morning Post today, of the conditions existing at Pekin, H. J. Whigham, the well known newspaper correspondent, says there are now 250,000 inhabitants pursuing their ordinary avoocatioons in the American quarter. The markets are in full blast. He adds that the American and Japanese quarters are in all respects the best managed, "showing ability on the part of the Americans to handle a subject people which they have not developed elsewhere to proper advantage." Continuing, Mr. Whigham says:

"This enormous portion of the city is policed by exactly one company of infantry and a few mounted men under a provost marshal. If only these hard-headed soldiers of the provost marshal type had been given a free hand in the Philippines, the task of subjugating the unfortunate Islanders would have been much more simple. If the Japanese have come out of the muddle with flying colrs, they, at least, have the Americans close behind.

"It was worth sending an expedition to China if only to get a few hints on transport from the Americans. Their scheme of municipal government could not be bettered by the British, who have learned the business by experience in every quarter of the globe. For point of contrast, it is only necessary to walk down the avenue of the Chinese city dividing the United States and Germany. The American side of the street is simply Pekin in the ordinary garb of peace, minus its variegated smells. The opposite side is almost deserted. The Germans have to come to the American side for meat and vegetables, and it is whispered that the country people are sometimes robbed as they bring in the produce, except where the gates are British, American or Japanese. That is why the markets in the quarters controlled by these nations are the best."

A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Pekin, dated Monday, Dec. 24, says:

"Much irritation has been caused by the activity of the German troops in the districts under British protection. So acute has been the feeling, the dispatch adds, that there has been a question of the British seceding from the allied command."

STOVE EXPLODED.

"Air-Tight" Fires a Church and Pastor Fatally Burned.

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 26.—Fire today, caused by the explosion of an air-tight stove, partially destroyed the Providence Methodist Episcpal church (colored). Rev. J. L. Leonard, the pastor, was fatally burned.

DROWN WHILE SKATING.

South Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 26.—John Kelly, aged 13, and Willie Hull, aged 10, were drowned last night while skating in Union mills pond at Norwalk. Kelly broke through the ice, and Hull, in trying to save him, also perished. Other boys tried to rescue the drowning lads, but because of thin ice, could not reach them. The bodies were recovered.

EXCITED TRADING

Wild Rush to Buy Certain Stocks on New York Exchange.

AN INSPIRING SCENE

Break From the Opening High Prices, With Northern Pacific Weak.

New York, Dec. 26.—There was another wild and excited opening in the stock market today, the result of the accumulated efforts of the three days' suspension of active trading in stocks. The galleries of the stock exchange were crowded, as they have been every morning lately, the public being pretty sure of an exciting and inspiring scene on the floor. There was a very large attendance of brokers on the floor, as periods like this are the heyday of the stock broker's fortune and he has enough business in a few hours to compensate for many months of idleness and apathy while the public refrains from having anything to do with stocks.

The disposition to make hay while the sun shines was manifest in the way some of the price quotations were handled, as well as in the execution of more commission orders. The interval since Saturday's excited and buoyant close in the stock market has been utilized in all the usual haunts of speculators and traders to exchange all sorts of rumors of important new developments affecting the value of stocks, and, without the restraining influence of actual money prices to establish the status of these rumors, and in the credulous mood of the speculative public, these rumors had spread and grown. The consequence was a wild rush to buy a number of special stocks at the opening. The opening in these was sensational, and the sympathetic effect on the general list was buoyant. But the action of the market after the opening served to disclose the fact that while the appetite of those without stocks had been whetted to a voracious degree, there were not wanting holders of very large amounts of stocks who were willing and anxious to part with them at the high level of prices. The offerings to sell were on such a large scale that there were some abrupt losses of the large price gains, and the market became orderly and dominated more by warranted assumptions and probabilities.

The most sensational movement at the opening was in Brooklyn Transit, in which buying orders were executed for 3000 shares as the chairman's gavel fell. The excited bidding ran the price up to 88⅞, which was 5⅛ over Saturday's price, but at the same instant, other brokers in other parts of the same crowd were buying the stock for 2⅞ points lower at 86. Sugar, St. Paul, Tennessee Coal, Erie first preferred, Atchison and some other stocks also had "wide" openings, the spread sometimes reaching a point or over and the congestion of buying orders leading to simultaneous selling of 4000, 5000, 6000 and 8000 share blocks. Some of the opening gains were, Tennessee Coal, 5⅛; Sugar, 3¾; St. Paul, 2¼; American Tobacco, 2⅝; Atchison, 2⅜; Kansas & Texas, preferred, 2¼; St. Louis Southwestern, preferred, 2¾, and many stocks from 1 to 2 points.

The weakness of Northern Pacific was an important influence in causing the break from the opening high prices. Apparently authentic denials were published of any intention to retire the preferred stock on the coming first of July. A failure to do this would take the edge off much of the recent unbridled speculation in this stock, and a break of 3¼ in the stock, with a sympathetic decline of nearly 3 points in the preferred resulted. Tennessee Coal, St. Paul, Sugar and American Tobacco lost practically all their gains. Brooklyn Transit reacted 3⅞ and there were net losses in important railway stocks reaching from a fraction to a point before the decline was checked and the quieter mood came upon the market.

The market continued very active and broad even after this shading down, and new points of strength were constantly developing.

FEAT OF THE FRENCH.

Waldersee Reports the Rout of a Chinese Force.

Berlin, Dec. 26.—Field Marshal Von Von Waldersee, in a dispatch from Pekin, dated Monday, Dec. 24, says:

"The French troops encountered, Dec. 22, east of Chochan, between Pekin and Paa-Ting-Fu, a Chineses force numbering 2500 men, with artillery. The Chinese fled in the direction of Kwan Hsien. They suffered losses and left behind them five standards and four cannon. The Chinese probably consisted of the reunited remnants of a body already dispersed.

NO MORE RAIDS.

Great Britain Will Protect Soudan Natives From Slavers.

Khartoum, Dec. 24.—Lord Cromer, the British displomatic agent, reviewed the Egyptian troops of the Soudan, under the sirdar, Maj. Gen. Sir Francis R. Wingate, today. He assured a deputation from the Dinka tribe, which formerly suffered severely from slave raids, that the British and Egyptian flags guaranteed them against a recurrence of such raids, and insured respect for their ancient custom. The chiefs departed, expressing gratitude.

NEW SMELTER STARTS.

The Big Plant at Florence, Col., Fires Up.

Pueblo, Col., Dec. 26.—The new Rocky Mountain smelter at Florence, forty miles up the Arkansas river, was fired up and began operations today. With this addition, the Arkansas valley of the Colorado becomes the greatest center of metalliferous reduction works in America, there being a string of reduction plants extending from Leadville to Pueblo.

The new smelter cost $750,000. The works start with a capacity of 600 tons of ore a day, but this is likely to be doubled during the next year. The ores treated will come mostly from Cripple Creek, Leadville and Silver Cliff.

CEMENTVILLE QUIET.

Cementville, Ind., Dec. 26.—No outbreak occurred today between the white population and the negroes, as had been feared. Sam Kendall, whose saloon was raided yesterday by the negroes, went to Jeffersonville and secured warrants for Lee Ranger, who was wounded, and John Redmond, his companion, but neither has yet been found.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TINGE OF ROMANCE

Is Connected With Kid McCoy's Return to America From Europe.

THE FIGHT SCANDAL

Says Story That Fight With Corbett Was a Fake Is False.

New York, Dec. 26.—Kid McCoy, who arrived in New York on Sunday from Europe, tells a story of acting in haste and regretting at leisure that reads like a chapter from a "Purpose" romance. He still loves the wife that divorced him, and will be hers to command, come what may, so long as he lives.

There is talk of arranging a 20-round bout between McCoy and Tom Sharkey, to take place in Cincinnati the night before the Jeffries-Ruhlin battle.

McCoy is $25,000 richer than when he left America, but this fact is a mere incident to him. He feels that he has made the greatest mistake of his life, and woe is his.

McCoy is bigger and stronger than ever before. He weighs 190 pounds and said that he would be able to enter the ring at 175 pounds. McCoy said: "There have been many stories about why I went away, but the truth has never been told," said he. "I left because I accused my wife of being untrue to me and found I had made a mistake—the great mistake of my life. I listened to evil report, accepted alleged circumstantial evidence as fact and turned against me the one dearest to me, my boon companion and partner.

"She has divorced me and will not see me again, but I want her to know that I did her the greatest wrong a man can do a woman. She was to me all that a wife could be to her husband, and the best I did was to let her be slandered to my face, then cast her off. I have no home now and I guess I don't deserve one."

As McCoy said this his eyes glistened, his voice became husky and he turned away.

"Won't you try to see her again?" asked the reporter.

"No, the game has been played, and I am the loser. She is earning her living when she should not be, and if I can ever be of assistance to her without her knowing it even, I shall esteem it the greatest privilege that can come to me. I know of a number of offers of marriage she has had recently, but she has declined all. If she ever decides to take another husband, I shall tell that man he has won a prize.

"When I reached England I was so nervous I could hardly sit still a minute. I worried night and day. I went to the races, to the theaters and drank with friends, but neither amusement nor liquor could get my mind off my wife and the wrong I had done her. For six weeks I went a merry gait, and all the time I was on the verge of madness. At night I would lie awake and almost cry aloud, while sorrow entered my heart like a cancer. I went to Paris and traveled considerably on the continent and in England, but all the time I was utterly miserable. I am miserable now, and guess I will be for a long time to come. It seems strange to say all this for publication, but I feel that I never can do enough to right the wrong I showed my wife."

"What about the report that you are engaged to Miss Cornielle?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, that has been postponed until April Fool's Day, and I've got to learn how to swim 3500 miles in order to get back to Paris."

Then he laughed heartily.

"You may say that our proposed marriage has been postponed indefinitely."

"Did you tell George Considine that your fight with Corbett was a fake, and that you left America because the people here made it too warm for you?"

"That is an unmitigated lie, and I will tell Considine so the first time I see him. I don't know him well enough to confide to him, and you can bet I don't want to know him any better. He simply came here and prevaricated from first to last because he had a grudge against some body. Corbett whipped me fairly and I fought the best I knew how and was knocked out. I attribute my defeat to the fact that I trained on big dinners at Saratoga, but there is no need making excuses. On my deathbed I will swear the fight was strictly on the level.

"I wish to say that I am still an aspirant for the champion title, and that I will deposit $5000 in a few days for a match with Jeffries, Sharkey, Corbett or Fitzsimmons. These are the only ones in the heavyweight class that I have to lick, and I believe Billy Muldoon can put me in condition to defeat any pugilist in the world. I weigh 180 pounds stripped, and will be able to enter the ring at 175."

"What about the report that you welched on several big bets made in poolrooms here?"

"That is another lie I wish to nail. I don't owe Eddie Burke nor any other bookmaker or poolroom keeper a cent. Mr. Burke will deny the story as stoutly as anyone, and I will give $100 to any man who gets him to say I owe him or did owe him anything. Instead of being broke or hardup I won $25,000 while in England, and all my expenses besides. I am better fixed financially than I ever was before."

McCoy will remain in New York one week, and then go to West Baden for two weeks.

On his return he will go up to White Plains and put himself under the care of Billy Muldoon.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

CARTRIDGES IN VAULT.

A Find in the Office Where Youtsey Worked.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 26.—One of the clerks in the state auditor's office in searching the vault for old records, found a cartridge box containing eight metal patched smokeless powder cartridges, 38-55, corresponding exactly to the bullet found in the hackberry tree and which was believed to have passed through Governor Goebel's body.

The significance of the discovery lies in the fact that Henry Youtsey, convicted of participation in the Goebel assassination in October, was a clerk in the auditor's office at the time of the assassination and had access to the vault where the cartridges were found and that George Barnes, another clerk in the office, testified that he saw Youtsey with a box of cartridges.

For an Outing
Take Beneteau Cognac.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

CATARRH

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Ely's Cream Balm

CATARRH
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CATARRH
ROSE-COLD
CURES COLD IN HEAD
HAY-FEVER
DEAFNESS
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ELY BROS.
NEW YORK
TRADE MARK
COLD IN HEAD

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed.

Gives Relief at once.

It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Alloys Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial size 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York.

FIFTY TONS OF CANDY

Have Been Sent to Our Soldiers in the Philippine Islands By the Government.

Fifty tons of candy have been sent to the soldiers in the Philippine islands by the commissary department of the army during the last three months, and large amounts to the soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico.

This is done upon advice of the medical officers of the army, because it is a physiological fact that a moderate consumption of confectionery promotes health and satisfies a natural craving of the stomach.

Candy was never furnished to the United States army before, although it has been commonly used as a ration by the French and British troops in the tropics.

This explodes another old-fashioned theory that sweets were injurious to the digestive organs, while a moderate use of sweets is actually beneficial.

Very few things are injurious, and the food cranks who advocate the use of a few grains and vegetables and decry the use of sweets and meats are in error, as a wholesome variety of meat and vegetable food is absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the highest condition of health.

The best rule to follow is to eat what the appetite craves, and if there is any discomfort or trouble in digesting meat and sweets, the difficulty can be readily overcome by the regular use after meals of some safe digestive composed of pepsin and diastase which will assist the stomach by increasing the flow of gastric juice and furnish the natural peptone lacking in weak stomachs.

The best preparation of this kind is probably Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at all drug stores.

Years of use have demonstrated the value and effectiveness of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of impaired digestion.

CHRISTMAS DAY ORDEAL.

Operation on a Little Heiress to Millions.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—On Christmas day another effort was made to secure robust health and strength for the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour. This little dark-eyed heiress to millions was subjected to one of the most heroic operations known to the surgical world. So frail a little creature was Lolita that the first few months of her life were spent in a glass and rosewood incubator. In her entire four years she never has walked. When Lolita first attempted to use her little feet in walking she suffered so in her head and spine that it was feared that the latter was diseased.

The child's spine was subjected to X-rays. This brought the unhappy knowledge that the femurs did not fit into the hip sockets by a distance of several inches. It was then that Dr. John Ridlon was called to see the heir to the Armour millions.

For six months past he has been studying the case, and yesterday little Lolita was subjected to an operation.

The little sufferer was given an anesthetic. When thoroughly under its influence her delicate little limbs were forced back into perfect articulation. Then they were put in place by a heavy plaster cast. This was molded before she regained consciousness.

She will wear it for six months. At least that is what Dr. Ridlon declares is necessary for a perfect success of the operation. If it was found that the little one's sufferings are too great for endurance, relief will be given her by having the plaster broken.

The Armour family feel that they are taking great chances in the operation, but if the child can endure her plaster burden for six months they feel that a strong daughter may yet be theirs.

The little one comes of healthy parents and grandparents. J. Ogden Armour has ever been known for the systematic life he leads.

Mrs. Armour was Lola Spencer, of New York, and when she came to Chicago a bride a few years ago, none of the younger matrons knew more of athletic sports than she.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

LOWRY IS IN IT.

Considered an Active Factor in the Senatorial Race.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—Thomas Lowry is considered to be an active factor in the senatorial race. His headquarters, which have been engaged for several weeks, are expected to be formally opened shortly, and the street car magnate is believed to be in the race to a finish. Formal announcement of his candidacy is looked for within the coming week. Congressman Loren Fletcher is back from Washington, and as he has never been strongly for Evans, an outspoken statement of his position may make a material change in the outlook.

Rumor has it here that there is trouble in the St. Louis county delegation. It is said that two of the members have openly been for Clapp, and simply voted to endorse Evans to keep the delegation solid. The effort of the Evans people to bring the entire delegation to St. Paul to hurry up passengers for the band wagon is said to have caused a world of trouble. Representative Laybourn's flying visit to Senator Daugherty, who has been at the Windsor for several days, is said to have been in this connection.

It is said that Governor Van Sant has his slate made up, but it is a profound secret and while the recipients of plums have in some cases been notified, it is with the distinct understanding that they are to keep the matter from the public.

It is stated that the governor's private secretary will not be Mr. Millar of Duluth.

NELSON A WONDER.

Has Lived Four Years With Bullet in Heart.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Proof that a man may live with a bullet in his heart was afforded yesterday by the use of the X-ray upon Charles B. Nelson, of Cadillac, Mich., formerly a Chicagoan, who was, in 1896, the central figure in a sensational shooting that nearly resulted in death.

Under the fluroscope the ball in Nelson's heart could be plainly seen rising and falling with each pulsation of the vital organ. The bullet had been there since the night of July 1, 1896.

The mysterious circumstances surrounding the shooting of Nelson made it one of the sensational episodes in the history of Chicago. On the night of the shooting Mr. Nelson was in company with Miss Margaret Staples in Washington park. A negro did the shooting, afterward escaping, and the mystery surrounding the affair was never cleared.

$5.75 Round Trip, Via Eastern Minnesota Railway.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, and Jan. 2. The Bee line limited at 1:25 p. m.. Fastest train to Minneapolis. Has new observation chair car. Night train leaves at 11:25 p. m. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m. City ticket office, 432 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Finest candy boxes at Smith's.

PRICES ARE COMPARED

Course of Prices of Forty-Five Commodities Shown By Sauerbeck.

SIX GREAT GROUPS

The Past Year Will Be Considered a Very Prosperous One.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—A comparison of prices in 1899 with those of preceding years in that great world's market, London, is made by Prof. A. Sauerbeck in a publication issued by the Royal Statistical Society of London, England, and just received by the treasury bureau of statistics. This comparison, according to Prof. Sauerbeck's statement which precedes it, "shows the course of prices of 45 commodities during the last 20 years as compared with the standard period of 11 years, 1867—77." The statement of values is in the form of "index numbers," in which the average price during the period 1867-77 is taken as 100, and the relative price in the years named, from 1880 to 1890, is based thereon. The forty-five articles considered are arranged in six great groups: Vegetable food, animal food, sugar, coffee and tea, minerals, textiles and sundry materials. In vegetable food the index number for the year 1880 was 89; for the year 1885, 68; for the year 1890 it was 65; in 1896 it reached its lowest point, 53, and in 1899 averaged for the year, 60. In animal food the figure for 1880 was 101; for 1885, 88; for 1890, 82; in 1896 again the lowest point, 83, and in 1899, 79. Sugar, tea and coffee stood in 1880 at 88; in 1890, at 70, and reached their lowest average, 51, in 1898, and in 1899 stood at 53, though for coffee and tea, as shown in the discussion accompanying the tables, the 1899 figures were the lowest recorded in the tables. In minerals the index figure in 1880 was 79; in 1885, 66; in 1890, 80; in 1895 it reached its lowest point, 62; and in 1899 stood at 92, by far the highest point in the twenty years' period, 1880-99, under consideration. In textiles the index figure for 1880 was 81; for 1890, 66; and reached the lowest point in 1897 and 1898, when it stood in each year at 51, returning in 1899 to 58. In the list headed "sundry materials," the index figure for 1880 was 89; for 1885, 76; for 1890, 69, and reached its lowest point in 1897, when it stood at 62, and in 1899 returned to 65. Taking the grand total of the forty-five articles considered in the various classes of vegetable food, animal food, sugar, coffee and tea, minerals, textiles and sundries, the index figure for 1880 was 88; for 1885, 72; for 1890, 72, and in 1896 reached its lowest point, 61, returning, in 1899, to 68.

Discussing the table from which the above figures are taken, Professsor Sauerbeck says:

"The index number for all commodities was 68, against 64 in 1898, or 32 per cent below the standard period 1867-77, and 14 per cent below the ten years 1878-87, but 3 per cent above the average of the last ten years. As compared with 1898 the advance amounted to 4 points (or 6¼ per cent, while the rise on 1896, the lowest year on record, was as much as 7 points (or 11½ per cent). The rise was smaller than was probably expected by many observers, and this is advance for the whole year applies only explained by the fact that the average to materials, and here originally to minerals. Articles of food, on the other hand, were in the aggregate lower—an advantage, no doubt, to consumers—and were exactly on a level with 1897, so that the advance obtained in 1898 was again lost.

"Four articles out of the forty-five contained in my tables showed records of lowest prices, viz., Brazil coffee, flax, coarse wool, and the average import price of tea. Articles of food were a little lower, but materials 24 per cent higher than in December, 1898, while the rise for materials from the lowest point in February, 1895, amounted to as much as 26 per cent in the aggregate. Articles of food, on the other hand, were only 3¼ per cent above their lowest record point in July, 1896.

"In the course of last year prices of corn remained generally on a low level, the small wheat crop of the world of 1897 (283,000,000 quarters) having been followed in 1898 by the largest crop on record (58,000,000 quarters), and in 1899 by another good crop (324,000,000 quarters). Meat and butter were somewhat dearer, the latter being affected by the drought in August. Sugar and the common sorts of tea ruled a little higher than in the preceding year, though articles are still on a very low basis, the average import price of all sorts of tea imported having been the lowest on record. Brazil coffee, under the influence of four large crops in succession, was lower than ever before, Santos touching 25 shillings per cwt. in September, but improving again to 32 shillings towards the end of the year. Metals generally reached their highest points between July and October, but gave way to some extent later on, while coal obtained almost famine prices at the end of the year and early in 1900. Iron has not been so high since 1874, but copper and tin, although very dear, were still higher during the speculation in 1887-88.

"Among the textiles we have to record an advance for cotton, in view of a large consumption and lower estimate of the current crop, but prices during the past year were still very low as compared with former periods. Flax touched the lowest price on record, improved gradually and realized a sharp advance in December. Manilla hemp experienced great fluctuations in conjunction with the policy of opening and again closing the port: the price was £17 sterling per ton at the end of 1897, and about £64 sterling at the end of last year, probably the highest figure on record. Merino wool advanced over 66 per cent, and has not been so high since 1880, while the bulk of coarse wools occupied the lowest level on record for the greater part of the year, improving to some extent towards the end. Silk was considerably higher.

"The past year will, on the whole, be considered a very prosperous one, and the activity of the manufacturing industries in Europe, as well as in America, was greater than at any time since 1871-73."

* * *

All kinds of glassware are at present in demand in Egypt. In 1898 the imports of glassware (window glass not included) amounted to $249,500. Lamp glass in particular is wanted, and is principally imported from Austria and Germany. The increased use of gas has caused an augmentation of the sales of all kinds of articles for gas lamps. France, Austria and Germany also furnish large quantities of glassware for electric lamps. Goods out of pressed glass—as, for instance, salt and pepper stands, beer mugs, sugar basins and all kinds of table glassware of medium quality and prices, spirit and beer bottles and similar articles—are purchased in considerable quantities. In 1899 the imports of glassware from Austria amounted to $110,010, and those from France to 260,000 francs ($60,100); after these come Germany, Belgium, Great Britain and Italy.

As regards chinaware, Germany, Austria and Italy have increased their sales, while France seems to have been doing less business. England and Belgium have also considerably diminished their exports in this line. The French trade included the better-class articles, mostly from Limoges. Italy exports ordinary faience goods, which are largely in demand on account of low prices. Would it not be well for our glass manufacturers to cast an eye on Egypt as a likely market for their wares?

* * *

A late number of the Brunswick Landeszeitung says that there is a decrease of 37.4 per cent in building enterprises in Germany as compared with the summer of 1899; of 58 per cent in railroad projects; of 63.43 per cent in construction of electrical and street railroads; of 32.33 per cent in projected electrical plants for lighting, etc.

The number of projected gas works is almost a third less, but in view of the size and percentage of production, there is little difference. In other spheres of activity, such as mining and smelting work in stone and earth (fertilizing salts, etc.), metal manufacture, production of chemicals and textiles, breweries and waterworks, the statistics show a difference of 27.2 per cent.

There have been quite a number of failures in all branches of business during the last seven months, and in Consul Talbot J. Albert's district, two of the oldest and best established glove manufacturers have become bankrupt. This depression is a natural reaction after so much prosperity. Germany never was so flourishing as during the year 1890. New business enterprises of all kinds were projected, and old enterprises increased their plants; future profits were discounted; new issues of securities were made over to cover expected profits. The depression in the iron and steel trade in April last called the attention of the public to the actual condition of affairs, and this led to the general taking of stock. A judicious restriction of the spirit of enterprises followed, which averted an otherwise inevitable panic.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

LADY CHURCHCHILL DEAD.

London, Dec. 26.—Dowager Lady Churchchill, senior lady of the Bedchamber and an intimate friend of the queen, was found dead in her bedroom at Osborne yesterday morning. On retiring last night she complained of being cold, but no alarming symptoms manifested themselves, and her indisposition was not thought to be of a serious nature.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

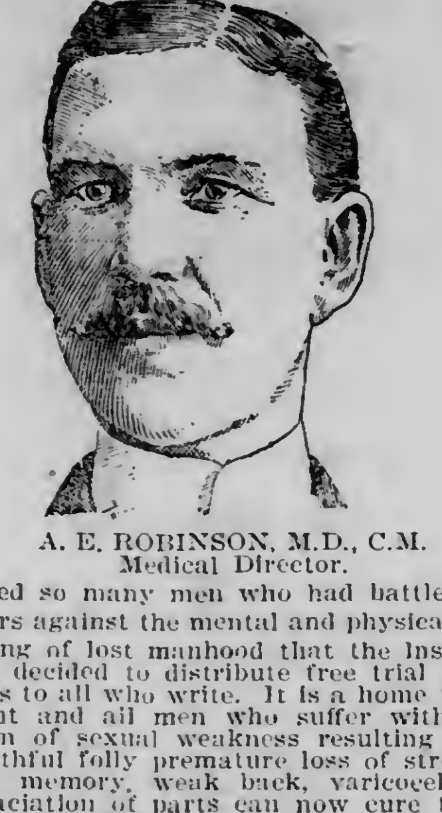
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.



A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

ROSEBERY'S HORNET'S NEST.

Britishers Resent Parts of His Book on Napoleon.

London, Dec. 26.—Lord Rosebery, in his recent work on Napoleon, has deeply offended the British navy, particularly those officers that read with pride the biography of Admiral Sir George Cockburn. This passage appears in Lord Rosebery's book:

"Admiral Cockburn, commanding her majesty's ship Northumberland, which bore Napoleon from Portsmouth to St. Helena, cannot have been entirely at ease. His crew was in a state of scarcely suppressed mutiny. They refused to get up the anchor at Portsmouth until a large military force had been brought on board to compel them to do so. Napoleon is said to have told Admiral Cockburn that he could get many of them to join him."

Admiral Sir Erasmus Ommonney declares these statements embody what he believes to be a shameless slander upon the gallant admiral and his good crew. Admiral Ommanney said:

"I hold that Lord Rosebery ought to publish the evidence upon which he bases charges so grave and sensational. He casts reflection upon a very distinguished officer. His indictment reads as if it were inspired by a foreign foe. Admiral Cockburn fought with conspicuous brilliancy through the Napoleonic wars and the American war of 1812. He was notorious as a strict disciplinarian."

There is reason to believe that the naval chiefs are not alone in their objections to parts of Lord Rosebery's book. Many Britishers resent what they term the "pro-French bias" of the author, and say that evidently he did not burn much midnight oil in searching for points of view favorable to England's treatment of the fallen emperor.

NO SUBJECT PROVINCES.

Wayne McVeagh Thinks It Impossible For Free Nations.

Philadelphia, Dec. 26.—Former Attorney General Wayne McVeagh denies the interview purporting to give his views on the authority of the constitution regarding the power of the United States in recently acquired territory. He said:

"I have always believed in the conclusions reached by Mr. Froude, that if there be one lesson which history clearly teaches, it is that free nations cannot govern subject provinces. If they are unable or unwilling to admit their dependencies or share their own constitution, the constitution will fall to pieces from mere incompetence for its duties.

"This conviction, however, has not interfered with my belief that President McKinley has done what he believed to be his duty, and I can readily understand how, after the ratification of the treaty with Spain, he believed it to be his duty to suppress all resistance in the Philippines to the authority of the United States, for by that treaty they became an integral part of its territory.

"But that attempt at suppression has now been going on for nearly three years, and has inflicted a vast amount of slaughter, disease and misery on our own sons as well as on those who resist our authority, and I cannot understand why anybody, whether an imperialist or an anti-imperialist, should not rejoice at seeing a stop put to further slaughter, a general amnesty proclaimed, and the Philippine islands, for the present at least, granted the same form of territorial government as we have just established in the Sandwich islands and as our territories have always enjoyed.

MILWAUKEE SURPRISED.

Thought She Had the Remains of Father Marquette.

Milwaukee, Dec. 26.—Surprise was occasioned in this city by the report of the discovery of the supposed bones of Father Marquette near Frankfort, Mich. It has been generally supposed for the past twenty years that the remains of Father Marquette are in the possession of the Marquette college, this city. They were located by Father Jacker, an Indian missionary in 1787 at St. Ignace, which Father Marquette founded in 1671.

Father Jacker found the ruins of the chapel and digging beneath the altar's site discovered the relics. They were sent to the Marquette college, which was then being built. A celebration was held in August, 1879, on account of Father Jacker's discovery.

ANARCHY UP TO DATE.

Miss Goldman Declares Monarch Killing a Discarded Fad.

New York, Dec. 26.—Emma Goldman said in an interview that the anarchists had decided not to kill any more kings or crowned heads. She said that at a recent conference of anarchists in Paris the above course had been agreed upon.

"The killing of King Humbert," she said, "was not done through the instigation of the anarchists as a body. It was the individual act of Gaetano Bresci. He imagined that King Humbert did not treat the Italians as he should have done, and took the matter into his own hands. We did not justify the killing and do not look upon it as an act to be applauded.

"Anarchy," Miss Goldman went on, "when it does come, will be a purely voluntary co-operative system. I mean that every one will help the other so all will have equality.

"We anarchists do not believe in marriages. Look at our divorce courts. They are filled every day with men and women trying to get divorces from one another. Under an anarchist government this could never happen.

"There would be no divorces because there would be no marriages. It is a crying shame that men and women should be bound together by marriage ties.

"I believe in a government," Miss Goldman went on, "in which every man and woman should do as he or she pleases. Cars and elevated trains and everything would be free. There would be no jealousies. Anarchists, as a rule, are unselfish. No one would demand more than another. Everything would be equalized. There would be no accumulation of wealth. The desire for wealth, after all, is childish. It is like little children who want more toys. It means a lack of intelligence. Wealth does not bring happiness.

"Under anarchy there would be no crime. There would be no need for anyone to steal, because all would have enough to live on. What do I intend to do to bring this about? For the next two or three months I will lecture in the different cities in the vicinity of New York. In March next I will make a tour of the country to spread anarchistic teachings."

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

DON'T MISS THE TRAIN.
SOUTH SHORE CHANGE OF TIME
LOCAL DAY TRAINS.

Effective Monday, Dec. 24, train No. 6 will leave Duluth 7:15 a. m. instead of 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Marquette 5:30 p. m. and Houghton 7:10 p. m.

Train No. 5 will arrive Duluth 8 p. m. instead of 7:30 p. m. Time of "South Shore Limited"—Trains 7 and 8 remains the same.

Dining car serves meals "a la carte" on trains 5, 7 and 8.

A Veteran's Story—George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa., writes: "I am eighty years of age. I have been troubled with Catarrh for fifty years, and in my time have used a great many catarrh cures, but never had any relief until I used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One box cured me completely." Sold by Max Wirth.—13.

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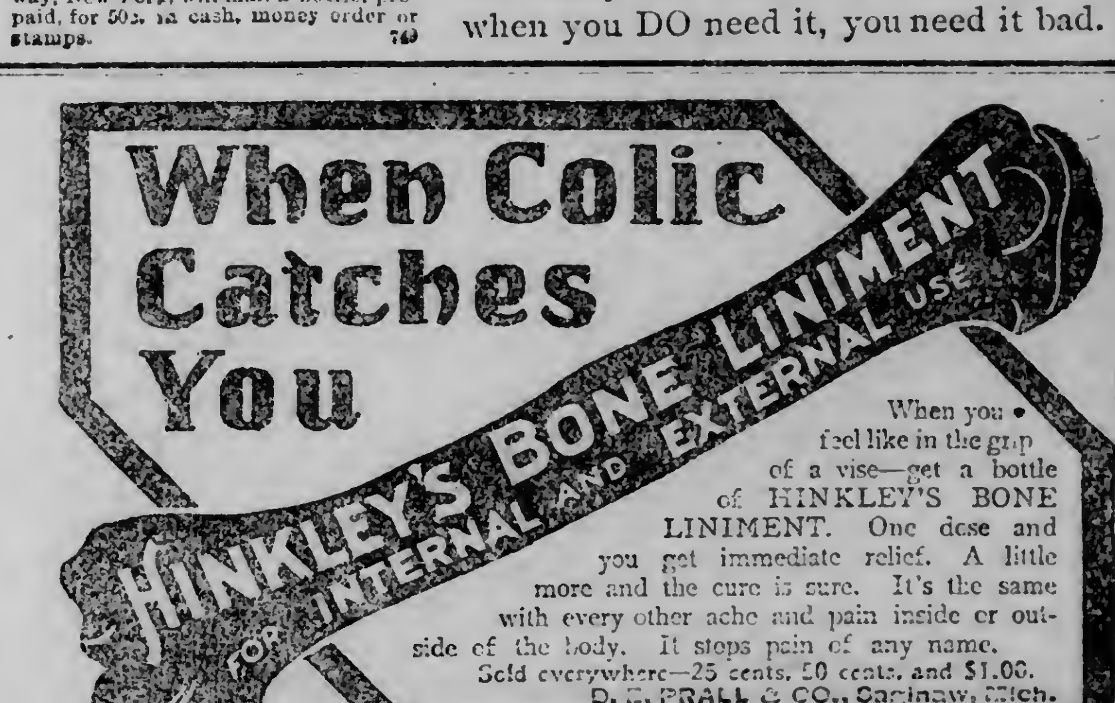
FOR CHILDREN—If your little boy or girl comes home from school or play with a sore throat, the first thing to do is to rub the throat and chest with Omega Oil. There isn't a bit of danger in using it freely, for there is no turpentine or ammonia in it. A whole barrelful of it would not burn or blister the tenderest skin. Children like to have their mothers rub it on them, because it smells so nice and is such a beautiful green color. It is a pure vegetable oil liniment, which does not evaporate, and you must keep rubbing it in until it is all taken up by the pores. Mothers ought to remember that "a stitch in time saves nine," and keep a bottle of Omega Oil in the house all the time. A bottle of it on the shelf is a necessity in every home. It is a protection and safeguard, much the same as a lock on your door. You may not need it very often, but when you DO need it, you need it bad.

Your druggist sells Omega Oil, or can get it for you of any wholesale druggist. The Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 749



When you feel like in the grip of a vise—get a bottle of HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT. One dose and you get immediate relief. A little more and the cure is sure. It's the same with every other ache and pain inside or outside of the body. It stops pain of any name. Sold everywhere—25 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00.
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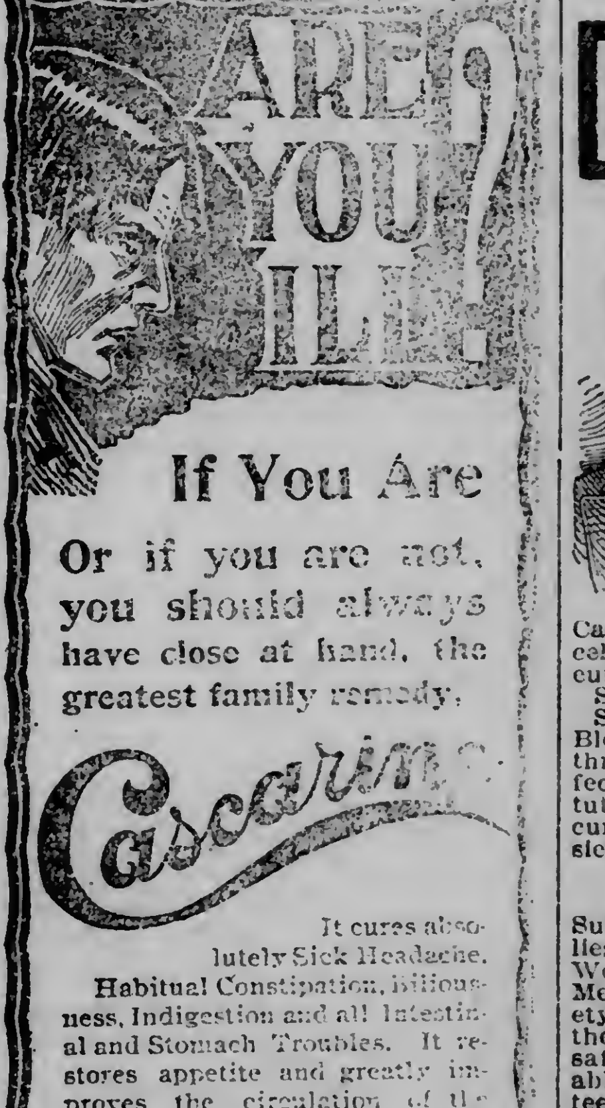

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Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any diseases of the Gtno-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

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There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

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A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Started Dull, Ruled Firm During Morning and Eased Off.

A BULLISH FEELING

No News From Liverpool, That Market Being Closed For Holidays.

Duluth Board of Trade, Dec. 26.—Dullness was the feature of the wheat market at its reopening after the Christmas holidays. In England they are still celebrating and the Liverpool market was closed, so there was no news from that source to affect prices here. But the world's shipments for the week showed a decrease and this proved a bullish factor, with the result that the market ruled firm. The world's shipments were 6,119,000 bus against 7,545,000 bus the previous week and 4,716,000 for the corresponding period last year. During the noon hour the market became easier owing to the extreme dullness and prices declined, the close being ⅛c lower than on Saturday both here and at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 75¼c, sold up to 75⅜c at 9:33 and ruled steady all morning. It weakened to 75⅛c at 1:06 and closed at 75c, a net decline of ⅛c for the day. Cash sales amounted to 50,000 bus at 3½c under May for wheat to arrive and 1c under for wheat in store. arrive and 1c under for wheat in store. Corn, oats and barley were unchanged. Rye advanced ¼c. Cash flax declined 5c to $1.63 and flax to arrive fell off 5c to $1.58. December flax opened 2c up at $1.68 asked and declined to $1.66, at which it closed, the same as on Saturday. May flax started 1c down at $1.62 bid, sold up to $1.63 and closed at $1.61, a net loss of 2c for the day. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72⅜c; to arrive, 73½c; December, 72⅞c; May, 77c. No. 1 northern—cash, 70⅞c; to arrive, 71½c; December, 70⅞c; May, 75c. No. 2 northern, 61½-66½c. No. 3 spring, 52½-59½c. Oats, 24¾-21½c. Rye, 47½c. Barley, 35-55c. Flax—Cash, $1.63; to arrive, $1.58; December, $1.66; May, $1.60. Corn, 33¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 189; corn, 150; oats, 11; rye, 1; barley, 6; flax, 22. Receipts—Wheat, 218,101; corn, 50,696; oats, 9639; rye, 3156; barley, 9201; flax, 25,472. Shipments—Flax, 3211.

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REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.71¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus	71¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	72⅛
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	62
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	65⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	66⅛
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	67¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	65¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	68⅞
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	67⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	63⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	68¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	62
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	65¼
No. 2 northern, 19 cars	67¼
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	61¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	60⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	68¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	60½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	56⅛
No grade, 2 cars	57
No grade, 2 cars	50
No grade, 2 cars	57
No grade, 1 car	62¼
No grade, 1 car	50
Flax, 838 bus cash	1.66
Flax, 500 bus cash	1.66
Flax, 480 bus cash	1.66
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.56
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.45
Flax, 1,500 bus December	1.66
Flax, 1,000 bus May	1.62
Flax, 2,000 bus May	1.62¼
Flax, 3,000 bus May	1.62

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ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Trade Was Dull But All Lines Were Steady.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Wheat was exceedingly dull the first hour today, the trade being almost entirely local. Feeling was bullish on the world's shipments, 6,119,000 bushels, compared with 7,545,000 bushels the previous week and 4,716,000 a year ago. As Liverpool was closed, there was no news from that source, and the absence of trade in the English market conduced to dullness here. May opened a shade higher at 73¾@⅞, touched 73 and then rallied to 73¼@⅞. Local receipts (two days) were 181 cars, 14 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth, for a like period, reported 975 cars, against 393 last week and 320 a year ago.

The visible increased 391,000 bus. alter in the day talk of a bearish government report tomorrow brought out stuff purchased earlier and the market weakened. May closing ¼c under Saturday at 72¾@⅞c.

Corn was a dull market. The receipts, 1,590 cars, 3 of contract grade, had a depressing effect at the start, but prices steadied after a few minutes of weakness. May opened a shade lower at 35¾@⅞ and sold to 35⅝@¾. January opened 36@¼, down at 35⅝@¾ and sold to 36@¼. December opened ⅜ lower at 37 and touched 37½. There was very little trade. December closed weak, 1c lower at 36½c. Other options closed steady, January a shade higher at 35⅞@36c, and May unchanged at 35⅝c.

Oats were at a standstill. May opening unchanged at 23⅝ and holding at that figure during the first hour.

Provisions were dull but steady on light hog receipts. During the first half hour, there was no quotation for January pork, but later $12.22½ was bid. January lard opened 7@7½c higher at $6.85@87½ and sold to $6.82½, and January ribs opened 2½ up at $6.80, holding steady.

Close: Wheat—December, 69⅞c; January, 70⅛c; February, 70⅝c; May, 72⅝@⅞c. Corn—December, 36⅛c; January, 35⅞@36c; February, 35¼c; May, 35⅝c. Oats—December, 21⅜@½c; January, 21½c; May, 23⅝c. Pork—December, $11.15; January, $12.12½; May, $12.15. Lard—December, $6.87½; January, $6.77½; May, $6.90. Ribs—December, $6.25; January, $6.22½@6.25; May, $6.32½@6.35. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 74c; No. 3, 69@71c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½@70½c. No. 3 hard winter, 66½@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 71½@73½c; No. 2 northern spring, 71½@73½c; No. 3 spring, 64@72c. Corn—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 34¾c. Oats—No. 2, 22½c; No. 3, 22@¼c. Flax—Cash and Northwestern, $1.61; No. 1, $1.57½; December and May, $1.57. Rye—December, 44½c; January, 46¼c; May, 49c. Barley, 38@60c. Timothy—December, $4.55; May, $4.65. Clover—December, $10.25.

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WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Dec. 25.—The wheat market, if it can be dignified by that term, has been without any feature, with as little trade and with small action. Prices have been about steady, and in view of the pronounced dullness, value held remarkably well. English markets have been closed. Paris was off equal to ¼@½c a bus. The world's shipments were large, 7,259,000 bus, and there was an increase on passage of 680,000. The American visible increased and this combination of bear influences has the additional weight of a practical car famine, eliminating the possibility of a cash business. The outsider as well as the insider is apprehensive and cautious, awaiting developments from the government report which comes out tomorrow. As usual this is hanging over the trade and accentuates the present holiday atmosphere of dullness. With that cleared away, some new motive for action may be looked for and we are hopeful that a healthier speculative condition will prevail.

The corn market has been steady with a good demand for the May under 36c. There were large receipts for the three days, but a good demand sprung up from influential sources quickly offsetting country selling against that feature. The local stock is only 1,711,000 and the contract stock only 792,000. The percentage of contract corn continues abnormally small. The demand for the May option on breaks, is good; stocks are small, and outside sentiment at least bullish.

The oat market as usual has had its own moderate action, with values merely steady. The provision crowd is credited with creating some demand. Receipts for three days, 796 cars, with an estimate of 310 for tomorrow. The local stock decreased 88,000.

In provisions, the selling of December lard was the only feature with the price losing 15c. The deferred futures have been steady. Hogs were 10@15c higher than Saturday and steadied the entire list. The market has been very small in charactr and sentiment one way or the other is consequently more pronounced, but if upon a larger market would create no comment.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	71B	71⅛B	70½@⅝	....
High	....	....	70⅝	....
Low	....	....	70½	....
Close	70⅞B	71	*70⅞	....
May—				
Open	75¼B	74⅛	73-⅛	79
High	75⅜	74⅛	73¼	79⅛-¼
Low	75B	73¾	72¾-⅞	78¾
Close	75B	73¾	72¾-⅞	78¾A

* January.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. Jan.
Open	23⅝	35¾	12.20B
Mr. and rMs. C. C. McCarthy, of Grand			
Low	23⅝	35⅝	....
Close	23⅝	35¾	12.12

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth on Saturday, Dec. 22, 1900:

Wheat.	Bus.
No. 1 hard	157,052
No. 1 northern	2,920,440
No. 2 northern	727,816
No. 3 spring	14,951
No grade	160,555
Rejected	49,939
Special bin	1,080,654
Winter	97,369
Western	231,205
Total	6,063,546
Increase during week	421,346
Stocks year ago	6,862,589
Corn in store	425,213
Oats in store	678,190
Rye in store	256,845
Barley in store	140,095
Flax in store	212,445

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 72½-⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅞-74c.
Curb, May wheat, 73¾-⅞c asked.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—Close, wheat, cash, 72¼c; May, 73¾c; July, 75c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74¼c; No. 1 northern, 72¼c; No. 2 northern, 68⅝@69¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 26.—Close, wheat, December, 77¼c; March, 79¼c; May, 78¾c. Corn, December, 45¼c; May, 41⅝c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Cattle, receipts, 25,000; generally, 10@15c lower; good to prime steers, $5.25@6.10; poor to medium, $3.75@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.30; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.60; Texas steers, $4.00@4.80; Texas grass steers, $3.25@4.00. Hogs—Receipts today, 24,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 2436; opened 5c higher; closing weak; top, $5.10; mixed and butchers, $4.70@5.07½; good to choice heavy, $4.80@5.10; rough heavy, $4.65@4.75; light, $4.70@5.05; bulk of sales, $4.90@5.00. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; sheep and lambs stronger. Sheep, $2.25@4.60; lambs, $4.25@5.50; official receipts and shipments for Monday: Receipts—Cattle, 9485; hogs, 24,151; sheep, 6041. Shipments—Cattle, 2148; hogs, 5158; sheep, 1075.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	26 @ 27
Creamery, choice, tubs	23 @ 27
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 20
Dairy, fair	16 @ 17
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	25 @ 26
Storage	22 @ 23
CHEESE.	
Twins, flat, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	11½@ 12
Full cream Young America	14
Swiss, cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full crm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	14 @ 15
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Apples, eating	3 50 @ 4 50
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 25
King apples	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, California, per box	1 10 @ 1 50
California lemons	3 50 @ 4 00
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Florida oranges	3 00 @ 3 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lbs	6 00 @ 6 50
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb cartons	7 @ 7½
California navel oranges	3 00 @ 3 25
Winter Nellis pears	2 40 @ 2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	9 00 @ 9 50
Catawba grapes, basket	18 @ 20
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	52 @ 55
Parsley, per doz	25 @ 30
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Radishes, doz	75 @ 85
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 50 @ 1 75
Wax beans	5 25 @ 5 50
Celery, Cal.	50 @ 85
Celery	30 @ 40
Egg plant, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 10 @ 1 25
Onions, green, doz	50 @ 60
Carrots	45 @ 50
Oyster plant, per doz	45 @ 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 3 25
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	8 @ 10
Turkeys	9 @ 11
Ducks	9
Geese	9
MEATS.	
Mutton	8
Lamb	9
Veal, Good	7
Veal, fancy	8
Beef, dressed	5½@ 8
Hogs	7
Pork loins	8
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	40
Oats, car lots, sacked	28
Hay, upland	14 00
Hay, timothy	16 00
Feed, No. 1	15 50
Cracked corn	15 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Butter—Creameries, 15@23c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—Factory, active; fresh, 20c. Dressed Poultry, fairly active; turkeys, 9c; chickens, 7½@8½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 26.—Butter—Receipts, 12,-782 packages; steady; creamery, 18@25c; June creamery, 17@23c; factory, 11½@16c. Cheese—Receipts, 6105 packages; market firm; fancy large fall made, 11¼@½; fancy small fall made, 11¾@12c. Eggs—Receipts, 7519 packages; firm; Western regular packing at mark, 19@23c; Western, loss off, 25c.

MICHIGAN STREET MARKET.

Usual After Holiday Lull is on at Present.

The usual post-holiday quiet prevailed on Michigan street and local trade was well nigh at a standstill in most lines. Oranges were an exception, moving quite freely. They were steady in town at $3.00@3.25 for both Florida and California navels.

Poultry was quite wholly neglected, but prices held steady, owing to the fact that stocks were pretty well cleaned up by the holiday trade. Choice unfrozen chickens were 8@10c; turkeys, 9@10c, and ducks and geese, 9c. Frozen, a cent lower.

Eggs were in no stronger demand than for several days past and there was little inquiry. No. 1 storage were 22@23c and countries 25@26c.

Potatoes held at their high mark for the best stocks, 55c, but fair to good lots, some slightly frosted, were freely offered at 50c.

Butter and cheese were unchanged in price and tone.

LETS BIG CONTRACTS.

The Reading Road Places Orders For New Equipment.

Philadelphia, Dec. 26.—In pursuance of its plan to re-equip its road, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway company has let contracts, which, in the aggregate, amount to over $2,500,000. Two thousand and thirty new cars have been ordered, a large proportion of them of the pressed steel class that has lately come into use. One thousand of these will be made by the Pressed Steel Car company, of Pittsburg, to have a capacity of 100,000 pounds. To the Cambria Steel company, of Johnstown, Pa., goes the contract for 500 steel gondola cars of 100,000 pounds' capacity, and to the American Car and Foundry company an order for 500 box cars with steel underframing of 60,000 pounds' capacity.

For the passenger service the Harlan & Hollingsworth company, of Wilmington, Del., have a contract for twenty standard passenger coaches with open platforms, and the Jackson & Sharp company, also of Wilmington, will build their coaches of the broad vestibule type. Forty-five locomotives are to be built by the Baldwin Locomotive works, thirty-four of them being for freight traffic and ten for the passenger service.

Chicago and East Via "The North-Western Line."
When going to Chicago or points East, look up the advantages of the "North-western Line," (the Chicago fast mail). The finest and fastest train from the head of the leaves leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 7 a. m., making conections with all lines East and South. This magnificent train is wide vestibuled throughout, brilliantly lighted with Pintsch gas, free chair cars, Pullman sleepers and dining service—the finest in the land. No extra fare on this train.
For tickets and reservations call at 405 West Superior street.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Striking Gains at Start In Some Stocks and a Decline Later.

SELLING WAS HEAVY

Closing Was Active and With Prices Moving In Both Directions.

New York, Dec. 26.—The market opened wild and excited with striking gains in a number of stocks on the very congested demand. Tennessee Coal was rushed up 5⅛, and 8000 shares of St. Paul rushed the extreme price up to 2¾ on running sales which showed a variation of a point in the simultaneous prices. Seven thousand shares of Brooklyn Transit carried that stock up over 5 points, but fell back nearly 3. Sugar jumped 3¾ on the opening sales; then fell back a point. Gains of from 1 to 2 points were frequent amongst the international stocks and the specialties. The individual tranctions ranged from 1000 to 8000 shares. There was no market in London today, but arbitrage brokers were large dealers on account of Monday's transactions in London, while the New York stock exchange was closed, and the market was highly irregular.

Prices turned abruptly downward under a flood of long stock invited by the bulge and short selling by room professionals. A drop of 3¼ in Northern Pacific unsettled the railroad list and reactions of 1 to 2 points were general. St. Paul fell off to Saturday's level. Tennessee Coal broke 5 and Brooklyn Transit 3⅞. Other specialties suffered less acutely, but Tobacco lost 3 and Sugar 3¼. St. Louis Southwestern pfd rose 7¾ to 55. In face of the general tendency, and General Electric got up 4 points to 200. Some important railroad stocks fell below Saturday. Northern Pacific rallied 2¾, but did not hold.

The effort to rally the market did not meet with great success. Consolidated Gas was bid up 3⅜ and there were some recoveries of 1 to 2½ in some of the active stocks. St. Louis Southwestern pfd rose again to the highest. Then prices ran off again. Sugar fell back to Saturday's level and important railroad stocks got as much as a point under Saturday night. In this list were Burlington, Pennsylvania and Erie common. After this shaking out, the market dropped into a condition of strongly contrasted dullness. The bond market was active. There were a few weak points, but it was generally strong.

Strength shifted to Sugar and the steel stocks, which rallied from 1 to 2 points. Reading first preferred rallied 1½ to 70, Missouri Pacific 1¾ to 71 and People's Gas continued its rise to 105½. The response in the general market was rather languid. The high level invited realizing again and there were reactions of a fraction to 1½ in Brooklyn Transit, Missouri Pacific rallied again to 71¼ and People's Gas to 106. The closing was active and with prices moving in both directions.

Stock—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Sugar	144	149¾	140¾	141½
Am. Steel Wire com	45⅛	45¼	43½	44⅞
Tobacco	112½	114¼	111½	112¼
Atchison com	47¾	48	47¼	47¾
Atchison com	88¼	88¾	87⅜	88½
Brooklyn Transit	86	89	86	87⅞
C., M. & St. P.	138	139	136¾	138½
C., B. & Q.	142⅞	142⅞	140⅞	141½
C. & N. W.	167	167	167	167
Federal Steel com	56¼	57⅛	56¼	57
Federal Steel pfd	78½	78⅞	77½	77⅞
B. & O.	83⅛	85⅞	81⅝	82⅛
L. & N.	87⅛	87⅞	87¼	86⅞
Manhattan	113½	116⅞	112⅞	116½
Missouri Pacific	70	71¾	69¾	71⅛
N. P. common	84½	84⅞	81¾	82½
N. P. preferred	89⅛	89⅛	86⅞	87⅞
People's Gas	103	106	102¾	105½
Rock Island	119⅝	120⅛	119	120
Southern Pacific	45⅜	45½	44¾	45¼
T. C. I.	67	69	64½	67
U. S. Leather	14	14	13⅞	14
Union Pacific pfd	77⅜	78¼	77	78⅛
Union Pacific com	83¾	83¾	83	83¼
Western Union	83⅜	83⅜	82¾	82¾

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 26.—Money on call nominally, 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, firm; with actual business in bankers' bills, at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand, and at $4.80¾@$4.81 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.81@$4.85; commercial bills, $4.80@4½; silver certificates, 64@65c; bar silver, 64c; Mexican dollars, 50c. Government bonds strong; refunding 2s, registered, 105¼; coupon, 105¾; 3s registered and coupon, 110¼; new 4s, registered and coupon, 138¼; old 4s, registered, 115¼; coupon, 116¼; 5s, registered and coupon, 113½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 26.—Cotton opened unchanged to 2 points higher and while showing a tolerably firm undertone, was speculatively flat during the early session. The room trade was badly handicapped in the making of fresh concessions by absence of Liverpool cables. The English market remaining closed today, and the big delay in data from the crop center coming to hand. There were long lapses between trades. Fluctuations were confined to a point or two.

Spot cotton closed dull. Middling uplands, 10 5-16c; middling gulf, 10 9-16c; sales, 2022 bales. Futures closed barely steady. December, $9.90; January, $9.53; February, $9.33; March, $9.33; April, $9.29; May, $9.26; June, $9.23; July, $9.18; August, $8.85; September, $8.36; October, $8.09.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Clearings, $26,059,981; balances, $2,727,160; poster exchange, $4.82@$4.86; New York exchange, 40c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Dec. 26.—Close: Adventure, 10¾; Allouez, 2½@3; Anaconda, 48@49; Arcadian, 21½; Arnold, 4½@5; Amalgamated, 91¾; Atlantic, 27½; Baltic, 31½; Bingham, 16¼; Bonanza, 1¼@1½; Boston and Montana, 322; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 84; Calumet and Hecla, 815@820; Centennial, 21¼@22; Cochita, 11⅛; Copper Range, 32¼; Dominion Coal, 37@38; Elm River, 5½; Franklin, 15½; Humboldt, 50c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 38½; Mass. 11; Michigan, 5¼; Mohawk, 24; Old Colony, 4@5; Old Dominion, 30¾; Osceola, 74; Oil, 11¾@12; Parrott, 49¾; Pioneer, 25c; Quincy, 174@176; Rhode Island, 4⅝; Santa Fe, 6¼@7; Tamarack, 339½; Tecumseh, 1½@2; Tri-Mountain, 21½; Union Land, 3¼@4½; Utah, 34¼; Winona, 4; Wolverine, 46½; Wyandotte, 2; Zinc, 12.

HARTFORD SAILS.

Washington, Dec. 26.—The Hartford, which was ordered to watch American interests in Venezuela, and co-operate with United States Minister Loomis in their protection, has left Curacoa for La Guaira. The navy department announces that she will visit Trinidad and Barbadoes after leaving La Guaira.

NEW TRUST COMPANY.

Dover, Del., Dec. 26.—The National Trust company, of Delaware, was incorporated here today, with a capital of $14,000,000. The headquarters of the company is in Indianapolis.

A QUIET DAY.

Washington, Dec. 26.—This was a very quiet day at the White House. The president had a number of callers, including Senators Foraker, Fairbanks, Elkins and Scott, but their visits were of a social character. The president is spending much of his time during the holidays in the private apartments of the executive mansion with Mrs. McKinley.

DEVERY TO RETIRE.

New York's Police Chief Expected to Quit Soon.

New York, Dec. 26.—The Evening Telegram says: Report has it at police headquarters today that the application of Chief of Police William Devery for retirement is in the hands of Police Commissioner John B. Sexton, whether this is true or not, there is a belief amounting almost to certainty that Devery will retire this week and that the new year and new century will see another at the head of the uniformed police force of the city. If retired Chief Devery will have $3000 a year for life.

NO BLOOD SHED.

Liberia's Presidential Chair Changes Hands Without a Fight.

Sierre Leone, West Coast of Africa, Dec. 26.—The president of Liberia, W. D. Coleman, resigned Dec. 11, owing to the disapproval of the legislature of his interior policy. G. W. Gibson, the secretary of state, was elected president by the legislature.

LIST OF DEATHS.

MacArthur Sends Report of Casualties Among His Troops.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Gen. MacArthur's latest casualty list is as follows:

"Manila, Dec. 25.—Adjutant General, Washington: Following deaths have occurred since last report: Dysentery, Dec. 11, Company E, Thirty-eight Volunteer infantry, Edward A. Senny; Dec. 18, Company D, Fifteenth infantry, Corp. George D. Hozak; Dec. 14, Company A, Thirteenth infantry, John Pattey; Dec. 13, Troop G, Eleventh cavalry, William L. Stone, Jr.; Dec. 16, Company K, Third infantry, David J. Parcell; Dec. 20, Company A, Thirty-ninth Volunteer infantry, George J. Rehm; Company H, Forty-fifth Volunteer infantry, Steven Delta. Darrhoea—Dec. 7, Company F, Forty-seventh Volunteer infantry, Edward W. Fletcher. Variola—Dec. 14, Company E, Forty-eighth Volunteer infantry, Thomas Love; Company G, Forty-eighth Volunteer infantry, Edward Clarke. Malarial fever—Dec. 13, Company C, Thirty-sixth Volunteer infantry, Alfred H. Bolton; Dec. 15, Company G, Thirty-third Volunteer infantry, William J. Wright. Drowned—Dec. 18, Battery A, Sixth artillery, Frank Lowo; Dec. 15, Company I, Fifteenth, Howard L. Garrom; Nov. 28, Company E, Fortieth Volunteer infantry, Stephen F. Holmes. Killed by accident, target practice, etc.—Dec. 18, Company K Third infantry, John Bagley. Surgical shock—Aug. 26, Company F, Forty-third Volunteer infantry, William E. Dennis. "Died from wounds received in action—Dec. 10, Company G, Thirty-eighth Volunteer infantry, Martin L. Patterman; Dec. 17, Company H, Signal corps, United States army, Corp. Charles A. Wilson. All other cases—Dec. 15, Company F, Twenty-fourth infantry, Pomp Dunkerson; Dec. 12, Company A, Eleventh Volunteer cavalry, Sergt. Charles C. Crane; Company E, Forty-ninth Volunteer infantry, Isiah Bruxton; Dec. 20, Troop B, Third cavalry, Henry A. Hall; Dec. 19, Forty-eighth Volunteer infantry, Sergt. Maj. Wooten R. Bernathy; Nov. 25, Company B, Twenty-first infantry, Michael F. Diffy.

MACARTHUR."

GREEN CORROBORATED.

Jackson, Mich., Dec. 26.—The records at the state penitentiary here show that Henry Green, who has surrendered himself to the police in Sacramento and confessed to a murder and burglary in this state, was sentenced from Shiawassee county in 1878 to six years' imprisonment for burglary. This tallies with Green's statement to the Sacramento police.

STILL TIED UP.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 26.—The fourth day of the strike of the motormen and conductors of the Scranton Railway company shows the tie-up to be just as complete as on the first day. There is nt a car in operation carrying passengers, and only those trips were made to suburban places where it was necessary to deliver mails. These cars were handled by the company's superintendents.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

Philadelphia, Dec. 26.—Judge McPherson, in the United States district court today, appointed John H. M. Shimer and William P. Stoake, receivers in bankruptcy of C. R. Baird & Co., operating a number of iron furnaces. The security required was $25,000. Counsel for creditors, representing about $160,000 of claims, stated that the business would probably be reorganized.

McDONALD RECOVERING.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Samuel McDonald, who killed Auditor Morris last Saturday, is steadily improving and, although his condition is precarious, the physicians say he has a fair chance of recovery. The gauze filling today was removed from the liver wound. The operation was successful, causing no hemorrhage.

BLOODHOUNDS FOR ROBBERS.

The large number of train hold-ups during the past year has caused all the railroad lines in the West to consider plans for their protection, and among these none is more interesting than that adopted by the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company, says a Seattle special to the New York Journal. This company has become imbued with the old Southern idea that there is no way to locate a man wanted badly better than with bloodhounds, and accordingly a large number of pups of this breed have been purchased and distributed at various points along the line. They have been intrusted to the care of the several agents at the points of custody, and will be reared with the special view of tracking train robbers. In fact, a circular has been issued from the general offices of the company to all agents in whose care the pups have been placed, giving instructions as to the manner of daily training that shall be given the canines.

The dogs are of the very best blood and come from India, where their parents have for years done service in hunting down escaped criminals. Their mother belongs to John Ellis, sheriff of Bannock county. At the time of their purchase, a week ago, the puppies were 2 months old. There are six of them in all, and after being packed in separate boxes they were shipped to agents who were known to be dog fanciers, and their training intrusted to them.

This is the first time in the West, so far as known, that a railroad company has invested in dogs. On several occasions bloodhounds have been used in hunting down train robbers, but in each case the dogs have been borrowed for the occasion. Wherever used, it is also said, they have proved a success, as was well illustrated in the hunting down of Tom Arkins, the Union Pacific train robber, in Wyoming a few years ago. Arkins, when he found that he was pursued by the dogs, killed one of them, but was himself shot an hour afterward by the sheriff's posse.

The plan to be carried out by the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company in the event of a train on their line being held up is told by John B. Lenning, agent of the road at Pocatello, where two of the pups have been sent to be raised. Mr. Lenning was in the city today, and in an interview regarding the innovation said:

"The Oregon Railroad and Navigation company has gone into the bloodhound business, and from now on it will hardly be worth while to hold up any of this company's trains, for the guilty party is more than likely to be caught.

"As yet but six pups have been purchased, but this number will be increased as rapidly as possible until a sufficient number have been stationed at various points, so that in case they are needed they can be secured quickly.

"Circulars have been issued to all in whose care the dogs have been placed, and to conductors of trains, instructing the latter in case of robbery to at once wire the two nearest stations having pups. The agents receiving the messages will at once get the dogs ready, and as soon as they can be got to the scene by special train or otherwise, they will be put on the scent. In this manner it is believed that, as the trail will be warm, there will be little danger of the robbers getting away very far before the hounds are close upon their heels."

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ARE AFTER THE JOBS

County Board Will Have Many Candidates For Places to Choose From.

NOT FOR TWO WEEKS

Meeting Will Be Held January 8—Some Who Want Places.

The new board of county commissioners will organize two weeks from yesterday, and that meeting will be an interesting and important one. The last session of the old board will be held next Friday, to which date an adjournment was taken at the last meeting, when the board will probably approve the bonds of the new county officers and clean up what little business there may be remaining undone. It is not likely that the meeting will be long or important.

Tuesday, Jan. 8, however, the annual meeting of the board will be held, and at that meeting Commissioner Patterson will take his seat, Commissioner John Williams retiring after four years' service. The organization of the board will consist of the election of a chairman and his appointment of standing committees. There is little question but that Capt. Morcom, of Tower, who has been chairman for several years, will be selected again if it is his desire. After his election he will appoint his committees.

The board will at that meeting open bids for supplies, etc., in acordance with the annual custom, and it will make its selection of officers whose appointment is in the gift of the board. These officers are as follows: Superintendent of poor, now filled by A. P. Cook; overseer of roads, now held by John Hawkinson; clerk of superintendent of poor, now held by Charles Shogran; overseer of the poor farm, now held by A. F. Rockwell; county physician, now held by Dr. A. J. Braden, and janitor, fireman and watchman for the court house and jail. These three positions are now held by veterans of the civil war, whom it would be impossible to remove without cause, if the board were so minded, and it is not likely that it will incline to that move, as the men are all faithful and competent.

All are candidates for re-election, with the possible exception of Dr. Braden, who is said not to desire the office for another term. The most important one is that of superintendent of poor, which A. P. Cook now holds. Notwithstanding the threats that were made against him some time ago, it appears that he has enough members faithful to him to keep him in office, and the chances seem to be that he will stay there. Ulysses G. Holleway, of the West End, is a candidate for his position. So far no candidate has appeared for clerk to the superintendent of poor, nor for overseer of roads.

There is no lack of applicants for the place of overseer of the poor farm. Besides Mr. Rockwell, the present incumbent, M. Haug, J. B. Flack, of West Duluth, and Frank Mox, of Gnesen, are named as candidates.

Two candidates have appeared for Dr. Braden's position of county physician, Dr. Robert Graham and Dr. F. J. Patton, both of whom are said to have supporters on the board. There are three Republicans and two fusionists on the board.

EASY WAY TO DIE.

Falling From Great Heights Said to Be Agreeable.

Scientists have now evolved a queer theory that there is no more agreeable or enjoyable experience in life than to fall over a deep precipice or to slip into the crevasse of a glacier. In a recent lecture delivered by Professor Heim, the Zurich geologist, and an enthusiastic tourist, he cites the experiences of two persons who met with accidents in the Alps. These prove that death by falling contains horror and pain only for the observer, and not for the one who falls.

Sigrist, a Swiss guide and climber, who fell from the top of the Karpfstock mountain in Switzerland, has described his sensations to Professor Heim. He says that the plunge, which was taken backward, was accompanied by no anxiety such as is felt when one dreams of falling. He merely seemed to be gently borne down in the most pleasant manner, and was entirely conscious during the fall. He was free from pain and fear, and thought only of his family, which would be cared for by the insurance he carried.

All this contemplation was accomplished with inconceivable rapidity. There was no suggestion of a loss of breath during the brief descent, and only the heavy fall on the snow-covered ground caused him to lose consciousness suddenly and without sensation. Even the bruising of his head and limbs on the rocks as he fell caused no pain. A pleasanter or easier death, he says, he could not imagine. It was only when consciousness returned that he experienced any disagreeable effects.

The personal experience of Professor Heim, who also met with an accident in Switzerland, is equally interesting, says an exchange. He and his party were traveling from Santis toward Seealp. Heim was in the lead. Near the Fehlalp, at a height of about 6000 feet, they encountered a deep snow field, which descended at a sharp incline between two rocky points. All but Heim hesitated.

He started at once to slide down the incline, sliding very rapidly, when a gust of wind took off his hat. Instead of letting it go, he made the mistake of grabbing for it, which caused him to fall, losing all control of his course. He was sliding toward the rocks with the speed of the wind. Striking the ledge on the left, he plunged headlong over a 65-foot precipice, landing on a pile of snow at the base. He knew, he says, that when he stumbled at the moment his hat was blown away, he would be carried over the rock, and he waited for the shock. He dug his fingers in the snow in the vain endeavor to stop his progress, but only tore open his finger tips, causing them all to bleed, but, strange to say, there was no feeling of pain. He felt great pain, however, a half hour later, when he recovered.

During his fall he had a flood of thought rushing through his mind, and what he thought and felt in a second or two while making the descent could not be told in an hour's time. Every thought and impression was clear to him, logically connected with that one which followed, and in nowise hazy or confused. The first contemplation was the probability of his fall.

He said to himself: "The rock over whose edge I will be dashed evidently descends abruptly, for I cannot see the ground on the other side of it. It is therefore a question whether or not there is snow at the foot of the rock. If so, then the snow will be melted near the wall, and will form a ledge on which I will land, and thus escape with my life. It not, then I will strike on rocks, and death will be unavoidable. If I am not killed, and am not unconscious, I must at once take out the little vial of liquor, which, on starting from Santis, I did not take out of the tourist's bag, but stuck in my vest pocket, and must drink a few drops of it. My alpenstock I must hold onto, for it may prove of use to me.

"I thought that I should take off my snow glasses and throw them away, for fear they might be broken and the splintered glass get into my eyes. But the position in which I was falling prevented me from moving my hands sufficiently to do this.

"Then another train of thought busied itself with the effect my fall would have upon my companions. I said to myself that when I landed, no matter whether I was hurt or not, I must with all my might call out, 'I am nowise injured!' in order that my companions—my brother and three friends—might arouse themselves from their terror and be able to make the difficult descent necessary for the bringing of assistance to me. I also thought that I would be unable to deliver the lecture which five days later was to mark my entrance into a professorship. I realized how the news of my death would shock my family, and in thought tried to console them.

"Then I saw, as if upon a stage, my entire life pass like a series of tableaux before me. I saw myself as the chief actor. Everything seemed glorified as by some heavenly light, and all was free from anxiety, pain and sorrow. Even the memory of sad events was distinct, but not sad.

There was no struggle, no strife. Exalted and beautiful thoughts dominated and connected the single scenes, and a divine quietude sank like sweet music into my soul.

"Ever more and more plainly I felt myself surrounded by a heaven of glorious blue, filled with clouds of rose color and of violet. I sank gently and painlessly into it, and saw that I was flying through the air toward a field of snow. Objective observations, reasoning and subjective feeling were indulged in clearly and simultaneously. Then I heard a dull thud, and my fall was ended. At the same moment it seemed to me that a black object rushed by me, and I called two or three times as loudly as I could: 'I am in nowise injured.' I took some drops of the liquor, I reached out for my snow glasses, which lay unbroken beside me on the snow; I felt of my back and my limbs to see that no bones were broken. Then I saw my companions coming slowly, cutting their way step by step down the snow field, near the rock over which I had fallen.

"I could not understand how it had happened that they had already come so far down the incline. They told me that for half an hour I had been silent and had not answered their call. From this fact I knew that when I struck I lost consciousness. Every sensation, every activity of mind and nerve, was annihilated for half an hour.

"The black object which passed me was the passing of unconsciousness, which had evidently taken place a fraction of a second later for the eye than it had from the brain. And, without realizing this half hour interruption, thought and activity had been resumed exactly where they had stopped. Between the stopping and resuming was an absolute subjective vacuum. The beautiful heavenly visions were noticeable only during the time that I was flying through the air, and could see and think."

From this experience Professor Heim has reached the conclusion that death by falling is the most beautiful of deaths. Without any previous illness or suffering, it occurs when one is fully conscious, when mental activity is abnormally increased, and without any anxiety or pain. The unconscious state is entered suddenly and without suffering, and to him who is in this state a second and a thousand years are equally long and equally short. They are as naught. Death brings the unconscious ones no further change—the absolute peace and painless oblivion remain unaltered. Death by falling is terrible only when dissolution does not follow quickly after the fall.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.
How To Find Out.
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.
What to Do.
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.
You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.
Home of Swamp-Root.

NORTHWEST RICH IN IRON.

British Columbia possesses enormous potential resources in her iron deposits, but these resources must wait for commercial development upon the development of those industries which stimulate a demand for iron. Sooner or later the political reasons which led to the construction of United States battleships on the Pacific coast, for which, as we have seen, British Columbia iron was partially utilized, will give place to commercial reasons connected with the development of trade on the Pacific necessitating the building of a large mercantile marine, says the Engineering Magazine. Sooner or later manufacturing industries, with the constant demand for iron, which is their base, will be brought into being to supply the ever-increasing market of the Orient. When these things happen British Columbia, with its abundant coal and lumber in direct connection with its iron, must become the seat of a great iron industry.

Change In Time—Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company.
Commencing Thursday, Dec. 20, 1900, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern passenger train for all Mesabe range points, will leave Duluth Union depot at 7:40 a. m., instead of 7:45 a. m., and returning arrive in Duluth at 3:40 p. m.
J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time). Dec. 26.—Warmer weather prevails in the Red River valley, Manitoba, Western Ontario and British Columbia, and colder in North Dakota, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan. Conditions are somewhat unsettled. The barometer is high over Gulf states, and low over New England and the greater portion of the Northwest. Light falls of snow occurred over the Ohio valley, lake region and portions of the Northwest, and light rain or snow over Western Montana, Washington and Oregon.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	28	Memphis	42
Battleford	12	Miles City	26
Bismarck	10	Milwaukee	18
Boston	34	Minedosa	20
Buffalo	24	Montgomery	38
Calgary	24	Moorhead	10
Charleston	40	New Orleans	48
Chicago	16	North Platte	22
Davenport	10	New York	32
Denver	8	Oklahoma	28
Detroit	18	Omaha	21
Dodge City	18	Pittsburg	22
Duluth	8	Port Arthur	—4
Edmonton	14	Portland	42
El Paso	21	Qu'Appelle	18
Escanaba	12	Rapid City	28
Galveston	58	San Francisco	40
Green Bay	8	Santa Fe	24
Havre	28	Shreveport	44
Helena	30	Spokane	34
Huron	10	St. Louis	26
Jacksonville	4	St. Paul	6
Kamloops	32	Sault Ste. Marie	6
Kansas City	3	Swift Current	14
Knoxville	30	Washington	30
LaCrosse	2	Williston	12
Lander	12	Winnemucca	28
Los Angeles	44	Winnipeg	8
Marquette	22	Prince Albert	6
Medicine Hat	24		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, with probably snow flurries; slightly warm tonight; Fresh southerly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, with possibly snow flurries in northeast portion. Fresh southerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday. Warmer west and north portions.

The Laxity of Divorce Laws.

A Missouri lawyer recently read a paper before the Equal Suffrage association of that state, in which he devoted considerable space to a discussion of the divorce question. While declaiming against what he called lax divorce laws, he declared that marriages took place only in the heart and mind, that the ceremony is only ceremony, and when the marriage is no longer one of happiness it no longer accomplishes its purpose. The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion that this Missouri attorney is treading on dangerous ground, for these reasons: Happiness is a relative state of mind. Some people are happy only when they possess everything that contributes to happiness. People often look back upon a former period in their lives as happy, admitting that at the time they did not know how happy they were. When the illusions of youth are fading, a sense of disappointment with life takes for a time possession of the mind. There is no real grievance to complain of but the general feeling that life is not what it promised to be. The young wife or young husband in that frame of mind is apt to imagine that they are married but not mated. Marrige in that case has temporarily failed to accomplish its purpose. Does it follow that a couple should separate because in their minds marriage is a failure? Leaving out of consideration the theory that marriages are made in heaven, we may still claim that they have a binding force on the conscience. Each party to a marriage has surrendered in part its right to consider solely his or her own happiness. The ceremony which is spoken of as only a ceremony has changed the current of the life of the other party. The dissatisfied party should therefore consider the effect of separation on the other. There are cases in which the acts of one party to a marriage release the other party from obligations growing out of the marriage. But when one marriage out of every five results in divorce one can hardly avoid the conclusion that caprice or a desire to better their financial affairs is the reason why divorce takes place in the heart and mind.

Some Fads In Regard to Health.

The "Raw Food association" of Chicago has attracted attention in Paris. The association's theory is that the vital principle of food is eliminated by cooking. One French scientist refers to the cult as a humbug, using the plain English word, and denies that any of the nutritious value of meat or vegetables is lost in the heat of an ordinary culinary oven. Cooking, he reasons, is for the purpose of making food more palatable, as the human stomach does not reject it, and is useful to that extent. The one advantage of eating raw food is the preservation of the teeth, dental health being promoted by the mastigation of hard substances, and that is overlooked by the Chicago society. Another scientific authority, discussing the health of teeth, ascribes decay principally to the eating of animal substances. These contain proteids, and the particles clinging to or between the teeth are excellent culture mediums for the germs that cause mental decay. Yet another authority avers it is bad for stomach and teeth to partake of food that is too hot or too cold. Thus the doctors differ. There are all sorts of fads, with the basis of good common sense somewhere between them. The best plan is for everyone to eat in moderation what he thinks agrees with him. The world has been eating cooked food and all kinds of food for many centuries, and some of those who paid the least attention to what they ate, have lived to be centenarians.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR.

Ferdinand W. Peck, who was the United States commissioner at the Paris exposition, has returned from Europe, and a Washington dispatch reported that on Monday he called on the president and the secretary of state and told them what a great exhibit the United States made at the exposition. There is nothing in the report of his visit to Washington which indicates that he was reprimanded for, or even called upon to explain, the extravagant manner in which he disbursed the funds placed at his disposal. Indeed, it is hardly probable that the president referred even incidentally to the scandalous misuse of the funds of the American people, because in his annual message, at the opening of the present session of congress, he referred, in a complimentary way, to the part the United States played at Paris, and did not mention the gross extravagance or worse shown by the report presented by Commissioner Peck. President McKinley is not the man to criticise anything under his administration.

Commissioner Peck's report possesses many curious features. A great many medals were obtained by American exhibitors, but it is scarcely concealed that these were a matter of barter and bribery. A gold medal, containing $10 worth of gold, and costing probably $2.50 to manufacture, could not be obtained for less than 600 francs, or over $120. The medal business must have been a thriving one, and for the price almost anybody could obtain a medal. Or, if not otherwise, they could by bribing the jurors and experts. Commissioner Peck's report is that he paid in salaries to jurors, $53,478, and to experts $147,604. With this expenditure it is not strange a good many medals were obtained. He says nothing, of course, of how much those who received medals paid besides, nor to whom paid.

There are other fairly astonishing items in Mr. Peck's report. For example, he claims to have paid for salaries of clerks, $63,145; salaries of officers, $18,500; commissioners' salaries and "additional commissioners' salaries," $67,696; total salaries, $143,391. Add to this the total of $201,802 paid to jurors and experts, and we find that Mr. Peck generously disbursed $350,423 in these ways. No wonder the exhibit itself was the laughing-stock of the world. But Peck and his friends no doubt feathered their nests finely, and that was the main thing—with them—and the president blandly says it was all "very good."

But salaries were not all that this Peck coterie of grafters called on Uncle Sam to pay. There was a little bill of $6518 for carriage and omnibus hire, and $1839 for newspaper clippings, presumably containing puffs of Peck. For rent of typewriters Mr. Peck pretends that he paid $1310, which would have paid the rent of at least fifty typewriters during the time he was in Paris. These he probably used in writing the puffs which he paid the papers for. But the most astounding item of all is the charge of $52,539 for traveling expenses of officers, when it is morally certain that they traveled deadhead.

There are many other extravagant items—$11,990 for signs, $12,017 for flags—for Peck is nothing if not patriotic—$39,000 for facades, $3690 for mounting photographs, and, finally, to balance up the business nicely, over $100,000 more is charged up to "contingent expenses and equipments of furniture, etc." There are no details in this, and little anywhere in the report, but Mr. Peck does become confidential in one item, perhaps because it was such a great bargain, and itemizes "one bronze lion, $19." This bronze lion is apparently the only honest feature of the whole extravagant, swindling business.

The medals obtained at the exposition are worthless as rewards of merit, being tainted with fraud; the exhibition was a failure, and the government was buncoed out of nearly the whole appropriation made by congress. But Commissioner Peck is received with smiles at Washington and is patted on the back by President McKinley. It is a disgraceful affair.

SETTLING LABOR DISPUTES.

At the recent arbitration conference held at Chicago, Hugh H. Lusk, of New Zealand, treated the subject of compulsory arbitration in an interesting fashion. In reply to an assertion by Mr. Gompers, "that it is the laboringman's right, under any or all circumstances, or merely because he pleased, to strike," the New Zealand gentleman declared that Gompers had mistaken license for liberty. "In New Zealand," he added, "we want no such liberty. We do not want to cause suffering among thousands of our fellowmen merely because we please to strike."

Some people will applaud Mr. Lusk's retort, while others will as enthusiastically contend that Mr. Gompers is right and that to deprive the laboringman of the privilege of striking would take away one of his strongest weapons of defense against unjust treatment. But why should a strike be necessary or compulsory aribitration be made the law? Why not have a system of settling labor disputes before they reach the danger point? There is now in operation in this country a system of conciliation which is the peer of any in the world. It is not, however, understood as compulsory arbitration, which is "after the fact," implying that a cause of difference has arisen, but a plan of conciliation aiming at doing "before the fact" that which arbitration accomplishes after. It was introduced in the manufacturing state of Massachusetts in the year 1886, and has proved an unqualified success. In 1893 it settled controversies involving $1,652,246 in the wages of men and women, and $8,637,625 in the product of their labor. In 1892 the operation of the board cost the state $10,430, and it settled disputes involving a product valued at $8,986,210, and wages aggregating $2,034,204. In 1891 it cost the state $8108, and adjusted disputes involving $12,044,525 in products and $4,056,195 in wages. So splendid a showing as this, then, makes patent the fact that as a financial investment the Massachusetts plan has paid well, and is quite the equal of the New Zealand article.

Better still, as time passes, labor and capital come to learn under this system that their interests are mutual, and that the moment either seeks undue advantage the board is there to dispense even-handed justice. The operation of the system is very simple. The governor appoints three competent persons to serve as a state board of arbitration and conciliation. The law provides that one shall be an employer, another selected from some labor organization, with a third appointed by the other two. When questions involving controversy between the wage-earner and the wage-payer who employs not less than twenty-five men are precipitated, the board, upon application, visits the locality affected, investigates cautiously, hears all persons interested, suggests a solution of the dispute, and finally submits a written decision which the parties involved are pledged to accept. It is hardly necessary to state that since the inauguration of this system neither the militia nor the police has been called upon to interfere in labor troubles in Massachusetts.

Why not have a similar law in every state? At the last session of the Minnesota legislature there were bills introduced to prohibit boycotting and blacklisting, but such measures do not strike at the root of the evils they would remedy. If all labor disputes were referred to a board of conciliation there would be neither blacklisting or boycotting.

The answer to the torpedo boat was the torpedo boat destroyer, and the submarine boat, which since the recent French experiments has been getting on the nerves of English naval experts more than they are willing to confess, is to be met by the "submarine boat destroyer," a submarine craft of large size and maximum speed, which it is hoped will protect a blockading fleet from the stealthy attacks of the new craft. The British admiralty has been slow and reluctant to take up the invention, but so much depends on holding the supremacy of the seas that no risks can be ignored.

The ship subsidy schemers waited too long. Every American shipyard is busy day and night and new ones are starting. The Philadelphia Press prints a table showing that ships valued at $25,725,000 with 211,500 registered tonnage are in process of construction in Philadelphia. An army of 12,000 men is employed earning $175,000 a week. The argument of dear American ships has gone glimmering.

"Oleomargarine masked as butter is not a bit worse than a conglomeration of racid grease, coloring matter and pretty stamp that masquerades as butter under protection of the law," says the Omaha World-Herald. Quite true, and both products should be equally the subject of legislation requiring them to expose plainly their true nature or be driven out of existence, says the Portland Telegram.

Minister Wu asked a prominent man who was trying to impress the beauties of Christian doctrine upon the Chinese diplomat why his instructor, who was a very rich man, did not, if he was a Christian, sell all he had and give the proceeds to the poor. But Wu, being a "heathen," may not understand that in religion, as in many other things, theory is one thing and practice another.

The soldier claimant to the fourteen diamond rings which are to figure in a historical case asserts that he purchased eleven of them and obtained the other three by lending money on them to other soldiers who never redeemed their property. The buying of valuable diamond rings seems to have been quite an industry among the soldiers in Luzon.

The people living in Rat Portage, the Canadian town a few hundred miles north of Duluth, are agitating for a change in the name of the town—one more indicative of the material wealth of the Lake of the Woods district or its beauty of situation. It is a good move. Rat Portage is not a pretty name and it is a heavy load for any enterprising town.

Colorado greatly leads all American states in gold production, the amount for 1900, according to the director of the mint, being almost $26,000,000, while California's product fell to $15,000,000; South Dakota is third, with about $6,500,000. The Klondike is credited with about $16,000,000, and Alaska, including Cape Nome, with $5,500,000.

Prof. Frederick Starr, of the university of Chicago, with a photographer, plasterworker and guide, has gone on another visit of investigation among the unknown tribes of Mexico. He will be absent half a year, and expects to complete with this journey his studies of the South Mexican Indian.

Here is a sad blow for the bald headed. A high-priced physician says: "It is extremely doubtful if mental work—though it is often said to cause permature baldness—has any effect in the matter, except by its influence on the general heaith." Nor is baldness the result of early piety.

Secretary Hitchcock, of the interior department, denies that he intends to resign from the cabinet. This spoils the latest story about William R. Merriam becoming a member of the president's official family.

The advice of the Medical Record, that dyspeptics should spend at least three weeks in bed in some institution away from home, is peculiarly tantalizing to dyspeptic editors and bookkeepers.

The Kentucky soldier who talks about a fierce battle he had, single-handed, with 100 Filipinos, must have recently received a generous present of some of Kentucky's choicest fluid.

The West Point testimony, says the Detroit News, raises the question of how a man can be a cad in school and an officer and a gentleman as soon as he graduates.

The death of ex-Governor Wolcott, of Massachusetts, creates a vacancy in the electoral college. But President McKinley can spare one vote.

The end-of-the-century controversy is being revived in some quarters. Otherwise, it would be a happy New Year.

Now get your list of good resolutions ready.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: A "bachelor girl" is an old maid that won't admit it.

Money makes every mare go but the one that you have got your money on.

The only successful way to give advice to a woman is to knock her senseless and then hypnotize her.

A woman will beg her husband all the year to go to church with her, but if he offered to do it for a Christmas present she would apply for a divorce.

The first six months after he gets married a man's heart is so soft it hurts every time his wife sighs. After he's been married a year she couldn't drive a hat pin in it with a shoe brush.

MERRY LINES.

Indianapolis Press: "Without wishing to seem too culinary," said the Cheerful Idiot, "I wish to say that the man who fritters away his time is not enjoying the pudding he thinks he is."

Detroit Free Press: Bill the Bite—Ever go through a railroad collision?

Jake the Jonah—Naw. Best ever I done was to go through the passengers after the collision.

Chicago Tribune: Miss Pertie Goodwin—So you've asked Papa? It wasn't such a terrible ordeal, was it? You needn't to get excited, you know. All you had to do was to keep perfectly cool.

The Young Man—Cool? I was so cool you could have heard my teeth chatter!

Pittsburg Chronicle: "My wife told me this morning that she must have a new bonnet," said Mr. Northside, gloomily.

"You are well off," replied Mr. Shadyside. "My wife told me last night that she had ordered two."

Indianapolis Press: "Eggs have gone up," said the comedian.

"In such case," said the eminent repertory artist," Barnes Tormer, "methinks we can well reduce the price of admission and attract the hoi polloi. What say you?"

Philadelphia Press: "Oh, I don't know!" remarked the optimist. "After all, you'll find in every one at least some of the milk of human kindness."

"Huh!" grunted the cynic. "What you do find is usually the condensed variety."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "If any people call, Norah, be sure to tell them I am out. What are you waiting for? It doesn't disturb your conscience, does it?"

"Oh, no, ma'am. I'm hardened to it. I've worked for society liars before, ma'am."

Chicago Post: They were looking at the man who was occupying two seats while women were forced to stand.

"I should judge," said one, "that he would bring about $11.6."

"On what do you base your estimate?" asked the other.

"The present price of pork and sausage."

Washington Star: "Isn't that a dream of a bonnet?" she inquired pointedly of the man at her side.

"I said," she repeated after a silence, "isn't that a dream of a bonnet?"

Again there was silence. And she inquired in a tone of reproach:

"Well why don't you say something?"

"My dear, you seemed to enjoy it so, I was afraid of waking you up."

THE CHRISTMAS NIGHTMARE.

On the night before Christmas there's something amiss
With your placid, habitual slumber;
You suddenly find that your overworked mind
Is harassed by cares without number.

You are stirred by the thought that the gifts you have bought
Are less than your friends have expected
And your heart is beset by nervous regret
That the things were not better selected.

You cannot lie quiet, your brain's in a riot,
And fears for the dinner oppress you;
The goose may be tough or the cook in a huff
Or the children's behavior distress you.

You can't get your breath, you're worried to death
Lest the weather may turn out unpleasant:
Your eyes ache and burn as you toss and you turn
And think over everyone's present.

The Dresden affair, expensive and rare,
Is really quite wasted on Dora;
And you're tempted to wish you had given the dish
To Alice, or Ethel, or Flora.

Dick never will look in that beautiful book,
So you think you'll transfer it to Maisie;
Then you'll have to give Dick that ebeny stick—
But by this time you're just about crazy.

As you tumble and roll, a fear thrills your soul
Lest someone left out should feel slighted,
Though you doubt if you're able to seat around the table
The guests you've already invited.

The cream may fall short—there's only a quart—
And someone may keep dinner waiting;
Then the soup will get cold and Edward will scold,
And give the late guest a berating.

You flounder and sigh—you're ready to cry;
Coy sleep won't allow you to win her;
Oh, the night before Christmas holds nothing of bliss,
If you asked your relations to dinner.
—Carolyn Wells, in the Criterion.

They Remove the Mask.

Minneapolis Times: The country is informed in the headlines of the respected Tribune that "Imperial Splendor Will Mark Inauguration Day." The esteemed St. Paul Dispatch is not quite as frank, saying: "With Regal Pomp the President of the Republic Is to Be Inaugurated." Thus inadvertently, perhaps, but possibly by direction of his superiors, has the patient telegraph editor of one of our Republican contemporaries betrayed the lust for empire with which the party is inflamed, while another has tremblingly stopped short at a kingdom, though evidently tempted to go further. Would either of those faithful organs have ventured to print the words "imperial" and "regal" with the most distant reference to President McKinley or Mark Hanna, during the campaign? Not by a long shot. Flushed with victory at the polls and rendered over bold by a four years' further lease of power, they betray the purpose of their masters in large, black type, with pure reading below and on both sides. None but Roger Vail can do the subject justice and we will buy ten pounds of ice and read this week's Irish American with deepest interest.

Now is the time when croup and lung troubles prove rapidly fatal. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results is One Minute Cough Cure. It is very pleasant to take and can be relied upon to quickly cure coughs, colds and all lung diseases. It will prevent consumption.—Max Wirth.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
B. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
TONIGHT!
Wm. A. Prady's magnificent production of the marvelous melodrama of mysticism
—THE—
SORROWS OF SATAN
Under the personal direction of Wm A. Brady.
Adapted and dramatized from the famous novel of Marie Correlli.
Prices—Dress circle $1.00, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balony 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager, 19 Second Ave. West.
TONIGHT!
Oole's Big Variety Company
—All Star Acts—
TONIGHT. TONIGHT.

Table and Kitchen

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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AFTERMATH.

"So comes a reck'ning when the banquet's o'er."

The spirit of generosity and too frequently of extravagance as well, seems to prevail in every heart during the holiday season, and it leads many a careful and provident housewife into prodigalities, that at other times would meet her grave disapproval. In many homes, temperance in eating is regarded with the strictest conformity all through the year with this one notable exception. Christmas viands must be, by custom's approbation, as rich as the purse can afford; and while good judgment may govern the quantity of materials purchased for the feast, we often lose sight of the fact that a good thing may go a long way and a surfeit of unaccustomed riches is sure to bring retribution in the clogged appetite that has a fine distaste for that which it has feasted upon.

HELPFUL RESOURCES.

The consequence of overindulgence falls not alone upon the sinister whose "repentence is the weight of undigested meals ate yesterday." But the housemother finds the difficulties of her calling as purveyor increased a hundredfold, and she must exercise her ingenuity with redoubled vigor in order to tone up the flagging appetites and at the same time use up the familiar fragments of the Christmas feast—the various odds and ends which bring dismay to many a housewife as she surveys the wreckage, may be turned to good account if, while the appetite of the family is in this state of protest, she manipulate them in such manner as will not suggest too plainly their late indulgence in

"Too much turkey, too much pie,
Too much plum puddin'; that's why."

as the small man said when asked why he did not join the Christmas games. The week between Christmas and New Year should be one of palatial fasting, even if nature did not so plainly demand it.

RICHAUFFE OF TURKEY.

Heat in a double boiler one cupful of turkey gravy or stock. When hot, lay in the meat cut into small pieces. While it is heating rub together to a smooth paste two tablespoonfuls of butter, the yolks of two hard boiled eggs, one-half a teaspoonful of salt and a pinch of sayenne. Add enough of the hot gravy or stock to dilute this paste to thickness of cream, then add to the meat and rest of stock; stir and cook for five minutes. Add two tablespoonfuls of sherry just before taking from the fire, if you see wine.

CHICKEN OR TURKEY CHARTREUSE.

Chop fine any bits of fowl or turkey that cannot be used otherwise. If you have two cupfuls of the meat, boil a cup of rice, plain. Line a buttered mould with this, making a wall about half an inch thick, reserving enough to cover top when filled. Add to the meat one tablespoonful finely chopped parsley, one tablespoonful onion juice, salt and pepper to taste, two eggs slightly beaten and enough thick white sauce or cold stewed tomatoes to moisten. Put this mixture in center of the mould and cover it with remainder of the rice. Cover the mould tightly and steam for three-quarters of an hour. Serve with tomato or yellow sauce poured around base of mould.

CURRY OF VEGETABLES.

Any cold vegetables, such as sweet potatoes, peas, bans, turnips, carrots, cauliflower, onions and celery may be used together. Slice the larger vegetables with an apple and put all into a saucepan with a little butter or oil; sprinkle a little curry powder over them and fry a delicate brown. Then add enough milk or broth to just cover and simmer very gently until vegetables have been absorbed the flavor of the curry and nearly all the liquid. A little curry may be stirred into the milk if you like it hot. Serve with plain boiled rice in separate dish.

VEGETABLE CUTLETS.

These can be made from cold, cooked vegetables, chopped rather fine, seasoned well with salt, pepper parsley and onion juice, and mixed with mashed potatoes instead of a white sauce.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal and Cream.
Liver and Bacon,
Corn Muffins. Coffee.
LUNCH.
Sliced Cold Roast Beef,
Cottage Cheese.
Fig Sandwiches. Tea.
DINNER.
Carrot Soup.
Porterhouse Steak. Mushroom Sauce,
Potato Souffle. String Beans,
Lettuce Salad,
Cheese, Crackers,
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Grape Fruit.
Cereal with Cream.
Boiled Eggs. Buttered Toast. Coffee,
LUNCH.
Salmon Loaf,
Potato Chips. Olives,
Cocoa. Angel Cake.
DINNER.
Broiled Halibut Steak.
Maitre d'Hotel Sauce
Potato Balls, Parsnip Fritters,
Spiced Pickled Beets,
Cream Cake,
Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Baked Apples with Cream.
Omelet, Creamed Sweet Potatoes,
Waffles, Maple Syrup,
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Cheese Fondue.
Boston Brown Bread, Potato Salad,
Sliced Oranges and Bananas,
Tea.
DINNER.
Tomato Bisque.
Meat Pie,
Potato Croquettes,
Peppers Stuffed with Rice,
String Bean Salad,
Charlotte Russe,
Coffee.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Oranges,
Poached Eggs on Toast, Bacon,
Rolls, Coffee.
DINNER.
Consomme Royal.
Roast Chicken. Giblet Sauce,
Boiled Rice, Creamed Celery,
Chicory Salad with French Dressing,
Lemon Jelly with Custard,
Coffee.
SUPPER.
Creamed Oysters,
Lettuce Sandwiches. Salted Almonds.
Chocolate with Whipped Cream.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

Mrs. J. P. Andrews writes: Will you kindly give recipe for orange salad?

ORANGE SALAD.

Have three large sour oranges thoroughly chilled; peel and cut them into thin slices or small cubes. Mix a tablespoonful each of tarragon vinegar, chevril and bruised tarragon leaves, olive oil and brandy. Pour this over the oranges and let stand on ice for half an hour. Serve on a bed of pepper grass. This salad is served with game. You can use plain French dressing if you prefer.

For a sweet orange salad use sweet oranges and slice them thin; sprinkle each layer alternately with finely chopped nuts and shredded cocoanut; sprinkle with powdered sugar. Do not let this salad stand or the oranges will become bitter.

PATTY SHELLS OR CASES.

A Subscriber writes: Would you kindly publish a recipe for making patties for serving peas and oysters in?

Oysters are served in puff paste shells, bouchee cases and croustades. Peas in bouchee cases or croustades. You can buy the puff paste shells if you do not want the trouble and expense of making them. The croustades are newer and are dainty, inexpensive and no trouble to prepare.

CROUSTADES.

Cut bread into slices two inches thick, remove crust and trim into square, diamond or round shapes. Cut out crumb carefully from the center, leaving a wall about one-quarter inch thick. Brush inside and out with melted butter and toast a pretty delicate brown in the oven. Cut and trim these slices and brown in same way for the lids. Keep them hot until ready to serve. The lids may be tied on with bebe ribbon if you desire to carry out color scheme in decoration.

CURFEW BELL FOR WOMEN.

Chicago Chronicle: An obviously befogged New York judge has just held that a woman ought to be home not later than midnight. It is perfectly clear that the need of the hour is for a legal decision requiring men to return to the domestic hearth before daylight. The women are doing well enough as it is.

Chicago Tribune: Under this decision the only relief for women who will be out in unreasonable hours is to provide themselves with nightkeys and go in quietly after the manner of men. The nightkey is one of the masculine emblems of liberty. No man is without one. Some men may not be able to use them at unreasonable hours without considerable difficulty, but every man clings to his nightkey tenaciously. Women have not yet realized the value of that little instrument.

Baltimore American: A judge of the New York supreme court has ruled that a lone woman has a perfect right to stay out till midnight and that if her landlord will not allow her a latchkey he must let her in when she rings. In the near future it is more than likely that the highest court of the land will decree that a latchkey is also a feminine privilege in view of a woman's inalienable right to the pursuit of happiness guaranteed by the constitution, and then the victory of the sex will be complete.

Indianapolis News: The New York supreme court appears to have precipitated the nightkey controversy upon the country in a way which makes a final settlement of the question imperative. In a case where a woman sought to establish her right to enter her rented apartments after midnight the judge has sided with the landlord, holding that as the lease permitted entrance only "at reasonable hours" the tenant need not be admitted after 12 o'clock at night. Inasmuch as no one has questioned a man's right to be out late at night if he pleases, the precedent thus set is bound to be regarded as evincing a spirit of unwarranted discrimination.

SUES HIS SON FOR DAMAGES.

Was Confined In a Retreat For Six Years.

Niles, Mich., Dec. 26.—Michael Kennedy, of Cass county, has commenced suit against his son, Richard Kennedy, for $10,000, alleging that the younger Kennedy was instrumental in placing the plaintiff in St. Joseph's Retreat, Detroit, where he claims to have been an inmate for six years against his will and for no just cause. The plaintiff will exhibit in evidence a broken and crippled hand, a broken leg, and also a voice much impaired by choking. These injuries, he alleges, have been done him at the hands of his son in taking him to the retreat and detaining him there. The father claims the son did this to obtain his property.

THINKS SHE IS A PRINCESS.

A Demented Woman Is Locked Up In London.

London, Dec. 26.—An American woman was found wandering about Osborne. She imagined she was Princess Beatrice and attempted to secure an audience with the queen. The attendants, who took the woman in charge, found a letter in her pocket with a name and address supposed to be hers. It was that of Elizabeth Alma Blake, 339 West Fortieth street, Borough of Manhattan. The woman, who was well-dressed, says she left New York in October. She was committed to St. George's workhouse.

New York, Dec. 26.—Miss Blake appeared in the city not long after the Galveston flood and went to lodge at the address she gives, with Mrs. Elizabeth Cassidy. She told Mrs. Cassidy that she was born in England. She said she was in the Galveston flood, and barely escaped.

Mrs. Cassidy says that Miss Blake frequently talked about her relatives, and among them included Queen Victoria. She was apparently childish, and Mrs. Cassidy was frequently worried about her.

Mrs. Cassidy says Miss Blake did not pay for her room. She left behind her a trunk and a few old clothes.

HE DREW A MANSION.

Young Man Gets a Valuable House In a Lottery.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 26.—B. M. Bills, of Vinton, Iowa, drew the Pierce mansion in a lottery here. The lucky number was 35,365. The house cost $57,000, and the lot on which it stands is valued at $5000. The lucky man will receive the deed clear of every incumbrance. Telegrams were sent to Mr. Bills at Vinton asking whether he had held the tickets he bought, twenty-four in number. It could not be learned whether he still owns the lucky number or not. Mr. Bills is a young man, junior member of the jewelry firm of J. A. Bills & Son. The drawing took place in the Union Terminal station in the presence of an eager crowd.

Your Stomach is not your slave. It's your friend.
Don't abuse your friend. Help your friend.

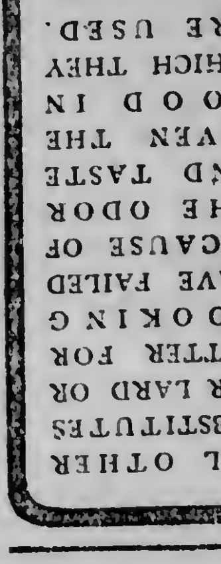
Granola

is already partly digested (all the wheat starch having been turned towards sugar). When taken into the stomach it is instantly assimilated. The process is not unlike snowflakes settling on a warm sponge. Granola has the rich nutty flavor of the wheat, and is perfectly delicious. IT BUILDS BRAWN. Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Ask your grocer for it. Beware of imitations. Drink Caramel Cereal and sleep well—it leaves the nerves strong.
Send 3c for Granola sample to
Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL

ALL OTHER SUBSTITUTES FOR LARD OR BUTTER FOR COOKING HAVE FAILED BECAUSE OF THE ODOR AND TASTE GIVEN THE FOOD IN WHICH THEY ARE USED.

Can be used over again and over again until the last drop has done its appetizing work. It remains sweet, pure and clean to the last and does not exchange the flavor of the various foods cooked in it.



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LICORICE TABLETS
made with pure SPANISH LICORICE.
Unsurpassed for cure of COUGHS & COLDS.
5 AND 10¢ PACKAGES.
OUR GLYCERINE TABLETS
For all Throat Affections.
—10 and 25¢ BOXES.—
Sold by Druggists everywhere or sent prepaid on receipt of price.
Huyler's 863 Broadway. NEW YORK.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try
Jell-O,
a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

van Houten's Cocoa
Easy to Make—Easy to Digest and of Exquisite Flavor.
Strengthening, Refreshing and most Economical in use.
Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

W. A. SCOTT, Pres. Duluth, Minn.
R. L. McCORMICK, Vice Pres. Hayward, Wis.
A. D. GOODMAN, Sec. & Treas. Duluth, Minn.
DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. 196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.
The Reason It's So Popular...
1st—It's made with the most improved flour-making machinery known at the present time.
2nd—It's made by a miller of over 25 years' experience and who is part owner of the mill.
3rd—It's guaranteed; you can get your money back—if not satisfactory.
All Grocers sell it. The only Flour made in Duluth at present.
Duluth Universal Mill Co.
Offices Board of Trade. Both 'Phones.
NOT IN THE TRUST

A REMINDER!

Continuation of Our Great $50,000 Stock Reduction Sale at

117-119 W. SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

The New Store

117-119 W. SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

We will continue to reduce stock by selling all our **overstock at reduced prices.** Prices will be made **so low** as to insure the **quick sale** of all overstock. **Every Department is included** in this reduction sale. It will be a veritable **"feast of bargains."** Don't miss it.

At "The New Store"

THE PARK RESERVE

The Economic League Will Hear Both Sides of the Question.

SOME GOOD TALKERS

Advocates and Opponents of Plan Have Been Invited to Speak.

The meeting of the Economic League this evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms promises to be one of exceptional interest, for the subject to be discussed is the proposed park reserve. The executive committee, in selecting this for one of the subjects, departed from the line in the university extension publication which is being used, but felt that it was an economic question that would appeal very strongly to Duluth people. The prominence which the agitation for the park has assumed in the past few weeks, and the fact that both sides of the case will be presented by persons amply capable of so doing, will make the meeting a spicy one, in all probability.

Mrs. Bramhall, who came here a short time ago from Minneapolis to talk with Duluth men in reference to the plan, has been invited to be present. She felt some little delicacy about coming, for she has already been brought into a little more prominence in connection with her visit here than she had desired, but it is possible that she will come, for the nature of the invitation was such as to relieve any feelings she may have had in that regard. She is a very bright woman and will make a strong presentation of her views.

Bishop Morrison has taken as active an interest in this park matter as any man in Duluth and has investigated the question carefully, but the league will not have the pleasure of hearing from him in person. In response to the invitation to appear, however, he sent a letter setting forth his views in an emphatic manner, and this letter will be read.

Professor W. F. Phelps is one of the park advocates who resides in Duluth, and he has been invited to attend and present his views of the benefits to be derived in creating the proposed park. G. G. Hartley can probably talk from the practical side of the question as intelligently as anyone, and he may be there. Bishop McGolrick is another Duluthian who has made considerable investigation of such matters as this, and he also has been invited to attend.

"This is too much, John. I won't stand it any longer. Tomorrow I leave for my mother's, unless you get me more Rocky Mountain Tea." Sensible woman. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Christmas Sport For Curlers.

In the way of Christmas sport there were three games of curling for the Graves-Manley agency trophy that were the most hotly contested of the season. The rinks and scores were as follows:

W. C. Sherwood,	Walter Brewer,
E. N. Bradley,	Frank McLaren,
J. E. Catlin,	S. A. McPhail,
Ron Smith,	A. W. Frick,
Skip—11.	Skip—10.
D. R. Black,	Paul Sharvy,
D. G. Cutler,	W. Shupp,
A. H. Smith,	C. R. Ash,
Harry Hurdon,	C. A. Duncan,
Skip—11.	Skip—10.
J. T. Hickman,	S. L. Reichert,
L. M. Larson,	T. Gibson,
F. A. Currier,	G. F. McKenzie,
Donald Morrison,	R. J. McLeod,
Skip—13.	Skip—12.

"Keep to Your Place and Your Place will Keep You."

Without good health we cannot keep situations nor enjoy life. Most troubles originate in impure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure, and thus promotes good health, which will help you "keep your place."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

TWO HOT GAMES

Y. M. C. A. Basket Ball Team Will Play Minneapolis and Red Wing.

The Y. M. C. A. basketball team has two exceptionally hard games to play in the next week. Next Monday evening Minneapolis Y. M. C. A. will be the opponents at Minneapolis and the following afternoon the team will play at Red Wing. So far this season the Y. M. C. A. colors have not been lowered and the members of the team and the Y. M. C. A. people generally are very anxious that the New Year's trip away from home will result favorably.

The Y. M. C. A. team this year is the fastest that ever represented the institution and if the two games next week are won it will give Duluth a good claim to the championship of the state.

Yesterday afternoon there was a practice game between the first team and a picked quintet, the line-up and score being as follows:

Y. M. C. A.—23.		Scrubs—9.
Briggs	forward	Holden
Smith	forward	Morris
Deighton	center	Prescott
Chisholm	guard	Olson
Berlni	guard	Kemp

WANTED—A Name for our New Steel Steamer

Suggestions will be received until Dec. 31, 1900. Three first-class round trip tickets to Isle Royale, good any time during the season of 1901 will be given for three names selected by us and if one of the three names suggested is adopted, said party will receive an annual pass for the entire season of 1901. Address all communications to A. BOOTH & CO. Duluth, Minn.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ZAZA."

David Belasco's version of "Zaza" was given two performances at the Lyceum yesterday, both times before large audiences. The play was given very creditable performance, quite worthy of the name of Frohman, which appears in large letters on the playbill. The company is well-balanced and excellent throughout, and Blanche Hall was particularly good in the title role. Her work and her dainty, graceful personage were both very acceptable to yesterday's audiences, and she was well supported by a company none of whom needs special mention. The general average was good, and there were no members of the cast that fell far enough in the rear to deserve censure. The play, which is somewhat questionable at the best, has been seen here before and need not be discussed.

"THE SORROWS OF SATAN."

This evening there will be presented at the Lyceum a dramatization of Marie Corelli's novel "The Sorrows of Satan." No book of recent years has been so filled with the theatrical element of surprise, none has had a stronger tendency to keep the reader out of bed until he has finished the final page. As a drama it is said to contain situations of an absorbing nature never before attempted, and it can readily be imagined that a plot dealing with the devil's appearance on earth and successfully playing the part of a leader in modern London's smartest social set, would arouse curiosity and hold attention; that a fascinating satan, who longs to be good and is worshipped by beautiful women, would prove a matinee hero of the most pronounced kind; and that the electrical effects, from which he cannot altogether rid himself even in his human guise, would delight the gallery.

OBERLIN COLLEGE GLEE CLUB.

The Oberlin College Glee club, numbering twenty members, gave a concert at Pilgrim Congregational church last evening and a large audience was present. The club is one of the finest college organizations of the kind that has ever visited here. The voices are more than ordinarily well trained, this being due to the interest taken in musical culture at the college and they rendered classical music as well as college songs. The more pretentious numbers included the "Soldiers' Chorus" from "Faust," Brahm's lullaby and "Ecoli" from "Carmen." The college songs were rendered with fine spirit and the concert throughout was entirely pleasing in every way.

The young men are traveling in a special car under the management of Professor John Fisher Peck of the college, who has directed them for several years. Yesterday the young men were visited at their car by a number of Duluth young people and though they were a long way from home their Christmas seemed to be a not unpleasant or lonely one.

Died of Consumption.

Richard McGuire, of West Superior, died of consumption in Pueblo, Col., on Monday. Mr. McGuire formerly lived in this city, where he was well known. For several years he was a deputy sheriff of Douglas county, Wisconsin, and last fall was the Democratic candidate for the office of sheriff. The decedent went West about two months ago in the hope of benefiting his health. He was an efficient officer and had a host of friends. The decedent leaves a wife and one daughter, also three brothers, two of whom reside in Superior.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

THEY LIKE IT.

Real Estate Men Pleased With Proposed Change In County Bookkeeping.

"The change that is proposed in the duties of auditors and treasurers," said a real estate man this morning, "as stated in The Herald yesterday, is an excellent thing, and it is along a line that will be appreciated by every man that has to do with real estate in any connection. The old way in which taxes were paid, a part in one place, a part in another and the balance some place else, was barbarous. Owners unfamiliar with our antiquated methods often paid their taxes in one place, little dreaming that there would be more than one place at which taxes were payable. The next thing they knew some shark bought up a tax title on their property at one of the places they had omitted.

"I know of many instances of property being lost this way, or the owner held up and forced to disgorge a goodly sum to clear his property again. There should be but one place to pay taxes, and a property owner should be in a position to feel satisfied that when he has been there and cleared up his taxes that is the end of it, and that there is no probability that someone will bob out of nowhere and fiendishly shake a tax title in his face.

"That is what the new arrangement will mean for the property owner. It also means to him that he will have less work as well as less risk in cleaning up his indebtedness to the public. Instead of trotting around to half a dozen different places, he can settle his affairs in one or two. If the measure upon which Auditor Halden is working goes through, and I presume it will, though a legislature is often like a jury, in that nobody can tell what it is going to do, aside from the rights of the matter, it will complete the reform that the city charter started when it provided for the payment of assessments at the auditor's office instead of at the city hall."

THEY DRINK THE TOAST.

Knights Templar of Duluth Carry Out the Christmas Custom.

Seventy members of the Duluth lodge observed the usual Christmas ceremony of the Knights Templar at the Masonic Temple last evening. Promptly at 11 o'clock L. E. Ayers proposed the following toast to the eminent commander of the order in the United States:

"A merry Christmas, and may the coming century fulfill the golden promise of 'Peace on earth and goodwill toward men.'"

Mayor Hugo, representing the eminent commander, responded to the toast, wishing the members a happy and prosperous New Year. He also presented A. LeRicheux with a beautiful recorder's jewel. Mr. LeRicheux has been recorder of the Duluth lodge for a great many years.

A toast to the grand master of Minnesota was drunk and was responded to by William E. Richardson. William A. McGonagle responded to the toast to the state's junior grand warden.

Dr. Robert Forbes delivered an eloquent address on "The Day We Celebrate."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce,	Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny,	Wm. A. Abbett.

It's Fame Goes Abroad.

The last issue of the Concert Goer published in New York and Chicago gives the Matinee Musical, the new musical organization organized by the women of Duluth, considerable notice on its recital given Dec. 9 and prints the program, also remarking that "the appearance of Miss Bradshaw, was awaited with much interest as she has but recently returned from European studies."

The publication also makes mention of the first artists' recital given by Mrs. Marie Geist Erd assisted by Mrs. Schmiel.

Kidney Troubles

Bright's Disease, Jaundice, Pains in Side or Back, Blurred Sight, Aching Bones, Swelled Feet, Urinary Disorders and Sallow Complexion, are caused by

WEAK, UNHEALTHY KIDNEYS,
THE CURE IS FOUND IN
JOHNSON'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSITIVELY GUARANTEED
The popular-priced remedy.
None so Good and None so Cheap!
THE JOHNSON LABORATORIES, Inc., PHILADELPHIA.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

BACK TO OLD WAYS

Administration In Superior Said to Be Gradually Loosening Up Again.

DUE TO MERCHANTS

Are Said to Have Persuaded Mayor That Duluth Was Benefiting.

There is a notion prevalent among many of the good people of West Superior that the vigilance with which the city administration and police force kept the disreputable houses closed up for a few weeks during the "blue laws" agitation, has been, to a large degree, relaxed and that the houses are running as formerly in the city. The loosening is said to have really taken place during the latter part of last week and there is some talk to the effect that the mayor, having made a bluff long enough, has called off the officers and the disreputable houses are in full blast again. There is a claim made that influence was brought to bear by certain business men who claimed that the practice of suppressing this sort of thing was driving the trade of woodsmen all over to Duluth, and besides the city treasury was missing the heavy fines that were in the habit of finding their way into the hands of the municipal court on the first day of every month.

The relaxing of the enforcement of the order against the houses of ill fame has alarmed a number of those people who were backing the mayor in his effort to suppress vice and they are said to feel more convinced than ever that the whole thing was a political play and that the mayor having accomplished the end that he was after will permit matters to find their way back into the old channels.

There are some fourteen cases up in the municipal court at Superior now. The complaints were made out by the chief of police against saloonkeepers that are charged with keeping open on Sunday. It is currently reported in Superior that many of the saloons are run as openly on Sundays at the present time as they were before the blue laws went into effect and that it will only be a matter of a few days before the gambling houses will be doing business at the old stands. There are not a few of the influential citizens of the city across the bay that are predicting the entire failure of the closing movement that was inaugurated by the city administration and who charge the whole business to one of those political moves for which the city of Superior is said to be getting famous during the past few years.

STATE TEACHERS MEETING.

Opened In St. Paul and Continues To Friday.

R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth schools, Principal Charles Smith, of the high school, and Dr. W. H. Salter and J. O. Milne, directors of the board of education, have gone to St. Paul to take part in the annual meeting of the State Teachers' association, which continues from today until Dec. 28. The program for the general session is as follows:

Wednesday, at Central Presbyterian Church—Dr. Richard Burton, of the state university, at 11 o'clock a. m., upon "The Inspirational Value of Literature;" at 2 o'clock, a discussion of "The Professional Training of Teachers," by Dr. D. L. Kiehle, Dr. J. F. Millspaugh and Superintendent Leviston, of St. Paul.

Thursday, at Central Presbyterian church—Professor Kloeber, of the state university, and Miss Irene Mead, of Winona, at 11 o'clock a. m., on "The Teaching of English in the Seventh and Eigth Grades;" at 2 o'clock, discussion of "Music;" principal speaker, Mrs. Jennie L. Gaynor, of Chicago, the well known song writer. At the hall of representatives, in the capitol, during the morning, "A Commercial and Business Course in High Schools," by Superintendent Mickens, of Moorhead; "Elections in High Schools," by A. N. Ozias, of Minneapolis. At Assembly room of Central high school during the morning, "Work in the Primary sections," discussed by Miss S. C. Brooks, of St. Paul, Dr. A. S. Hutchinson, of Minneapolis, and Miss Alice Mott, of Faribault.

Friday, at Central Presbyterian church—In the morning, "Literature as a Nationalizing Force," by Professor F. J. E. Woodbridge; in the afternoon, "The Contributions of the Century to Education," discussed by Gen. Moses E. Clapp, of St. Paul, Frank M. Nye and Rev. Dr. Mitchell, of Minneapolis. Election of officers.

Among the entertainments will be a botanical exhibit at the Windsor hotel, under the auspices of the Minnesota Botanical society; reunions at the hotel at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon of the teachers, alumni and former students of the Winona and Mankato normal schools; Thursday evening, like reunions of alumni of the St. Cloud and the Moorhead normal schools; Thursday evening, a reunion and banquet of Carleton college alumni at the Commercial club; Wednesday evening, at the Central Presbyterian church, an address upon "Ludlow Castle, England," by Professor C. T. Winchester, of Wesleyan university; Thursday evening, at the church, a concert by the Metropolitan quartet and a string quartet; Friday evening, a lecture by Professor S. H. Weir of the University of New York.

Bethel Entertains Children.

One hundred and fifty children were made happy at the branch Bethel on the Bowery last evening. It was the annual Christmas celebration for the children of the Branch Bethel Sunday school and was a great success in every way. There was a large Christmas tree on which hung a bag of candy and some other suitable present for every child there.

Besides the distribution of presents, there was an excellent program of appropriate Christmas music. The exercises were in charge of L. A. Marvin, superintendent of the Branch Bethel Sabbath school.

Over 5000 Died.

The yellow fever in New Orleans in 1866 swept away over 5000 persons addicted to drink before attacking any others. Their systems were weakened by alcohol and they easily succumbed. Thousands of men today are ruining themselves by using whisky excessively. They should stop. Advise some of them to go to the Keeley institute, corner of Park avenue and Tenth street, Minneapolis.

Holiday Rates to the Twin Cities.

$5.75 round trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Eastern Minnesota railway. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1. Good returning to Jan. 2. Take the "Bee line" at 1:25 p. m., or 11:25 p. m. Secure tickets at city ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, (corner Spalding hotel) or Union depot.

THE ORE DOCK.

Engineering News Notices New Great Northern Structure at Superior.

The last number of the Engineering News, the leading publication of the country in the engineering line, devotes the central two-page illustration, which is found in every issue, to the new Great Northern railway dock at West Superior. The illustrations are more interesting to an engineer than any one else for they present portions of the detail plans of the structure. The description of the dock is, however, intelligent to every one and is as follows:

The large iron ore shipping docks of the American great lake ports are a class of timber construction of which, it is safe to say, no other country affords a corresponding example. Like the large ore carriers of the great lakes' fleet and the steel car of 100 tons capacity and upwards, they have developed out of the requirements of shipping annually the 16,000,000 tons output of the Lake Superior iron mines to Chicago and the Ohio lake ports, whence it is distributed to the blast furnaces of Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Probably the largest of these docks so far constructed is the one completed early this year for the Eastern Minnesota railway of the Great Northern system. This dock is located at West Superior, Wis., and has a storage capacity of 40,000 tons of iron ore at one time. In addition to the interest which this dock attracts because of its size, it is an excellent example of timber work designing for structures of this class, and we give the structural details in full upon our two-page plate this week.

In this connection it may be desirable to note that we have retained the usage of the word dock to mean the timber structure carrying the ore pockets and railway tracks alongside of which the vessel is berthed. Strictly speaking, the word dock means an enclosed water space in which a ship floats while being loaded or unloaded, as the space between two wharves or piers. By extension the word has also come to mean any space or structure in or upon which a ship may be berthed or held for loading, unloading, repairing or safe keeping, such as depositing docks, dry docks and floating docks. Accurately speaking, therefore, the structure which we describe here is an ore pier rather than an ore dock, and we have retained the latter designation only in deference to popular usage.

Briefly stated, the dock is 1500 feet long, 63 feet 4 inches wide and 73 feet high from the surface of the water to the base of the rails of the ore tracks, which run on top. On each side there is a row of ore pockets capable of holding 160 tons of ore each. Each pocket is provided with a hinged spout which is lowered to discharge the ore by gravity into the vessels berthed alongside, and which is raised out of harm's way when not in use. The ore trains from the mines discharge their loads into the pockets through the traps between the tracks. These traps, the construction of the ore pockets and of the trestle bents which carry them and the tracks and the arrangement of the pile foundations are clearly shown by the drawings.

Construction was begun on the dock Jan. 1, 1900, and it was completed ready for operation on May 1. The timber work was designed and erected by the engineer department of the Great Northern railway, the spouts were manufactured by the American Bridge works, of Chicago, Ill., and Pettibone Mullikin & Co., of Chicago, Ill., furnished the spout hoists.

See young man that thou takest the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea, made by the Madison Medicine Co., if thou likest thy fair face. 35c. Ask your druggist.

IN MICHIGAN.

Calumet and Hecla Pattern Shop Gutted By Fire—Range Notes.

Calumet, Mich., Dec. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire completely gutted the pattern shop of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company yesterday. All of the patterns were destroyed. The loss will be large.

Nicholas Gillette, an old settler in the upper peninsula of Michigan, died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Parisot. Mrs. Parisot is his daughter.

Houghton—While cross-cutting from Nos. 1 and 2 shafts at the Adventure recently, what is termed the Merchant vein was encountered, and reports from the property indicate that it is rich beyond all expectations. It will be worked extensively henceforth.

All the rock of late removed from shaft No. 2 has been saved from stamping, with no process of selection necessary. In addition to promising stamp rock, numerous masses of large size and value have been raised to the surface.

The last work done in No. 3 shaft disclosed copper in abundance and the management at the mine appears to be much pleased with the outlook.

There are but few men at work at the Mass mill at Keweenaw Bay just at present. One gang is at work putting on the sheet steel on their new pump house, another set are working on the water intake entering into the bay, and the Sterling men are putting in the new boilers.

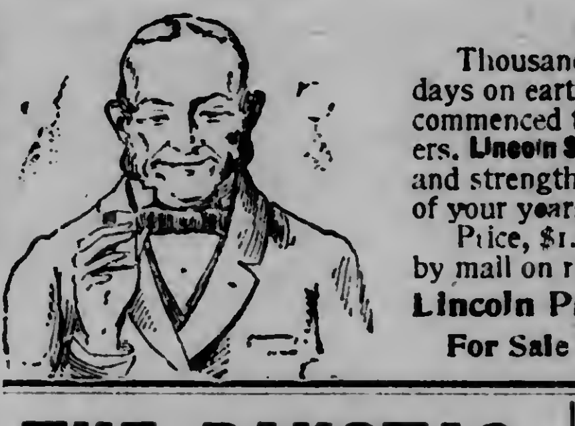
The two boilers are to be of Sterling make of 200-horse power each, and will be in commission in about three weeks.

The boiler house, like the other buildings at the mill, is a frame structure covered with sheet steel. The pump house is enclosed and men are now busy placing on the sheet steel. The pump will be a Nordberg, the same as the one placed in the Isle Royale stamp mill.

For the intake a well 45 feet deep has been sunk, from which are being run two drifts, one toward the pump house and the other under the lake. The latter will run about 400 feet out and then raise to the bottom of the lake to reach water.

Work on the mill proper is at present at a standstill, as the stone foundation is complete and the upper part has not been begun. The Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, however, will begin work on the superstructure in a few weeks. The supply room, blacksmith shop, boiler house and pump house, all of which are frame structures covered with sheet steel, have been completed. These buildings, as well as the foundation to the stamp mill, have been built by the company's men and not by contract.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.



OLD MEN.

Thousands of old men who thought their remaining days on earth would be few now bless the day that they commenced the use of this greatest of all strength builders. Lincoln Sexual Pills will bring about a degree of health and strength for you away beyond the average man of your years, and give your great peace and comfort. Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

Lincoln Proprietary Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

THE DAKOTAS.

Bismarck Mayor's Troubles—North Dakota Has More Sensations In Prospect.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—Sheriff Bogue has seized the gambling devices owned by Mayor Patterson, of Bismarck. The mayor was in St. Paul, but on his arrival was placed under arrest. This means there will be no gambling at the capital city during the session of the legislature. The movement is a popular one and the people rejoice that some one was found to take the necessary steps.

Grand Forks—There is strong talk of another grand jury being called to further investigate the enforcement of the prohibition law in this state. It is understood that within the past two days evidence has been received by the state's attorney tending to implicate well-known persons in questionable transactions, in the suppression of illegal liquor traffic in North Dakota. If the persons accused do not call for a full and complete investigation it is more than likely that others will take steps to that end.

Dunseith—Arthur Donaldson has taken out a patent for armor plate which meets with the favor of naval experts. His invention consists of several alternate layers of steel and an elastic material, which may be made in several ways, but preferably with rubber as the principal ingredient. The plates are held together by bolts ingeniously made, which are a part of the patent.

Fargo—Thursday and Friday the teachers of the state will be entertained in Fargo at their fourteenth annual meeting. The association has grown until its membership includes every teacher of prominence in the state and great interest is being taken in the organization. Heretofore the sessions have been three days, but this year, to prevent many from leaving home Christmas day and to enable all to return Saturday, it was decided to hold only a two-days' meeting.

Dr. J. D. McConnell, of Fargo, and Attorney von Neida have purchased the Rowse coal mine near Kenmare, in Ward county. The mine is said to be one of the best along the line of the Soo, and it will be developed. Arrangements are being made for equipping it with the latest improved machinery.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Britton—A number of friends gathered at the house of John Pypair near Veblen to sit up with the remains of one of his children. During the evening Pypair was found lying between the house and barn with several gashes in his skull and with his throat and neck severely injured. He was picked up for dead. Upon seeing his condition Moses La Frambois disappeared and a little later was discovered hanging from the limb of a tree near the barn. He was cut down before life was extinct. Pypair is in a fair way to recover.

Sioux Falls—Information reaches here that friends of Richard A. Tubbs, former mayor of Alcester, who was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary for sending objectionable letters through the mail are circulating petitions asking that he be pardoned.

A Century Review.

With its characteristic enterprise, the Chicago Sunday Chronicle, easily the best and brightest of the Sunday papers of the West, has completed arrangements for a series of masterly review of progress in various lines during the nineteenth century. The first article, on "Evolution," appeared in the issue of last Sunday, and is from the pen of Alfred Russell Wallace, the eminent British philosopher. Following this will appear an essay on "Chemistry," by Professor William Ramsey of the University college of London. Other equally interesting subjects will be treated in the series, which will continue throughout the winter season. Another extremely interesting and valuable innovation is the beautiful music supplement, the first of which accompanied last Sunday's issue.

The Chronicle has always maintained its reputation of doing well everything it undertakes, and we are satisfied that its new departures will not prove an exception.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Relieves Fatigue.
A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months.
Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAIR CHAINS made from combings or cut hair.
Dolls' Wigs, all sizes. Place your Christmas orders now and avoid disappointment.
MME. BOYDE,
216 West Superior Street, Duluth. Telephone 115
1303 Tower Ave., West Superior. Telephone 4420

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE W & MICHIGAN ST

EUGENE FIELD'S POEMS A $7.00 BOOK
The Book of the century Handsomely Illustrated by thirty-two of the World's Greatest Artists.

Given Free
to each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund. Subscribe any amount desired. Subscriptions as low as $1.00 will entitle donor to this daintily artistic volume "Field Flowers" (cloth bound, 8 x 11), as a certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works and is ready for delivery.
But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.00.

The Fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the Fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address
Eugene Field Monument Souvnir Fund,
(Also at Book Stores) 180 Monroe St., Chicag
If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10 cents.
Mention this Journal, as Adv. is inserted as our Contributio

News and Opinions
OF
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THE NEW YORK SUN
ALONE
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Daily by Mail, - - - $6 a year
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The Sunday Sun
Is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.
Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the performance of the conditions of a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John Grabowski and Augusta Grabowski, his wife, both of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Elizabeth A. Carey, of Oneida County, New York, mortgagee. Said mortgage is dated on the 20th day of August, A. D. 1892, which is the date of the execution thereof, and is recorded in Book 103 of mortgages, at page 116, one of the records of St. Louis County, Minnesota, and was so recorded in said book and on said page on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1892, at four (4) o'clock p. m.

The amount claimed to be due thereon and the amount which is actually due thereon is the sum of two hundred and ninety-five dollars and eleven cents ($295.11). No taxes have been paid by the mortgagee at the date of this notice. The mortgaged premises are described as follows:

Lot numbered six (6), of block numbered nineteen (19), of Dodge's Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said lands are located in said county and state. No action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Such mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein described at public vendue, to collect the sum secured by said mortgage with interest together with twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees stipulated for therein, and the disbursements allowed by law, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The said Elizabeth A. Carey, mortgagee, after the date of the execution of the said mortgage married and became Elizabeth A. Collins, and thereafter died; and thereupon the subscriber, Francis A. Cody, Jr., became, and duly qualified as, the executor of the last will and testament of said Elizabeth A. Collins, and still is such executor.

FRANCIS A. CODY, JR.,
Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth A. Collins, formerly Elizabeth A. Carey, mortgagee.
GREENE & WOOD,
409 First National Bank Building, Duluth,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-1900-Jan-2-9-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 11th, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of Jules B. Coulombe, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Delima Coulombe, of this county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, on the following day, viz: Monday, the 17th day of June, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-12-19-26-1900.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 11th, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of L. L. Marble, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Clarendon D. Marble administrator of the estate of L. L. Marble, deceased, representing among other things that he has partially administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the partial account of his administration and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Friday, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock A. M., at the probate office in the court house, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 11th day of December, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-12-19-26-1900.

BROU'S INJECTION
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

TO MEET SATURDAY

Charter Commission Called Together to Consider a Proposed Amendment.

NEW PLAN IS DEVISED

Permanent Improvement Certificates to Be Issued When Fund Is Exhausted.

There will be a meeting of the charter commission on Saturday evening for the purpose of considering an amendment to the Greene charter, which, it is claimed, will solve the Superior street paving puzzle.

This amendment would make possible the issuing of permanent improvement revolving fund certificates after the cash balance in that fund had been exhausted. Contractors doing street paving would be paid with the money in the permanent improvement revolving fund so far as possible, but when the fund is drained, as it undoubtedly will be in paving Superior street from Eighth avenue west to Twenty-third avenue east, the contractors would receive certificates which would be redeemed as fast as the assessments would be collected.

In other words, the permanent improvement revolving fund which is at present limited to $100,000, would have its limit raised indefinitely without selling any more bonds or being in excess of the limit of indebtedness.

The street paving situation at present is peculiar, perplexing and distressing. Arrangements have been made for the paving of Michigan street and Fifth avenue west, through the jobbing districts, with sandstone, the amount of the contract taking $24,000 from the $99,000 to be placed in the permanent improvement revolving fund by the recent sale of bonds. This would leave $75,000 in the fund available for all other purposes.

Superior street through the business district is distressingly in need of new paving. Out in the East End residence district the property owners seem determined to have it paved with asphalt as far as Twenty-third avenue. The total cost of these improvements would not be less than $175,000, and the city has only $75,000 with which to do the work.

The new charter amendment which is proposed will simplify the situation, as it is known now to a certainty that reliable paving companies would be willing to do the work on payment of what cash there is in the permanent improvement revolving fund and special assessment certificates for all in excess of the cash limit.

What the charter commission will do with the proposed amendment is a matter of conjecture, but it seems to have had sufficient merit in the eyes of city officers to warrant a meeting of the charter commission this week, and Chairman Greene has called the meeting for Saturday night.

The charter commission consists of: Henry F. Greene, chairman; Giles Gilbert, L. J. Hopkins, Theodore T. Hudson, E. F. Alford, P. S. Anneke, H. E. Smith, H. H. Phelps, C. A. Duncan, J. M. Tufty, N. J. Miller, J. W. Richardson, Oscar Mitchell, W. O. Pealer and Thomas Olafson.

If the proposed amendment is presented to the people at the coming February election, it would have to be acted on favorably at the meeting of the commissioners Saturday night and acted on favorably by the council on next Monday night. No amendment can be presented within a limited period prior to the election at which it is to be voted on at the election.

MURRAY'S HEARING ON.

Boy Who Shot Arthur Thomas Is Being Examined.

George Murray, the boy that shot and killed Arthur Thomas, of West Superior, near the Chippewa copper mine in Douglas county, Wisconsin, is having a preliminary hearing in the municipal court in West Superior today, on the charge of manslaughter in the fourth degree. Mr. Thomas was out partridge hunting the time he met his death and not returning his friends instituted a search, finding his lifeless body in the woods with a bullet hole near the back of his head. A few days after the defendant, a young lad acknowledged the probable shooting of Mr. Thomas, whom he mistook for a deer. The shooting aroused considerable sentiment in West Superior because of the prominence of Mr. Thomas, who was for many years the city engineer and popular in social circles, and the action was brought to see if an example cannot be made of carelessness.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Aller, Naples.

Queenstown—Arrived off: Majestic, New York for Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: Laurentian, from Glasgow.

New York—Arrived: Anchoria, from Glasgow.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

$3.00 and $4.00
Underwear
at $1.00
For Small Men and Youths.
No Suits alike, but shirts of one kind and drawers of another of same weight.
A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Hatters and Furnishers,
304 West Superior St.

DUE TO MAGNETISM.

A Christmas Drunk Explains His Smashing of Glassware.

The next time you awkwardly knock over a valuable vase or statue, don't get flustered and apologize for your awkwardness, but simply say in an off-hand manner:

"Too bad! But that's my magnetism."

The advance disciple of the new cult of "magnetists" was at the blue room of police court this morning on a charge of having absorbed too much Yuletide cheer. He plead guilty of the name of James Hart, and admitted that he was the man that broke many glasses and things on the Bowery last evening. He said he was possessed of the fatal faculty of knocking things over and that those that had known him for years always moved lamps and valuable vases away when they saw him coming. He was not intentionally destructive, but was simply magnetic.

The court decided that it was not safe to let such people wander about when there were so many valuable and breakable Christmas presents on exhibition everywhere, so he was sent up the hill for ten days.

THE FIRST EXAMINATION.

Thirty-Four Candidates For City Places Must Appear Jan. 10.

Thirty-four candidates for positions in the fire and police departments were today notified to appear at the city hall on Jan 10, prepared to take the examinations prescribed by the board of civil service commissioners.

All others that would like to become candidates for positions and take the first examination of the newly created classified service can secure application blanks from Secretary Miller, room 13, of the city hall building.

In its scope the examination will include tests in handwriting, clear and correct statement, experiment, experience in the work required for places to which candidates aspire, arithmetic, and physical fitness.

COMING TERM.

January Session Will Probably Develop Some Cases of Considerable Length.

The prospects are that while it will not have an exceptionally large number of cases, the January term of the district court will be a fairly good one as to length. It is known that there will be some civil cases of considerable length and importance, and in the cases about which no information has developed as yet it is probable that some will develop to take up a good deal of time, so that the juries will not get off with a short term.

The term begins Wednesday, Jan. 2, when the grand jury will be convened and charged, and the civil calendar will be called and motions in pending cases noted and disposed of. The next day, Thursday, Jan. 3, will be given up to default divorce cases, as usual, and the trial of civil cases will be taken up on the following Monday, Jan. 7, for which date the petit jurors are summoned.

There is not a great amount of work in sight as yet for the grand jury, though there is yet time in which much may accumulate. Up to today there were only eight cases where defendants have been bound over to the grand jury, mostly from Duluth. These cases are as follows: James Morris, colored, attempting to entice a girl; Benjamin Brenison, Charlie Johnson, William Bannans, William Brady and Victor Wilson grand larceny; William Williams, assault.

In connection with the coming term there is considerable interest in the disposition that County Attorney McClintock will make of the Palmer cases; whether he will try the case that was continued, and bring the cases that were dismissed before the grand jury for new indictments, as County Attorney Phelps intimated, or whether he will conclude the entire proceeding by dismissing the remaining case.

There were forty-seven cases continued from last term, and up to this noon thirty-nine new notes of issue had been filed. This is the last day for filing notes of issue, and it was expected that there would be at least a fairly large rush this afternoon to get cases on the calendar.

RAN FORTY BLOCKS.

A Frightened Horse Takes a Long Chase Westward.

There was an exciting runaway on Superior street at noon yesterday, in which a horse ran forty blocks at a remarkable rate of speed. Hundreds of people saw its mad dash through the central portion of the city shortly after 12 o'clock, but few saw the animal go under the wire at Thirty-eighth avenue west, bleeding and completely exhausted.

The start was at Second avenue east and within a block the horse and cutter separated, the latter sliding up alongside the curb to permit the astonished driver to get out. The horse, with the thills of the sleigh banging up against his hind legs at every step, ran west to Thirty-eighth avenue, where he stopped and was taken care of by several boys, who bandaged its legs up and took it to the livery stable of Dibbell & Sons in the West End.

Both hind legs were badly cut and bruised, but the horse will get over its injuries in a short time. The driver has not been found yet.

Asks Eight Thousand.

Catherine M. Hall has begun a personal injury suit against Luther Mendenhall, as receiver for the Duluth Street Railway company, to recover $8009 damages for injuries she claims to have received because of the company's negligence. She asserts in her complaint that on the evening of Aug. 7 she boarded a street car on Oneota street to go to Forty-fourth avenue west, and paid her fare. She asked the conductor to stop the car at that thoroughfare, but he did not, and she asked him to stop it at Fifty-fifth avenue west. At that point the conductor stopped the car and invited her to get off. She was accepting the invitation, but was still on the platform, she says, when the car started with a jerk and at great speed, and she was thrown from the platform to the street and permanently injured. John Jenswold, Jr., is her attorney.

Claims Damages For Fire.

Martin Jentoft has begun suit in district court against A. Guthrie & Co. and M. Tobin, contractors on the Great Northern line, that is being built on the Mesaba range, to recover $500 damages that he claims resulted to his property in section 20, 57-18, as a result of their carelessness in building fires. He says that before the fire there was a log house worth $100 and considerable timber on his land. While working on the roadway for the Great Northern, he charges that the defendants set fire to some brush, and neglected to care for it, though the season was dry and dangerous for fires, so that it spread over his land and burned his house and some timber. John Jenswold, Jr., is his attorney.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ARE NOT DIVIDED

George R. Laybourn Denies Statement That Trouble Exists In This Delegation.

ARE ALL FOR EVANS

Decision to Support Him Was Unanimous—Evans Men Very Confident.

In a dispatch which was sent out from St. Paul last evening with reference to the senatorial situation there appeared the following:

"Rumor has it here that there is trouble in the St. Louis county delegation. It is said that two of the members have openly been for Clapp, and simply voted to endorse Evans to keep the delegation solid. The effort of the Evans' people to bring the entire delegation to St. Paul to hurry up passengers for the band wagon is said to have caused a world of trouble. Representative Laybourn's flying visit to Senator Daugherty, who has been at the Windsor for several days, is said to have been in this connection."

George R. Laybourn returned this morning from St. Paul, and he classes the report that there is any trouble or division in the ranks of the representatives from this county as all rot. He says the decision to support Evans, made at the meeting last week, was general, and all were in accord with it. He says the Evans men are very confident of winning out, and expect to have enough legislators pledged to their candidate, before the week is out, to carry the caucus. He also denies that his visit to St. Paul was in this connection.

The two members referred to in the dispatch are probably E. F. Alford and T. A. Bury, of Two Harbors. Mr. Alford has a personal acquaintance with Mr. Clapp, and a very high regard for him, but he was in no way committed or obligated to him, and when he saw that the majority of the delegation was for Mr. Evans, he acquiesced in the decision. Mr. Bury had met Mr. Clapp, and had never met Mr. Evans, but beyond that he had no further leaning toward the St. Paul candidate. The meeting lasted only an hour and was entirely harmonious and no dissension developed. It was agreed that it would be advisable to stand together.

It is said that the action of the Blue Earth county delegation in coming out for Evans influenced T. M. Pugh considerably in coming over for Evans. There has always been a very close friendship between him and the Blue Earth county delegation, in fact the Blue Earth members almost look upon Mr. Pugh as one of their own people because of his long residence in the southern part of the state. By dropping into the Evans camp Mr. Pugh brought himself into very congenial company.

The Evans men claim that all they need is seven more pledges to give them a majority of the Republican members of the legislature, and that they will get them within a couple of days more. The Clapp men deny the claim, and the outsider can take his choice. In all of this wirepulling before the fight begins there constantly looms up the form of Thomas Lowry, the Minneapolis street railway magnate, and the feeling is strong that he is anxious for a deadlock, and will then be in the fight in earnest. The place would be one very much to his liking, and an honor that he would greatly enjoy.

GLAD IT IS OVER.

Christmas Season Hardest of Year For Postoffice Carriers.

The postoffice carriers are very glad that Christmas is over and likewise that it comes but once a year. The season for them is one of hard work and continual rush and this year was one of the heaviest ever experienced in the history of the Duluth office. Monday was the heaviest day and the mass of packages that came in was enormous. Monday morning one carrier had two helpers on his route and the three left the office with such a mass of packages that it was necessary to call a dray for they could not be loaded on street cars. The department allows nine days' extra work at this time of the year and besides this some of the carriers brought their children to their aid for a day or so.

Yesterday morning not all of the deliveries had been completed by noon and a number of the carriers had to work until the early afternoon to get through.

Commends an "Ad" Man.

The Dry Goods Economist in a recent issue, in which the current advertising is criticised, takes occasion to throw a few bouquets at one of the local advertising men. The Economist says:

"The ad man of Silberstein & Bondy's store (Duluth, Minn.) can lay the flattering unction to his soul that his publicity is by far the best in that far Northwestern section of these United States. He can also thank his lucky star that one day—whenever it was—while digging for information of advertising and advertisement planning, he unearthed the style that he has since adopted. It's a bang-up-style—these are bang-up ads. There are better ads in the same style in this country, but they are better chiefly in that their writers are more eloquent, more powerful with their pens."

Faithful Employes Rewarded.

Just before they separated to go each his own Christmas way, C. W. Ericson, the clothier, called his employes together, gave each a box of cigars and authority to ransack the store for the best overcoat or suit of clothes he could find. Such an act as this partially explains the cordial good fellowship and rival hustle so noticeable at Ericson's from the proprietor to the clerk of but a few months.

DECISION RESERVED.

New York, Dec. 26.—Decision was reserved by Judge Blanchard, in the supreme court today, in an action brought by Tom L. Johnson against R. T. Wilson & Co., bankers and brokers, for an injunction restraining the defendants from disposing of the stocks and securities of the Detroit street railway system, pending the trial of a suit for the dissolution of an alleged partnership existing between Johnson and R. T. Wilson & Co. Mr. Johnson also asks that a receiver be appointed for the railway. The origin of the suit was the purchase, in 1894, by the defendants of the Detroit street railway system, after which Mr. Johnson became associated with them in its management.

Wrappers. 100 dozen Women's good fleece-lined Wrappers, braid trimmed ruffles, deep flounce—nicely made, and finished, value $1.50; Thursday......... 98c

Fur Scarfs. 25 Odd Fur Scarfs and Storm Colars, made full size and with cluster of Tails, usually sold at $3.50 and $4.00; Thursday choice......... $1.98

Children's Long Coats. A big lot of Children's Long Eiderdown Coats with fur trimmed sailor collar, good, heavy lining, sizes 1 to 5 years, and regular values $1.50 and $2.50, Thursday—your choice for only 98c

Night Gowns. 10 dozen Women's Muslin Nightgowns, on which the regular prices are $1.00, $1.25 and $1.49; your choice Thursday......... 75c

Corset Covers. 10 dozen Ladies' fine Muslin and Cambric Corset Covers that formerly sold at 49c; extra special Thursday, at each............ 25c

Silk Petticoats. Tomorrow, 150 of them in Every conceivable stylish colorings at making cost—
Former $6.00 Skirts—Thursday......... $3.98
Former $8.00 Skirts—Thursday......... $4.98

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT
PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Golf Capes—New Advance showing of what will be worn the coming spring in Golf Capes. They are made from Scotch Shawls and nicely Trimmed with plain Kersey to match plaid— $9.75 and up

Clearing of Cloaks and Millinery

A rousing after-Christmas Bargain Selling of stylish Jackets and a continuance of our Great Half Price Millinery Sale.

Tomorrow morning we shall place on sale our entire assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets in box effects, Automobiles, tight fitting Jackets and Misses' Reefer Jackets. No matter what the style—coats we have been selling up to $16.50. They come in every size. You can find any color. All are lined with either good quality satin or taffeta silk. Splendid specimens of correct tailoring, finest finishing throughout and most popular effects in trimming. You are sure to find your size. The price—$9.98—is actually, in most cases, the bare price of the materials and the garments will go quickly. Naturally the prettiest things will go first, so be advised and buy as early tomorrow as possible.

$9.98 For Coats worth $16.50.

$9.98 For Coats worth $16.50.

The Millinery Slaughter Selling will Continue—Prices Still ½ and less.

Absolutely nothing in Ladies' Trimmed or Untrimmed Millinery has been reserved, and so notwithstanding the great patronage the sale has had and the large numbers of Ladies who were quick to realize the opportunity to get stylish headgear at cost of trimming it and bought early, the assortment of of styles is still complete.

Over 500 Trimmed Hats and nearly 1000 Untrimmed and Street Hats Every style that is fashionable—not a style missing that should be here and not a style here that should be missing.

Beautiful Imported French Millinery,

New York copies from Parisian models and the products of our own splendid and most efficient workrooms.

Half Price

The original prices are on each hat. The sale is just as bona-fide and genuine as it is generous. Any hat you have seen and admired you can see it selling now for exactly half its price. $37.50 Hats $18.75, $30 Hats $15, $25 Hats $12.50, $20 Hats $10, $16.50 Hats $8.25, $12.50 Hats $6.25, $8.50 Hats $4.25, $5 Hats $2.50, $2.75 Hats $1.38. Earliest purchasers get the choice of styles.

Fedoras. 300 Fedora Hats with silk band in Black, Brown, Gray, Navy etc. in two big lots. Fedoras that were up to $1.50............ 25c
Fedoras that were up to $1.75............ 50c

Untrimmed ....Hats The season's very best shapes, in every conceivable color that is popular, during the big sale—there is not one reserved—all must go at...... ½

Street Hats. (Ready to wear) Every shading, every popular style, castors, pearls, browns, grays, blacks, $5 Hats, $4.50 Hats, $4 Hats, $3 Hats, $2.50 Hats, $2 Hats, $1.50 Hats, $1.00 Hats—All at exactly half these prices ½ ½

Children's Bonnets In Silk, Velvet and Fancy Mixed Fabric—sizes assorted, all colors, Bonnets we have been seling at up to $1.50; tomorrow.. 75c

Children's Bonnets Another lot of Elderdown, Silk, velvet and cloth Bonnets, in all colors; that we sold at 55c and $1.00; tomorrow............ 50c

WAGES COMING UP AGAIN.

Lumbermen Advancing to the Figure Paid Before the Cut.

The employment agencies of the city report plenty of orders from the logging camps in the vicinity, but state that the men that are now in the city are not going out in any numbers. They are holding off until after the holidays are over. Most of the men that have come in to the city during the past week have money and while it lasts they appear to be in no hurry to start in work again. There has been a general strengthening of wages all over the Duluth district and operators that a week or more past cut the wages of their employes to $22 and $26 are now instructing the employment companies to hire men for them at the old schedule of $26 and $30. There is a little complaint of jumpers in some sections of the district and in these places wages have been fixed at $22 per month, where the men do not stay the month out.

COULD NOT DELIVER.

Purchasers Allege That Mose Boileau Did Not Control French Trade.

D. R. McKinley and John Winness have filed their answer to a suit brought in district court by Mose. Boileau, who is suing them on promissory notes amounting to $1075. They set up as a reason why they should not pay the notes that they have been very much deceived by Mose. Not only that, but their retort courteous to his suit on the notes is a demand for $500 damages.

They allege that the reason they gave the notes was because Boileau claimed to be the owner of a livery outfit in West Duluth, to have valuable contracts for transferring freight that were bringing in money, and to be able, being a Frenchman, to deliver the French trade of that vicinity to the purchasers. So they bought him out and started in the livery business. Now they claim that Boileau had no title to part of the property sold them, that he had no contracts such as he represented himself to have, and that he has not been able to deliver the French trade. Also, that he did not go into their employ as a teamster, as he promised. For these reasons they do not want to pay the notes, but they want $500 damages. Eckman & Stevenson are the attorneys.

CHARGES AGAINST MAYOR.

Bismarck, N. D., Executive Arrested For Keeping Gambling House.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Judge Winchester of the district court has issued warrants for the arrest of E. C. Patterson, mayor of the city, on a charge of keeping and permitting a gambling house to be kept. The complaints in the case were made by George A. Joy. Mayor Patterson was out of the city when the warrants were issued, but a seizure was made by Sheriff Bogue of a roulette table and outfit. There is much interest in this case. Mayor Patterson has been prominent in this city and state politics and has been mayor of the city for a numer of years. It is stated that the gambling apparatus in question is not the property of the mayor.

PERSONALS.

Miss Carrie Thimble, of Jefferson, Ind., is in the city for the holidays and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Rankin.

George Esh, of Buffalo Hump, Idaho, formerly of Duluth, is in the city.

W. G. Lerch, of Chicago, is in the city with his parents Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Lerch. He is now secretary to the president of the Chicago & Alton railroad

Miss Minnie Lloyd, of St. Paul, is a guest of Mrs. E. F. Burg, of 215 East Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, were in the city yesterday.

Melvin E. Messenger, who has been with Mendenhall & Hoops for the past eight years, leaves on the first of the month to accept a position as clerk at the Knight hotel at Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Whitaker returned this morning from St. Paul, where they spent Christmas with their parents.

Earle Reid, city ticket and passenger agent of the South Shore road, returned this morning from a holiday trip to Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Keean, of St. Paul, are visiting friends in this city for a few days.

J. W. Koop, of Brainerd, Minn., called in the city this morning.

G. B. Loomis, a Minneapolis business man, returned to his home this morning after a visit with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tolman left today for a short visit in the Twin Cities.

Dr. Paton returned this morning from Eau Claire, where he spent Christmas with relatives.

Edward King, of Waukesha, Wis., is a guest at the Spalding.

W. E. Denner, of Mountain Iron, transacted business in the city today.

W. D. Cameron and William Phalen, of Cloquet, were among the visiting lumbermen here today.

Arnold Cranton and Paul Perkins, of Pine City, Minn., were guests of the St. Louis today.

James McCabe and son, Roscoe McCabe, Minneapolis horsemen, are in the city on a short visit.

S. Simpson, the Minneapolis lumberman, was in the city today on his way to the range.

G. L. Inand and S. P. Inland, of Ely, were visitors here today.

Ludwig Stein of Stein, Bloch & Co., Rochester, N. Y., is in the city today, the guest of M. S. Burrows.

Special.
All framed pictures at cut prices this week. ENGELS' ART STORE.
19 Third avenue west.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure.—Max Wirth.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The pantorium, open all night. 'Phone 653.

Miss Maggie Riddell and Edgar Hillman were married on Christmas Eve, at the parsonage of St. John's English Lutheran church, by the pastor, Rev. Samuel W. Kuhns.

The Herald yesterday received a box of roses and oranges from Mrs. B. Gillett, of Interlaken, Fla., with best wishes for the Christmas and a prosperous New Year. The flowers were plucked from the bushes but a short time before forwarding and were remarkably fresh and beautiful considering the journey of 1800 miles. The oranges were just from the orchards.

The Christmas services at St. John's English Lutheran church, for which an appropriate program has been arranged, will take place this evening at 7:30. The church has been decorated for the season, and a tree and gifts have been provided for the children.

The following are the games drawn to be played in the Graves-Manley agency contest: E. N. Bradley vs. J. C. Hunter; C. A. Duncan vs. George K. Taylor; A. W. Frick vs. M. H. Alworth; D. W. Stocking vs. Donald Macleod; Donald Morrison vs. Harry Gurdon; C. F. Macdonald vs. W. B. Dunlop; Alex MacRae vs. C. B. Woodruff; Ron Smith vs. R. J. Macleod.

John Frederick Carlson died at St. Mary's hospital at 9 o'clock this morning. The funeral will be held from his brother's residence, 218 Fourth avenue west, Friday afternoon, Dec. 28, at 1:30.

The marriage of Miss Mary Weber and Alexander Wilson took place this morning at 10 o'clock at the parsonage of St. John's English Lutheran church, Rev. S. W. Kuhns officiating.

Mrs. H. E. Johnson, of East Seventh street entertained the Paul Lawrence Dunbar club yesterday, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Ida G. Underwood, of St. Paul. The house was decorated in the club colors and a fine program was rendered.

Marriage licenses have been issued to John Vaughn and May Everson and to Alexander Wilson and Mary Weber.

The Western Land association has begun two suits in district court to recover lots in Duluth proper, Second division, which it claims the defendants are wrongfully withholding from it. In the case in which H. K. Mathews is the defendant, the property is lots 431 and 436, block 81, and in that which Seth Cole is the defendant, the property is lots 295 and 297, block 17. Crassweller & Crassweller are the attorneys.

Court Officer Ed Jensen has filed his answer to the suit in replevin brought by Schram, Steindlee & Co., against him to recover certain property. He says that he seized the property by virtue of a writ of attachment against its owners, and that the plaintiffs have taken it away from him. He asks for the property or its value, $90.

In the case of Fletcher B. Rowell against the S. J. Thomas Lumber company, H. M. Young has filed an intervening complaint on which he seeks to recover $101.36 alleged to be due for labor in the company's sawmill in Cook county.

Judge Ensign has filed findings in the case of the estate of Charles Nylander against Albert Swenson et al., giving judgment for $683.80, and the foreclosure of a mortgage to satisfy the claim.

The children of the Unitarian Sunday school will have an entertainment and a social Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Unitarian church.

Came From Minneapolis.

Mrs. Alice Bordeau, aged 19 years, died suddenly in one of the Duluth hospitals several days ago as the result of an operation for appendicitis. Her case was a sad one. She came to this city recently with her husband, who had an offer of a position, but on arriving here found that it had been filled. They secured rooms on First street, and when Mrs. Bordeau first complained of the pains it was thought due to the fact that she was in a delicate condition. Later a physician was called in and at once pronounced it appendicitis, but the disease had gained such headway that it was impossible to check it. An operation was urged and the physicians reluctantly consented.

It is reported here that the dead woman comes from a very good Minneapolis family and that her maiden name was Alice Farnham.

REMARKABLE WEDDING.

Perhaps the most impressive marriage ceremony ever performed was solemnized while Death stood leering by, on the deck of the sinking emigrant steamer St. Levan. The vessel was bound for Australia, with 300 emigrants on board and a heavy cargo. During a violent hurricane in the Indian ocean the cargo shifted, throwing the vessel over on her beam ends and leaving her entirely helpless. A panic ensued, and before the ship's officers could quell it thirty of the passengers had leaped over the side in their terror. For days the ship drifted, swept by the seas, and life was lost daily. Finally it was decided to give the steamer one more day and then take to the boats, as the St. Levan was sinking slowly. Then two of the passengers—a young man and a young woman, who had become engaged on the voyage—hunted up the chaplain and demanded to be married.

The chaplain declined at first, saying they had much better spend their time getting ready for the death that seemed certain. The pair had no notion of looking at the gloomy side, and said they would rather die as man and wife if it was inevitable. Eventually the clergyman married them before two witnesses, with a sinking ship instead of a church, and the cries of terrified passengers as a chorus. The boats were resorted to two hours later, and all were taken off. Of the 330 souls on board only the newly married couple and six other people, in the smallest boat, ever saw land again. They reached the Isle of Socotra after twelve days at sea.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

Skating!
WEST END RINK, foot of Twenty-first avenue west. RACE THURSDAY, DEC. 27 Minn. K. P. Band.

Start the New Year Right By Making an Advertising Contract With The Evening Herald

Duluth's Best Newspaper.

MATTER OF PRICE NOW

The Chinese Question Has Virtually Arrived at the Money Point.

WHAT BANKERS WANT

Desire a Loan Underwritten By the Powers and Full Financial Control.

New York, Dec. 26.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The Chinese question has virtually reached the money point. The amount of the indemnity to be paid will probably require many weeks of diplomatic consultation.

Sir Robert Hart knows better than anybody else what can be paid by the Chinese government without the complete surrender of her taxing and revenue resources to Europe, but bankers in all the capitals will prefer to have a great loan underwritten by the powers themselves, and full financial control established by an international commission for the payments of interest and sinking fund service.

DUNN'S REFORM IDEAS.

Declares Entirely New Tax Law Should Be Drafted.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—A complete revision of the Minnesota tax laws and the establishment of a board of control in charge of the finances and management of the fourteen state institutions are urgently recommended to the legislature in the biennial report of State Auditor R. C. Dunn, advance sheets of which were issued yesterday.

The auditor bases his arguments for new tax laws on the fact that they are admittedly faulty and have been amended and amended until they are utterly inadequate. He states that one-third of the personal property in the state escapes taxation altogether, while at least 25 per cent of that listed is practically untaxed because of defective laws.

The appointment of a tax commission to draft an entire new law is recommended. This body would examine the tax laws of various states, selecting their best provisions, and in addition draft provisions best fitted for the impartial enforcement of the revenue laws, in justice to all classes. On the supposition that the legislature may act favorably on the recommendation, Auditor Dunn suggests that that body adjourn at the expiration of sixty days, to meet again for a thirty-day session in 1902, to consider the report of the tax commission and possibly of measures for the establishment of a board of control.

The state auditor suggests with reference to the establishment of a board of control that a heavy saving of expense can be obtained in managing state institutions, if they are put under the authority of one board, and not in charge of individual boards of managers, as at present. The difficulties met through the present system under which the board works independent of the others, Mr. Dunn thinks, should be remedied with a board of control. The workings of the proposed system in Iowa, where it was adopted in 1898, are mentioned, with reports showing that there the one board has saved $380,000, or 27 per cent of the cost of maintaining the state institutions in the first year of its operation. In Minnesota the annual cost of the fourteen institutions is more than a million of dollars; in 1899, $1,052,153; and in 1900, $1,125,-[illegible]. Iowa has a larger institution population, but cared for it in 1898 under the old system at a cost of $1,118,126, and last year under the board of control, for $995,-[illegible], or for $122,762 less than Minnesota paid during the same year to maintain a smaller population.

Mr. Dunn believes that a board of control in Minnesota would save the state [illegible] annually, and that under the proposed system the cost of supplies for the institutions could not only be reduced, but brought to the lowest point, and that the expense accounts of various unsalaried boards could be permanently done away with. During the two years covered by the report, state institution support amounted to $2,126,325, and the cost of new buildings and repairs $500,000 more.

The report calls attention to personal property assessments and states that owners of monies and credits wilfully perjure themselves and refuse to bear their share of taxation. The enactment of a law or the inclusion of a provision in a new tax law to compel tax dodgers to pay their fair rate is urged. Attention is called to deficiencies amounting to $31,-500 for wolf bounty claims, burial of sailors and soldiers, state board of equalization and publishing the constitutional amendment. The war claims against the government, work of the board of investment and land and timber matters are receive consideration. A recommendation is also made that the terms of county auditors be lengthened to four years.

NO CHANGE IN THE ROAD.

Control of Northern Pacific Remains the Same.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—Notwithstanding the reports that J. J. Hill of the Great Northern has become the dominant factor in Northern Pacific affairs there is high authority for a denial of their truth. There has been no change of such a nature. The controlling voice of the Northern Pacific remains where it has been in the past. It is true that President Hill is a large holder of Northern Pacific stock, but his holdings, taken together with the holdings of his friends are not as large as they were two or three years ago. However, Mr. Hill's well known ability to make the most of such a condition is not known to grow less, nor is it believed that he is less likely to use the reports in circulation for whatever advantage they may mean in the way of business.

The community of interest idea is being applied to all lines west of the Mississippi, but not to the extent which has been pictured. It does call for the greatest possible harmony and for no more "families" of financial interests. The various railroads are expected to work together as much as possible, each vieing for business in a legitimate way. But that is believed to be its extent and meaning.

There is reliable authority for denying the stories of the proposed retirement of Northern Pacific preferred stock. It is understood the question has been considered by the directors, but no definite decision has been reached so far as known up to this time. There is a provision for such action, the reorganization plan giving the directors the right to retire the preferred at par, either wholly or in part, on call, prior to Jan. 1, 1917. But the statement that the proceeds from land sales may be made use of in this way is wholly incorrect.

The impression thrown out by certain papers that this matter was the cause of President Hill's visit to New York lacks color, in view of the holdings of the Great Northern president in the road. All of his interests and those of his associates scarcely represent a sufficient sum to admit of their being any factor of importance in the settlement of such a matter. However, there is small likelihood that the preferred will be retired for some time, at least.

TESTS A DREAM.

Standard Oil Spending $1000 to See if It Is True.

Wabash, Ind., Dec. 26.—The Standard Oil company is spending $1000 to ascertain what stuff the dream of Thomas Clevenger, a farmer near Nottingham, Wells county, is made of.

Two weeks ago Clevenger dreamed that on a spot on his farm there was a rich pool of oil. Around Nottingham there is much good oil territory that the Standard and other companies have developed, but Clevenger's place is off the line, but he went to the Standard and told them of his vision and invited them to verify his dream. Clevenger went away disappointed at the indifference of the bosses, but two nights more in succession he had the same dream, and he once more went to the Standard men and made such a strong appeal that they ordered a drill started on the spot pointed out by the farmer.

WOMAN BREAKS JAIL.

She Escapes From the Virginia Penitentiary.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 26.—Lou Dodson, the only woman that ever escaped from the penitentiary got out of prison early yesterday morning. She was assisted by Lou Gallagher who also contemplated escaping, but at the last moment lost her nerve.

A long bench formerly used in the shoe department had been placed against the wall by the woman which made escape easy, the bench reaching almost to the top of the wall, which is about 12 feet high.

HER SEA GREEN LOCKS.

Actress May Have to Shave Her Head.

New York, Dec. 26.—Lillie Verona, of 132 East Seventeenth street, who says she is an actress, is suing John High, a druggist at 105 Third avenue, in the supreme court for $5000 damages "for irretrievably ruining her complexion," as she alleges in her complaint.

It doesn't seem to be Miss Verona's complexion that has gone wrong, however, so much as her hair. She had golden hair up to a fortnight ago, according to her plaint to the court. Then she became partial to auburn locks and decided to transform hers accordingly. She went to Kiehl's drug store for the tint, and she says the druggist gave her 10 cents' worth of powder of henna leaves to do the trick.

The day after using the preparation she was horrified to discover that her tresses had assumed a deep sea green tint, and it would not wash out. The hair dressers she called in consultation advised her to shave. She hasn't shaved her head yet, Miss Verona says, but she is obliged to appear in the street heavily veiled, and she is unable to accept any theatrical engagements, except as a museum freak, which she says is out of her line.

Miss Verona's lawyer furnished most of the details. At her boarding house the landlady said that Miss Verona was not in when a reporter called.

"And you'd better keep as far away from her as you can," added the boarding house mistress. "Neider Lili nor meself vants to be put in de papes, and if you write us up you'll be sorry. See!"

The clerk at Kiehl's drug store who sold Miss Verona the powdered henna leaves, said:

"I cannot account for this woman's hair turning green. Certainly it was not the henna alone that did it. We sell lots of that stuff for the same purpose. It's a great fad among certain women in this neighborhood to dye their hair, but this is the first time to our knowledge that such a result has followed."

SARAH MAKES A HIT.

Bernhardt's Hamlet is Enthusiastically Received in New York.

New York, Dec. 26—Sarah Bernhardt's Hamlet was produced for the first time in this country at the Garden theater here last night. A faithful prose translation, by Eugene Morand and Marcel Schwab, was used, and an interested audience was present.

Despite the differences that exist between the English and the French conception of tragedy, the Hamlet seen last night was warmly received. M. Coquelin did not appear until the last act, where he had the role of first grave digger. Mme. Bernhardt was recalled many times, the enthusiasm increasing as the play proceeded.

LEGAL MEANING OF "CHIPPY."

Does Not Mean a Bird of a Woman.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 26.—There is no doubt in the mind of Judge Dustin as to the legal meaning of the word "chippy." In the $10,000 suit of Elizabeth Ryan against Mary E. Ryan, in which the petitioner averred that the defendant called her a "chippy," thereby reflecting upon her chastity, the judge overruled the demurrer to the petition. The demurrer was presented by the defendant's attorneys on the ground that the plaintiff had failed to sustain a cause of action, inasmuch as a "chippy" is a small bird, and that it was not slanderous to call a woman a "bird," a phrase often used by admirers of the gentler sex, who in their blind worship often resort to "slang." In overruling the demurrer the court took cognizance of the manner in which the term "chippy" is applied, and decided that to call a woman a "chippy" was to imply that she was unchaste.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

W. Irvine Shaw who has been filling the position of United States consul at Barranquilla, Colombia, and who was recently appointed consul general at Singapore, committed suicide in a hotel in Philadelphia yesterday. His health is supposed to have affected his mind.

Col. Henry B. Harshaw, former state treasurer of Wisconsin, died in Milwaukee yesterday at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Dr. Thomas H. Hay. Death was due to a cancer of the tongue. Col. Harshaw's home was in Oshkosh. He served in the Iron Brigade during the civil war.

At Great Falls, Mont., Jacob Werten yesterday shot and fatally wounded his son, John. Werten had treated his wife badly and the son interfered to protect the mother. The father drew a revolver and fired a ball into the boy's neck. The son is paralyzed and will die.

The New Zealand government has asked the governor, the earl of Ranfurly, to inform Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, that it does not wish the New Zealand contingent in South Africa to be diminished, that drafts will be forwarded to fill the ranks and that additional mounted men will be sent.

A destructive fire in Eau Claire, Mich., yesterday resulted in reducing half of the business section to ashes. Total loss, $50,000; partly insured.

SET HER ON A HOT STOVE.

The Brutal Deed of a Husband at Omaha.

Omaha, Dec. 26.—Because he could not have the last word in a dispute with his wife about the purchase of sundry presents for Christmas, Otto Heinke, who lived near Third and Pine streets, pulled his better half out of bed and shoved her on a red-hot stove, and he is now in jail awaiting the result of her injuries.

According to the woman's story, they quarreled Thursday night. She was in bed, and when the domestic broil reached a climax Otto dragged her out of the bed and threw her on the stove, where he held her until she was terribly burned. He would not send for a doctor and would not allow the neighbors in the house, but continued to minister to his suffering wife and brought her to a condition which may prove fatal.

Neighbors called at different times during the day and Heinke always told them that Mrs. Heinke was not at home. Yesterday one woman called, and while she was standing at the door she heard the woman moaning. She forced her way into the house and then called the police.

Dr. Ralph says the woman will recover if blood poisoning does not set in.

ESCAPES FROM ALCATRAZ.

San Francisco's Military Prison Hard to Get Out Of.

A news dispatch from San Francisco announced, a couple of weeks ago, that four military prisoners had escaped from Alcatraz island. No details were given, but they must have been adroit to get away from that gloomy 7-acre rock in the middle of San Francisco harbor. Successful escapes from Alcatraz have been exceedingly rare. Unsuccessful attempts at escapes have been many, says the New York Sun.

Alcatraz island is a 2-battery heavy artillery post. It is the saluting station of San Francisco harbor. It is a sheer rock of forbidding aspect, standing as a sort of sentinel within big gun range of the Golden Gate. A huge Mexican citadel, built of red brick, and its walls of almost incredible thickness, crowns Alcatraz island. The military prisoners are confined in a stout wooden prison built at the eastern base of the island, not far from the wharf where the government boats lands. That is to say they are kept there while not working. A military sentence means hard labor, and the military convicts at Alcatraz are kept at some sort of labor on the rock from fatigue call early in the morning until the sounding of recall late in the afternoon. They work in batches of three, with an artillery man plugging along behind them. The sentinel's belt is stuffed with ball cartridges, and his instructions are to shoot any prisoner who makes an attempt to escape, and to shoot to kill. No prisoner, however, has ever attempted to escape from Alcatraz in the daytime. Such a thing would be virtually impossible. In the first place no boat except the government tug is permitted to land at Alcatraz, and when the tug lands there the wharf is littered with alert guards whose business it is to see that none of the prisoners sneaks on board the tug. All other boats of whatsoever sort must keep their distance of 200 yards from the island.

All attempts of prisoners to get away from Alcatraz island have been made at night. The prisoners are locked in their cells by the sergeant of the guard at 9 o'clock at night. From that hour until daylight there is a chain guard all around the island, and a prisoner who succeeds in getting out of his cell and then out of the prison has the biggest end of his job yet ahead of him in dodging this chain guard.

Within the past twenty years a number of desperate long-timers have contrived to get out of their cells and the prison, have eluded the chain guard, and have essayed to swim to the mainland. In every case except one they have had to give up the job before getting very far, and have swam back to be collared by one of the chain guard, taken to the sergeant of the guard and deposited in a cell. In the first place, the water about Alcatraz is nearly always tumultuous, in the second place, it is very cold water—there is no pleasurable sea bathing to be had around San Francisco on account of the chill of the water—and the nipping wind that perpetually blows in San Francisco harbor makes it seem ever colder. Finally there are enough strong currents and eddies and undertows swirling around Alcatraz to drive hydrographers to distraction, and to render the determined efforts of the most accomplished swimmers futile and worse than reckless.

The only prisoner who, essaying this swim worthy of Leander, failed to come back, was a huge fellow who had been sentenced for desertion. He was of a good California family, but had gone to the dogs through drink and enlisted. He deserted, and when they got him they clapped him into the Alcatraz prison for two years. Three months after he began to serve his sentence he got word from his wife, a San Francisco young woman, who had been a school teacher, that their little girl was very ill, that she had no money for medical attendance or medicines, and that she was in despair. On that same night the man got out of his cell by sawing the bars with a saw devised from a bit of steel taken from one of his brogans. He got out of the prison through a skylight, jumped to the ground, made the side of the island that fronts the gate without being seen by any of the guards of the chain, peeled his coat, and leaped into the foaming waters. It was a wild night, but he got across to the main land all right. He was found dead on the Presidio beach at sunrise the next morning. Making the beach he had crawled to a little dune about a dozen yards from the water's verge, and there died of exhaustion and exposure. Beneath his undershirt they found, suspended from his neck by a string, a gold locket containing a miniature of his wife and baby.

Two prisoners got out of the Alcatraz prison one black night about fifteen years ago and essayed the job of drifting to safety. Each of them had secreted a heavy plank behind the prison, close to the water. When they got out they dragged their planks into the water and fared forth side by side, hoping to make land somewhere or other before morning. The current that swirls around Alcatraz picked them up twenty yards from shore and carried them around the island all night. At dawn after having drifted around the island ten or a dozen times, they were discovered shivering on their planks, at exactly the point at which they had started.

In the little room of the sergeant of the guard in the Alcatraz guard house there is still embedded in the wall a bullet that has a history. One night, more than a dozen years ago, a prisoner got out of his cell and away from the prison by some mysterious means. He eluded the chain guard and found a boat waiting for him at the northwestern end of the island. The prisoner had been a high roller in civilized life. The occupant of the boat was a handsome woman of the San Francisco half world. She had pulled the boat all the way from San Francisco herself. The prisoner jumped into the boat, grabbed the oars, the woman reclined in the bottom of the boat and it all looked very well. One of the chain guard heard the rattle of the oarlocks and ran to the point just in time to see the boat, for the moon, that had been screened by clouds, suddenly shone clear of a rift. The guard jabbed a cartridge into his Springfield and ordered the rower of the boat to return. The prisoner redoubled his exertions at the oars. The guard took careful aim and shot him through the heart. The woman never made a sound, and the guard did not know that the boat contained any other occupant. He raced for the sergeant of the guard, and while he was away on this quest the woman grabbed the oars and pulled for San Francisco, with the dead man in the bottom of the boat. The sentry found the sergeant of the guard in the little guard office.

"I've just shot an escaping con. in a boat over at the northwestern end," he reported.

"That so?" said the sergeant of the guard. "Run back, and I'll be with you in a minute."

The sentry ran out of the guard office. The sergeant of the guard stuffed a cartridge into his gun, removed his right shoe and stocking, pointed his rifle at his right temple, pulled the trigger with his great toe, and the bullet went through his head, killing him instantly and burying itself in the wall. The woman had bribed the sergeant to release the prisoner.

"He needn't have killed himself," she said afterward. "I should never have given him away."

The big mystery of Alcatraz has to do with the escape therefrom of four prisoners one stormy night about eighteen years ago. The men were confined in separate cells. At 2 o'clock in the morning the corporal of the guard took the relieving sentry to the wharf to station him and to pick up the man who had been put on post there two hours before. The corporal and the relieving sentry were not challenged. The dock sentry, in fact, was missing. The whole guard was aroused, and he was searched for most elaborately. Then it was concluded that he had fallen into the water and drowned.

It was not discovered until the prisoners were turned out at reveille that four long-timers were also missing. Their respective cells were still securely locked—yet they were gone. No man knows to this day the details of this job. Starting from the time the four men got out of their cells, however, it is probable that they sneaked up behind the sentry on the wharf and give him a chance for his life by telling him that if he would go along with them in the boat which they expected every minute they would let him live; that if he declined to accompany them, they would have to kill him. The sentry in all probability wisely decided to go along with them; they signalled for the boat they had arranged to have close to the wharf, and the whole five left Alcatraz in the boat. None of the five was ever caught.

De Witt's Little Early Risers are dainty little pills, but they never fail to cleanse the liver, remove obstructions and invigorate the system.—Max Wirth.

Tour of All Mexico'

Special train tour of all Mexico has been arranged by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in connection with the well-known American Tourist association, Mr. Reau Campbell, general manager.

Party will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Jan. 21, 1901, going via Chicago, St. Louis and San Antonio and New Orleans. Chicago will be reached on return trip Feb. 28 and Twin Cities March 1.

Price of ticket includes every possible expense—railroad and sleeping car fares, meals, hotels, guides, etc.

Write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, or call at "The Milwaukee" offices for price of tickets, complete itinerary and other information.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

Nice house on Fifth street, near Second avenue east—in excellent repair. Low price. Easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. 103 Herald Bldg.

$1100 TAKES 25-FOOT CORNER ON Eighteenth avenue east.

$1000 TAKES 50 FEET ON EAST Second street.

$1500 TAKES 50 FEET ON EAST Second street.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 PALLADIO BUILDING.

Clothes Cleaning.

JOHN MUELLER HAS RETURNED from Europe and is now prepared at his old stand, 21 West Superior street, to clean, dye, remodel and repair ladies' and gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Clairvoyant and Palmist.

CLARICE LE LONG, WHO READS the past, present and future, still has her dime social every Friday evening at 16 Second avenue west, room 3.

PROFESSOR OF BUSINESS READings, sickness of any kind, 622 West Superior street, Duluth.

Lost.

LOST—A LADY'S GOLD WATCH ON Christmas morning between Twenty-third avenue west and St. Clements' church. Finder return to 2222 West Michigan street and receive $5 reward.

Clock Repairing.

YOUR CLOCK CALLED FOR, REpaired and delivered. All work guaranteed. Harris & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's 214 West Superior street.

Sewing Machines.

Expert Machine Repairer.
Sewing Machines
For Sale from $6 to $22.
Sewing Machine Parts, Needles Oils and Attachments for all Machines. Sewing Machines for Rent. **F. POPKIN,**
410 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn.

Found.

FOUND—A BROWNISH GRAY COW, without horns. Owner call at 415 East Fourth street, or M. Pozewski, First avenue west and Fourteenth street.

Rug Factory.

RUGS MADE FROM OLD CARPETS. Our method is the latest. James McGuire company, 1701 West Superior street. Phone 318.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Wanted—Female Help.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. APply 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL COMPETENT TO DO general housework—small family. Apply 1124 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework. Flat C, Ashtabula Terrace.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 15 TO 17 years, for typewriting and office work. Apply D 6, Herald.

SALESMAN WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN TO take our Coffees, Teas, etc., for Duluth and West Superior. Must have trade and be acquainted with the Retail Grocers.

Splendid opportunity for a good man who is a hustler and wishes to advance. Good salary. All communications will be kept strictly confidential. Address, P. O. box, No. 89, Milwaukee, Wis.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—A POSITION AS TIMBER inspector and construction work; thirteen years' practical experience. Best of reference. Address W 16, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or week in restaurant. Apply 329 West Superior street, room 8.

WANTED—PLACE TO WORK BY three first class milkers, Hollanders. Address care Garfield house, Garfield avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man attending business college nights, any kind of employment during the day. Address D 5, Herald.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WISH CHILdren's dressmaking. Call at 937 London road, upstairs. Please call evenings.

WANTED—JANITOR WORK BY GOOD experienced man. Address H. Sparberg, 322 Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

PIANO $145 UPRIGHT, FINE TONE, DARK mahogany finish, good chance to buy at half its value; to be seen at Room 2, Columbus building.

FOR SALE— TWENTY FEET OF OFfice or bank partition, with bevel plate glass. Cheap. Inquire at 7 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—HEAVY ACCLIMATED team. Inquire 513 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, HEAVY horse, 828 East Superior street.

PIANO — CHICKERING, UPRIGHT, cost $850 last Christmas; $265 buys it. Beautiful tone, elegant case, just like new in every respect. Inquire room 2, Columbus building, First avenue west and Superior street.

$45 ORGAN, HIGH TOP, OAK CASE, fine tone; to be seen at Room 2, Columbus building.

Lumbermen, Take Notice !

Barrett & Zimmerman are at the head of the heavyweight drafters in the Northwest and undersell all competitors, as purchasers pay only the actual producers' prices. They have 700 head constantly on hand to select from at their Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul. Come and buy your kind. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE CHEAP, weight 1350. Call at 901 East Fifth street.

FOUR SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, scales, second hand goods of all kinds. Temple second hand store, 211 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HORSES. WE HAVE A few teams of heavy horses, acclimated and ready for the woods. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. East End livery stables, 609 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 696 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 19 Mesaba block.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—THE LEADING GENERAL store business in a thrifty little town in western part of the state. A splendid chance for a party wishing to go into business. Address D 1, Herald office.

Board Offered.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house. All modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED, STEAM-heated rooms, with board, at the Ralston.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 218 West Third street.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies, 131 West Superior street.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED TO BUY—ONE OR TWO lots on Park Point, south of Twenty-fourth street. Address D 4, Herald.

NOTICE.—
The regular annual meeting of the shareholders of the American Exchange bank of Duluth, Minn., will be held at their rooms in the Exchange building, Duluth, Minn., on Wednesday, ninth January next, at 7 o'clock p. m.
JAMES C. HUNTER,
Cashier.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-26-1900-Jan-2-1901.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve,
Soldiers' Additional,
Pine and Iron Lands
Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

For Rent—Houses.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, desirable location, Sixteenth avenue east. Electric light and bath, with hot water heat. Cheap; parties going to leave town. Address D 7, Herald.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 109 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO GOOD ROOMS. 121 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms; gentlemen preferred. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED warm rooms. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Seventh avenue west.

For Rent—Store.

FOR RENT—STORE. 20 EAST FOURTH street.

For Rent—Flats.

FOR RENT—WILL HAVE A NICE 5-room flat for rent Jan. 1. Electric lights, bath, etc. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Dec. 27, 1900. Installation of officers. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 28, 1900. Installation of officers. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Annual meeting. Election of officers. Wednesday evening Dec. 26, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Work, election of officers. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, Dec. 25, 1900. Christmas observances. Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 819 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, Second degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.
ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. REGular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem, N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1531 East South street.

Medical.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflamations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes An internal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

MEN NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists; or mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Hotels.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Scandia hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms 50c' $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Auctioneer.

ONLY LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR Duluth and St. Louis county. A. M. Lang, 909 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Midwife.

JOSEPHINE CARLSON, GRADUATED midwife. 522 N. 56th ave, West Duluth.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, PRIVATE hospital. Female complaints. 21 Nineteenth avenue west.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN. FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 709 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Carpets and Window Shades.

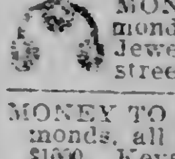
20 PER CENT OFF ON CARPETS AND rugs. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING neatly done at a low rate in room 719 Torrey building. John H. Vann.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.



MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction .Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar .... Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:[illegible] a.m.	Ar ..... Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar .... Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:30 a.m.	Ar. Mountain Iron .Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar ... Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:13 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†2 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. F'ls.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm		†11 55 pm

Sleeper for 11:25 p.m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p.m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 20 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 35 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn. & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 15 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*11 30 am *8 00 pm

A Good Thing to Go by....

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers. Luxurlant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. G. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul Minn

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

JACKETS AND AUTOMOBILES REDUCED.

Some very handsome winter Jackets and Automobile Coats will go on sale tomorrow morning at much below their usual prices—some of them are entirely plain—some with rich Panne velvet trimmings—some with satin reveres, some with beautiful tailor stitching—and some with fur collars and reveres—all of them lined with rich heavy satin—guaranteed They are by all odds the "smartest" winter garments in the city or at the Head of the Lakes!

You can choose from any of them—over three hundred in all—and save from $3 to $10 according to the price you wish to pay.

There's not a "cheap" garment in the lot—nor one that wouldn't bring full price, but we wish to reduce the stock.

Beautiful Jackets in Tan, Black and Castor—
of $18.00 value at $15.00
of $20.00 value at $16.50
of $25.00 value at $21.00
of $30.00 value at $24.50

Magnificent Automobiles—in Tan, Castor and Black—Plain and Fur Trimmed—
of $25.00 value at $21.50
of $30 00 value at $24.50
of $40 00 value at $32.50
of $50.00 value at $41.50

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

West Duluth

There is a well-known young man in West Duluth who had a very peculiar experience in an uptown restaurant the other day, and had it not been for luck and his presence of mind to grasp the advantages presented him, he would have been out the price of two oyster dinners that he did not eat. The story goes that this young man walked into the restaurant directly behind two young ladies that he had never seen before. The latter are said to have ordered each an oyster stew, while the young man ordered a full dinner. Being of a sociable sort of nature, and with an eye for beauty, the young man stroked his blonde mustache and struck up a little visit with the fair damsels. They had a pleasant chat until the ladies rose to leave, which was a few minutes before the young man had finished his meal. The young ladies walked out past the cashier, one of them pointing to the young man and remarking as they went through the door, "My husband will settle for us when he gets through." What was the young man's surprise when he went to settle for his dinner to find that he was charged with the dinner of "his wife" and her friend. But he never flinched, paid the bill without a word, and when he went out he discovered that the ladies had forgotten a small grip. He was not slow to see his way for revenge, but took possession of the grip, and on passing out to the street, met the ladies after their property. A better opportunity was never presented a man to get even with the fair sex, and this young man was fully equal to the occasion. Full, rounded sentences, delivered in impassioned tones, floated hither and thither on the breezes of Superior street in that vicinity, and they continued to float until the ladies were only too glad to reimburse the young man for paying for their meal. It is hinted that the young man took his revenge by compelling them to even pay for his dinner before he gave up the grip.

MADE NO ENDORSEMENTS.

It has developed that there was an error made in the published reports of the action taken by the West Duluth Republican club last Saturday night. The reports were to the effect that the club had endorsed two West Duluthians for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the position of aldermen, when in truth, say some of those that were present, a resolution was unanimously adopted declaring that the club would not endorse anybody for an elective position until after the nominations had been regularly made in the convention for that purpose. The idea was that the club would not follow the precedent of the Garfield club of Duluth, and would be under no obligations to any particular Republican, hence no dissensions could arise. Individually the members of course, have a right to support whom they please for the nomination, but the club will be understood as not endorsing any candidate. The resolution was made to also cover appointive offices, so the club has in no way tied its hands for effective work when the proper time comes.

TONIGHT

SKATING

Music at West Duluth Covered Rink, Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights for the balance of the season. Music New Year's afternoon and evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

It is expected that the body of Thomas Murphy, who died in Pueblo, Col., will arrive in West Duluth tomorrow morning, in which event funeral services will be held here.

There was an immense turnout this forenoon to the funeral of Alfred J. Filiatrault, which was held from the St. James church. There were a number of the fraternal orders of which the deceased was a member present to perform the last sad rites over a departed brother.

The family of M. L. Olander, the druggist, arrived last evening from Chicago. They will begin housekeeping on Fifty-ninth avenue.

Louis Neuman was down from Eveleth to spend Christmas with friends in West Duluth and West Superior.

Mitchell & McClure have a large crew at work on the banking ground at the mill in West Duluth. Two long rollways of logs are being constructed out from the ends of the tramways into the bay which when completed will have rails put down and the logging cars will be run out over them to dump their loads in the bay.

Mrs. Peter Myre and son Irving, of Fifty-sixth avenue west will leave this evening for Montreal, Canada, where they will spend the winter with friends and relatives.

Joseph Rodeau left this morning for a point on the north shore beyond Two Harbors, where he will take out ties this winter.

Mrs. Sparks and daughter have gone to St. Paul for a few days' visit.

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas have returned from St. Paul, where they spent Christmas.

Superintendent William Parks of the Virginia school has been visiting his brother, A. T. Parks, superintendent-elect of the county schools.

Edward Parks has returned from Virginia, where he has been attending school, for a holiday visit with relatives here.

Harvey Fetter, Robert Mosher and Pat Nicholson left today with a large crew for some railroad contract work in the Rainy Lake country.

Mrs. R. L. Cochrane is reported to be very much better.

A large number of West Duluthians that are employed in the woods and came in for Christmas went back to their work today.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

Because her husband took another lady to the West Duluth skating rink last night, a Proctorknott woman was on the warpath and created a warm scene in the waiting room of the rink, until an officer was called and the warring factions were put out.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Potter left today for Toronto, Can., for a short visit.

When the stomach is tired out it must have a rest, but we can't live without food Kodol Dyspepsia Cure "digests what you eat" so that you can eat all the good food you want while it is restoring the digestive organs to health. It is the only preparation that digests all kinds of food.—Max Wirth.

Holiday Goods at One-Third Off.

Many very beautiful and useful things are left over from Holiday selling that will be placed on sale tomorrow at one-third off—33⅓ per cent—If you've forgotten to remember a friend—or, wish something for your own use—come tomorrow or any day this week—the earlier the better—for choice choosing. The list includes—

Sterling Silver Novelties—
Neckwear—
Leather Novelties and Chatelaines—
Jewelry Novelties—
Fine Handkerchiefs—
Framed Pictures—
Pillows and Pillow Tops—
Ebony Goods—
Solid Rosewood Sets—
Comb, Brush, etc.—
Ebony Comb and Brush Sets,
Manicure Sets—
Handkerchief, Glove and Fancy Boxes of all sorts.

We also place on sale our Fine Umbrellas, bought especially for Christmas trade, at a reduction of 25 per cent.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

What Was "Objectionable?"

To the Editor of The Herald:

In yesterday's issue of the News Tribune there appeared an editorial article, headed, "About Panton & White," in which it makes a labored effort to explain the controversy between the management of that paper and ourselves, resulting in the withdrawal of our patronage.

The article, among other things, states that we offered the News Tribune two pages of advertising, conditionally, that it make certain concessions, which it refused to grant, and that on the evening of the same day we sent it a second advertisement, which it rejected and returned, on the ground of it containing objectionable matter.

As the words, "objectionable matter," are capable of several different constructions, we would, in all fairness and in justice to ourselves, ask the News Tribune to state definitely what the objectionable features were, whether of a moral, personal, business or other nature. If our memory serves us right we have never tendered the News Tribune, or any other paper, matter of an objectionable nature.

But if the News Tribune can prove that the advertisement referred to contained the faintest scintilla of objectionable matter, we shall cheerfully acknowledge it. We think that, to substantiate the statements made in its editorial article, it is now incumbent upon the News Tribune to publish the objectionable features, which it claims, caused it to reject our advertisement.

PANTON & WHITE.

Duluth, Dec. 26.

McCoy Is Released.

"Kid" McCoy, the colored man arrested for presenting George Wales with a razor in a Paradise alley saloon, was released this morning. Wales is the man that slashed two white men during a drunken fight and he has not yet been captured, though the authorities are hot after him. The fight is said to have lasted the greater part of the night, but the razor was not used till 7:30. It is also said that Freebourn, one of the white men, provoked the fight while under the influence of liquor.

OIL GOES UP.

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 26.—Crude oil today advanced 2 cents per barrel. North Lima oil is now quoted at 82 cents, and South Lima and Indiana at 77 cents.

PANHANDLE DIVIDEND.

Philadelphia, Dec. 26.—The directors of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, otherwise known as the Panhandle system, declared a dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock of the company, payable Jan. 5.

CANADIAN COMBINE.

New York, Dec. 26.—A special to the World from Toronto says: After nearly a year's work, Dr. McCauly, of Chicago, has got all the stove making firms in Canada to form a syndicate. The capital is placed at $6,000,000 and the works of the combine will eventually concentrate at Hamilton and Toronto. The present commission will be directed from Hamilton or Toronto.

CHRISTIANS BURNED.

London, Dec. 26.—A dispatch from Pekin to a news agency, dated Dec. 24, says missionaries stated that Boxers, thirty-five miles east of Pekin, killed twelve Catholics and burned eight in the temples.

Florida? Write to Dering.

Newest and finest solid train of Pullman vestibuled dining, sleeping and observation cars leaves Chicago every Tuesday and Friday from Jan. 15 to March 26 inclusive, at 12 noon, over the Pennsylvania line, via Cincinnati and the Queen and Crescent route, running through via Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville to St. Augustine, Florida, without change. Address H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill., for particulars.

REGULARS TOOK PART

Chinese Imperial Troops Act With Boxers In Attack on French Forces.

THE COMBAT LIVELY

French Are Victors and Burn Several Villages As a Penalty.

Paris, Dec. 26.—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Pekin, dated Dec. 25, says the detachment of French troops, commanded by Gen. Bailloud, were recently attacked by Chinese regulars and Boxers, at Thi-Tcheou, south of Pao-Ting-Fu. The punitive expedition took the village after a lively combat. On account of the hostile attitude of the population, Gen. Bailloud burned the village and also those villages in the neighborhood. The Chinese loss was 1000 (?) men. Gen. Bailloud's force sustained no loss.

Christian Chinese families have been maltreated by the Chinese regulars.

THE WAIT FOR REPLY.

No Guessing How Much Time China Will Take.

Washington, Dec. 26.—A cablegram received at the state department from United States Minister Conger, dated at Pekin on Dec. 24, states that the first formal meeting between the diplomatic representatives and Prince Ching took place on Dec. 24. Ching presented the credentials of himself and Li Hung Chang, who was unable to attend owing to illness, to the diplomatic representatives, who handed to him the international note. The officials of the state department are unwilling to venture a guess as to the length of time that will be consumed by the Chinese government in consideration of the note.

The last article of the note notified the Chinese government that the occupation of Chi-Li and Pekin may continue until the Chinese government has complied with the terms of the note. It may be stated, however, that the United States is not bound or affected by this condition. Our occupancy, from a military point of view, has terminated and there is no disposition to renew it.

As for the other powers, it is said that the main obstacle they will encounter in withdrawing under this condition will be found in the difficulty in obtaining satisfactory guarantees upon the Chinese promises to pay indemnities.

PENNSYLVANIA CHANGES.

Closer Relation With the Panhandle Company Is Effected.

Philadelphia, Dec. 24.—At a meeting of the directors of the Pennsylvania company, which controls the lines of the Pennsylvania railroad, west of Pittsburg, held here today, the office of fourth vice president, which was abolished in 1897, was re-established, and L. F. Lore, at present general manager, was elected to the office. G. L. Potter, general superintendent of motive power, was appointed to succeed Mr. Lore as general manager. The position of general superintendent of motive power was not filled.

The general engineering departments of the Pennsylvania and the Panhandle were consolidated. Thomas H. Johnson, of the Panhandle, was appointed consulting engineer of both companies. W. C. Subing was appointed superintendent of the Pittsburg division.

James McCrea, first vice president of the Pennsylvania company, will be in charge of the executive department of both roads. Joseph Wood will have charge of the traffic department and Mr. Lore will be in charge of transportation. J. T. Brooke will have charge of the treasury, law and real estate departments. This is a change in the executive department of the road, and is for the purpose of establishing a closer relation between the companies.

PEDAGOGS IN SESSION.

The State Educational Association Meeting Opens at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—Members of the State Educational association began arriving in large numbers today to attend the annual meeting, which opened this morning. It is expected that 800 teachers from outside the Twin Cities will be present by tonight.

The opening session was held at the Central Presbyterian church, the spacious auditorium being well filled. The feature of this session was a lecture by Dr. Richard Burton, of the state university, on "The Enthusiasm of Literature." This afternoon, the association listened to the annual address of the president and discussion upon its features. Among those participating in the discussion were Dr. D. L. Kiehle, of the university; Superintendent Leison, of St. Paul; Superintendent Denfeld, of Duluth, and President Millspaugh, of the Winona normal school.

At the evening session, Professor C. T. Winchester will lecture upon "Ludlow Castle." The sessions will continue until Friday.

CLEVELAND'S VOTE.

Grover Says It Was Not Cast For McKinley.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 26.—A controversy having arisen between two Atlanta newspapers over the charge by one of them that former President Cleveland had voted for McKinley at the last election, the Atlanta Journal today received, in reply to a telegram, an autograph letter from Mr. Cleveland, in which he says he did not vote for President McKinley.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Finest Train.

The "Twilight Limited," over "The North-Western Line" to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, every day in the year, at 4:30 p. m. Parlor, observation and dining car service, steam heat, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, perfect in every appointment. Ticket office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

Freimuth's

Last Sale of the Closing Century....

Fitting finish to a glorious era—the parting century records no more brilliant opportunity for buying worthy merchandise at a bargain—we want to send these last four days out in a blaze of wonderful values—a quick, grand clearance of every odd lot—every left over—every waif—every stray—every broken assortment. Our before Christmas prices were unquestionably the lowest hereabouts—These after-Christmas prices are so undeniably little—There are many money-saving chances here.

25 PER CENT OFF.

¼ OFF Ebony Goods, Manicure Requisites, Dressing Sets, Clocks, Decorated Wave Crest Ware, Dressing Sets, Mirrors, Fancy Silverware. Center Aisle.

¼ OFF On Art Wares, Italian Marbles, German Statuary, Bisque figures, Bric-a-brac—Cigar and Tobacco Jars, Glass Vases, Odd French Plates, Rookwood Vases—Wedgewood and Cameo ware, Austrian Art, Nouvean Glassware. Basement.

¼ OFF On Collar & Cuff Boxes, Glove Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Albums, all Toilet Sets, Dresser Cabinets, Manicure Sets, Work Boxes, in finest celluloid cases, handsomely decorated. Center Aisle.

40 per cent Off on Good Linens, balance of the makers' samples—Wm. Liddell's famous Gold Medal goods—Napkins and Table Cloths—40 per cent off the regular prices. Linen Dept.

¼ OFF On all Dressed Dolls, beautifully dressed and made; famous French and German makes. Before Xmas prices were small—¼ off makes this tiny.

Discounts Among Toys.

10c For choice of over twenty different Games worth up to 19c each—a whole table full to pick from.

19c For 49c Enameled Pianos, Tool Chests, Chairs, Dolls, Iron Toys, Black Boards, Building Blocks, Wool Animals—a whole table full.

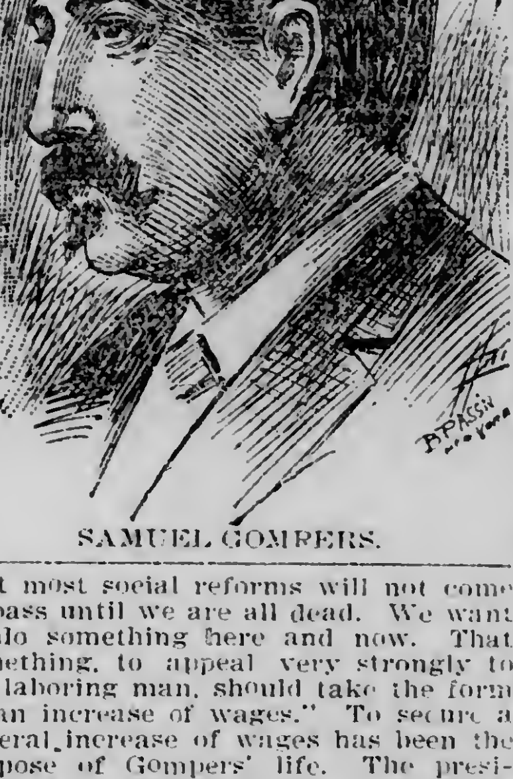
29c For 69c Furniture Sets, 10-pins, Windmill Carts, Clapper toys, etc.—a whole table full.

49c For Choice of $1 Games, Toys and Playthings of all kinds, a great table full awaits you. Basement.

Special prices on higher-priced Toys.

Sam Gompers, Maker of Cigars.

Samuel Gompers, re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor, is by far the most interesting personality in that important organization. He is a conservative, quiet man, whose principles are summed up by himself in these words: "It is an old complaint that most social reforms will not come to pass until we are all dead. We want to do something here and now. That something, to appeal very strongly to the laboring man, should take the form of an increase of wages." To secure a general increase of wages has been the purpose of Gompers' life. The president of the federation is a small, dark man, below medium height, with thick, curly hair, slightly gray, and a mustache that gives him a military appearance. He is about 50 years old, and is a native of England. Gompers' trade is that of cigarmaker.



SAMUEL GOMPERS.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of aHll's Catarrh Remedy.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D, 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Elegant Holiday Dinners.

During the entire holiday week the Omaha road will serve a most elaborate table d'hote dinner on the popular "Twilight Limited" between Duluth, St Paul and Minneapolis. Remember this most elegant fast train has observation cafe cars, with club conveniences and luxurious parlor cars leaving Duluth daily at 4:30 p. m. Also meals a la carte on this the only dining car line between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities, with service unexcelled; and on the "Chicago Fast Mail," leaving Duluth at 5 p. m., a most gratifying bill of fare has carefully been arranged by artists in the preparation and serving of delicate viands. You cannot help but enjoy this rare treat. Try it. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

WARSHIP FOR TURKEY.

Order Given Involving Payment Ample to Cover Claims.

Washington, Dec. 26.—Details are not obtainable here of the placing of an order by the sultan with the Cramps for a warship, but it is understood that the statement to that effect from Constantinople is correct. From the character and size of the ship ordered, it is believed that the contract will involve the payment by the Turkish government to the Cramps of about $2,500,000, which should afford an ample margin for the settlement of any proper claims against the Turkish government.

MOROCCO JUSTICE.

It Is Truly a Fearful and Wonderful Thing.

The news of today from Al-Ksar el Kebir is an epitome in little of the process of dry-rot which is called the Moorish administration, and to which the old Moorish empire is succumbing. For that reason, if for no other, the news should be worth reading in America, now troubling herself with the affairs of the world, as showing how very sick is the wolf whose cave France is preparing to annex, says a Tangier special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The young sultan is preparing to journey from Marrakeesh to Fez in early October. Preparations for such a pilgrimage as this mean a general stirring up throughout the country, for the provision of escort and the like. Ancient Al-Ksar, a far cry from Marrakeesh, but not so far from royal Fez, is feeling it.

Kaid Hkalkhal of Khlot and Ilg has received orders from the court to be in readiness to accompany the Sheerefian pilgrimage. Now the kaid is deadly sick, as it happens; so his son will go in his stead. But the men who are called upon to form his contingent complain of having no money to obtain horses and accouterments withal.

"To overcome this difficulty," says the bland official report, "they are being arrested as rapidly as possible, and thrown into prison."

Once inside a Moorish prison you are more likely than not to rot there, unless your relatives are possessed of the material of a fat bribe!

A few weeks ago the beheaded body of a young girl was found outside the city walls. It seems the unfortunate girl had been kidnapped by a caravan of thieves and slave dealers, whose mercenary natures did not prevent them subjecting the child to violence and finally killing her.

The mother of the victim brought the case before the khaleefa, who scented several bribes in it. Within a few hours he had imprisoned and flogged quite a large number of unimportant persons, who are now being released one at a time, as presents of sufficient value are handed in by their relatives.

One unfortunate family has proffered no more than three loaves of sugar and two packets of candles, so this poor wretch lies, perdu, waiting a fatter ransom. Not one of the men arested had ever see the murdered girl or had any hand whatsoever in her undoing. The guilty ones are now on the road beyond Fez!

Si Cassim, Shauni, ex-khaleefa of Al-Ksar, has been seized and thrown into prison over an ancient claim from the basha of Laraiche for $500, his share of a scheme which was never worked. Si Cassim's wife and three little daughters appeared before the governor to beg their bread-winner's release on the ground of there being no charge against him. In effect the governor's reply was that, charge or no charge, there appeared to be boodle in the affair. So the wife left her children with friends and journeyed into Laraiche to plead with the Shylock who rules the town and who now holds her husband starving in a slimy dungeon.

The Laraiche basha took snuff, and remarked casually that he needed money. The wife tramped back to Al-Ksar and begged and collected with such despairing assiduity that she obtained just over $100. With this she returned to the Laraiche tyrant, who, for his part, took snuff, pocketed the hundred, and remarked that he wanted more money than this. The now distraught mother tramped the country like a mad woman, frenziedly begging. Meanwhile two of her three children died of fever. She is now, to all intents and purposes, a mad beggar. The Laraiche basha goes on with his snuff; and Morocco crumbles on toward its inevitable dissolution.

WINE FAKIRS.

Today is the day of the wine fakir. Never before in the history of the trade have his devices been so numerous and his concoctions so villainous, says the London Daily Mail. Never before, too, have his profits been more satisfactory. So long as there is a demand for full-bodied "Burgundies" and "clarets" at, say, 6s a dozen, that demand will be supplied.

There is a vast difference between fabricated and adulterated wine. The latter is generally pretty easy to deal with. Fabricated wine is far more difficult of detection.

Here we have a concoction of a more or less chemical nature, which is designed with the express idea of closely imitating the genuine wine, in color, "bouquet" and taste. One favorite fabrication consists of 90 per cent of water, 5½ per cent of alcohol and 4½ per cent of tannin. The two latter ingredients are obtained from the cheapest form of imported raisins.

Very frequently these "raisins" consist of squeezed grape husks which have already done genuine service in some French wine press. They cost next to nothing to import, are refermented here in England, and their "juice" is eked out with the aid of tartaric acid and molasses. Consequently their maker is enabled to sell his concoction at the ridiculously low price of about 1s 2d per gallon, and at the same time to make an excellent profit upon the transaction. Much of his beverage first sees the light in or near London.

The retailer sells it again at about 2s 6d per gallon; or, if bottled and beautifully sealed and cobwebbed, at the considerably enhanced price of, say, sixpence per pint bottle—"Our famous 6s claret."

A particularly pungent revelation of the beauties of British "light wines" was afforded the food preservatives committee by Professor W. H. Corfield. This scientist, who is consulting sanitary adviser to H. M. office of works, stated that he commonly found salicylic acid in these "vintages." Salicylic acid, added he, for the benefit of his non-scientific hearers, was a slightly acrid, irritating substance which was much in demand among afflicted people as a corn solvent.

A fabricated sherry, which can be sold at a good profit for 1s a bottle, is prepared from cider—and more obnoxious things. "Champagne," which is also better left untouched, is prepared by the wily fabricator.

Whatever the shortcomings of the British wine fakir, and they are many, it is certain that for sheer audacity he must yield the palm to his Teutonic competitors. In the city of Hamburg alone it is possible to purchase imitations of practically every wine and spirit under the sun at prices before which the British wine fakir must stand aghast.

With spirits, however, the palate is a better guide. A British East Indian house was recently offered by Hamburg exporters whisky at 2s 11¼d per dozen case, and brandy at 3s 10d. This is the sort of poison of which Germany annually supplies upward of a million's worth to the Niger Coast Protectorate. The liquor is the most villainous potato spirit, carefully disguised by strong essences and sham labels.

France is not less culpable. She only produces about 40,000 hectolitres of genuine French brandy, yet she exports about 280,000 hectlitres in addition to the 2,000,000 consumed in her own land!

During the past few months, however, the consumer of alcohol has been brought face to face with yet another fearful source for his favorite beverages. Thanks to the energetic researches of Dr. Simonsen, of Christiania, it is now possible to produce alcohol from both paper and sawdust.

Beware of counterfeits. The original De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is a certain cure for piles, eczema, cuts, scalds, burns, sores and skin diseases.—Max Wirth.